Texas Workforce Commission *Workforce Investment Act*

Annual Report for Program Year 2004





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TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION Workforce Investment Act Title I-B Program Year 2004 ANNUAL REPORT

Fulfilling our mission to promote and support a workforce system that offers employers, individuals, and communities the opportunity to achieve and sustain economic prosperity.



TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION

WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT TITLE I-B PROGRAM YEAR 2004

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Texas Workforce System Overview

Mission

To promote and support a workforce system that offers employers, individuals, and communities the opportunity to achieve and sustain economic prosperity.

The Texas workforce system consists of the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), 28 Local Workforce Development Boards (Boards), more than 280 one-stop Texas Workforce Centers and satellite offices, the Texas Workforce Investment Council (TWIC), and other workforce partners. To achieve its mission, the Texas workforce system continually seeks to:

- equip the workforce with the necessary skills for continued employment;
- maximize its financial and human resources;
- actively engage community partners by leveraging their talents and expertise;
- develop and market state-of-the-art tools and products that support business growth; and
- eliminate duplicative efforts and administrative waste.

Each of the 28 Boards represents business, labor, education, and others, ensuring that a strong, employer-driven entity will develop a model for service delivery that responds to the skill needs of employers, and job seekers in the community. In addition, every Board benefits from having at least one member who is actively engaged in veterans' activities and another with expertise in child care or early childhood development. No one understands an area better than the local leadership. They know their needs and their resources, and how best to deliver services.

Through these 28 local boards, new and strong bonds between business and the education and job training sectors can be formed, resulting in a strengthened economy to benefit everyone.

While targeted populations may receive intensive assistance to address barriers to employment, all Texans may benefit from the services offered by TWC and our network of workforce partners. The Texas workforce system provides services to more than 1.8 million Texans a year.

Out of a total budget of more than \$1 billion, the Commission annually allocates about \$800 million for local boards to deliver workforce services. Local flexibility with state oversight is the Texas model, and it is one we believe continues to serve Texans best.



Texas' Employer-Driven System

A trained workforce is critical to business success. The Texas Workforce Commission strengthens the Texas economy by providing the workforce development component of the state's economic development strategy. Texas boasts a large, young, and diverse workforce ready to attract enterprise to the Lone Star State. By focusing on the skill demands of employers, our workforce system gives Texas the competitive edge necessary to draw business here.

Our role in the Texas economy is clear: we are all about linking the businesses looking for qualified workers, with Texans looking for jobs.

In some cases, it is as simple as an employer posting a job opening or a job seeker posting a resume to our WorkInTexas.com job-matching system on the Internet. In others, it requires more extensive involvement, such as training or re-training a group of workers for a specific skill that a company needs, or helping people with limited work histories, such as ex-offenders and recipients of public assistance, begin their path to independence.

President George W. Bush has directed state workforce systems to target their training funds for jobs in high-growth, high-demand industries. If employers do not presently have the skilled workforce they need, then it is our job as a workforce system to equip people with the skills to work in those jobs. That obligates us to talk to employers to identify their needs, rather than simply to ask job seekers what they want to do, because what job seekers want may not be a viable opportunity in their locale.

Business services units

The Texas workforce system's goal is to be the first place employers go for workforce solutions. TWC uses Workforce Investment Act (WIA) funds, leverages other funds, and partners with other programs to target employers seeking to avert layoffs, expand their businesses, or locate within Texas.

Boards have established Business Services Units (BSUs) to reach out to employers. The Texas workforce system uses its network of local BSUs to reach out to specific employers, building relationships for long-term economic development. Matching job seekers' skills to employers requires that the BSUs know their local employers' workforce needs, prior to targeting and outreaching to their industry customer base.







BSUs network with industry by participating in job fairs, sponsoring business or trade seminars, and collaborating extensively with community partners, chambers of commerce, and industry associations. Building business relationships in the same manner as a private enterprise, Boards define their scopes of service, calculate return on investment to the community, and use industry and customer trend analysis to make strategic changes in their BSU's plans. Effective employer engagement, careful industry selection, and ongoing business education help the BSUs affect key drivers of their local labor markets, producing long-term improvements in their local economies.

TWC is providing training to each Board to enhance the local BSU operations. TWC is using a peer-to-peer model, with the Central Texas and Gulf Coast Boards taking the lead to train their counterparts. Training focuses on marketing and communication strategies, quality job seeker referral strategies, customer relationship management, and funding strategies.

Web-Based Resources



WorkInTexas.com

The award-winning WorkInTexas.com, TWC's Internet-based employment access system, provides:

- extensive job-matching options based on skills and experience;
- links to labor market and career development information; and
- around-the-clock, year-round access.

WorkInTexas.com has expanded the Texas workforce system's capacity to serve employers. Between WorkInTexas.com's inception in June 2004 through June 2005, more than 100,000 Texas employers – roughly one-fourth of the state's total – registered on the site. Employers posted jobs to a receptive audience of 604,954 active job seekers, resulting in 211,667 hires, which included 67,336 UI claimants.

WorkInTexas.com received the first place award from the Center for Digital Government in its government-to-business category and has been highlighted in media outlets throughout Texas and across the United States. Workforce agencies in Florida, California, and other states are using WorkInTexas.com as a model for a successful job-matching Web site.



Texas Industry Profiles

Texas Industry Profiles is TWC's economic and workforce development tool that helps local areas retain and expand their existing businesses. The site is a database of employment and worker availability by occupation and wages that provides staffing patterns within local industries. Local planners use the database to identify skill sets required for each occupation and to match against the skill sets of individuals registered for employment in WorkInTexas.com. Texas Industry Profiles helps state and local workforce development staff gain a superior understanding of labor market hiring patterns, and allows them to better target employer outreach and job training activities. Examples of the multi-function modules of the Texas Industry Profiles system are as follows:

- TWC Dashboard Indicators (includes reporting on New Hires, UI Claimants, and Employer Measures, as well as data on contract training and program follow-up)
- Occupational Clusters
- Economic Base Analysis
- Industry Narrative Profiles
- Industry Clusters
- Workforce Supply (Labor Availability)
- Partners and Connections
- Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Business Mapping





Sites On Texas

Geographic Information Systems (GIS), a mapping technology, is helping Texas better hone in on its economic assets and advantages. TWC, in coordination with the Governor's Office, has launched SitesOnTexas, a recruitment tool to lure more business to Texas.

TWC developed SitesOnTexas to provide Boards and their economic development partners with comprehensive GIS-based information to answer inquiries about availability of workers and other resources in a specific region. SitesOnTexas presents this information on a map or graphic illustration based on layers of information about a city or region. Users' needs determine what layers of data are combined. The application can demonstrate the diversity and advantages of Texas and its regional communities as sites for business location and expansion projects.

For example, researchers may need to study the best location for a new store or analyze regional business climate conditions. Through the extensive data found on SitesOnTexas, users may generate reports, graphs, charts, and maps to convey complex statistical information in an easy to understand visual format.

In addition to existing data such as U.S. Census Bureau figures from 1970 through 2000, demographics, occupations and employment, and consumer expenditures, SitesOnTexas incorporates other tools into the reporting and mapping functions. One of these is TWC's Labor Market Information database, which contains Texas employment and occupational statistics and an assessment of academic programs and educational assets throughout the state.



Currently, there are 202 user licenses for SitesOnTexas. These licenses are available through Board staff and designated economic development partners who can research any location in the United States from any computer with Internet access.

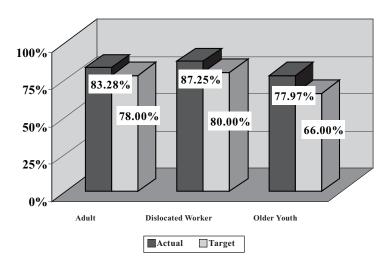
Texas' Success Story

Funding from the Workforce Investment Act has helped Texas to implement a workforce system that increasingly meets the needs of both employers and job seekers. Texas has consistently said that if it was given the funding and flexibility to meet the workforce needs of its employers, we would surpass the U.S. Department of Labor's expectations and solidify our standing as a role model for other states' workforce systems. As the results indicate, DOL has kept up its end of the bargain... and so has Texas.

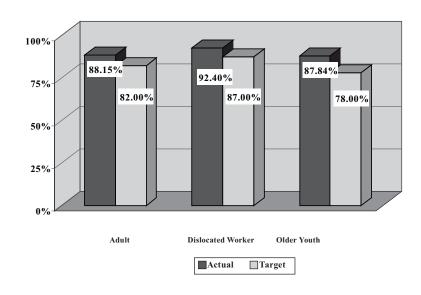


Performance Measures

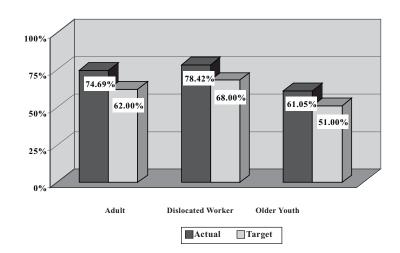
Entered employment rates. For the fifth consecutive year, Texas surpassed its targets for the Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Older Youth categories. In PY 2004, Texas negotiated for higher targets because of its confidence in the integration and effectiveness of its workforce network. Texas exceeded those higher targets.



Employment retention rates. Texas exceeded its targets for the Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Older Youth categories. Continuous employment and employment retention are especially important to both employers and our WIA participants beginning new careers. Texas also negotiated for higher performance targets here, and its workforce network rose to the challenge, thanks to continued service improvement and innovation.



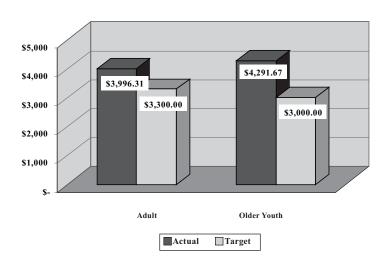
Employment and credential. Texas met its targets and produced gains of at least seven percentage points above last year's exceptional performance among each of the Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Older Youth categories. Texas had negotiated for 18 and 15 percentage point increases in its performance targets for Adults and Dislocated Workers, respectively.





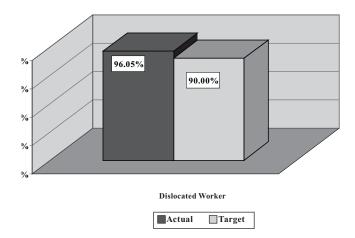


Earnings change. Helping Texans move quickly along the path to financial independence is a top priority of the Texas workforce system. Adult participants in WIA training programs exceeded the earnings change target by nearly twice the dollar amount as in PY 2003. The earnings change among Older Youth was even greater.

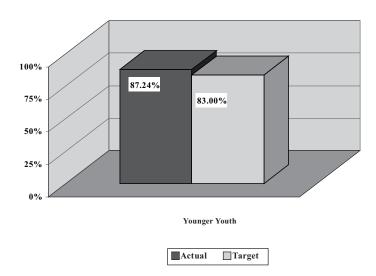


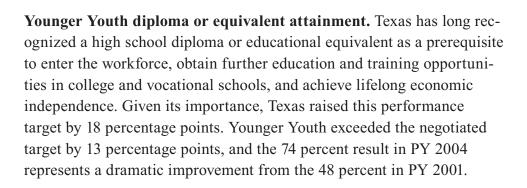


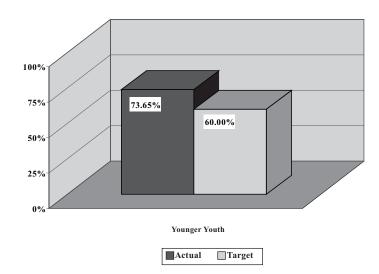
Dislocated worker earnings replacement rate. Dislocated Workers in Texas continue to adapt successfully in the face of technological changes, international trade, and heightened inter- and intra-state competition. As low-skill industries leave Texas, (such as the garment industry which has left Texas) and are replaced by high-skills industries such as advanced manufacturing, workers are challenged to learn new skills when many of them had never developed the foundation for those skills. Nevertheless, within six months of entering employment, Dislocated Workers are earning 96 percent of the wages they received prior to their dislocation.



Younger Youth skill attainment. Texas increased its performance target for Younger Youth by 8 percentage points and still cleared the bar.



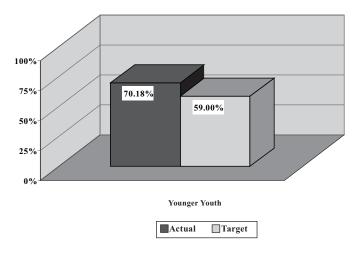






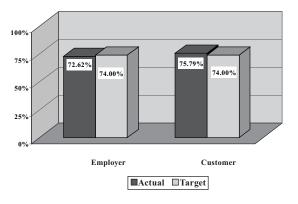


Younger Youth retention rate. Although Texas raised its performance target by 9 percentage points, Younger Youth exceeded this target by 11 percentage points, the fourth year in a row that Texas' performance has improved.





Customer satisfaction. Both WIA participants and employers continue to express greater satisfaction with the Texas workforce system. Texas met the performance target for WIA participants (which increased by two percentage points from the year before), but narrowly missed the target for employers (which increased by six percentage points). Had both PY 2004 targets increased commensurately, Texas would have also exceeded the employer target.





Statewide Economic Figures

But the true test of the effectiveness of the Texas workforce system is the vitality of Texas' economy. Texas has cause to be optimistic about the future. Economic development is increasing, business activity is on the rise, and our labor markets are showing job growth combined with falling unemployment. Some statistics of note:

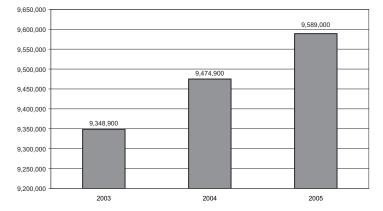
- Initial claims for unemployment compensation have dropped 21.9 percent in the last two years.
- The statewide unemployment rate is at 5.1, percent, a four-year low.
- The unemployment rates in all 25 Metropolitan Statistical Areas in Texas have declined over the last year.
- Texas employers have created more than 240,000 jobs in the last 24 months.

Metropolitan Statistical Area Unemployment Rates (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	June 2005	June 2004
State of Texas	5.4	6.5
Abilene	4.4	5.3
Amarillo	4.1	4.7
Austin-Round Rock	4.4	5.4
Beaumont-Port Arthur	7.4	9.0
Brownsville-Harlingen	7.7	9.2
College Station-Bryan	4.2	5.1
Corpus Christi	6.2	7.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	5.2	6.3
Dallas-Plano-Irving MD*	5.3	6.4
Fort Worth-Arlington MD*	5.1	6.0
El Paso	7.3	8.3
Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land	5.5	6.8
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	5.5	6.3
Laredo	6.5	7.6
Longview	5.1	6.4
Lubbock	4.5	5.3
McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr	8.0	9.4
Midland	4.1	5.0
Odessa	5.1	6.6
San Angelo	4.4	5.4
San Antonio	5.1	6.1
Sherman-Denison	5.3	6.5
Texarkana	5.2	6.4
Tyler	5.0	5.5
Victoria	5.1	6.2
Waco	5.3	5.9
Wichita Falls	4.9	5.6

*Metropolitan Division

Texas Total Nonfarm Jobs for June: 2003-2005 (Seasonally Adjusted)



Texas Workforce Commission

Case Studies

Texas' success with the WIA performance measures is testimony to the hard work and innovation of the Texas workforce system. We have entrusted local officials with the resources and the authority to develop projects that meet their local needs, and they have risen to the challenge. However, those strong results would not have been possible without the flexibility granted by DOL in the form of multiple waivers of WIA regulations.

• Waivers

Local Activity Funds. One critical waiver has allowed local Boards to designate up to 10 percent of each of their WIA formula funds as "Local Activity Funds." Similar to WIA Statewide Activity Funds, Local Activity Funds give Boards more flexibility to serve employers and job seekers. "Since DOL approved Texas' use of this waiver, 19 Boards have requested Local Activity Funds for projects tailored to meet the needs of their employers and residents. In PY 2004, 10 of these boards re-designated a total of \$2.65 million as Local Activity Funds. These funds upgraded the skills of 3,086 individuals, many of them incumbent workers or other non-income-eligible trainees. Eleven of the 16 current Local Activity Fund projects train individuals in high-growth, high-demand industries such as manufacturing, health care and information technology.

Eligible training provider certification. Another waiver that has proven critical to Texas' success relates to the extension of the certification period for currently certified training programs. During the implementation of DOL's subsequent eligibility process, Texas quickly found – as did many states – that many of our good training providers were dropping out of the system because that process was overly burdensome. Texas requested and received a waiver that has allowed currently certified training providers to be automatically extended, and we implore the U.S. Congress to follow through on its efforts to simplify the subsequent eligibility process, or better yet, to assign that authority to the governors of each state.

Other waivers that have provided Texas' workforce system the flexibility to innovate:

Sliding scale employer match for customized training. Local Boards have been given the option to change the 50 percent flat rate employer contribution to a sliding scale of 10 to 50 percent. This increases flex-ibility at the local level to serve business and industry through a value-added approach to their specific needs.









Eligible Training Provider list for Older and Out-of-School Youth.

Texas is allowed to waive the competitive procurement for training providers for older and out-of-school youth. This has improved youth services through increased customer choice, increased the number of training providers available to older and out-of-school youth, provided Boards more flexibility in securing training providers, increased use of training providers in rural areas, and eliminated duplicate processes for training providers.

Transfers between Adult and Dislocated Worker programs. The WIA law allows Boards to transfer up to 30 percent of program allocations between these programs, but Texas has been granted a waiver allowing unlimited transferability. This allows Boards more flexibility in responding to local changes, increases program control at the local area, increases employer input concerning industry need and worker training, provides greater flexibility in program design and implementation at the local level, and increases accountability at all levels.

Shortly before this report was produced, DOL approved additional waivers for Texas that will help us continue these positive workforce trends during PY 2005. The most critical of these is an increase from 10 percent to 25 percent of the WIA formula funds that local Boards may designate as Local Activity Funds. Among the others:

Rapid Response funds. Texas may now designate five percent of the funds previously available for statewide Rapid Response funds as WIA Statewide Activity Funds. The waiver provides TWC more flexibility to meet the increasing need for incumbent worker training, which could be used to help employers avert layoffs.

Local performance measures. WIA provides that local performance measures for WIA shall consist of 17 specific core indicators of performance and customer satisfaction. TWC has adopted a set of integrated, system-wide performance measures for the local workforce boards, based on the federal Common Measures, that will be applied across all programs. The measures support integration, such as the federal Common Measures' definitions for entered employment and job retention, and fewer measures will focus attention on the state's goals.

Redistribution of unspent local funds. TWC received permission to base the redistribution of de-obligated WIA funds on the Commission's allocation rules, ensuring that financial reporting would be consistent with current DOL requirements and that federal funds would be effectively managed for maximum service provision and program performance. The approved waiver provides flexibility in reallocating funds among local workforce development areas. Workforce areas that provide quality services will have access to additional resources to meet the needs of employers and job seekers. The waiver also gives TWC the opportunity to promote the cost benefits of improved administrative efficiencies, encourage the increased leveraging of resources within the workforce areas, and further workforce system integration.

• Statewide Activity Funds Devolved to Local Boards

Texas has also been a leader in devolving a substantial percentage of its Statewide Activity Funds to the local Boards. Some of the projects that the local Boards have supported with these statewide funds:

Concho Valley (San Angelo). The Concho Valley Board has partnered with 12 local hospitals and medical facilities, the San Angelo Chamber of Commerce, and the Texas Hospital Association to form the Partnership for Development of the Healthcare Workforce. The Partnership has identified a need for 200 nursing positions annually over the next three years. WIA Statewide funds are currently supporting the training of 51 registered nurses, 10 licensed vocational nurses, 15 certified nurse aides, and 6 re-entry nurses. The Concho Valley Board serves as the Partnership's fiscal agent, provides technical assistance, assists in resource development, and provides local labor market information.

Dallas County (Dallas). The Dallas County Board has embarked on the Encouraging Employer Advancement (EEA) initiative, designed to help employers target dollars to training customized to their company's specific needs. This program was such an immediate success that its original goal of training 1,101 current workers was expanded to include more than 2,200 new and current workers. Employers have donated \$1.2 million in cash and in-kind match – 42 percent of the total contract – because they realize the benefits of a better-trained workforce, reduced employee turnover, and increased customer satisfaction. The workers, in turn, have received new jobs and/or promotions, salary increases, and job security, at an average wage of \$20.32 per hour.

Lower Rio Grande Valley (McAllen). In partnership with South Texas College (STC), the Lower Rio Grande Valley Board's Office for Business Partnership has worked directly with employers to identify first-time supervisors, managers, and emerging leaders who would be suitable for STC's Leadership Academy. Fifty-one employers have participated in the Academy since its inception, and 202 participants graduated from the Academy during PY 2004. The mission of the Leadership Academy is to transition great employees into great leaders by cultivating in them a variety of leadership skills in human resources, finance, management and personal development.







North Central Texas (D/FW Metroplex). The North Central Texas Board created the Employee Development Fund to advance not only employment, but also education and economic development in its 14-county area. The board's Business Development Unit identifies opportunities both to attract new businesses and to retain and upgrade existing jobs. Employers have received funds for a wide range of activities, from upgrading manufacturing skills, to improving warehouse management, to certifying nurse and medication aides, to training in proprietary database and computer modeling programs. To date, more than 1,200 employees have either obtained a new position, retained or upgraded their previous position, or received a wage increase, resulting in more than \$20 million in earnings retained within the area.

North East Texas (Texarkana). The North East Texas Board has implemented the Work Certified program, which was designed by local employers to improve the "soft skills" of incumbent workers in its region. To become Work Certified, participants must complete a 90-hour program, master 50 competencies, and score at least 80 percent on a comprehensive exam. The program curriculum includes Reading Comprehension, Business Tools (Computer Plus), Business Writing, Pre-Employment, Customer Service, two Job Skills modules, Work Maturity, Employability, Business Math, and General Business Knowledge.

Upper Rio Grande (El Paso). The Regional Economic Development Corporation, the City of El Paso, and the Upper Rio Grande Board have cooperated on a project to encourage businesses to locate or expand their businesses in that region. The program has already attracted a software unit of Electronic Data Solutions (EDS), which will bring a total of 300 jobs within the next two years. The Board has allocated \$163,000 to provide company-specific software training to EDS workers. The company is using the Upper Rio Grande @ Work system to meet all of its immediate workforce needs.

West Central (Abilene). The West Central Board created the Workforce Investment Fund to provide matching grants to small- and medium-sized businesses for use in training new workers, creating new training programs, or upgrading and re-training incumbent workers. Applicants are required to provide a 25 percent cash match. Through December 2004, this fund had trained 143 new workers and re-trained and upgraded the skills of 64 incumbent workers. All trainees received a wage equal or greater than the average weekly wage for the occupation in that county.

• Statewide Projects

While local Boards have used WIA funds for projects that met their local workforce needs, the Texas Workforce Commission has set aside WIA Statewide Activity Funds for two major projects that will transform the economic outlook of their respective regions.

Alamo (San Antonio). Toyota Motor Manufacturing announced in early 2003 that it would open a plant in 2006 to produce full-size Tundra pickup trucks in San Antonio. Texas, through a local workforce development board, will utilize up to \$55 million, split between WIA Statewide Activity Funds and Skills Development Funds (a state-funded job training initiative), to assist Toyota with recruitment, hiring. Customized job training will also be available for Toyota's employees. The Toyota project is divided into two phases. The first three-year phase will conclude with 1,800 trained employees, and production underway.

Toyota's presence in San Antonio has also produced a significant ripple effect through the regional economy. In December 2004, Governor Rick Perry announced that 18 Toyota suppliers would locate on the grounds of Toyota's plant, with 1,500 jobs and making a capital investment of \$150 million beyond Toyota's direct impact. The 1,500 jobs from Toyota's suppliers are 500 more than Toyota had originally projected. The San Antonio Economic Development Foundation predicts the total spinoff jobs from Toyota will total between 5,300 and 13,000.

Texoma (Sherman). In January 2005, Governor Rick Perry announced that Tyson Foods had agreed to expand its facility in Sherman, which would mean 1,600 jobs over a three-year period. To meet Tyson's employee training needs, the Texas Workforce Commission, through a local workforce development board, will use WIA Statewide Activity Funds, supplemented with the state Skills Development Fund.

Future Importance of WIA

Texas has been a good steward of its WIA funds, using them efficiently and effectively to meet the workforce needs of its employers and job seekers. Ongoing activities and challenges in Texas make it imperative that WIA be re-authorized and fully funded.









BRAC Response

The U.S. Department of Defense's Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Commission has submitted its final recommendations to President George W. Bush for domestic military installations to be closed or realigned. Since the U.S. military has long maintained a considerable presence in Texas, our state could not reasonably expect to be immunized against these cuts. The final BRAC list recommends the closure of 15 military installations and the realignment of six others in Texas.

The Texas Workforce Commission has identified four local workforce areas that face job losses as a result of BRAC: Alamo (San Antonio), North East Texas (Texarkana), North Texas (Wichita Falls) and Coastal Bend (Corpus Christi). Each Board is planning strategically with its local education and economic development partners for an effective response to workforce and community needs once closure or realignment occurs.

The U.S. Department of Labor has provided Texas with National Emergency Grant funds to plan for the outcomes of the BRAC recommendations. National Emergency Grant funds are WIA reserves, retained at the national level and made available in emergency situations to states and local communities. Texas has assigned these funds to the four Boards mentioned above for the development of locally driven, comprehensive plans, which are due in December. Based on these plans, additional emergency grant funds for direct services will be requested.

Once the final decision is made to realign or close a base, the U.S. Department of Defense will announce its schedule to implement the relevant actions. The Boards will respond with direct services to affected workers, which may include initial rapid response to determine immediate needs of the workforce and skills assessment, as well as workshops on job search and labor market information, stress management, and financial management. Additional intensive and training services may also be provided for those workers who require new or upgraded skills to compete for existing jobs or those that emerge as a part of local economic redevelopment efforts.

Hurricane Response

On August 29, 2005, Hurricane Katrina devastated a large swath of Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, and forced the evacuation of one million residents from that region. As the largest adjacent state, Texas has absorbed the most evacuees of any state – as of September 27, more than 164,000 FEMA registrants and their families have located in Texas – and taken the lead on helping Louisiana process tens of thousands of

unemployment claims. On September 24, 2005, Hurricane Rita ravaged much of southeast Texas and southwest Louisiana, displacing hundreds of thousands more from their homes and livelihoods.

For the short term, the U.S. Department of Labor has provided the Texas Workforce Commission with a separate \$75 million National Emergency Grant, which was intended to help 37,500 hurricane evacuees. Because the number of FEMA registrants from Hurricane Katrina has swelled far beyond our initial estimates and will continue to increase due to Hurricane Rita, Texas has requested an additional \$247 million to assist with relief efforts for both natural disasters. TWC will use these funds to hire workers in temporary jobs providing food, clothing, shelter, and humanitarian assistance for victims. These funds will also be used to:

- Establish temporary transition centers in or near the greatest concentration of evacuees to help them find employment;
- Provide crisis and financial counseling;
- Make needs-related payments to individuals not qualified for Disaster Unemployment Assistance or unemployment compensation, or for those who have exhausted those benefits;
- Continue state and local efforts to disseminate information on how to access those benefits; and
- Provide training to evacuees.

A survey conducted by The Washington Post, the Henry J. Kaiser Foundation, and the Harvard School of Public Health found that 44 percent of Louisianans evacuated to Texas intend to relocate elsewhere, with the vast majority remaining in Texas. Extrapolated statewide, that means Texas will have to absorb an immediate influx of well over 100,000 new residents, many of whom may lack the skill sets to fill the existing jobs in the Texas economy. TWC and its local Boards have used WorkInTexas.com, conducted numerous job fairs, and posted more than 13,000 job orders from Texas employers to help evacuees find permanent employment.

While continuing to help its Louisiana neighbors, Texas now faces the challenge of helping its coastal residents get back on their feet and reconstruct their region. This will require, among many other things, intensive training so that the oilfield service and construction trades can fill their shortages of skilled workers and be able to rebuild southeast Texas as quickly as possible.

To successfully address both of these workforce challenges will require an ongoing commitment of the federal government to job training through the Workforce Investment Act.





PART II: STATEWIDE PERFORMANCE

TWC actively seeks to improve workforce services. TWC values performance measures as an integral part of improving and accounting for workforce delivery services. This has resulted in substantial achievements in meeting the State's performance goals.

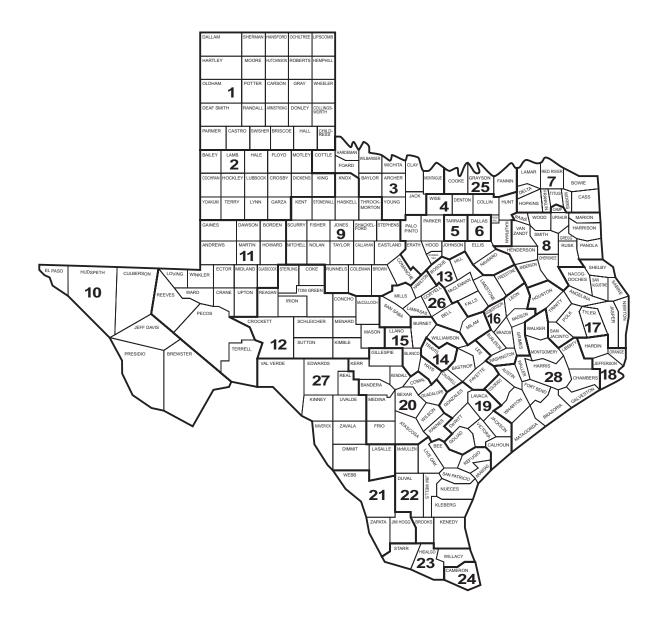
Texas has improved its performance in 15 of the 17 measures in PY04 compared to PY03. In keeping with its commitment to continuous improvement, Texas has negotiated higher performance targets for 15 of the 17 measures in PY05.

Table 1 presents an overall view of the State's performance for the 17 required WIA performance measures for Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth funding streams in PY04.

Performance Measure	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performance Level	Numerator	Denominator
Adult Entered Employment	78.00	83.28%	8,977	10,779
Adult Employment Retention	82.00	88.15%	10,293	11,677
Adult Earnings Change	\$3,300.00	\$3,996.31	\$44,582,815	11,156
Adult Employment And Credential Rate	62.00	74.69%	3,904	5,227
Dislocated Worker Entered Employment	80.00	87.25%	7,294	8,360
Dislocated Worker Employment Retention	87.00	92.40%	7,488	8,104
Dislocated Worker Earnings Replacement	90.00	96.05%	\$96,978,828	\$100,967,705
Dislocated Worker Employment And Credential Rate	68.00	78.42%	2,271	2,896
Older Youth Entered Employment	66.00	77.97%	1,055	1,353
Older Youth Retention	78.00	87.84%	1,344	1,530
Older Youth Earnings Change	\$3,000.00	\$4,291.67	\$5,909,635	1,377
Older Youth Credential Rate	51.00	61.05%	1,044	1,710
Younger Youth Retention Rate	59.00	70.18%	2,502	3,565
Younger Youth Diploma or Equivalent Rate	60.00	73.65%	1,839	2,497
Younger Youth Skill Attainment Rate	83.00	87.24%	29,062	33,314
Employer Customer Satisfaction	74.00	72.62%		
Participant Customer Satisfaction	74.00	75.79%		

Table 1. Summary of WIA Performance for Texas

In Table 1, the bolded and shaded cells indicate improvements from PY03.



- 1. Panhandle
- 2. South Plains
- 3. North Texas
- 4. North Central Texas
- 5. Tarrant County
- 6. Dallas County
- 7. North East Texas
- 8. East Texas
- 9. West Central
- 10. Upper Rio Grande
- 11. Permian Basin
- 12. Concho Valley
- 13. Heart of Texas
- 14. Capital Area

- 15. Rural Capital Area
- 16. Brazos Valley
- 17. Deep East Texas
 - 18. Southeast Texas
 - 19. Golden Crescent
 - 20. Alamo
 - 21. South Texas

- 22. Coastal Bend
- 23. Lower Rio Grande Valley
- 24. Cameron County
- 25. Texoma
- 26. Central Texas
- 27. Middle Rio Grande
- 28. Gulf Coast

PROGRAM COST

The Texas workforce system spent an average of \$2,345 per participant enrolled in WIA services. Table 2 provides information about the cost per participant for all three programs.

	Cost/Participant
Overall, All Program Strategies*	\$2,345
Adult Programs	\$1,892
Dislocated Worker Program	\$2,236
Youth Program	\$2,356

Table 2. Cost Effectiveness Analysis

* Overall Amounts include Local Administrative Funds

Table 3. Operating Results

	Available	Expended	Percentage
Overall, All Program Strategies *	\$262,526,789	\$225,470,486	85.9%
Adult Program Funds	81,892,376	70,407,348	86.0%
Dislocated Worker Program Funds	76,729,862	68,038,216	88.7%
Youth Program Funds	75,834,363	67,224,797	88.6%

* Overall includes Local Administration Funds. Amounts Available and Expended include the Program Year 2004 allocation as well as amounts carried forward from prior program years.

The following section, "Required Tables A-N," presents the required statewide performance for the 17 performance indicators for the WIA Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth Funding sources. Special populations for these funding sources are also addressed.

Required Tables A-N Statewide Performance

Table A - Workforce Investment Act Customer Satisfaction Results

Customer	Negotiated	Actual Performance	Number of Surveys	Number of	Number of	Response Rate
Satisfaction	Performance	Level - American	Completed	Customers Eligible	Customers	
	Level	Customer Satisfaction		for the Survey	Included in the	
		Index			Sample	
Participants	74	75.8	500	20,944	639	78.2%
Employers	74	72.6	608	29,950	734	82.8%

Table B - Outcomes for Adults

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performance Level		
Fretowed Freedown out Data	78.0%	83.3%	8,977	
Entered Employment Rate	78.0%	03.3%	10,779	
Employment Retention Rate	82.0%	88.1%	10,293	
	82.0%	00.170	11,677	
Fornings Change in Six Months	\$2.200	¢2.006	44,582,815	
Earnings Change in Six Months	\$3,300	\$3,996	11,156	
Employment and One doubted Date	62.0%	74.7%	3,904	
Employment and Credential Rate	62.0%	14.170	5,227	

Table C - Outcomes for Adult Special Populations

Reported Information	Receivii	stance Recipients ng Intensive or ng Services	Veterans		Individuals With Disabilities		Older Individuals	
Entered	78,7%	822	85.2%	436	70.7%	112	70.99/	340
Employment Rate	70.7%	1,044	05.2%	512	72.7%	154	79.8%	426
Employment	86.2%	753	86.7%	481	96 10/	105	86.5%	360
Retention Rate	00.2%	874	00.7 %	555	86.1%	122	00.3%	416
Earnings Change in Six	\$4,206.70	\$3,415,843	\$3,580.55	\$1,879,787	\$6,169.29 118	\$2,484.16	\$976,274	
Months	\$4,200.70	812	\$3,360.3 5	525		118	φ 2,404.10	393
Employment and Credential	60.4%	394	82.1%	170	69.0%	60	74.00/	77
Rate	00.4%	652	02.1%	207	09.0%	87	74.8%	103

Table D - Other Outcome Information for the Adult Program

Reported Information	Individuals Who Received Training Services		Individuals Who Only Rece Intensive Servic	
Entered Employment Date	0E 20/	3,428	00.40/	5,549
Entered Employment Rate	85.3%	4,018	82.1%	6,761
	89.3%	3,932	07 50/	6,361
Employment Retention Rate		4,404	87.5%	7,273
	\$5,286	21,739,412	¢2.242	22,843,403
Earnings Change in Six Months		4,113	\$3,243	7,043

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performance Level	
Entered Employment Data	80.0%	07.00/	7,294
Entered Employment Rate	80.0%	87.2%	8,360
Employment Retention Rate	97.09/	02.4%	7,488
Employment Retention Rate	87.0%	92.4%	8,104
Formings Depleterment in Six Months	00.0%	00.0%	\$96,978,828
Earnings Replacement in Six Months	90.0%	96.0%	\$100,967,705
Free large and an d One day that Data	68.0%	78.4%	2,271
Employment and Credential Rate	00.0%	/0.4%	2,896

Table E - Dislocated Worker Program Results At-A-Glance

Table F - Outcomes for Dislocated Worker Special Populations

Reported Information	V	eterans	Individuals With Disabilities		Older Individuals		Displaced Homemakers		
Entered	88.3%	586	82.4%	103	80.1% -	662	00.00/	24	
Employment Rate	88.3%	664	02.4%	125		826	88.9%	27	
Employment	92.6%	604	90.4%	85	90.3% -	633	75.0%	15	
Retention Rate	92.0%	652	90.4%	94		701	75.0%	20	
Earnings Bonlocomont	90.9%	\$8,930,091	94.0%	\$1,047,949	95 70/	\$8,899,419	- 374.3%	\$177,645	
Replacement Rate	90.9%	\$9,825,347	94.0%	\$1,114,268	85.7% -	\$10,383,857		\$47,456	
Employment And	78.8%	256	69.1%	38	68.9% -	68.9% 166 87.5% 241 241 87.5%	166	97 59/	7
Credential Rate	10.0%	325	09.1%	55			241	07.3%	8

Table G - Other Outcome Information for the Dislocated Worker Program

Reported Information	Individuals Who Received Training Services		Individuals Who Received Only Core and Intensive Services		
	07 00/	2,568	87.0%	4,726	
Entered Employment Rate	87.8%	2,926	07.0%	5,434	
	93.9%	2,832	04.5%	4,656	
Employment Retention Rate		3,017	91.5%	5,087	
Forming a Doulo comont Data	00.5%	\$35,900,638	04.7%	\$61,078,191	
Earnings Replacement Rate	98.5%	\$36,439,544	94.7%	\$64,528,161	

Table H - Older Youth Results At-A-Glance

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performance	e Level
	CC 01/	79.0%	1,055
Entered Employment Rate	66.0%	78.0%	1,353
Employment Detention Dete	78.0%	87.8%	1,344
Employment Retention Rate	70.0%	01.070	1,530
Forningo Change in Six Months	\$3,000	¢ 4 204 67	\$5,909,635
Earnings Change in Six Months	\$3,000	\$4,291.67	1,377
Credential Rate	51.0%	61.1%	1,044
	51.0%	01.170	1,710

Reported Information	Public Assistance Recipients		Veterans		Individuals With Disabilities		Out-of-School Youth	
Entered	75 40/	156	75.0%	3	62.0%	31	70.40/	920
Employment Rate	75.4%	207	75.0%	4	62.0%	50	78.4%	1,173
Employment	95 49/	182	40.00/	3	20.5%	34	88.1%	1,159
Retention Rate	85.4%	213	100%	3	- 89.5%	38	00.170	1,316
Earnings	¢ 4 400 07	\$871,520	¢(C40)	-\$1,948	¢2.440	\$99,795	¢4.000	\$5,080,109
Change in Six Months	\$4,492.37	194	\$(649)	3	- \$3,119	32	\$4,298	1,182
Credential Rate	E4 40/	125	80%	4	50.0%	31	00.5%	928
	51.4%	243		5		62	62.5%	1,485

Table I - Outcomes for Older Youth Special Populations

Table J - Younger Youth Results At-A-Glance

	Negotiated Performance Level	Actual Performance	e Level
	00.0%	07.00/	29,062
Skill Attainment Rate	83.0%	87.2%	33,314
	CO 09/	70.00/	1,839
Diploma or Equivalent Attainment Rate	60.0%	73.6%	2,497
Deterrition Dete	50.0%	70.00/	2,502
Retention Rate	59.0%	70.2%	3,565

Table K - Outcomes for Younger Youth Special Populations

Reported Information		istance Recipients s With Disabilities	Individuals With Disabilities		Out-of-School Youth	
Skill Attainment	04.89/	1,017	06.2%	891	0E 00/	2,627
Rate 91.8	91.8%	1,108	96.3%	925	85.9%	3,058
Diploma or		66.7% 144 83.8% 216	171	58.0%	470	
Equivalent Attainment Rate	66.7%		204		810	
Detention Dete	67.49/	230	65.0%	169	68.5%	989
Retention Rate	67.4%	341		260		1,444

Table L - Other Reported Information

	12 M Emplo Retentio	yment	12 Mo. Earnings Change (Adults and Older Youth) or 12 Mo. Earnings Replacement (Dislocated Workers)		Placements for Participants in Nontraditional Employment		Employment For Those Individuals Who Entered Employment Unsubsidized Employment		Entry Into Unsubsidized Employment Related to the Training Received of Those Who Completed Training Services	
Adults	79.4%	11,158	\$3,198.52	43,272,827	2.4	168	\$4,480.41	\$30,121,804	83.7%	2,198
Addits	/ 5.4 /0	14,051	φ 3 ,190.32	13,529	2.7	7020		6,723	05.7 /0	2,626
Dislocated Workers	85.5%	8,613	06.99/	\$117,704,852	2.7	160	\$5,770.07	\$32,629,724	76.9%	1,214
Dislocated Workers	03.3%	10,078	96.8% \$121,605,577	2.1	5881	ງຈວ,//0.0/	5,655	10.9%	1,578	
Older Veuth	74 40/	1,364	¢2 544 60	5,884,175	2.0	32	\$2.004.60	\$2,233,311		
Older Youth	74.1% 1,841	\$3,544.68	1,660	3.0	1055	\$3,084.68	724]		

Table M - Participation

	Total Participants Served	Total Exiters
Adults	37,210	14,401
Dislocated Workers	18,796	9,490
Older Youth	5,580	1,823
Younger Youth	22,955	6,911

Table N - Cost of Program Activities

Program Activity	Total Federal Spending
Local Adults	\$68,400,444
Local Dislocated Workers	\$62,029,382
Local Youth	\$62,450,158
Rapid Response (up to 25%) 134 (a) (2) (A)	\$1,314,371
Statewide Required Activities (up to 15%) 134 (a) (2) (b)	\$13,449,772
*Statewide Allowable Activities 134 (a) (3)	\$3,091,988
Total of All Federal Spending Listed Above	\$210,736,115

The table above includes both local level and state level spending. The line items for "Local Adults," "Local Dislocated Workers," and "Local Youth" include both expenditures and obligations. The line items for "Rapid Response," "Statewide Required Activities," and "Statewide Allowable Activities" include expenditures only.

PART III: LOCAL PERFORMANCE

WORKFORCE BOARD PERFORMANCE

The performance of the twenty-eight Boards is exhibited in **Tables 4 & 5**. **Table 4** presents results for the first nine measures, and **Table 5** presents the remaining eight measures. The tables allow comparison among the Boards, and provide evidence of the high level of performance reported by most of the Boards.

MEASURES Adult Older Youth Dislocated Adult Older Youth Dislocated Adult Older Youth Dislocated Workers Retention Retention Workers Workers 1-9 Entered Entered Average Average Employment Employment Entered Rate Rate Retention Earnings Earnings Earnings Change Replacement Rate Rate Employment Rate Change Rate Rate 82.69% 83.18% 89.40% 86.69% 88.79% 92.01% \$3,910.40 \$3,949.05 92.09% Alamo Brazos Valley 84.91% 78.57% 92.31% 89.74% 100.00% 95.24% \$5,542.33 \$4,485.37 95.59% Cameron County 83.33% 79.41% 86.79% 90.17% 95.12% 88.89% \$6,394.51 \$7,815.91 127.80% Capital Area 89.52% 93.33% 92.79% 91.76% \$4,901.84 79.91% 89.55% 100.00% \$6,391.67 Central Texas 95.52% 93.33% 98.04% 91.49% 90.00% 94.44% \$6,437.28 \$5,039.15 124.80% Coastal Bend 75.99% 75.41% 80.14% 86.47% 96.92% 89.05% \$5,770.09 \$6,880.39 87.41% Concho Valley 94.44% 83.33% 85.71% 96.30% 81.82% 100.00% \$4,836.48 \$1,994.78 108.02% Dallas 77.07% 67.57% 86.32% 83.66% 84.91% 94.38% \$5,056.02 \$2,634.44 90.33% Deep East Texas 84.81% 79.31% 87.98% 87.85% 78.57% 94.27% \$3,926.56 \$3,850.63 100.92% 83.98% 80.00% 96.55% 87.76% \$3,338.54 117.29% East Texas 86.75% 92.59% \$2,827.73 Golden Crescent 88.89% 77.78% 94.29% 91.23% 100.00% 94.00% \$6,063.72 \$4,255.61 105.12% Gulf Coast 83.58% 78.38% 86.41% 88.01% 85.15% 91.45% \$3,299.09 \$3,537.50 96.61% 80.00% 100.00% 100.00% 90.20% \$5,440.00 \$6,330.00 Heart Of Texas 82.26% 83.51% 84.94% Lower Rio Grande 82.39% 76.33% 82.82% 89.58% 85.35% 92.41% \$4,204.24 \$5,284.65 96.01% Middle Rio Grande 94.20% 82.39% 87.50% 88.06% 93.78% 86.36% \$3,736.53 \$5,570.45 108.21% North Central 81.37% 70.00% 88.83% 85.81% 90.00% 95.02% \$4,271.89 \$4,644.14 87.12% North East Texas 79.61% 83.33% 68.84% 86.76% 92.00% 88.85% \$5,010.10 \$2,854.81 89.45% 82.10% 75.00% North Texas 84.56% 85.95% 91.67% 99.13% \$5,518.73 \$4,380.14 99.45% Panhandle 127.77% 87.50% 86.21% 96.61% 96.19% 82.61% 94.55% \$9,663.71 \$7,405.13 Permian Basin 90.36% 70.59% 89.66% 92.38% 94.74% 92.71% \$7,192.25 \$6,584.82 102.24% **Rural Capital** 82.67% 100.00% 84.17% 88.71% 90.00% 92.93% \$3,901.58 \$2,680.80 91.33% Southeast Texas 86.16% 84.00% 94.38% \$4,566.49 96.37% 91.42% 86.99% 100.00% \$4,995.77 South Plains 91.53% 91.67% 85.71% 95.92% 91.30% 95.15% \$8,392.66 \$6,230.56 93.17% South Texas 78.54% 75.00% 79.31% 94.87% 100.00% 100.00% \$8,395.69 \$4,004.83 106.51% Tarrant County 82.88% 74.07% 86.38% 84.42% 94.74% 93.50% \$3,622.82 \$2,871.65 115.33% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 94.85% \$8,416.49 Texoma 98.81% \$8,057.53 89.21% 88.83% 78.00% 90.89% 88.56% 87.80% 93.34% \$2,897.74 \$2,933.36 92.97% Upper Rio Grande 94.00% 90.91% West Central 93.65% 87.90% 90.91% 93.24% \$4,113.73 \$2,090.91 88.73% # Meeting the measure 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 27 27 % Meeting the measure 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 96.4% 96.4% 100.0% 87.84% **Texas Performance** 83.28% 77.97% 87.25% 88.15% 92.40% \$3,996.31 \$4,291.67 96.05%

Table 4. Measures 1 - 9

In Tables 4 and 5, the shading indicates performance that did not meet the targets.

MEASURES 10-17	Adult Employment and Credential Rate	Older Youth Credential Rate	Dislocated Worker Employment and Credential Rate	Younger Youth Diploma or Equivalent Rate	Younger Youth Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth Retention Rate	Participant Customer Satisfaction	Employer Customer Satisfaction
Alamo	75.16%	55.32%	74.21%	77.46%	87.71%	64.40%	70.53	72.71
Brazos Valley	70.45%	71.43%	76.67%	73.68%	87.79%	72.92%	75.32	67.18
Cameron County	86.67%	75.00%	80.49%	75.93%	81.17%	86.24%	83.59	75.24
Capital Area	78.49%	84.21%	84.62%	59.38%	83.51%	73.68%	71.30	71.56
Central Texas	83.64%	75.00%	88.00%	90.00%	97.16%	83.56%	84.99	77.43
Coastal Bend	69.00%	65.31%	67.88%	65.48%	79.60%	68.42%	74.57	74.60
Concho Valley	85.71%	57.14%	84.21%	85.00%	86.70%	78.26%	82.34	73.96
Dallas	70.25%	56.57%	76.23%	66.97%	80.86%	62.99%	69.78	70.44
Deep East Texas	66.67%	55.00%	77.91%	78.75%	87.02%	61.22%	71.97	77.26
East Texas	77.36%	53.85%	87.27%	84.52%	88.45%	69.70%	77.76	76.38
Golden Crescent	75.86%	63.64%	84.21%	72.22%	91.93%	66.67%	79.16	72.82
Gulf Coast	75.37%	56.88%	76.23%	65.38%	87.27%	70.73%	73.28	72.48
Heart Of Texas	58.97%	100.00%	71.43%	77.78%	88.46%	88.89%	71.81	71.61
Lower Rio Grande	77.64%	52.92%	82.05%	64.29%	85.64%	70.11%	80.17	74.88
Middle Rio Grande	78.82%	77.27%	84.00%	87.50%	96.56%	78.82%	82.68	79.82
North Central	77.78%	76.00%	80.13%	70.00%	84.03%	63.29%	71.59	73.45
North East Texas	72.62%	50.00%	75.68%	82.61%	90.68%	75.41%	73.86	76.87
North Texas	67.31%	75.00%	73.08%	81.82%	87.77%	78.38%	80.77	75.58
Panhandle	81.37%	62.50%	89.09%	79.41%	92.05%	81.25%	85.38	77.18
Permian Basin	82.84%	68.18%	83.75%	82.50%	89.69%	73.49%	85.18	73.88
Rural Capital	76.92%	90.00%	71.43%	72.00%	83.82%	67.65%	76.92	72.90
Southeast Texas	69.31%	83.87%	79.17%	81.33%	83.87%	90.91%	72.11	77.09
South Plains	77.66%	75.00%	89.04%	97.83%	97.24%	80.39%	77.11	71.04
South Texas	63.14%	60.61%	84.62%	74.58%	96.28%	78.95%	82.92	74.27
Tarrant County	66.67%	55.17%	77.48%	68.54%	85.53%	74.07%	72.05	69.76
Texoma	82.61%	77.78%	86.76%	81.82%	87.73%	75.00%	80.27	78.31
Upper Rio Grande	73.16%	71.43%	79.38%	84.62%	88.95%	67.48%	75.81	69.87
West Central	84.06%	69.23%	89.47%	72.73%	92.45%	63.08%	76.42	73.98
# Meeting the measure	28	28	28	28	28	28	27	25
% Meeting the measure	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	96.4%	89.3%
Texas Performance	74.69%	61.05%	78.42%	73.65%	87.24%	70.18%	75.79	72.62

Table 5. Measures 10 - 17

In Tables 4 and 5, the shading indicates performance that did not meet the targets.

The final section of this report, "Tables O," beginning on the next page, presents individual tables for each of the 28 Boards, detailing their performance for the 17 WIA core performance measures. In addition to the core measures, the targets for each measure are also provided.

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	1	,706
		Dislocated Workers	2	2,124
Alamo	6,063	Older Youth	249	
		Younger Youth	1	,984
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		513
		Dislocated Workers		762
20	2,108	Older Youth		107
		Younger Youth		726
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		70.53
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		72.71
	Adults	78.00%		82.69%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%	89.4	
	Older Youth	66.00%	83.189	
	Adults	82.00%		86.69%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		92.01%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		88.79%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		64.40%
	Adults	\$3,300	\$3,910	
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		92.09%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$3,949
	Adults	62.00%		75.16%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		74.21%
Greathian/Dipionia Rate	Older Youth	51.00%		55.32%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		77.46%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		87.71%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance	Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	0	3	14

 \ast Note - Boards are given a 5% variance in the determination of meeting status.

Table O - Local Performance - Brazos Valley							
Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	222				
		Dislocated Workers	137				
Brazos Valley	618	Older Youth	50				
		Younger Youth	209				
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults	88				
		Dislocated Workers	55				
16	245	Older Youth	17				
		Younger Youth	85				
		Negotiated	Actual				
		Performance Level	Performance Level				
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74	75.32				
	Employer	74	67.18				
	Adults	78.00%	84.91%				
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%	92.31%				
	Older Youth	66.00%	78.57%				
	Adults	82.00%	89.74%				
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%	95.24%				
	Older Youth	78.00%	100.00%				
	Younger Youth	59.00%	72.92%				
Earnings Change/Earnings	Adults	\$3,300	\$5,542				
Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%	95.59%				
	Older Youth	\$3,000	\$4,485				
	Adults	62.00%	70.45%				
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%	76.67%				
	Older Youth	51.00%	71.43%				
	Younger Youth	60.00%	73.68%				
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%	87.79%				
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance	N = 4 M = 4	Mat Freedor				
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 1	Met Exceeded 1 15				
		I	1 15				

 \ast Note - Boards are given a 5% variance in the determination of meeting status.

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		654
		Dislocated Workers		510
Cameron	2,030	Older Youth	109	
		Younger Youth		757
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		244
		Dislocated Workers		119
24	584	Older Youth		47
		Younger Youth		174
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		83.59
	Employer	74		75.24
	Adults	78.00%		83.33%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		86.79%
	Older Youth	66.00%		79.41%
	Adults	82.00%		90.17%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		88.89%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		95.12%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		86.24%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$6,395
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		127.80%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$7,816
	Adults	62.00%		86.67%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		80.49%
	Older Youth	51.00%		75.00%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		75.93%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%	81.17%	
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met	Met	Exceeded
		0	3	14

 Table O - Local Performance - Cameron County

 \ast Note - Boards are given a 5% variance in the determination of meeting status.

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	1,150	
		Dislocated Workers	640	
Capital Area	2,233	Older Youth		101
		Younger Youth	342	
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults	237	
		Dislocated Workers	254	
14	660	Older Youth	42	
		Younger Youth	127	
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual
	Program Participants	74	Performance Level 71.30	
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74	71.56	
	Adults	78.00%	89.52%	
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%	92.79%	
	Older Youth	66.00%	93.33%	
Retention Rate	Adults	82.00%	89.55%	
	Dislocated Worker	87.00%	91.76%	
	Older Youth	78.00%	100.00%	
	Younger Youth	59.00%	73.68%	
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Adults	\$3,300	\$6,392	
	Dislocated Worker	83.70%	79.91%	
	Older Youth	\$3,000	\$4,902	
Credential/Diploma Rate	Adults	62.00%	78.49%	
	Dislocated Worker	68.00%	84.62%	
	Older Youth	51.00%	84.21%	
	Younger Youth	60.00%	59.38%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%	83.51%	
Description of Other State Indicators of Performance		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Local Performance		0	5	12

* Note - Boards are given a 5% variance in the determination of meeting status.

Local Area Name	able O - Local Performance Total Participants Served	Adults		268
		Dislocated Workers		85
Central Texas	721	Older Youth		54
		Younger Youth		314
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		132
		Dislocated Workers		47
26	352	Older Youth		21
		Younger Youth		152
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual nance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		84.99
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		77.43
	Adults	78.00%		95.52%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		98.04%
	Older Youth	66.00%		93.33%
	Adults	82.00%		91.49%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		94.44%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		90.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		83.56%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$6,437
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		124.80%
•	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$5,039
	Adults	62.00%		83.64%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		88.00%
	Older Youth	51.00%		75.00%
	Younger Youth	60.00%	90.00%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		97.16%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance		Mat	Evenedad
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met 1	Exceeded 16

_	able O - Local Performance			072
Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		973
		Dislocated Workers		458
Coastal Bend	2,738	Older Youth		292
		Younger Youth		1,015
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		319
		Dislocated Workers		304
22	881	Older Youth		67
		Younger Youth		191
		Negotiated		Actual
		Performance Level	Perfori	nance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		74.57
	Employer	74		74.60
	Adults	78.00%		75.99%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		80.14%
	Older Youth	66.00%		75.41%
	Adults	82.00%		86.47%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		89.05%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		96.92%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		68.42%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$5,770
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		87.41%
-	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$6,880
	Adults	62.00%		69.00%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		67.88%
	Older Youth	51.00%		65.31%
	Younger Youth	60.00%	65.48%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		79.60%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met	Exceeded
		U	8	9

Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth Younger Youth	60.00% 83.00%	85.00% 86.70%	
-	Older Youth	51.00%		57.14%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		84.21%
	Adults	62.00%		85.71%
	Older Youth	\$2,100		\$1,995
Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		108.02%
Earnings Change/Earnings	Adults	\$3,300		\$4,836
	Younger Youth	59.00%		78.26%
	Older Youth	78.00%		81.82%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		100.00%
	Adults	82.00%		96.30%
	Older Youth	66.00%		83.33%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		85.71%
	Adults	78.00%		94.44%
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		73.96
	Program Participants	74		82.34
		Negotiated Performance Level		Actual mance Level
		Younger Youth		74
12	168	Older Youth		10
		Dislocated Workers		28
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		56
		Younger Youth		170
Concho Valley	386	Older Youth		37
		Dislocated Workers		48
Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		131

Table O - Loca	I Performance -	Dallas	County
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Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	5	5,321
				-
		Dislocated Workers	1	,520
Dallas County	9,504	Older Youth		719
		Younger Youth	1	,944
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults	1	,665
		Dislocated Workers		695
6	3,153	Older Youth		205
		Younger Youth		588
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		69.78
	Employer	74		70.44
	Adults	78.00%		77.07%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		86.32%
	Older Youth	66.00%		67.57%
	Adults	82.00%		83.66%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		94.38%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		84.91%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		62.99%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$5,056
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		90.33%
•	Older Youth	\$2,770		\$2,634
	Adults	62.00%		70.25%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		76.23%
	Older Youth	51.00%		56.57%
	Younger Youth	60.00%	66.97%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		80.86%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 1	Met 7	Exceeded 9

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		461
		Dislocated Workers		314
Deep East Texas	1,153	Older Youth		100
		Younger Youth		278
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		181
		Dislocated Workers		179
17	501	Older Youth		34
		Younger Youth		107
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
	Program Participants	74	Teriorii	71.97
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		77.26
	Adults	78.00%		84.81%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		87.98%
	Older Youth	66.00%		79.31%
	Adults	82.00%		87.85%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		94.27%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		78.57%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		61.22%
Fornings Change/Fornings	Adults	\$3,300		\$3,927
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		100.92%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$3,851
	Adults	62.00%		66.67%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%	77.91%	
	Older Youth	51.00%		55.00%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		78.75%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		87.02%
Description of Other State In Overall Status of Lo		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
		0	5	12

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	1	,758
		Dislocated Workers		842
East Texas	3,308	Older Youth		149
		Younger Youth		559
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		356
		Dislocated Workers		398
8	920	Older Youth		32
		Younger Youth		134
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
	Program Participants	74	T erform	77.76
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		76.38
	Adults	78.00%		83.98%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		96.55%
	Older Youth	66.00%		80.00%
	Adults	82.00%		86.75%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		87.76%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		92.59%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		69.70%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$3,339
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		117.29%
•	Older Youth	\$2,975		\$2,828
	Adults	62.00%		77.36%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		87.27%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Older Youth	51.00%		53.85%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		84.52%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		88.45%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance	Not Mat	N/of	Evended
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met 4	Exceeded 13

Table O - Local Performance - East Texas

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		538
		Dislocated Workers		158
Golden Crescent	936	Older Youth		47
		Younger Youth		193
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		125
		Dislocated Workers		74
19	279	Older Youth		20
		Younger Youth		60
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		79.16
	Employer	74		72.82
	Adults	78.00%		88.89%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		94.29%
	Older Youth	66.00%		77.78%
	Adults	82.00%		91.23%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		94.00%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		100.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		66.67%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$6,064
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		105.12%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$4,256
	Adults	62.00%		75.86%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		84.21%
	Older Youth	51.00%		63.64%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		72.22%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		91.93%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met 1	Exceeded 16

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	1	1,717
		Dislocated Workers	3	9,757
Gulf Coast	22,328	Older Youth	1	,435
		Younger Youth	Ę	5,419
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults	ť	5,120
		Dislocated Workers	2	2,210
28	9,370	Older Youth		505
		Younger Youth	1	,535
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual nance Level
	Program Participants	74	Periorii	73.28
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		72.48
	Adults	78.00%		83.58%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		86.41%
	Older Youth	66.00%		78.38%
	Adults	82.00%		88.01%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		91.45%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		85.15%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		70.73%
Earnings Change/Earnings	Adults	\$3,300		\$3,299
Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		96.61%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$3,538
	Adults	62.00%		75.37%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		76.23%
	Older Youth	51.00%		56.88%
	Younger Youth	60.00%	65.38%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		87.27%
Description of Other State In		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	0	3	14

Local Area Name	able O - Local Performance Total Participants Served	Adults		237
		Dislocated Workers		252
Heart of Texas	726	Older Youth		50
		Younger Youth		187
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		150
		Dislocated Workers		159
13	430	Older Youth		22
		Younger Youth		99
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
	Program Participants	74	Periorii	71.81
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		71.61
	Adults	78.00%		80.00%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		82.26%
	Older Youth	66.00%		100.00%
	Adults	82.00%		83.51%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		90.20%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		100.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		88.89%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$5,440
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	89.30%		84.94%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$6,330
	Adults	62.00%		58.97%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		71.43%
	Older Youth	51.00%		100.00%
	Younger Youth	60.00%	77.78%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		88.46%
Description of Other State In		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	0	8	9

Local Area Name	D - Local Performance - Low Total Participants Served	Adults	3	3,333
		Dislocated Workers		420
Lower Rio Grande	6 960	Older Youth		
Lower Kio Grande	6,860			613
		Younger Youth	2	.,494
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults	1	,483
		Dislocated Workers		252
23	2,606	Older Youth		178
		Younger Youth		693
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		80.17
	Employer	74		74.88
	Adults	78.00%		82.39%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		82.82%
	Older Youth	66.00%		76.33%
	Adults	82.00%		89.58%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		92.41%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		85.35%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		70.11%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$4,204
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		96.01%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$5,285
	Adults	62.00%		77.64%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		82.05%
	Older Youth	51.00%		52.92%
	Younger Youth	60.00%	64.29%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		85.64%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance	N = 4 84 = 4	BA = 4	Even a de d
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met 4	Exceeded 13

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		303
		Dislocated Workers		66
Middle Rio Grande	1,065	Older Youth		38
		Younger Youth		658
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		184
		Dislocated Workers		43
27	571	Older Youth		20
		Younger Youth		324
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
	Program Participants	74	Fenom	82.68
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		79.82
	Adults	74.00%		82.39%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		88.06%
	Older Youth	66.00%		87.50%
	Adults	82.00%		93.78%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		94.20%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		86.36%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		78.82%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$3,737
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		108.21%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$5,570
	Adults	62.00%		78.82%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		84.00%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Older Youth	51.00%		77.27%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		87.50%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		96.56%
Description of Other State In		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	0	0	17

Table O - Local Performance - North	Central Texas
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Tabi	e O - Local Performance - N	orth Central Texas		
Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	2	2,046
		Dislocated Workers		831
North Central	3,732	Older Youth		148
		Younger Youth		707
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		349
		Dislocated Workers		436
4	1,097	Older Youth		65
		Younger Youth		247
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	nance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		71.59
	Employer	74		73.45
	Adults	78.00%		81.37%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		88.83%
	Older Youth	66.00%		70.00%
	Adults	82.00%		85.81%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		95.02%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		90.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		63.29%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$4,272
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		87.12%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$4,644
	Adults	62.00%		77.78%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		80.13%
	Older Youth	51.00%	76.00%	
	Younger Youth	60.00%		70.00%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%	84.03%	
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met 6	Exceeded 11
		U	0	

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	:	226
		Dislocated Workers		76
North East Texas	563	Older Youth		21
		Younger Youth	:	240
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		128
		Dislocated Workers		174
7	477	Older Youth		9
		Younger Youth		166
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		73.86
	Employer	74		76.87
	Adults	78.00%		79.61%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	72.40%		68.84%
	Older Youth	66.00%		83.33%
	Adults	82.00%		86.76%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		88.85%
	Older Youth	78.00%		92.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		75.41%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$5,010
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		89.45%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$2,855
	Adults	62.00%		72.62%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		75.68%
	Older Youth	51.00%		50.00%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		82.61%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		90.68%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	cal Performance	Not Met	Met	Exceeded
		0	8	9

Table O - Local Performance - North East Texas

	Table O - Local Performance			
Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		284
		Dislocated Workers		215
North Texas	620	Older Youth		51
		Younger Youth		70
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		191
		Dislocated Workers		135
3	404	Older Youth		19
		Younger Youth		59
		Negotiated	A	ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	nance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		80.77
	Employer	74		75.58
	Adults	78.00%		82.10%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		84.56%
	Older Youth	66.00%		75.00%
	Adults	82.00%		85.95%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		99.13%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		91.67%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		78.38%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$5,519
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		99.45%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$4,380
	Adults	62.00%		67.31%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		73.08%
	Older Youth	51.00%	75.00%	
	Younger Youth	60.00%		81.82%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		87.77%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met	Met	Exceeded
		0	2	15

Local Area Name	Table O - Local Performanc Total Participants Served	Adults		423
		Dislocated Workers		138
Panhandle	917	Older Youth		116
		Younger Youth		240
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		97
		Dislocated Workers		55
1	250	Older Youth		38
		Younger Youth		60
		Negotiated	A	ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		85.38
oustonier outisidetion	Employer	74		77.18
	Adults	78.00%		87.50%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		96.61%
	Older Youth	66.00%		86.21%
	Adults	82.00%		96.19%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		94.55%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		82.61%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		81.25%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$9,664
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		127.77%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$7,405
	Adults	62.00%		81.37%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		89.09%
	Older Youth	51.00%		62.50%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		79.41%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		92.05%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met	Met	Exceeded
		0	1	16

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		295
		Dislocated Workers		197
Permian Basin	1,049	Older Youth		72
		Younger Youth		485
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		153
		Dislocated Workers		113
11	420	Older Youth		21
		Younger Youth		133
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		85.18
	Employer	74		73.88
	Adults	78.00%		90.36%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		89.66%
	Older Youth	66.00%		70.59%
	Adults	82.00%		92.38%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		92.71%
	Older Youth	78.00%		94.74%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		73.49%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$7,192
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		102.24%
-	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$6,585
	Adults	62.00%		82.84%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		83.75%
	Older Youth	51.00%		68.18%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		82.50%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		89.69%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met 1	Exceeded 16
		U V		10

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		318
		Dislocated Workers		296
Rural Capital	839	Older Youth		46
		Younger Youth		179
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		108
		Dislocated Workers		140
15	299	Older Youth		12
		Younger Youth		39
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
	Program Participants	74	Ferioni	76.92
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		72.90
	Adults	78.00%		82.67%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		84.17%
	Older Youth	66.00%		100.00%
	Adults	82.00%		88.71%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		92.93%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		90.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		67.65%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$3,902
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		91.33%
	Older Youth	\$2,994		\$2,681
	Adults	62.00%		76.92%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		71.43%
	Older Youth	51.00%		90.00%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		72.00%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		83.82%
Description of Other State In		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	1	4	12

Table O - Local Performance - Southeast Tex	as
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Local Area Name	ble O - Local Performance - Total Participants Served	Adults		620
		Dislocated Workers		628
Southeast Texas	2,028	Older Youth		222
		Younger Youth		558
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		293
		Dislocated Workers		341
18	1,000	Older Youth		85
		Younger Youth		281
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
	Program Participants	74	Feriorii	72.11
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		77.09
	Adults	78.00%		86.16%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		91.42%
	Older Youth	66.00%		84.00%
	Adults	82.00%		86.99%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		94.38%
	Older Youth	78.00%		100.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		90.91%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$4,566
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		96.37%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$4,996
	Adults	62.00%		69.31%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		79.17%
	Older Youth	51.00%		83.87%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		81.33%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		83.87%
Description of Other State In		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	0	3	14

Local Area Name	Fable O - Local Performance Total Participants Served	Adults		172
		Dislocated Workers		159
South Plains	641	Older Youth		37
		Younger Youth		273
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		76
		Dislocated Workers		103
2	278	Older Youth		25
		Younger Youth		74
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		77.11
	Employer	74		71.04
	Adults	78.00%		91.53%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		85.71%
	Older Youth	66.00%		91.67%
	Adults	82.00%		95.92%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		95.15%
Netention Nate	Older Youth	78.00%		91.30%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		80.39%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$8,393
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		93.17%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$6,231
	Adults	62.00%		77.66%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		89.04%
	Older Youth	51.00%		75.00%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		97.83%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		97.24%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance	N - 4 N - 4	BA = 4	
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met 0	Met 3	Exceeded 14

	Table O - Local Performance			
Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		576
		Dislocated Workers		86
South Texas	1,143	Older Youth		54
		Younger Youth		427
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		324
		Dislocated Workers		56
21	640	Older Youth		37
		Younger Youth		223
		Negotiated		ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		82.92
	Employer	74		74.27
	Adults	78.00%		78.54%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		79.31%
	Older Youth	66.00%		75.00%
	Adults	82.00%		94.87%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		100.00%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		100.00%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		78.95%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$8,396
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		106.51%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$4,005
	Adults	62.00%		63.14%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		84.62%
	Older Youth	51.00%		60.61%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		74.58%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		96.28%
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met	Met	Exceeded
		0	4	13

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	1	,366
		Dislocated Workers	1	,284
Tarrant County	3,514	Older Youth		249
		Younger Youth		615
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		656
		Dislocated Workers		612
5	1,568	Older Youth		73
		Younger Youth		227
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual ance Level
	Program Participants	74	Periorii	72.05
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74		69.76
	Adults	78.00%		82.88%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		86.38%
	Older Youth	66.00%		74.07%
	Adults	82.00%		84.42%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%		93.50%
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%		94.74%
	Younger Youth	59.00%		74.07%
	Adults	\$3,300		\$3,623
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%		115.33%
	Older Youth	\$3,000		\$2,872
	Adults	62.00%		66.67%
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%		77.48%
• • • • • •	Older Youth	51.00%		55.17%
	Younger Youth	60.00%		68.54%
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%		85.53%
Description of Other State In		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	1	4	12

Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults	371	
	829	Dislocated Workers		247
Texoma		Older Youth		27
		Younger Youth		184
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		25
		Dislocated Workers	100	
25	198	Older Youth	9	
		Younger Youth	64	
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual
	Program Participants	Performance Level 74	Perform	ance Level 80.27
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74	78.3	
	Adults	78.00%	100.00%	
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%	98.81%	
	Older Youth	66.00%	100.00%	
Retention Rate	Adults	82.00%	100.00%	
	Dislocated Worker	87.00%	94.85%	
	Older Youth **	78.00%	100.00%	
	Younger Youth	59.00%	75.00%	
	Adults	\$3,300		\$8,416
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%	89.21%	
	Older Youth **	\$3,000	\$8,058	
	Adults	62.00%	82.61%	
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%	86.76%	
	Older Youth	51.00%	77.78%	
	Younger Youth	60.00%	81.82%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%	87.73%	
Description of Other State In		Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	0		

Local Area Name	D - Local Performance - Upp Total Participants Served	Adults	1,520	
		Dislocated Workers	3	,242
Upper Rio Grande	7,502	Older Youth	442	
		Younger Youth	2	,298
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults	1,076	
	2,931	Dislocated Workers	1,599	
10		Older Youth	77	
		Younger Youth	179	
		Negotiated Performance Level		ctual
	Program Participants	Performance Level 74	Perform	ance Level 75.81
Customer Satisfaction	Employer	74	69.87	
	Adults	78.00%	88.83%	
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%	90.89%	
	Older Youth	66.00%	78.00%	
	Adults	82.00%	88.56%	
	Dislocated Worker	87.00%	93.34%	
Retention Rate	Older Youth	78.00%	87.80%	
	Younger Youth	59.00%	67.48%	
	Adults	\$3,275	\$2,898	
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%	92.97%	
	Older Youth	\$3,000	\$2,933	
	Adults	62.00%	73.16%	
One de refiel/Din le mes Defe	Dislocated Worker	68.00%	79.38%	
Credential/Diploma Rate	Older Youth	51.00%	71.43%	
	Younger Youth	60.00%	84.62%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%	88.95%	
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance	Not Met	Met	Exceeded
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	2	3 12	

	Table O - Local Performance	- west Central		
Local Area Name	Total Participants Served	Adults		254
		Dislocated Workers		76
West Central	558	Older Youth	54	
		Younger Youth		174
WDA Assigned #	Total Exiters	Adults		77
		Dislocated Workers	49	
9	243	Older Youth		26
		Younger Youth		91
		Negotiated	A	ctual
		Performance Level	Perform	ance Level
Customer Satisfaction	Program Participants	74		76.42
	Employer	74	73.9	
	Adults	78.00%		94.00%
Entered Employment Rate	Dislocated Worker	80.00%		93.65%
	Older Youth	66.00%	90.91%	
	Adults	82.00%		87.90%
Retention Rate	Dislocated Worker	87.00%	93.24%	
	Older Youth	78.00%	90.91%	
	Younger Youth	59.00%	63.08%	
	Adults	\$3,300		\$4,114
Earnings Change/Earnings Replacement in Six Months	Dislocated Worker	90.00%	88.73%	
	Older Youth	\$2,200	\$2,091	
	Adults	62.00%	84.06%	
Credential/Diploma Rate	Dislocated Worker	68.00%	89.47%	
	Older Youth	51.00%	69.23%	
	Younger Youth	60.00%	72.73%	
Skill Attainment Rate	Younger Youth	83.00%	92.45%	
Description of Other State In	dicators of Performance			
Overall Status of Lo	ocal Performance	Not Met	Met Exceeded	
		0	4	13