

Miniature Fuel Processors for Portable Fuel Cell Systems

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Operated by Battelle for the
U.S. Department of Energy

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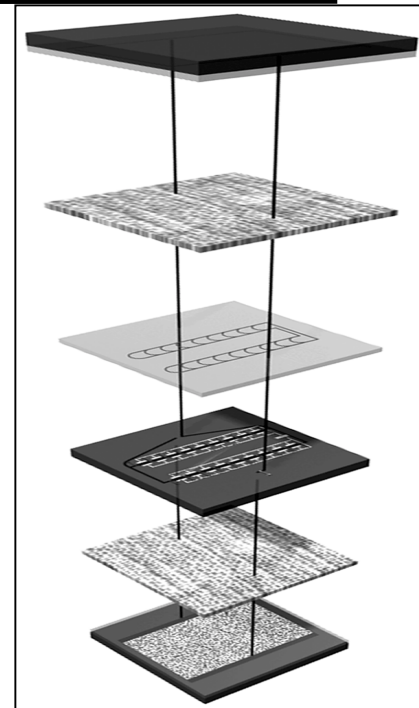
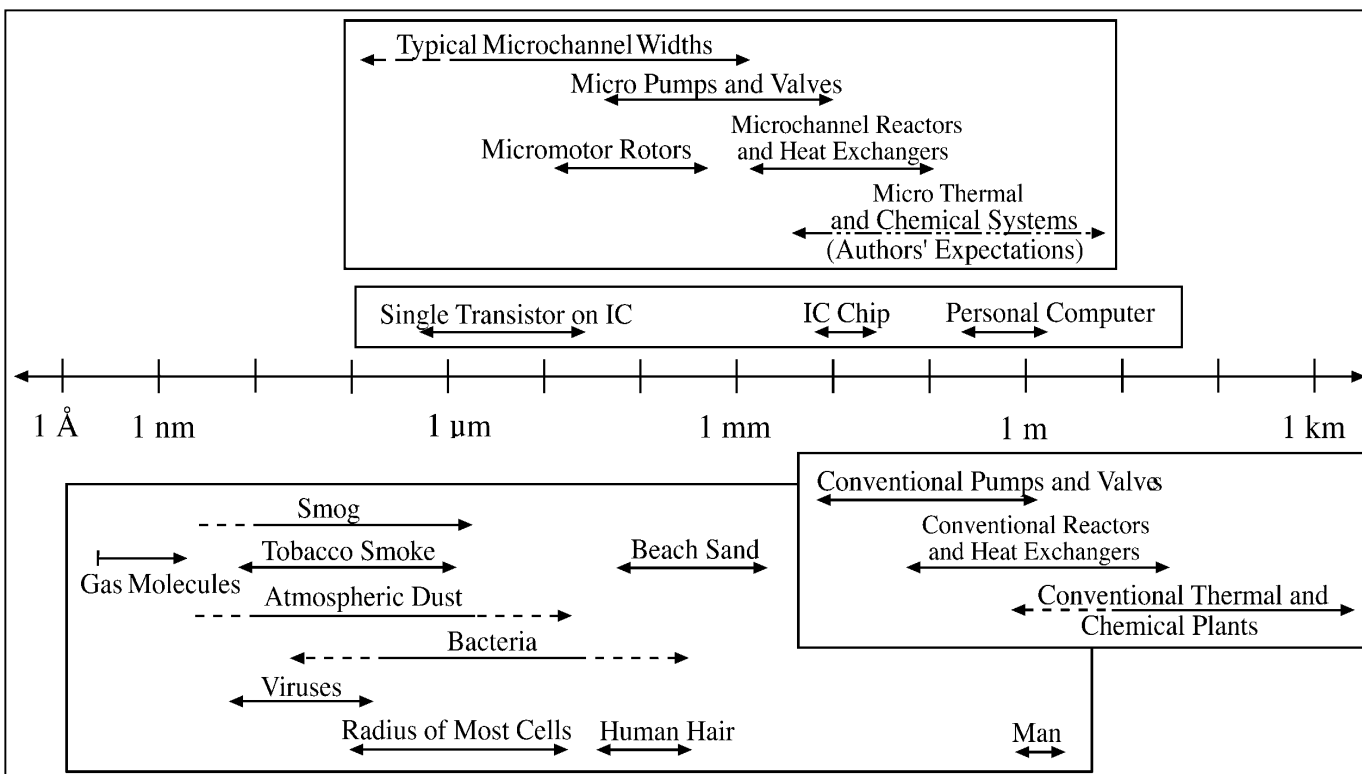
San Francisco CA., USA

Motivation

- ▶ *Micro-electronics – increased demand for high energy density power supplies*
- ▶ *Current Li-ion Batteries*
 - $< 0.15 \text{ kW}_e\text{-hr/kg}$
- ▶ *Hydrocarbon fuels*
 - Diesel = $13.2 \text{ kW}_t\text{-hr/kg}$
 - Methanol = $5.6 \text{ kW}_t\text{-hr/kg}$
- ▶ *Even at 10% system efficiency a fuel cell with a reformer would have higher energy density than a battery.*



Microsystems: A New Class of Process Technology



Exploitation of Heat and Mass Transport Advantages
in Engineered Microstructures

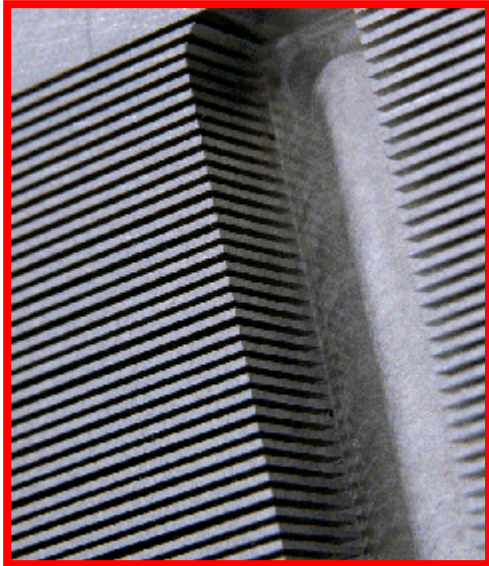


Fuel Vaporizer,
R&D 100
Award
1999

Northwest
Laboratory

Operated by Battelle for the
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Microchannel Architecture



- ▶ *Micron-Scale Dimensions*
 - *50-500 μm channels*
 - *high aspect ratios*
 - *negligible pressure drop*
- ▶ *Reduced heat & mass transfer resistances*
 - *allows use of more active catalysts*
- ▶ *Integrated Monolith Catalysts*
- ▶ *Laminate Fabrication Method*

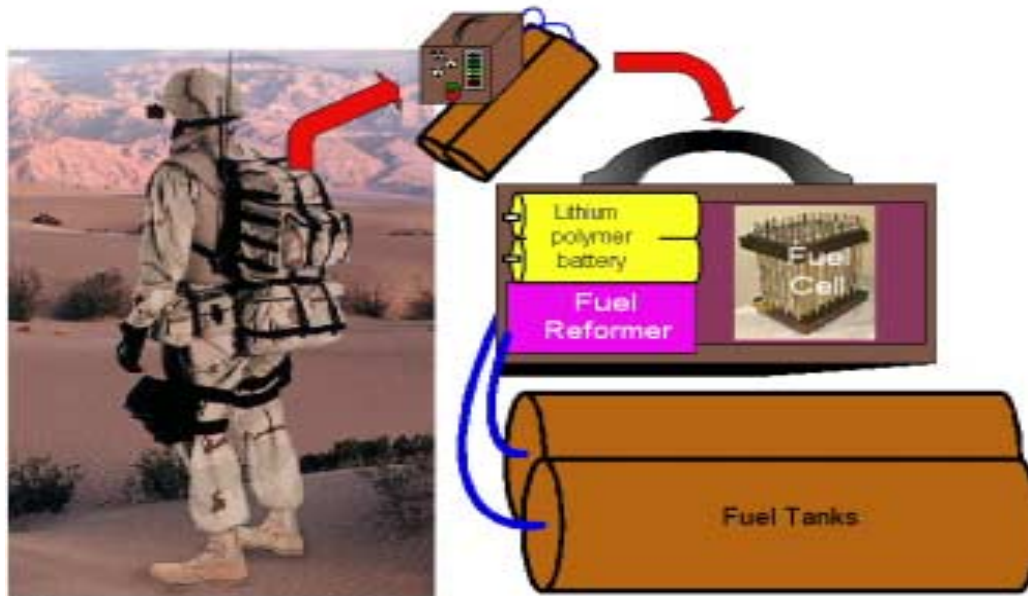
Soldier Portable Power (SPP): Goals

▶ Soldier Needs

- Radio
- Laser sights
- Sensors
- Helmet mounted video display
- Video/thermal sights
- GPS Receiver

▶ Targets

- $15 W_e$ average,
- $25 W_e$ peak
- $\sim 100 \text{ cm}^3$
- $\sim 1 \text{ kg}$ (excluding fuel)

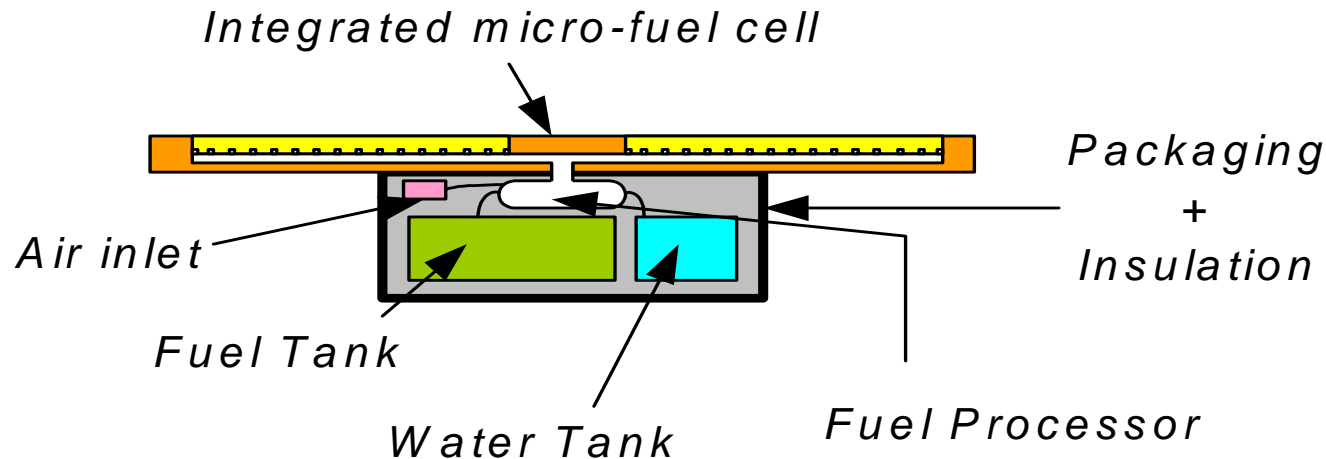


▶ Development path

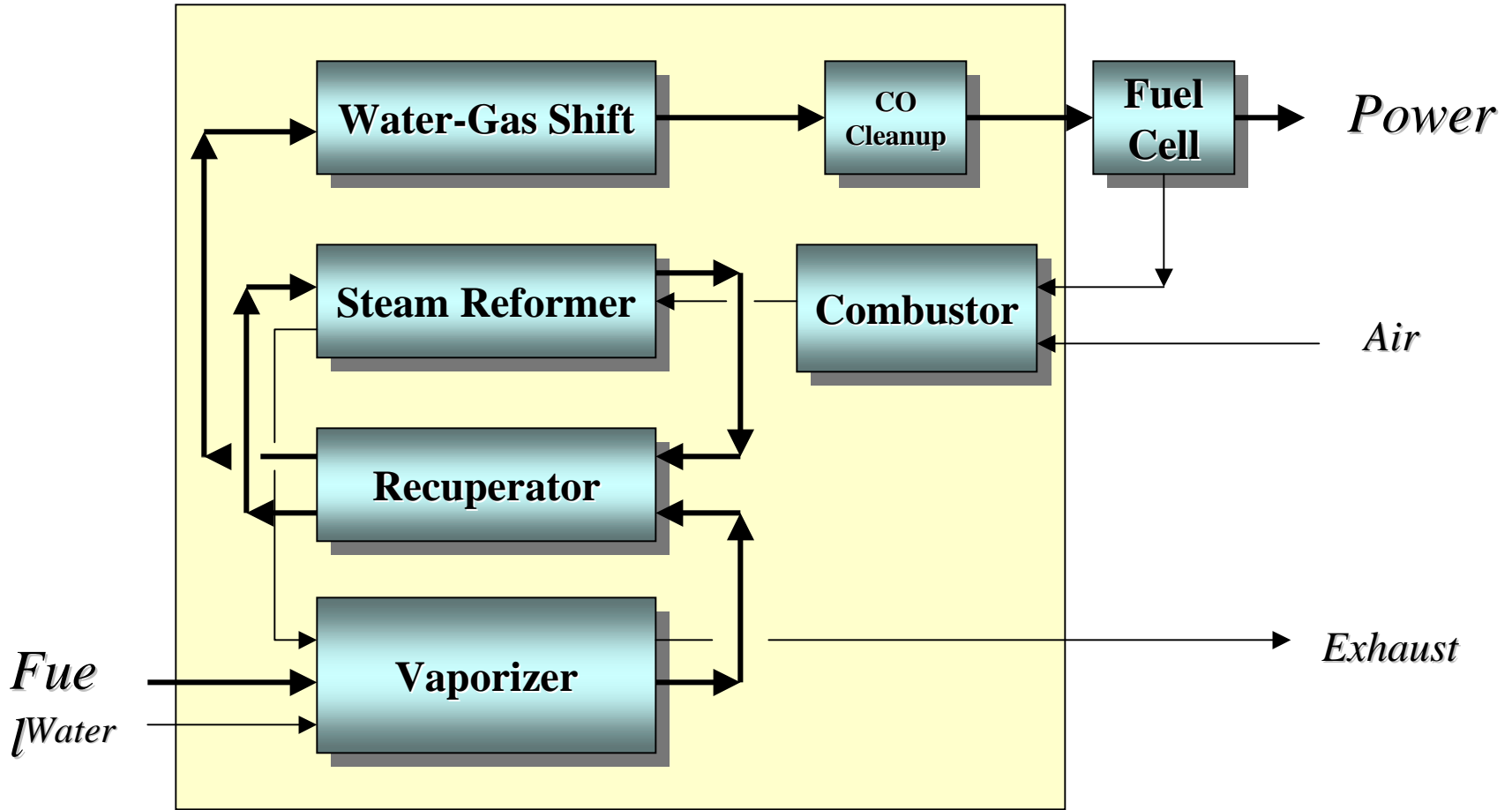
- Test individual components
- Link components
- Dis-integrated system demonstration
- *Integrated device prototype development*

Sub-Watt Power: Goals

- ▶ Demonstrate 10-100 mW_e fuel processor
 - Target- 20% efficiency (not including the fuel cell)
- ▶ Demonstrate 10-100 mW_e fuel cell. (CWRU)
- ▶ Demonstrate integrated mW_e fuel processor and fuel cell system.



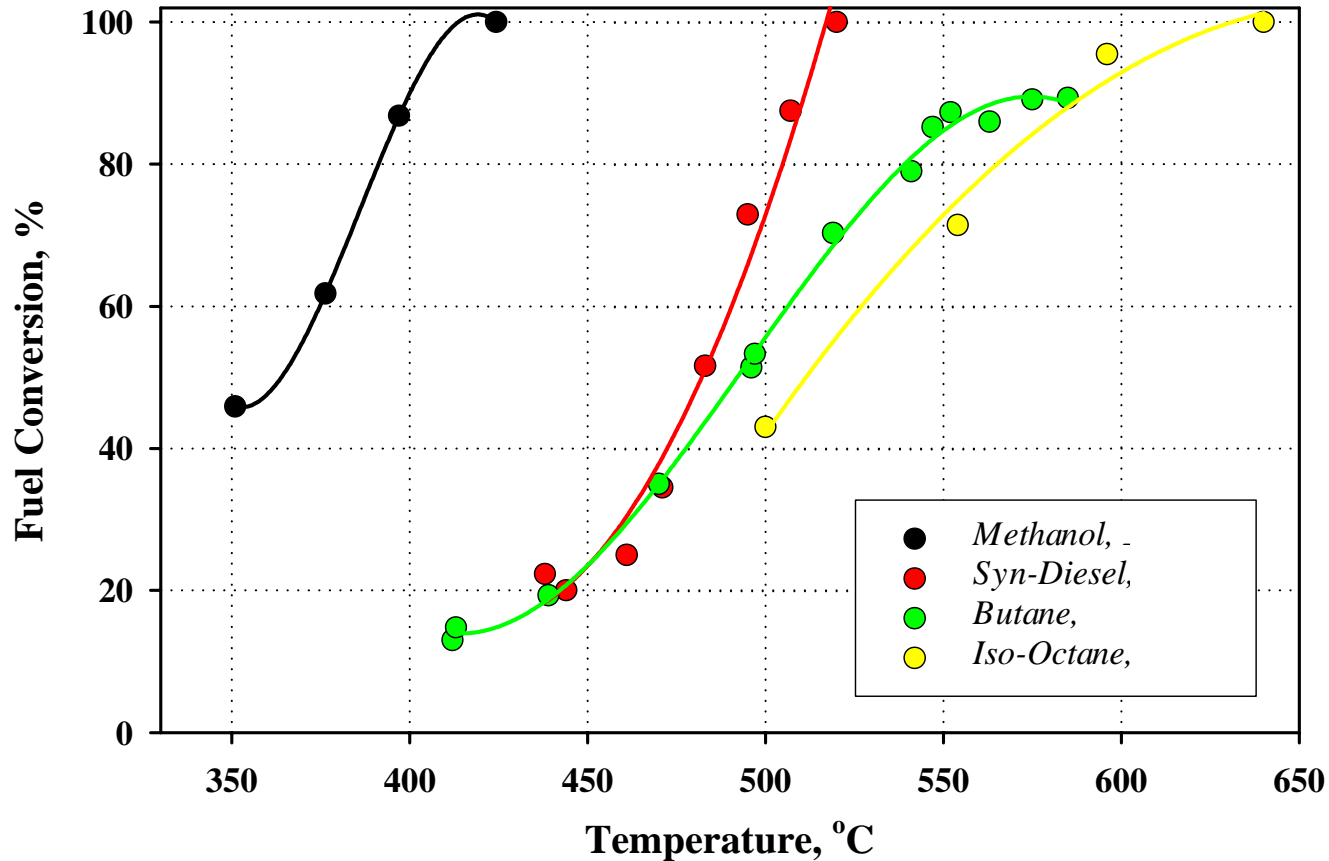
Overall System



Mul ti-Fuel Catalyst Testing- Steam Reforming of Different Fuel s

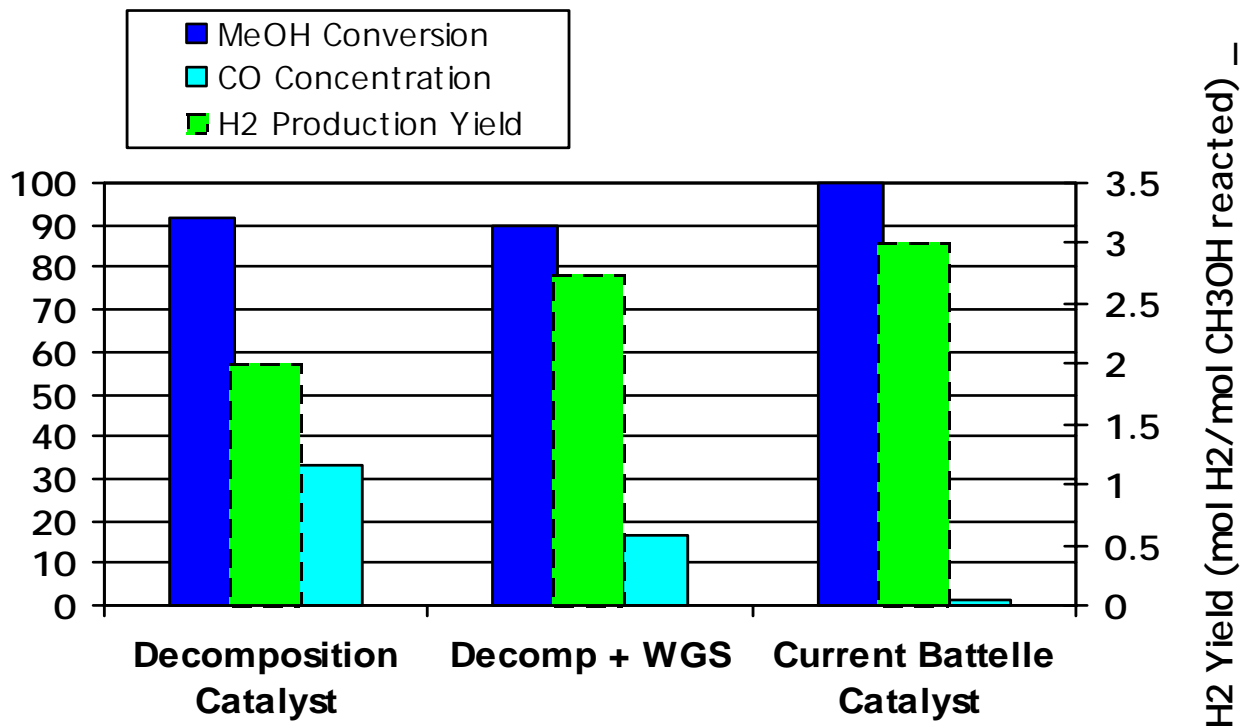
Steam Reforming of Hydrocarbon Fuels

3:1 steam/carbon, 1 atm



Methanol Specific SR Catalyst

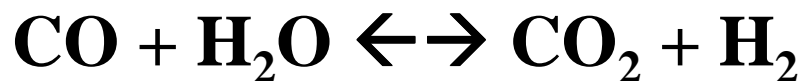
100 ms contact time, $H_2O/C=1.8$, $300^\circ C$ and 1 atm



- ✦ For methanol reforming the H_2 yield is close to theoretical maximum
- ✦ CO concentration (~ 1 vol%, dry gas basis) low enough to eliminate the need for WGS

Methanol Reforming Reactions

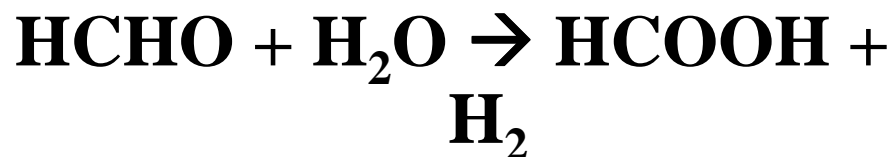
Water-Gas-Shift Pathway



Overall Reaction:



Alternate Pathway



Overall Reaction:



SPP: MeOH Integrated SR and CR Performance

Estimates based on 14 day mission, 1 kg processor/fuel cell

► *Current system (22.4 W_e)*

- *Fuel/water = 6.6 L*
- *System weight = 7.3 kg*
- *Energy density = 1000 W_ehr/kg*
- *Processor efficiency > 75%*
- *Overall efficiency ~ 39%*



Weight= 33.2 g (including tubing)

Volume= 4.6 cc (excluding tubing)

Equivalent Li-ion battery weight at 200 Whr/kg \approx 37.6 kg
(200 Whr/kg is the anticipated Li-ion battery energy density)

SPP: MeOH Integrated SR and CR Base Case Performance

T = 335 °C, P = 1 atm, steam:carbon = 1.8

- ▶ **MeOH conversion = >99%**
- ▶ **Dry gas composition**
 - **H₂ = 73-74%**
 - **CO₂ = 24.5-24.7%**
 - **CO = 1.3-1.5%**
- ▶ **Selectivity**
 - **to H₂ = 100%**
 - **to CO₂ = 95-97%**
 - **to CO = 3-5%**
- ▶ **H₂ Production**
 - **Flow rate = 260 sccm**
 - **Thermal power = 46.7 W_t (LHV of H₂)**
 - **Assumptions**
 - **FC efficiency = 60%**
 - **FC H₂ utilization = 80%**
 - **Electric power = 22.4 W_e**

Soldier Portable Power:

▶ Summary

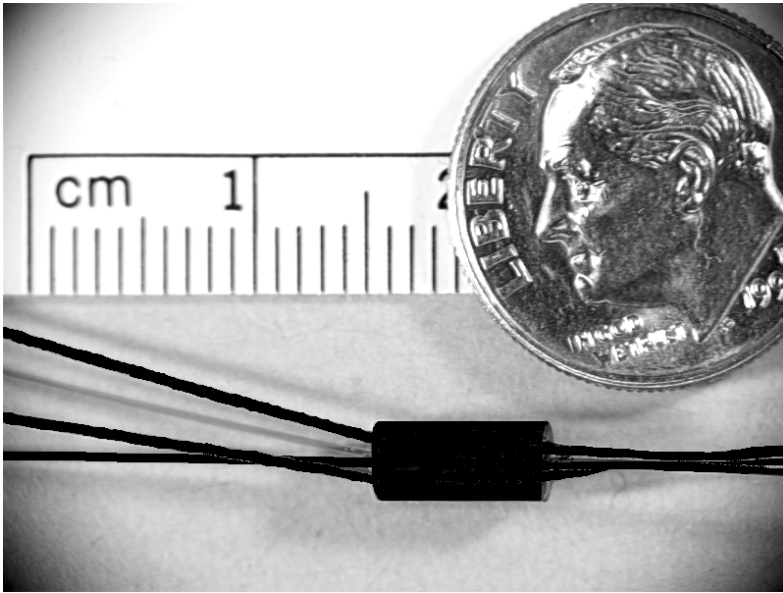
- *Low operating temperature: 350°C*
- *Fuel processor efficiency: >75%*
- *Low CO concentrations out of steam reformer (<1%)*
- *Energy density = 1000 W-hr/kg*
 - *compare to Li-ion battery at ~150-200 W-hr/kg*

▶ Future Work

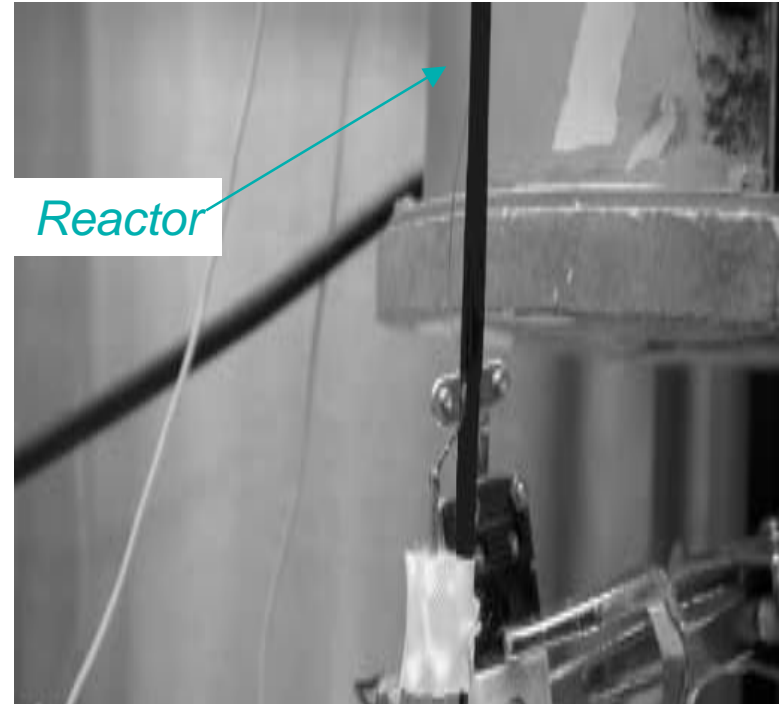
- *Integrated prototype with methanol as fuel*
- *Catalyst life-time testing*
- *CO clean-up*
- *Integration of prototype with fuel cell*
- *Development of synthetic diesel reformer device*

Sub-Watt Power- Fuel Reformer Integrated System

The integrated system included: 2 vaporizers, a heat exchanger, a combustor, and a steam reformer.



The system was mounted inside a larger tube (0.16") for testing.



reformer volume: $<5.0 \text{ mm}^3$

reformer capacity: 200 mW

combustor volume: $<5.0 \text{ mm}^3$

combustor capacity: 3 W

Sub-Watt Power- Initial Results Reforming Reactor

▶ Reactor Output:

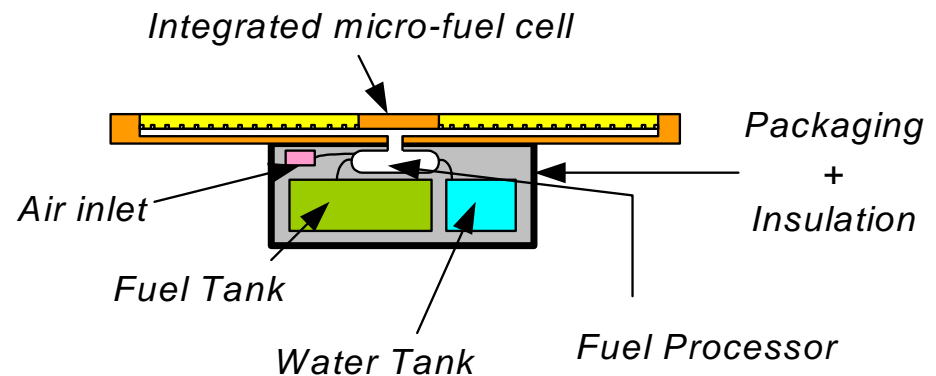
- H_2 flow = 0.1 –1.1 sccm
- Power = 18-200 mW_t
- Efficiency 3%-9%

▶ Estimated electric power output

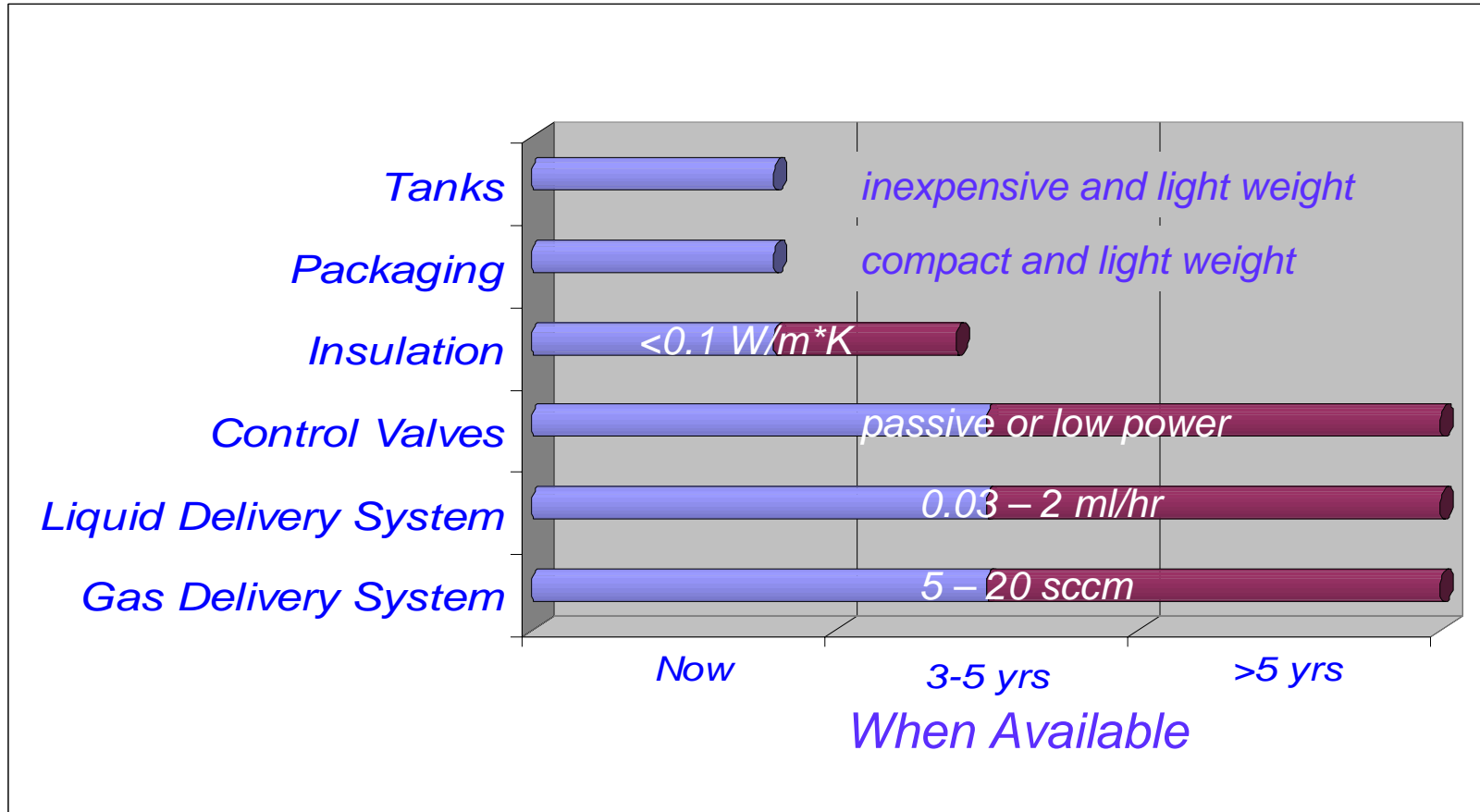
- Assumptions
 - 60% efficient fuel cell
 - 80% H_2 utilization
- Power 9-100 mW_e
- Efficiency 1.5-4%

▶ Reactor Conditions:

- Contact time: 50-300 mS
- Temperature: 300-475° C
- Pressure ~ atmospheric



Sub-Watt Power: "Balance of Plant"



**These systems are available for the man portable power project.*

Sub-Watt Power

Summary

- ▶ *Sub-Watt device developed*
 - *Self-sustaining operation attained*
 - *H₂ flow = 0.1 –1.1 sccm*
 - *Power 18-200 mW_t*
 - *9 % thermal efficiency*
- ▶ *System development begun*

Future Work

- ▶ *Reformer design improvements*
- ▶ *Integration with fuel cell*
- ▶ *System development*
 - *BOP investigation continued*

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