DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 021212307-3037-02; I.D. 110602C]

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands; Final 2003 Harvest Specifications for Groundfish; Correction

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule; Correction.

SUMMARY: This document corrects a typographical error in the docket number of the final rule published in the **Federal Register** on March 3, 2003. This rule implements the final specifications for the groundfish fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands management area.

DATES: Effective 1200 hrs, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), February 25, 2003, through 2400 hrs, A.l.t., December 31, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Regina L. Spallone, 301–713–2341.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Need for Correction

An incorrect docket number (No.) was published under the Docket No. heading of the final rule, FR Doc. 03–4815, on March 3, 2003 (68 FR 9907). It is corrected as follows:

On page 9907, column 2, line 5 from the top of the document, the text, "Docket No. 021212307–3037–3037–02;" is corrected to read "Docket No. 021212307–3037–02".

Dated: March 21, 2003.

Rebecca Lent,

Deputy Assistant Administrator for Regulatory Programs, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 03–7366 Filed 3–26–03; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 697

[Docket No.010918229-3033-02;I. D.022301A]

RIN 0648-AP15

American Lobster Fishery

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: NOAA Fisheries amends regulations to modify the management measures applicable to the American lobster fishery. This action responds to the following recommendations made by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission (Commission): To control fishing effort as determined by historical participation in the American lobster trap fisheries conducted in the offshore Lobster Conservation Management Area (LCMA) 3 (Area 3) and in the nearshore LCMAs of the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) from New York through North Carolina (Areas 4 and 5); to implement a mechanism for conservation equivalency and associated trap limits for owners of vessels in possession of a Federal lobster permit (permit holders) fishing in New Hampshire state waters; and to clarify lobster management area boundaries in Massachusetts waters. NOAA Fisheries includes in this final rule a mechanism for Federal consideration of future Commission requests to implement conservation equivalent measures and a technical amendment to the regulations clarifying that Federal lobster permit holders must attach federally approved lobster trap tags to all lobster traps fished in any portion of any management area (whether in state or Federal waters). This requirement is not new, but was not previously clearly specified in the regulatory text, and this announcement is intended to make the regulations easier to understand.

DATES: This rule is effective April 28, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Copies of a Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement/Regulatory Impact Review/ Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (FSEIS/RIR/FRFA) can be obtained from Harold Mears, Director, State, Federal and Constituent Programs Office, NOAA Fisheries, One Blackburn Drive, Gloucester, MA 01930. Comments regarding the collection-of-information requirements should be sent to Harold Mears at the above address, and the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (ATTN:NOAA Desk Officer).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Ross, NOAA Fisheries, Northeast Region, 978–281–9234.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Statutory Authority

These final regulations modify Federal lobster conservation management measures in the EEZ under the authority of section 803(b) of the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act (Atlantic Coastal Act), 16 U.S.C. 5101 et seq., which states that, in the absence of an approved and implemented Fishery Management Plan under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act) (16 U. S. C. 1801 et seq.) and after consultation with the appropriate Fishery Management Council(s), the Secretary of Commerce may implement regulations to govern fishing in the EEZ, i.e., from 3 to 200 nautical miles (nm) offshore. These regulations must be (1) compatible with the effective implementation of an Interstate Fishery Management Plan (ISFMP) developed by the Commission and (2) consistent with the national standards set forth in section 301 of the Magnuson-Stevens Act.

Purpose and Need for Management

American lobster experience very high fishing mortality rates throughout their range, from Canada to Cape Hatteras. In 2000, the Commission issued a peer reviewed American lobster stock assessment report that concluded that the resource is overfished. The review concluded that fishing rates are unacceptably high and that a precautionary approach in management of the resource is warranted to sustain future viability of the lobster fishery. The report recommended that reductions in fishing mortality could be achieved through reductions in fishing effort. The 2001 Annual State and Federal Trawl Survey Update to the 2000 lobster stock assessment indicated that resource conditions have not improved since the stock assessment in 2000. For pre-recruit lobsters, which are those lobsters within one-half inch (1.2 cm) of the current Federal legal minimum carapace size of 3-1/4 inches (8.26 cm), the mean number per tow generally declined throughout all stock areas for both sexes. Although harvest and population abundance are near record levels due to high recent