Microchannel Reactors for Automotive Fuel Processors

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Presentation Synopsis

- Compact Fuel Processor
 - Gasoline Vaporizer
 - Water Gas Shift Reaction
- Compact Processes require microtechnology
- Process Commercialization

Compact Fuel Processor: Gasoline vaporizer



- <u>Size</u>: 8 cm by 10 cm by 4 cm
- Capacity: Vaporized gasoline for 50-kW_e fuel processing system (~ 300 mL/min)
- Implications: Complete fuel processor system = 8 Liters

Patent pending

Compact processes need microtechnology

■ Parallel processing of matter

- Reduce heat transfer resistance
- Reduce mass transfer resistance

■ Component efficiency

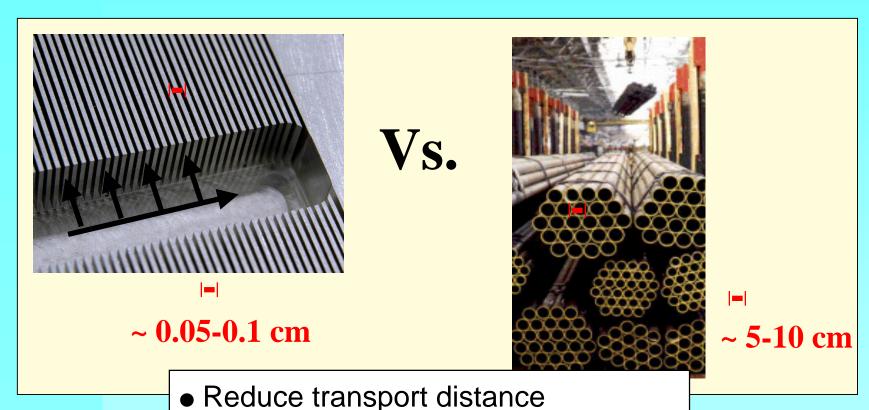
- Microtechnology ~ 90% or better
- Conventional technology < microtechnology

■ Fuel Processor size (50 kW_e)

- Microchannel reactor ~ 8 Liters
- Conventional ~ 10x to 100x larger

Compact Processes:Highly effective Heat Transfer

Reduce heat transfer resistance using microchannels



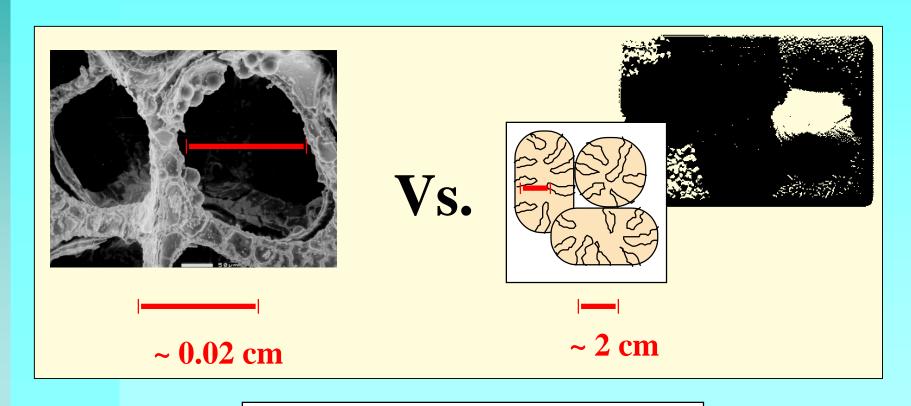
Battelle

High surface area to volume ratio

Low pressure drop through channels

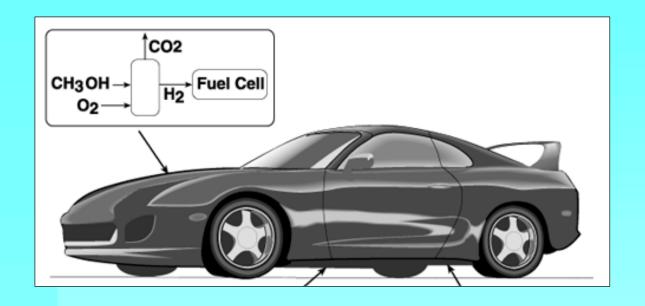
Compact Processes:Highly effective Mass Transfer

Reduce mass transfer resistance with novel catalysts



- Reduce transport distances
- High effectiveness factor

Compact fuel processor: Automotive power



■ Efficiency: 50% vs. 20% for IC engine

■ <u>Issues</u>: Size and cost

■ **Impact**: 58% reduction in CO₂ per mile traveled

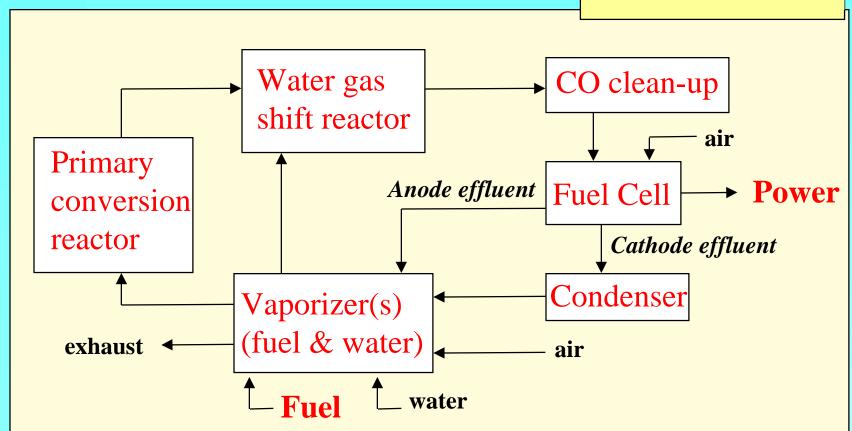
Components: Compact 50kW_e fuel processor

Microtechnology:

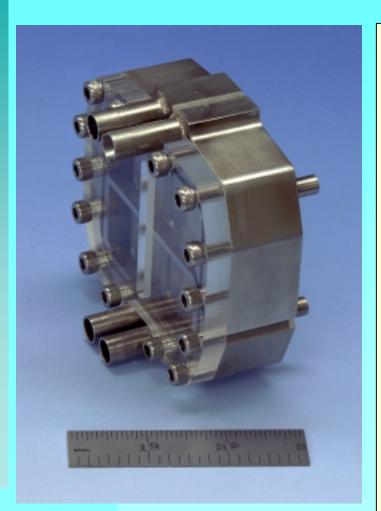
~ 8 liters

Current technology:

> 300 liters

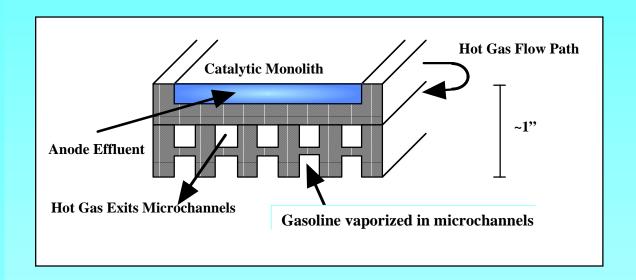


Microchannel Gasoline Vaporizer: Compact 50-kW_e Fuel Processor



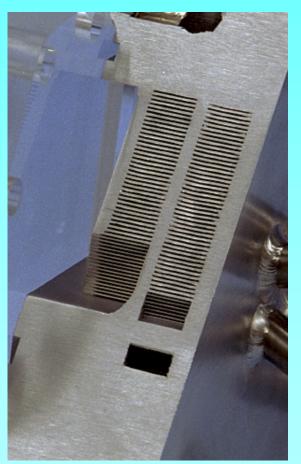
- Attributes: Four parallel cells
- <u>Size</u>: 8 cm by 10 cm by 4 cm
- Capacity: Gasoline (~ 300 mL/min)
- Implications: Complete fuel processor system = 8 Liters
- Fabrication: Laminate process
- Pressure drop: ∆P < 2psi (through microchannels at ~ 1400 SLPM)</p>

Microchannel Gasoline Vaporizer

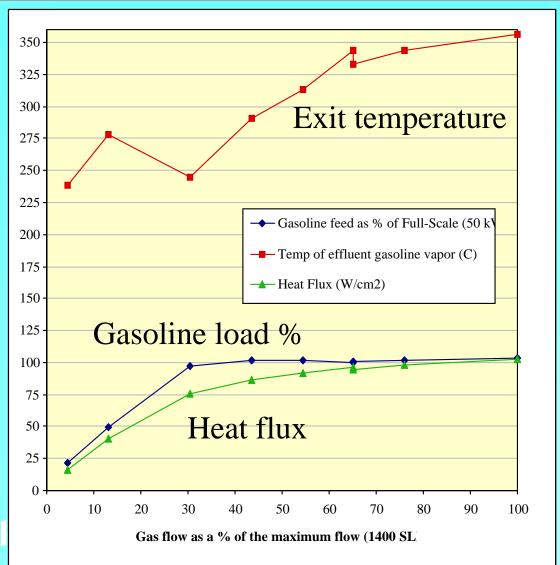


Microchannel Vaporizer





Compact Gasoline Vaporizer: Full-scale Performance



Gasoline vaporized: ~ 300 mL/min

Feed gas (anode effluent + air: ~ 1400 SLPM

Battell

Automotive fuel processor: Compact water gas shift reactor

$$CO + H_2O \Rightarrow CO_2 + H_2$$
 (desired)
 $\Rightarrow CH_4$, $C(s)$ (undesired)

Conventional technology:

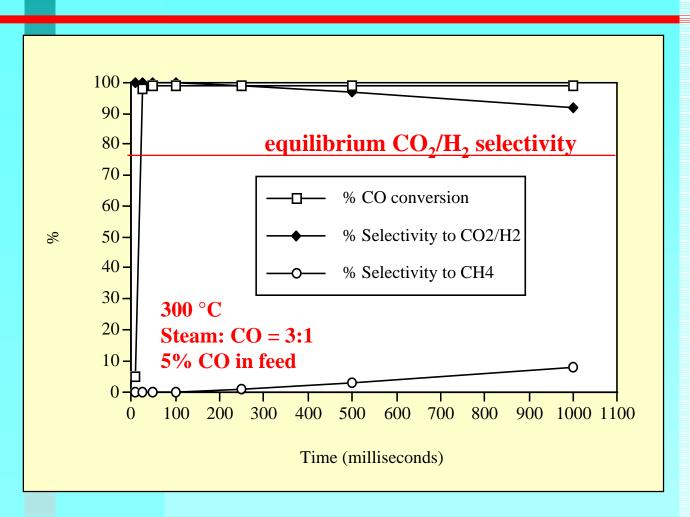
- $\tau = 1 \sec$
- 300 500 C

Compact microtechnology:

Patent pending

- $\tau = 25 \text{ msec}$
- 300 500 C

Compact Water Gas Shift Reaction Performance data

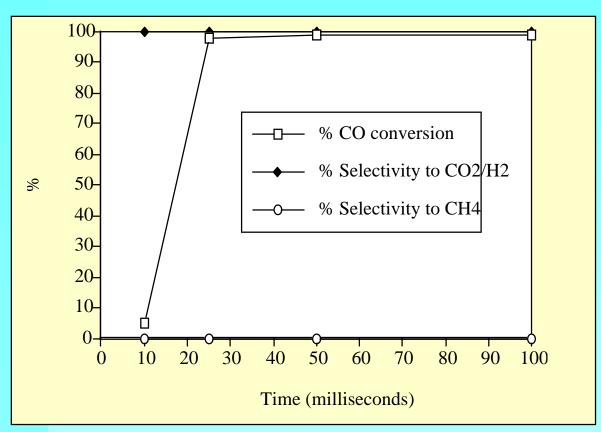


Fast kinetics required for compact process

Non-equilibrium products favored at short contact times

Compact Water Gas Shift Reaction Performance data

At 25 ms, Conversion > 99%, Selectivity ~ 100%





Compact 50-kW_e Fuel Processor

Components

- Vaporizer
- Primary Conversion
- WGS
- CO Cleanup

■ System

- Total ~ 8 L
- Less than 3 laptops

Power density

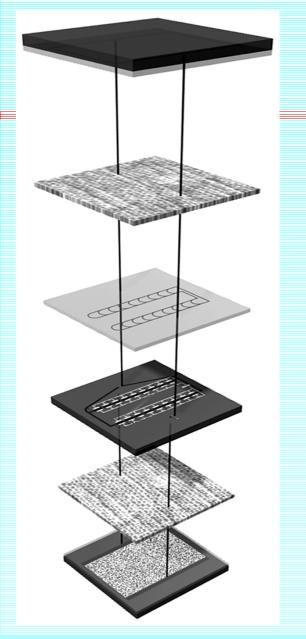
- U.S. target: 0.5 kW_e/L
- PNNL expectation: 6.5 kW_e/L



Commercializing compact processes

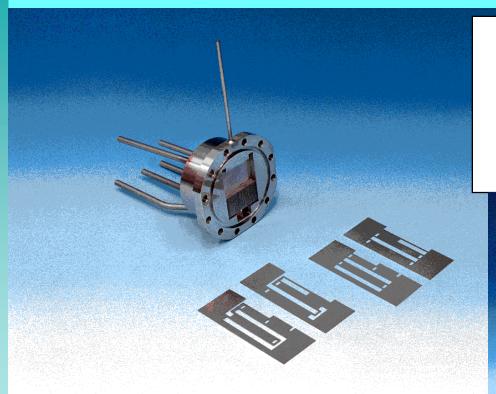
Laminate Sheet Architecture

- Multiple microcomponents per sheet enables scale-up
- Each sheet performs one or more unit operations
- U.S. # 5,611,214 (issued 3/18/97)
- U.S.# 5,811,062 (issued 6/11/98)
- Others pending (U.S. and foreign)

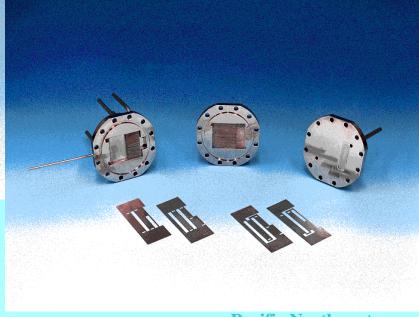


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Commercializing compact processes: Laminate fabrication



Economy of mass production, not economy of scale



Battelle: Leading the way in compact process development

- Demonstrated compact microreactors
- Developing other applications
- Building a portfolio of intellectual property
 - Enabling sheet architecture
 - Catalysts
 - Components & systems
 - Low cost manufacturing methods
- Interested in deploying technology with commercialization partners