Export Program Manual

General Procedures

Completing PPQ Forms 577 and 579

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Introduction

This section contains information and instructions for completing the following certificates:

- ◆ PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate on page 3-8-2
- ◆ PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport on page 3-8-15

For instructions on completing PPQ Form 578, see *Completing PPQ Form 578* on page 3-9-1.



Confidentiality: Hold all information in strict confidence to protect buyers and exporters. Disclosure of confidential information may reveal trade secrets or may cause financial harm to buyers and exporters.

PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate

PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate is an accountable inspection certificate used to certify domestic plants and unprocessed plant products for export. See Figure 3-8-1 on page-3-8-3 for an example. For instructions on filling out the form, see *Completion* on page 3-8-4. For instructions on distributing copies of the form, see *Distribution of PPQ Form 577* on page 3-14-2.

PPQ Form 577 follows the format of the international model established by the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC), and is used to document the phytosanitary condition of exported commodities.

Authorized Certification Officials (ACOs) are responsible for holding in strict confidence the information in these official documents, collecting user fees (if applicable), and maintaining an accountability system for tracking these documents. For details about these topics, see *Confidentiality* on page 2-1-10 and *Collecting User Fees* on page 3-11-1.

Purpose

The purpose of PPQ Form 577 is to expedite the entry of domestic plants or unprocessed or unmanufactured plant products into a foreign country. ACOs certify that the domestic commodities:

- Are considered to be free from regulated pests
- Conform with the current phytosanitary requirements of the importing country
- ◆ Have been inspected, tested, or treated according to appropriate official procedures

Example

No phytosanitary certificate can be issued until an application is completed (7 CFR 353)	See reverse for additional OMB information.	FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 0579-0052	
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE PLANT PROTECTION AND QUARANTINE	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PLACE OF ISSUE	DEPARTMENT	
PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE	SAMPLE	- (A a A)	
TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF	NO: FPC XXXXXXX		
SAMPLE	DATE INSPECTED		
	CERTIFICATION		
This is to certify that the plants, plant product or other regulated article procedures and are considered to be free from the quarantine pe phytosanitary requirements of the importing contracting party including	sts, specified by the importing contracting party a	d according to appropriate official and to conform with the current	
DISINFESTATION A	ND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT		
I. DATE	2. TREATMENT		
3. CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	DURATION AND TEMPERATURE		
5. CONCENTRATION	6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
DESCRIPTION	ON OF THE CONSIGNMENT		
7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE EXPORTER	B. DECLARED NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE CONSIG	SNEE	
		1	
9. NAME OF PRODUCE AND QUANTITY DECLARED	10, BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS		
SAMPLE	SAMPLE		
O'Alli LL			
11. NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PACKAGES	12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS		
SAMPLE			
SAMPLE	SAMPLE		
13. PLACE OF ORIGIN	14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE		
SAMPLE	SAMPL	F	
Continue to the continue to th	OAMI LL		
	15. DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY		
WARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phytosanitary cert		ection 7734(b)) or punishable by a	
ine of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both (08 U.S.C. Section 1001). ONAL DECLARATION		
Abbiti	OTHER DESIGNATION		
SAMPLE	SAMPLE		
	MAPPO		
I. DATE ISSUED.	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	NADIZED OCCIOED	
16. DATE ISSUED 17. NAME OF AUTHOR	RIZED OFFICER (Type or Print) 18. SIGNATURE OF AUT	HORIZED OFFICER	
No liability shall attach to the United States Department of Agriculture of	r to any officer or representative of the Department wi	th respect to this certificate.	

FIGURE 3-8-1: Example of PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (blank)

Completion

See Table 3-8-1 on page 3-8-4 for specific instructions, techniques, and examples about how to complete PPQ Form 577.



Prepare all export certificates in English. They can be handwritten or typed unless specified otherwise in an Export Summary. Handwritten certificates **must** be legible and **must** be written using upper case (capital) letters. Some foreign countries will **not** accept certificates with alterations, errors, or erasures. See *Example* on **page 3-8-3**.



To certify Canadian produced seed using PPQ Form 577, refer to *Certifying Canadian Produced Seed*, *Option 1* on page 4-5-15.



If certification for freedom from animal diseases is required, refer exporters to PPQ Veterinary Regulatory Services (VRS) for letterhead statements to attest to freedom from specific animal diseases. **Do not** attach these statements to export certificates.

If certification on radiation levels is required, refer exporters to Technical Office for International Trade, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Building 1070, BARC-EAST, Beltsville, Maryland 20705; phone 301-344-2845.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:		
TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S)	ENTER the approved name of the foreign country as listed in Appendix F		
OF	Important	The country name entered in this block must be the same as the country identified in <i>Block 8, Declared Address of the Consignee</i> .	
PLACE OF ISSUE	◆ ENTER the complete name of the city and State of the issuing office; do not abbreviate		
	 VALIDATE each PPQ Form 577 only by the issuing office accountable for that certificate VERIFY that the correct issuing office is listed for prepaid PPQ 577s (this block must already be completed when presented for issuance.) 		
NO.: FPC	DO NOT WRITE in this space; all PPQ Forms 577 are pre numbered to deter forgeries and to facilitate accountability		

CONTINUE to the DATE INSPECTED block on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:		
DATE INSPECTED	◆ ENTER the actual date(s) of inspection. If there is not enough space to list all dates, ENTER "See Additional Declaration" and insert the inspection dates in the AD block (see AD block on page-3-8-12).		
	◆ ENTER date in correct order (month, day, year); never use European format		
	◆ SPELL OUT the month (February 15, 2007); never use numbers for the month and never abbreviate the month		
	◆ CONSULT the country's export summary for specific time limits. Generally, the information will be included in the definitions section of a summary. Unless specified otherwise, an export certificate must be issued within 30 days of the phytosanitary inspection.		
	Never enter dates of a field or growing season inspection or laboratory tests.		
	◆ When calculating how many days have passed since the date of inspection, count the date of inspection as day one.		
	◆ When calculating how many days have passed since the date of inspection when a consignment has multiple dates of inspection, the 30 day time limit begins on the first (earliest) date of inspection.		

CERTIFICATION

DO NOT WRITE in this space. This statement describes the certification responsibilities as dictated by the IPPC. PPQ will continue its policy to inspect and certify consignments practically free from other injurious pests

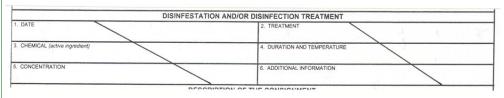
DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT



Complete this section **only** if an acceptable treatment was conducted, which includes label information for treated seeds.

Complete all blocks in this section.

If **no** acceptable treatment was conducted LINE OUT the unused space and continue on to the DESCRIPTION OF CONSIGNMENT. The following example shows lining out of the treatment section by drawing two diagonal lines from left to right, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols.



CONTINUE to Block 1. DATE on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:	
1. DATE	◆ ENTER the actual date of the treatment	
	◆ ENTER date in correct order (month, day, year); never use European format	
	◆ SPELL OUT the month (February 15, 2007); never use numbers for the month and never abbreviate the month	
2. TREATMENT	ENTER the full description of the treatment, e.g., fumigation, cold treatment, dip, spray (do not use abbreviations or partial terms such as T101)	
3. CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	ENTER the name of the active ingredient	
4. DURATION AND TEMPERATURE	ENTER the duration of the treatment and temperature, if applicable (use of internationally recognized scientific abbreviations such as C for Celsius and F for Fahrenheit is acceptable)	
5. CONCENTRATION	ENTER the concentration of chemicals	
	(use of internationally recognized scientific abbreviations, e.g., 32 g/ $\rm m^3, \ 2\ lb./1000\ ft^3, \ 100\ mm$ Hg is acceptable)	
6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	ENTER information that further identifies the treatment (such as dip, slurry, dusted, sprayed)	

CONTINUE to Block 7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE EXPORTER on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

,	They follow these instructions to complete DDO Ferry 577.		
If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:		
DESCRIPTION OF CONSIGNMENT			
7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE	◆ ENTER the complete name and address of the exporter (street or Post Office Box, city, State)		
EXPORTER	◆ SPELL OUT names of cities and States (do not abbreviate)		
	◆ ENTER only the physical address of the exporter in this block. Do not include other information such as birth dates, tax identification numbers, letter of credit information, or other information not related to the address descriptor.		
	Important	Exporter's address must be in the U.S. or a U.S. territory or commonwealth. If an international company with a foreign address is the exporter, use the name and address of a local exporter's agent or shipper.	
		Do not include phone or FAX numbers.	
		Never enter more than one exporter's name and address.	
		Do not use statements such as "In-care-of" (c/o), "Attention to," "Agent for," or "Notify."	
8. DECLARED NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE CONSIGNEE	◆ ENTER the complete name and address of the consignee (person or company taking delivery of the commodity); at a minimum, include a name, city, and the approved country name (see Table F-1-2 on page F-1-2)		
	◆ SPELL OUT names of cities and countries (do not abbreviate)		
	◆ ENTER only the physical address of the consignee in this block. Do not include other information such as birth dates, tax identification numbers, letter of credit information, or other information not related to the address descriptor.		
		Never enter more than one consignee's name and/or address.	
	Important	Do not include phone or FAX numbers.	
		Do not use statements such as "In-care-of" (c/o), "Attention to," "Agent for," or "Notify."	
	Consignee's address must be in the country listed in the block "TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF."		

CONTINUE to Block 9. NAME OF PRODUCE AND QUANTITY DECLARED on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:		
This is a critical block; never correct information unless directed otherwise in the export summary. Important		
If the produce is:	Then:	
Beans for consumption	Enter fresh or	r dried beans
Seeds for animal feed	Enter the spe	ecific grain (such as oats or corn)
Seeds for planting	Enter seeds	
Seeds for human consumption	Enter grain	
Propagative articles other than seeds		per of each different propagative ed by its name; see the example
	EXAMPLE	Enter 600 anemone bulbs for 3 cartons each containing 200 anemone bulbs. Enter the weight for bulk shipments to better describe the articles.
◆ SPELL OUT abbre	eviations	
EXAMPLE The a	abbreviation "Ib	s" is spelled out as pounds.
 Grades Intended uses Other comment Sizes Trade names If there is not end (refer to Attachn 3-10-1) LINE OUT unused advances there a 	rcial terms ough space to linent Sheets for I space, recognine other accept	st all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page izing that as information technology able methods of lining out, such as
	This unle Important Important In ENTER the commit identification; see identification; see identification; see identification; see identification; see identification; see identification; seeds for consumption Seeds for animal feed Seeds for human consumption Propagative articles other than seeds Interpolation The identification; see iden	This is a critical blo unless directed other unless directed other than seeds Then: Beans for consumption Seeds for animal feed Seeds for planting Seeds for human consumption Propagative articles other than seeds Then: Enter fresh or consumption Enter the specified Enter grain Enter grain Enter grain Enter grain Enter grain Enter grain Example Example The abbreviations Example The abbreviation "Ibb Do Not List or refer to any of the series of the commercial terms The seeds Trade names If there is not enough space to lit (refer to Attachment Sheets for 3-10-1) LINE OUT unused space, recognitions Example List the number article follows below Example Example List the number article follows below Example

CONTINUE to Block 10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:		
10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS	This is a critical block; never correct info unless directed otherwise in the export NEVER IDENTIFY a commodity to a level species classification (e.g., variety, culti- listed and required as such in an export	summary. below the var) unless	
	◆ ENTER the botanical name, including genus and spec (species classification)	cific epithet	
	 Botanical names are mandatory for all commodities. inserted here should identify commodities using accenames at least to genus level but preferably to specified. 	pted botanical	
	◆ Exporters are responsible for providing the botanical	name	
	◆ ACOs must verify the botanical name to the best of t	heir ability	
	◆ If there is not enough space to list all entries, fill out (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 5 3-10-1)		
	◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.		
11. NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PACKAGES	This is a critical block; never correct information unless directed otherwise in the export summary.		
	◆ INCLUDE sufficient detail in this section to enable the NPPO of the importing country to identify the consignment and its component parts, and verify their size if necessary. Container numbers and/or railcar numbers are a valid addition to the description of the packages and may be included here, if known.		
	EXAMPLE 50 wooden crates 150 cardboard cartons 500 burlap bags		
	◆ For bulk shipments, ENTER "In Bulk"		
	◆ If there is not enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to <i>Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579</i> on page 3-10-1)		
	◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.		

CONTINUE to Block 12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:		
12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS	This is a critical block; never correct information unless directed otherwise in the export summary. Never enter "As Addressed" and "As Marked."		
	◆ ENTER the markings exactly as they appear on the containers, cartons, bags, bales, boxes, products, truck licenses, or railway cars. A Letter of Credit (LC) number may be included when the packaging is clearly marked with the LC number		
	◆ If entered by the exporter or established after inspection, visually verify information entered in Block 12 using a supporting document such as the bill of lading		
	◆ If there are no distinguishing marks, ENTER "NONE"		
	◆ If there is not enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page 3-10-1)		
	◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.		
13. PLACE OF ORIGIN	◆ ENTER where the commodity was grown or cultivated by State, county, district, or other geographical or political subdivision as necessary by the phytosanitary regulations of the importing country (export summary, IP, etc.)		
	◆ SPELL OUT names of counties		
	◆ If there is not enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page 3-10-1)		
	◆ When the phytosanitary regulations of the importing country do not require a more definitive designation of origin (such as State, county, pest free area etc.), WRITE "USA."		
	ACOs can require whatever document is necessary to verify origin.		
	Never leave blank. If further refinements are not required by the importing country's phytosanitary regulations, WRITE "United States of America" or "USA."		
	◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.		

CONTINUE to Block 14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:		
14. DECLARED	◆ ENTER the name of the airline, rail line, truck line, or vessel		
MEANS OF CONVEYANCE	◆ ADD "or substitute" after a vessel's name (acceptable)		
GOIVEIANGE	◆ If the specific name of means of conveyance is unknown ENTER as appropriate, "airfreight," "ocean vessel," "railroad," or "truck line"		
	◆ If mail shipments ENTER "air mail," "surface mail," "express mail," or the carrier's name		
	Never enter "Unknown." Never leave blank.		
15.DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY	◆ ENTER the point of entry declared by the exporter. This is the first point of entry in the destination country		
	◆ CHECK the export summary to see if the declared point of entry is authorized; if the point of entry is not authorized, WARN the exporter that the shipment may be delayed or refused entry		
	Never enter "Unknown."		
	◆ ENTER the approved country name if the point of entry is unknown. In PCIT this is done automatically if the point of entry block is left blank.		
	◆ ENTER the point of entry for the final destination in cases where the consignment only transits through another country; you may include multiple transit points if they are required by the transiting countries and the consignment physically transits those points		
	◆ SPELL OUT names of cities		
WARNING	-		

This warning alerts all parties that any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of PPQ Form 577 is subject to civil penalties or punishable by a fine or imprisonment.

CONTINUE to the AD Block on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

If the block is: Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577: **ADDITIONAL DECLARATION (AD)** AD This is a critical block; never correct information (See also unless directed otherwise in the export summary. **Additional Declarations (ADs)** on **page 2-1-2** and **Additional Declaration (AD)** ◆ RECORD **only** those ADs required by the importing country in the **Pullout Sheet** on export summary, on official communication from the NPPO (e.g., page **B-1-1**) IP), or by the Export Program Manual (XPM) ◆ USE English only, except for botanical names of plants, plant products, and plant pests or plant diseases ◆ If there is **not** enough space to list all dates in the DATE INSPECTED block, list the dates here. Inspection Dates: October 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, **EXAMPLE** 29, 31, September 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 2007. ◆ If there is **not** enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page 3-10-1) ◆ LINE OUT unused space. See examples below for handwritten certificates. If using an electronic method to fill out the certificate, you may also use horizontal lines or symbols. Example 1 ADDITIONAL DECLARATION The cotton in this shipment originated from areas free from the pink bollworm. Pectinophora gossypiella. The cotton bales in this shipment were compressed at a minimum of 28 pounds per cubic foot. Example 2 ADDITIONAL DECLARATION

CONTINUE to Block 16. DATE ISSUED on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-1: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 577, Phytosanitary Certificate (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 577:			
AUTHORIZATION				
16. DATE ISSUED	 ENTER the date the certificate is signed by an ACO (in contrast to the date of inspection recorded in the HEADING). Do not pre or post date. ENTER date in correct order (month, day, year); never use European format 		the date of inspection recorded in the HEADING). Do not pre or post	
	◆ SPELL OUT the month (February 15, 2007); never use numbers for the month; never abbreviate the year			
17. NAME OF	TYPE or PRINT the full name of the ACO who will sign the certificate			
AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type or Print)	DO NOT ADD titles. Use all capital letters if handwritten.			
18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER	 ◆ SIGN your name; only ACOs can authenticate export certificates; stamped signatures are not permitted ◆ Only one original signature is authorized 			

Attachment Sheets

Use PPQ Form 576, Attachment Sheet for Phytosanitary Certificate or Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport when there is insufficient space on PPQ Form 577 (refer to *Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579* on page 3-10-1).



PPQ Form 576 can **only** be used with a Phytosanitary Certificate (PPQ Form 577) or Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (PPQ Form 579).

PCIT generates additional pages as necessary and **does not** generate a PPQ Form 576.

Corrections

If acceptable by the foreign country (see the definition of each certificate in the export summary), you may correct information in noncritical blocks of certificates.



Do not allow errors on certificates when the export summary specifically states that the certificates may contain **no** errors.

Never correct information entered in the critical blocks on certificates, unless directed otherwise in the export summary.

Never delete entire entries or use opaque correction fluid or correction tape.

To correct a typographical error in a noncritical block, use a straight line to line-out the incorrect entry. Initial the correction.

EXAMPLE

This is a corrected typography error in a noncritical block. typographical (*lec*)

When there is evidence an export certificate has been altered by someone **other than** an ACO, in violation of 7CFR353, follow the guidelines for determining the action to take. See *Special Programs* • *Export Certification Violations* on page 5-3-1.

Distribution

Refer to **Distribution of PPQ Form 577** on page 3-14-2.

Maintenance

Refer to *Keeping Records* on page 3-14-1.

PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport

PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport, is an accountable inspection certificate used to certify foreign plants and unprocessed or unmanufactured plant products for reexport. See Figure 3-8-2 on page-3-8-20 for an example of a blank PPQ Form 579.

Purpose

The purpose of PPQ 579 is to certify to the NPPO of the importing country that the foreign origin plants or unprocessed or unmanufactured plant products meet its phytosanitary requirements.

ACOs certify that, based on an original foreign export certificate and/ or additional inspections or laboratory tests that the foreign commodity:

- ♦ Has been safeguarded against the risk of infestation or infection while in the U.S.
- ◆ Is considered to conform to the current phytosanitary regulations of the importing country

To decide if an inspection is necessary, refer to **Table 3-8-2** on page 3-8-15.

TABLE 3-8-2: Decide Whether to Inspect the Commodity

If the commodity:	Then ACOs:
Has been safeguarded since entering the U.S. and has an export certificate from the country of origin	Do not need to perform an official inspection
Has not been safeguarded since entering the U.S., or if safeguarding cannot be verified	Must perform an official inspection.

In order to ensure that foreign-origin commodities meet the importing country's requirements it is important that the import requirements be available to PPQ. The requirements can be through published plant health legislation and/or by official communication from the NPPO of the importing country.

PPQ **does not** provide the import requirements for commodities from third countries in EXCERPT, therefore, encourage exporters to provide an IP or requirements from the foreign country. If a commodity is certified without knowledge of the import requirements caution exporters that their consignment may **not** meet the importing countries requirements and could be refused entry.



Export Services is currently removing third country import requirements from EXCERPT. The exporter is responsible for providing official communication from the importing country regarding third country import requirements (see *Types of Official Communication* on page **C-1-3**).



If the import requirements are available and you **cannot** verify that the requirements have been met, **do not** issue PPQ Form 579.

Determining Eligibility for PPQ Form 579

This section discusses which commodities are eligible for certification with a PPQ Form 579. **Only** commodities that have entered U.S. commerce are eligible for certification. Foreign commodities transiting the U.S. are **ineligible** for certification. Refer to *Determining Eligibility for Certification* on page 3-3-1 for a more detailed discussion on the eligibility of commodities for certification.

Commodities That Are Eligible for PPQ 579

The following commodities are eligible for a PPQ Form 579:

◆ Blended commodities: Blended commodities are U.S.- and foreign-origin commodities that have been mixed together. If domestic and foreign commodities have been blended to the extent that their identity has been lost, a PPQ Form 579, **not** a PPQ Form 577, **must** be used to certify the consignment. In addition, an inspection **must** be conducted. For blended commodities, both the US and the foreign country of origin **must** be listed on the PPQ 579 as the "Place of Origin."

EXAMPLE

Wheat grain from the U.S. mixed with wheat grain from Canada is now a blended commodity. The blending can be in any proportion.

◆ Foreign origin plants and unprocessed or unmanufactured plant products that are offered for reexport.

Commodities Ineligible for PPQ Form 579

PPQ Form 579 **cannot** be issued for the following:

- Commodities transiting the U.S. under U.S. Customs' bond. Transiting shipments should be accompanied by an original, foreign export certificate if certification is required by the destination country.
- ◆ Processed products of foreign origin (see *Completing PPQ Form* 578 on page 3-9-1)
- ◆ Commodities requiring certification relative to conditions that **must** be verified in the originating country and are **not** attested to on a foreign export certificate¹

¹ Export certificates issued by the NPPO of the originating country **must** address these types of issues.

Reviewing Import Requirements

Using EXCERPT, determine the time limits and check for specific ports of entry and other requirements of the importing country. Refer to *Appendix D* on page D-1-1 for further information on EXCERPT.

To decide whether to issue PPQ Form 579, refer to **Table 3-8-3** on page **3-8-17**.

TABLE 3-8-3: Decide Whether to Issue PPQ Form 579

If the exporter:	And:	And:	Then:
Does not have official communication from the NPPO (see Types of Official Communication on page C-1-3)	The commodity is eligible for a PPQ 579		1. DO NOT REFUSE certification 2. CAUTION the exporter that the shipment may be refused entry because all phytosanitary requirements may not be met 3. USE one of the following additional declarations as appropriate: The commodity met the entry requirements of the United States The United States does not require phytosanitary certification
	The commodity is ineligible for		as a condition of entry for this commodity (If appropriate) 1. REFUSE to issue PPQ Form 579 2. EXIT this manual
Has official	a PPQ 579	The	1 VEDIEV that the commodity was
communication from the NPPO	The commodity is eligible for a PPQ 579	requirements can be met ¹	 VERIFY that the commodity was safeguarded² ISSUE PPQ Form 579
(see Types of Official Communication on page C-1-3)		The requirements cannot be met or verified	REFUSE to issue PPQ Form 579 EXIT this manual
	The commodity is ineligible for a PPQ 579		

- 1 Refer to **Verifying Compliance with Import Requirements** on page **3-8-18**.
- 2 Refer to Verifying Whether the Consignment Was Safeguarded on page 3-8-19.

Verifying Compliance with Import Requirements

If the exporter provides import requirements through official communication from the NPPO, ACOs **must** determine if the commodity meets those requirements. Unlike domestic-origin commodities, the phytosanitary conditions of a foreign-origin consignment **cannot always** be determined once the commodity is in the U.S.

ACOs need to determine if the import requirements can be met by:

- ◆ Additional declarations (ADs) on an original or certified true copy of a foreign export certificate from the originating country
- Conducting supplemental inspections
- Initiating laboratory testings
- ♦ Monitoring or supervising treatments

If an original or certified true copy of a foreign export certificate is present it can be used to confirm that specific phytosanitary requirements were met in the originating country.

The following types of requirements **must** be attested to on a foreign export certificate because they **cannot** be confirmed once the consignment is in the U.S.:

- ◆ Active growth field inspection
- ◆ Area freedom or production area freedom
- Growing season and field inspections
- Pest conditions in the originating country
- ♦ Virus indexing, etc.

ACOs **must** record the results of any supplemental phytosanitary inspection, testing, and/or treatments conducted in the U.S. on PPQ Form 579. Such supplemental inspection, testing, or treatment carried out for the purpose of providing export certification for a foreign origin commodity **must** be tailored to the known import requirements of the intended receiving country.

Only supplemental laboratory testing, visual inspections and treatments may be conducted in the U.S. Supplemental phytosanitary inspections of foreign-origin products **must** be officially conducted by ACOs. Laboratory testing, indexing, etc., **must** be accomplished by Federal, State, or accredited university laboratories approved by PPQ.

EXAMPLE

The import requirements for the third country that can be verified by an ACO: The import requirements for a commodity originating from India requires the following AD: "The shipment is free of Khapra beetle."

In this case, if an export certificate issued by the NPPO of India is **not** available or is available but **does not** contain the AD, ACOs can conduct an inspection and, if appropriate, include the required AD on the PPQ 579. In this case, the AD can be attested to because a visual inspection is sufficient to determine that the commodity is free of Khapra beetle. Whether the commodity was inspected in India for this pest is irrelevant because the pest status can be confirmed by an ACO.

This would hold true for other types of pests as long as pest status confirmation can be confirmed by the ACO. ACOs **must** determine whether an inspection, laboratory test, etc. can be conducted in the U.S. If the requirements for the originating country include laboratory analysis which is **not** on the foreign export certificate, you can include the AD for laboratory requirements if the analysis was conducted by an authorized laboratory in the U.S.

EXAMPLE

The import requirements for the third country **cannot** be verified by an ACO: The import requirements for a commodity originating from India requires the following AD: "The shipment originates from an area free of citrus canker."

In this case, if an export certificate issued by the NPPO of India is **not** available or is available but **does not** contain the AD, ACOs **cannot** verify the commodity originated from an area free of citrus canker. The required AD **cannot** be provided in this case and therefore, the commodity **cannot** be certified.

Verifying Whether the Consignment Was Safeguarded

ACOs **must** determine if the commodity was:

- ◆ Kept under suitable safeguards to prevent the risk of infestation or infection while in the U.S.
- Segregated and its identity maintained

Make the determination by using your knowledge of and experience with the exporting company, the supporting documents, and the commodities being exported.

If the commodity was **not** segregated and safeguarded, the commodity **must** be inspected in order to issue a PPQ 579.

Example

o phytosanitary certificate can be issued until an application is completed (7 CFR 353)	See reverse for additional OMB information.	FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 0579-0052
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE PLANT PROTECTION AND QUARANTINE	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PLACE OF ISSUE	anne de la company de la compa
PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR REEXPORT	SAMPLE	A A
O: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF	FPC XXXXXXX -R	
	CERTIFICATION	
his is to certify that the plants or plant products described below were covered by Phytosanitary Cer	416 - 4	
f which is attached to this certificate. That they are packe ased on the original Phytosanitary Certificate and a egulations of the importing country, and that during storage in the Unit	dditional inspection, they are considered to conform with t	certified true copy in new containers, that the current phytosanitary e risk of infestation or infection
DATE	2. TREATMENT	HE POST COLOR FOR THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF
CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	4. DURATION AND TEMPERATURE	HE THE SELECTION OF THE LEGISLES
CONCENTRATION	6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	The state of the s
THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	6. ADDITUTAL INFURMATION	A DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE OF THE
DESCRIPTION NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE EXPORTER	ON OF THE CONSIGNMENT 8. DECLARED NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE CONSIGNEE	
The same of the sa	TO THE SUBSTITUTE OF THE SUBST	
SAMPLE	SAMPI	E
NAME OF PRODUCE AND QUANTITY DECLARED	10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS	PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY
	TO USE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	
	na kiji ma ili si kalisi ma Labi kata ka distribili subak milika sa kalisi ma ili sa kalisi ma s	
SAMPLE	SAMPL	F
NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PACKAGES	12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS	
TOTAL TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE	TO LICE AND LICE AND RECORD THE PROTECTION AND THE	
	A PHILIPPO LOS A PRISONO LOS ANAMESTRO LISO A PRISONO PARA PRISONO PAR	
SAMPLE	SAMPLE	
PLACE OF ORIGIN	14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE	HERO CITY CHILDREN CONTRACTOR
	15. DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY	don Ania eto uloran egen Aur
ARNING: Any alteration, forgery, or unauthorized use of this phylosanitary certif	ficate is subject to civil penalties of up to \$250,000 (7 U.S.C. Section	on 7734(b)) or punishable by a
ne of not more than \$10,000, or imprisonment of not more than 5 years, or both (18 U.S.C. Section 1001).	at the upper and the upper and
ADDITI	ONAL DECLARATION	
SAMPLE	CAMPLE	
GAIVIF LE	SAMPLE	
er tre jurgelande, eta julietatur pere artikelan eta era eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta eta et	HAPPO	
DATE ISSUED 17. NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type	or Print) 18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHOR	IZED OFFICER
to and problems and office the Albert Story of Automotive and Artest plot they allegated the	IPLE	His Projection and Correlation
No liability shall attach to the United States Department of Agriculture of	r to any officer or representative of the Department with re	espect to this certificate.
PQ FORM 579 FEB 2001 Previous editions are obsolete after 6/30/01		

FIGURE 3-8-2: Example of PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (blank)

Completion

See Table 3-8-4 on page 3-8-21 for specific instructions, techniques, and examples about how to complete PPQ Form 579.



Prepare all export certificates in English. They can be handwritten or typed unless specified otherwise in an Export Summary. Handwritten certificates **must** be legible and **must** be written using upper case (capital) letters. Some foreign countries will **not** accept certificates with alterations, errors, or erasures. See *Example* on **page 3-8-3**.



To certify Canadian produced seed using PPQ Form 579, refer to *Certifying Canadian Produced Seed*, *Option 2* on page 4-5-16.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:	
TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF	ENTER the approved name of the foreign country as listed in Appendix F	
	The country name entered in this block must be the same as the country identified in <i>Block 8, Declared Address of the Consignee</i> .	
PLACE OF ISSUE	◆ ENTER the complete name of the city and State of the issuing office; do not abbreviate	
	◆ Each PPQ 579 can only be prepared by the issuing office accountable for that certificate	
	◆ VERIFY the correct issuing office is listed for prepaid PPQ 579s (this block must already be completed when presented for issuance.)	

CONTINUE to the CERTIFICATION block on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

	export (continued)		
If the block is:	Then follow these instr	uctions to complete PPQ Form 579:	
CERTIFICATION	originated from; more commodity • ENTER the number of check whether the ce	ENTER the number of the foreign export certificate, if available, and check whether the certificate is an original or certified true copy. USE the decision table below to determine what to enter in this	
	If the exporter:	Then:	
	Has the original, a true copy, or a photocopy of the foreign certificate	1. ENTER the number of the foreign certificate 2. CHECK whether the certificate is the original or a certified true copy 3. STAMP the foreign phytosanitary certificate with an ink stamp that references your affiliation ("USDA," "County of," or "State of" 4. SIGN and DATE the foreign phytosanitary certificate next to your stamp	
	Does not have a foreign certificate (only for non propagative plant products to other than Canada)	ENTER "none" in the space to the right of the words "covered by Phytosanitary Certificate"	
	or was repacked in n CHECK whether the orequirements of the original (or certified to or based on addition If the topreser accorded export does not be a considered to the c	commodity is packed in the original containers new containers conformance with the current phytosanitary importing foreign country are based on the true copy) of the foreign export certificate and/al (supplemental) inspection third country import requirements are not neted, you may still issue PPQ Form 579 ling to existing procedures, but caution ners that their shipment may be rejected if it not meet the importing country's canitary requirements.	

CONTINUE to the DISINFESTATION/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT block on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is: Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:

DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT



Complete this section **only** if an acceptable treatment was conducted, which includes label information for treated seeds.

Complete all blocks in this section.

If **no** acceptable treatment was conducted, LINE OUT the unused space and continue on to the DESCRIPTION OF CONSIGNMENT. The following example shows lining out the treatment section by drawing two diagonal lines from left to right, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols

	DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT		
1. DATE	2. TREATMENT	17	
CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	DURATION AND TEMPERATURE	DURATION AND TEMPERATURE	
5. CONCENTRATION	6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
	DECODIDATION OF THE CONGIONMENT		
1. DATES	◆ ENTER the actual date of the treatment.		
	 ENTER date in correct order (month, day, year); never use Euroformat 	opean	
	◆ SPELL OUT the month (February 15, 2007); never use numbers for the month and never abbreviate the month		
2. TREATMENT	ENTER the full description of the treatment, e.g., fumigation, cold treatment, dip, spray (do not use abbreviations or partial terms such as T101)		
3. CHEMICAL (active ingredient)	ENTER the name of the active ingredient		
4. DURATION AND TEMPERATURE	ENTER the duration of the treatment and temperature, if applicable (use of internationally recognized scientific abbreviations such as C for Celsius and F for Fahrenheit is acceptable)		
5. CONCENTRATION	ENTER the concentration of chemicals (use of internationally recognized scientific abbreviations, e.g., 32 g/m³, 2 lb./1000 ft³, 100 mm Hg is acceptable)		
6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	ENTER information that further identifies the treatment (such as dip, slurry, dusted, sprayed)		
DESCRIPTION OF CO	NSIGNMENT	-	

CONTINUE to Block 7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE EXPORTER on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:
7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE EXPORTER	◆ ENTER the complete name and address of the exporter (street or Post Office Box, city, State)
	◆ SPELL OUT names of cities and States (do not abbreviate)
	◆ ENTER only the physical address of the exporter in this block. Do not include other information such as birth dates, tax identification numbers, letter of credit information, or other information not related to the address descriptor.
	Exporter's address must be in the U.S. or a U.S. territory or commonwealth, which includes American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands.
	Do not include phone or FAX numbers.
	Never enter more than one exporter's name and/or address.
	Do not use statements such as "In-care-of" (c/o), "Attention to," "Agent for," or "Notify."
8. DECLARED NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE CONSIGNE	◆ ENTER the complete name and address of the consignee (person or company taking delivery of the commodity); at a minimum, include a name, city, and the approved country name (see Table F-1-2 on page F-1-2)
	◆ SPELL OUT names of cities and countries (do not abbreviate)
	◆ ENTER only the physical address of the consignee in this block. Do not include other information such as birth dates, tax identification numbers, letter of credit information, or other information not related to the address descriptor.
	Never enter more than one consignee's name and address.
	Do not include phone or FAX numbers.
	Do not use statements such as "In-care-of" (c/o), "Attention to," "Agent for," or "Notify."
	Consignee's address must be in the country listed in the block "TO: THE PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION(S) OF."

CONTINUE to Block 9. NAME OF PRODUCE AND QUANTITY DECLARED on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is: Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579: 9. NAME OF This is a critical block; **never** correct information PRODUCE AND unless directed otherwise in the export summary. QUANTITY **DECLARED** ◆ ENTER the common name of the commodity for precise identification; see the following table for additional instructions If the produce is: Then: Enter fresh or dried beans Beans for consumption Seeds for animal Enter the specific grain (such as oats or corn) feed Seeds for Enter seeds planting Seeds for human Enter grain consumption Propagative List the number of each different propagative articles other article followed by its name; see the example than seeds below **EXAMPLE** Enter 600 anemone bulbs for 3 cartons each containing 200 anemone bulbs. Enter the weight for bulk shipments to better describe the articles. ◆ SPELL OUT abbreviations **EXAMPLE** The abbreviation "lbs" is spelled out as pounds. ◆ **DO NOT LIST** or refer to any of the following: Grades Intended uses Other commercial terms Sizes Trade names ◆ If there is **not** enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page 3-10-1) ◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space **must** be sufficiently

CONTINUE to Block 10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS on the next page.

lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:		
10. BOTANICAL NAME OF PLANTS	Important	This is a critical block; never correct information unless directed otherwise in the export summary. NEVER IDENTIFY a commodity to a level below the species classification (e.g., variety, cultivar), unless listed and required as such in an export summary.	
	◆ Botanical nainserted he	botanical name, including genus and specific epithet assification) ames are mandatory for all commodities. Information re should identify commodities using accepted botanical	
	◆ Exporters a◆ ACOs must◆ If there is n	re responsible for providing the botanical name verify the botanical name to the best of their ability of enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 tachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page	
	 LINE OUT up advances the using horizon 	nused space, recognizing that as information technology nere are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as ontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently on that information cannot be added to the certificate.	
11. NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF PACKAGES	Important	This is a critical block; never correct information unless directed otherwise in the export summary.	
	◆ INCLUDE sufficient detail in this section to enable the NPPO of the importing country to identify the consignment and its component parts, and verify their size if necessary. Container numbers and/or railcar numbers are a valid addition to the description of the packages and may be included here, if known		
	EXAMPLE	50 wooden crates 150 cardboard cartons 500 burlap bags	
	♦ If there is n	ot enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 tachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page	
	 LINE OUT up advances the using horizon 	nused space, recognizing that as information technology nere are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as ontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently of that information cannot be added to the certificate.	

CONTINUE to Block 12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:
12. DISTINGUISHING MARKS	This is a critical block; never correct information unless directed otherwise in the export summary. Never enter "As Addressed" and "As Marked."
	◆ ENTER the markings exactly as they appear on the containers, cartons, bags, bales, boxes, products, truck licenses, or railway cars. A Letter of Credit (LC) number may be included when the packaging is clearly marked with the LC number.
	 If entered by the exporter or established after inspection, visually verify information entered in Block 12 using a supporting document such as the bill of lading
	◆ If there are no distinguishing marks, ENTER "NONE"
	◆ If there is not enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page 3-10-1)
	◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.
13. PLACE OF	◆ ENTER the name of the country of origin; do not abbreviate
ORIGIN	◆ For blended commodities list all countries of origin, including the U.S., if appropriate
	◆ If multiple commodities from multiple origins, distinguish which commodity is from which country
	◆ If there is not enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page 3-10-1)
	◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.
	ACOs can require whatever document is necessary to verify origin.
	Important Never leave blank. If further refinements are not required by the importing country's phytosanitary regulations, WRITE "United States of America" or "USA.," if appropriate

CONTINUE to Block 14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:
14. DECLARED MEANS OF CONVEYANCE	◆ ENTER the name of the airline, rail line, truck line, or vessel
	◆ ADD "or substitute" after a vessel's name (acceptable)
CONTENTIOE	◆ If the specific name of means of conveyance is unknown, ENTER as appropriate, "airfreight," "ocean vessel," "railroad," or "truck line"
	◆ If mail shipments, ENTER "air mail," "surface mail," "express mail," or the carrier's name
	Never enter "Unknown." Never leave blank.
15. DECLARED POINT OF ENTRY	◆ ENTER the point of entry declared by the exporter. This is the first point of entry in the destination country.
	◆ CHECK the export summary to see if the declared point of entry is authorized; if the point of entry is not authorized WARN the exporter that the shipment may be delayed or refused entry
	Never enter "Unknown."
	◆ ENTER the approved country name if the point of entry is unknown. In PCIT this is done automatically if the point of entry block is left blank.
	◆ ENTER the point of entry for the final destination in cases where the consignment only transits through another country; you may include multiple transit points if they are required by the transiting countries and the consignment physically transits those points
	◆ SPELL OUT names of cities (preferred)

CONTINUE to the AD Block on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:		
AD (See also Additional Declarations (ADs) on page 2-1-2 and	If the import requirements are:	And the required condition:	Then:
Additional Declaration (AD) Pullout Sheet on page B-1-1)	Known (provided by the exporter via official communication or in EXCERPT)	Can be based on a foreign export certificate Can be based on phytosanitary actions taken in the U.S. Cannot be based on foreign export certificate or phytosanitary actions taken in the U.S.	 ◆ ENTER no AD if an import permit is not presented ◆ ENTER "Import Permit No presented" if applicable ◆ RECORD the results of supplemental phytosanitary inspection, testing, or treatment (see Table 3-5-11 on page 3-5-17) ◆ ENTER no AD if an import permit is not presented ◆ ENTER "Import Permit No presented" if applicable ◆ ENTER AD(s) if required by the importing country based on actions taken in U.S. REFUSE to issue a PPQ 579
	Unknown (not provided by the exporter via official communication or in EXCERPT)		 ENTER only the following ADs: "The commodity met the entry requirements of the United States." "The United States does not require phytosanitary certification as a condition of entry for this commodity." (if appropriate)

CONTINUE to the AD (continued) Block on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:		
AD (continued) (See also Additional Declarations (ADs) on page 2-1-2)	This is a critical block; never correct information unless directed otherwise in the export summary. Important		
	◆ RECORD only those ADs required by the importing country in the export summary, on official communication from the NPPO (e.g. IP), or by the XPM		
	◆ USE English only, except for botanical names of plants, plant products, plant pests, or plant diseases		
	◆ Do not record ADs already on the original foreign certificate		
	◆ If there is not enough space to list all entries, fill out PPQ Form 576 (refer to Attachment Sheets for PPQ Form 577 or 579 on page 3-10-1)		
	◆ LINE OUT unused space, recognizing that as information technology advances there are other acceptable methods of lining out, such as using horizontal lines or symbols. White space must be sufficiently lined out so that information cannot be added to the certificate.		
	Example 1		
	ADDITIONAL DECLARATION The cotton in this shipment originated from areas free from the pink bollworm, Pectinophora gossypiella. The cotton bales in this shipment were compressed at a minimum of 28 pounds per cubic foot.		
	TO MARKO		
	14. DATE IRSUED. 117. NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type or Print) 18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER		
	Example 2		
	ADDITIONAL DEGLARATION		
	NAPPO		
	16. DATE ISSUED 17. NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type or Print) 18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER		
16. DATE ISSUED	◆ ENTER the date the certificate is signed by an ACO (in contrast to the date of inspection recorded in the HEADING). Do not pre or post date.		
	 ENTER date in correct order (month, day, year); never use European format 		
	◆ SPELL OUT the month (February 15, 2007); never use numbers for the month; never abbreviate the year		

CONTINUE to Block 17. NAME OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER on the next page.

TABLE 3-8-4: Instructions to Complete PPQ Form 579, Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (continued)

If the block is:	Then follow these instructions to complete PPQ Form 579:
17. NAME OF	TYPE or PRINT the full name of the ACO who will sign the certificate
AUTHORIZED OFFICER (Type or Print)	DO NOT ADD titles. Use all capital letters if handwritten.
18. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER	 ◆ SIGN your name; only ACOs can authenticate certificates; stamped signatures are not permitted ◆ Only one original signature is authorized

Attachment Sheets

Use PPQ Form 576, Attachment Sheet for Phytosanitary Certificate or Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport when there is insufficient space on PPQ Form 579.



PPQ Form 576 can **only** be used with a Phytosanitary Certificate (PPQ Form 577) or Phytosanitary Certificate for Reexport (PPQ Form 579).

PCIT generates additional pages as necessary and **does not** generate a PPQ Form 576.

Corrections

If acceptable by the foreign country (see the definition of each certificate in the export summary), you may correct information in noncritical blocks of certificates.



Do not allow errors on certificates when the export summary specifically states that the certificates may contain **no** errors.

Never correct information entered in the critical blocks on certificates, unless directed otherwise in the export summary.

Never delete entire entries or use opaque correction fluid or correction tape.

To correct a typographical error in a noncritical block, use a straight line to line-out the incorrect entry. Initial the correction.

EXAMPLE	This is a corrected typography error in a noncritical block.
	typographical (<i>lec</i>)

When there is evidence an export certificate has been altered by someone **other than** an ACO, in violation of 7CFR353, follow the guidelines for determining the action to take. See *Special Programs* • *Export Certification Violations* on page 5-3-1.

Distribution

Refer to *Distribution of PPQ Form 579* on page 3-14-4.

Maintenance

Refer to *Issuing Office* on page 3-14-1.