NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN, INC.,

New York City, February 11, 1935.

The bational Council of Jewish Women, an organization composed of 40,008 members in 43 States and over 200 cities in the United States, respectfully asks Congress to retain provision for maternal and child care in the economic security measure now under consideration.

Representing an organization whose chief aims include philanthropy, religion, civics, and legislation which affects women and children, we recognize the present great need, and urge the favorable consideration of such measures as will provide the continuation of Federal supervision and aid in maternity and infancy welfare.

N ATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN, Mrs. Arthur Brin, President. GERTRUDE M. SCHLOSS,

National Representative;

AMERICAN NURSES ASSOCIATION, February 9, 1935.

To Senate Finance Committee:

The American Nurses Association wishes to reaffirm its position in support of Federal assistance to mothers and infants as presented in section VII of S. 1130, introduced by Senator Wagner. This association is composed of 110,000 graduate nurses, many of whom are now engaged in public-health nursing in rural communities.

Therefore, we feel that we are in a position to know the value of nursing service, especially for those far removed from centers where such care is more easily

obtained.

Many nursing services formerly operated by State and local health departments, as well as those supported by philanthropic organizations have been discontinued because funds were not available for their support, thus leaving many thousands of mothers and babies without nursing assistance at the most critical period of their existence. **We,** therefore, trust that the bill will include section VII when reported out by the committee.

Respectfully submitted.

Susan C. **Francis,**President American Nurses Association.

Women's Homeopathic Medical Fraternity,

January 28, 1935.

To the Members of the United States Senate Finance Committee:

This is to certify that the Women's Homeopathic Medical Fraternity, which is one of the member organizations of the Women's Joint Congressional Committee, urges the passage of Senate bill 1130, the part of it which refers to maternal and child health. This organization is anxious to preserve freedom of pregnant women and mothers to choose the medical treatment they prefer, but is in accord with the bill in respect to financial and sanitary aid.

JULIA MINERVA GREEN, M. D., Delegate, Homeopathic Medical Fraternity.

Senator Barkley. I do not know whether this has been put in the record or not,, but if not, I think it ought to be included. I would like to know whether there has been any change in the ratio of deaths among children and mothers since the National Government ceased to make this contribution to the infant fund?

Mrs. Baldwin. Senator Barkley, I cannot give you the exact figures, but I have read just recently that there is a change, and I know the Children's Bureau will be only too glad to give you those figures.

Senator Lonergan. I would like to ask the witness a question. Has your organization made a survey in each State as to the location of visiting nurses and doctors, in the agricultural territories?