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permits for the movement of the pest may be made to the Administrator.

[44 FR 24035, Apr. 24, 1979, as amended at 61 FR 32641, June 25, 1996]

§ 301.48-7 Nonliability of the Department.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture disclaims liability for any costs incident to inspections or compliance with the provisions of the quarantine and regulations in this subpart other than for the services of the inspector.

§ 301.48-8 Compliance agreements and cancellation.

(a) Any person engaged in the business of moving regulated articles may enter into a compliance agreement to facilitate the movement of such articles under this subpart. Any person who enters into a compliance agreement, and employees or agents of that person, must allow an inspector access to all records regarding treatment of aircraft and to all areas where loading, unloading, and treatment of aircraft occurs.

(b) A compliance agreement may be canceled by an inspector, orally or in writing, whenever he or she determines that the person who has entered into the compliance agreement has failed to comply with the agreement or this subpart. If the cancellation is oral, the cancellation and the reasons for the cancellation will be confirmed in writing within 20 days of oral notification. Any person whose compliance agreement has been canceled may appeal the decision, in writing, to the Administrator within 10 days after receiving written notification of the cancellation. The appeal must state all of the facts and reasons upon which the person relies to show that the compliance agreement was wrongfully canceled. A hearing will be held to resolve any conflict as to any material fact. The Administrator shall adopt rules of practice for the hearing. An appeal shall be granted or denied, in writing, as promptly as circumstances allow, and the reasons for the decision shall be stated. The compliance agreement will remain canceled pending the decision on the appeal.

[61 FR 32641, June 25, 1996]

Subpart—Pine Shoot Beetle

SOURCE: 57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§ 301.50 Restrictions on interstate movement of regulated articles.

Regulated articles may be moved interstate from any quarantined area only in accordance with this subpart.¹

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 6347, Jan. 28, 1993; 66 FR 21051, Apr. 27, 2001]

$\S 301.50-1$ Definitions.

Administrator. The Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, or any individual authorized to act for the Administrator.

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS). The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Certificate. A document in which an inspector, or person operating under a compliance agreement, affirms that a specified regulated article is free of pine shoot beetle and may be moved interstate to any destination.

Compliance agreement. A written agreement between APHIS and a person engaged in growing, handling, or moving regulated articles, in which the person agrees to comply with the provisions of this subpart.

Infestation. The presence of the pine shoot beetle or the existence of circumstances that make it reasonable to believe that the pine shoot beetle is present.

Inspector. Any employee of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, or other individual, authorized by the Administrator to enforce this subpart.

Interstate. From any State into or through any other State.

Limited permit (permit). A document in which an inspector, or person operating under a compliance agreement, affirms

¹Any properly identified inspector is authorized to stop and inspect persons and means of conveyance; and to seize, quarantine, treat, apply other remedial measures to, destroy, or otherwise dispose of regulated articles as provided in sections 414, 421, and 434 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714, 7731, and 7754).

that the regulated article identified on the document is eligible for interstate movement in accordance with §301.50– 5(b) of this subpart only to a specified destination and only in accordance with specified conditions.

Moved (Move, Movement). Shipped, offered for shipment, received for transportation, transported, carried, or allowed to be moved, shipped, transported, or carried.

Person. Any association, company, corporation, firm, individual, joint stock company, partnership, society, or other entity.

Pine bark products. Pieces of pine bark including bark chips, bark nuggets, bark mulch and bark compost.

Pine nursery stock. All Pinus spp. woody plants, shrubs, and rooted trees, including dug (balled and burlaped) Christmas trees, and ornamental pine, such as bonsai.

Pine shoot beetle. The insect known as pine shoot beetle, *Tomicus piniperda* (Linnaeus), in any stage of development.

Quarantined area. Any State, or any portion of a State, listed in §301.50–3(c) of this subpart or otherwise designated as a quarantined area in accordance with §301.50–3(b) of this subpart.

Regulated article. Any article listed in $\S 301.50-2$ (a) or (b) of this subpart or otherwise designated as a regulated article in accordance with $\S 301.50-2$ (c) of this subpart.

State. The District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any State, territory, or possession of the United States.

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 6347, Jan. 28, 1993; 71 FR 13925, Mar. 20, 2006]

§301.50-2 Regulated articles.

The following are regulated articles:
(a) Pine products (*Pinus* spp.), as follows: Bark products; Christmas trees; logs with bark attached; lumber with bark attached; nursery stock; raw pine

materials for pine wreaths and garlands; and stumps.

(b) Any article, product, or means of conveyance not covered by paragraph (a) of this section, that presents a risk of spread of the pine shoot beetle and that an inspector notifies the person in

possession of it is subject to the restrictions of this subpart.

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 60 FR 55778, Nov. 3, 1995; 65 FR 51518, Aug. 24, 2000; 71 FR 13925, Mar. 20, 2006]

§301.50-3 Quarantined areas.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Administrator will list as a quarantined area, in paragraph (c) of this section, each State, or each portion of a State, in which the pine shoot beetle has been found by an inspector, in which the Administrator has reason to believe that the pine shoot beetle is present, or that the Administrator considers necessary to regulate because of its inseparability for quarantine enforcement purposes from localities in which the pine shoot beetle has been found. Less than an entire State will be designated as a quarantined area only if the Administrator determines that:
- (1) The State has adopted and is enforcing a quarantine and regulations that impose restrictions on the intrastate movement of the regulated articles that are equivalent to those imposed by this subpart on the interstate movement of these articles; and
- (2) The designation of less than the entire State as a regulated area will otherwise be adequate to prevent the artificial interstate spread of the pine shoot beetle.
- (b) The Administrator or an inspector may temporarily designate any nonquarantined area in a State as a quarantined area in accordance with the criteria specified in paragraph (a) of this section. The Administrator will give a copy of this regulation along with a written notice of this temporary designation to the owner or person in possession of the nonquarantined area; thereafter, the interstate movement of any regulated article from an area temporarily designated as a quarantined area is subject to this subpart. As soon as practicable, this area will be added to the list in paragraph (c) of this section, or the designation will be terminated by the Administrator or an inspector. The owner or person in possession of an area for which designation is terminated will be given notice of the termination as soon as practicable.

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(c) The areas described below are designated as quarantined areas:

CONNECTICUT

The entire State.

ILLINOIS

Boone County. The entire county. Bureau County. The entire county. Carroll County. The entire county. Champaign County. The entire county. Christian County. The entire county. Clark County. The entire county. Coles County. The entire county. Cook County. The entire county. De Kalb County. The entire county. De Witt County. The entire county. Douglas County. The entire county. Du Page County. The entire county. Edgar County. The entire county. Ford County. The entire county. Grundy County. The entire county. Henry County. The entire county. Iroquois County. The entire county. Jo Daviess County. The entire county. Kane County. The entire county. Kankakee County. The entire county. Kendall County. The entire county. La Salle County. The entire county. Lake County. The entire county. Lee County. The entire county. Livingston County. The entire county. Macon County. The entire county. Marshall County. The entire county. Mason County. The entire county. McHenry County. The entire county. McLean County. The entire county. Moultrie County. The entire county. Ogle County. The entire county. Peoria County. The entire county. Piatt County. The entire county. Putnam County. The entire county. Shelby County. The entire county. Stark County. The entire county. Stephenson County. The entire county. Tazewell County. The entire county. Vermilion County. The entire county. Whiteside County. The entire county. Will County. The entire county. Winnebago County. The entire county. Woodford County. The entire county.

Indiana

Adams County. The entire county.
Allen County. The entire county.
Bartholomew County. The entire county.
Benton County. The entire county.
Blackford County. The entire county.
Boone County. The entire county.
Brown County. The entire county.
Carroll County. The entire county.
Cass County. The entire county.
Clinton County. The entire county.
Dearborn County. The entire county.
Decatur County. The entire county.
De Kalb County. The entire county.

Delaware County. The entire county. Elkhart County. The entire county. Fayette County. The entire county. Fountain County. The entire county. Franklin County. The entire county. Fulton County. The entire county. Grant County. The entire county. Hamilton County. The entire county. Hancock County. The entire county. Hendricks County. The entire county. Hendricks County. The entire county. Henry County. The entire county. Howard County. The entire county. Huntington County. The entire county.

Jasper County. The entire county. Jasper County. The entire county.
Jay County. The entire county.
Jennings County. The entire county.
Johnson County. The entire county.
Kosciusko County. The entire county.
Lagrange County. The entire county.
Lake County. The entire county. La Porte County. The entire county.
Madison County. The entire county.
Marion County. The entire county. Marshall County. The entire county. Miami County. The entire county.

Monroe County. The entire county. Montgomery County. The entire county. Morgan County. The entire county. Newton County. The entire county.
Noble County. The entire county.
Owen County. The entire county.
Park County. The entire county. Porter County. The entire county.
Pulaski County. The entire county.
Putnam County. The entire county. Randolph County. The entire county. Ripley County. The entire county. Rush County. The entire county. Shelby County. The entire county. St. Joseph County. The entire county. Starke County. The entire county. Steuben County. The entire county. Tippecanoe County. The entire county. Tipton County. The entire county. Union County. The entire county. Vermillion County. The entire county. Vigo County. The entire county. Wabash County. The entire county. Warren County. The entire county. Wayne County. The entire county. Wells County. The entire county. White County. The entire county Whitley County. The entire county.

Iowa

The entire State.

MAINE

Franklin County. The entire county. Oxford County. The entire county.

MARYLAND

Allegany County. The entire county. Frederick County. The entire county. Garrett County. The entire county. Montgomery County. The entire county.

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA

Washington County. The entire county.

MASSACHUSETTS

The entire State.

MICHIGAN

The entire State.

MINNESOTA

The entire State.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

The entire State.

NEW JERSEY

Bergen County. The entire county. Cumberland County. The entire county. Hunterdon County. The entire county. Morris County. The entire county. Passaic County. The entire county. Somerset County. The entire county. Sussex County. The entire county. Warren County. The entire county.

NEW YORK

Albany County. The entire county. Allegany County. The entire county. Broome County. The entire county. Cattaraugus County. The entire county. Cayuga County. The entire county. Chautaugua County. The entire county. Chemung County. The entire county. Chenango County. The entire county. Clinton County. The entire county. Columbia County. The entire county. Cortland County. The entire county. Delaware County. The entire county. Erie County. The entire county. Essex County. The entire county. Franklin County. The entire county. Fulton County. The entire county. Genesee County. The entire county. Greene County. The entire county. Hamilton County. The entire county. Herkimer County. The entire county. Jefferson County. The entire county. Lewis County. The entire county. Livingston County. The entire county. Madison County. The entire county.

Monroe County. The entire county. Montgomery County. The entire county. Niagara County. The entire county. Oneida County. The entire county. Onondaga County. The entire county. Ontario County. The entire county. Orange County. The entire county. Orleans County. The entire county. Oswego County. The entire county. Otsego County. The entire county. Rensselaer County. The entire county. St. Lawrence County. The entire county. Saratoga County. The entire county. Schenectady County. The entire county. Schoharie County. The entire county. Schuyler County. The entire county.

Seneca County. The entire county.
Steuben County. The entire county.
Sullivan County. The entire county.
Tioga County. The entire county.
Tompkins County. The entire county.
Ulster County. The entire county.
Warren County. The entire county.
Washington County. The entire county.
Wayne County. The entire county.
Wayne County. The entire county.
Yates County. The entire county.

Оню

Allen County. The entire county. Ashland County. The entire county. Ashtabula County. The entire county. Athens County. The entire county. Auglaize County. The entire county. Belmont County. The entire county. Butler County. The entire county. Carroll County. The entire county. Champaign County. The entire county. Clark County. The entire county. Columbiana County. The entire county. Coshocton County. The entire county. Crawford County. The entire county. Cuyahoga County. The entire county. Darke County. The entire county. Defiance County. The entire county. Delaware County. The entire county. Erie County. The entire county. Fairfield County. The entire county. Franklin County. The entire county. Fulton County. The entire county. Gallia County. The entire county. Geauga County. The entire county. Greene County. The entire county. Guernsey County. The entire county. Hamilton County. The entire county. Hancock County. The entire county. Hardin County. The entire county. Harrison County. The entire county. Henry County. The entire county. Highland County. The entire county. Hocking County. The entire county. Holmes County. The entire county. Huron County. The entire county. Jackson County. The entire county. Jefferson County. The entire county. Knox County. The entire county. Lake County. The entire county. Lawrence County. The entire county. Licking County. The entire county.

Logan County. The entire county. Lorain County. The entire county. Lucas County. The entire county. Madison County. The entire county. Mahoning County. The entire county. Marion County. The entire county. Medina County. The entire county. Meigs County. The entire county. Mercer County. The entire county. Miami County. The entire county. Monroe County. The entire county Montgomery County. The entire county. Morgan County. The entire county. Morrow County. The entire county.

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Muskingum County. The entire county. Noble County. The entire county. Ottawa County. The entire county. Paulding County. The entire county. Perry County. The entire county. Pickaway County. The entire county. Pike County. The entire county. Portage County. The entire county. Preble County. The entire county. Putnam County. The entire county. Richland County. The entire county. Ross County. The entire county. Sandusky County. The entire county. Scioto County. The entire county. Seneca County. The entire county. Shelby County. The entire county. Stark County. The entire county. Summit County. The entire county. Trumbull County. The entire county. Tuscarawas County. The entire county. Union County. The entire county. Van Wert County. The entire county. Vinton County. The entire county. Warren County. The entire county. Washington County. The entire county. Wayne County. The entire county. Williams County. The entire county. Wood County. The entire county. Wyandot County. The entire county.

PENNSYLVANIA

The entire State.

RHODE ISLAND

The entire State

VERMONT

The entire State.

VIRGINIA

Clarke County. The entire county.

WEST VIRGINIA

The entire state.

WISCONSIN

The entire State.

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 6348, Jan. 28, 1993; 58 FR 28335, May 13, 1993; 58 FR 34682, June 29, 1993; 58 FR 63027, Nov. 30, 1993; 59 FR 39939, Aug. 5, 1994; 59 FR 52892, Oct. 20, 1994; 60 FR 2322, Jan. 9, 1995; 60 FR 55779, Nov. 3, 1995; 62 FR 64679, Dec. 9, 1997; 63 FR 25155, May 7, 1998; 64 FR 387, Jan. 5, 1999; 65 FR 37842, June 19, 2000; 66 FR 37403, July 18, 2001; 66 FR 46692, Sept. 6, 2001; 67 FR 41308, June 18, 2002; 69 FR 244, Jan. 5, 2004; 69 FR 31725, June 7, 2004; 70 FR 30330, May 26, 2005; 71 FR 29762, May 24, 2006; 71 FR 58245, Oct. 3, 2006; 72 FR 6435, Feb. 12, 2007; 72 FR 34163, June 21, 2007]

§301.50-4 Conditions governing the interstate movement of regulated articles from quarantined areas.

Any regulated article may be moved interstate from a quarantined area ² only if moved under the following conditions:

- (a) With a certificate or limited permit issued and attached in accordance with §§ 301.50–5 and 301.50–8 of this subpart:
- (b) Without a certificate or limited permit, if:
- (1)(i) The regulated article originates outside any quarantined area and is moved through the quarantined area without stopping (except for dropoff loads, refueling, or traffic conditions, such as traffic lights or stop signs) during October, November, or December, or when ambient air temperature is below 10 °C (50 °F); or
- (ii) The regulated article originates outside any quarantined area and, during the period of January through September, is moved through the quarantined area at a temperature higher than 10 °C (50 °F), if the article is shipped in an enclosed vehicle or completely covered (such as with plastic, canvas, or other closely woven cloth) so as to prevent access by the pine shoot beetle; and
- (2) The point of origin of the regulated article is indicted on the waybill.
- (c) With a limited permit issued by the Administrator if the regulated article is moved:
- (1) By the United States Department of Agriculture for experimental or scientific purposes;
- (2) Under conditions, specified on the permit, which the Administrator has found to be adequate to prevent the spread of the pine shoot beetle; and
- (3) With a tag or label, bearing the number of the permit issued for the regulated article, attached to the outside of the container of the regulated article or attached to the regulated article itself, if the regulated article is not in a container.

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 28335, May 13, 1993]

²Requirements under all other applicable Federal domestic plant quarantines and regulations must also be met.

§ 301.50-5 Issuance and cancellation of certificates and limited permits.

- (a) A certificate will be issued by an inspector ³ for the interstate movement of a regulated article if the inspector determines that:
- (1)(i) The regulated article has been treated under the direction of an inspector in accordance with \$301.50-10 of this subpart, or, if pine bark produced, according to the requirements of the management method in \$301.50-10(d) of this subpart; or
- (ii) Based on inspection of the premises of origin, if the regulated article is a greenhouse-grown pine (such as bonsai), that the greenhouse is free from the pine shoot beetle and is screened to prevent entry of the pine shoot beetle; or
- (iii) Based on inspection of the regulated article, if the regulated article is a pine seedling or a pine transplant and is no greater than 36 inches high with a bole diameter at soil level of 1 inch or less, that it is free from the pine shoot beetle; or
- (iv) Based on inspection by an inspector (branch tip-by-branch tip) of pine nursery stock, that it is free from the pine shoot beetle; or
- (v) If the regulated article is a pine log with bark attached or pine lumber with bark attached or a pine stump, that its source tree has been felled during the period of July 1 through October 31 or if the regulated article is pine bark products produced from a tree felled and debarked during the period of July 1 through October 31; and
- (2)(i) The regulated article will be moved through the quarantined area during October, November, or December, or when the ambient air temperature is below 10 °C (50 °F); or
- (ii) The regulated article will be moved through the quarantined area during the period of January through September, if the ambient air tempera-

³Services of an inspector may be requested by contacting the local offices of Plant Protection and Quarantine, which are listed in telephone directories. The addresses and telephone numbers of local offices may also be obtained from the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Plant Protection and Quarantine, Domestic and Emergency Operations, 4700 River Road Unit 134, Riverdale, Maryland 20737–1236.

ture is 10 °C (50 °F) or higher, in an enclosed vehicle or completely enclosed by a covering adequate to prevent access by the pine shoot beetle; or

- (iii) The pine log with pine bark attached, pine lumber with bark attached, or pine stump from a tree felled during the period of July 1 through October 31, or the pine bark products produced from a tree felled and debarked during the period of July 1 through October 31, will be shipped interstate from the quarantined area during the period of July 1 through October 31 of the same year in which the source tree was felled; and
- (3) The regulated article is to be moved in compliance with any additional conditions deemed necessary under section 414 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714)⁴ to prevent the spread of the pine shoot beetle; and
- (4) The regulated article is eligible for unrestricted movement under all other Federal domestic plant quarantines and regulations applicable to the regulated articles.
- (b) An inspector⁵ will issue a limited permit for the interstate movement of a regulated article if the inspector determines that:
- (1)(i) The regulated article is to be moved interstate to a specified destination for specified handling, processing, or utilization (the destination and other conditions to be listed in the limited permit), and this interstate movement will not result in the spread of the pine shoot beetle. If the regulated article is part of a shipment of pine Christmas trees, the inspector will make a pest-risk determination on the basis of an inspection conducted in accordance with §301.50–5(c) of this paragraph; or
- (ii) The regulated article is to be moved interstate from a quarantined area to a quarantined area and will transit any non-quarantined area in an

⁴An inspector may hold, seize, quarantine, treat, apply other remedial measures to, destroy, or otherwise dispose of plants, plant pests, or other articles in accordance with sections 414, 421, and 434 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714, 7731, and 7754).

⁵ See footnote 3 to §301.50–5(a).

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enclosed vehicle or completely enclosed by a covering adequate to prevent access by the pine shoot beetle; and

(2) The regulated article is to be moved in compliance with any additional conditions deemed necessary under section 414 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7714) to prevent the spread of the pine shoot beetle; and

(3) The regulated article is eligible for interstate movement under all other Federal domestic plant quarantines and regulations applicable to the regulated article.

(c) The number of pine Christmas trees randomly selected for inspection is determined by the size and type of shipment, in accordance with the following tables. If a shipment mixes painted and natural trees, the inspection procedure for painted trees will apply.

TABLE 1—PAINTED (COLOR-ENHANCED) PINE CHRISTMAS TREES ¹

No. of trees in shipment trees to sample No. of trees in shipment trees to sample -72				
73–100		trees to		No. of trees to sample
401–500	73–100	73 96 106 111 115 117	801–900 901–1,000 1,001–2,000 2,001–3,000 3,001–5,000 5,001–10,000	120 121 122 126 127 128 129 130

¹ If a pine shoot beetle is detected in any one of the trees being sampled, the entire shipment must be rejected. If no pine shoot beetle is detected in any of the trees sampled, the shipment will be allowed to move with a limited permit. The limited permit must state, "All trees that remain unsold as of December 25 must be destroyed by burning or chipping, or must be fumigated, prior to January 1."

TABLE 2—NATURAL (UNPAINTED) CHRISTMAS
TREES 1

No. of trees in shipment	No. of trees to sample	No. of trees in ship- ment	No. of trees to sample	
1–57	All	501–600	80	
58-100	58	601–700	81	
101-200	69	701–1,000	82	
201-300	75	1,001–3,000	84	
301-400	77	3,001–10,000	85	
401-500	79	10,001 or more	86	

¹ If a pine shoot beetle is detected in any one of the trees being sampled, the entire shipment must be rejected. If no pine shoot beetle is detected in any of the trees sampled, the shipment will be allowed to move with a limited permit. The limited permit must state, "All trees that remain unsold as of December 25 must be destroyed by burning or chipping, or must be fumigated, prior to January 1."

(d) Certificates and limited permits for use for interstate movement of reg-

ulated articles may be issued by an inspector or person operating under a compliance agreement. A person operating under a compliance agreement may issue a certificate for the interstate movement of a regulated article if an inspector has determined that the regulated article is otherwise eligible for a certificate in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section. A person operating under a compliance agreement may issue a limited permit for interstate movement of a regulated article when an inspector has determined that the regulated article is eligible for a limited permit in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.

(e) Any certificate or limited permit that has been issued may be withdrawn by an inspector orally, or in writing, if he or she determines that the holder of the certificate or limited permit has not complied with all conditions under this subpart for the use of the certificate or limited permit. If the withdrawal is oral, the withdrawal and the reasons for the withdrawal shall be confirmed in writing as promptly as circumstances allow. Any person whose certificate or limited permit has been withdrawn may appeal the decision in writing to the Administrator within 10 days after receiving the written notification of the withdrawal. The appeal must state all of the facts and reasons upon which the person relies to show that the certificate or limited permit was wrongfully withdrawn. As promptly as circumstances allow, the Administrator will grant or deny the appeal, in writing, stating the reasons for the decision. A hearing will be held to resolve any conflict as to any material fact. Rules of practice concerning such a hearing will be adopted by the Administrator.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0088)

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 6348, Jan. 28, 1993; 58 FR 28335, May 13, 1993; 58 FR 34683, June 29, 1993; 59 FR 67608, Dec. 30, 1994; 66 FR 21051, Apr. 27, 2001; 71 FR 13925, Mar. 20, 2006]

§ 301.50-6 Compliance agreements and cancellation.

(a) Any person engaged in growing, handling, or moving regulated articles

may enter into a compliance agreement when an inspector determines that the person understands this subpart.

(b) Any compliance agreement may be canceled orally or in writing by an inspector whenever the inspector finds that the person who has entered into the compliance agreement has failed to comply with this subpart. If the cancellation is oral, the cancellation and the reasons for the cancellation shall be confirmed in writing as promptly as circumstances allow. Any person whose compliance agreement has been canceled may appeal the decision, in writing, within 10 days after receiving written notification of the cancellation. The appeal must state all of the facts and reasons upon which the person relies to show that the compliance agreement was wrongfully canceled. As promptly as circumstances allow, the Administrator will grant or deny the appeal, in writing, stating the reasons for the decision. A hearing will be held to resolve any conflict as to any material fact. Rules of practice concerning such a hearing will be adopted by the Administrator.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0088)

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 34683, June 29, 1993; 59 FR 67608, Dec. 30, 1994]

§ 301.50-7 Assembly and inspection of regulated articles.

(a) Any person (other than a person authorized to issue certificates or limited permits under §301.50–5(c)), who desires to move a regulated article interstate accompanied by a certificate or limited permit must notify an inspector, at least 48 hours in advance of the desired interstate movement.

(b) The regulated article must be assembled at the place and in the manner

the inspector designates as necessary to comply with this subpart.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0088)

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 34683, June 29, 1993]

§ 301.50-8 Attachment and disposition of certificates and limited permits.

(a) A certificate or limited permit required for the interstate movement of a regulated article must be attached, at all times during the interstate movement, to the outside of the container containing the regulated article, or to the regulated article itself, if not in a container. The requirements of this section may also be met by attaching the certificate or limited permit to the consignee's copy of the waybill, provided the regulated article is sufficiently described on the certificate or limited permit and on the waybill to identify the regulated article.

(b) The certificate or limited permit for the interstate movement of a regulated article must be furnished by the carrier to the consignee at the destination of the regulated article.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0088)

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 34683, June 29, 1993]

$\S 301.50-9$ Costs and charges.

The services of the inspector during normal business hours (8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays) will be furnished without cost. The user will be responsible for all costs and charges arising from inspection and other services provided outside of normal business hours.

§ 301.50-10 Treatments and management method.

(a) Fumigation is authorized for use on pine logs with bark attached, pine lumber with bark attached, pine bark products, and pine stumps, as follows: Logs, lumber, and stumps may be treated with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure with 48 g/m³ (3 lb/ $1000~ft^3$) for 16 hours at 21 °C (70 °F) or above, or 80 g/m³ (5 lb/ $1000~ft^3$) for 16 hours at 4.5-20.5~C~(40-69~F.).

(b) Cold treatment is authorized for cut pine Christmas trees, pine nursery

⁶Compliance agreement forms are available without charge from the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Plant Protection and Quarantine, Domestic and Emergency Operations, 4700 River Road Unit 134, Riverdale, Maryland 20737–1236.

⁷ See footnote 3 to §301.50-5(a).

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stock, and raw pine materials for pine wreaths and garlands as follows: The regulated articles must be loaded into a refrigeration unit and held at $-20.6\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}~(-5\,^{\circ}\mathrm{F})$ for one hour; the period before the refrigeration unit reaches the specified temperature is not part of the treatment period.

(c) Any one of these fumigation treatments is authorized for use on cut pine Christmas trees and raw pine materials for pine wreaths and garlands. Cut pine Christmas trees and raw pine materials for pine wreaths and garlands may be treated with methyl bromide at normal atmospheric pressure as follows:

Temperature	Dosage: pounds per	er Exposure:	Concentration readings: ounces per 1000 feet 3			
·	1000 feet ³	nours	2.0 hr	3.0 hr	3.5 hr	4.0 hr
40–49 °F	4.0	4.0	57	_	_	48
50–59 °F	4.0	3.5	57	_	48	_
50–59 °F	3.5	4.0	50	_	_	42
60 °F+	4.0	3.0	57	48	_	_
60 °F+	3.0	4.0	43	_	_	36

Note: APHIS assumes no responsibility for damage to cut pine Christmas trees due to possible phytotoxic effects of these treatments. Trees should be cut at least 14 days before treatment to reduce the possibility of phytotoxic effects.

- (d) Management method for pine bark products. The following procedures are authorized for use with pine bark products derived from white pine (Pinus strobus), Scotch pine (P. sylvestris), red pine (P. resinosa), and jack pine (P. banksiana) trees. Pine bark products will only be considered to have been produced in accordance with this management method if the following procedures are followed:
- (1) For pine bark products produced from trees felled during the period November 1 through March 31:
- (i) The trees must be harvested at a height of 4 inches or more above the duff line; and
- (ii) The trees must have been mechanically debarked with a ring debarker or a Rosser head debarker; and
- (iii) For Scotch pine, red pine, and jack pine, the bark must either be ground into pieces of 1 inch or less in diameter or composted in accordance with the procedure in paragraph (d)(3) of this section.
- (2) For pine bark products produced from trees felled during the period April 1 through June 30:
- (i) The trees must have been mechanically debarked with a ring debarker or a Rosser head debarker; and
- (ii) The bark must either be ground into pieces of 1 inch or less in size or composted in accordance with the pro-

- cedure in paragraph (d)(3) of this section.
- (3) Composting for pine bark products for the management method in this paragraph (d) must be performed as follows:
- (i) The pile of pine bark to be composted must be at least 200 cubic yards in size; and
- (ii) The compost pile must remain undisturbed until the interior temperature of the pile reaches 120°F (49°C) and remains at or over that temperature for 4 consecutive days; and
- (iii) After the 4-day period is completed, the outer layer of the compost pile must be removed to a depth of 3 feet; and
- (iv) A second compost pile must be started using the cover material previously removed as a core. Core material must be removed from the first pile and used to cover the second compost pile to a depth of 3 feet; and
- (v) The second compost pile must remain undisturbed until the interior temperature of the pile reaches 120°F (49°C) and remains at or over that temperature for 4 consecutive days. After this 4-day period, the composting procedure is complete.
- (vi) Previously composted material generated using this procedure may be used as cover material for subsequent compost piles. A compost pile that uses previously composted material must remain undisturbed until the interior temperature of the pile reaches 120°F

(49°C) and remains at or over that temperature for 4 consecutive days. After this 4-day period, the composting procedure is complete.

[57 FR 54496, Nov. 19, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 6348, Jan. 28, 1993; 58 FR 28335, May 13, 1993; 58 FR 63027, Nov. 30, 1993; 60 FR 55780, 55781, Nov. 3, 1995; 65 FR 51518, Aug. 24, 2000; 71 FR 13925, Mar. 20, 2006]

Subpart—Asian Longhorned Beetle

SOURCE: 62 FR 10416, Mar. 7, 1997, unless otherwise noted

§ 301.51-1 Definitions.

Administrator. The Administrator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, or any individual authorized to act for the Administrator.

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS). The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Asian longhorned beetle. The insect known as Asian longhorned beetle (Anoplophora glabripennis) in any stage of development.

Certificate. A document which is issued for a regulated article by an inspector or by a person operating under a compliance agreement, and which represents that such article is eligible for interstate movement in accordance with §301.51–5(a).

Compliance agreement. A written agreement between APHIS and a person engaged in growing, handling, or moving regulated articles that are moved interstate, in which the person agrees to comply with the provisions of this subpart and any conditions imposed under this subpart.

Infestation. The presence of the Asian longhorned beetle in any life stage.

Inspector. Any employee of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, or other individual authorized by the Administrator to enforce the provisions of this subpart.

Interstate. From any State into or through any other State.

Limited permit. A document in which an inspector affirms that the regulated article not eligible for a certificate is eligible for interstate movement only to a specified destination and in accordance with conditions specified on the permit.

Moved (movement, move). Shipped, offered for shipment, received for transportation, transported, carried, or allowed to be moved, shipped, transported, or carried.

Person. Any association, company, corporation, firm, individual, joint stock company, partnership, society, or any other legal entity.

Quarantined area. Any State, or any portion of a State, listed in §301.51–3(c) of this subpart or otherwise designated as a quarantined area in accordance with §301.51–3(b) of this subpart.

Regulated article. Any article listed in §301.51-2(a) of this subpart or otherwise designated as a regulated article in accordance with §301.51-2(b) of this subpart.

State. The District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any State, territory, or possession of the United States.

§301.51-2 Regulated articles.

The following are regulated articles:

(a) Firewood (all hardwood species), and green lumber and other material living, dead, cut, or fallen, inclusive of nursery stock, logs, stumps, roots, branches, and debris of half an inch or more in diameter of the following genera: Acer (maple), Aesculus (horse chestnut), Albizia (mimosa), Betula (birch), Celtis (hackberry), Fraxinus (ash), Platanus (sycamore), Populus (poplar), Salix (willow), Sorbus (mountain ash), and Ulmus (elm).

(b) Any other article, product, or means of conveyance not covered by paragraph (a) of this section if an inspector determines that it presents a risk of spreading Asian longhorned beetle and notifies the person in possession of the article, product, or means of conveyance that it is subject to the restrictions of this subpart.

[62 FR 10416, Mar. 7, 1997, as amended at 62 FR 60764, Nov. 13, 1997; 68 FR 26985, May 19, 2003]

§301.51-3 Quarantined areas.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Administrator will list as a quarantined area in paragraph (c) of this section, each State or each portion of a State in