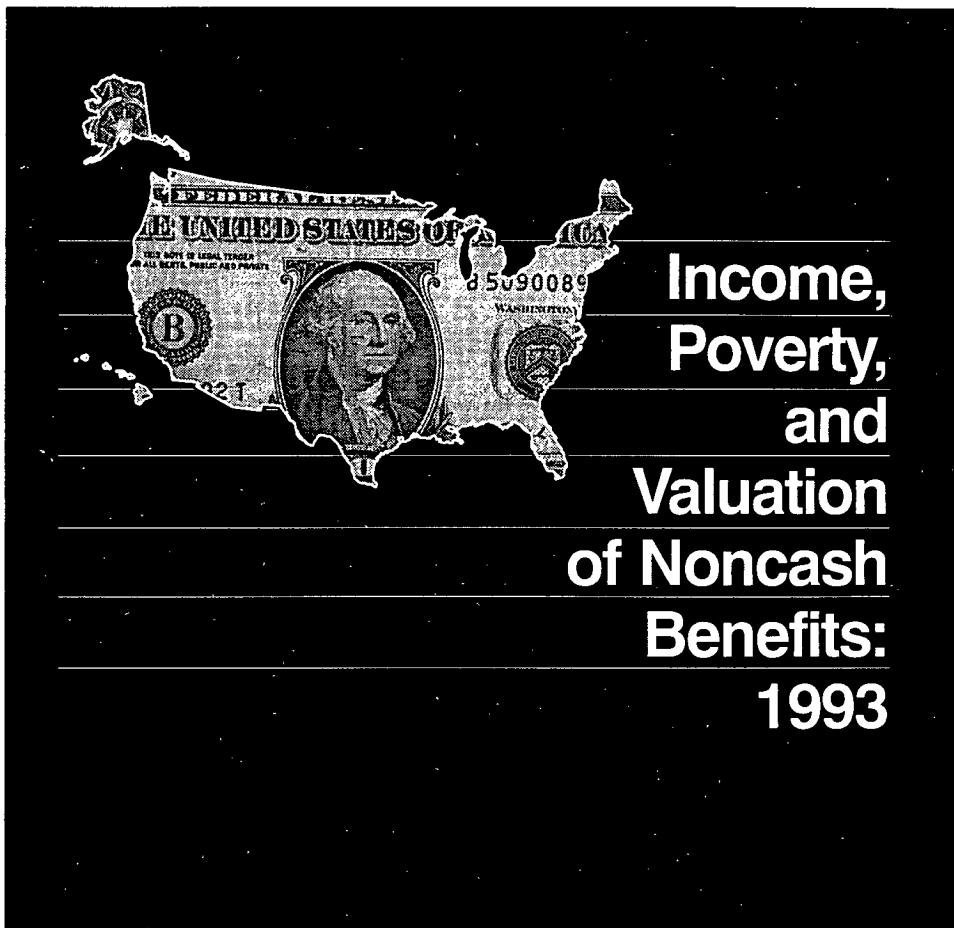


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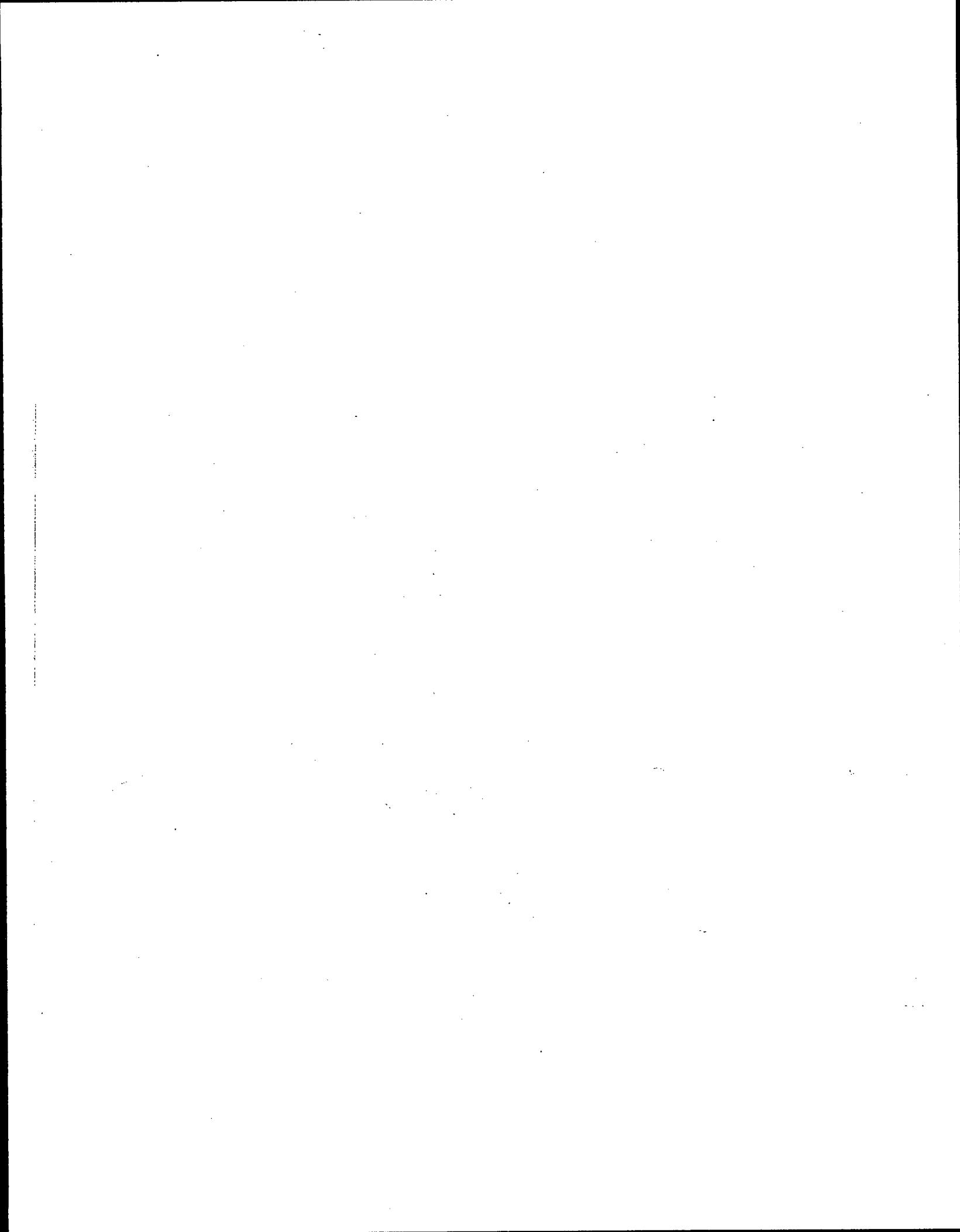
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Income, Poverty, and Valuation of Noncash Benefits: 1993

NOTE: The estimates in this report for 1993 are based on civilian noninstitutional population benchmarks established by the 1990 decennial census and adjusted for the estimated census undercount. Reports for income years 1980 through 1992 used population estimates based on the 1980 decennial census. Previously published data for 1992 and 1989 have been revised using the 1990 census population controls to improve their comparability with the 1993 estimates; these data are denoted as "1992" and "1989" in the tables. (Data controlled to 1980 census-based estimates are not denoted with an "r.") All references to changes between 1989 or 1992 and 1993 in the text and tables are based on comparisons between the revised estimates. Details concerning the introduction of the new 1990 census adjusted controls can be found in Appendix B, "Introduction of 1990 Census Population Controls."

The March 1994 Current Population Survey (CPS) income and demographic supplement is the first to use computer-assisted survey information collection (CASIC) technology for its entire data collection process (CASIC was introduced for monthly labor force data collection in January 1994). Inconsistencies between 1994 CPS and earlier data were discovered in the data review process. As a result, 5,422 cases were identified for reinterview in August to investigate the extent and nature of the problem. The results of the reinterview and the consequent modifications to the edit and allocation procedures used for the March 1994 CPS supplement are discussed in Appendix C, "Conversion to a Computer-Assisted Questionnaire." The conversion to a completely computer-assisted data collection environment represents a major break in the March CPS data series. As a result, data from the March 1994 CPS are not strictly comparable to earlier years. Though comparisons to data from earlier years are made in this report, caution should be used in interpreting these results. In other words, noneconomic events may be the source of the economic changes observed.

All demographic surveys, including the CPS, suffer from undercoverage of the population. This undercoverage results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared to the level of the 1990 Decennial Census, overall CPS undercoverage is about 8 percent. Undercoverage varies with age, sex, and race. For some groups, such as 20 to 24 year old Black males, the undercoverage is as high as

about 29 percent. The weighting procedures used by the Census Bureau partially correct for the bias due to undercoverage. However, its final impact on estimates is unknown. For details, see appendix E.

INTRODUCTION

This report presents data on the income and poverty status of households, families, and persons in the United States for the calendar year 1993. These data were compiled from information collected in the March 1994 CPS conducted by the Bureau of the Census. The survey consisted of approximately 60,000 households nationwide.

This report begins with a section discussing household income followed by discussions of the earnings of year-round, full-time workers, per capita income, income inequality, and State income data. The second section of this report presents poverty data cross-classified by various demographic characteristics such as age, race, Hispanic origin, and family relationship, including poverty estimates for States. The report concludes with a section entitled "Valuation of Noncash Benefits," which examines the effects of taxes, government transfers, and various noncash benefits on income and poverty estimates under 15 alternative (experimental) definitions of income.

The official income and poverty estimates are based solely on money income before taxes and do not include the value of noncash benefits such as food stamps, Medicare, Medicaid, public housing, and employer provided fringe benefits. The "Valuation of Noncash Benefits" section of this report discusses the effect of taxes and noncash benefits on income and poverty. These data were also derived from information collected in the March 1994 CPS along with data from other sources such as the Internal Revenue Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Health Care Financing Administration.

USER COMMENTS

This report is significantly smaller than previous reports in this series. We are willing to revise the table composition in response to user comments. Unpublished tabulations are available at the address below for

the cost of photocopying only. Historical time-series tables are also available on the INTERNET (gopher census.gov).

We are interested in your reaction to the usefulness of the information provided in this report. We welcome your recommendations for improving our survey work. If you have suggestions or comments, please fill out the questionnaire at the beginning of this report or write to:

Charles T. Nelson
Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division
U.S. Bureau of the Census
Washington, D.C. 20233-8500

HIGHLIGHTS

(The figures in parentheses denote 90-percent confidence intervals.)

Income

- The median household income of the United States declined by 1.0 (± 0.9) percent in real terms between 1992 and 1993.¹

The median household income in 1993 was \$31,241 ($\pm \240) compared to an inflation-adjusted 1992 median of \$31,553 ($\pm \245). Although the most recent recessionary period ended in March 1991, household income has not yet recovered to its pre-recessionary level of \$33,585 ($\pm \305) in 1989 (in 1993 dollars), a decline of 7.0 (± 1.1) percent.

- Households located in the central cities of large metropolitan areas (metropolitan areas of one million or more) experienced a 3.2 (± 2.1) percent decline in real income between 1992 and 1993, from \$27,498 ($\pm \502) to \$26,622 ($\pm \507). These households have experienced a continuous decline in real annual income since 1989, falling 12.0 (± 2.3) percent.
- Overall, family households experienced a decline in real median household income of 1.6 (± 1.0) percent between 1992 and 1993, declining from \$38,098 ($\pm \309) to \$37,484 ($\pm \342). In comparison, nonfamily households experienced a 3.4 (± 2.3) percent increase between 1992 and 1993 after having experienced 2 years of declines.
- Median household income by race and Hispanic origin remained unchanged in real terms between 1992 and 1993. Between 1989 and 1993, the real median household incomes for all the race and Hispanic origin groups declined.

- The real median earnings of year-round, full-time workers, 15 years old and over, declined for males and females alike between 1992 and 1993. The median earnings of males declined by 2.2 (± 0.7) percent, from \$31,101 ($\pm \191) to \$30,407 ($\pm \192), while the decline in earnings for females was 1.2 (± 0.9) percent, from \$22,015 ($\pm \173) to \$21,747 ($\pm \156).² The ratio of female-to-male earnings was 0.72 (± 0.01) in 1993, comparable with the all-time high reached in 1990.
- Based on the 2-year averages of 1991-1992 and 1992-1993, real median household income declined significantly for the District of Columbia and three States: Connecticut, New York, and South Carolina. The same type of comparison shows that the median household income increased for three States: Georgia, Idaho, and Utah. The median household income for the remaining 44 States did not change significantly.
- Comparing the income among the States using the 3-year average of 1991-1993 shows that the median household incomes of Alaska, Connecticut, and Hawaii, although not statistically different from that of New Jersey, were higher than the incomes of the remaining 46 States and the District of Columbia.
- The median household income of Mississippi, although not statistically different from that of West Virginia, was lower than the incomes of the remaining 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Poverty

- The number of persons below the official government poverty level was 39.3 (± 0.9) million in 1993, a figure 1.3 million higher than the 38.0 (± 0.9) million poor in 1992 and 6.9 million higher than the 32.4 (± 0.8) million poor in 1989.
- The poverty rate was 15.1 (± 0.3) percent in 1993, not significantly different from the 14.8 (± 0.3) percent poverty rate in 1992, but higher than the 1989 rate of 13.1 (± 0.3) percent.
- While the poverty rate for children 22.7 (± 0.7) percent remained higher than that of other age groups, there was no significant change in their rate between 1992 and 1993.
- There was no significant change between 1992 and 1993 in the poverty rates for Whites, Blacks, persons of Hispanic origin, or Asians and Pacific Islanders. However, the number of poor persons was higher for Whites, 26.2 (± 0.8) million, and Hispanics, 8.1 (± 0.4) million.

¹Changes in real income refer to comparisons after adjusting for inflation. The percentage changes in prices between earlier years and 1993 were computed by dividing the annual average Consumer Price Index (CPI-U-X1) for 1993 by the annual average for earlier years. See table A-1 in appendix A for the CPI-U-X1's from 1947 to 1993.

²The difference between the decline in the earnings of males and females was not statistically significant.

- There was no significant change in the number of poor families between 1992 and 1993. In 1993, there were 8.4 (± 0.3) million poor families, resulting in a poverty rate of 12.3 (± 0.3) percent.
- In 1993, the incomes of poor families were, on average, \$5,960 ($\pm \110) below their respective poverty thresholds; not statistically different from the 1992 figure of \$5,944 ($\pm \114) (in 1993 dollars).
- Based on the 3-year average 1991-1993, the poverty rate for Mississippi, although not statistically different from that in Louisiana and the District of Columbia was higher than the rate in the remaining 48 States.
- Based on the 2-year averages of 1991-1992 and 1992-1993, the poverty rate increased in California, Louisiana, and the District of Columbia and fell in New Mexico.

Valuation of Noncash Benefits

- The use of a fully adjusted income definition, that is, one that includes the effect of taxes and noncash benefits lowered the Gini index, a measure of income inequality, by 11.2 (± 1.0) percent (from .448 to .398), indicating a more equal distribution of income than under the official money income definition. Government transfers have a much more significant effect than taxes on redistributing income.
- Based on the official money income definition, the median income of Black households was 59.3 (± 2.0) percent of the White median income in 1993. The use of a definition of income that has been broadened to include the effect of taxes and noncash benefits results in a ratio of 65.4 (± 1.5) percent. The ratio for households with a householder of Hispanic origin went from 69.4 (± 2.4) percent under the official definition, to 75.1 (± 1.9) percent based on the broadened definition.
- Analysis of the incremental effect of adding or subtracting income sources show that when the current income measure was modified to exclude government money transfers (definition 2), the number of persons below the poverty level rose sharply from 39.3 (± 0.9) million to 60.6 (± 1.1) million and the poverty rate rose from 15.1 (± 0.4) to 23.4 (± 0.4) percent.
- The effect of adding means-tested cash transfers (primarily Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) and Supplemental Security Income(SSI)) was small compared with nonmeans-tested cash transfers. The addition of means-tested cash transfers to an income definition that included private sector income and government nonmeans-tested cash transfers, reduced the estimate of persons in poverty by 2.9 (± 0.9) million. The poverty rate was reduced by

1.1 (± 0.4) percentage points compared to a decline of 18.4 (± 1.1) million, and the poverty rate decreased by 7.1 (± 0.4) percentage points for nonmeans-tested cash transfers.

INCOME

The median income of households in the United States declined by 1.0 percent in real terms between 1992 and 1993 (see tables A and 1). The median household income in 1993 was \$31,241 compared with an inflation-adjusted 1992 median of \$31,553. Although the most recent recessionary period ended in March 1991, household income has not yet recovered to its 1989 pre-recessionary peak of \$33,585 (in 1993 dollars). Real median household income has declined 7.0 percent since 1989 (see tables A and 1).

Region

Significant changes in real median household income between 1992 and 1993 were not evident for any of the four regions (see tables A and 1). Among the regions, the Northeast and West regions had the highest median household incomes (\$33,747 and \$33,739, respectively), followed by the Midwest with a median household income of \$31,400, and the South with an income of \$28,441.³

Between 1989 and 1993, all regions experienced significant declines in real median household income. The largest decline was experienced by households in the Northeast. Specifically, median household income of the Northeast declined by 11.0 percent, the Midwest by 6.0 percent, the South by 5.5 percent, and the West by 6.5 percent.⁴

Residence

Households located in central cities of large metropolitan areas (metropolitan areas of one million or more) were the only households to experience a decline in real income between 1992 and 1993 (see tables A and 1). The median income of these households declined by 3.2 percent between 1992 and 1993, from \$27,498 to \$26,622. In comparison, the median income of households located in the suburbs of large metropolitan areas, \$41,211, and that of households located outside metropolitan areas, \$25,309, did not change. Households located outside metropolitan areas have not experienced a significant annual change in real median income since 1986.

³The difference between the median household incomes of the Northeast and West regions was not statistically significant.

⁴The differences between the 1989-1993 declines in median household incomes of the Midwest, South, and West regions were not statistically significant.

Table A. Comparison of Income Summary Measures by Selected Characteristics: 1989, 1992, and 1993

[Households, families, and persons as of March 1994. Income data for 1993 based on new income upper limits, see appendix C for more details]

Characteristic	1993		Median income (in 1993 dollars)		Percent change in real income 1993 to 1992	Percent change in real income 1993 to 1989
	Number (thousands)	Median income (dollars)	1992 ^r	1989 ^r		
HOUSEHOLDS						
All households	97,107	\$31,241	\$31,553	\$33,585	*-1.0	*-7.0
Region						
Northeast	19,470	33,747	33,987	37,924	-0.7	*-11.0
Midwest	23,385	31,400	31,726	33,407	-1.0	*-6.0
South	33,904	28,441	28,436	30,082	-	*-5.5
West	20,347	33,739	34,322	36,085	-1.7	*-6.5
Residence						
Inside metropolitan areas	75,579	33,220	33,447	36,148	-0.7	*-8.1
1 million or more	47,783	35,240	35,830	38,468	*-1.6	*-8.4
Inside central cities	18,639	26,622	27,498	30,260	*-3.2	*-12.0
Outside central cities	29,145	41,211	41,524	44,745	-0.8	*-7.9
Under 1 million	27,795	30,642	30,666	32,284	-0.1	*-5.1
Inside central cities	11,751	26,433	26,814	28,982	-1.4	*-8.8
Outside central cities	16,045	33,642	33,160	35,373	1.5	*-4.9
Outside metropolitan areas	21,528	25,309	25,644	26,057	-1.3	-2.9
Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder						
White	82,387	32,960	33,173	35,329	-0.6	*-6.7
White, not Hispanic	75,697	34,173	34,287	36,162	-0.3	*-5.5
Black	11,281	19,532	19,316	21,232	1.1	*-8.0
Other races	3,439	31,403	33,152	36,343	-5.3	*-13.6
Asian and Pacific Islander	2,233	38,347	38,933	41,964	-1.5	*-8.6
Hispanic origin ¹	7,362	22,886	23,273	25,382	-1.7	*-9.8
Age of Householder						
15 to 24 years	5,265	19,333	18,192	21,632	*6.3	*-10.6
25 to 34 years	19,717	31,281	32,174	34,610	*-2.8	*-9.6
35 to 44 years	22,293	40,862	41,046	43,714	-0.4	*-6.5
45 to 54 years	16,837	46,207	45,766	48,381	1.0	*-4.5
55 to 64 years	12,188	33,474	35,011	35,964	*-4.4	*-6.9
65 years and over	20,806	17,751	17,648	18,368	0.6	*-3.4
FAMILIES						
All families	68,506	36,959	37,668	39,696	*-1.9	*-6.9
Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder						
White	57,881	39,300	39,828	41,785	*-1.3	*-5.9
Black	7,993	21,542	21,735	23,562	-0.9	*-8.6
Hispanic origin ¹	5,946	23,654	24,260	26,981	-2.5	*-12.3
Type of Family						
All races:						
Married-couple families	53,181	43,005	43,144	44,810	-0.3	*-4.0
Female householder, no husband present	12,411	17,443	17,535	18,988	-0.5	*-8.1
White:						
Married-couple families	47,452	43,675	43,776	45,566	-0.2	*-4.2
Female householder, no husband present	8,131	20,000	20,518	21,900	-2.5	*-8.7
Black:						
Married-couple families	3,715	35,218	35,353	35,891	-0.4	-1.9
Female householder, no husband present	3,828	11,909	12,199	13,508	-2.4	*-11.8
Hispanic origin ¹ :						
Married-couple families	4,038	28,454	29,030	31,655	-2.0	*-10.1
Female householder, no husband present	1,498	12,047	13,084	13,512	*-7.9	*-10.8
EARNINGS OF YEAR-ROUND, FULL-TIME WORKERS						
Male	49,818	30,407	31,101	31,672	*-2.2	*-4.0
Female	33,524	21,747	22,015	21,821	*-1.2	-0.3
PER CAPITA INCOME²						
All races	259,753	15,574	15,291	16,205	*1.8	*-3.9
White	215,221	16,576	16,258	17,185	*2.0	*-3.5
Black	33,040	9,806	9,516	10,112	3.1	-3.0
Hispanic origin ¹	26,646	8,771	8,848	9,547	-0.9	*-8.1

*Statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level.

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

²Data based on old income upper limits, see appendix C for more details.

Households located in central cities of large metropolitan areas have experienced a continuous decline in annual income since 1989. The real median income of these households declined by 12.0 percent from \$30,260 in 1989 to \$26,622 in 1993. Although a continuous decline in real median household income is not evident for the remaining types of metropolitan-nonmetropolitan residence, their 1993 levels remain significantly lower than their 1989 levels (except for those located outside metropolitan areas).

Type of Household

Change in real median household income between 1992 and 1993 varied by type of household (see table 1). Overall, family households experienced a decline in real median income of 1.6 percent. In comparison, nonfamily households experienced a 3.4 percent increase in median income between 1992 and 1993. The increase, however, was not enough to offset 2 previous years of declines. The median income of nonfamily households in 1993 was 5.6 percent below their 1989 peak (family households have experienced a decline of 6.7 percent in that same period).⁵

A change in median household income was not evident for any of the individual family household subgroups (family households maintained by married couples, males with no wife present, etc.). For nonfamily households, the increase in income was concentrated in households maintained by male householders living alone.

Age of Householder

Households with householders 15 to 24 years old were the only group to experience a significant increase in real median household income between 1992 and 1993, while those with householders over the age of 24 experienced either no change or a decline (see tables A and 1). Specifically, those with householders 15 to 24 years old experienced a 6.3 percent increase in real median household income. In contrast, those with householders 25 to 34 years old experienced a 2.8 percent decline, and those 55 to 64 years old experienced a 4.4 percent decline.⁶ The median income of households with householders in each of the other age groups remained unchanged in real terms between 1992 and 1993.

⁵The difference between the 1989-1993 declines in median household income of family and nonfamily households is not statistically significant.

⁶The difference between the percent change in median household income of householders 25 to 34 years old and those 55 to 64 years old was not statistically significant.

Race and Hispanic Origin

Median household income by race and Hispanic origin remained unchanged in real terms between 1992 and 1993 (see tables A and 1). In 1993, the median household income of White households was \$32,960, for Black households it was \$19,532, for Asian and Pacific Islander households it was \$38,347, and for households maintained by a householder of Hispanic origin the median income was \$22,886. (Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.) The median income of households maintained by White, not Hispanic-origin persons, \$34,173 also remained unchanged.⁷ The Asian and Pacific Islander population, like the Hispanic population, is comprised of many distinct groups who differ in socio-economic characteristics, culture, and recency of immigration. Since there are differences among the individual groups, caution should be exercised when interpreting aggregate data for these population groups. In addition, discussion of income estimates from the CPS for the Asian and Pacific Islander population is currently restricted to household income because of limited sample sizes. Generalized references regarding differences among the race groups in the remainder of the report should not be interpreted as referring to the Asian and Pacific Islander population.

The real median household incomes for all the race and Hispanic-origin groups remain lower in 1993 than in 1989. The median income of White households remains 6.7 percent lower; Black households 8.0 percent lower; Asian and Pacific Islander households 8.6 percent lower; Hispanic-origin households 9.8 percent lower; and White, not Hispanic households 5.5 percent lower.⁸

Year-Round, Full-Time Workers

The real median earnings of year-round, full-time workers 15 years old and over declined for males and females alike between 1992 and 1993 (see tables A and 5). The median earnings of males declined by 2.2 percent from \$31,101 in 1992 to \$30,407 in 1993; the decline in earnings for females was 1.2 percent, from \$22,015 in 1992 to \$21,747 in 1993.⁹ The female-to-male earnings ratio in 1993 was unchanged at .72, remaining comparable with the all-time high reached in 1990.

Per Capita Income

The per capita income for all persons increased by 1.8 percent between 1992 and 1993, after adjusting for

⁷Detailed tabulations on the income characteristics of the White, not Hispanic population can be obtained by contacting the Income Statistics Branch, Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

⁸Except for the difference between the changes in the median incomes of Hispanic and White, not Hispanic households, the differences between the changes are not statistically significant.

⁹The difference was not statistically significant between the percent decline in the earnings of males and females.

inflation, to \$15,574.¹⁰ A similar change was evident for the per capita income of the White population, increasing by 2.0 percent to \$16,576 in 1993. The per capita income of the Black and Hispanic origin populations, however, remained unchanged. The 1993 per capita income of the Black population was \$9,806, for Hispanics it was \$8,771.¹¹

Between 1989 and 1993, the real per capita income of the overall population and the White and Hispanic origin populations declined. The per capita income of the Black population remained unchanged. The per capita income of the overall population declined by 3.9 percent, for Whites by 3.5 percent, and for Hispanics the decline was 8.1 percent. (The difference between the total and White declines is not statistically significant.)

Income Inequality

Several methods are used to measure income inequality. Traditionally, the Census Bureau uses two of the more common methods: the shares of aggregate income received by households (or other income recipient units) and the Gini index (or index of income concentration). In the shares approach, households are ranked from lowest to highest on the basis of income and then divided into equal population groups, typically quintiles. The aggregate income of each group is then divided by the overall aggregate income to derive shares. The Gini index incorporates more detailed shares data into a

single statistic which summarizes the dispersion of the income shares across the whole income distribution. The Gini index ranges from 0, indicating perfect equality (where everyone receives an equal share), to 1, perfect inequality (where all the income is received by only one recipient).

Generally, the long-term trend has been toward increasing income inequality. Since 1968, the share of aggregate household income controlled by the lowest income quintile has decreased from 4.2 percent to 3.6 percent in 1993, while the share to the highest quintile increased from 42.8 percent to 48.2 percent (see figure 1).¹² Most noticeably, the share of income controlled by the top 5 percent of households has increased from 16.6 percent to 20.0 percent. Over the same time period, the Gini index rose 15 percent to its 1993 level of .447.

Inequality measures such as shares of aggregate or the Gini index are particularly sensitive to changes in data collection methods. A change that may only affect a relatively small number of cases (especially those in the upper end of the income distribution) can affect these measures while having virtually no impact on medians or poverty estimates. The transition to a computer-assisted interviewing environment in March 1994 appears to have had an effect on the comparability of this year's inequality measures to last year's. While all year-to-year changes discussed in this report should be viewed with caution, users should be particularly cautious when interpreting changes in inequality between 1992 and 1993.

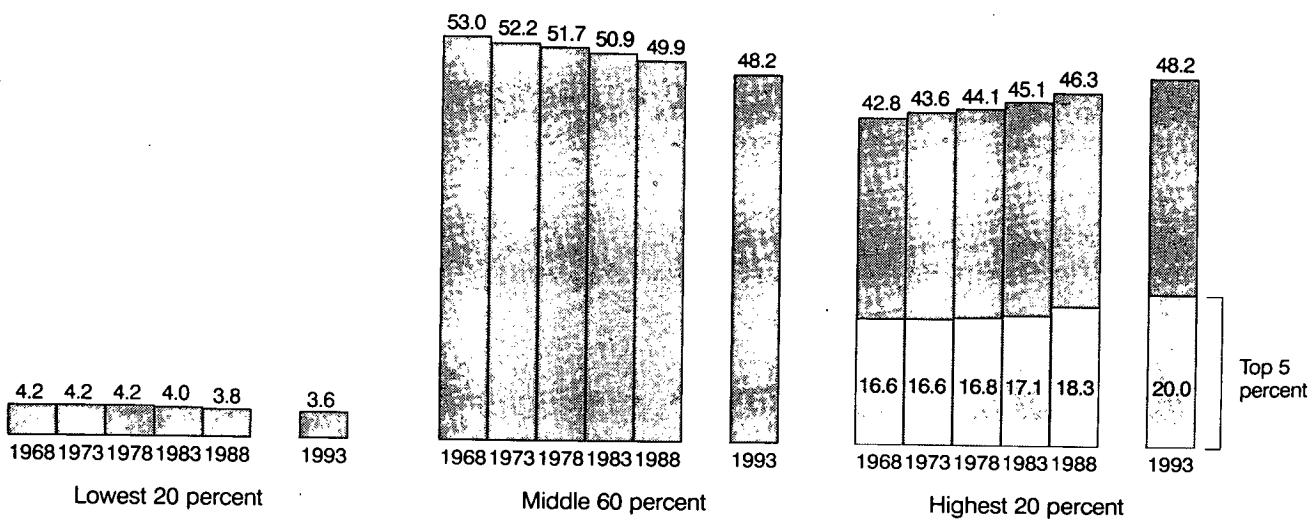
¹⁰The per capita estimates for 1993 discussed in this section are based on reported income data top-coded to levels comparable with 1992.

¹¹The difference between the change in per capita income for the total and White populations was not statistically significant.

¹²The inequality estimates for 1993 discussed in this section are based on reported income data top-coded to levels comparable with 1992.

Figure 1.
Share of Aggregate Household Income, by Quintile: 1968 to 1993

(In percent)



Comparing the shares of aggregate income received by quintile between 1992 and 1993 would suggest that the amount of inequality in the income distributions of households increased. A significant decline in the share of aggregate income, as measured, was evident for the first, second, and third quintiles. In contrast, an increase was suggested in the share for the fifth quintile. There was no change in the fourth quintile. In 1993, households in the first, second, third, and fourth quintiles received 3.6 percent, 9.1 percent, 15.3 percent, and 23.8 percent of the aggregate household income. In 1992, the comparable shares were 3.8 percent, 9.4 percent, 15.8 percent, and 24.2 percent, respectively. In 1993 the fifth quintile received 48.2 percent compared with 46.9 percent in 1992.

Between 1992 and 1993, the Gini index also indicates that, overall, the amount of inequality in the income distributions of households has increased. In 1993, the Gini index for households was .447, significantly higher than the 1992 Gini index of .434. Again, these changes in measured income distribution are likely due in some part, perhaps large part, to the change in data collection methods.

State Income Data

Table B of this report shows information on median household income by State. These data are being made available to meet the large number of requests received from data users for subnational income estimates. The CPS is designed to collect reliable data on income primarily at the national level and secondarily at the regional level. When the income data are tabulated by State and metropolitan area, the estimates are considered less reliable and, therefore, particular caution should be used when trying to interpret the results. To reduce the chances of misinterpreting annual changes in State and metropolitan area income estimates, the Census Bureau chose to evaluate changes based on 2-year averages.

Median income of households and the respective standard errors for States and the Los Angeles and New York Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSA's) for 1991, 1992, and 1993 (in 1993 constant dollars) are shown in table B. This table also includes two 2-year averages of median household income, for 1991-1992 and 1992-1993 along with the numerical differences and percent changes between the 2-year averages by State.

Based on the two 2-year averages, real median household income declined significantly for the District of Columbia and three States: Connecticut, New York, and South Carolina (see table B). The same type of comparison shows that the median household income increased for three States: Georgia, Idaho, and Utah. The median household income for the remaining 44 States did not change significantly.

The Bureau also chose to use 3-year averages to evaluate the relative standing of each State. This was done, again, to reduce the chances of misinterpreting the results. Comparing the income among the States using the 3-year average of 1991-1993 shows that the median household incomes of Alaska, Connecticut, and Hawaii, although not statistically different from that of New Jersey, were higher than the incomes of the remaining 46 States and the District of Columbia. Conversely, the median household income of Mississippi, although not statistically different from that of West Virginia, was lower than the incomes of the remaining 48 States and the District of Columbia. The relative standing of the remaining States and the District of Columbia is less clear because of sampling variability surrounding the estimates.

POVERTY

The number of persons below the official government poverty level was 39.3 million in 1993, representing 15.1 percent of the Nation's population. While the number of poor showed a statistically significant rise from the corresponding 1992 figure of 38.0 million poor, the percentage of the population below the poverty level was unchanged. The poverty rate for 1993 is significantly higher than the revised 1989 estimate of 13.1 percent. Figure 2 shows poverty rates and the number of poor persons from 1959 to 1993 and includes revised 1992 estimates based on the 1990 population controls.

Age

In 1993, the poverty rate for all children under 18 was 22.7 percent, 12.4 percent for persons 18 to 64 years of age, and a similar percentage (12.2 percent) for the elderly. Half of the Nation's poor in 1993 were either children under 18 years or elderly. Table C indicates a statistically significant increase in both number and poverty rate for persons age 25 to 54 and a decline¹³ in the poverty rate for those 65 years of age and over between 1992 and 1993. Significant increases in the poverty rate were found between 1989 and 1993 for all age groups except persons aged 55 to 59.

The elderly are underrepresented in the poverty population. Persons 65 and over are approximately 11.9 percent of the total population but make up only 9.6 percent of the poor. However, a higher proportion of elderly (7.5 percent) than nonelderly (4.5 percent) were concentrated just over their respective poverty thresholds (between 100 percent and 125 percent of their thresholds), 18.5 percent of the Nation's 12.5 million "near poor" persons were elderly (see table E).

¹³The decline in poverty for the elderly may be partially due to new edit procedures implemented in the March 1994 CPS. See appendix C.

Table B. Median Income of Households (in 1993 CPI-U-X1 Adjusted Dollars), by State: 1991, 1992, and 1993

States	1993		1992 ¹		1991 ¹		Three-year average 1991-1993		Average median 1992-1993		Average median 1991-1992		Two-year moving averages 1992-93 vs 1991-92	
	Median income	Standard error	Median income	Standard error	Median income	Standard error	Median income	Standard error	Median income	Standard error	Median income	Standard error	Difference	Percent change
Alabama	\$25,082	\$1,088	\$26,581	\$1,090	\$25,747	\$1,122	\$25,803	\$769	\$25,831	\$895	\$26,164	\$909	-332	-1.3
Alaska	42,931	1,632	43,053	1,191	42,915	1,749	42,967	1,052	42,992	1,166	42,984	1,218	8	-
Arizona	30,510	1,120	30,237	1,121	32,351	915	31,033	741	30,373	920	31,294	838	-921	-2.9
Arkansas	23,039	845	24,597	1,440	24,852	824	24,163	756	23,818	954	24,724	946	-906	-3.7
California	34,073	650	35,948	648	35,441	783	35,154	484	35,010	533	35,695	589	-684	-1.9
Colorado	34,488	1,522	33,456	1,515	33,182	1,316	33,709	1,020	33,972	1,248	33,319	1,165	653	2.0
Connecticut	39,516	1,660	42,064	2,031	44,485	1,988	42,022	1,334	40,790	1,520	43,275	1,651	*-2485	*-5.7
Delaware	36,064	849	36,746	1,435	34,512	1,201	35,774	835	36,405	953	35,629	1,085	776	2.2
District of Columbia	27,304	1,726	31,152	1,158	31,591	1,943	30,016	1,109	29,228	1,196	31,372	1,293	*-2144	*-6.8
Florida	28,550	706	28,168	542	28,800	488	28,506	406	28,359	515	28,484	423	-125	-0.4
Georgia	31,663	1,272	29,659	1,265	28,778	1,144	30,033	861	30,661	1,042	29,219	990	*1442	*4.9
Hawaii	42,662	1,759	43,374	1,478	39,461	1,686	41,832	1,139	43,018	1,332	41,418	1,301	1600	3.9
Idaho	31,010	1,312	28,533	900	27,628	1,088	29,057	762	29,772	916	28,081	818	*1691	*6.0
Illinois	32,857	810	32,496	775	33,661	762	33,004	547	32,676	651	33,078	631	-402	-1.2
Indiana	29,475	1,361	29,384	1,354	28,606	974	29,155	872	29,430	1,115	28,995	963	434	1.5
Iowa	28,663	1,261	29,603	1,001	30,149	1,097	29,472	778	29,133	932	29,876	862	-743	-2.5
Kansas	29,770	1,148	31,254	1,171	30,977	1,004	30,667	779	30,512	953	31,116	895	-604	-1.9
Kentucky	24,376	1,091	24,188	1,297	25,124	1,107	24,563	823	24,282	983	24,656	989	-374	-1.5
Louisiana	26,312	1,164	26,201	1,176	26,799	1,231	26,437	832	26,256	961	26,500	989	-243	-0.9
Maine	27,438	1,144	30,504	1,057	29,479	1,352	29,140	823	28,971	904	29,991	993	-1020	-3.4
Maryland	39,939	1,282	38,317	1,675	39,116	1,458	39,124	1,043	39,128	1,220	38,716	1,288	412	1.1
Massachusetts	37,064	951	37,447	760	37,684	842	37,399	591	37,256	705	37,566	658	-310	-0.8
Michigan	32,662	682	33,233	784	33,990	714	33,295	512	32,947	603	33,611	616	-664	-2.0
Minnesota	33,682	1,272	31,908	1,336	31,179	1,214	32,256	894	32,795	1,071	31,544	1,048	1252	4.0
Mississippi	22,191	1,229	21,186	1,106	20,647	1,110	21,341	801	21,688	960	20,916	910	772	3.7
Missouri	28,682	1,465	28,180	1,494	29,489	1,463	28,784	1,032	28,431	1,216	28,834	1,215	-403	-1.4
Montana	26,470	964	27,319	750	26,264	925	26,684	609	26,895	707	26,791	690	103	0.4
Nebraska	31,008	833	30,948	1,103	31,216	1,075	31,057	710	30,978	799	31,082	895	-104	-0.3
Nevada	35,814	1,078	32,863	820	34,815	1,525	34,498	793	34,339	783	33,839	984	499	1.5
New Hampshire	37,964	1,620	40,617	1,980	38,027	1,465	38,869	1,200	39,290	1,482	39,322	1,422	-32	-0.1
New Jersey	40,500	989	40,168	866	42,244	1,092	40,970	682	40,334	763	41,206	807	-872	-2.1
New Mexico	26,758	853	26,634	1,387	27,837	1,212	27,076	825	26,696	933	27,235	1,069	-539	-2.0
New York	31,697	556	31,981	545	33,512	564	32,397	388	31,839	452	32,746	456	*-908	*-2.8
North Carolina	28,820	653	28,602	634	28,424	531	28,615	426	28,711	529	28,513	480	198	0.7
North Dakota	28,118	795	27,766	928	27,322	974	27,735	632	27,942	709	27,544	781	398	1.4
Ohio	31,285	658	32,344	605	31,530	804	31,720	479	31,815	519	31,937	581	-123	-0.4
Oklahoma	26,260	1,492	26,041	1,107	26,930	1,150	26,410	871	26,150	1,073	26,485	927	-335	-1.3
Oregon	33,138	1,144	32,883	2,100	31,843	1,103	32,621	1,067	33,010	1,360	32,363	1,346	647	2.0
Pennsylvania	30,995	693	30,777	687	32,107	663	31,293	477	30,886	567	31,442	555	-556	-1.8
Rhode Island	33,509	1,547	31,343	1,476	32,497	1,203	32,450	992	32,426	1,242	31,920	1,103	506	1.6
South Carolina	26,053	960	28,404	1,477	29,043	1,210	27,833	870	27,228	1,012	28,723	1,106	*-1495	*-5.2
South Dakota	27,737	1,049	27,045	689	26,049	831	26,944	594	27,391	721	26,547	626	844	3.2
Tennessee	25,102	831	25,046	940	25,921	968	25,356	641	25,074	728	25,483	784	-409	-1.6
Texas	28,727	613	28,790	653	29,081	627	28,866	442	28,758	520	28,935	526	-177	-0.6
Utah	35,786	1,242	35,276	1,179	29,566	1,381	33,543	882	35,531	995	32,421	1,054	*3110	*9.6
Vermont	31,065	956	33,736	1,373	30,862	1,345	31,888	870	32,400	964	32,299	1,116	102	0.3
Virginia	36,433	1,387	39,341	1,400	38,314	1,415	38,030	979	37,887	1,145	38,828	1,156	-941	-2.4
Washington	35,655	1,111	34,915	1,284	35,867	1,278	35,479	860	35,285	985	35,391	1,052	-106	-0.3
West Virginia	22,421	981	20,878	919	24,521	959	22,607	664	21,649	781	22,700	771	-1050	-4.6
Wisconsin	31,766	1,340	34,305	1,130	32,924	1,073	32,999	825	33,036	1,016	33,615	905	-579	-1.7
Wyoming	29,442	1,167	31,113	1,463	30,648	1,434	30,401	956	30,278	1,083	30,881	1,190	-603	-2.0
Los Angeles CMSA	33,853	874	36,312	656	36,097	875	35,421	554	35,083	632	36,205	632	*-1122	*-3.1
New York CMSA	34,420	766	35,184	817	36,863	768	35,489	550	34,802	650	36,023	651	*-1221	*-3.4

* Statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

- Represents zero. 'Revised.

¹The estimates in this table for 1993 are based on civilian noninstitutional population benchmarks established by the 1990 decennial census. Previously published 1992 data have been revised using the 1990 census population controls to improve comparability with the 1993 estimates. The 1991 estimates were ratio-estimated using a 1992 revised/1992 unrevise change factor.

Children represent a very large segment of the poor (40.1 percent) even though they are only a little more than one-fourth of the total population. Between 1992 and 1993, the poverty rate for children did not change significantly. Children under 6 have been particularly vulnerable to poverty. In 1993, the overall poverty rate for related children under 6 years of age was 25.6 percent. Of children under 6 living in families with a female householder, no spouse present, 63.7 percent were poor, compared to 13.4 percent of such young children in married-couple families.

Race and Hispanic Origin

In 1993, the poverty rate was 12.2 percent for Whites, 9.9 percent for non-Hispanic Whites, and 33.1 percent for Blacks. For persons of Hispanic origin (who may be of any race) the poverty rate was 30.6 percent (see table C). For Asians and Pacific Islanders, the largest component of persons of other races, the poverty rate was 15.3 percent in 1993. Even though the poverty rate for Whites was lower than that for the other racial and ethnic groups, the majority of poor persons in 1993 were White (66.8 percent) and 48.1 percent were non-Hispanic White.

Blacks showed no significant increase in poverty between 1992 and 1993. Whites and persons of Hispanic origin showed an increase only in the number living in poverty, not in the rate. Poverty rates for Whites, Blacks, and persons of Hispanic origin did increase from

1989 levels. The poverty rate for Asians and Pacific Islanders was not significantly different from their poverty rate in 1992 or in 1989.

Regions

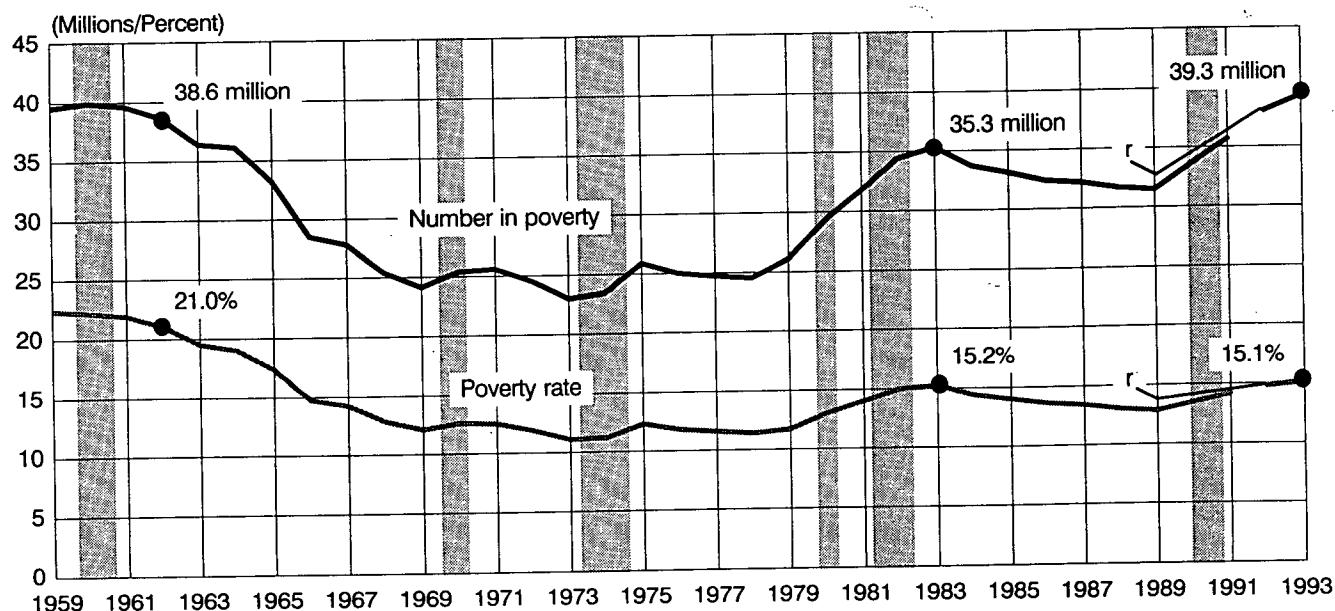
Among the Nation's four regions in 1993, the Northeast and the Midwest had the lowest poverty rates (13.3 percent and 13.4 percent, respectively, and not statistically different). The poverty rate in the West (15.6 percent) was higher than that in the Midwest and the Northeast. As has historically been the case, the poverty rate was highest in the South (17.1 percent). The South continues to have a disproportionately large share of the Nation's poverty population; 39.2 percent of the poor lived in the South in 1993, compared with 34.6 percent of all persons.

Between 1992 and 1993 poverty rates did not change significantly for any of the four regions. Table C indicates a statistically significant increase in the number of poor in the Northeast and West between 1992 and 1993. However, between 1989 and 1993, poverty rates rose significantly in all four regions.

Metropolitan/Nonmetropolitan Residence

The nonmetropolitan poverty rate in 1993 (17.2 percent) was higher than the rate in metropolitan areas (14.6 percent). Central cities of metropolitan areas had

Figure 2.
Poverty: 1959 to 1993



Shaded areas = Recessionary periods.
r=Revised.

Table C. Persons and Families Below Poverty Level, by Detailed Race: 1989, 1992, and 1993
 [Numbers in thousands]

Characteristic	Below poverty						1993-92 difference		1993-89 difference	
	1993		1992 ^a		1989 ^b					
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number of poor	Poverty rate	Number of poor	Poverty rate
PERSONS										
Total	39,265	15.1	38,014	14.8	32,415	13.1	*1,251	0.3	*6,850	*2.0
White	26,226	12.2	25,259	11.9	21,294	10.2	*967	0.3	*4,932	*2.0
Not of Hispanic origin.....	18,883	9.9	18,202	9.6	15,499	8.3	681	0.3	*3,384	*1.6
Black	10,877	33.1	10,827	33.4	9,525	30.8	50	-0.4	*1,352	*2.3
Other races	2,162	18.8	1,928	17.4	1,596	16.6	234	1.4	*566	2.2
Asian and Pacific Islander.....	1,134	15.3	985	12.7	1,032	14.2	149	2.6	102	1.1
Hispanic origin ¹	8,126	30.6	7,592	29.6	6,086	26.3	*534	1.0	*2,040	*4.3
Family Status										
In families.....	29,927	13.6	28,961	13.3	24,882	11.8	*966	0.3	*5,045	*1.8
Householder.....	8,393	12.3	8,144	11.9	6,895	10.4	249	0.3	*1,498	*1.9
Related children under 18.....	14,961	22.0	14,521	21.6	12,541	19.4	440	0.4	*2,420	*2.6
Related children under 6.....	6,097	25.6	6,082	25.7	5,116	22.5	15	-0.1	*981	*3.1
In unrelated subfamilies.....	950	54.3	978	55.2	727	54.6	-28	-1.0	*223	-0.3
Children under 18.....	554	57.2	578	60.4	430	60.5	-24	-3.2	*124	-3.3
Unrelated individual	8,388	22.1	8,075	21.9	6,807	19.3	*313	0.2	*1,581	*2.8
Male.....	3,281	18.1	3,164	18.2	2,577	15.8	117	-0.1	*704	*2.3
Female	5,107	25.7	4,911	25.3	4,230	22.3	196	0.4	*877	*3.4
Age										
Under 18 years	15,727	22.7	15,294	22.3	13,154	20.1	433	0.4	*2,573	*2.6
18 to 24 years.....	4,854	19.1	4,665	18.1	4,132	15.4	189	0.9	*722	*3.7
25 to 44 years.....	10,220	12.2	9,786	11.8	7,988	9.9	*434	0.5	*2,232	*2.3
45 to 54 years.....	2,522	8.5	2,262	8.0	1,873	7.5	*260	0.6	*649	*1.0
55 to 59 years.....	1,057	9.9	1,008	9.8	971	9.5	49	0.1	86	0.4
60 to 64 years.....	1,129	11.3	1,072	10.5	986	9.4	57	0.8	*143	*1.9
65 years and over.....	3,755	12.2	3,928	12.9	3,312	11.4	-173	-0.7	*443	*0.8
Residence										
Inside metropolitan areas	29,615	14.6	28,380	14.2	23,726	12.3	*1,235	0.4	*5,889	*2.3
Inside central cities.....	16,805	21.5	16,346	20.9	14,151	18.5	459	0.5	*2,654	*3.0
Outside central cities.....	12,810	10.3	12,034	9.9	9,574	8.2	*776	0.4	*3,236	*2.1
Outside metropolitan areas.....	9,650	17.2	9,634	16.9	8,690	15.9	16	0.3	*960	*1.3
Region										
Northeast	6,839	13.3	6,414	12.6	5,213	10.2	*425	0.7	*1,626	*3.1
Midwest.....	8,172	13.4	8,060	13.3	7,088	12.0	112	0.1	*1,084	*1.4
South	15,375	17.1	15,198	17.1	13,277	15.6	177	0.0	*2,098	*1.5
West	8,879	15.6	8,343	14.8	6,838	12.8	*536	0.7	*2,041	*2.8
FAMILIES										
Total	8,393	12.3	8,144	11.9	6,895	10.4	249	0.3	*1,498	*1.9
White	5,452	9.4	5,255	9.1	4,457	7.9	197	0.3	*995	*1.5
Not of Hispanic origin.....	3,988	7.6	3,840	7.3	3,287	6.4	148	0.3	*701	*1.2
Black	2,499	31.3	2,484	31.1	2,108	27.9	15	0.1	*391	*3.4
Other races	442	16.8	405	15.8	330	15.1	37	1.0	*112	1.7
Asian and Pacific Islander.....	235	13.5	215	12.2	201	12.2	20	1.3	34	1.3
Hispanic origin ¹	1,625	27.3	1,529	26.7	1,227	23.7	*96	0.7	*398	*3.6
Type of Family										
Married-couple.....	3,481	6.5	3,385	6.4	2,965	5.7	96	0.1	*516	*0.8
White	2,757	5.8	2,677	5.6	2,347	5.0	80	0.1	*410	*0.8
Black	458	12.3	490	13.0	444	11.7	-32	-0.7	14	0.6
Hispanic origin ¹	770	19.1	743	18.9	592	16.4	27	0.3	*178	*2.7
Female householder, no husband present.....	4,424	35.6	4,275	35.4	3,575	32.6	149	0.2	*849	*3.0
White	2,376	29.2	2,245	28.5	1,886	25.8	131	0.7	*490	*3.4
Black	1,908	49.9	1,878	50.2	1,553	46.7	30	-0.3	*355	3.2
Hispanic origin ¹	772	51.6	664	49.3	576	48.0	*108	2.3	*196	3.6

*Statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level.

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

^aRevised, based on 1990 census population controls.

the highest poverty rate, 21.5 percent. In 1993, 42.8 percent of the poor lived in central cities, compared to 30.2 percent of all persons.

The poverty rate in the Nation's metropolitan areas did not change between 1992 and 1993, while the number of poor persons in metropolitan areas did increase significantly. Within metropolitan areas, poverty rates were unchanged between 1992 and 1993 in both central cities and suburban areas. The number of poor persons increased outside central cities. Between 1989 and 1993, all areas showed an increase in poverty.

Families, Family Composition, and Unrelated Individuals

There was no significant change in either the number of poor families or their poverty rate between 1992 and 1993. The poverty rate for families was 12.3 percent in 1993. For families with a female householder, no spouse present, the poverty rate was 35.6 percent. Married-couple families had a poverty rate of 6.5 percent.

Female-householder families were over-represented among the poor. While 52.7 percent of all poor families had a female householder, with no spouse present, only 18.1 percent of all families in the U.S. had a female householder. Neither of these figures was statistically different from their respective 1992 estimates. Those persons not in families (the 38.0 million unrelated individuals—persons living alone or with nonrelatives only) had a poverty rate of 22.1 in 1993, not significantly different from the 1992 rate. The number of poor unrelated individuals rose to 8.4 million in 1993. Unrelated individuals accounted for 21.4 percent of the poverty population, compared with only 14.7 percent of the entire U. S. population.¹⁴

State Poverty Data

Table D contains State level poverty rates for 3 years, 3-year averages covering 1991 to 1993, 2-year averages, and differences in the 2-year averages. State poverty rates ranged from 8.6 percent in Delaware to 24.4 percent in Mississippi using a 3-year average of 1991 to 1993. Users should be aware that although the 1993 data presented in table D indicate that Mississippi had the highest poverty rate in that year and Delaware the lowest, none of these rates is necessarily statistically different from the next several higher (or lower) State poverty rates. Accordingly, we advise strongly against using these estimates to rank the States. Different samples easily could have led to different poverty rate estimates and rank. For example, the Mississippi poverty rate was not statistically different from that in Louisiana and the District of Columbia, though higher than the rate in the other 48 States.

¹⁴It should be noted that the CPS is primarily a household survey and thus persons who are homeless and not living in shelters are not included in these poverty statistics.

Based on comparisons of 2-year moving averages (1991-92 versus 1992-93), four States had statistically significant changes in their poverty rates between 1991 and 1993. The poverty rate increased in California, District of Columbia, and Louisiana. The poverty rate fell in New Mexico between 1991 and 1993.

Ratio of Income to Poverty Level

Income-to-poverty ratios measure the relative size of income to the respective poverty threshold for each family. In 1993, 40.7 percent of all poor persons, or 16.0 million persons, were in families (or were unrelated individuals) whose total income in 1993 was less than one-half of their poverty threshold (see table E). A slightly smaller number of persons (12.5 million) had "near poor" income in 1993 — that is, income more than their respective poverty threshold but below 125 percent of their threshold.

Mean Income Deficit

The income deficit measures the difference in dollars between a family's income and their respective poverty threshold. In 1993, the mean income deficit for families was \$5,960, not statistically different from the 1992 figure of \$5,944 (in 1993 dollars). This amounts to a deficit per family member of \$1,671 in 1993. The mean income deficit for poor families with a female householder, no husband present (\$6,370) was higher than that for married-couple families (\$5,517). This difference is compounded by the fact that poor families with a female householder were smaller than poor married-couple families. Thus, the deficit per family member was \$1,925 in 1993 for families with a female householder, no husband present, compared with \$1,386 for married-couple families.

For unrelated individuals, the average income deficit was \$3,541 in 1993. The average deficit in 1993 for female unrelated individuals was \$3,269, significantly lower than the \$3,966 figure for men. A larger proportion of female unrelated individuals were aged 65 and over, a group for whom poverty thresholds are lower than for younger persons.

In 1993, there were 399,000 poor families whose 1993 incomes were \$500 or less below their poverty thresholds, and a similar number of families (501,000) had incomes in 1993 within \$500 above their respective poverty thresholds.

VALUATION OF NONCASH BENEFITS

NOTE TO USERS. Based on user requests, last year's report on the effect of benefits and taxes (P60-186RD) included an appendix with three additional definitions of income. This year, these definitions are included in detailed tables 10, 11, and 12. These definitions are:

Table D. Percent of Persons in Poverty, by State: 1991, 1992, and 1993

State	1993		1992 ^r		1991 ^t		Three-year Average		Average 1992-1993		Average 1991-1993		Difference in 2-year moving averages	
	Percent	Standard error	Percent	Standard error	Percent	Standard error	Percent	Standard error	Percent	Standard error	Percent	Standard error	Poverty rate	Standard error
Alabama.....	17.4	1.94	17.3	1.92	19.0	2.0	17.9	1.4	17.4	1.6	18.2	1.7	-0.8	1.4
Alaska.....	9.1	1.34	10.2	1.40	12.0	1.6	10.4	1.1	9.7	1.2	11.1	1.3	-1.5	1.0
Arizona.....	15.4	1.81	15.8	1.86	15.5	2.0	15.6	1.4	15.6	1.6	15.6	1.6	-	1.3
Arkansas.....	20.0	2.04	17.5	1.92	17.4	1.9	18.3	1.4	18.8	1.7	17.4	1.6	1.3	1.4
California.....	18.2	0.74	16.4	0.72	16.3	0.7	17.0	0.5	17.3	0.6	16.3	0.6	*1.0	0.5
Colorado.....	9.9	1.59	10.8	1.67	10.6	1.7	10.4	1.2	10.4	1.4	10.7	1.4	-0.3	1.2
Connecticut.....	8.5	1.65	9.8	1.76	9.0	1.7	9.1	1.3	9.2	1.5	9.4	1.5	-0.2	1.2
Delaware.....	10.2	1.68	7.8	1.49	7.7	1.5	8.6	1.1	9.0	1.4	7.7	1.3	1.3	1.1
D.C.	26.4	2.67	20.3	2.45	18.6	2.5	21.8	1.8	23.4	2.2	19.5	2.1	*3.9	1.8
Florida.....	17.8	0.94	15.6	0.91	15.7	0.9	16.4	0.7	16.7	0.8	15.7	0.8	1.0	0.7
Georgia.....	13.5	1.70	17.7	1.92	17.1	1.9	16.1	1.4	15.6	1.5	17.4	1.6	-1.8	1.3
Hawaii.....	8.0	1.47	11.2	1.67	7.8	1.5	9.0	1.1	9.6	1.3	9.5	1.3	0.1	1.0
Idaho.....	13.1	1.57	15.2	1.70	14.1	1.7	14.1	1.2	14.2	1.4	14.6	1.5	-0.5	1.2
Illinois.....	13.6	0.94	15.6	0.99	13.8	1.0	14.3	0.7	14.6	0.8	14.7	0.8	-0.1	0.7
Indiana.....	12.2	1.74	11.8	1.73	15.8	2.0	13.3	1.3	12.0	1.5	13.8	1.6	-1.8	1.3
Iowa.....	10.3	1.54	11.5	1.61	9.8	1.5	10.5	1.1	10.9	1.3	10.6	1.3	0.3	1.1
Kansas.....	13.1	1.69	11.1	1.57	12.4	1.6	12.2	1.2	12.1	1.4	11.8	1.4	0.3	1.2
Kentucky.....	20.4	2.09	19.7	2.07	18.8	2.1	19.6	1.5	20.1	1.8	19.3	1.8	0.8	1.5
Louisiana.....	26.4	2.37	24.5	2.31	19.2	2.1	23.4	1.7	25.5	2.0	21.9	1.9	*3.6	1.6
Maine.....	15.4	1.89	13.5	1.82	14.2	1.9	14.4	1.4	14.5	1.6	13.9	1.6	0.6	1.3
Maryland.....	9.7	1.61	11.8	1.74	9.3	1.6	10.3	1.2	10.8	1.4	10.5	1.4	0.2	1.1
Massachusetts.....	10.7	0.86	10.3	0.86	11.3	0.9	10.8	0.6	10.5	0.7	10.8	0.8	-0.3	0.6
Michigan.....	15.4	0.97	13.6	0.94	14.2	1.0	14.4	0.7	14.5	0.8	13.9	0.8	0.6	0.7
Minnesota.....	11.6	1.71	13.0	1.80	13.1	1.8	12.6	1.3	12.3	1.5	13.1	1.5	-0.8	1.2
Mississippi.....	24.7	2.12	24.6	2.07	23.8	2.1	24.4	1.5	24.7	1.8	24.2	1.8	0.5	1.5
Missouri.....	16.1	1.97	15.7	1.98	14.9	2.0	15.6	1.4	15.9	1.7	15.3	1.7	0.6	1.4
Montana.....	14.9	1.77	13.8	1.71	15.5	1.8	14.7	1.3	14.4	1.5	14.7	1.5	-0.3	1.3
Nebraska.....	10.3	1.48	10.6	1.51	9.8	1.5	10.2	1.1	10.5	1.3	10.2	1.3	0.3	1.0
Nevada.....	9.8	1.44	14.7	1.78	11.6	1.7	12.0	1.2	12.3	1.4	13.2	1.5	-0.9	1.1
New Hampshire.....	9.9	1.76	8.7	1.67	7.4	1.6	8.7	1.2	9.3	1.5	8.0	1.4	1.3	1.2
New Jersey.....	10.9	0.84	10.3	0.83	10.0	0.8	10.4	0.6	10.6	0.7	10.1	0.7	0.5	0.6
New Mexico.....	17.4	1.86	21.6	2.02	23.0	2.1	20.7	1.5	19.5	1.7	22.3	1.8	*-2.8	1.4
New York.....	16.4	0.76	15.7	0.75	15.7	0.8	15.9	0.6	16.1	0.6	15.7	0.6	0.3	0.5
North Carolina.....	14.4	0.92	15.8	0.95	14.6	0.9	14.9	0.7	15.1	0.8	15.2	0.8	-0.1	0.7
North Dakota.....	11.2	1.55	12.1	1.62	14.7	1.7	12.7	1.2	11.7	1.3	13.4	1.4	-1.8	1.2
Ohio.....	13.0	0.89	12.5	0.88	13.5	0.9	13.0	0.7	12.8	0.8	13.0	0.8	-0.3	0.6
Oklahoma.....	19.9	2.00	18.6	1.97	17.2	2.0	18.6	1.4	19.3	1.7	17.9	1.7	1.4	1.4
Oregon.....	11.8	1.75	11.4	1.73	13.6	1.9	12.3	1.3	11.6	1.5	12.5	1.5	-0.9	1.3
Pennsylvania.....	13.2	0.90	11.9	0.86	11.2	0.8	12.1	0.6	12.6	0.7	11.5	0.7	1.0	0.6
Rhode Island.....	11.2	1.84	12.4	1.94	10.7	1.9	11.4	1.4	11.8	1.6	11.6	1.6	0.2	1.3
South Carolina.....	18.7	1.79	19.0	1.79	16.5	1.7	18.1	1.3	18.9	1.5	17.7	1.5	1.1	1.2
South Dakota.....	14.2	1.61	15.1	1.66	14.3	1.7	14.5	1.2	14.7	1.4	14.7	1.4	-	1.2
Tennessee.....	19.6	1.94	17.0	1.85	15.5	1.8	17.4	1.4	18.3	1.6	16.3	1.6	2.1	1.3
Texas.....	17.4	0.97	18.3	1.00	18.0	1.0	17.9	0.7	17.9	0.8	18.1	0.9	-0.3	0.7
Utah.....	10.7	1.48	9.4	1.43	13.0	1.7	11.0	1.1	10.1	1.2	11.2	1.3	-1.2	1.1
Vermont.....	10.0	1.70	10.5	1.75	12.7	1.9	11.1	1.3	10.3	1.5	11.6	1.6	-1.4	1.3
Virginia.....	9.7	1.34	9.5	1.35	10.0	1.4	9.7	1.0	9.6	1.1	9.8	1.2	-0.2	1.0
Washington.....	12.1	1.63	11.2	1.59	9.7	1.5	11.0	1.2	11.7	1.4	10.4	1.3	1.2	1.1
West Virginia.....	22.2	2.17	22.3	2.18	17.9	2.0	20.8	1.5	22.3	1.9	20.1	1.8	2.2	1.5
Wisconsin.....	12.6	1.60	10.9	1.49	10.0	1.5	11.2	1.1	11.8	1.3	10.4	1.3	1.3	1.1
Wyoming.....	13.3	2.02	10.3	1.82	9.9	1.8	11.2	1.4	11.8	1.6	10.1	1.5	1.7	1.4
Los Angeles CMSA.....	20.0	0.90	17.9	0.86	17.3	0.9	18.4	0.6	19.0	0.7	17.6	0.7	*1.4	0.6
New York CMSA.....	15.5	0.73	15.0	0.73	15.2	0.8	15.2	0.5	15.3	0.6	15.1	0.6	0.1	0.5

*Statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

^rRevised, based on 1990 census population controls.^t1991 poverty estimates were adjusted using a ratio of 1992 estimates with 1980 and 1990 census population controls.

Table E. Ratio of Income to Poverty Level for Persons by Race and Family Status: 1993

[Numbers in thousands]

Characteristic	Total	Under .50		Under 1.00		Under 1.25	
		Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
PERSONS							
Total	259,278	15,971	6.2	39,265	15.1	51,801	20.0
Age							
Under 18 years	69,292	7,017	10.1	15,727	22.7	19,706	28.4
18 to 24 years	25,475	2,082	8.2	4,854	19.1	6,133	24.1
25 to 34 years	41,946	2,511	6.0	5,804	13.8	7,696	18.3
35 to 44 years	41,528	1,804	4.3	4,415	10.6	5,857	14.1
45 to 54 years	29,522	1,045	3.5	2,522	8.5	3,320	11.2
55 to 59 years	10,732	408	3.8	1,057	9.9	1,464	13.6
60 to 64 years	10,005	357	3.6	1,129	11.3	1,548	15.5
65 years and over	30,779	747	2.4	3,755	12.2	6,077	19.7
Race							
White	214,899	9,571	4.5	26,226	12.2	35,845	16.7
Black	32,910	5,485	16.7	10,877	33.1	13,156	40.0
Hispanic origin ¹	26,559	2,794	10.5	8,126	30.6	10,567	39.8
Family Status							
In families	219,489	11,996	5.5	29,927	13.6	39,547	18.0
Householder	68,506	3,387	4.9	8,393	12.3	11,203	16.4
Related children under 18	68,040	6,534	9.6	14,961	22.0	18,843	27.7
Related children under 6	23,850	2,818	11.8	6,097	25.6	7,562	31.7
Unrelated individual	38,038	3,469	9.1	8,388	22.1	11,152	29.3
Male	18,137	1,574	8.7	3,281	18.1	4,283	23.6
Female	19,901	1,895	9.5	5,107	25.7	6,868	34.5

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.**Table F. Income Deficit of Families and Unrelated Individuals, by Poverty Status: 1993**

[Numbers in thousands]

Characteristic	Total	Size of deficit or surplus										Mean Deficit or surplus per family member
		Under \$500	\$500 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,999	\$3,000 to \$3,999	\$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999	\$6,000 to \$6,999	\$7,000 to \$7,999	\$8,000 or more	
Below Poverty Level												
All families	8,393	399	433	788	767	783	803	641	625	629	2,524	5,960
Married-couple families	3,481	262	239	393	386	300	320	236	190	212	941	5,517
Families with female householders, no spouse present	4,424	113	163	340	321	427	440	370	407	378	1,464	6,370
Unrelated individuals	8,388	595	835	1,720	1,226	727	656	527	682	1,420	-	3,541
Male	3,281	179	281	590	400	320	276	193	297	746	-	3,966
Female	5,107	416	554	1,130	826	407	380	334	385	675	-	3,269
Above Poverty Level												
All families	60,113	501	419	899	1,087	1,020	1,006	1,135	1,042	1,070	51,934	40,583
Married-couple families	49,700	259	275	519	676	619	696	834	726	718	44,378	44,221
Families with female householders, no spouse present	7,987	204	119	329	347	337	254	225	264	259	5,649	21,758
Unrelated individuals	29,650	910	702	1,375	1,503	1,193	1,557	1,089	993	1,112	19,217	18,776
Male	14,856	365	204	489	626	461	728	442	426	567	10,547	21,929
Female	14,794	545	497	886	877	732	828	646	567	545	8,670	15,609

- 1a. Money income after taxes (without the Earned Income Tax Credit—(EITC))
- 1b. Money income after taxes (including the EITC)
- 14a. After tax income that includes the value of all noncash benefits except Medicaid and Medicare

A brief explanation of the income definitions shown in this report are:

- 1. Money Income excluding capital gains before taxes.** This is the official definition used in Census Bureau reports.
 - 1a. Money Income after taxes (without EITC). This is definition 1 minus Federal and State income taxes exclusive of the EITC, minus payroll taxes, minus the EITC, plus capital gains, and minus capital losses.
 - 1b. Money income after taxes (including EITC). This is definition 1a plus the EITC.
- 2. Definition 1 less government cash transfers.** Government cash transfers include nonmeans-tested transfers such as Social Security payments, unemployment compensation, and government educational assistance (e.g. Pell Grants) as well as means-tested transfers such AFDC and SSI. (For a complete listing of transfer income, see definitions 9 and 12.)
- 3. Definition 2 plus capital gains.** Realized capital gains and losses are simulated as part of the Census Bureau's Federal individual income tax estimation procedure.
- 4. Definition 3 plus health insurance supplements to wage or salary income.** Employer-provided health insurance coverage is treated as part of total worker compensation.
- 5. Definition 4 less payroll taxes.** Payroll taxes include payments for Social Security Old Age, Survivors, Disability, and Hospital Insurance (Medicare).
- 6. Definition 5 less Federal income taxes.** The effect of the EITC is shown separately in Definition 7.
- 7. Definition 6 plus the EITC.**
- 8. Definition 7 less State income taxes.**
- 9. Definition 8 plus nonmeans-tested government cash transfers.** Nonmeans-tested government cash transfer include Social Security payments, unemployment compensation, worker's compensation, nonmeans-tested Veteran's payments, U.S. Railroad Retirement, Black Lung payments, Pell Grants, and other government educational assistance. (Pell Grants are income-tested but are included here because they are very different from the assistance programs that are included in the means-tested category.)
- 10. Definition 9 plus the value of Medicare.** Medicare is counted at its fungible value.¹⁵
- 11. Definition 10 plus the value of regular-price school lunches.**
- 12. Definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers.** Means-tested government cash transfers include AFDC, SSI, other public assistance programs, and means-tested Veteran's payments.
- 13. Definition 12 plus the value of Medicaid.** Medicaid is counted at its fungible value.
- 14. Definition 13 plus the value of other means-tested government noncash transfers.** These include food stamps, rent subsidies, and free and reduced-price school lunches.
- 14a. Definition 13 plus the value of other means-tested government noncash transfers less medical programs.** This is cash income plus all noncash income except imputed income from own home, minus the fungible values of Medicaid and Medicare.
- 15. Definition 14 plus net imputed return on equity in own home.** This definition includes calculated annual benefits of converting one's home equity into an annuity, net of property taxes.

Taxes, government transfers, and other benefits have substantial effects on the level and distribution of income. These effects can be seen by examining distributional changes under the 18 different definitions of income used in this report. Text tables G and H, and detailed table 10 show data on the distribution of income under the 18 definitions.

Definition 1 is the official definition of income, which is based on money income before taxes and includes government cash transfers. The distribution of household income by quintile for definition 1 shows that 3.5 percent of aggregate household income was received by the lowest quintile, 9.1 percent by the second

¹⁵The fungible approach for valuing medical coverage assigns income to the extend that it would have freed up resources that would have been spent on medical care. The estimated fungible value depends on family income, the cost of food and housing needs, and the market value of the medical benefits. If family income is not sufficient to cover the family's basic food and housing requirements, the fungible value methodology treats Medicare and Medicaid as having no income value. If family income exceeds the cost of food and housing requirements, the fungible value of Medicare and Medicaid is equal to the amount which exceeds the value assigned for food and housing requirements (up to the amount of the market value of the medical benefits).

quintile, 15.1 percent by the third quintile, 23.7 percent by the fourth quintile, and 48.6 percent by the highest quintile (see table G).¹⁶ In 1993, the Gini index for households under definition 1 was .448.

Definition 4 shows the effect on the income distribution when government cash transfers are deducted and capital gains and employee health benefits are added to the official income definition. The exclusion of cash transfers, addition of net capital gains, and employer contributions to health insurance shows the distribution of income generated by the private sector was much more unequal than the distribution under the official definition of income. (See table G.) Definition 4 resulted in declines in the shares of income received by the lowest two quintiles of households (from 3.5 percent to 0.8 percent, and from 9.1 percent to 7.0 percent, respectively), and increases in the shares of income received by the two highest quintiles (from 23.7 percent to 24.3 percent, and from 48.6 percent to 53.1 percent, respectively). The Gini index under this definition of income, .514, was 14.7 percent higher than the index under the official income definition (.448).

The effect of taxes on the distribution of income is shown in definition 8. Comparing estimates using definition 8 to definition 4 shows the net effect of deducting Social Security payroll taxes, Federal individual income taxes, and State individual income taxes. The combined effect of taxes on the Gini index was to reduce it by 5.3 percent, from .514 to .487.

The effect of nonmeans-tested government transfers on the distribution of income is shown in definition 11.

¹⁶Two methods are used in this report to estimate shares of aggregate income received by each quintile and the Gini index. The first method incorporates the use of actual household sorted data resulting in a Gini index of .447 and quintile shares of 3.6, 9.1, 15.3, 23.8, and 48.2. The second method uses grouped data and employs several interpolation routines resulting in a Gini index of .448 and quintile shares of 3.5, 9.1, 15.1, 23.7, and 48.6. The group data method was used throughout this report for calculating Gini indexes as they appear with other income summary measures in the detailed tables as well as for share estimates under the alternative definitions of income.

Comparing definition 11 estimates to definition 8 estimates shows the net effect of adding nonmeans-tested government cash transfers which include Social Security and Railroad Retirement, nonmeans-tested Veterans' payments, unemployment and workers' compensation, and Pell Grants. Definition 11 also shows the effect of nonmeans-tested government noncash transfers—the fungible value of Medicare and the value of regular-price school lunches. Nonmeans-tested transfers had a significant effect on reducing income inequality. They increased the share of income going to the lowest quintile (from 1.0 percent to 3.6 percent) and lowered the share of income going to the highest quintile (from 50.2 percent to 45.9 percent). These payments also had a significant effect on the Gini index, lowering it by 14.0 percent, from .487 to .419.

Definition 14 shows the net effect of adding means-tested transfers. These include means-tested cash transfers (AFDC and other public assistance payments, SSI, and means-tested Veterans' payments), means-tested government noncash benefits (food stamps, free or reduced-price school lunches, and rent subsidies) and the fungible value of Medicaid. The share of income in the lowest quintile increased from 3.6 percent to 4.8 percent, and the share of income going to the highest quintile decreased (from 45.9 percent to 44.8 percent). The Gini index declined from .419 to .398.

An important finding of the Census Bureau's tax and benefit research is that government transfers have a significantly greater impact on lowering income inequality than taxes. In 1993, taxes lowered the Gini index by 5.3 percent (from .514 to .487) while transfers lowered the Gini index by 18.3 percent (from .487 to .398).

Definition 15 shows the net effect of including net imputed return on home equity. The inclusion of net imputed return on home equity did not have an effect on the Gini index, a reflection of the fact that homeowners are spread throughout the income distribution.

Table G. Percentage of Aggregate Income Received by Income Quintiles and Index of Income Concentration, by Definition of Income: 1993

Definition of income	Quintiles					Gini Index
	Lowest	Second	Third	Fourth	Highest	
Definition 1 (current measure)	3.5	9.1	15.1	23.7	48.6	.448
Definition 4 (definition 1 less government cash transfers plus capital gains and employee health benefits)	0.8	7.0	14.7	24.3	53.1	.514
Definition 8 (definition 4 less taxes).....	1.0	8.1	15.7	25.1	50.2	.487
Definition 11 (definition 8 plus nonmeans tested government cash transfers)	3.6	10.4	16.3	23.9	45.9	.419
Definition 14 (definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers)	4.8	10.7	16.1	23.6	44.8	.398
Definition 15 (definition 14 plus return on home equity).....	4.9	10.7	16.2	23.6	44.6	.395

Income Characteristics of Selected Population Groups

Different income definitions result in quite different income distributions and summary measures for all households. As shown by the 1993 income data presented in table H, the equalizing effect of taxes and transfers affects income comparisons between population subgroups to varying degrees.

Under the official income definition, the median income of Black households (\$19,533) was 59.3 percent of the White median (\$32,960). Subtracting cash transfers and adding capital gains and health insurance supplements (definition 4) reduced the ratio to 55.4 percent (\$17,616/\$31,772). The subtraction of Federal and State income taxes and payroll taxes (definition 8) results in an increase in the ratio to 59.9 percent (\$16,027/\$26,759),¹⁷ and the addition of cash and noncash transfers (definition 14) results in a further increase in the Black-to-White income ratio to 65.4 percent (\$20,819/\$31,844).

Based on the official income definition, the median income of Hispanic-origin households (\$22,886) was 69.4 percent that of White households (\$32,960). A definition of income that has been broadened to include the effects of taxes and transfers (definition 14), resulted in a ratio that was 75.1 percent (\$23,910/\$31,844).

Differences in income ratios by income definition can be observed when comparing households with a female

householder, no husband present, with related children, to married-couple households with children. Under the official income definition, the median income of households with a female householder, no husband present, with children, was 32.4 percent of that of married-couple households with children (\$14,773/\$45,661). Based on a definition of income that includes the effect of taxes and transfers (definition 14), the ratio increased to 43.1 percent (\$17,930/\$41,636).

The importance of income definitions to differences between population subgroups is particularly apparent for households with children and elderly members. Under definition 1, median money income was \$36,942 for households with children under 18 years of age and \$19,062 for households with members 65 years old and over. Thus, in 1993, the median income of the latter group was 51.6 percent of the median income of the former group. Subtracting cash transfers and adding capital gains and employer-provided health insurance (definition 4) lowered the ratio to 21.3 percent (\$8,146/\$38,326). The payment of taxes (definition 8) raised the ratio slightly to 24.2 percent (\$7,864/\$32,542). The addition of cash and noncash transfers (definition 14) more than doubled the ratio, bringing it to 68.3 percent (\$23,908/\$35,003), and adding the return on home equity (definition 15) resulted in a further increase in the ratio to 74.1 percent (\$26,820/\$36,206).

Poverty Status by Income Definition

Text table I shows how poverty estimates changed when specific components were subtracted or added to

Table H. Median Household Income by Selected Characteristics and Definition: 1993

Characteristics	Definition 1 (Current measure)	Definition 4 (Definition 1 less govern- ment cash transfers plus capital gains and employee health benefits)	(Definition 8 (Definition 4 less taxes)	Definition 14 (Definition 8 plus govern- ment transfers)	Definition 15 (Definition 14 plus return on home equity)
All households	\$31,241	\$29,828	\$25,313	\$30,395	\$32,091
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER					
White	32,960	31,772	26,759	31,844	33,602
Black.....	19,533	17,616	16,027	20,819	21,631
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	38,347	37,713	31,473	35,624	37,365
Hispanic origin ¹	22,886	21,950	19,607	23,910	24,669
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD					
Married-couple households with related children under 18	45,661	48,139	40,041	41,636	42,973
Female householder, no husband present with related children under 18	14,773	12,440	12,690	17,930	18,354
AGE OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS					
With members 65 years old and over	19,062	8,146	7,864	23,908	26,820
With related children under 18	36,942	38,326	32,542	35,003	36,206

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Table I. The Effect of Taxes and Transfers on Poverty: 1992-1993

Selected income definitions	1993		1992 ^r		1992 ^r -1993 difference	
	Number below poverty	Poverty Rate	Number below poverty	Poverty Rate	Number below poverty	Poverty Rate
Persons in Poverty:						
Definition 1 (current measure)	39,265	15.1	38,014	14.8	1,251	0.3
Definition 2 (definition 1 less government cash transfers).....	60,575	23.4	58,418	22.8	2,157	0.6
Definition 4 (definition 2 plus capital gains employee health benefits).....	58,580	22.6	56,754	22.1	1,826	0.5
Definition 6 (definition 4 less Social Security payroll and Federal income taxes (excluding the EITC))....	61,648	23.8	60,031	23.4	1,617	0.4
Definition 7 (definition 6 plus the Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)).....	59,843	23.1	58,053	22.6	1,790	0.5
Definition 8 (definition 7 less State income taxes)....	60,118	23.2	58,460	22.8	1,658	0.4
Definition 9 (definition 8 plus nonmeans-tested government cash transfers)	41,696	16.1	40,645	15.8	1,051	0.3
Definition 11 (definition 9 plus the value of medicare and regular-price school lunch)	40,535	15.6	39,471	15.4	1,064	0.2
Definition 12 (definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers)	37,630	14.5	36,624	14.3	1,006	0.2
Definition 14 (definition 12 plus the value of medicaid and other means-tested government noncash transfers)	31,496	12.1	30,631	11.9	865	0.2
Number and percent removed from poverty due to:						
Capital gains and health insurance benefits	1,995	3.3	1,664	2.8	331	0.5
Less Social Security payroll and Federal income taxes	-3,068	-5.1	-3,277	-5.6	-209	-0.5
Plus the EITC.....	1,805	3.0	1,978	3.4	-173	-0.4
Less State income taxes.....	-275	-0.5	-407	-0.7	-132	-0.2
Nonmeans-tested cash transfers.....	18,422	30.4	17,815	30.5	607	-0.1
Nonmeans-tested noncash benefits	1,161	1.9	1,174	2.0	-13	-0.1
Means-tested cash transfers.....	2,905	4.8	2,847	4.9	58	-0.1
Means-tested noncash transfers	6,134	10.1	5,993	10.3	141	-0.2
Net Effect of taxes and transfers.....	29,079	47.9	27,787	47.6	1,292	0.3

^rRevised based on 1990 Census population controls.

Note: All percents removed from poverty use definition 2 as the base.

the definition of income. The starting point for the table is the current income measure (money income excluding capital gains before taxes) that is used to produce the official poverty estimates. In 1993, the official estimate of the number of persons in poverty (definition 1) was 39.3 million, or 15.1 percent of the population.

Excluding government cash transfers (definition 2) from the current measure, the number of persons below the poverty line rose sharply, from 39.3 million to 60.6 million, and the poverty rate rose from 15.1 percent to 23.4 percent.

Adding in capital gains and the value of employer-provided health insurance (definitions 3 and 4) had a minor effect on the poverty estimates. The combined effect of the two additions was to reduce the number in poverty from 60.6 million to 58.6 million and the proportion in poverty from 23.4 percent to 22.6 percent. (See table 11 for the effect of each definition separately).

Income definitions 5, 6, 7, and 8 deduct income taxes (Federal and State) and payroll taxes and add the EITC to income definition 4. The effect of subtracting social security taxes and Federal taxes increased the number of persons in poverty by 3.0 million (from 58.6 million to

61.6 million) and increased the poverty rate by 1.2 percentage points (from 22.6 percent to 23.8 percent). By including the EITC, the number of persons in poverty was reduced by 1.8 million (from 61.6 million to 59.8 million) and the poverty rate from 23.8 percent to 23.1 percent. Overall, adjusting the income definition for all taxes produced an increase of 1.5 million in the estimate of the number of persons in poverty (from 58.6 to 60.1 million) and an increase of 0.6 percentage points in the poverty rate (from 22.6 percent to 23.2 percent).

Definitions 9 through 14 introduce specific types of government transfers, both cash and noncash, and table I shows the extent to which these transfers reduced poverty estimates. The addition of nonmeans-tested government cash transfers (primarily Social Security) had a very strong impact on poverty estimates. The addition of this income component reduced the estimate of the number of persons in poverty by 18.4 million persons (from 60.1 to 41.7 million) and reduced the estimated poverty rate from 23.2 percent to 16.1 percent (see definition 9).

The effect on poverty estimates of adding Medicare and regular-priced school lunches reduced the number

of poor persons by 1.2 million (from 41.7 million to 40.5 million) and reduced the rate by 0.5 percentage points (from 16.1 percent to 15.6 percent). The effect of adding means-tested cash transfers (primarily AFDC and SSI) was small compared to the effect of adding nonmeans-tested cash transfers. Adding in means-tested cash transfers (definition 12) reduced the estimate of the number of persons in poverty by 2.9 million (from 40.5 to 37.6 million) compared to the previously cited reduction of 18.4 million after adding nonmeans-tested cash transfers. The poverty rate associated with definition 12 was 14.5 percent, down 1.1 percentage points from definition 11. The addition of medicaid, means-tested noncash benefits, which include food stamps, free and reduced-priced school lunches, and rent subsidies (definition 14), lowered the estimate of the number of persons in poverty from 37.6 to 31.5 million and lowered the poverty rate from 14.5 to 12.1 percent.

A review of the data shows that the income component that had the largest incremental effect on the poverty estimate was Social Security (the primary component of nonmeans-tested government cash transfers). Other types of government tax and transfers had smaller incremental effects.

Poverty Status Under an Alternate Price Index

Poverty estimates based on poverty thresholds adjusted over time for inflation by the CPI-U-X1 series are shown

in table 12. Since the poverty thresholds based on the CPI-U-X1 are approximately 8 percent lower than the official thresholds based on the CPI-U, the poverty estimates shown are lower than estimates based on the CPI-U.

On average, the poverty rates based on the CPI-U-X1 are approximately 1.4 percentage points and 3.6 million persons lower than estimates based on the official thresholds. Figure 3 presents a time series of the poverty rate based on the CPI-U and the CPI-U-X1. Using the official definition of income (definition 1), the 1993 poverty rate based on the CPI-U-X1 was 13.7 compared to 15.1 percent based on the CPI-U. Using definition 14 (which includes the effect of taxes, cash and noncash benefits, capital gains, and employee health benefits), the poverty rate under the CPI-U-X1 was 10.7 percent compared to 12.1 percent based on the CPI-U.

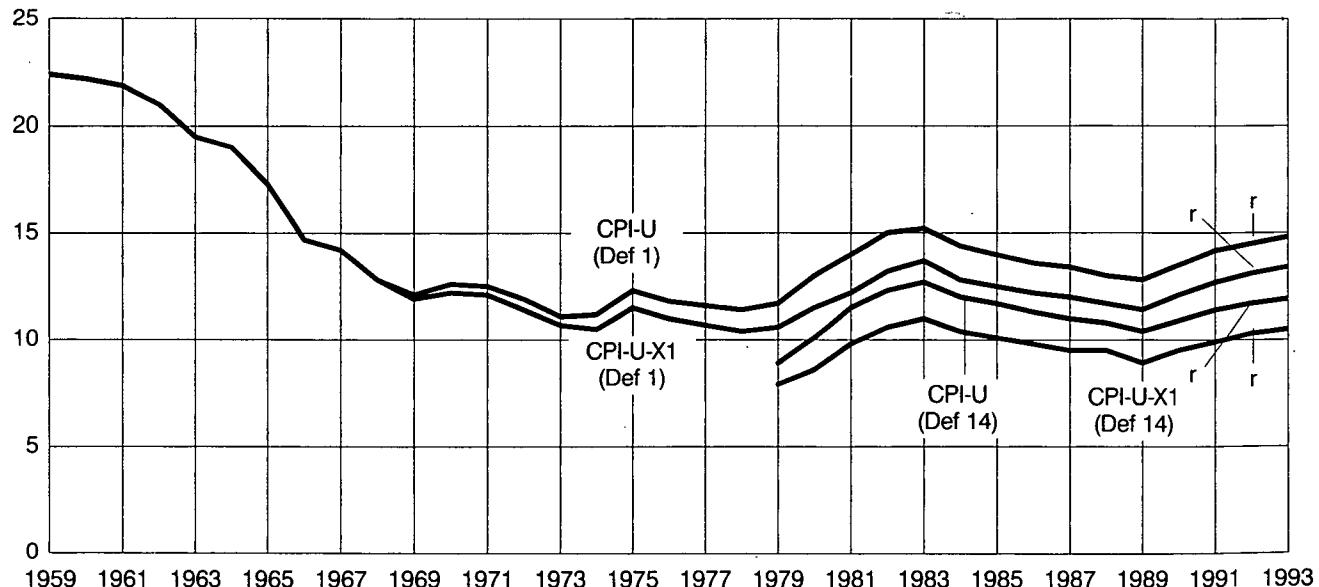
Changes in poverty estimates over time based on the CPI-U-X1 and the CPI-U show the same general patterns.

SYMBOLS USED IN TABLES

-	Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B	Base less than 75,000.
NA	Not available.
r	Revised.
X	Not applicable.

Figure 3.

Poverty Rates by Definition of Income and Type of Deflator: 1959 to 1993



r=Revised based on 1990 Census population controls.

Table 1. Median Income of Households, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992

[Households as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number (thous.)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Median income			
					Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
ALL RACES											
All households	97 107	31 241	146	96 426	30 636	145	96 391	30 786	145	* -1.0	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	75 579	33 220	210	74 922	32 475	188	74 882	32 694	214	- .7	
One million or more	47 783	35 240	258	47 619	34 789	280	47 591	35 036	260	* -1.6	
Inside central cities	18 639	26 622	308	18 849	26 699	296	18 678	26 872	298	* -3.2	
Outside central cities	29 145	41 211	329	28 771	40 317	317	28 913	40 460	316	* -8	
Under 1 million	27 795	30 642	276	27 303	29 775	310	27 291	29 952	289	* -1	
Inside central cities	11 751	26 433	341	11 680	26 035	354	11 598	26 179	357	* -1.4	
Outside central cities	16 045	33 642	372	15 623	32 196	317	15 693	32 289	329	1.5	
Outside metropolitan areas	21 528	25 309	312	21 504	24 899	334	21 509	24 991	331	-1.3	
Region											
Northeast	19 470	33 747	370	19 329	32 999	382	19 437	33 194	378	- .7	
Midwest	23 385	31 400	291	23 110	30 804	305	23 307	30 911	303	* -1.0	
South	33 904	28 441	271	33 647	27 609	259	33 392	27 741	272	-	
West	20 347	33 739	392	20 340	33 324	431	20 255	33 621	436	-1.7	
Type of Household											
Family households	68 490	37 484	208	68 216	36 991	183	68 144	37 222	183	* -1.6	
Married-couple families	53 171	43 129	261	53 090	41 966	189	53 171	42 140	189	* -2	
Male householder, no wife present	2 913	29 849	715	3 065	30 310	820	3 026	30 492	835	-4.4	
Female householder, no husband present	12 406	18 545	285	12 061	18 366	319	11 847	18 587	321	-2.0	
Nonfamily households	28 617	18 880	223	28 210	17 730	214	28 247	17 711	214	* 3.4	
Male householder	12 462	24 728	332	12 297	23 111	416	12 254	23 168	420	* 3.9	
Living alone	9 440	21 372	290	9 444	19 979	338	9 436	20 011	340	* 3.9	
Female householder	16 155	14 883	228	15 914	14 438	199	15 993	14 438	189	.1	
Living alone	14 171	12 895	227	14 114	12 933	202	14 206	12 944	202	-2.4	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	76 298	35 957	182	75 743	35 388	172	75 495	35 639	172	* -1.3	
15 to 24 years	5 263	19 340	405	5 257	17 663	414	5 022	17 777	436	* 6.3	
25 to 34 years	19 717	31 281	293	20 057	31 239	253	19 741	31 434	255	* -2.8	
35 to 44 years	22 293	40 862	304	21 862	39 853	347	21 717	40 090	332	* -4	
45 to 54 years	16 837	46 207	506	16 413	44 436	514	16 576	44 540	508	* 1.0	
55 to 64 years	12 188	33 474	518	12 154	33 993	497	12 438	34 062	492	* -4.4	
65 years and over	20 806	17 751	215	20 682	17 135	182	20 896	17 160	181	.6	
65 to 74 years	11 639	21 310	287	11 668	20 371	300	11 834	20 395	299	1.6	
75 years and over	9 167	14 328	213	9 014	13 620	203	9 062	13 622	203	2.1	
Size of Household											
One person	23 611	16 065	172	23 558	15 420	175	23 642	15 423	175	1.2	
Two persons	31 211	32 434	246	31 041	31 816	223	31 175	31 951	223	-1.0	
Three persons	16 898	39 414	416	16 964	38 604	413	16 895	38 937	412	- .9	
Four persons	15 073	45 087	454	14 997	44 017	473	14 926	44 392	472	* -5	
Five persons	6 749	42 241	547	6 404	42 146	658	6 357	42 471	693	* -2.7	
Six persons	2 186	41 094	1 351	2 217	37 096	995	2 180	37 455	1 030	* 7.6	
Seven persons or more	1 379	33 120	1 220	1 244	33 159	1 593	1 215	33 634	1 672	-3.0	
Number of Earners											
No earners	21 145	11 807	111	20 861	11 461	121	20 956	11 521	121	-	
One earner	32 369	25 560	164	32 360	25 254	164	32 286	25 404	164	* -1.7	
Two earners or more	43 593	49 430	251	43 204	47 597	232	43 149	47 856	236	.8	
Two earners	34 027	46 461	260	33 710	44 591	265	33 645	44 854	259	* 1.2	
Three earners	7 146	57 272	612	7 094	56 090	577	7 098	56 322	578	- .9	
Four earners or more	2 420	72 242	1 093	2 401	69 204	1 037	2 406	69 467	1 071	1.4	
Work Experience of Householder											
Total	97 107	31 241	146	96 426	30 636	145	96 391	30 786	145	* -1.0	
Worked	69 282	39 468	213	69 167	38 225	194	69 000	38 488	194	.3	
Worked year-round, full-time	50 221	44 834	251	49 980	43 685	250	49 923	43 937	249	- .4	
Did not work	27 825	14 787	150	27 258	14 207	146	27 391	14 283	145	1.1	
Tenure											
Owner occupied	62 374	38 903	247	61 776	38 030	218	62 220	38 088	218	- .7	
Renter occupied	32 901	21 131	185	32 969	20 668	188	32 499	20 731	191	- .7	
Occupier paid no cash rent	1 831	17 597	807	1 680	15 898	565	1 672	15 920	575	7.5	

2 INCOME

Table 1. Median Income of Households, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Households as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
				Number (thous.)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Median income			
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
WHITE											
All households	82 387	32 960	192	81 795	32 209	155	82 083	32 368	159	-.6	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	62 817	35 621	208	62 417	34 836	225	62 647	35 059	212	-.7	
One million or more	38 762	37 992	309	38 888	37 169	263	39 044	37 400	274	-.8	
Inside central cities	12 967	30 052	416	13 262	30 013	430	13 193	30 314	402	* -2.8	
Outside central cities	25 795	42 037	350	25 626	41 221	331	25 852	41 363	330	-1.0	
Under 1 million	24 055	32 349	287	23 529	31 334	264	23 603	31 462	263	.2	
Inside central cities	9 401	28 810	517	9 291	28 357	550	9 263	28 562	551	-1.4	
Outside central cities	14 653	34 487	383	14 237	33 034	411	14 339	33 150	410	1.4	
Outside metropolitan areas	19 571	26 277	324	19 379	25 991	330	19 436	26 072	330	-1.8	
Region											
Northeast	16 826	35 385	324	16 882	34 599	398	17 046	34 789	388	-.7	
Midwest	20 586	33 010	365	20 411	32 341	331	20 638	32 440	335	-.9	
South	27 170	30 820	267	26 782	30 206	268	26 696	30 338	265	-.9	
West	17 705	34 565	396	17 710	33 797	446	17 703	34 119	450	-.7	
Type of Household											
Family households	57 870	39 841	232	57 669	39 086	215	57 858	39 320	214	-1.0	
Married-couple families	47 443	43 785	275	47 383	42 589	247	47 601	42 820	264	-.2	
Male householder, no wife present	2 297	31 177	672	2 418	32 113	1 017	2 409	32 412	879	* -5.7	
Female householder, no husband present	8 130	21 583	398	7 868	21 756	410	7 848	21 970	410	* -3.7	
Nonfamily households	24 518	19 639	240	24 126	18 426	235	24 225	18 479	234	* 3.4	
Male householder	10 602	25 717	301	10 343	24 575	438	10 370	24 661	428	1.6	
Living alone	8 023	22 383	342	7 866	21 110	362	7 904	21 171	363	2.9	
Female householder	13 916	15 330	232	13 783	14 842	206	13 856	14 889	208	.3	
Living alone	12 180	13 468	234	12 232	13 357	202	12 306	13 413	202	-2.1	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	63 685	38 419	226	63 266	37 522	198	63 432	37 762	210	-.6	
15 to 24 years	4 227	20 637	349	4 235	19 543	476	4 079	19 653	473	2.5	
25 to 34 years	16 044	34 092	388	16 373	33 370	336	16 256	33 570	336	-.8	
35 to 44 years	18 517	43 073	414	18 107	42 065	337	18 183	42 182	338	-.6	
45 to 54 years	14 324	48 629	606	14 083	46 487	448	14 240	46 600	444	1.6	
55 to 64 years	10 573	35 219	516	10 469	35 771	499	10 675	35 883	494	-4.4	
65 years and over	18 702	18 471	223	18 529	17 828	209	18 651	17 886	208	.6	
65 to 74 years	10 347	22 144	297	10 320	21 300	306	10 428	21 356	305	.9	
75 years and over	8 355	14 755	220	8 209	14 090	206	8 223	14 111	206	1.7	
Size of Household											
One person	20 202	16 588	185	20 100	15 928	180	20 211	15 978	180	1.1	
Two persons	27 472	34 039	297	27 292	33 360	295	27 478	33 517	294	-.9	
Three persons	13 982	41 936	427	14 083	41 149	421	14 105	41 429	419	-1.1	
Four persons	12 612	47 097	440	12 584	46 311	397	12 598	46 546	394	-1.3	
Five persons	5 512	44 848	712	5 201	45 023	704	5 194	45 305	667	* -3.3	
Six persons	1 656	45 629	1 404	1 634	39 636	1 239	1 616	40 117	1 291	* 11.8	
Seven persons or more	951	35 892	1 437	900	37 157	2 152	882	37 895	2 204	-6.2	
Number of Earners											
No earners	17 745	13 072	160	17 448	12 796	153	17 526	12 861	152	-.8	
One earner	26 711	26 980	180	26 731	26 551	178	26 819	26 685	177	* -1.3	
Two earners or more	37 931	50 439	236	37 616	48 718	249	37 738	48 954	248	.5	
Two earners	29 645	47 450	284	29 500	45 766	256	29 582	45 981	255	.7	
Three earners	6 164	58 248	601	6 023	57 119	623	6 055	57 334	640	-1.0	
Four earners or more	2 121	72 634	1 210	2 093	69 373	1 159	2 101	69 620	1 182	1.7	
Work Experience of Householder											
Total	82 387	32 960	192	81 795	32 209	155	82 083	32 368	159	-.6	
Worked	59 175	41 069	181	59 225	39 810	205	59 406	40 031	198	.2	
Worked year-round, full-time	43 254	46 227	249	43 161	45 222	219	43 340	45 405	218	-7	
Did not work	23 213	16 127	164	22 570	15 609	175	22 677	15 668	174	.3	
Tenure											
Owner occupied	55 879	39 640	258	55 424	38 651	230	55 915	38 752	229	-.4	
Renter occupied	24 955	22 744	248	24 985	22 206	207	24 785	22 313	211	-.6	
Occupier paid no cash rent	1 553	18 670	768	1 386	16 687	690	1 383	16 759	696	* 8.6	

Table 1. Median Income of Households, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Households as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number (thous.)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Median income			
					Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
BLACK											
All households	11 281	19 532	385	11 269	18 755	383	11 190	18 660	386	.1	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	9 771	20 623	394	9 619	19 761	406	9 562	19 674	407	1.3	
One million or more	6 740	21 898	451	6 587	20 740	521	6 558	20 647	527	2.5	
Inside central cities	4 552	19 196	601	4 543	17 810	590	4 522	17 704	585	4.7	
Outside central cities	2 188	29 474	1 351	2 044	29 532	1 159	2 035	29 434	1 170	-3.1	
Under 1 million	3 031	17 659	631	3 033	18 135	593	3 004	18 059	600	-5.5	
Inside central cities	1 991	16 405	740	1 977	16 775	782	1 859	16 720	791	-5.0	
Outside central cities	1 040	20 017	1 074	1 055	20 416	1 077	1 045	20 289	1 081	-4.8	
Outside metropolitan areas	1 510	14 288	823	1 649	13 913	738	1 628	13 821	744	-.3	
Region											
Northeast	1 935	21 560	704	1 870	19 792	838	1 865	19 683	847	5.8	
Midwest	2 383	18 886	804	2 315	18 217	821	2 320	18 126	815	.7	
South	6 058	18 262	506	6 135	18 216	496	6 045	18 108	503	-2.7	
West	904	25 036	1 256	948	22 703	1 729	960	22 595	1 757	7.1	
Type of Household											
Family households	7 989	22 221	465	7 982	21 710	449	7 888	21 761	453	-.6	
Married-couple families	3 714	35 409	814	3 777	34 414	898	3 748	34 290	911	-.1	
Male householder, no wife present	450	22 000	2 187	467	23 444	1 195	460	23 439	1 218	-8.9	
Female householder, no husband present	3 825	12 423	396	3 738	12 497	399	3 680	12 606	400	-3.5	
Nonfamily households	3 292	13 857	710	3 287	12 267	442	3 302	12 062	387	9.7	
Male householder	1 452	17 752	934	1 495	15 510	909	1 484	15 267	882	11.1	
Living alone	1 147	15 893	700	1 251	13 532	735	1 244	13 369	746	* 14.0	
Female householder	1 840	11 093	474	1 792	10 202	524	1 818	10 005	524	5.6	
Living alone	1 657	10 082	460	1 619	9 285	565	1 648	9 092	555	5.4	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	9 513	21 508	378	9 440	20 956	388	9 282	20 997	393	.3	
15 to 24 years	773	10 777	883	759	8 725	611	718	8 705	627	19.9	
25 to 34 years	2 744	18 030	624	2 788	17 895	687	2 715	17 894	700	-2.2	
35 to 44 years	2 826	24 431	734	2 762	24 891	696	2 657	24 928	709	-4.7	
45 to 54 years	1 856	29 880	1 298	1 770	28 456	1 029	1 777	28 342	1 028	2.0	
55 to 64 years	1 315	20 800	1 214	1 351	19 180	1 086	1 416	19 118	1 056	5.3	
65 years and over	1 767	11 926	384	1 828	10 416	453	1 908	10 396	442	* 11.2	
65 to 74 years	1 071	13 838	831	1 153	12 362	638	1 204	12 334	619	8.7	
75 years and over	696	9 948	496	675	7 946	503	703	7 931	491	* 21.6	
Size of Household											
One person	2 804	11 862	380	2 870	11 117	399	2 892	10 933	397	3.6	
Two persons	2 918	19 891	663	2 896	18 641	565	2 895	18 638	570	3.6	
Three persons	2 256	23 069	1 036	2 194	21 889	870	2 155	21 952	874	2.3	
Four persons	1 760	26 616	1 145	1 754	26 321	941	1 721	26 432	943	-1.8	
Five persons	867	22 438	1 313	880	24 622	1 698	863	24 744	1 759	* -11.5	
Six persons	363	26 531	2 551	425	24 142	1 852	418	24 443	1 866	6.7	
Seven persons or more	312	23 585	1 663	250	14 049	2 994	246	14 249	3 061	* 63.0	
Number of Earners											
No earners	2 831	6 827	125	2 898	6 388	109	2 936	6 433	109	* 3.8	
One earner	4 513	18 117	394	4 456	17 570	366	4 400	17 644	374	.1	
Two earners or more	3 938	39 815	876	3 915	37 794	781	3 854	37 888	799	2.3	
Two earners	3 072	36 224	782	2 982	34 346	791	2 933	34 456	781	2.4	
Three earners	706	48 914	1 456	755	49 414	2 282	745	49 250	2 358	-3.9	
Four earners or more	160	58 940	6 231	177	68 370	4 037	177	68 392	4 041	* -16.3	
Work Experience of Householder											
Total	11 281	19 532	385	11 269	18 755	383	11 190	18 660	386	1.1	
Worked	7 482	26 507	410	7 359	26 413	385	7 226	26 500	387	-2.6	
Worked year-round, full-time	5 067	32 375	526	5 006	31 881	481	4 912	31 974	488	-1.4	
Did not work	3 799	8 472	247	3 910	7 417	143	3 964	7 464	172	* 10.9	
Tenure											
Owner occupied	4 791	28 967	962	4 698	28 335	803	4 726	28 023	779	-.7	
Renter occupied	6 268	14 354	455	6 340	13 820	411	6 235	13 703	411	.8	
Occupier paid no cash rent	222	9 978	1 304	230	11 292	1 106	229	11 230	1 117	-14.2	

4 INCOME

Table 1. Median Income of Households, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Households as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Median income		
				Number	Value				Number		
HISPANIC ORIGIN¹											
All households	7 362	22 886	460	7 153	22 597	467	6 626	22 848	508	-1.7	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	6 800	23 234	480	6 613	22 885	516	6 132	23 126	551	-1.4	
One million or more	5 186	23 561	547	5 081	23 713	652	4 721	23 943	677	-3.5	
Inside central cities	2 933	19 610	737	2 894	19 334	648	2 669	19 461	677	-1.5	
Outside central cities	2 253	29 254	1 025	2 186	30 265	1 137	2 053	30 504	1 203	-6.1	
Under 1 million	1 614	22 212	901	1 533	20 976	813	1 410	21 200	851	2.8	
Inside central cities	960	21 468	963	960	20 544	947	877	20 696	980	1.5	
Outside central cities	654	23 390	1 224	573	22 118	1 642	534	22 469	1 631	2.7	
Outside metropolitan areas	563	20 140	1 492	539	19 396	1 674	494	19 642	1 838	.8	
Region											
Northeast	1 331	18 400	1 048	1 269	19 062	940	1 160	19 169	992	-6.3	
Midwest	503	25 602	1 709	543	23 906	1 771	502	24 367	1 832	4.0	
South	2 383	22 461	709	2 265	21 291	809	2 085	21 459	848	2.4	
West	3 145	24 714	761	3 075	25 143	711	2 880	25 338	701	-4.6	
Type of Household											
Family households	5 940	24 530	507	5 733	24 615	531	5 318	24 926	516	-3.2	
Married-couple families	4 033	28 867	652	3 940	28 692	667	3 674	29 007	695	-2.3	
Male householder, no wife present	410	25 013	1 870	445	21 992	1 769	407	21 994	1 859	10.4	
Female householder, no husband present	1 498	13 223	777	1 348	13 835	693	1 238	13 994	719	-7.2	
Nonfamily households	1 423	15 799	703	1 420	14 980	967	1 308	14 862	989	2.4	
Male householder	747	21 672	1 542	750	19 568	1 137	691	19 508	1 210	7.5	
Living alone	511	17 324	1 142	509	16 391	1 288	472	16 360	1 326	2.6	
Female householder	676	10 850	842	670	10 772	809	617	10 660	832	-2.2	
Living alone	552	8 672	773	567	9 199	642	524	9 136	662	-8.5	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	6 562	24 367	502	6 407	24 055	537	5 922	24 363	561	-1.6	
15 to 24 years	590	18 724	1 178	663	14 823	1 118	574	14 840	1 206	22.6	
25 to 34 years	2 125	22 920	867	2 034	22 469	803	1 837	22 658	874	-1.0	
35 to 44 years	1 856	26 842	857	1 778	26 963	721	1 671	27 094	770	-3.3	
45 to 54 years	1 221	27 723	1 588	1 191	28 114	1 223	1 130	28 222	1 281	-4.3	
55 to 64 years	769	22 905	1 450	741	23 009	1 820	710	23 285	1 852	-3.3	
65 years and over	799	13 284	836	745	13 522	688	704	13 587	708	-4.6	
65 to 74 years	525	14 035	1 123	482	14 777	1 248	457	14 841	1 307	-7.8	
75 years and over	274	11 993	1 468	264	10 932	1 420	247	10 986	1 454	6.5	
Size of Household											
One person	1 063	11 935	705	1 076	11 791	662	996	11 726	690	-1.7	
Two persons	1 671	22 216	746	1 591	21 253	880	1 477	21 445	926	1.5	
Three persons	1 406	22 787	985	1 405	22 316	1 146	1 294	22 743	1 207	-9	
Four persons	1 410	25 902	859	1 392	27 378	1 044	1 287	27 785	1 129	-8.1	
Five persons	960	28 967	1 187	861	27 900	1 390	802	28 079	1 467	.8	
Six persons	420	27 191	1 412	444	27 672	1 898	412	27 677	1 952	-4.6	
Seven persons or more	433	29 540	1 448	383	26 423	972	358	26 538	1 036	8.5	
Number of Earners											
No earners	1 255	7 749	291	1 159	7 143	205	1 076	7 183	212	5.3	
One earner	2 648	17 828	549	2 620	18 066	584	2 417	18 262	613	-4.2	
Two earners or more	3 460	34 737	692	3 374	34 646	674	3 133	34 915	729	-2.7	
Two earners	2 499	31 999	623	2 428	32 146	839	2 249	32 504	857	-3.3	
Three earners	646	40 680	1 310	663	38 719	1 609	620	38 934	1 688	2.0	
Four earners or more	315	48 731	2 945	284	49 316	1 857	264	49 590	1 989	-4.1	
Work Experience of Householder											
Total	7 362	22 886	460	7 153	22 597	467	6 626	22 848	508	-1.7	
Worked	5 416	27 812	560	5 374	27 012	415	4 970	27 238	464	-	
Worked year-round, full-time	3 686	32 213	556	3 578	31 533	555	3 321	31 790	580	-8	
Did not work	1 946	10 619	452	1 778	10 104	465	1 656	10 226	496	2.0	
Tenure											
Owner occupied	3 060	32 171	668	2 815	32 877	879	2 654	33 079	910	-5.0	
Renter occupied	4 165	17 424	447	4 219	17 529	467	3 864	17 589	496	-3.5	
Occupier paid no cash rent	138	16 913	2 096	119	15 493	2 007	109	15 591	2 088	6.0	

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

6 INCOME

Table 2. Selected Characteristics—Households, by Total Money Income in 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Median income		Mean income	
											Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT²														
Total	91 842	3 765	8 738	8 289	15 082	13 439	15 173	15 355	6 401	5 599	32 166	150	42 482	235
Less than 9th grade	8 587	744	2 270	1 575	1 916	1 002	619	335	92	34	13 920	243	18 890	263
9th to 12th grade (no diploma)	9 712	753	1 983	1 406	2 027	1 539	1 125	635	148	96	17 966	360	24 104	454
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	29 420	1 261	2 751	2 990	5 675	5 097	5 291	4 395	1 281	680	28 700	257	34 719	267
Some college, no degree	16 295	530	970	1 225	2 771	2 597	3 173	3 188	1 166	675	35 220	373	41 741	410
Associate degree	6 032	137	297	353	836	982	1 286	1 351	526	263	39 583	646	44 806	632
Bachelor's degree or more	21 795	340	467	741	1 857	2 222	3 680	5 450	3 188	3 850	56 116	449	70 355	747
Bachelor's degree	13 808	244	347	536	1 402	1 524	2 507	3 528	1 921	1 798	51 480	364	61 694	732
Master's degree	5 153	61	85	132	326	507	882	1 358	811	991	60 341	824	72 122	1 386
Professional degree	1 630	26	16	47	83	84	154	302	207	711	87 666	3 653	119 066	5 070
Doctorate degree	1 204	9	18	26	46	107	136	261	249	351	74 753	2 213	96 162	4 698
TENURE														
Owner occupied	62 374	1 533	3 770	4 589	9 253	8 822	11 253	12 437	5 653	5 064	38 903	248	49 365	317
Renter occupied	32 901	2 645	5 348	4 125	6 778	5 247	4 351	3 055	808	545	21 131	185	27 380	232
Occupier paid no cash rent	1 831	229	349	241	391	249	188	140	24	19	17 597	807	23 489	868

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

²Restricted to persons 25 years and over.

Table 3. Median Income of Families, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992

[Families as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
		Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Number (thous.)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
					Number	Value					
ALL RACES											
All families	68 506	36 959	192	68 216	36 573	186	68 144	36 812	186	* -1.9	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	52 770	39 759	269	52 377	39 164	236	52 299	39 471	236	* -1.4	
One million or more	33 277	41 828	316	33 118	41 546	292	33 049	41 883	292	* -2.2	
Inside central cities	11 682	31 018	377	11 932	31 217	436	11 776	31 624	440	* -3.5	
Outside central cities	21 595	48 266	470	21 186	47 214	366	21 273	47 417	383	-7	
Under 1 million	19 494	36 329	332	19 259	35 566	327	19 250	35 780	327	-8	
Inside central cities	7 565	32 289	555	7 624	32 255	513	7 559	32 536	564	-2.8	
Outside central cities	11 929	38 624	509	11 635	37 478	433	11 691	37 625	434	.1	
Outside metropolitan areas	15 735	30 157	403	15 839	29 749	393	15 844	29 864	386	-1.6	
Region											
Northeast	13 456	40 987	365	13 407	40 692	343	13 478	40 884	342	* -2.2	
Midwest	16 210	37 942	443	16 174	37 063	344	16 326	37 195	345	-6	
South	24 438	33 365	356	24 244	32 786	345	24 040	33 028	352	-1.2	
West	14 402	38 881	495	14 390	38 525	445	14 299	38 929	446	-2.0	
Type of Family											
Married-couple families	53 181	43 005	263	53 090	41 890	198	53 171	42 064	199	-3	
Wife in paid labor force	32 194	51 204	246	31 389	49 775	285	31 425	49 984	281	-1	
Wife not in paid labor force	20 988	30 218	268	21 701	30 174	265	21 746	30 326	261	* -2.8	
Male householder, no wife present	2 814	26 467	647	3 065	27 576	762	3 026	27 821	791	* -6.8	
Female householder, no husband present	12 411	17 443	291	12 061	17 025	273	11 947	17 221	273	-5	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	57 287	40 161	209	57 083	39 625	224	56 883	39 968	214	* -1.6	
15 to 24 years	2 998	17 440	596	2 897	15 549	520	2 751	15 673	533	* 6.9	
25 to 34 years	14 248	32 196	406	14 622	32 361	348	14 376	32 662	384	* -3.4	
35 to 44 years	17 810	43 324	431	17 697	42 491	394	17 569	42 776	420	-1.0	
45 to 54 years	13 281	52 034	426	12 954	50 079	483	13 069	50 185	465	.9	
55 to 64 years	8 951	41 022	525	8 913	41 411	545	9 117	41 495	540	* -3.8	
65 years and over	11 217	25 766	302	11 132	25 212	294	11 261	25 251	294	-8	
65 to 74 years	7 240	28 143	452	7 244	27 212	346	7 350	27 246	345	-8	
75 years and over	3 977	22 110	360	3 888	21 641	409	3 811	21 651	409	-8	
Size of Family											
Two persons	28 450	31 302	235	28 462	30 955	234	28 612	31 098	233	* -1.8	
Three persons	15 986	38 727	436	16 114	38 219	431	16 060	38 564	430	-1.6	
Four persons	14 479	45 161	458	14 370	44 251	486	14 306	44 615	475	-9	
Five persons	6 342	42 564	636	6 091	42 261	696	6 048	42 605	734	-2.2	
Six persons	2 048	41 156	1 357	2 072	37 702	1 084	2 039	38 093	1 099	6.0	
Seven persons or more	1 201	33 158	1 276	1 106	34 377	1 845	1 079	34 917	1 909	-6.3	
Number of Earners											
No earners	10 546	15 515	219	10 330	15 379	236	10 339	15 536	234	-2.0	
One earner	19 301	26 193	236	19 311	26 059	241	19 228	26 292	241	* -2.4	
Two earners	38 659	50 308	233	38 574	48 550	252	38 577	48 787	251	.6	
Two earners	30 137	47 424	284	30 007	45 563	252	29 988	45 779	251	1.1	
Three earners	6 367	57 745	627	6 393	56 346	593	6 404	56 550	593	.5	
Four earners or more	2 155	72 673	1 145	2 175	69 717	1 119	2 185	69 923	1 148	1.2	

8 INCOME

Table 3. Median Income of Families, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Families as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Median income		
				Number	Value				Number		
WHITE											
All families	57 881	39 300	242	57 669	38 670	217	57 858	38 909	216	* -1.3	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	43 645	42 313	253	43 436	41 695	245	43 575	41 970	245	* -1.5	
One million or more	26 827	45 473	413	26 865	44 878	375	26 949	45 244	339	* -1.6	
Inside central cities	7 843	35 634	574	8 102	35 714	528	8 028	36 222	526	* -3.1	
Outside central cities	18 983	49 729	460	18 763	48 415	437	18 921	48 642	435	-3	
Under 1 million	16 818	38 603	457	16 571	37 647	366	16 626	37 832	371	-4	
Inside central cities	5 981	35 981	703	5 963	36 044	559	5 938	36 292	558	-3.1	
Outside central cities	10 837	39 872	485	10 608	38 588	445	10 688	38 708	442	-3	
Outside metropolitan areas	14 236	31 351	399	14 233	30 999	362	14 263	31 080	361	-1.8	
Region											
Northeast	11 690	42 526	482	11 718	42 136	367	11 639	42 302	400	* -2.0	
Midwest	14 258	40 158	407	14 279	38 881	412	14 454	38 995	408	.3	
South	19 461	36 504	357	19 256	36 084	357	19 184	36 279	356	-1.8	
West	12 472	39 614	513	12 416	39 089	470	12 381	39 502	472	-1.6	
Type of Family											
Married-couple families	47 452	43 675	275	47 383	42 504	240	47 601	42 738	263	-2	
Wife in paid labor force	28 539	51 630	255	27 768	50 466	283	27 814	50 653	282	-.7	
Wife not in paid labor force	18 913	30 878	281	19 615	30 848	272	19 687	31 013	271	* -2.8	
Male householder, no wife present	2 298	28 269	930	2 418	29 382	958	2 409	29 671	945	* -6.6	
Female householder, no husband present	8 131	20 000	350	7 868	19 922	381	7 848	20 130	399	-2.5	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	47 825	42 436	237	47 702	41 968	215	47 811	42 223	214	* -1.8	
15 to 24 years	2 299	19 650	561	2 236	17 957	670	2 136	18 123	711	6.2	
25 to 34 years	11 480	35 693	404	11 875	35 265	391	11 769	35 512	387	-1.7	
35 to 44 years	14 832	45 864	445	14 651	45 242	382	14 699	45 366	361	-1.6	
45 to 54 years	11 353	54 213	627	11 173	51 714	449	11 288	51 846	445	-1.8	
55 to 64 years	7 861	42 182	568	7 767	43 288	682	7 919	43 431	672	* -5.4	
65 years and over	10 056	26 468	308	9 968	25 934	297	10 046	25 998	296	-9	
65 to 74 years	6 475	28 889	458	6 452	27 879	372	6 522	27 939	369	.6	
75 years and over	3 581	22 760	432	3 516	22 304	420	3 524	22 337	423	-.9	
Size of Family											
Two persons	25 023	32 672	305	24 999	32 370	261	25 182	32 502	282	* -2.0	
Three persons	13 180	41 494	439	13 346	40 904	426	13 375	41 176	423	-1.5	
Four persons	12 115	47 157	460	12 064	46 457	416	12 078	46 693	413	-1.4	
Five persons	5 205	45 247	759	4 959	45 080	719	4 952	45 366	673	-2.5	
Six persons	1 551	45 715	1 465	1 508	40 760	1 411	1 494	41 284	1 473	* 8.9	
Seven persons or more	607	36 068	1 569	793	39 353	2 020	777	40 124	1 813	* -11.0	
Number of Earners											
No earners	8 622	17 656	264	8 384	17 766	271	8 411	17 880	269	* -3.5	
One earner	15 556	28 574	346	15 672	28 383	357	15 691	28 666	357	-2.3	
Two earners or more	33 703	51 129	246	33 613	49 652	263	33 755	49 872	259	-	
Two earners	26 336	48 332	311	26 321	46 693	271	26 417	46 895	270	.5	
Three earners	5 486	58 651	631	5 397	57 247	658	5 433	57 440	673	-5	
Four earners or more	1 682	73 269	1 244	1 895	69 986	1 268	1 906	70 224	1 291	1.6	

Table 3. Median Income of Families, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Families as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number (thous.)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Median income			
					Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
BLACK											
All families	7 993	21 542	437	7 982	21 103	445	7 888	21 161	449	-.9	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	6 840	22 811	537	6 718	22 373	513	6 648	22 440	520	-1.0	
One million or more	4 656	24 384	668	4 555	24 052	718	4 514	24 133	725	-1.6	
Inside central cities	3 023	21 133	646	3 049	21 106	719	3 019	21 166	724	-2.8	
Outside central cities	1 633	32 707	1 687	1 506	32 159	1 313	1 495	32 192	1 318	-1.3	
Under 1 million	2 183	20 087	872	2 163	19 680	735	2 133	19 730	745	-.9	
Inside central cities	1 361	19 164	1 306	1 380	18 533	854	1 363	18 595	861	.4	
Outside central cities	822	21 131	1 165	783	22 011	1 262	771	22 061	1 277	-6.8	
Outside metropolitan areas	1 153	15 870	861	1 264	15 311	876	1 240	15 316	881	.6	
Region											
Northeast	1 298	25 002	1 633	1 255	23 263	1 273	1 242	23 364	1 301	4.4	
Midwest	1 643	20 794	861	1 625	20 085	988	1 621	20 181	987	.5	
South	4 461	20 372	626	4 445	20 383	612	4 361	20 429	619	-3.0	
West	591	26 182	1 046	657	24 795	1 823	663	24 827	1 964	2.5	
Type of Family											
Married-couple families	3 715	35 218	796	3 777	34 325	831	3 748	34 196	946	-.4	
Wife in paid labor force	2 417	44 805	1 052	2 465	41 793	898	2 425	41 799	901	4.1	
Wife not in paid labor force	1 298	22 207	751	1 312	21 061	824	1 323	21 035	825	2.4	
Male householder, no wife present	450	19 476	1 171	467	20 672	1 149	460	20 678	1 157	-8.5	
Female householder, no husband present	3 828	11 909	308	3 738	11 844	376	3 680	11 956	379	-2.4	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	7 049	22 117	490	7 036	21 907	478	6 902	22 032	485	-2.0	
15 to 24 years	575	8 400	669	541	6 936	514	512	6 916	526	17.6	
25 to 34 years	2 064	15 852	661	2 100	16 214	653	2 039	16 210	668	-5.1	
35 to 44 years	2 187	25 212	959	2 229	24 933	844	2 142	24 981	863	-1.8	
45 to 54 years	1 379	34 159	1 240	1 293	32 718	1 529	1 295	32 551	1 516	1.4	
55 to 64 years	844	28 974	1 828	873	26 358	1 765	914	26 346	1 702	6.7	
65 years and over	944	18 308	913	946	16 654	863	986	16 627	846	6.7	
65 to 74 years	613	20 446	1 228	655	18 590	963	683	18 570	941	6.8	
75 years and over	331	15 186	1 076	291	12 675	1 064	303	12 650	1 039	16.3	
Size of Family											
Two persons	2 701	18 501	657	2 723	17 548	603	2 724	17 583	608	2.4	
Three persons	2 187	21 679	981	2 106	21 066	879	2 070	21 148	883	-.1	
Four persons	1 688	26 072	1 027	1 690	26 441	934	1 658	26 555	934	-4.3	
Five persons	791	21 529	1 087	828	24 061	1 624	812	24 118	1 686	-13.1	
Six persons	338	26 288	2 730	406	23 350	1 944	398	23 672	1 953	9.3	
Seven persons or more	289	23 370	2 013	229	12 493	3 042	226	12 859	3 095	81.6	
Number of Earners											
No earners	1 574	6 858	226	1 634	6 426	205	1 630	6 532	207	3.6	
One earner	2 999	16 571	448	2 869	16 043	387	2 828	16 131	393	.3	
Two earners or more	3 420	41 172	906	3 479	38 900	907	3 430	38 972	911	2.8	
Two earners	2 620	37 124	1 006	2 607	34 847	785	2 569	34 950	782	3.4	
Three earners	651	49 489	1 942	704	50 931	2 180	694	50 770	2 269	-5.7	
Four earners or more	149	59 678	7 403	168	67 714	3 827	167	67 700	3 843	-14.4	

10 INCOME

Table 3. Median Income of Families, by Selected Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin of Householder, and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Families as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number (thous.)	Median income		Number (thous.)	Median income			
					Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
HISPANIC ORIGIN¹											
All families	5 946	23 654	503	5 733	23 555	557	5 318	23 901	574	-2.5	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	5 492	24 014	530	5 298	23 867	582	4 919	24 189	599	-2.3	
One million or more	4 198	24 228	610	4 057	24 760	645	3 773	25 055	627	* -5.0	
Inside central cities	2 287	20 310	755	2 241	20 098	669	2 066	20 308	709	* -1.9	
Outside central cities	1 911	29 894	985	1 816	31 719	1 358	1 707	32 059	1 383	* -8.5	
Under 1 million	1 295	23 332	1 044	1 242	21 642	880	1 146	21 926	940	4.7	
Inside central cities	750	22 412	1 358	760	20 856	1 009	695	21 096	1 044	4.3	
Outside central cities	545	24 106	1 286	482	23 249	1 548	451	23 508	1 555	.7	
Outside metropolitan areas	453	21 027	1 136	434	20 392	1 768	399	20 849	1 939	.1	
Region											
Northeast	1 001	19 580	1 095	967	19 965	1 090	884	20 238	1 188	-4.8	
Midwest	405	27 501	2 170	433	23 414	1 980	400	24 007	2 109	14.0	
South	1 915	23 651	698	1 819	22 588	1 051	1 676	22 983	1 137	1.7	
West	2 624	24 781	866	2 514	25 451	700	2 358	25 682	689	* -5.5	
Type of Family											
Married-couple families	4 038	28 454	662	3 940	28 186	687	3 674	28 515	715	-2.0	
Wife in paid labor force	2 121	35 973	763	2 102	36 872	1 033	1 964	37 335	1 037	* -5.5	
Wife not in paid labor force	1 917	20 721	568	1 838	20 424	656	1 710	20 673	692	-1.5	
Male householder, no wife present	410	21 717	1 584	445	19 395	1 250	407	19 468	1 321	8.7	
Female householder, no husband present	1 498	12 047	510	1 348	12 704	644	1 238	12 894	691	* -7.9	
Age of Householder											
Under 65 years	5 455	24 262	556	5 271	24 208	617	4 880	24 608	608	-2.7	
15 to 24 years	435	17 943	1 299	492	13 050	1 063	426	13 122	1 147	* 33.5	
25 to 34 years	1 775	21 342	703	1 666	21 304	827	1 507	21 546	866	-2.7	
35 to 44 years	1 631	26 503	1 024	1 545	26 756	737	1 453	26 886	788	-3.8	
45 to 54 years	1 025	28 844	1 546	986	29 359	1 410	935	29 472	1 468	-1.3	
55 to 64 years	589	26 908	1 855	582	27 380	2 099	559	27 500	2 215	-4.6	
65 years and over	489	19 433	1 335	462	19 001	1 133	438	19 059	1 172	-7	
65 to 74 years	339	20 228	1 603	321	20 505	1 548	305	20 566	1 603	-4.2	
75 years and over	150	17 700	1 947	141	16 049	1 379	133	16 076	1 447	7.1	
Size of Family											
Two persons	1 567	20 275	835	1 499	19 448	754	1 392	19 663	820	1.2	
Three persons	1 378	21 446	773	1 354	21 098	1 144	1 250	21 554	1 229	-1.3	
Four persons	1 351	25 694	846	1 329	27 097	1 032	1 230	27 452	1 142	* -7.9	
Five persons	903	28 775	1 130	826	26 482	1 294	772	26 613	1 348	5.5	
Six persons	397	26 894	1 449	388	27 337	2 029	361	27 393	2 075	-4.5	
Seven persons or more	350	29 355	1 661	336	26 117	1 236	314	26 254	1 234	* 9.1	
Number of Earners											
No earners	860	8 362	370	764	8 068	438	706	8 166	456	.6	
One earner	2 044	17 121	384	1 987	16 927	466	1 832	17 134	515	-1.8	
Two earners or more	3 042	34 758	723	2 982	34 700	770	2 780	34 981	824	-2.7	
Two earners	2 248	32 172	659	2 176	32 091	853	2 024	32 402	883	-2.7	
Three earners	538	40 724	1 374	581	39 224	1 548	544	39 393	1 712	.8	
Four earners or more	256	49 876	3 491	225	49 947	2 262	211	50 291	2 429	-3.0	

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Table 4. Selected Characteristics of Families—Total Money Income of Families in 1993

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March 1994. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Characteristic	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Median income		Mean income	
											Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)
All families -----	68 506	2 410	4 160	4 966	10 640	10 162	12 288	13 280	5 598	5 002	36 959	192	47 221	292
TYPE OF RESIDENCE														
Inside metropolitan areas -----	52 770	1 849	3 047	3 453	7 398	7 409	9 330	10 860	4 890	4 534	39 759	269	50 409	359
Inside central cities -----	19 247	1 040	1 756	1 681	3 203	2 855	2 987	3 201	1 259	1 265	31 473	311	42 623	530
One million or more -----	11 682	690	1 129	1 044	1 929	1 667	1 739	1 910	736	839	31 018	377	43 258	760
Under one million -----	7 565	350	627	637	1 274	1 188	1 248	1 291	524	427	32 289	555	41 643	664
Outside central cities -----	33 523	809	1 291	1 773	4 195	4 554	6 343	7 659	3 631	3 269	44 150	336	54 879	473
One million or more -----	21 595	509	721	1 037	2 412	2 672	3 835	5 171	2 632	2 605	48 266	470	59 410	648
Under one million -----	11 929	300	570	725	1 783	1 883	2 508	2 488	999	663	38 624	509	46 675	611
Outside metropolitan areas -----	15 735	561	1 113	1 513	3 242	2 753	2 958	2 420	708	468	30 157	403	36 531	472
REGION														
Northeast -----	13 456	467	741	820	1 846	1 828	2 387	2 778	1 291	1 298	40 987	366	52 603	685
Midwest -----	16 210	526	921	1 026	2 470	2 485	3 202	3 328	1 296	954	37 942	443	45 573	500
South -----	24 438	1 008	1 708	2 089	4 171	3 767	4 250	4 233	1 747	1 465	33 365	356	43 467	452
West -----	14 402	409	789	1 032	2 153	2 081	2 450	2 940	1 263	1 285	38 881	495	50 419	714
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER														
White -----	57 881	1 432	2 767	3 820	8 762	8 719	10 865	11 919	4 993	4 603	39 300	242	49 567	326
Black -----	7 993	657	1 205	911	1 488	1 093	1 035	874	338	192	21 542	438	30 036	595
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	5 946	345	720	741	1 321	985	832	679	182	141	23 654	503	31 109	727
TYPE OF FAMILY														
All primary families -----	68 506	2 410	4 160	4 966	10 640	10 162	12 288	13 280	5 598	5 002	36 959	192	47 221	292
Married-couple families -----	53 181	719	1 604	2 923	7 483	7 931	10 392	12 072	5 265	4 792	43 005	263	53 472	353
Male householder, no wife present -----	2 914	156	272	302	640	498	509	332	115	90	26 467	648	33 585	833
Female householder, no husband present -----	12 411	1 535	2 284	1 741	2 517	1 732	1 387	876	217	120	17 443	292	23 635	386
Unrelated subfamilies -----	716	191	143	108	171	51	29	10	5	8	10 798	635	15 010	984
AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER														
Under 65 years -----	57 289	2 255	3 466	3 464	7 575	7 978	10 662	12 109	5 202	4 577	40 160	209	49 695	335
15 to 24 years -----	2 999	502	510	339	683	467	326	117	40	17	17 425	597	20 937	568
25 to 34 years -----	14 248	784	1 197	1 079	2 364	2 238	2 864	2 556	672	493	32 196	406	38 037	434
35 to 44 years -----	17 810	507	907	937	2 115	2 395	3 495	4 226	1 767	1 462	43 324	431	51 816	533
45 to 54 years -----	13 281	277	461	547	1 170	1 526	2 267	3 354	1 900	1 781	52 034	426	63 990	938
55 to 64 years -----	8 951	185	392	562	1 244	1 352	1 711	1 857	823	825	41 022	525	52 458	922
65 years and over -----	11 217	155	694	1 502	3 065	2 183	1 626	1 171	396	425	25 766	303	34 585	465
65 to 74 years -----	7 240	89	399	805	1 830	1 465	1 165	855	296	336	28 143	452	37 459	629
75 years and over -----	3 977	66	295	697	1 235	718	461	316	100	89	22 110	360	29 355	624
Mean age of householder -----	46.7	37.2	43.1	50.1	49.5	47.8	45.7	45.6	46.8	48.0	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OLD														
No related children -----	32 050	495	1 288	2 369	5 479	5 090	5 677	6 323	2 815	2 513	37 849	338	48 784	409
One or more related children -----	36 456	1 915	2 672	2 597	5 161	5 072	6 611	6 956	2 782	2 489	36 200	269	45 848	415
All under 6 years -----	9 463	720	847	736	1 457	1 282	1 607	1 623	604	587	32 216	577	41 597	691
Some under 6, some 6 to 17 years -----	8 223	482	790	601	1 229	1 174	1 492	1 422	477	556	33 345	655	43 570	844
All 6 to 17 years -----	18 770	713	1 236	1 261	2 474	2 616	3 511	3 911	1 701	1 346	39 369	453	48 988	623
One child -----	14 827	778	1 104	1 111	2 203	2 051	2 685	2 750	1 169	977	35 830	434	45 132	608
Under 6 years -----	5 805	387	490	454	941	840	996	966	381	352	32 165	689	41 616	854
6 to 17 years -----	9 022	392	614	657	1 262	1 211	1 689	1 784	788	37 874	597	47 395	832	
Two children or more -----	21 629	1 137	1 768	1 487	2 958	3 020	3 926	4 206	1 613	1 512	36 441	343	46 338	562
All under 6 years -----	3 658	333	357	282	516	442	612	658	223	235	32 313	1 069	41 567	1 166
Some under 6, some 6 to 17 years -----	8 223	482	790	601	1 229	1 174	1 492	1 422	477	556	33 345	655	43 570	844
All 6 to 17 years -----	9 748	321	622	604	1 212	1 405	1 822	2 127	913	721	40 662	482	50 463	920
Mean number of related children -----	.99	1.48	1.38	1.02	.92	.94	.99	.96	.88	.92	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
SIZE OF FAMILY														
Two persons -----	28 450	1 013	1 895	2 732	5 538	4 646	4 730	4 560	1 735	1 601	31 302	236	41 416	398
Three persons -----	15 986	747	987	982	2 219	2 261	2 957	3 298	1 385	1 150	38 727	436	47 419	569
Four persons -----	14 479	381	706	657	1 658	1 925	2 805	3 369	1 561	1 415	45 161	459	55 722	778
Five persons -----	6 342	180	372	356	731	845	1 228	1 406	688	536	42 564	637	52 720	1 031
Six persons -----	2 048	57	117	138	271	290	366	452	160	198	41 156	1 357	50 923	1 666
Seven persons or more -----	1 201	32	83	101	223	195	202	195	68	102	33 158	1 276	44 289	1 744
Mean size of family -----	3.20	2.99	3.08	2.95	3.01	3.13	3.26	3.35	3.44	3.46	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
NUMBER OF EARNERS														
No earners -----	10 546	1 374	1 922	1 805	2 618	1 402	821	431	92	81	15 515	220	20 032	274
One earner -----	19 301	828	1 697	2 218	4 403	3 425	2 969	2 233	680	848	26 193	236	36 168	486
Two earners or more -----	38 659	209	541	943	3 619	5 335	8 497	10 616	4 826	4 074	50 308	233	60 157	426
Two earners -----	30 137	186	494	863	3 199	4 539	6 893	7 968	3 212	2 783	47 424	284	57 361	489
Three earners -----	6 367	19	45	68	370	671	1 309	1 993	1 082	811	57 745	627	66 314	951
Four earners or more -----	2 155	4	2	12	50	125	295	655	532	480	72 673	1 145	81 065	1 729
Mean number of earners -----	1.62	.54	.70	.87	1.18	1.53	1.84	2.09	2.32	2.24	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

See footnotes at end of table.

12 INCOME

Table 4. Selected Characteristics of Families—Total Money Income of Families in 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March 1994. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Median income		Mean income		
											Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	
WORK EXPERIENCE OF HOUSEHOLDER															
Total	68 506	2 410	4 160	4 966	10 640	10 162	12 288	13 280	5 598	5 002	36 959	192	47 221	292	
Worked	51 798	904	1 884	2 578	6 642	7 455	10 395	12 041	5 205	4 693	43 761	263	53 927	363	
Worked at full-time jobs	45 930	523	1 157	1 931	5 554	6 507	9 514	11 359	4 945	4 440	46 155	254	56 361	396	
50 weeks or more	38 509	180	460	1 203	4 242	5 322	8 241	10 197	4 551	4 113	49 200	286	59 721	445	
27 to 49 weeks	4 663	84	275	398	794	804	913	869	263	262	34 667	680	44 172	1 106	
26 weeks or less	2 758	260	422	331	518	380	360	292	131	65	21 760	729	30 067	824	
Worked at part-time jobs	5 868	381	728	646	1 088	948	881	683	260	254	25 936	560	34 875	732	
50 weeks or more	2 756	81	241	317	569	423	472	359	150	144	28 887	856	39 332	1 261	
27 to 49 weeks	1 263	43	153	143	235	244	175	153	57	59	27 234	913	35 781	1 351	
26 weeks or less	1 848	257	334	186	284	281	234	170	53	50	20 068	1 243	27 608	959	
Did not work	16 707	1 506	2 275	2 389	3 998	2 707	1 892	1 239	393	309	20 123	233	26 430	311	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT²															
Total	65 506	1 908	3 650	4 627	9 957	9 694	11 962	13 163	5 558	4 985	38 231	240	48 425	303	
Less than 9th grade	5 614	279	810	1 061	1 569	904	564	316	80	30	18 573	352	23 211	348	
8th to 12th grade (no diploma) - High school graduate (includes equivalency)	6 756	478	834	847	1 571	1 250	977	577	136	87	22 224	373	28 013	617	
Some college, no degree	11 815	270	488	650	1 703	1 765	2 544	2 780	998	618	40 736	401	46 526	510	
Associate degree	4 408	73	166	184	485	640	985	1 172	475	228	45 054	795	49 457	777	
Bachelor's degree or more	15 574	111	161	309	838	1 274	2 360	4 383	2 714	3 424	64 941	522	80 098	962	
Bachelor's degree	9 673	71	117	235	627	884	1 639	2 864	1 657	1 579	59 703	644	70 209	942	
Master's degree	3 687	32	33	39	139	277	533	1 071	680	883	68 365	1 024	81 298	1 798	
Professional degree	1 297	3	3	26	45	45	103	258	190	212	648	99 943	3 613	132 918	5 957
Doctorate degree	918	5	8	8	28	69	85	313	313	82 480	3 591	104 639	5 710		

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

²Restricted to persons 25 years and over.

Table 5. Median Income of Persons, by Selected Characteristics and Population Control: 1993 and 1992

[Persons 15 years old and over as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number with income (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number with income (thous.)	Median income		Number with income (thous.)	Median income			
					Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
TOTAL											
Male											
All males -----	90 194	21 102	106	90 175	20 455	106	89 603	20 654	106	.2	
Region											
Northeast -----	17 928	22 283	197	17 986	22 090	217	18 042	22 258	217	-2.1	
Midwest -----	21 362	21 696	221	21 490	20 971	209	21 611	21 086	208	.4	
South -----	31 012	19 714	228	30 889	18 590	225	30 490	18 793	227	3.0	
West -----	19 892	21 536	248	19 810	20 999	232	19 459	21 345	235	-4.4	
Race and Hispanic Origin											
White -----	77 650	21 981	115	77 467	21 406	115	77 191	21 645	115	-3	
Black -----	8 947	14 605	449	9 104	13 064	387	9 118	12 754	371	* 8.5	
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	8 208	13 689	328	8 056	13 408	305	7 165	13 810	327	-9	
Relationship to Family											
Householder											
In families -----	72 450	21 484	123	73 038	20 984	121	72 571	21 210	121	-6	
Householder -----	49 273	27 166	150	50 975	26 575	147	51 034	26 688	146	-7	
Spouse of householder -----	6 062	25 520	394	4 576	25 063	626	4 567	25 196	600	-1.1	
Other relative of householder -----	17 115	7 102	108	17 487	6 909	103	16 970	6 962	104	-2	
In unrelated subfamilies -----	357	12 556	1 129	172	11 799	1 204	166	11 894	1 632	3.3	
Unrelated individuals -----	17 387	19 920	256	16 965	18 259	265	16 865	18 378	265	* 5.9	
Age											
Under 65 years -----	77 625	22 310	114	77 712	21 735	116	76 858	22 013	116	-3	
15 to 24 years -----	13 774	6 429	125	14 304	6 297	128	13 489	6 250	133	-9	
25 to 34 years -----	20 178	21 927	160	20 578	21 497	168	20 349	21 605	169	-1.0	
35 to 44 years -----	19 948	30 342	219	19 657	29 491	369	19 461	29 827	326	-1	
45 to 54 years -----	14 090	33 154	553	13 612	32 181	295	13 555	32 379	366	-	
55 to 64 years -----	9 635	25 139	421	9 561	25 615	376	10 004	25 271	385	* -4.7	
65 years and over -----	12 569	14 983	183	12 463	14 597	168	12 745	14 548	167	-3	
65 to 74 years -----	7 843	16 286	256	7 841	15 810	241	8 055	15 737	240	-	
75 years and over -----	4 726	13 422	237	4 622	12 886	255	4 690	12 848	254	1.1	
Occupation Group of Longest Job² (Earnings)											
Total with earnings ³ -----	73 198	22 443	130	73 120	21 903	115	72 318	22 173	115	-5	
Executive, administrators, and managerial -----	9 294	40 335	304	9 368	40 019	528	9 400	40 100	460	* -2.1	
Professional specialty -----	8 577	40 505	318	8 208	39 846	563	8 214	40 059	486	-1.3	
Technical and related support -----	1 982	31 081	576	2 108	29 619	604	2 095	29 711	596	1.9	
Sales -----	7 967	25 319	422	8 064	22 813	676	8 012	23 485	823	* 7.8	
Administrative support, including clerical -----	4 341	20 733	382	4 433	20 479	407	4 367	20 708	402	-1.7	
Precision production, craft, and repair -----	13 181	23 175	369	13 076	22 975	355	12 980	23 219	355	-2.1	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	5 093	20 277	280	5 113	19 230	384	5 004	19 498	385	2.4	
Transportation and material moving -----	5 005	21 987	365	4 920	21 071	296	4 893	21 167	297	1.3	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	5 009	9 913	330	4 915	9 891	313	4 755	10 043	314	-2.7	
Service workers -----	8 393	10 795	234	8 327	10 574	237	8 110	10 739	238	-9	
Private household -----	77	2 340	929	71	(B)	(B)	73	(B)	(X)		
Service workers, except private household -----	8 316	10 872	233	8 256	10 622	239	8 037	10 785	242	-6	
Farming, forestry, and fishing -----	3 521	8 416	373	3 708	7 771	398	3 630	7 858	422	5.1	
Educational Attainment											
Total, 25 years and over -----	76 419	24 605	156	75 872	23 894	167	76 114	23 951	166	-	
Less than 9th grade -----	6 734	10 895	183	7 000	10 374	175	6 978	10 295	175	2.0	
9th to 12th grade (no diploma) -----	7 377	14 550	266	7 524	14 218	220	7 531	14 220	221	-6	
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	24 682	21 782	147	25 143	21 645	150	25 253	21 673	148	* -2.3	
Some college, no degree -----	13 247	26 323	246	12 728	26 318	254	12 744	26 374	255	-2.9	
Associate degree -----	4 901	29 736	549	4 540	28 791	529	4 555	28 818	528	.3	
Bachelor's degree or more -----	19 479	41 649	280	18 937	40 557	262	19 054	40 596	261	-3	
Bachelor's degree -----	12 360	37 474	443	11 938	36 745	335	12 007	36 779	335	-1.0	
Master's degree -----	4 320	45 597	744	4 308	44 294	838	4 341	44 271	836	-1	
Professional degree -----	1 650	69 678	2 846	1 639	68 429	2 332	1 648	68 824	2 312	-1.1	
Doctorate degree -----	1 149	55 751	2 521	1 053	51 681	964	1 058	51 790	1 076	4.7	

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

²Amounts shown are median earnings.

³Includes persons whose longest job was in the Armed Forces.

14 INCOME

Table 5. Median Income of Persons, by Selected Characteristics and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Persons 15 years old and over as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number with income (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number with income (thous.)	Median income		Number with income (thous.)	Median income			
					Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		
TOTAL											
Female											
All females -----	94 417	11 046	70	93 517	10 714	70	93 224	10 774	70	.1	
Region											
Northeast -----	19 547	11 375	149	19 431	11 300	141	19 478	11 354	141	-2.3	
Midwest -----	22 887	11 031	139	22 724	10 537	132	22 848	10 582	132	1.6	
South -----	32 423	10 557	120	32 067	10 146	121	31 738	10 194	122	1.0	
West -----	19 560	11 568	152	19 284	11 345	163	19 159	11 449	165	-1.0	
Race and Hispanic Origin											
White -----	79 484	11 266	77	78 885	10 963	76	78 994	11 036	76	-2.2	
Black-----	11 267	9 508	207	11 076	8 887	216	10 944	8 857	216	3.9	
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	7 053	8 100	232	6 749	8 308	221	6 169	8 357	230	-5.3	
Relationship to Family Householder											
In families -----	74 498	10 350	84	73 962	10 009	82	73 642	10 074	82	.4	
Householder -----	18 022	12 492	186	16 153	12 351	165	16 039	12 427	182	-1.8	
Spouse of householder -----	43 184	11 314	114	44 474	10 927	107	44 627	10 943	107	.5	
Other relative of householder -----	13 291	5 864	99	13 335	5 656	105	12 975	5 707	106	.7	
In unrelated subfamilies -----	774	9 056	743	572	8 960	671	560	9 088	681	-1.9	
Unrelated individuals -----	19 145	13 646	199	18 983	13 302	184	19 021	13 335	184	-4	
Age											
Under 65 years -----	76 762	12 054	84	75 876	11 709	81	75 430	11 803	82	-	
15 to 24 years -----	13 519	5 351	111	13 664	5 170	113	13 094	5 174	116	.5	
25 to 34 years -----	19 572	13 888	218	19 603	13 631	228	19 406	13 713	229	-4	
35 to 44 years -----	19 667	15 844	212	19 355	15 417	202	19 198	15 468	203	-2	
45 to 54 years -----	13 999	16 324	239	13 331	15 852	231	13 575	15 875	230	-	
55 to 64 years -----	10 005	10 829	227	9 925	10 133	245	10 157	10 168	245	3.8	
65 years and over -----	17 655	8 499	89	17 641	8 183	90	17 784	8 189	90	.8	
65 to 74 years -----	9 830	8 647	141	9 956	8 215	135	10 076	8 225	134	2.2	
75 years and over -----	7 724	8 365	112	7 684	8 151	118	7 717	8 153	119	-4	
Occupation Group of Longest Job² (Earnings)											
Total with earnings ³ -----	63 660	13 896	136	62 408	13 527	134	62 050	13 677	134	-3	
Executive, administrators, and managerial -----	7 402	25 282	260	7 076	24 265	355	7 097	24 338	357	1.2	
Professional specialty -----	9 629	25 865	320	9 559	25 717	226	9 579	25 759	226	-2.3	
Technical and related support -----	2 429	21 583	334	2 247	20 519	419	2 235	20 601	416	2.1	
Sales -----	8 653	8 238	246	8 348	8 422	238	8 258	8 565	241	-5.0	
Administrative support, including clerical -----	16 233	15 733	136	15 973	15 688	138	15 906	15 746	139	-2.6	
Precision production, craft, and repair -----	1 414	17 340	687	1 210	14 703	768	1 202	14 794	750	* 14.5	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	3 273	12 046	244	3 447	11 765	208	3 391	11 834	210	-6	
Transportation and material moving -----	560	12 125	727	560	10 891	513	559	10 874	513	8.1	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	1 070	7 465	450	1 126	7 412	509	1 107	7 461	524	-2.2	
Service workers -----	12 118	6 684	118	12 110	6 461	122	11 972	6 506	123	.5	
Private household -----	1 045	2 446	173	1 108	2 346	106	1 090	2 350	107	1.2	
Service workers, except private household -----	11 073	7 127	122	11 003	6 874	126	10 882	6 917	127	.7	
Farming, forestry, and fishing -----	794	3 106	586	686	3 675	512	678	3 686	522	-17.9	
Educational Attainment											
Total, 25 years and over -----	80 898	12 234	75	79 854	11 922	76	80 130	11 936	76	-4	
Less than 9th grade -----	6 423	6 480	80	6 921	6 337	79	6 893	6 331	80	-7	
9th to 12th grade (no diploma) -----	8 152	7 187	88	8 248	7 293	98	8 256	7 294	97	* -4.3	
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	29 171	11 089	102	29 596	10 901	102	29 759	10 909	102	-1.2	
Some college, no degree -----	14 390	14 489	237	13 615	14 401	235	13 659	14 408	235	-2.3	
Associate degree -----	6 282	18 346	471	5 539	17 331	379	5 560	17 330	379	2.8	
Bachelor's degree or more -----	16 480	25 246	272	15 933	25 093	253	16 002	25 120	249	* -2.3	
Bachelor's degree -----	11 447	22 452	312	11 133	22 383	308	11 174	22 416	310	-2.6	
Master's degree -----	4 003	31 389	508	3 873	30 169	446	3 896	30 190	443	1.0	
Professional degree -----	583	32 742	1 772	569	36 640	1 370	571	36 645	1 379	-13.2	
Doctorate degree -----	447	42 736	2 005	358	39 322	2 270	362	39 614	2 243	5.5	

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

²Amounts shown are median earnings.

³Includes persons whose longest job was in the Armed Forces.

Table 5. Median Income of Persons, by Selected Characteristics and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

[Persons 15 years old and over as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number with income (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number with income (thous.)	Median income	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Number with income (thous.)	Median income		
YEAR-ROUND, FULL-TIME WORKERS											
Male											
All males -----	49 827	31 077	125	48 552	30 832	123	48 309	31 012	122	* -2.1	
Region											
Northeast -----	9 804	34 421	473	9 556	33 990	473	9 610	34 181	469	-1.7	
Midwest -----	12 008	31 379	237	11 799	30 806	235	11 882	30 883	234	-1.1	
South -----	17 248	27 634	335	16 846	28 027	346	16 623	28 297	346	* -4.3	
West -----	10 767	32 224	304	10 352	31 949	292	10 194	32 338	381	* -2.1	
Race and Hispanic Origin											
White -----	43 357	31 832	134	42 362	31 565	131	42 362	31 737	130	* -2.1	
Black -----	4 419	23 566	683	4 240	22 991	575	4 164	22 942	562	-.5	
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	4 462	20 423	333	4 172	19 855	417	3 751	20 312	393	-.1	
Relationship to Family Householder											
In families -----	40 387	31 913	142	39 696	31 645	134	39 532	31 822	134	* -2.1	
Householder -----	31 212	35 268	182	31 887	34 524	284	31 878	34 779	271	-.8	
Spouse of householder -----	3 747	33 218	837	2 787	32 285	636	2 777	32 412	760	-.1	
Other relative of householder -----	5 428	17 116	184	5 022	17 094	211	4 877	17 227	214	* -2.8	
In unrelated subfamilies -----	191	19 193	1 115	86	17 423	2 160	82	17 997	2 323	7.0	
Unrelated individuals -----	9 249	26 973	233	8 771	26 571	272	8 695	26 704	275	-1.4	
Age											
Under 65 years -----	48 870	31 017	125	47 717	30 779	123	47 448	30 961	123	* -2.2	
15 to 24 years -----	3 954	15 948	224	3 800	15 658	228	3 565	15 769	236	* -1.1	
25 to 34 years -----	14 260	26 087	172	14 179	26 410	198	14 039	26 533	199	* -4.1	
35 to 44 years -----	15 177	35 233	245	14 602	34 714	406	14 515	34 945	357	-1.5	
45 to 54 years -----	10 583	39 685	499	10 070	37 926	478	10 054	38 219	487	1.6	
55 to 64 years -----	4 897	25 736	503	5 066	35 537	455	5 275	35 351	484	-2.4	
65 years and over -----	957	37 085	1 414	835	35 341	1 213	861	35 256	1 211	1.9	
65 to 74 years -----	777	37 139	1 428	720	34 820	1 237	745	34 718	1 239	3.6	
75 years and over -----	180	36 404	4 999	115	43 145	6 965	116	43 011	7 014	-18.1	
Occupation Group of Longest Job² (Earnings)											
Total with earnings ³ -----	49 818	30 407	117	48 551	30 197	113	48 308	30 358	113	* -2.2	
Executive, administrators, and managerial -----	7 873	42 722	769	7 787	42 458	529	7 826	42 509	571	-2.3	
Professional specialty -----	6 597	45 136	570	6 322	43 949	787	6 347	44 015	784	-3	
Technical and related support -----	1 481	35 048	758	1 620	32 648	705	1 614	32 720	727	4.2	
Sales -----	5 807	32 327	475	5 670	31 229	314	5 675	31 346	310	-.5	
Administrative support, including clerical -----	2 924	26 746	384	2 970	27 096	443	2 949	27 186	464	* -4.2	
Precision production, craft, and repair -----	9 234	27 653	324	8 831	28 697	381	8 786	28 923	379	* -6.4	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors -----	3 664	23 378	465	3 482	23 613	473	3 412	23 884	476	* -3.9	
Transportation and material moving -----	3 382	26 532	339	3 154	25 670	358	3 136	25 787	358	.4	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -----	2 205	17 556	398	2 054	18 577	483	2 004	18 793	487	* -8.2	
Service workers -----	4 205	20 860	350	4 129	20 396	378	4 060	20 606	381	-.7	
Private household -----	16	(B)	(B)	22	(B)	(B)	25	(B)	(X)		
Service workers, except private household -----	4 189	20 868	353	4 107	20 436	378	4 035	20 656	380	-.9	
Farming, forestry, and fishing -----	1 702	15 655	367	1 787	14 811	450	1 769	14 897	478	2.6	
Educational Attainment											
Total, 25 years and over -----	45 873	32 359	124	44 752	32 057	120	44 744	32 157	120	* -2.0	
Less than 9th grade -----	1 790	16 863	324	1 815	17 294	400	1 758	17 445	463	* -5.3	
9th to 12th grade (no diploma) -----	3 083	21 752	342	3 009	21 274	296	2 973	21 411	298	-.7	
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	14 604	27 370	204	14 722	27 280	175	14 736	27 357	186	* -2.6	
Some college, no degree -----	8 493	32 077	257	8 067	32 103	247	8 068	32 187	247	* -3.0	
Associate degree -----	3 557	33 690	608	3 203	33 433	748	3 210	33 477	767	* -2.2	
Bachelor's degree or more -----	14 346	47 740	488	13 937	45 802	370	14 001	45 890	370	1.2	
Bachelor's degree -----	9 178	42 757	536	8 719	41 355	304	8 752	41 406	303	.4	
Master's degree -----	3 131	51 867	659	3 178	49 973	788	3 197	50 001	775	.8	
Professional degree -----	1 231	80 549	2 785	1 295	76 220	2 520	1 305	76 321	2 523	2.6	
Doctorate degree -----	808	63 149	1 667	745	57 418	2 237	747	58 035	2 244	6.8	

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

²Amounts shown are median earnings.

³Includes persons whose longest job was in the Armed Forces.

16 INCOME

Table 5. Median Income of Persons, by Selected Characteristics and Population Control: 1993 and 1992—Con.

(Persons 15 years old and over as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding percent change indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	1993			1992 based on:						Percent change in real median income (1992-1993) using 1990 census controls	
	Number with income (thous.)	Median income		1990 census controls			1980 census controls				
		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Median income		Number with income (thous.)	Median income		Number with income (thous.)		
				Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)		Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)			
YEAR-ROUND, FULL-TIME WORKERS											
Female											
All females	33 544	22 469	121	33 271	22 093	108	33 210	22 167	108	* -1.3	
Region											
Northeast	6 679	25 320	273	6 713	24 735	281	6 739	24 819	271	-6	
Midwest	8 097	21 841	190	7 935	21 219	196	8 001	21 252	195	* -.1	
South	11 977	21 014	181	12 042	20 782	192	11 932	20 844	193	* -1.8	
West	6 791	24 720	338	6 582	23 973	373	6 538	24 216	375	.1	
Race and Hispanic Origin											
White	27 767	22 979	170	27 736	22 349	117	27 858	22 423	126	-.2	
Black	4 305	20 315	285	4 143	20 258	368	4 070	20 299	368	* -2.6	
Hispanic origin ¹	2 440	17 112	314	2 346	17 674	512	2 153	17 743	541	* -6.0	
Relationship to Family Householder											
In families	26 482	22 071	114	26 559	21 693	121	26 496	21 771	122	* -1.2	
Householder	7 295	23 505	332	6 789	22 717	315	6 755	22 826	330	.5	
Spouse of householder	16 147	22 544	199	16 746	22 249	153	16 785	22 305	153	* -1.6	
Other relative of householder	3 040	16 937	261	3 024	16 529	257	2 956	16 605	259	-.5	
In unrelated subfamilies	292	17 836	1 528	199	16 550	1 019	196	16 645	1 071	4.6	
Unrelated individuals	6 770	24 846	302	6 513	24 404	344	6 518	24 488	346	-1.1	
Age											
Under 65 years	33 039	22 442	114	32 778	22 105	110	32 711	22 182	110	* -1.4	
15 to 24 years	2 861	15 227	233	2 925	14 662	271	2 809	14 698	277	.8	
25 to 34 years	9 531	21 949	174	9 679	21 941	187	9 595	21 990	187	* -2.9	
35 to 44 years	9 998	25 282	255	9 937	24 125	276	9 859	24 189	276	1.8	
45 to 54 years	7 395	24 412	325	7 087	24 489	384	7 217	24 531	381	* -3.2	
55 to 64 years	3 254	22 587	457	3 149	22 581	440	3 232	22 623	442	-2.9	
65 years and over	505	24 875	1 175	493	21 556	575	498	21 548	570	* 12.0	
65 to 74 years	424	25 319	1 228	425	21 420	657	430	21 414	649	* 14.8	
75 years and over	80	19 786	3 863	68	(B)	(B)	68	(B)	(X)		
Occupation Group of Longest Job² (Earnings)											
Total with earnings ³	33 524	21 747	95	33 241	21 375	102	33 180	21 440	101	* -1.2	
Executive, administrators, and managerial	5 503	28 876	507	5 318	27 431	337	5 334	27 495	352	2.2	
Professional specialty	5 521	31 906	232	5 731	31 227	262	5 749	31 261	260	-.8	
Technical and related support	1 533	26 324	378	1 404	24 701	491	1 396	24 797	487	3.5	
Sales	3 514	18 743	438	3 413	17 795	465	3 408	17 924	486	2.3	
Administrative support, including clerical	9 456	20 683	125	9 607	20 277	135	9 589	20 321	135	-1.0	
Precision production, craft, and repair	956	21 357	535	731	18 973	867	728	19 045	863	* 9.3	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	1 955	15 379	282	1 979	15 661	247	1 952	15 714	248	* -4.7	
Transportation and material moving	218	19 652	1 195	206	20 121	1 578	204	20 131	1 577	-5.2	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	397	14 826	871	402	14 442	704	397	14 522	719	-.3	
Service workers	4 165	13 126	284	4 203	12 890	285	4 174	12 931	286	* -1.1	
Private household	190	8 460	814	204	9 614	643	202	9 668	661	* -14.6	
Service workers, except private household	3 976	13 419	287	3 998	13 162	292	3 972	13 195	293	-1.0	
Farming, forestry, and fishing	237	10 581	903	207	10 060	1 526	208	10 079	1 541	2.1	
Educational Attainment											
Total, 25 years and over	30 683	23 629	166	30 346	23 139	159	30 401	23 201	158	* -.9	
Less than 9th grade	765	12 415	420	734	12 958	382	717	13 000	384	* -7.0	
9th to 12th grade (no diploma)	1 576	15 386	330	1 659	14 559	360	1 655	14 613	361	2.6	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	10 513	19 963	173	11 039	19 427	176	11 078	19 462	176	* -.2	
Some college, no degree	6 279	23 056	342	5 904	23 157	301	5 905	23 223	303	* -3.3	
Associate degree	3 067	25 883	335	2 655	25 624	345	2 660	25 643	345	* -1.9	
Bachelor's degree or more	8 483	34 307	469	8 355	32 304	247	8 385	32 357	263	* 3.1	
Bachelor's degree	5 735	31 197	310	5 604	30 326	294	5 620	30 394	293	* -.1	
Master's degree	2 166	38 612	717	2 192	36 037	460	2 203	36 062	457	* 4.0	
Professional degree	323	50 211	2 586	334	46 257	4 039	334	46 422	4 012	5.4	
Doctorate degree	260	47 248	2 147	225	45 790	2 153	228	45 776	2 156	.2	

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.²Amounts shown are median earnings.³Includes persons whose longest job was in the Armed Forces.

Table 6. Selected Characteristics of Persons—Total Money Income in 1993 of Persons 15 Years Old and Over, by Work Experience in 1993, and Sex

[Numbers in thousands. Persons 15 years old and over as of March 1994. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic		With income												Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Total	\$1 to \$4,999 or loss	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)		
MALE																	
Total																	
All males -----	96 768	90 194	10 729	10 957	11 210	18 744	13 764	12 229	7 849	4 711	21 102	106	28 939	205			
Type of Residence																	
Inside metropolitan areas -----	75 610	70 324	8 013	8 226	8 185	14 051	10 766	10 107	6 747	4 230	22 087	123	30 727	251			
Inside central cities -----	28 524	26 084	3 248	3 844	3 501	5 406	3 802	3 181	1 893	1 208	19 096	269	26 713	351			
One million or more -----	17 701	16 039	1 967	2 351	2 170	3 334	2 323	1 972	1 152	770	19 084	356	27 165	488			
Under 1 million -----	10 823	10 045	1 282	1 493	1 331	2 072	1 479	1 209	741	439	19 112	411	25 990	474			
Outside central cities -----	47 086	44 241	4 765	4 382	4 684	8 644	6 964	6 926	4 853	3 022	24 481	231	33 094	341			
One million or more -----	30 836	28 896	3 103	2 638	2 880	5 338	4 268	4 703	3 572	2 395	25 911	237	35 574	463			
Under 1 million -----	16 250	15 345	1 662	1 744	1 804	3 306	2 697	2 223	1 281	627	22 095	250	28 423	445			
Outside metropolitan areas -----	21 158	19 869	2 716	2 732	3 025	4 694	2 998	2 122	1 103	480	17 452	257	22 612	328			
Region																	
Northeast -----	19 291	17 928	2 008	2 017	2 123	3 575	2 665	2 631	1 784	1 127	22 283	197	31 582	457			
Midwest -----	22 549	21 362	2 542	2 276	2 640	4 526	3 493	3 163	1 853	1 870	21 696	221	27 896	362			
South -----	33 522	31 012	3 923	4 237	4 034	6 644	4 690	3 569	2 416	1 500	19 714	228	27 134	327			
West -----	21 406	19 892	2 257	2 428	2 413	4 000	2 917	2 866	1 797	1 214	21 536	249	30 491	496			
Race and Hispanic Origin																	
White -----	82 026	77 650	8 564	8 811	9 502	16 049	12 093	11 011	7 185	4 436	21 981	115	30 171	228			
Black -----	10 639	8 947	1 666	1 609	1 264	1 952	1 171	815	365	106	14 605	449	19 090	428			
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	9 312	8 208	1 222	1 650	1 522	1 899	891	617	290	117	13 689	329	18 665	472			
Age																	
Under 65 years -----	84 032	77 625	9 981	8 236	8 386	15 581	12 383	11 336	7 341	4 381	22 310	115	30 160	231			
15 to 24 years -----	18 229	13 774	5 879	2 890	2 053	2 086	600	170	68	28	6 429	125	9 206	154			
25 to 34 years -----	20 872	20 178	1 492	1 925	2 576	5 612	4 042	2 772	1 265	493	21 927	160	26 001	288			
35 to 44 years -----	20 544	19 948	1 163	1 372	1 620	3 779	3 739	4 108	2 653	1 514	30 342	219	37 340	467			
45 to 54 years -----	14 454	14 090	781	988	1 006	2 169	2 398	2 846	2 319	1 582	33 154	553	44 026	832			
55 to 64 years -----	9 933	9 635	666	1 061	1 131	1 934	1 605	1 439	1 036	763	25 139	421	33 682	634			
65 years and over -----	12 736	12 569	748	2 721	2 824	3 164	1 381	893	509	330	14 983	183	21 398	341			
65 to 74 years -----	7 924	7 843	398	1 570	1 619	2 046	974	639	368	228	16 286	256	22 934	462			
75 years and over -----	4 812	4 726	350	1 151	1 205	1 118	407	254	141	102	13 422	238	18 849	478			
Mean age -----	41.5	42.7	31.1	44.2	45.5	43.3	43.1	44.1	45.5	47.2	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Relationship to Family																	
Householder -----	49 807	49 273	2 241	4 050	5 386	10 556	8 758	8 713	5 931	3 637	27 166	144	36 046	312			
Spouse of householder -----	6 288	6 062	369	627	681	1 278	1 044	984	656	424	25 520	395	33 647	774			
Child of householder -----	18 076	13 598	5 801	2 767	1 837	1 982	746	311	124	30	6 465	128	9 877	165			
Other relative of householder -----	4 275	3 517	848	934	634	685	228	114	57	17	9 839	294	12 791	324			
Nonrelatives -----	18 322	17 744	1 471	2 579	2 672	4 242	2 988	2 106	1 081	603	19 712	277	25 403	343			
Educational Attainment																	
Total, 25 years and over -----	78 539	76 419	4 850	8 067	9 157	16 658	13 164	12 058	7 781	4 683	24 605	157	32 496	236			
Less than 9th grade -----	7 095	6 734	944	2 122	1 502	1 409	472	186	80	20	10 895	183	13 399	203			
9th to 12th grade (no diploma) -----	7 790	7 377	874	1 441	1 483	1 956	947	463	161	53	14 550	266	17 651	299			
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	25 404	24 682	1 502	2 601	3 323	6 814	4 950	3 606	1 503	384	21 782	147	25 501	254			
Some college, no degree -----	13 565	13 247	699	1 423	3 072	2 708	2 512	1 363	504	26 323	246	30 799	384				
Associate degree -----	4 979	4 901	214	300	360	1 026	1 128	1 119	574	179	29 736	549	32 713	602			
Bachelor's degree or more -----	19 706	19 479	618	638	1 066	2 380	2 960	4 173	4 100	3 544	41 649	280	54 682	744			
Bachelor's degree -----	12 511	12 360	453	450	763	1 732	2 121	2 827	2 426	1 589	37 474	443	46 197	666			
Master's degree -----	4 353	4 320	112	115	200	445	590	949	1 078	831	45 597	744	56 016	1 435			
Professional degree -----	1 677	1 650	38	36	65	110	139	197	307	759	69 678	2 847	99 323	4 978			
Doctorate degree -----	1 164	1 149	15	37	39	93	110	201	290	364	55 751	2 521	76 844	4 434			
Tenure																	
Owner occupied -----	66 983	62 984	7 149	6 468	6 854	12 041	9 928	9 657	6 713	4 175	23 934	197	32 389	276			
Renter occupied -----	28 168	25 702	3 377	4 214	4 076	6 301	3 654	2 467	1 098	516	16 403	143	21 097	224			
Occupier paid no cash rent -----	1 617	1 508	204	276	280	403	162	105	39	19	14 853	630	18 512	779			

See footnote at end of table.

18 INCOME

Table 6. Selected Characteristics of Persons—Total Money Income in 1993 of Persons 15 Years Old and Over, by Work Experience in 1993, and Sex—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons 15 years old and over as of March 1994. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Characteristic		With income												Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Total	\$1 to \$4,999 or loss	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)		
MALE—Con.																	
Year-Round, Full-Time Worker																	
All males -----	49 638	49 827	785	1 674	4 349	11 390	10 385	10 225	6 878	4 142	31 077	125	39 862	330			
Type of Residence																	
Inside metropolitan areas -----	39 687	39 681	521	1 232	3 218	8 447	8 122	8 437	5 956	3 749	32 224	137	42 154	399			
Inside central cities -----	13 918	13 916	214	609	1 442	3 394	2 910	2 658	1 634	1 055	29 274	422	37 476	578			
One million or more -----	8 615	8 615	131	418	926	2 068	1 751	1 659	1 001	661	29 137	526	37 907	812			
Under 1 million -----	5 303	5 301	83	192	516	1 325	1 159	1 000	632	394	29 511	657	36 776	749			
Outside central cities -----	25 769	25 766	306	622	1 777	5 053	5 213	5 779	4 322	2 694	34 756	318	44 581	527			
One million or more -----	16 980	16 979	179	361	1 077	2 947	3 163	3 893	3 209	2 150	37 041	262	48 159	710			
Under 1 million -----	8 789	8 787	128	261	699	2 106	2 050	1 886	1 113	543	30 584	271	37 961	698			
Outside metropolitan areas -----	10 152	10 146	264	442	1 130	2 943	2 263	1 788	923	393	25 886	280	30 899	505			
Region																	
Northeast -----	9 807	9 804	129	237	660	1 963	1 991	2 242	1 570	1 012	34 421	473	44 625	759			
Midwest -----	12 008	12 008	200	384	892	2 741	2 680	2 678	1 658	776	31 379	237	37 782	547			
South -----	17 250	17 248	287	666	1 782	4 502	3 627	2 984	2 080	1 321	27 634	336	37 184	518			
West -----	10 773	10 767	169	387	1 015	2 184	2 088	2 320	1 571	1 034	32 224	304	42 137	818			
Race and Hispanic Origin																	
White -----	43 368	43 357	671	1 328	3 529	9 478	9 026	9 148	6 281	3 895	31 832	134	41 112	362			
Black -----	4 419	4 419	81	237	595	1 409	956	714	332	95	23 566	684	28 607	760			
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	4 464	4 462	91	386	917	1 424	755	525	262	101	20 423	334	25 567	777			
Age																	
Under 65 years -----	48 881	48 870	761	1 637	4 271	11 208	10 265	10 020	6 728	3 980	31 017	125	39 643	332			
15 to 24 years -----	3 956	3 954	135	583	1 059	1 484	497	124	53	19	15 948	224	17 963	400			
25 to 34 years -----	14 267	14 260	163	494	1 457	4 450	3 545	2 522	1 183	446	26 087	172	30 839	357			
35 to 44 years -----	15 179	15 177	219	285	927	2 831	3 237	3 777	2 502	1 398	35 233	245	43 147	562			
45 to 54 years -----	10 583	10 583	135	177	507	1 589	1 996	2 557	2 148	1 473	39 685	499	51 806	1 060			
55 to 64 years -----	4 897	4 897	109	98	321	854	990	1 040	841	644	35 736	503	45 637	1 012			
65 years and over -----	957	957	24	37	77	182	121	205	150	162	37 085	1 415	51 080	2 782			
65 to 74 years -----	777	777	17	35	57	144	100	175	124	126	37 139	1 428	51 210	3 132			
75 years and over -----	180	180	7	2	21	37	21	30	26	36	36 404	5 000	50 518	5 995			
Mean age -----	39.8	39.8	39.6	32.7	34.8	36.4	39.3	41.9	43.9	46.2	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Relationship to Family Householder																	
Householder -----	31 215	31 212	405	537	1 785	6 127	6 556	7 295	5 251	3 256	35 268	173	44 940	451			
Spouse of householder -----	3 748	3 747	32	92	256	784	803	826	573	381	33 218	837	43 180	1 136			
Child of householder -----	4 102	4 095	176	503	898	1 485	620	279	110	24	17 194	224	19 932	389			
Other relative of householder -----	1 334	1 334	39	164	333	450	195	93	46	13	16 875	395	20 211	623			
Nonrelatives -----	9 440	9 440	133	378	1 077	2 544	2 210	1 732	897	468	26 853	230	33 179	521			
Educational Attainment																	
Total, 25 years and over -----	45 882	45 873	649	1 091	3 289	9 906	9 889	10 100	6 826	4 123	32 359	124	41 750	353			
Less than 9th grade -----	1 793	1 790	55	200	457	623	281	44	11	16 863	325	19 668	447				
9th to 12th grade (no diploma) -----	3 083	3 083	99	194	495	1 053	678	390	133	40	21 752	343	24 758	576			
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	14 609	14 604	235	370	1 278	4 260	3 798	3 040	1 312	310	27 370	205	31 447	382			
Some college, no degree -----	8 493	8 493	121	164	569	1 854	2 021	2 144	1 189	431	32 077	258	36 614	492			
Associate degree -----	3 557	3 557	39	53	137	711	934	1 001	517	163	33 690	608	37 506	713			
Bachelor's degree or more -----	14 348	14 346	99	110	353	1 406	2 178	3 405	3 629	3 167	47 740	488	62 737	939			
Bachelor's degree -----	9 179	9 178	65	80	242	1 096	1 673	2 399	2 210	1 413	42 757	537	52 606	808			
Master's degree -----	3 131	3 131	24	17	82	221	365	736	925	761	51 867	660	64 472	1 867			
Professional degree -----	1 231	1 231	7	6	18	45	77	138	261	679	80 549	2 785	116 527	6 222			
Doctorate degree -----	808	808	3	7	11	43	65	131	233	314	63 149	1 667	89 174	5 665			
Tenure																	
Owner occupied -----	35 158	35 150	550	861	2 177	6 711	7 251	8 019	5 868	3 713	35 031	213	44 677	442			
Renter occupied -----	13 852	13 849	213	758	2 020	4 359	2 989	2 110	984	416	23 702	269	28 591	331			
Occupier paid no cash rent -----	828	828	21	55	152	320	145	96	26	13	20 535	625	24 014	1 150			

See footnote at end of table.

Table 6. Selected Characteristics of Persons—Total Money Income in 1993 of Persons 15 Years Old and Over, by Work Experience in 1993, and Sex—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons 15 years old and over as of March 1994. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Characteristic		With income												Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Total	\$1 to \$4,999 or loss	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)
FEMALE																	
Total																	
All females -----	104 032	94 417	23 614	20 178	13 643	18 067	9 453	6 145	2 445	872	11 046	71	15 761	105			
Type of Residence																	
Inside metropolitan areas -----	81 330	73 848	17 667	14 971	10 389	14 341	7 985	5 449	2 248	798	11 724	82	16 727	124			
Inside central cities -----	31 816	28 423	6 643	6 699	4 022	5 424	2 836	1 755	776	269	10 864	126	15 948	207			
One million or more -----	19 668	17 360	3 994	4 108	2 349	3 287	1 699	1 157	551	203	10 992	170	16 596	304			
Under 1 million -----	12 148	11 063	2 649	2 591	1 672	2 126	1 137	598	225	65	10 689	186	14 932	237			
Outside central cities -----	49 513	45 425	11 024	8 272	6 368	8 917	5 148	3 694	1 472	530	12 308	108	17 214	153			
One million or more -----	32 106	29 487	6 879	5 102	3 953	5 655	3 517	2 719	1 147	415	13 081	192	18 283	208			
Under 1 million -----	17 408	15 928	4 045	3 170	2 415	3 262	1 631	875	324	115	11 319	166	15 235	206			
Outside metropolitan areas -----	22 702	20 569	5 947	5 207	3 254	3 726	1 468	696	197	74			8 934	162	12 293	220	
Region																	
Northeast -----	21 263	19 547	4 685	4 256	2 565	3 604	2 037	1 446	679	275	11 375	149	17 126	225			
Midwest -----	24 515	22 887	5 716	4 897	3 388	4 651	2 271	1 383	455	128	11 031	140	14 935	171			
South -----	36 397	32 423	8 440	7 133	4 826	6 226	3 092	1 802	686	217	10 557	120	14 769	170			
West -----	21 858	19 560	4 772	3 892	2 864	3 586	2 053	1 514	626	252	11 568	152	17 005	270			
Race and Hispanic Origin																	
White -----	86 765	79 484	19 579	16 700	11 500	15 361	8 085	5 327	2 154	778	11 266	77	16 015	115			
Black -----	12 872	11 267	2 985	2 851	1 657	1 991	1 004	554	171	54	9 508	207	13 764	267			
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	9 146	7 053	2 171	1 908	1 076	1 110	465	227	68	29	8 100	232	11 636	252			
Age																	
Under 65 years -----	85 989	76 762	19 966	13 319	10 490	15 565	8 688	5 724	2 234	777	12 054	84	16 651	124			
15 to 24 years -----	18 060	13 519	6 483	3 182	1 780	1 648	291	108	18	10	5 351	111	7 614	128			
25 to 34 years -----	21 073	19 572	4 247	3 185	2 842	4 709	2 680	1 344	446	120	13 988	218	16 775	187			
35 to 44 years -----	20 984	19 667	3 943	2 865	2 606	4 220	2 776	2 145	788	325	15 844	212	20 052	255			
45 to 54 years -----	15 068	13 999	2 594	2 059	1 854	3 143	1 939	1 520	682	208	16 324	239	20 557	331			
55 to 64 years -----	10 805	10 005	2 699	2 029	1 408	1 844	1 002	608	299	114	10 829	227	16 465	494			
65 years and over -----	18 043	17 655	3 648	6 859	3 153	2 502	765	421	211	96	8 499	89	11 891	141			
65 to 74 years -----	10 163	9 930	2 215	3 466	1 680	1 581	511	270	142	64	8 647	141	12 491	198			
75 years and over -----	7 880	7 724	1 433	3 393	1 473	920	254	151	68	32	8 365	112	11 121	195			
Mean age -----	43.6	44.8	40.7	50.2	46.6	43.6	43.0	43.7	45.8	46.6	(X)	(B)	(X)	(X)			
Relationship to Family Householder																	
Householder -----	18 699	18 022	3 281	4 113	2 764	3 644	2 121	1 317	591	190	12 492	178	17 685	256			
Spouse of householder -----	46 893	43 184	12 206	7 591	5 866	8 406	4 591	2 987	1 135	403	11 314	114	15 855	166			
Child of householder -----	13 581	9 919	4 926	2 138	1 079	1 179	363	174	38	22	5 059	125	8 390	230			
Other relative of householder -----	4 246	3 372	964	1 177	520	427	168	94	12	9	7 395	160	10 358	255			
Nonrelatives -----	20 613	19 919	2 236	5 160	3 415	4 410	2 210	1 572	669	248	13 414	197	18 401	197			
Educational Attainment																	
Total, 25 years and over -----	85 973	80 898	17 131	16 997	11 864	16 419	9 162	6 037	2 426	862	12 234	75	17 122	119			
Less than 9th grade -----	7 420	6 423	2 100	2 830	908	477	75	26	6	1	6 480	80	7 650	111			
9th to 12th grade (no diploma) -----	9 134	8 152	2 408	2 997	1 352	1 046	222	96	14	18	7 187	89	9 661	383			
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	31 111	29 171	6 697	6 525	5 195	6 618	2 678	1 031	342	85	11 089	102	13 844	141			
Some college, no degree -----	14 989	14 390	2 808	2 447	2 135	3 548	2 023	1 028	297	106	14 489	237	17 173	194			
Associate degree -----	6 481	6 282	947	763	874	1 585	1 137	723	196	58	18 346	471	20 486	323			
Bachelor's degree or more -----	16 838	16 480	2 172	1 435	1 400	3 145	3 028	3 134	1 571	594	25 246	272	28 980	406			
Bachelor's degree -----	11 745	11 447	1 722	1 113	1 088	2 440	2 053	1 925	860	246	22 452	312	25 578	426			
Master's degree -----	4 045	4 003	369	256	250	617	797	1 008	519	187	31 389	508	34 149	849			
Professional degree -----	590	583	59	45	31	61	114	81	84	108	32 742	1 773	47 666	4 579			
Doctorate degree -----	458	447	23	21	31	28	63	120	108	53	42 737	2 006	45 389	2 295			
Tenure																	
Owner occupied -----	70 689	64 894	16 352	12 526	8 864	12 485	6 969	4 916	2 023	759	11 687	90	16 763	134			
Renter occupied -----	31 614	28 025	6 717	7 258	4 574	5 374	2 398	1 187	410	105	10 033	113	13 697	163			
Occupier paid no cash rent -----	1 728	1 498	545	394	205	207	86	42	12	8	7 128	303	10 955	608			

Table 6. Selected Characteristics of Persons—Total Money Income in 1993 of Persons 15 Years Old and Over, by Work Experience in 1993, and Sex—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons 15 years old and over as of March 1994. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic		With income													Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Total	\$1 to \$4,999 or loss	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)	Value (dol.)	Standard error (dol.)			
FEMALE—Con.																		
Year-Round, Full-Time Worker																		
All females -----	33 552	33 544	779	2 127	4 810	11 254	7 207	4 916	1 837	614	22 469	122	26 718	232				
Type of Residence																		
Inside metropolitan areas -----	27 024	27 017	542	1 442	3 430	8 830	6 100	4 408	1 704	562	23 962	174	28 049	263				
Inside central cities -----	10 154	10 153	240	656	1 478	3 428	2 164	1 396	586	206	22 267	185	27 077	489				
One million or more -----	6 313	6 313	140	410	836	2 100	1 306	934	431	156	22 978	366	28 447	730				
Under 1 million -----	3 841	3 840	100	246	642	1 328	858	462	155	49	21 443	283	24 826	475				
Outside central cities -----	16 870	16 864	302	786	1 952	5 402	3 935	3 012	1 118	356	24 977	195	28 633	301				
One million or more -----	11 090	11 088	169	454	1 060	3 349	2 663	2 245	861	287	26 374	212	30 397	403				
Under 1 million -----	5 780	5 776	134	332	892	2 053	1 273	767	257	69	21 879	226	25 248	409				
Outside metropolitan areas -----	6 528	6 527	236	685	1 380	2 424	1 108	509	133	52	18 430	289	21 209	575				
Region																		
Northeast -----	6 679	6 679	116	270	703	2 189	1 555	1 138	516	193	25 320	273	30 119	498				
Midwest -----	8 100	8 097	207	465	1 182	2 950	1 762	1 106	337	88	21 841	190	25 024	355				
South -----	11 977	11 977	265	1 000	2 071	4 103	2 394	1 481	514	149	21 014	181	24 553	373				
West -----	6 795	6 791	190	392	854	2 011	1 496	1 192	471	184	24 720	338	29 210	633				
Race and Hispanic Origin																		
White -----	27 773	27 767	636	1 668	3 781	9 284	6 062	4 199	1 606	532	22 979	170	27 129	254				
Black -----	4 305	4 305	111	365	811	1 509	853	479	131	45	20 315	265	23 392	564				
Hispanic origin ¹ -----	2 440	2 440	79	311	564	815	398	196	53	24	17 112	314	20 565	531				
Age																		
Under 65 years -----	33 047	33 039	753	2 109	4 750	11 103	7 094	4 833	1 801	597	22 442	115	26 687	234				
15 to 24 years -----	2 861	2 861	80	494	817	1 151	237	70	8	5	15 227	233	16 510	429				
25 to 34 years -----	9 533	9 531	183	1 373	3 479	2 251	1 194	365	95	21 949	175	24 685	287					
35 to 44 years -----	10 002	9 998	207	474	1 215	3 020	2 285	1 849	679	268	25 282	255	29 253	415				
45 to 54 years -----	7 397	7 395	196	356	877	2 385	1 615	1 267	542	156	24 412	325	28 698	503				
55 to 64 years -----	3 254	3 254	88	193	467	1 068	706	453	206	73	22 587	457	29 044	1 335				
65 years and over -----	505	505	26	17	60	151	114	83	36	17	24 874	1 175	28 743	1 315				
65 to 74 years -----	424	424	17	15	44	132	101	72	32	12	25 318	1 228	29 030	1 419				
75 years and over -----	80	80	8	2	16	20	13	12	4	6	19 786	3 863	27 227	3 460				
Mean age -----	39.6	39.6	41.0	35.8	37.6	38.8	40.4	41.7	43.4	43.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)				
Relationship to Family Householder																		
Householder -----	7 295	7 295	101	430	1 016	2 389	1 697	1 077	453	131	23 505	317	27 787	537				
Spouse of householder -----	16 154	16 147	440	899	2 303	5 423	3 497	2 418	882	287	22 544	199	26 724	348				
Child of householder -----	2 250	2 249	66	310	517	868	314	141	21	12	16 918	296	19 734	817				
Other relative of householder -----	792	792	40	102	178	257	119	81	10	5	16 997	588	19 451	636				
Nonrelatives -----	7 062	7 062	132	386	795	2 318	1 581	1 200	471	180	24 515	305	28 638	399				
Educational Attainment																		
Total, 25 years and over -----	30 691	30 683	698	1 632	3 993	10 103	6 971	4 846	1 829	609	23 629	166	27 670	249				
Less than 9th grade -----	765	765	53	180	247	233	31	18	1	1	12 415	420	13 914	459				
9th to 12th grade (no diploma) -----	1 576	1 576	73	236	445	605	133	67	11	6	15 386	331	18 908	1 669				
High school graduate (includes equivalency) -----	10 514	10 513	316	695	1 911	4 317	2 158	827	229	59	19 963	173	22 136	280				
Some college, no degree -----	6 279	6 279	132	311	740	2 295	1 681	856	213	52	23 056	342	25 182	276				
Associate degree -----	3 067	3 067	48	91	287	999	840	610	159	34	25 883	335	27 918	427				
Bachelor's degree or more -----	8 489	8 483	77	120	364	1 654	2 129	2 468	1 215	457	34 307	469	39 146	668				
Bachelor's degree -----	5 741	5 735	62	103	294	1 383	1 479	1 575	677	161	31 197	310	34 976	688				
Master's degree -----	2 166	2 166	13	7	49	248	540	759	400	151	38 612	717	44 017	1 351				
Professional degree -----	323	323	3	7	9	12	69	60	63	100	50 211	2 587	68 397	7 695				
Doctorate degree -----	260	260	-	3	12	11	41	73	75	45	47 248	2 147	54 269	3 166				
Tenure																		
Owner occupied -----	23 126	23 119	500	1 164	2 890	7 379	5 172	3 932	1 552	530	24 340	201	28 534	290				
Renter occupied -----	10 010	10 010	250	905	1 844	3 721	1 971	960	281	78	19 966	200	22 783	379				
Occupier paid no cash rent -----	415	415	28	58	76	154	64	25	4	6	17 655	977	20 413	1 739				

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Table 7. Poverty Thresholds, by Size of Family and Number of Related Children: 1993

[Numbers in thousands. Families and children as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Table 8. Age, Sex, Household Relationship, Race, and Hispanic Origin, by Ratio of Income to Poverty Level: 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons, families and unrelated individuals as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Characteristic		Under .50		Under 1.00		Under 1.25		Under 1.50		Under 1.75		Under 2.00		
		Total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS THAT RECEIVED MEANS-TESTED ASSISTANCE														
Both Sexes														
Total -----	67 514	11 805	17.5	28 795	42.7	36 083	53.4	42 539	63.0	48 115	71.3	51 942	.76.9	
Under 18 years-----	27 509	6 308	22.9	13 822	50.2	16 774	61.0	19 329	70.3	21 537	78.3	22 940	83.4	
18 to 24 years-----	7 151	1 327	18.6	3 095	43.3	3 822	53.4	4 445	62.2	5 002	70.0	5 409	75.6	
25 to 34 years-----	10 803	1 800	16.7	4 271	39.5	5 390	49.9	6 485	60.0	7 521	69.6	8 202	75.9	
35 to 44 years-----	8 852	1 238	14.0	3 151	35.6	4 077	46.1	4 899	55.3	5 716	64.6	6 275	70.9	
45 to 54 years-----	4 659	581	12.5	1 593	34.2	2 027	43.5	2 460	52.8	2 737	58.7	3 023	64.9	
55 to 59 years-----	1 565	162	10.4	575	36.7	733	46.9	842	53.8	938	59.9	1 017	65.0	
60 to 64 years-----	1 548	144	9.3	566	36.6	716	46.3	893	55.1	971	62.7	1 059	68.4	
65 years and over-----	5 428	245	4.5	1 722	31.7	2 544	46.9	3 227	59.5	3 693	68.0	4 018	74.0	
65 to 74 years-----	2 972	120	4.0	916	30.8	1 301	43.8	1 700	57.2	1 962	66.0	2 144	72.1	
75 years and over-----	2 456	125	5.1	807	32.8	1 243	50.6	1 528	62.2	1 731	70.5	1 874	.76.3	
Male														
Total -----	30 926	4 998	16.2	12 281	39.7	15 564	50.3	18 550	60.0	21 312	68.9	23 105	.74.7	
Under 18 years-----	14 052	3 226	23.0	7 097	50.5	8 594	61.2	9 875	70.3	11 053	78.7	11 727	83.5	
18 to 24 years-----	3 107	883	12.3	1 111	35.7	1 433	46.1	1 728	55.6	2 005	64.5	2 203	70.9	
25 to 34 years-----	4 537	465	10.3	1 369	30.2	1 831	40.4	2 338	51.5	2 831	62.4	3 140	69.2	
35 to 44 years-----	3 982	459	11.5	1 180	29.6	1 607	40.3	1 995	50.1	2 393	60.1	2 667	67.0	
45 to 54 years-----	2 147	247	11.5	661	30.8	867	40.4	1 052	49.0	1 194	55.6	1 320	61.5	
55 to 59 years-----	698	66	9.4	236	33.8	307	44.0	360	51.6	398	57.0	437	62.6	
60 to 64 years-----	630	76	12.1	182	28.9	238	37.8	291	46.2	341	54.1	382	60.6	
65 years and over-----	1 773	75	4.2	445	25.1	689	38.9	911	51.4	1 099	62.0	1 228	69.3	
65 to 74 years-----	1 065	29	2.7	263	24.7	409	38.4	536	50.3	633	59.5	712	.66.9	
75 years and over-----	708	46	6.5	182	25.7	280	39.5	375	53.0	465	65.7	517	72.9	
Female														
Total -----	36 588	6 807	18.6	16 515	45.1	20 519	56.1	23 989	65.6	26 803	73.3	28 838	.78.8	
Under 18 years-----	13 456	3 082	22.9	6 725	50.0	8 179	60.8	9 454	70.3	10 484	77.9	11 212	83.3	
18 to 24 years-----	4 043	944	23.3	1 984	49.1	2 389	59.1	2 717	67.2	2 997	74.1	3 206	.79.3	
25 to 34 years-----	6 266	1 335	21.3	2 902	46.3	3 559	56.8	4 147	66.2	4 691	74.9	5 062	80.8	
35 to 44 years-----	4 870	779	16.0	1 970	40.5	2 471	50.7	2 904	59.6	3 324	68.3	3 607	.74.1	
45 to 54 years-----	2 512	334	13.3	933	37.1	1 161	46.2	1 408	56.1	1 543	61.4	1 703	67.8	
55 to 59 years-----	867	96	11.1	339	39.1	426	49.2	481	55.5	540	62.3	581	.67.0	
60 to 64 years-----	918	67	7.3	385	41.9	479	52.1	561	61.2	630	68.6	677	.73.7	
65 years and over-----	3 655	170	4.7	1 277	34.9	1 855	50.7	2 316	63.4	2 594	71.0	2 790	.76.3	
65 to 74 years-----	1 908	91	4.8	652	34.2	892	46.7	1 163	61.0	1 329	69.7	1 432	.75.1	
75 years and over-----	1 748	79	4.5	625	35.7	963	55.1	1 152	65.9	1 266	72.4	1 358	.77.7	
Household Relationship														
Total -----	67 514	11 805	17.5	28 795	42.7	36 083	53.4	42 539	63.0	48 115	71.3	51 942	.76.9	
65 years and over-----	5 428	245	4.5	1 722	31.7	2 544	46.9	3 227	59.5	3 693	68.0	4 018	.74.0	
In families-----	59 261	10 096	17.0	24 443	41.2	30 737	51.9	36 547	61.7	41 580	70.2	45 059	.76.0	
Householder-----	15 745	2 720	17.3	6 558	41.6	8 219	52.2	9 691	61.6	10 973	69.7	11 906	.75.6	
Under 65 years-----	14 098	2 648	18.8	6 187	43.9	7 656	54.3	8 887	63.0	10 017	71.0	10 822	.76.8	
65 years and over-----	1 647	72	4.4	371	22.5	563	34.2	805	48.8	957	58.1	1 084	.65.8	
Related children under 18 years-----	26 745	5 972	22.3	13 266	49.6	16 160	60.4	18 668	69.8	20 833	77.9	22 214	.83.1	
Under 6 years-----	9 943	2 565	25.8	5 423	54.5	6 443	64.8	7 334	73.8	8 085	81.3	8 550	.86.0	
6 to 17 years-----	16 802	3 406	20.3	7 843	46.7	9 717	57.8	11 334	67.5	12 748	75.9	13 664	.81.3	
Own children 18 years and over-----	5 747	540	9.4	1 627	28.3	2 187	38.1	2 814	49.0	3 219	56.0	3 604	.62.7	
In married-couple families-----	33 490	2 827	8.4	9 823	29.3	13 649	40.8	17 354	51.8	20 735	61.9	23 099	.69.0	
Husbands-----	7 902	624	7.9	2 199	27.8	3 069	38.8	3 909	49.5	4 711	59.6	5 275	.66.8	
Under 65 years-----	6 931	586	8.5	1 986	28.6	2 753	39.7	3 448	49.7	4 142	59.8	4 631	.66.8	
65 years and over-----	970	38	3.9	214	22.0	316	32.5	461	47.5	569	58.6	644	.66.4	
Wives-----	7 902	624	7.9	2 199	27.8	3 069	38.8	3 909	49.5	4 711	59.6	5 275	.66.8	
Under 65 years-----	7 210	600	8.3	2 069	28.7	2 877	39.9	3 606	50.0	4 321	59.9	4 835	.67.1	
65 years and over-----	692	24	3.5	131	18.9	192	27.8	303	43.8	390	56.4	440	.63.6	
Related children under 18 years-----	13 800	1 376	10.0	4 682	33.9	6 382	46.2	7 989	57.9	9 461	68.6	10 397	.75.3	
Under 6 years-----	5 047	569	11.3	1 897	37.6	2 532	50.2	3 130	62.0	3 632	72.0	3 954	.78.4	
6 to 17 years-----	8 753	807	9.2	2 785	31.8	3 851	44.0	4 859	55.5	5 830	66.6	6 443	.73.6	
Own children 18 years and over-----	2 746	142	5.2	516	18.8	789	28.7	1 088	39.6	1 260	45.9	1 478	.53.8	
In families with female householder, no spouse present-----	22 756	6 839	30.1	13 538	59.5	15 713	69.0	17 544	77.1	18 863	82.9	19 748	.86.8	
Householder-----	6 858	1 968	28.7	4 009	58.5	4 709	68.7	5 260	76.7	5 637	82.2	5 928	.86.4	
Under 65 years-----	6 255	1 932	30.9	3 861	61.7	4 485	71.7	4 928	78.8	5 269	84.2	5 516	.88.2	
65 years and over-----	603	36	6.0	148	24.5	224	37.2	332	55.0	368	60.9	411	.68.2	
Related children under 18 years-----	11 723	4 358	37.2	8 075	68.9	9 117	77.8	9 889	84.4	10 448	89.1	10 814	.92.2	
Under 6 years-----	4 369	1 890	43.3	3 290	75.3	3 618	82.8	3 850	88.1	4 033	92.3	4 138	.94.7	
6 to 17 years-----	7 354	2 468	33.6	4 785	65.1	5 499	74.8	6 039	82.1	6 415	87.2	6 675	.90.8	
Own children 18 years and over-----	2 707	374	13.8	1 035	38.2	1 305	48.2	1 614	59.6	1 819	67.2	1 954	.72.2	
In unrelated subfamilies-----	1 055	391	37.0	737	69.9	831	78.7	893	84.6	960	91.0	992	.94.0	
Under 18 years-----	620	236	38.2	438	70.7	494	79.7	531	85.7	569	91.8	587	.94.6	
Under 6 years-----	239	128	53.6	197	82.4	211	88.1	221	92.5	227	94.8	234	.98.0	
6 to 17 years-----	381	108	28.4	241	63.3	283	74.4	310	81.4	342	89.9	352	.92.5	
18 years and over-----	435	154	35.4	299	68.7	337	77.3	361	83.0	391	89.9	405	.93.0	
Unrelated individuals-----	7 198	1 319	18.3	3 615	50.2	4 516	62.7	5 099	70.8	5 575	77.5	5 891	.81.8	
Male-----	3 261	650	19.9	1 360	41.7	1 709	52.4	1 963	60.2	2 222	68.1	2 395	.73.4	
Under 65 years-----	2 768	628	22.7	1 190	43.0	1 431	51.7	1 635	59.1	1 858	67.1	2 002	.72.3	
Living alone-----	776	144	18.5	377	48.6	448	57.8	505	65.2	561	72.3	590	.76.1	
65 years and over-----	492	23	4.6	170	34.6	279</								

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Table 8. Age, Sex, Household Relationship, Race, and Hispanic Origin, by Ratio of Income to Poverty Level: 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons, families and unrelated individuals as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	Total	Under .50		Under 1.00		Under 1.25		Under 1.50		Under 1.75		Under 2.00	
		Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLDS THAT RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS													
Both Sexes													
Total	30 529	9 073	29.7	20 384	66.8	23 649	77.5	25 851	84.7	27 290	89.4	28 106	92.1
Under 18 years	14 068	5 152	36.6	10 418	74.1	11 755	83.6	12 629	89.8	13 167	93.6	13 438	95.5
18 to 24 years	3 325	924	27.8	2 102	63.2	2 449	73.7	2 704	81.3	2 893	87.0	3 010	90.5
25 to 34 years	4 950	1 442	29.1	3 118	63.0	3 693	74.6	4 083	82.5	4 364	88.2	4 514	91.2
35 to 44 years	3 522	859	24.4	2 125	60.3	2 520	71.5	2 781	79.0	2 982	84.6	3 100	88.0
45 to 54 years	1 839	413	22.5	1 040	56.6	1 255	68.2	1 440	78.3	1 535	83.5	1 604	87.2
55 to 59 years	663	117	17.7	382	57.6	455	68.6	487	73.5	524	79.0	546	82.4
60 to 64 years	617	72	11.7	326	52.9	400	64.8	451	73.1	486	78.8	508	82.3
65 years and over	1 546	93	6.0	874	56.5	1 122	72.6	1 276	82.5	1 340	86.7	1 387	89.7
65 to 74 years	892	45	5.0	488	54.7	611	68.5	722	80.9	766	85.9	795	89.1
75 years and over	654	48	7.4	386	59.0	511	78.2	554	84.7	574	87.7	592	90.6
Male													
Total	13 203	3 789	28.7	8 517	64.5	9 913	75.1	10 916	82.7	11 612	88.0	11 984	90.8
Under 18 years	7 161	2 632	36.7	5 343	74.6	5 984	83.6	6 419	89.6	6 701	93.6	6 842	95.5
18 to 24 years	1 203	243	20.2	682	56.7	825	68.6	934	77.6	1 025	85.2	1 067	88.7
25 to 34 years	1 764	336	19.1	878	49.8	1 108	62.8	1 301	73.8	1 447	82.0	1 513	85.8
35 to 44 years	1 404	300	21.4	741	52.8	910	64.8	1 025	73.0	1 111	79.1	1 171	83.4
45 to 54 years	769	167	21.7	418	54.4	514	66.8	584	75.9	635	82.6	661	86.0
55 to 59 years	270	47	17.3	155	57.3	188	69.6	200	73.9	207	76.5	213	78.8
60 to 64 years	210	37	17.5	91	43.1	108	51.3	126	59.9	141	67.1	151	72.0
65 years and over	421	27	6.4	209	49.6	276	65.6	327	77.6	346	82.1	364	86.4
65 to 74 years	261	8	3.1	120	46.1	160	61.4	198	76.0	210	80.6	223	85.5
75 years and over	161	19	11.8	89	55.4	116	72.3	129	80.1	136	84.4	141	87.9
Female													
Total	17 326	5 284	30.5	11 868	68.5	13 736	79.3	14 935	86.2	15 677	90.5	16 122	93.1
Under 18 years	6 907	2 520	36.5	5 075	73.5	5 771	83.6	6 210	89.9	6 466	93.6	6 596	95.5
18 to 24 years	2 122	681	32.1	1 419	66.9	1 624	76.5	1 770	83.4	1 868	88.0	1 942	91.5
25 to 34 years	3 186	1 106	34.7	2 240	70.3	2 586	81.2	2 782	87.3	2 917	91.6	3 000	94.2
35 to 44 years	2 118	559	26.4	1 384	65.3	1 609	76.0	1 756	82.9	1 870	88.3	1 929	91.0
45 to 54 years	1 070	246	23.0	622	58.1	741	69.3	857	80.1	900	84.1	943	88.1
55 to 59 years	393	71	18.0	227	57.7	266	67.9	288	73.3	317	80.8	333	84.8
60 to 64 years	406	35	8.7	236	58.0	292	71.8	325	80.0	345	84.9	356	87.7
65 years and over	1 124	66	5.9	665	59.1	846	75.3	949	84.4	994	88.4	1 023	91.0
65 to 74 years	631	37	5.9	368	58.3	451	71.5	524	83.0	556	88.1	572	90.6
75 years and over	493	29	5.9	297	60.2	395	80.1	425	86.2	438	88.8	451	91.5
Household Relationship													
Total	30 529	9 073	29.7	20 384	66.8	23 649	77.5	25 851	84.7	27 290	89.4	28 106	92.1
65 years and over	1 546	93	6.0	874	56.5	1 122	72.6	1 276	82.5	1 340	86.7	1 387	89.7
In families	26 827	8 044	30.0	17 889	66.7	20 802	77.5	22 790	85.0	24 059	89.7	24 785	92.4
Householder	7 210	2 154	29.9	4 828	67.0	5 621	78.0	6 115	84.8	6 436	89.3	6 635	92.0
Under 65 years	6 758	2 122	31.4	4 631	68.5	5 346	79.1	5 777	85.5	6 076	89.9	6 256	92.6
65 years and over	452	33	7.2	197	43.5	275	60.8	338	74.7	360	79.6	379	83.8
Related children under 18 years	13 691	4 959	36.2	10 114	73.9	11 434	83.5	12 293	89.8	12 819	93.6	13 080	95.5
Under 6 years	5 905	2 218	37.6	4 363	73.9	4 913	83.2	5 275	89.3	5 501	93.2	5 638	95.5
6 to 17 years	7 786	2 741	35.2	5 751	73.9	6 521	83.8	7 018	90.1	7 318	94.0	7 442	95.6
Own children 18 years and over	2 154	357	16.6	1 016	47.2	1 272	59.0	1 520	70.5	1 674	77.7	1 782	82.7
In married-couple families	11 176	1 905	17.0	6 239	55.8	7 832	70.1	9 009	80.6	9 620	86.1	10 038	89.8
Husbands	2 552	403	15.8	1 398	54.8	1 768	69.3	2 016	79.0	2 164	84.8	2 264	88.7
Under 65 years	2 326	388	16.7	1 281	55.1	1 613	69.4	1 833	78.8	1 972	84.8	2 063	88.7
65 years and over	226	15	6.7	116	51.5	155	68.4	184	81.3	192	84.7	201	88.7
Wives	2 552	403	15.8	1 398	54.8	1 768	69.3	2 016	79.0	2 164	84.8	2 264	88.7
Under 65 years	2 422	394	16.3	1 332	55.0	1 685	69.6	1 917	79.1	2 062	85.1	2 158	89.1
65 years and over	130	9	7.2	66	50.5	83	63.7	100	76.9	102	78.5	106	81.7
Related children under 18 years	4 985	976	19.6	3 023	60.6	3 722	74.7	4 241	85.1	4 490	90.1	4 649	93.2
Under 6 years	2 175	425	19.5	1 284	59.1	1 604	73.8	1 830	84.1	1 939	89.2	2 021	92.9
6 to 17 years	2 811	551	19.6	1 739	61.9	2 118	75.4	2 411	85.8	2 551	90.7	2 627	93.5
Own children 18 years and over	751	92	12.3	295	39.3	384	51.0	502	66.8	540	71.8	582	77.5
In families with female householder, no spouse present	14 493	5 838	40.3	10 980	75.8	12 221	84.3	12 923	89.2	13 489	93.1	13 748	94.9
Householder	4 269	1 658	38.8	3 208	75.1	3 604	84.4	3 816	89.4	3 961	92.8	4 043	94.7
Under 65 years	4 056	1 641	40.5	3 129	77.1	3 487	86.0	3 665	90.3	3 796	93.6	3 872	95.5
65 years and over	213	17	7.9	79	37.1	117	54.9	151	71.0	165	77.3	171	80.2
Related children under 18 years	8 191	3 805	46.4	6 761	82.5	7 347	89.7	7 632	93.2	7 867	96.0	7 965	97.2
Under 6 years	3 462	1 705	49.3	2 910	84.1	3 119	90.1	3 217	92.9	3 314	95.7	3 364	97.2
6 to 17 years	4 729	2 099	44.4	3 850	81.4	4 228	89.4	4 415	93.4	4 554	96.3	4 600	97.3
Own children 18 years and over	1 331	260	19.5	699	52.5	862	64.7	989	74.3	1 096	82.4	1 149	86.3
In unrelated subfamilies	542	253	46.6	431	79.5	462	85.2	481	88.6	493	90.9	510	94.1
Under 18 years	318	154	48.5	255	80.3	271	85.2	283	89.1	291	91.6	301	94.8
Under 6 years	138	83	60.4	121	87.5	127	92.1	130	94.5	130	94.5	135	97.6
6 to 17 years	180	71	39.4	135	74.8	144	79.9	153	84.9	161	89.3	167	92.6
18 years and over	224	98	43.9	176	78.4	191	85.2	197	88.0	202	89.9	209	93.2
Unrelated individuals	3 160	776	24.6	2 064	65.3	2 384	75.5	2 581	81.7	2 738	86.6	2 811	89.0
Male	1 453	418	28.8	801	55.1	938	64.6	1 035	71.2	1 147	78.9	1 187	81.7
Under 65 years	1 345	414	30.8	737	54.8	856	63.7	949	70.6	1 054	78.4	1 090	81.1
Living alone	329	86	26.2	232	70.5	253	76.9	280	85.1	297	90.3	310	94.1
65 years and over	109	4	3.3	64	58.7	82	75.5	86	79.1	93	85.6	97	89.1
Living alone	72	1	(B)	45	(B)	60	(B)	64	(B)	66	(B)	70	(B)
Female	1 706	358	21.0	1 263	74.0	1 446	84.7	1 546	90.6	1 591	93.2	1 624	95.2
Under 65 years	1 082	326	30.1	787	72.7	872	80.6	946	87.4	976	90.2	1 003	92.6
Living alone	585	136	23.3	452	77.3	499	85.2	539	92.2	55			

Table 9. Income Deficit or Surplus of Families and Unrelated Individuals, by Poverty Status: 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families and unrelated individuals as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Characteristic	Total	Size of deficit or surplus										Mean deficit or surplus	Median deficit or surplus	Deficit or surplus per family member				
		Under \$500	\$500 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,999	\$3,000 to \$3,999	\$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999	\$6,000 to \$6,999	\$7,000 to \$7,999	\$8,000 or more			Value	Stan. error	Value	Stan. error	
HISPANIC ORIGIN¹																		
Below Poverty Level																		
All families -----	1 625	71	78	137	160	138	183	143	144	121	447	5 944	153	5 304	211	1 411	58	
Number of related children under 18:																		
None -----	201	22	28	36	27	17	18	14	6	5	28	3 480	323	2 526	392	1 426	242	
One or more -----	1 424	49	51	101	133	121	165	129	138	117	419	6 293	163	5 709	220	1 410	60	
One -----	357	18	23	39	34	35	54	29	36	21	69	5 112	279	4 564	263	1 805	202	
Two or more -----	1 066	31	28	62	99	87	112	100	102	95	350	6 688	194	6 142	240	1 335	64	
Married-couple families -----	770	47	41	75	101	67	89	61	40	61	188	5 653	241	4 610	233	1 163	74	
Number of related children under 18:																		
None -----	118	13	15	22	12	11	14	11	3	3	14	3 478	392	2 801	682	1 486	328	
One or more -----	652	34	27	53	88	56	76	50	37	58	174	6 048	269	4 904	293	1 137	76	
One -----	115	7	9	20	11	8	13	6	8	6	24	5 184	627	4 068	785	1 464	290	
Two or more -----	537	27	17	33	77	48	62	44	28	52	149	6 232	297	5 121	355	1 094	78	
Families with female householder, no spouse present -----	772	21	29	51	49	64	88	81	101	52	236	6 283	198	6 028	228	1 729	111	
Number of related children under 18:																		
None -----	66	6	12	9	11	4	4	3	3	2	13	(B)	(B)	6 (B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
One or more -----	706	14	18	42	37	60	84	78	98	51	223	6 516	203	6 193	204	1 747	116	
One -----	218	11	12	14	17	25	38	22	26	14	39	5 085	293	4 782	319	2 044	300	
Two or more -----	488	3	6	28	20	35	46	56	73	37	184	7 154	250	6 677	228	1 670	125	
All unrelated subfamilies -----	93	-	2	5	15	9	12	4	8	6	35	6 608	546	6 222	1 201	2 198	453	
Unrelated individuals -----	872	63	96	211	112	68	78	58	81	204	-	3 730	126	3 059	287	3 730	393	
Male -----	478	22	42	111	58	27	38	22	53	104	-	3 853	181	3 200	492	3 853	584	
Female -----	494	41	54	99	54	41	40	36	29	101	-	3 611	175	2 972	353	3 611	540	
Above the Poverty Level																		
All families -----	4 321	105	69	147	140	134	139	155	101	122	3 207	25 799	923	16 993	499	6 732	257	
Number of related children under 18:																		
None -----	1 592	23	26	42	38	37	51	49	32	45	1 249	28 074	1 785	18 855	957	10 423	805	
One or more -----	2 729	82	43	105	102	97	88	106	69	78	1 959	24 472	1 022	15 793	723	5 443	251	
One -----	1 041	21	17	41	34	41	33	39	24	36	754	25 659	1 995	16 708	1 411	7 304	668	
Two or more -----	1 668	61	26	64	68	56	55	68	45	42	1 205	23 741	1 103	15 393	795	4 652	250	
Married-couple families -----	3 268	67	47	95	88	81	102	108	73	83	2 526	28 321	1 162	19 125	642	7 134	321	
Number of related children under 18:																		
None -----	1 173	17	16	26	31	24	39	37	21	33	930	30 280	2 351	20 142	1 055	11 563	1 090	
One or more -----	2 095	50	31	68	58	57	63	71	52	49	1 596	27 224	1 245	18 575	789	5 760	298	
One -----	721	7	13	22	16	22	14	21	15	19	572	29 944	2 702	20 820	1 188	8 028	860	
Two or more -----	1 374	43	18	46	42	35	49	50	37	30	1 024	25 797	1 259	17 360	924	4 915	284	
Families with female householder, no spouse present -----	725	27	14	41	30	43	27	35	20	27	462	17 500	1 258	11 467	628	5 174	487	
Number of related children under 18:																		
None -----	264	3	10	10	4	13	6	7	9	6	197	21 917	2 025	15 370	2 088	7 855	1 160	
One or more -----	461	24	5	31	26	30	28	28	11	21	265	14 965	1 575	9 980	660	4 021	517	
One -----	222	9	1	16	10	15	16	11	6	11	128	14 721	1 756	10 225	1 279	4 819	816	
Two or more -----	239	15	4	15	16	15	4	17	5	10	137	15 192	2 566	9 748	1 137	3 498	681	
All unrelated subfamilies -----	52	5	1	-	6	2	1	4	3	5	26	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	
Unrelated individuals -----	1 744	86	54	121	134	56	134	72	64	67	957	14 690	770	9 413	518	14 690	1 323	
Male -----	1 190	56	22	73	95	41	87	45	33	55	683	15 802	1 011	10 329	599	15 802	1 743	
Female -----	554	30	31	48	39	15	47	26	31	12	275	12 302	1 058	7 801	952	12 302	1 954	

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

40 VALUATION OF NONCASH BENEFITS

Table 10. Income Distribution Measures, by Definition of Income: 1993

(Numbers in thousands. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	Money income—			Before taxes			After taxes						
	Excluding capital gains (current official measure)	Definition 1 less taxes plus capital gains(losses)		Money income—		Definition 3 plus health insurance supplements to wage or salary income	Definition 4 less Social Security payroll taxes	Definition 5 less Federal income taxes	Definition 6 plus Earned Income Tax Credit				
		Without EITC	With EITC	Definition 1 less government transfers	Definition 2 plus capital gains (losses)								
	1	1a	1b	2	3	4	5	6	7				
ALL HOUSEHOLDS													
Total	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107				
Recipiency Status													
With income as defined	96 573	96 573	96 573	90 611	90 615	90 615	90 615	90 639	90 639				
With addition or deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	43 185	14 130	50 962	72 264	70 388	10 776				
Mean addition or deduction	dollars	dollars	dollars	7 971	7 545	3 596	2 961	6 956	907				
Standard error	dollars	dollars	dollars	42	261	13	12	89	7				
Mean total income	dollars	dollars	dollars	21 466	81 435	58 244	47 718	44 587	19 403				
Standard error	dollars	(X)	(X)	221	1 278	332	314	232	201				
Income Levels													
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
Under \$5,000	4.5	4.8	4.6	17.5	17.5	17.3	17.8	17.8	17.6				
\$5,000 to \$9,999	9.7	10.6	10.3	7.1	7.0	6.8	7.1	7.5	7.3				
\$10,000 to \$14,999	9.2	10.6	10.4	7.0	7.0	6.6	7.1	7.7	7.6				
\$15,000 to \$19,999	8.6	10.4	10.7	7.0	7.1	6.5	6.9	7.8	8.0				
\$20,000 to \$24,999	8.3	10.1	10.2	7.0	7.0	6.6	7.0	7.9	8.1				
\$25,000 to \$29,999	7.6	9.2	9.3	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.6	7.1	7.1				
\$30,000 to \$34,999	7.1	8.0	8.0	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.8	6.5	6.5				
\$35,000 to \$39,999	6.0	6.7	6.7	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.9	6.0				
\$40,000 to \$44,999	5.6	5.9	5.9	5.2	5.1	5.0	4.9	5.1	5.2				
\$45,000 to \$49,999	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.7	4.7				
\$50,000 to \$59,999	8.2	7.1	7.1	7.4	7.4	7.8	7.3	7.2	7.2				
\$60,000 to \$74,999	7.9	5.7	5.7	7.5	7.5	8.0	7.5	6.8	6.8				
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6.7	3.6	3.6	6.3	6.4	7.2	6.2	4.4	4.4				
\$100,000 and over	5.8	2.6	2.6	5.5	5.8	6.6	5.6	3.5	3.5				
Summary Measures													
Median	dollars	31 241	26 891	26 968	28 044	28 214	29 828	27 946	25 861				
Standard error	dollars	146	124	124	205	199	188	182	159				
Mean	dollars	41 428	33 965	34 066	37 883	38 981	40 668	38 665	33 623				
Standard error	dollars	224	167	167	229	252	257	250	188				
Gini ratio		.448	.422	.419	.508	.516	.514	.517	.494				
Standard error		.0038	.0038	.0038	.0038	.0038	.0038	.0039	.0038				
Quintile Measures													
Lowest quintile:													
Upper limit	dollars	12 920	12 143	12 448	6 626	6 673	6 783	6 449	6 402				
Percent of households		20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0				
With type of addition or deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	16 958	620	364	4 565	428				
Mean amount	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	8 539	74	1 335	271	332				
Standard error	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	59	101	71	5	26				
Second quintile:													
Upper limit	dollars	24 730	21 715	21 807	20 871	20 957	22 027	20 698	19 471				
Percent of households		20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0				
With type of addition or deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	10 798	1 502	5 620	14 387	12 412				
Mean amount	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	8 525	796	1 833	1 076	883				
Standard error	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	89	82	20	7	9				
Third quintile:													
Upper limit	dollars	38 860	32 549	32 600	36 373	36 554	38 860	36 336	33 206				
Percent of households		20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0				
With type of addition or deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	6 763	2 043	12 618	16 957	18 812				
Mean amount	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	7 181	1 305	2 610	2 120	2 233				
Standard error	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	110	96	16	10	12				
Fourth quintile:													
Upper limit	dollars	60 544	48 856	48 881	58 835	59 429	62 749	58 942	52 357				
Percent of households		20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0				
With type of addition or deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	4 951	3 019	15 814	17 885	19 343				
Mean amount	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	6 569	2 349	3 590	3 355	4 710				
Standard error	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	133	111	17	14	20				
Fifth quintile:													
Percent of households		20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0				
With type of deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	3 715	6 946	16 546	18 470	19 393				
Mean amount	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	7 077	13 765	5 001	5 483	17 810				
Standard error	dollars	(X)	(X)	(X)	162	505	24	26	292				

Table 10. Income Distribution Measures, by Definition of Income: 1993—Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	After taxes—continued									
	Definition 7 less state income taxes	Definition 8 plus nonmeans- tested government cash transfers	Definition 9 plus Medicare	Definition 10 plus regular-price school lunches	Definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers	Definition 12 plus Medicaid	Definition 13 plus other means-tested government—		Definition 14 plus net imputed retrn on equity in own home	
							Noncash transfers	Noncash transfers less medical programs		
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	14a	15	
ALL HOUSEHOLDS										
Total -----	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107	97 107
Recipency Status										
With income as defined -----	90 653	94 801	94 913	94 945	96 583	96 583	96 758	96 758	96 908	
With addition or deduction -----	62 459	38 094	21 835	12 137	8 992	9 003	15 753	27 837	62 373	
Mean addition or deduction -----	2 045	7 997	4 289	88	4 403	2 639	1 903	4 217	3 095	
Standard error -----	22	45	22	1	59	39	21	22	27	
Mean total income -----	40 663	28 232	31 355	50 629	17 005	26 533	19 240	16 266	47 179	
Standard error -----	226	193	250	587	274	322	172	277	242	
Income Levels										
Percent -----	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$5,000 -----	17.6	7.5	7.2	7.2	4.5	4.5	3.2	3.2	2.6	
\$5,000 to \$9,999 -----	7.4	8.4	7.2	7.2	8.7	8.3	7.7	9.3	7.0	
\$10,000 to \$14,999 -----	7.8	9.2	8.2	8.2	8.6	8.3	9.1	10.8	8.7	
\$15,000 to \$19,999 -----	8.3	9.5	9.3	9.3	9.5	9.5	10.0	10.3	9.4	
\$20,000 to \$24,999 -----	8.3	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.7	9.6	
\$25,000 to \$29,999 -----	7.4	8.6	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.4	8.9	9.1	
\$30,000 to \$34,999 -----	6.7	7.8	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.0	8.6	
\$35,000 to \$39,999 -----	6.0	6.6	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.4	6.7	7.5	
\$40,000 to \$44,999 -----	5.3	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.3	5.8	6.4	
\$45,000 to \$49,999 -----	4.6	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.2	5.5	
\$50,000 to \$59,999 -----	7.2	7.8	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.2	7.8	8.7	
\$60,000 to \$74,999 -----	6.3	6.8	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.7	
\$75,000 to \$99,999 -----	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	5.5	
\$100,000 and over -----	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.8	
Summary Measures										
Median -----	25 313	28 391	29 723	29 732	29 917	30 241	30 395	28 761	32 091	
Standard error -----	149	138	133	133	133	134	134	133	134	
Mean -----	32 408	35 545	36 510	36 521	36 928	37 173	37 482	36 273	39 469	
Standard error -----	176	172	172	172	171	171	170	170	174	
Gini ratio -----	.487	.430	.419	.419	.409	.406	.398	.412	.395	
Standard error -----	.0037	.0038	.0037	.0037	.0037	.0037	.0037	.0037	.0037	
Quintile Measures										
Lowest quintile:										
Upper limit -----	6 567	12 209	13 516	13 519	14 025	14 370	14 984	13 381	15 914	
Percent of households -----	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
With type of addition or deduction -----	2 121	10 240	4 152	450	5 381	2 613	7 337	7 317	7 047	
Mean amount -----	76	5 872	1 644	77	3 952	1 078	2 302	2 258	1 439	
Standard error -----	3	42	24	2	53	27	31	23	62	
Second quintile:										
Upper limit -----	19 268	22 697	24 194	24 204	24 444	24 820	25 047	23 220	26 460	
Percent of households -----	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
With type of addition or deduction -----	12 715	9 392	6 041	1 232	1 654	2 637	4 378	8 457	9 868	
Mean amount -----	332	8 530	3 925	81	4 899	2 569	1 770	4 436	2 111	
Standard error -----	4	74	22	2	145	43	41	33	39	
Third quintile:										
Upper limit -----	32 219	34 629	35 805	35 813	35 955	36 237	36 339	34 884	38 251	
Percent of households -----	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
With type of addition or deduction -----	15 310	7 817	5 084	2 478	955	1 742	2 539	5 799	12 904	
Mean amount -----	877	8 927	5 296	85	4 852	3 506	1 330	5 256	2 419	
Standard error -----	7	104	40	1	235	80	42	49	41	
Fourth quintile:										
Upper limit -----	50 451	52 196	52 956	52 973	53 083	53 225	53 255	52 342	56 011	
Percent of households -----	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
With type of deduction -----	16 087	5 976	3 755	3 896	591	1 248	1 213	3 617	15 236	
Mean amount -----	1 770	8 554	5 579	89	4 861	4 033	1 349	5 270	2 862	
Standard error -----	11	134	51	1	283	129	69	66	44	
Fifth quintile:										
Percent of households -----	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	
With type of deduction -----	16 226	4 670	2 803	4 081	411	762	286	2 647	17 319	
Mean amount -----	5 018	9 315	5 435	91	6 216	3 967	1 161	5 221	5 037	
Standard error -----	75	195	66	1	570	256	102	90	70	

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Table 10. Income Distribution Measures, by Definition of Income: 1993—Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	Money income—			Before taxes			After taxes		
	Excluding capital gains (current official measure)	Definition 1 less taxes plus capital gains(losses)		Money income—		Definition 3 plus health insurance supplements to wage or salary income	Definition 4 less Social Security payroll taxes	Definition 5 less Federal income taxes	Definition 6 plus Earned Income Tax Credit
		Without EITC	With EITC	Definition 1 less government transfers	Definition 2 plus capital gains (losses)				
	1	1a	1b	2	3	4	5	6	7
HOUSEHOLDS WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT, WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18									
Total	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756
Recipiency Status									
With income as defined	8 662	8 662	8 662	7 390	7 390	7 390	7 390	7 391	7 391
With addition or deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	4 944	529	3 261	6 236	3 971	4 075
Mean addition or deduction	dollars..			5 761	3 656	2 979	1 436	2 788	962
Standard error	dollars..			(X)	99	841	39	24	185
Mean total income	dollars..			(X)	10 798	52 867	35 868	22 990	31 196
Standard error	dollars..			(X)	361	4 357	840	510	545
Income Levels									
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$5,000	14.4	15.3	14.3	34.2	34.3	34.1	35.3	35.3	34.0
\$5,000 to \$9,999	21.6	22.6	21.0	11.4	11.3	10.4	10.8	11.1	10.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	14.6	15.9	15.8	11.0	11.0	10.6	10.9	11.4	11.4
\$15,000 to \$19,999	10.8	11.3	12.7	9.5	9.4	8.0	8.4	9.0	9.9
\$20,000 to \$24,999	8.6	9.3	10.1	7.1	7.2	7.7	7.7	7.8	8.7
\$25,000 to \$29,999	7.2	8.0	8.1	6.4	6.1	6.3	6.0	6.7	6.5
\$30,000 to \$34,999	5.9	5.5	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.2	5.3	5.7
\$35,000 to \$39,999	4.4	3.5	3.5	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.2	3.9	4.0
\$40,000 to \$44,999	3.3	2.1	2.2	2.8	2.8	3.6	3.0	2.5	2.5
\$45,000 to \$49,999	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.0	1.4	1.6
\$50,000 to \$59,999	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.7	2.7
\$60,000 to \$74,999	2.5	1.3	1.3	2.3	2.4	2.7	2.5	1.5	1.5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1.3	.5	.5	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.1	.9	.9
\$100,000 and over7	.5	.5	.6	.7	.8	.7	.5	.5
Summary Measures									
Median	14 773	13 694	14 635	11 781	11 775	12 440	11 681	11 570	12 815
Standard error	dollars..	298	258	252	313	311	358	335	304
Mean	20 924	18 487	18 934	17 671	17 892	19 002	17 979	16 714	17 162
Standard error	dollars..	360	288	287	368	399	413	399	327
Gini ratio467	.446	.436	.555	.559	.561	.565	.536
Standard error	dollars..	.0128	.0126	.0125	.0119	.0123	.0122	.0124	.0116
Quintile Measures									
Lowest quintile:									
Upper limit	dollars..	12 920	12 143	12 448	6 626	6 673	6 783	6 449	6 402
Percent of households		45.3	45.5	43.3	38.4	38.4	38.2	38.2	37.4
With type of addition or deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	2 919	21	49	1 277	714
Mean amount	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	6 151	(B)	(B)	199	549
Standard error	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	123	(B)	(B)	7	(B)
Second quintile:									
Upper limit	dollars..	24 730	21 715	21 807	20 871	20 957	22 027	20 698	19 471
Percent of households		24.4	23.5	24.8	29.5	29.6	28.4	28.4	27.5
With type of addition or deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	1 134	91	911	2 299	1 041
Mean amount	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	5 031	189	2 120	929	604
Standard error	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	220	328	48	11	26
Third quintile:									
Upper limit	dollars..	38 860	32 549	32 600	36 373	36 554	38 860	36 336	33 206
Percent of households		16.9	16.3	16.8	18.5	18.3	19.1	18.8	19.5
With type of addition or deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	552	150	1 243	1 508	1 565
Mean amount	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	5 085	983	2 821	1 852	1 491
Standard error	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	283	304	46	23	25
Fourth quintile:									
Upper limit	dollars..	60 544	48 856	48 881	58 835	59 429	62 749	58 942	52 357
Percent of households		9.2	9.9	10.0	9.3	9.4	10.0	10.2	10.9
With type of deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	219	127	747	804	277
Mean amount	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	5 477	2 189	3 616	2 789	3 284
Standard error	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	487	420	79	55	57
Fifth quintile:									
Percent of households		4.4	4.9	5.1	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.7
With type of deduction		(X)	(X)	(X)	120	140	310	348	412
Mean amount	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	6 795	10 835	4 836	4 398	12 318
Standard error	dollars..	(X)	(X)	(X)	752	2 967	179	159	1 611

Table 10. Income Distribution Measures, by Definition of Income: 1993—Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	After taxes—continued									
	Definition 7 less state income taxes	Definition 8 plus nonmeans- tested government cash transfers	Definition 9 plus Medicare	Definition 10 plus regular-price school lunches	Definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers	Definition 12 plus Medicaid	Definition 13 plus other means-tested government—		Definition 14 plus net imputed return on equity in own home	
							Noncash transfers	Noncash transfers less medical programs		
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	14a	15	
HOUSEHOLDS WITH FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER, NO HUSBAND PRESENT, WITH RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18										
Total	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756	8 756
Recipency Status										
With income as defined	7 391	7 701	7 706	7 729	8 665	8 665	8 724	8 724	8 724	8 724
With addition or deduction	3 739	2 423	551	1 619	3 425	2 275	5 475	2 513	2 935	2 935
Mean addition or deduction	670	5 206	3 275	80	4 634	2 658	2 669	3 124	2 267	2 267
Standard error	44	153	106	1	83	68	43	71	102	102
Mean total income	28 605	21 284	31 354	30 678	11 594	20 695	16 837	13 158	33 796	33 796
Standard error	536	566	1 419	671	283	445	305	676	706	706
Income Levels										
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$5,000	34.0	28.9	28.7	28.7	14.1	13.6	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.7
\$5,000 TO \$9,999	10.3	11.3	10.9	10.9	20.2	18.4	15.1	15.9	14.5	14.5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	11.5	12.0	12.1	12.1	14.4	14.2	20.4	22.8	20.3	20.3
\$15,000 to \$19,999	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.4	11.5	11.9	15.2	15.2	15.0	15.0
\$20,000 to \$24,999	8.7	9.6	9.4	9.4	10.0	10.2	11.4	11.0	11.3	11.3
\$25,000 to \$29,999	6.7	7.5	7.6	7.7	8.3	8.5	9.1	8.3	9.1	9.1
\$30,000 to \$34,999	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.7	6.9	6.5	6.8	6.8
\$35,000 to \$39,999	3.9	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6
\$40,000 to \$44,999	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.7	3.0	3.8	3.8
\$45,000 to \$49,999	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	1.8	2.8	2.8
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2.5	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.3
\$60,000 to \$74,999	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0
\$75,000 to \$99,999	.7	.8	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.0	.8	1.3	1.3
\$100,000 and over	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.6	.6
Summary Measures										
Median	12 690	14 150	14 289	14 312	15 496	16 473	17 930	16 804	18 354	18 354
Standard error	319	305	298	302	297	302	285	214	288	288
Mean	16 791	18 231	18 437	18 452	20 265	20 955	22 624	21 727	23 384	23 384
Standard error	311	316	318	318	305	307	295	290	308	308
Gini ratio	.532	.507	.507	.443	.436	.380	.381	.381	.384	.384
Standard error	.0115	.0116	.0116	.0123	.0122	.0122	.0125	.0125	.0123	.0123
Quintile Measures										
Lowest quintile:										
Upper limit	6 567	12 209	13 516	13 519	14 025	14 370	14 984	13 381	15 914	15 914
Percent of households	37.3	45.4	48.4	48.4	46.2	44.3	40.4	37.7	42.6	42.6
With type of addition or deduction	115	942	144	249	2 581	931	3 040	698	605	605
Mean amount	93	3 535	1 545	73	4 341	1 359	3 061	1 326	1 138	1 138
Standard error	14	132	139	3	74	48	55	53	81	81
Second quintile:										
Upper limit	19 268	22 697	24 194	24 204	24 444	24 820	25 047	23 220	26 460	26 460
Percent of households	27.2	22.8	22.0	21.9	23.1	23.7	26.6	28.5	26.0	26.0
With type of addition or deduction	1 198	586	96	362	476	696	1 514	1 064	675	675
Mean amount	216	5 171	3 146	77	5 344	2 779	2 423	3 085	1 577	1 577
Standard error	12	266	168	3	288	82	89	87	135	135
Third quintile:										
Upper limit	32 219	34 629	35 805	35 813	35 955	36 237	36 339	34 884	38 251	38 251
Percent of households	19.4	17.0	15.4	15.5	16.2	16.7	17.4	18.2	16.4	16.4
With type of addition or deduction	1 254	471	118	492	234	368	619	410	728	728
Mean amount	566	6 516	4 059	80	5 915	4 094	1 764	4 916	1 696	1 696
Standard error	18	415	174	2	568	184	111	224	148	148
Fourth quintile:										
Upper limit	50 451	52 196	52 956	52 973	53 083	53 225	53 255	52 342	56 011	56 011
Percent of households	11.2	10.0	9.6	9.6	9.8	10.4	10.8	10.5	10.1	10.1
With type of addition or deduction	792	273	109	358	90	207	254	222	571	571
Mean amount	1 219	6 774	4 331	80	5 860	5 080	1 881	5 059	2 954	2 954
Standard error	38	531	239	3	768	351	179	256	228	228
Fifth quintile:										
Percent of households	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.9	4.9	5.0	.49	.49
With type of deduction	380	150	84	159	44	71	48	119	355	355
Mean amount	3 442	8 870	3 929	96	(B)	(B)	(B)	4 227	5 578	5 578
Standard error	364	972	180	5	(B)	(B)	(B)	299	551	551

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Table 10. Income Distribution Measures, by Definition of Income: 1993—Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	Money income—			Before taxes			After taxes		
	Excluding capital gains (current official measure)	Definition 1 less taxes plus capital gains (losses)		Money income—		Definition 3 plus health insurance supplements to wage or salary income	Definition 4 less Social Security payroll taxes	Definition 5 less Federal income taxes	Definition 6 plus Earned Income Tax Credit
		Without EITC	With EITC	Definition 1 less government transfers	Definition 2 plus capital gains (losses)				
	1	1a	1b	2	3	4	5	6	7
HOUSEHOLDS WITH MEMBERS 65 YEARS OLD AND OVER									
Total	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928
Recipiency Status									
With income as defined	22 810	22 810	22 810	19 656	19 658	19 658	19 658	19 661	19 661
With addition or deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	21 685	3 283	3 905	7 350	10 149	499
Mean addition or deduction				10 396	4 776	2 961	2 055	5 164	989
Standard error				(X)	55	359	37	178	32
Mean total income	(X)	(X)	(X)	16 801	49 508	52 804	38 414	33 628	22 941
Standard error	(X)	(X)	(X)	277	1 810	1 325	885	499	1 251
Income Levels									
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$5,000	4.4	4.4	4.4	41.2	41.0	40.8	41.2	41.2	41.1
\$5,000 to \$9,999	18.6	18.8	18.8	13.6	13.6	13.4	13.7	14.2	14.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	16.2	16.5	16.4	9.6	9.4	9.5	9.6	10.1	10.1
\$15,000 to \$19,999	12.9	13.7	13.7	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.8	7.4	7.4
\$20,000 to \$24,999	10.0	10.3	10.3	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.4	5.8	5.8
\$25,000 to \$29,999	7.3	8.4	8.4	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9
\$30,000 to \$34,999	6.2	6.8	6.8	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.3
\$35,000 to \$39,999	4.6	4.4	4.4	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5
\$40,000 to \$44,999	3.4	3.6	3.6	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2
\$45,000 to \$49,999	2.7	2.8	2.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.7
\$50,000 to \$59,999	4.0	3.6	3.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5
\$60,000 to \$74,999	3.8	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.2	2.2
\$75,000 to \$99,999	3.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.5	1.5
\$100,000 and over	2.9	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.4	1.4	1.4
Summary Measures									
Median	19 062	18 577	18 613	7 992	8 062	8 146	7 982	7 893	7 932
Standard error	208	195	194	198	205	198	198	185	186
Mean	28 250	25 391	25 413	18 418	19 102	19 606	18 947	16 661	16 683
Standard error	318	246	246	314	345	352	342	265	265
Gini ratio	.467	.432	.432	.647	.653	.656	.653	.628	.628
Standard error	.0084	.0081	.0081	.0085	.0087	.0087	.0088	.0084	.0084
Quintile Measures									
Lowest quintile:									
Upper limit	12 920	12 143	12 448	6 626	6 673	6 783	6 449	6 402	6 609
Percent of households	33.4	31.4	32.4	46.3	46.3	46.4	45.9	45.8	46.4
With type of addition or deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	10 347	431	108	915	41	40
Mean amount	(X)	(X)	(X)	9 574	313	896	244	(B)	(B)
Standard error	(X)	(X)	(X)	69	114	103	10	(B)	(B)
Second quintile:									
Upper limit	24 730	21 715	21 807	20 871	20 957	22 027	20 698	19 471	19 676
Percent of households	28.3	26.0	25.3	26.3	25.9	26.5	26.2	26.5	26.0
With type of addition or deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	5 786	831	769	2 219	3 813	253
Mean amount	(X)	(X)	(X)	11 126	1 022	1 693	833	707	1 151
Standard error	(X)	(X)	(X)	112	93	49	18	14	36
Third quintile:									
Upper limit	38 860	32 549	32 600	36 373	36 554	38 860	36 336	33 206	33 246
Percent of households	17.6	18.5	18.3	12.2	12.3	12.2	12.5	12.6	12.4
With type of addition or deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	2 596	678	1 010	1 616	2 846	101
Mean amount	(X)	(X)	(X)	11 042	1 861	2 342	1 695	2 457	814
Standard error	(X)	(X)	(X)	168	195	58	36	33	76
Fourth quintile:									
Upper limit	60 544	48 856	48 881	58 835	59 429	62 749	58 942	52 357	52 369
Percent of households	11.3	13.2	13.2	8.2	8.2	7.8	8.2	8.1	8.1
With type of addition or deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	1 628	504	1 011	1 250	1 847	65
Mean amount	(X)	(X)	(X)	11 190	3 691	3 167	2 870	5 568	(B)
Standard error	(X)	(X)	(X)	243	255	74	65	79	(B)
Fifth quintile:									
Percent of households	9.5	10.9	10.9	7.1	7.2	7.0	7.3	7.0	7.0
With type of deduction	(X)	(X)	(X)	1 328	838	1 007	1 350	1 603	39
Mean amount	(X)	(X)	(X)	11 395	13 806	4 564	4 969	20 234	(B)
Standard error	(X)	(X)	(X)	282	1 281	110	110	944	(B)

Table 10. Income Distribution Measures, by Definition of Income: 1993—Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	After taxes—continued													
	Definition 7 less state income taxes	Definition 8 plus nonmeans- tested government cash transfers	Definition 9 plus Medicare	Definition 10 plus regular-price school lunches	Definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers	Definition 12 plus Medicaid	Definition 13 plus other means-tested government—		Definition 14 plus net imputed return on equity in own home					
							8	9	10	11	12	13	14	14a
HOUSEHOLDS WITH MEMBERS 65 YEARS OLD AND OVER														
Total	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928	22 928
Recipency Status														
With income as defined	19 664	22 637	22 732	22 734	22 812	22 812	22 828	22 828	22 828	22 828	22 828	22 828	22 880	
With addition or deduction	10 267	21 338	19 685	415	2 084	2 217	2 757	19 728	17 843	17 843	17 843	17 843	17 843	
Mean addition or deduction	1 337	10 223	4 323	80	3 507	1 752	1 507	4 511	4 052	4 052	4 052	4 052	4 052	
Standard error	46	56	23	3	101	52	32	25	52	52	52	52	52	
Mean total income	28 034	25 073	31 534	52 969	19 328	26 009	16 326	16 582	36 977	36 977	36 977	36 977	36 977	
Standard error	456	238	264	2 551	560	650	319	341	328	328	328	328	328	
Income Levels														
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$5,000	41.2	6.9	6.3	6.3	4.4	4.4	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	2.4	
\$5,000 TO \$9,999	14.3	17.6	12.9	12.9	13.7	13.4	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7	10.8	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	10.3	15.9	11.5	11.5	11.7	11.6	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	12.2	11.0	
\$15,000 to \$19,999	7.5	12.9	12.1	12.1	12.4	12.3	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.8	12.8	11.2	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	6.0	10.2	10.7	10.7	10.8	10.9	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	10.9	10.9	
\$25,000 to \$29,999	3.9	8.0	9.7	9.6	9.7	9.8	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.7	
\$30,000 to \$34,999	3.3	6.7	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.2	9.3	
\$35,000 to \$39,999	2.7	4.3	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	7.3	
\$40,000 to \$44,999	2.0	3.6	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	5.8	
\$45,000 to \$49,999	1.6	2.9	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.1	
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2.4	3.8	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.9	
\$60,000 to \$74,999	2.0	3.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	5.3	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1.4	2.4	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.8	
\$100,000 and over	1.2	1.6	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	
Summary Measures														
Median	7 864	18 548	23 381	23 381	23 591	23 813	23 908	18 890	26 820					
Standard error	183	208	220	220	214	217	215	193	231					
Mean	16 084	25 598	29 310	29 311	29 630	29 799	29 981	26 100	33 134					
Standard error	247	254	262	262	261	262	261	252	275					
Gini ratio	.621	.445	.420	.420	.413	.412	.406	.430	.396					
Standard error	.0083	.0081	.0077	.0077	.0077	.0077	.0077	.0081	.0075					
Quintile Measures														
Lowest quintile:														
Upper limit														
Percent of households	6 567	12 209	13 516	13 519	14 025	14 370	14 984	13 381	15 914					
With type of addition or deduction	46.3	32.6	26.8	26.8	27.1	27.7	28.6	34.6	26.4					
Mean amount	1 100	6 817	3 608	32	1 096	785	1 682	5 427	3 343					
Standard error	63	6 735	1 629	(B)	2 668	521	1 631	2 417	1 676					
5	44	25	(B)	(B)	98	22	35	26	92					
Second quintile:														
Upper limit														
Percent of households	19 268	22 697	24 194	24 204	24 444	24 820	25 047	23 220	26 460					
With type of addition or deduction	26.1	26.7	24.9	24.9	24.7	24.5	23.9	25.2	22.9					
Mean amount	4 028	5 918	5 569	33	450	552	601	5 637	3 982					
Standard error	266	10 582	3 917	(B)	4 461	1 741	1 425	4 995	3 029					
7	74	23	(B)	(B)	228	57	80	37	63					
Third quintile:														
Upper limit														
Percent of households	32 219	34 629	35 805	35 813	35 955	36 237	36 339	34 884	38 251					
With type of addition or deduction	12.4	18.6	20.6	20.6	20.3	20.0	19.8	18.1	20.5					
Mean amount	2 266	4 070	4 570	64	229	361	269	4 020	4 131					
Standard error	893	12 286	5 364	(B)	4 139	2 664	1 225	5 610	3 808					
20	122	43	(B)	(B)	395	119	118	53	77					
Fourth quintile:														
Upper limit														
Percent of households	50 451	52 196	52 956	52 973	53 083	53 225	53 255	52 342	56 011					
With type of addition or deduction	8.2	12.2	15.7	15.7	15.9	15.6	15.5	12.1	16.4					
Mean amount	1 502	2 551	3 391	112	184	300	163	2 581	3 403					
Standard error	1 883	12 783	5 635	85	4 500	3 033	1 169	5 487	4 650					
44	188	55	6	455	185	143	69	110	110					
Fifth quintile:														
Percent of households	7.0	9.9	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	10.0	12.8					
With type of deduction	1 371	1 982	2 547	174	124	219	42	2 062	2 984					
Mean amount	5 640	13 621	5 412	83	4 824	2 931	(B)	5 331	7 734					
Standard error	279	310	67	4	499	218	(B)	75	196					

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Table 11. Percent of Persons in Poverty, by Definition of Income and Selected Characteristics: 1993

(Persons as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	Total (thous.)	Money income—			Before Taxes			After Taxes		
		Excluding capital gains (current official measure)	Definition 1 less taxes plus capital gains (losses)		Money income—		Definition 3 plus health insurance supplements to wage or salary income	Definition 4 less Social Security payroll taxes	Definition 5 less Federal income taxes	Definition 6 plus Earned Income Tax Credit
			Without EITC	With EITC	Definition 1 less government transfers	Definition 2 plus capital gains (losses)				
		1	1a	1b	2	3	4	5	6	7
ALL RACES										
Total	259 278	15.1	16.3	15.5	23.4	23.3	22.6	23.6	23.8	23.1
Age										
Under 18 years	69 292	22.7	24.5	23.0	26.3	26.2	25.2	26.5	26.6	25.4
Related children	68 040	22.0	23.7	22.3	25.6	25.5	24.4	25.8	25.9	24.7
Under 6 years	23 850	25.6	27.6	25.7	28.6	28.5	27.4	29.0	29.1	27.5
18 to 24 years	25 475	19.1	20.6	19.6	23.0	22.9	22.3	23.5	23.8	22.9
25 to 44 years	83 473	12.2	13.6	12.7	15.5	15.4	14.7	15.8	16.0	15.3
45 to 64 years	50 259	9.4	9.9	9.7	15.8	15.8	15.3	15.9	16.1	15.9
65 years and over	30 779	12.2	12.3	12.3	50.8	50.6	50.3	50.9	51.0	50.8
65 to 74 years	18 087	10.0	10.1	10.1	44.0	43.9	43.6	44.2	44.3	44.1
75 years and over	12 692	15.4	15.4	15.4	60.5	60.2	59.9	60.4	60.5	60.4
Family Relationship										
In families ¹	219 489	13.6	14.8	13.8	20.7	20.6	19.8	20.9	21.0	20.2
Married-couple families	173 497	8.0	8.9	8.3	14.4	14.3	13.7	14.6	14.7	14.1
With related children under 18	109 804	10.3	11.7	10.6	12.9	12.8	12.0	13.2	13.3	12.4
Female householder, no husband present	37 861	38.7	40.4	38.5	48.2	48.2	46.9	48.4	48.7	47.1
With related children under 18	28 336	48.0	50.2	47.7	55.4	55.4	54.0	55.5	55.7	53.8
Unrelated individuals	38 038	22.1	23.3	23.3	37.4	37.3	37.0	38.0	38.3	38.3
Living alone	23 726	19.3	20.1	20.1	40.8	40.8	40.6	41.2	41.4	41.4
65 years and over	9 319	23.5	23.5	23.5	69.1	69.1	68.9	69.3	69.4	69.4
Type of Residence										
Inside metropolitan areas	203 088	14.6	15.6	14.9	22.1	22.0	21.4	22.3	22.4	21.8
Inside central cities	78 274	21.5	23.0	21.9	30.1	30.1	29.3	30.5	30.8	29.9
Outside central cities	124 813	10.3	11.0	10.5	17.0	16.9	16.3	17.1	17.2	16.7
Outside metropolitan areas	56 190	17.2	18.7	17.6	28.1	28.0	27.1	28.5	28.6	27.7
Region										
Northeast	51 474	13.3	14.1	13.6	21.8	21.7	21.1	21.8	22.0	21.6
Midwest	61 158	13.4	14.6	13.9	21.8	21.8	21.0	21.9	22.0	21.5
South	89 654	17.1	18.4	17.4	25.4	25.3	24.7	25.9	26.0	25.2
West	56 992	15.6	16.9	15.9	23.2	23.1	22.3	23.5	23.7	22.7
WHITE										
Total	214 899	12.2	13.3	12.5	20.6	20.5	19.8	20.8	20.9	20.3
Age										
Under 18 years	54 639	17.8	19.5	18.1	21.1	21.0	20.0	21.4	21.5	20.2
Related children	53 614	17.0	18.7	17.3	20.2	20.1	19.1	20.5	20.6	19.4
Under 6 years	18 694	20.1	22.0	20.3	22.8	22.7	21.6	23.3	23.4	21.8
18 to 24 years	20 500	16.0	17.6	16.6	19.6	19.5	18.9	20.1	20.4	19.6
25 to 44 years	68 902	10.0	11.2	10.4	13.0	12.9	12.3	13.3	13.5	12.8
45 to 64 years	43 278	7.8	8.3	8.1	14.0	13.9	13.5	14.1	14.2	14.1
65 years and over	27 580	10.7	10.7	10.7	49.5	49.3	49.0	49.4	49.5	49.4
65 to 74 years	16 082	8.2	8.4	8.3	42.2	42.1	41.8	42.2	42.3	42.2
75 years and over	11 499	14.0	14.0	14.0	59.6	59.4	59.1	59.5	59.6	59.5
Family Relationship										
In families ¹	181 330	10.5	11.5	10.6	17.5	17.4	16.7	17.7	17.8	17.0
Married-couple families	151 844	7.1	8.0	7.4	13.6	13.5	12.9	13.7	13.8	13.2
With related children under 18	94 265	9.4	10.7	9.7	11.7	11.6	10.8	12.0	12.0	11.1
Female householder, no husband present	23 224	31.0	32.6	30.9	41.8	41.7	40.6	42.2	42.5	40.8
With related children under 18	16 351	40.3	42.3	40.0	48.3	48.4	47.0	48.8	49.0	46.9
Unrelated individuals	32 112	20.1	21.2	21.2	36.0	35.9	35.6	36.5	36.9	36.9
Living alone	20 283	17.5	18.2	18.2	39.8	39.7	39.5	40.1	40.3	40.3
65 years and over	8 421	21.7	21.8	21.8	67.6	67.6	67.4	67.8	67.9	67.9
Type of Residence										
Inside metropolitan areas	164 637	11.4	12.3	11.7	19.0	18.9	18.3	19.1	19.3	18.7
Inside central cities	55 160	16.4	17.9	16.8	25.3	25.3	24.6	25.8	26.0	25.1
Outside central cities	109 477	8.9	9.5	9.1	15.8	15.7	15.1	15.8	15.9	15.5
Outside metropolitan areas	50 263	14.8	16.3	15.3	25.7	25.6	24.8	26.2	26.3	25.5
Region										
Northeast	43 952	11.0	11.7	11.2	19.9	19.8	19.2	19.9	20.1	19.6
Midwest	53 035	10.3	11.4	10.7	18.6	18.5	17.8	18.7	18.8	18.3
South	69 298	12.8	13.8	13.1	21.2	21.1	20.6	21.7	21.8	21.1
West	48 614	14.6	15.8	14.9	22.4	22.3	21.5	22.6	22.8	21.9

¹Includes male householder, no wife present, not shown separately.

Table 11. Percent of Persons in Poverty, by Definition of Income and Selected Characteristics: 1993—Con.

(Persons as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	After taxes—continued									
	Definition 7 less State income taxes	Definition 8 plus nonmeans- tested government cash transfers	Definition 9 plus Medicare	Definition 10 plus regular-price school lunches	Definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers	Definition 12 plus Medicaid	Definition 13 plus other means-tested government—		Definition 14 plus net imputed return on equity in own home	
							Noncash transfers	Noncash transfers less medical programs		
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	14a	15	
ALL RACES										
Total	23.2	16.1	15.6	15.6	14.5	13.5	12.1	13.1	11.2	
Age										
Under 18 years	25.5	23.3	23.1	23.1	21.6	19.9	17.5	19.0	16.9	
Related children	24.8	22.6	22.4	22.4	21.0	19.3	16.9	18.3	16.2	
Under 6 years	27.6	25.9	25.7	25.7	24.3	22.0	19.5	21.6	19.0	
18 to 24 years	23.0	20.2	19.9	19.9	18.9	17.7	16.4	17.5	15.8	
25 to 44 years	15.4	13.1	12.9	12.9	11.9	11.0	10.0	10.6	9.5	
45 to 64 years	16.0	10.5	10.1	10.1	9.2	8.7	7.9	8.4	6.7	
65 years and over	51.0	13.9	12.0	12.0	10.7	10.5	9.5	10.2	6.4	
65 to 74 years	44.2	11.8	9.9	9.9	8.7	8.4	7.5	8.3	5.2	
75 years and over	60.6	16.8	15.0	15.0	13.7	13.5	12.3	12.8	6.0	
Family Relationship										
In families ¹	20.3	14.4	14.0	14.0	12.9	11.9	10.5	11.4	9.8	
Married-couple families	14.2	8.4	8.1	8.1	7.4	6.7	6.1	6.8	5.4	
With related children under 18	12.5	10.6	10.4	10.4	9.6	8.5	7.5	8.5	7.0	
Female householder, no husband present	47.3	40.9	40.4	40.3	37.1	35.0	30.1	31.8	26.9	
With related children under 18	53.9	49.8	49.5	49.4	46.1	43.3	37.1	39.3	36.1	
Unrelated individuals	38.5	24.3	23.2	23.2	22.1	21.4	20.0	20.8	17.7	
Living alone	41.6	21.4	20.2	20.2	18.9	16.5	16.6	16.8	13.1	
65 years and over	69.5	25.6	23.1	23.1	21.6	21.1	18.4	18.5	12.2	
Type of Residence										
Inside metropolitan areas	21.9	15.5	15.1	15.1	14.0	13.1	11.7	12.6	10.8	
Inside central cities	30.0	23.0	22.5	22.5	20.7	19.3	16.9	18.3	16.0	
Outside central cities	16.8	10.8	10.5	10.5	9.8	9.2	8.4	9.0	7.6	
Outside metropolitan areas	27.9	18.1	17.5	17.5	16.4	15.3	13.8	14.9	12.4	
Region										
Northeast	21.7	14.2	13.8	13.8	12.6	11.6	10.2	10.9	9.5	
Midwest	21.6	14.2	13.9	13.9	12.9	12.0	10.7	11.5	10.0	
South	25.3	17.9	17.4	17.4	16.5	15.6	14.1	15.0	12.9	
West	22.8	16.8	16.4	16.4	14.8	13.7	12.4	13.6	11.3	
WHITE										
Total	20.4	12.9	12.6	12.6	11.6	10.8	9.8	10.5	8.9	
Age										
Under 18 years	20.3	18.2	18.1	18.1	16.9	15.3	13.5	14.7	12.8	
Related children	19.5	17.4	17.2	17.2	16.1	14.6	12.7	13.9	12.1	
Under 6 years	21.8	20.3	20.1	20.1	18.9	16.8	15.0	16.7	14.5	
18 to 24 years	19.6	17.0	16.7	16.7	15.9	15.0	14.1	15.1	13.5	
25 to 44 years	12.9	10.6	10.5	10.5	9.6	8.9	8.1	8.6	7.7	
45 to 64 years	14.2	8.7	8.4	8.4	7.6	7.2	6.7	7.1	5.6	
65 years and over	49.5	11.9	10.3	10.3	9.4	9.2	8.4	9.0	5.6	
65 to 74 years	42.3	9.7	8.1	8.1	7.1	6.9	6.3	6.9	4.4	
75 years and over	59.6	15.0	13.4	13.4	12.6	12.4	11.4	11.9	7.4	
Family Relationship										
In families ¹	17.1	11.0	10.7	10.7	9.8	9.0	8.0	8.7	7.3	
Married-couple families	13.3	7.4	7.2	7.2	6.6	5.9	5.3	6.0	4.8	
With related children under 18	11.2	9.6	9.4	9.4	8.7	7.6	6.8	7.7	6.3	
Female householder, no husband present	40.9	33.1	32.6	32.6	29.8	28.1	24.0	25.3	22.7	
With related children under 18	47.0	42.0	41.8	41.8	38.6	36.3	30.8	32.6	29.7	
Unrelated individuals	37.0	22.0	21.0	21.0	20.0	19.4	18.3	19.0	16.1	
Living alone	40.5	19.2	18.1	18.1	17.1	16.6	15.2	15.3	11.9	
65 years and over	68.0	23.3	21.1	21.1	19.9	19.4	17.2	17.2	11.3	
Type of Residence										
Inside metropolitan areas	18.8	12.1	11.8	11.8	10.9	10.1	9.1	9.8	8.4	
Inside central cities	25.1	17.6	17.2	17.2	15.8	14.6	13.0	14.0	12.3	
Outside central cities	15.5	9.3	9.1	9.1	8.4	7.8	7.2	7.7	6.4	
Outside metropolitan areas	25.7	15.7	15.1	15.1	14.1	13.1	11.8	12.8	10.5	
Region										
Northeast	19.8	11.8	11.5	11.5	10.4	9.6	8.5	9.0	7.7	
Midwest	18.4	10.9	10.6	10.6	9.9	9.2	8.4	8.9	7.7	
South	21.2	13.4	12.9	12.9	12.3	11.5	10.5	11.3	9.4	
West	21.9	15.6	15.2	15.2	13.7	12.7	11.5	12.6	10.4	

¹Includes male householder, no wife present, not shown separately.

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Table 11. Percent of Persons in Poverty, by Definition of Income and Selected Characteristics: 1993—Con.

(Persons as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	Total (thous.)	Money income—		Before Taxes			After Taxes			Definition 6 plus Earned Income Tax Credit	
		Excluding capital gains (current official measure)	Definition 1 less taxes plus capital gains(losses)	Money income—		Definition 3 plus health insurance supplements to wage or salary income	Definition 4 less Social Security payroll taxes	Definition 5 less Federal income taxes			
			Without EITC	With EITC	Definition 1 less government transfers						
		1	1a	1b	2	3	4	5	6	7	
BLACK											
Total	32 910	33.1	34.8	33.5	41.5	41.5	40.5	41.7	42.0	41.2	
Age											
Under 18 years	11 127	46.1	48.2	46.2	51.3	51.2	50.0	51.0	51.2	50.2	
Related children	10 969	45.9	48.0	46.0	51.1	51.1	49.8	50.9	51.1	50.1	
Under 6 years	3 928	51.7	54.3	51.6	56.5	56.5	55.0	56.2	56.4	55.1	
18 to 24 years	3 680	34.4	36.0	34.3	40.3	40.2	39.0	41.0	41.3	40.0	
25 to 44 years	10 511	25.8	27.8	26.7	30.7	30.6	29.8	31.0	31.3	30.6	
45 to 64 years	5 082	21.1	22.2	21.7	30.5	30.5	29.7	30.8	31.0	30.6	
65 years and over	2 510	28.0	28.4	28.4	67.7	67.6	67.3	68.7	68.8	68.6	
65 to 74 years	1 558	25.5	26.4	26.3	63.4	63.5	63.2	64.9	65.0	64.7	
75 years and over	953	32.0	31.8	31.8	74.7	74.4	73.9	75.1	75.1	75.1	
Family Relationship											
In families ¹	28 106	32.9	34.6	33.1	40.6	40.5	39.4	40.7	40.9	40.0	
Married-couple families	13 642	13.9	15.2	14.3	22.1	21.9	21.1	22.2	22.3	22.0	
With related children under 18	9 522	16.0	17.6	16.4	21.7	21.4	20.7	21.7	21.9	21.5	
Female householder, no husband present	13 132	53.0	55.0	52.8	60.4	60.4	59.0	60.3	60.5	59.0	
With related children under 18	10 850	60.3	62.7	60.0	66.6	66.6	65.0	66.1	66.3	64.7	
Unrelated individuals	4 608	33.4	35.5	35.5	46.9	46.9	46.6	47.9	48.2	48.2	
Living alone	2 824	30.5	31.9	31.9	49.0	49.1	48.8	49.4	49.6	49.6	
65 years and over	763	39.7	40.2	40.2	83.9	84.1	83.9	84.5	84.5	84.5	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	28 402	31.9	33.6	32.4	39.9	39.8	39.0	40.1	40.3	39.7	
Inside central cities	18 454	35.8	37.8	36.6	44.4	44.6	43.6	44.8	45.1	44.4	
Outside central cities	9 948	24.6	25.8	24.5	31.4	31.0	30.4	31.5	31.6	30.9	
Outside metropolitan areas	4 508	40.3	42.4	40.5	51.8	51.8	49.9	51.9	52.1	50.6	
Region											
Northeast	5 589	31.2	32.3	31.6	38.1	38.1	37.3	37.9	38.2	37.9	
Midwest	6 720	35.9	38.2	36.8	45.7	45.8	45.0	45.8	45.8	45.4	
South	18 064	33.6	35.5	33.9	41.8	41.7	40.6	42.4	42.5	41.5	
West	2 537	25.9	26.3	26.2	35.7	35.6	34.4	35.2	35.8	34.9	
HISPANIC ORIGIN²											
Total	26 559	30.6	33.6	31.6	37.4	37.3	36.2	38.3	38.7	37.0	
Age											
Under 18 years	9 462	40.9	44.5	41.9	45.9	45.8	44.2	46.8	47.1	44.8	
Related children	9 188	39.9	43.6	40.9	45.0	44.9	43.3	45.9	46.3	44.0	
Under 6 years	3 565	43.4	47.1	44.2	47.8	47.8	46.1	48.8	49.1	46.5	
18 to 24 years	3 383	31.0	34.0	32.2	35.3	35.0	34.5	36.2	37.0	35.4	
25 to 44 years	8 746	24.7	28.1	25.9	29.0	29.0	27.9	30.3	30.6	28.8	
45 to 64 years	3 578	21.0	22.8	21.9	29.9	29.8	29.2	30.2	30.7	30.1	
65 years and over	1 390	21.4	21.8	21.7	57.0	56.7	56.1	56.6	56.8	56.7	
65 to 74 years	929	19.0	19.4	19.3	54.1	54.0	53.0	53.7	53.7	53.7	
75 years and over	462	26.1	26.4	26.4	62.8	62.2	62.2	62.6	63.1	62.8	
Family Relationship											
In families ¹	23 439	29.3	32.5	30.2	36.1	36.0	34.8	36.9	37.3	35.5	
Married-couple families	16 680	22.5	25.8	23.7	28.9	28.8	27.7	29.7	29.9	28.3	
With related children under 18	13 268	26.2	30.0	27.3	30.9	30.8	29.5	31.9	32.1	30.2	
Female householder, no husband present	5 333	53.2	55.1	53.3	61.0	60.8	59.1	61.2	62.0	59.9	
With related children under 18	4 400	60.4	62.4	60.5	67.3	67.0	65.0	67.3	68.1	65.7	
Unrelated individuals	2 717	35.8	38.1	38.1	43.9	43.8	43.5	45.6	45.9	45.9	
Living alone	1 067	29.6	31.0	31.0	46.4	46.4	46.0	47.0	47.4	47.4	
65 years and over	304	42.0	42.0	42.0	85.8	85.8	85.8	85.8	85.8	85.8	
Type of Residence											
Inside metropolitan areas	24 476	30.4	33.3	31.4	37.2	37.1	36.0	38.1	38.5	36.8	
Inside central cities	13 581	35.0	38.4	35.9	42.3	42.1	41.1	43.3	44.0	41.9	
Outside central cities	10 895	24.6	27.0	25.7	30.8	30.8	29.6	31.6	31.7	30.4	
Outside metropolitan areas	2 083	33.4	37.8	34.9	39.9	40.2	38.3	40.8	40.9	39.5	
Region											
Northeast	4 099	37.3	39.3	37.4	44.7	44.7	43.8	45.1	45.8	44.3	
Midwest	1 795	26.5	31.6	29.8	33.4	33.3	32.2	34.1	34.3	33.4	
South	8 382	28.0	31.6	29.2	34.2	34.5	33.7	36.1	36.3	34.5	
West	12 283	30.7	33.5	31.6	37.8	37.4	36.0	38.1	38.6	36.8	

¹Includes male householder, no wife present, not shown separately.

Table 11. Percent of Persons in Poverty, by Definition of Income and Selected Characteristics: 1993—Con.

(Persons as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text)

Characteristic	After taxes—continued														
	Definition 7 less State income taxes	Definition 8 plus nonmeans- tested government cash transfers	Definition 9 plus Medicare	Definition 10 plus regular-price school lunches	Definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers	Definition 12 plus Medicaid	Definition 13 plus other means-tested government—		Definition 14 plus net imputed return on equity in own home						
							8	9	10	11	12	13	14	14a	15
BLACK															
Total	41.3	34.9	34.1	34.0	31.8	30.0	26.3	28.1	24.9						
Age															
Under 18 years	50.2	47.0	46.8	46.7	44.4	41.6	36.7	39.2	35.9						
Related children	50.1	46.9	46.7	46.6	44.2	41.5	36.6	39.0	35.7						
Under 6 years	55.2	52.4	52.1	52.1	49.9	46.5	40.9	44.6	40.5						
18 to 24 years	40.3	36.1	35.7	35.7	33.2	31.0	27.3	29.1	26.4						
25 to 44 years	30.7	27.3	26.9	26.9	25.2	23.8	21.1	22.4	20.4						
45 to 64 years	30.6	23.8	22.7	22.7	20.3	19.4	16.7	17.9	14.6						
65 years and over	69.0	33.5	28.3	28.3	24.6	24.1	20.5	22.3	13.5						
65 to 74 years	64.8	31.1	25.6	25.6	22.7	22.1	18.5	20.7	12.7						
75 years and over	75.8	37.6	32.8	32.8	27.7	27.4	23.8	24.8	14.7						
Family Relationship															
In families ¹	40.1	34.4	33.8	33.7	31.4	29.5	25.8	27.6	24.6						
Married-couple families	22.0	14.6	13.9	13.9	12.8	12.1	10.8	12.0	9.2						
With related children under 18	21.5	16.5	16.2	16.2	14.8	13.8	12.0	13.6	11.0						
Female householder, no husband present	59.2	55.3	54.6	54.4	50.8	47.7	41.3	43.7	40.4						
With related children under 18	64.8	62.1	61.7	61.5	58.0	54.5	47.2	49.9	46.5						
Unrelated individuals	48.4	37.5	35.6	35.6	33.7	32.8	29.3	30.9	26.1						
Living alone	49.8	34.9	32.8	32.8	30.3	29.6	24.8	25.8	20.1						
65 years and over	84.5	46.5	41.8	41.8	37.7	37.3	30.3	30.3	20.1						
Type of Residence															
Inside metropolitan areas	39.8	33.8	33.1	33.0	30.7	28.9	25.2	27.0	24.0						
Inside central cities	44.6	38.3	37.4	37.4	34.6	32.2	27.6	30.0	26.5						
Outside central cities	30.9	25.4	25.1	24.9	23.4	22.6	20.8	21.4	19.4						
Outside metropolitan areas	50.7	41.6	40.4	40.4	38.6	37.0	33.6	35.4	30.5						
Region															
Northeast	38.0	32.8	31.9	31.9	29.6	27.0	23.3	25.0	22.7						
Midwest	45.5	38.5	37.6	37.6	34.7	32.8	27.9	30.5	26.9						
South	41.6	35.1	34.4	34.2	32.3	30.8	27.7	29.1	25.9						
West	34.9	28.5	27.6	27.6	24.9	22.9	19.5	21.8	17.3						
HISPANIC ORIGIN²															
Total	37.1	32.6	32.0	32.0	29.7	27.1	24.2	26.6	22.9						
Age															
Under 18 years	44.9	42.3	42.0	42.0	39.6	35.9	31.6	35.0	30.2						
Related children	44.1	41.4	41.1	41.1	38.6	34.9	30.6	34.0	29.1						
Under 6 years	46.6	44.5	44.0	44.0	41.6	36.9	33.7	38.0	32.8						
18 to 24 years	35.6	32.9	32.5	32.5	31.2	28.6	26.0	28.7	25.5						
25 to 44 years	28.9	26.3	26.0	26.0	24.1	22.2	20.0	21.8	19.1						
45 to 64 years	30.2	23.5	22.9	22.9	20.6	18.8	16.8	18.3	15.0						
65 years and over	56.7	28.2	23.0	23.0	17.2	16.6	13.6	15.3	10.7						
65 to 74 years	53.7	25.5	19.9	19.9	15.0	14.3	11.3	13.0	8.6						
75 years and over	62.8	33.8	28.2	28.2	21.6	21.2	18.5	19.8	14.8						
Family Relationship															
In families ¹	35.6	31.2	30.7	30.7	28.3	25.7	22.6	25.1	21.3						
Married-couple families	28.4	23.9	23.4	23.4	21.9	19.1	16.9	19.4	15.6						
With related children under 18	30.3	27.3	26.9	26.9	25.4	22.1	19.3	22.5	18.1						
Female householder, no husband present	60.0	56.6	55.8	55.8	50.8	48.5	42.4	44.9	41.0						
With related children under 18	65.8	63.1	62.8	62.8	58.0	55.4	48.3	51.2	47.0						
Unrelated individuals	46.1	39.4	38.1	38.1	36.4	34.9	32.4	33.8	31.2						
Living alone	47.5	33.7	31.2	31.2	28.3	26.9	22.4	22.7	19.6						
65 years and over	85.8	49.2	41.8	41.8	35.9	35.1	25.3	25.3	19.1						
Type of Residence															
Inside metropolitan areas	36.9	32.4	31.8	31.8	29.5	27.0	24.0	26.3	22.8						
Inside central cities	42.0	37.0	36.5	36.5	33.8	30.8	27.1	29.7	26.2						
Outside central cities	30.5	26.7	26.0	26.0	24.1	22.3	20.2	22.2	18.6						
Outside metropolitan areas	39.6	34.6	33.6	33.6	32.1	28.6	25.9	29.4	23.6						
Region															
Northeast	44.7	40.6	40.1	40.1	35.5	32.2	26.7	29.1	26.6						
Midwest	33.9	28.7	28.3	28.3	27.1	24.9	23.2	25.0	22.8						
South	34.5	29.2	28.8	28.8	27.7	25.4	22.6	24.7	21.3						
West	36.8	32.6	32.0	32.0	29.5	27.0	24.5	27.2	22.7						

¹Includes male householder, no wife present, not shown separately.

50 VALUATION OF NONCASH BENEFITS

**Table 12. Number and Percent of Persons in Poverty, by Definition of Income: 1993
(Poverty Thresholds Based on CPI-U-X1)**

[Total number of persons was 259,278,000 in 1993]

Definition of income	Number below poverty (in thousands)	Poverty rate (in percent)
Income before taxes:		
1. Money income excluding capital gains (current measure)	35,616	13.7
1a. Money income less taxes without EITC.....	37,908	14.6
1b. Money income less taxes with EITC.....	35,930	13.9
2. Definition 1 less government cash transfers.....	57,293	22.1
3. Definition 2 plus capital gains.....	57,070	22.0
4. Definition 3 plus health insurance supplements to wage or salary income	55,368	21.4
Income after taxes:		
5. Definition 4 less Social Security payroll taxes.....	57,678	22.2
6. Definition 5 less Federal income taxes (excluding the EITC)	58,049	22.4
7. Definition 6 plus the Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)	56,275	21.7
8. Definition 7 less State income taxes.....	56,581	21.8
9. Definition 8 plus nonmeans-tested government cash transfers	38,406	14.8
10. Definition 9 plus the value of Medicare	37,521	14.5
11. Definition 10 plus the value of regular-price school lunches.....	37,506	14.5
12. Definition 11 plus means-tested government cash transfers.....	34,026	13.1
13. Definition 12 plus the value of Medicaid	31,981	12.3
14. Definition 13 plus the value of other means-tested government noncash transfers.....	27,818	10.7
14a. Definition 13 plus the value of other means-tested government noncash transfers less medical programs.....	29,322	11.3
15. Definition 14 plus net imputed return on equity in own home.....	25,409	9.8

Appendix A. Definitions and Explanations

Family. The term "family" refers to a group of two or more persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption who reside together; all such persons are considered as members of one family. For example, if the son of the person who maintains the household and the son's wife are members of the household, they are treated as members of the parent's family. Every family must include a reference person (see definition of householder for primary families). Two or more people living in the same household who are related to one another, but are not related to the householder, form an "unrelated subfamily." Beginning with the 1980 Current Population Survey (CPS), unrelated subfamilies were excluded from the count of families and unrelated subfamily members were excluded from the count of family members.

Family households. Family households are households maintained by a family (as defined above). Members of family households include any unrelated persons (unrelated subfamily members and/or secondary individuals) who may be residing there. The number of family households will not equal the number of families since families living in group quarters are included in the count of families. In addition, the count of family household members differs from the count of family members in that the family household members include all persons living in the household, whereas family members include only householders and their relatives. (See the definition of family).

Gini ratio. The Gini ratio (or index of income concentration) is a statistical measure of income equality ranging from 0 to 1. A measure of 1 indicates perfect inequality, i.e., one person has all the income and the rest have none. A measure of 0 indicates perfect equality, i.e., all persons having equal shares of income. All Gini ratios appearing in this report were computed using grouped data. For a more detailed discussion, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 123.

Householder. A householder is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If the house is owned jointly by a married couple, either the husband or the wife may be listed first, thereby becoming the reference person, or householder, to whom the relationship of the other household members is recorded. One person in each household is

designated as the "householder." The number of householders, therefore, is equal to the number of households.

Households. Households consist of all persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment or other group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and there is direct access from the outside or through a common hall.

A household includes the related family members and all the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing a housing unit as partners, is also counted as a household. The count of households excludes group quarters.

Income. For each person in the CPS sample 15 years old and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in the preceding calendar year from each of the following sources: 1) earnings from longest job (or self-employment); 2) earnings from jobs other than longest job; 3) unemployment compensation; 4) worker's compensation; 5) Social Security; 6) Supplemental Security income; 7) public assistance; 8) veterans' payments; 9) survivor benefits; 10) disability benefits; 11) pension or retirement income; 12) interest; 13) dividends; 14) rents, royalties, and estates and trusts; 15) educational assistance; 16) alimony; 17) child support; 18) financial assistance from outside of the household, and other periodic income. Capital gains and lump-sum or one-time payments are excluded. For definitions of alternative measures of income (definitions 1 through 15 shown in tables 10 through 12), see introductory text.

It should be noted that although the income statistics refer to receipts during the preceding calendar year, the demographic characteristics such as age, labor force status, and family or household composition are as of the survey date. The income of the family/household does not include amounts received by persons who were members during all or part of the income year if these persons no longer resided in the family/household at the time of interview. However, income data are collected for persons who are current residents but did not reside in the household during the income year.

Data on consumer income collected in the CPS by the Bureau of the Census cover money income received (exclusive of certain money receipts such as capital gains) before payments for personal income taxes, Social Security, union dues, Medicare deductions, etc. Therefore, money income does not reflect the fact that some families receive part of their income in the form of noncash benefits such as food stamps, health benefits, noncash benefits in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm; or that noncash benefits are also received by some nonfarm residents which often take the form of the use of business transportation and facilities, full or partial payments by business for retirement programs, medical and educational expenses, etc. These elements should be considered when comparing income levels. Moreover, readers should be aware that for many different reasons there is a tendency in household surveys for respondents to underreport their income. From an analysis of independently derived income estimates, it has been determined that income earned from wages or salaries is much better reported than other sources of income, and is nearly equal to independent estimates of aggregate income.

Income deficit. Income deficit is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The income deficit is a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual.

Mean income. Mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total aggregate income of a group by the number of units in that group. The means for households, families, and unrelated individuals are based on all households, families, and unrelated individuals. The means for persons are based on persons 15 years old and over with income.

Median income. Median income is the amount which divides the income distribution into two equal groups, half having incomes above the median, half having incomes below the median. The medians for households, families, and unrelated individuals are based on all households, families, and unrelated individuals. The medians for persons are based on persons 15 years old and over with income.

Per capita income. Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group (excluding patients or inmates in institutional quarters).

Population coverage. This report includes the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States and members of the Armed Forces in the United States

living off post or with their families on post, but excludes all other members of the Armed Forces. The poverty data also exclude unrelated individuals under 15 years of age.

The information on the Hispanic population shown in this report was collected in the 50 States and the District of Columbia, and therefore, does not include residents of outlying areas or U.S. territories such as Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

Poverty definition. Poverty statistics presented in this report are based on a definition developed by Mollie Orshansky of the Social Security Administration (SSA) in 1964 and revised in 1969 and 1981 by interagency committees. This definition was established as the official definition of poverty for statistical use in all Executive departments by the Bureau of the Budget (BoB) in 1969 (in Circular No. A-46); after BoB became Office of Management and Budget, this was reconfirmed in Statistical Policy Directive No. 14.

The original poverty index provided a range of income cutoffs or thresholds adjusted by such factors as family size, sex of the family head, number of children under 18 years old, and farm-nonfarm residence. At the core of this definition of poverty was the economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Department of Agriculture's 1955 Household Food Consumption Survey that families of three or more persons spent approximately one-third of their after-tax money income on food; accordingly, poverty thresholds for families of three or more persons were set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. Different procedures were used to calculate poverty thresholds for two-person families and persons living alone in order to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses of these smaller units. For two-person families, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by a factor of 3.7 (also derived from the 1955 survey). For unrelated individuals (one-person units), no multiplier was used; poverty thresholds were instead calculated as a fixed proportion of the corresponding thresholds for two-person units. Annual updates of these SSA poverty thresholds were based on price changes of the items in the economy food plan.

As a result of deliberations of a Federal interagency committee in 1969, the following two modifications to the original SSA definition of poverty were adopted: (1) the SSA thresholds for nonfarm families were retained for the base year 1963, but annual adjustments in the levels were based on changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) rather than on changes in the cost of foods in the economy food plan; and (2) the farm thresholds were raised from 70 to 85 percent of the corresponding nonfarm levels. The combined impact of these two modifications resulted in an increase in the tabulated totals for 1967 of 360,000 poor families and 1.6 million poor persons.

In 1981 three additional modifications in the poverty definition recommended by another interagency committee were adopted for implementation in the March 1982 CPS as well as the 1980 census: (1) elimination of separate thresholds for farm families, (2) elimination (by averaging) of separate thresholds for female-householder families and "all other" families (earlier termed "male-headed" families) and (3) extension of the detailed poverty threshold matrix to make the largest family size category "nine persons or more." For further details, see the section, "Changes in the Definition of Poverty," in Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The poverty thresholds are increased each year by the same percentage as the annual average Consumer Price Index (CPI). Table A-1 shows the CPI and the corresponding thresholds for a family of four for the 1959-93 period. The poverty thresholds are currently adjusted using the annual average CPI-U (1982-84 = 100). This base year has been used since 1988. From 1980 through 1987 the thresholds were adjusted using the CPI-U (1967 = 100). The CPI (1963 = 100) was used to adjust thresholds prior to 1980. Table A-2 shows the full poverty threshold matrix for 1993.

For further information on how the poverty thresholds were developed and subsequent changes in them, see Gordon M. Fisher, "The Development and History of the Poverty Thresholds," *Social Security Bulletin*, Vol. 55 No. 4, Winter 1992, pp. 3-14.

Ratio of income to poverty level. Because the poverty definition does not meet all the needs of the analysts of the data, a few of the tables in the report present variations of the poverty level expressed as a ratio of income to the family's (or unrelated individual's) appropriate poverty threshold. Ratios below 1.00 are below the official definition while a ratio of 1.00 or greater indicates income above the poverty level. A ratio between 1.00 and 1.25 indicates for example that a family's income was above their poverty threshold but below 125 percent of their poverty threshold. If a family's poverty threshold was \$10,000 a ratio of 1.00 to 1.25 thus would mean their income was between \$10,000 and \$12,500.

Rounding. Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth of a percent; therefore, the percentages in a distribution do not always add to exactly 100.0 percent.

Symbols. A dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero, the symbol "B" means that the base for the derived figure is less than 75,000, the symbol "X" means not applicable, the symbol "NA" means not available, and the symbol "r" means revised.

Table A-1. Average Poverty Threshold for a Family of Four and the Consumer Price Indexes (CPI-U and CPI-U-X1): 1947 Through 1993

(1982-84 = 100)

Year	Average threshold for a family of four persons ¹	CPI-U	CPI-U-X1 ²
1993	\$14,763	144.5	144.5
1992	14,335	140.3	140.3
1991	13,924	136.2	136.2
1990	13,359	130.7	130.7
1989	12,674	124.0	124.0
1988	12,092	118.3	118.3
1987	11,611	113.6	113.6
1986	11,203	109.6	109.6
1985	10,989	107.6	107.6
1984	10,609	103.9	103.9
1983	10,178	99.6	99.6
1982	9,862	96.5	95.6
1981	9,287	90.9	90.1
1980	8,414	82.4	82.3
1979	7,412	72.6	74.0
1978	6,662	65.2	67.5
1977	6,191	60.6	63.2
1976	5,815	56.9	59.4
1975	5,500	53.8	56.2
1974	5,038	49.3	51.9
1973	4,540	44.4	47.2
1972	4,275	41.8	44.4
1971	4,137	40.5	43.1
1970	3,968	38.8	41.3
1969	3,743	36.7	39.4
1968	3,553	34.8	37.7
1967	3,410	33.4	36.3
1966	3,317	32.4	35.2
1965	3,223	31.5	34.2
1964	3,169	31.0	33.7
1963	3,128	30.6	33.3
1962	3,089	30.2	32.8
1961	3,054	29.9	32.5
1960	3,022	29.6	32.2
1959	2,973	29.1	31.6
1958	(NA)	28.9	31.4
1957	(NA)	28.1	30.5
1956	(NA)	27.2	29.6
1955	(NA)	26.8	29.1
1954	(NA)	26.9	29.2
1953	(NA)	26.7	29.0
1952	(NA)	26.5	28.8
1951	(NA)	26.0	28.3
1950	(NA)	24.1	26.2
1949	(NA)	23.8	25.9
1948	(NA)	24.1	26.2
1947	(NA)	22.3	24.2

NA Not available.

¹For years prior to 1981, average threshold for a nonfarm family of four is shown.

²Factors prior to 1967 are extrapolated.

Unrelated individuals. The term "unrelated individuals" refers to persons 15 years and over (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any

Table A-2. Poverty Thresholds in 1993, by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of family unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual) ..	7,363									
Under 65 years	7,518	7,518								
65 years and over	6,930	6,930								
Two persons	9,414									
Householder under 65 years	9,728	9,676	9,960							
Householder 65 years and over	8,740	8,734	9,922							
Three persons	11,522	11,303	11,631	11,642						
Four persons	14,763	14,904	15,148	14,654	14,705					
Five persons	17,449	17,974	18,235	17,677	17,245	16,981				
Six persons	19,718	20,673	20,755	20,328	19,918	19,308	18,947			
Seven persons	22,383	23,787	23,936	23,424	23,067	22,402	21,626	20,775		
Eight persons	24,838	26,604	26,839	26,356	25,932	25,332	24,569	23,776	23,574	
Nine persons or more	29,529	32,003	32,158	31,730	31,371	30,782	29,970	29,237	29,055	27,936

relatives. An unrelated individual may: 1) constitute a one-person household, 2) be part of a household including one or more other families or unrelated individuals, or 3) reside in group quarters such as a rooming house. Thus, a widow living by herself or with one or more other persons not related to her, a lodger not

related to the householder or to anyone else in the household, and a servant living in an employer's household with no relatives are examples of unrelated individuals. The poverty status of unrelated individuals is determined independently of other household members' income.

Appendix B. Introduction of 1990 Census Population Controls

The procedure used in developing population estimates in the Current Population Survey (CPS) involves the weighting of sample results to independent estimates of the population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic/non-Hispanic categories. These independent estimates are developed by using civilian noninstitutional population counts from the decennial censuses and projecting them forward to current years using data on births, deaths, and net migration. Beginning with the January 1994 CPS, the independent estimates used as control totals for the CPS are based on civilian noninstitutional population benchmarks established by the 1990 decennial census. In addition, for the first time in the history of the CPS, estimates of the decennial census undercount were used in establishing the population benchmarks.¹

To show the effect of introducing new population controls, two sets of data for 1992 are shown in tables B-1 and B-2, for income and poverty, respectively. The data for 1992 are shown using both the new 1990 census-adjusted controls and previously used 1980 census controls. The last columns of these tables show the percent changes or differences in the estimates. Brief discussions of the effects of the new population controls on income and poverty estimates are presented below.

Income. With very few exceptions, the new 1990 census population controls lowered 1992 calendar year median income estimates for all races, Whites, and Hispanics.² For Blacks the impact was not as universal. Among these race and ethnic groups, the income of the Hispanic population was most affected by the use of the new population controls.

Overall median household income declined 0.5 percent from a 1980 census-based estimate of \$30,786 to a 1990 census-based estimate, adjusted for the undercount, of \$30,636. Households whose incomes were most noticeably affected by the use of the new population controls were family households maintained by women with no husband present (-1.2 percent) and

large households, those with 6 and 7 or more persons³ (-1.0 and -1.4 percent, respectively). The median income of nonfamily households, on the other hand, had previously been underestimated by 0.1 percent.

The median incomes of White and Hispanic-origin households also declined from the previous estimates. In contrast, the median income of Black households increased. The median income of White households declined by 0.5 percent from a 1980 census-based estimate of \$32,368 to a 1990 census-based estimate of \$32,209. The impact was much greater on the Hispanic population. Hispanic household income declined 1.1 percent from \$22,848 to \$22,597. The estimate of median income of Black households was increased 0.5 percent from \$18,660 to \$18,755 by the use of new population controls.

Family income declined for all families as a result of the new population controls, though again, the impact was considerably greater on Hispanic families and slightly less on Black families. The median income of all families and White families declined by 0.6 percent, the income of Hispanic families decreased by 1.4 percent, and for Black families the decrease was 0.3 percent.

By type of family, the impact of the new population controls was the greatest among families maintained by females with no husband present. The median income of these families decreased by 1.1 percent compared with a decrease of 0.4 percent for married-couple families and 0.9 percent for families maintained by a male with no wife present.

Males and females 15 years old and over also experienced a decline in earnings as a result of the new population controls, 1.2 and 1.1 percent, respectively. The new population controls had a smaller effect on the earnings of year-round, full-time workers. The median earnings of male year-round, full-time workers decreased by 0.5 percent and for females by 0.3 percent.

Poverty. Table B-2 shows poverty estimates for 1992 based on population controls from the 1980 census and 1990 census-adjusted controls. Generally, poverty estimates based on the 1990 controls are slightly higher. For all persons, the table shows an increase in the

¹For a detailed description of the method used to develop the 1990 census control totals for the CPS, see Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, *Employment and Earnings*, Volume 41 No. 2, February 1994.

²Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

³The differences were not statistically significant between the percent changes in median incomes for the following groups: six-person households compared with households in the West and three-person households; and households maintained by females with no husband present compared with seven-person households.

Table B-2. Number, Poverty Rate, and Standard Errors of Persons, Families and Unrelated Individuals Below the Poverty Level Using 1980 Census Population Controls and 1990 Census Adjusted Population Controls: 1992

[Numbers in thousands. Persons, families and unrelated individuals as of March of the following year. An asterisk (*) preceding number and poverty rate difference indicates statistically significant change at the 90-percent confidence level. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Characteristic	1992 based on 1990 census adjusted controls					1992 based on 1980 census controls					Difference		
	Total	Below poverty level		Poverty rate		Total	Below poverty level		Poverty rate		Total	Poverty	
		Number	Standard error	Percent	Standard error		Number	Standard error	Percent	Standard error		Number	Percent
PERSONS													
All persons	256,549	38,015	551	14.8	0.2	253,969	36,880	544	14.5	0.2	*2580	*1135	*0.3
Race and Hispanic origin:													
White	213,060	25,259	463	11.9	0.2	211,820	24,523	457	11.6	0.2	*1240	*736	*0.3
Related children under 18	53,116	8,758	235	16.5	0.5	52,127	8,339	230	16.0	0.5	*989	*419	*0.5
Black	32,411	10,827	255	33.4	0.8	31,916	10,613	254	33.3	0.8	*495	*214	*0.1
Related children under 18	10,823	5,015	140	46.3	1.6	10,471	4,850	139	46.3	1.7	*352	*165	-
Hispanic origin ¹	25,646	7,592	212	29.6	0.8	22,720	6,655	206	29.3	0.9	*2926	*937	*0.3
Related children under 18	8,832	3,443	118	39.0	1.6	7,592	2,949	115	38.8	1.8	*1240	*494	*0.2
Family Status:													
In families	217,936	28,961	492	13.3	0.2	215,515	27,947	484	13.0	0.2	*2421	*1014	*0.3
Householder	68,216	8,144	156	11.9	0.2	68,144	7,960	154	11.7	0.2	*72	*184	*0.2
Related children under 18	67,256	14,521	288	21.6	0.5	65,691	13,876	283	21.1	0.5	*1565	*645	*0.5
Related children under 6 years	23,674	6,082	199	25.7	0.9	23,129	5,781	194	25.0	0.9	*545	*301	*0.7
Other family members	82,464	6,295	241	7.6	0.3	81,681	6,111	238	7.5	0.3	*783	*184	*0.1
In unrelated subfamilies	1,771	978	96	55.3	6.1	1,720	943	94	54.8	6.2	*51	*35	*0.5
Reference person	724	380	29	52.5	4.9	708	368	29	52.0	4.9	*16	*12	*0.5
Children under 18	957	578	64	60.4	8.0	928	556	63	59.9	8.1	*29	*22	*0.5
Unrelated individual	36,842	8,074	155	21.9	0.4	36,734	7,991	154	21.8	0.4	*108	*83	*0.1
Male	17,412	3,164	90	18.2	0.5	17,278	3,103	89	18.0	0.5	*134	*61	*0.2
Female	19,431	4,911	115	25.3	0.6	19,456	4,888	115	25.1	0.6	*-25	*23	*0.2
Age:													
Under 15 years	57,943	13,431	274	23.2	0.5	56,715	12,847	269	22.7	0.5	*1228	*584	*0.5
15 to 24 years	36,214	6,528	139	18.0	0.4	34,428	6,137	136	17.8	0.4	*1786	*391	*0.2
25 to 44 years	83,103	9,786	177	11.8	0.2	82,206	9,483	174	11.5	0.2	*897	*303	*0.3
45 to 54 years	28,332	2,262	88	8.0	0.3	28,503	2,245	88	7.9	0.3	*-171	*17	*0.1
55 to 59 years	10,288	1,008	60	9.8	0.6	10,718	1,073	62	10.0	0.6	*430	*65	*-0.2
60 to 64 years	10,240	1,072	62	10.5	0.6	10,529	1,112	63	10.6	0.6	*289	*40	*-0.1
65 years and over	30,430	3,928	111	12.9	0.4	30,870	3,983	112	12.9	0.4	*440	*55	-
Residence:													
In metropolitan areas	199,607	28,380	487	14.2	0.2	197,258	27,372	480	13.9	0.2	*2349	*1008	*0.3
In central cities	78,056	16,346	380	20.9	0.5	76,344	15,644	373	20.5	0.5	*1712	*702	*0.4
Outside central cities	121,551	12,034	329	9.9	0.3	120,914	11,728	325	9.7	0.3	*637	*306	*0.2
Outside metropolitan areas	56,943	9,634	363	16.9	0.7	56,711	9,509	361	16.8	0.7	*232	*125	*0.1
Region:													
Northeast	50,808	6,414	209	12.6	0.4	50,655	6,227	206	12.3	0.4	*153	*187	*0.3
Midwest	60,793	8,060	269	13.3	0.5	60,931	7,983	268	13.1	0.5	*-138	*77	*0.2
South	88,763	15,198	375	17.1	0.4	87,422	14,763	370	16.9	0.4	*1341	*435	*0.2
West	56,186	8,343	285	14.8	0.5	54,961	7,907	278	14.4	0.5	*1225	*436	*0.4
FAMILIES													
Race and Hispanic origin of householder:													
All families	68,216	8,144	156	11.9	0.2	68,144	7,960	154	11.7	0.2	*72	*184	*0.2
Married-couple families	53,090	3,385	93	6.4	0.2	53,171	3,318	92	6.2	0.2	*-81	*67	*0.2
Male householder, no wife present	3,065	484	33	15.8	1.2	3,026	471	33	15.6	1.2	*39	*13	*0.2
Female householder, no husband present	12,061	4,275	106	35.4	1.0	11,947	4,171	105	34.9	1.0	*114	*104	*0.5
White families	57,669	5,255	120	9.1	0.2	57,858	5,160	119	8.9	0.2	*-189	*95	*0.2
Married-couple families	47,383	2,677	82	5.7	0.2	47,601	2,631	81	5.5	0.2	*-218	*46	*0.2
Male householder, no wife present	2,418	333	28	13.8	1.2	2,409	326	27	13.6	1.2	*9	*7	*0.2
Female householder, no husband present	7,868	2,245	74	28.5	1.0	7,848	2,202	73	28.1	1.0	*20	*43	*0.4
Black families	7,982	2,484	78	31.1	1.0	7,888	2,435	78	30.9	1.0	*94	*49	*0.2
Married-couple families	3,777	490	33	13.0	0.9	3,748	486	33	13.0	0.9	*29	*4	-
Male householder, no wife present	467	116	16	24.8	3.8	460	114	16	24.7	3.8	*7	*2	*0.1
Female householder, no husband present	3,738	1,878	67	50.2	2.0	3,680	1,835	67	49.8	2.0	*58	*43	*0.4
Hispanic origin families ¹	5,733	1,529	60	26.7	1.1	5,318	1,395	588	26.2	1.1	*415	*134	*0.5
Married-couple families	3,940	743	41	18.8	1.1	3,674	680	40	18.5	1.1	*266	*63	*0.3
Male householder, no wife present	445	122	17	27.3	4.1	407	111	16	27.2	4.2	*38	*11	*0.1
Female householder, no husband present	1,348	664	39	49.3	3.3	1,238	604	37	48.8	3.5	*110	*60	*0.5

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Appendix C. Conversion to a Computer-Assisted Questionnaire

The March 1994 Current Population Survey (CPS) income and demographic supplement is the first to use computer-assisted survey information collection (CASIC) technology for its entire data collection process (CASIC was introduced for monthly labor force data collection in January 1994). Prior to March 1994, a subsample of households was interviewed from centralized telephoning facilities. These cases amounted to about 8 percent of the total CPS caseload in 1993. The results of these cases were merged with the information collected using customary paper and pencil interviewing (PAPI).

Beginning in July 1992, and lasting for 18 months, a sample of approximately 14,000 households was selected and subjected to a totally computer-assisted labor force data collection environment. These cases were selected as an independent, nationally representative sample and became known as the CATI/CAPI Overlap (CCO) sample. The purpose of the CCO was to serve as a test for a series of new labor force questions and to gauge the impact of collecting information in a computer environment. In March 1993, the income supplement was administered to the CCO sample and the results were compared to estimates from the March 1993 CPS. These comparisons were inconclusive in that they did not indicate any systematic differences between computer-assisted and paper and pencil interviewing. This was not surprising, since the CCO supplement used basically the same set of questions as the March 1993 CPS and had previously been used in a computer-assisted environment in the centralized telephone facilities. Factors which complicated the comparison of the data from the CPS and the CCO included the experience level of the CCO interviewers and field representatives (FRs) and the size of the CCO sample. CCO interviewers and FRs were less experienced on the March income supplement than CPS FRs. The March 1993 CCO was the first experience many of these FRs had collecting income supplement data using CASIC. The combination of inexperienced FRs, complex questions, and a new technology could have had an effect on the quality of the March 1993 CCO income supplement data. In addition, the size of the CCO sample (less than one-fourth the size of the CPS) was small enough that only very large differences between CPS and CCO estimates would have been statistically detectable.

Review of the initial processing of the March 1994 CPS income data began in June 1994. During the review process, it was noted that certain estimates seemed

inconsistent with previous years' estimates. Most noticeably, a higher concentration of Social Security recipients was appearing in the lower end of the income distribution. A review of individual Social Security income recipient records seemed to indicate that in some cases monthly amounts, instead of annual amounts, were being recorded. This lead to a further review of other income sources. It was discovered that what appeared to be an inordinate number of subannual income amounts were being recorded for other income sources as well. In particular, wages seemed most suspect. To quantify our suspicions, tolerances were developed for each income source (see table C-1) and a special tabulation was run to count the number of cases that appeared out-of-range for March 1994 and March 1993. Table C-2 shows a summary of the results. To correct for the apparent recording errors being made in March 1994, a list of cases with unusually low amounts was developed and a reinterview of these cases was conducted in August 1994. In total, 5,422 cases were targeted for reinterview. Of these, 3,634 reinterviews (67.0 percent) were completed. Table C-3 shows the results of the reinterview process. We then revised the edit process. A proportion of cases targeted, but not reinterviewed, had their amounts adjusted based on likelihood functions derived from completed re-interviewed cases.

The suspected cause for the problems encountered in March 1994 was the lack of familiarity on the part of FRs with the new CASIC instrument. While provisions were made within the computer instrument to derive annual amounts from reported subannual amounts, apparently this process was not being used properly by some FRs.

To try and eliminate the problem of recording subannual amounts in future March income supplements, the data collection process will undergo modification. First, additional queries will be added to the survey instrument requiring FRs to enter a reporting period for the amount (that is, annual, monthly, bi-weekly, weekly, other) followed by a verification of the calculated annual amount. Second, lower and upper income tolerances have been established for income sources. Annual amounts reported outside these tolerances will activate a series of screens indicating to the FR that the amount recorded is suspect and requires verification. The verification should help eliminate any keystroke errors on the part of the FR. Third, FRs that were identified as having an inordinate number of problem cases in 1994 will be contacted to

try and isolate the specific nature of their problems. Fourth, the problems encountered in March 1994 will be highlighted in future March training sessions and the correct procedures for entering subannual amounts will be emphasized.

In addition to the above-mentioned problems, the following differences in data collection procedures should be noted:

- The March 1994 supplement employed a somewhat different demographic edit than the March 1993 supplement. The March 1994 edit resolved inconsistencies between the reported relationships of household members. In addition, family relationship was assigned to persons living in group quarters. In the March 1993 CPS, persons in group quarters were automatically designated as unrelated individuals. Since the demographic edit is the basis for the formation of family records, comparisons of family-based measures between the March 1993 and March 1994 CPS may be affected by these differences.
- The March 1994 computerized instrument restricted the number of respondents in a household to 16 for the demographic questions and 8 for the income supplement questions. The March 1993 PAPI allowed for the possibility of up to 39 respondents per household. Data from the March 1993 CPS show that only 0.01 percent of all housing units contained 9 or more respondents 15 years old and over. The aggregate income of these housing units represented 0.002 percent (\$74 million) of the total aggregate income (\$3.8 trillion). In the March 1994 CPS, the only circumstances under which income would go unreported was if more than eight persons received income from the same source (Social Security, pension income, etc.).
- It was discovered that when interviewing married-couple households, some CPS FRs using PAPI consistently reported the male as the householder (the person reported first in the household) and the wife as the second person in the household, regardless of the order given by the respondents. Use of a computer in collecting household roster information made it much more difficult to enter information in an order other than that provided by the respondent. Consequently, a larger proportion of married-couple households in

the March 1994 CPS were categorized as having a female householder. The effect of the listing difference will be noticeable in comparing data tabulated by characteristics of the householder.

- In an effort to adapt to continually rising levels of annual income, the March 1994 income supplement was revised to allow for the coding of larger income amounts on selected questionnaire items. The most notable change occurred in the upper limits of the questions which cover the amount of earnings received from an employer or own business for which the respondent worked the previous calendar year. These upper limits were modified to permit coding of earnings amounts to a maximum of \$999,999. Between March 1986 and March 1993, procedures allowed for coding of amounts to a maximum of \$299,999, and prior to March 1986, procedures allowed for coding of amounts to a maximum of \$99,999. In addition to the increased upper limits for earnings, upper limits for other income items were also changed (see table C-4).

The change in the questionnaire causes a break in the time series for some income measures. Table C-5 shows the effect of the questionnaire revision on selected income measures. Overall, the revision added about \$52.7 billion to the total aggregate income that would have gone undetected had the old upper limits been used. Mean income, per capita income, shares of aggregate income by quintile, and the index of income concentration (Gini index) were all affected by the revisions, and caution should be used when comparing the 1993 data to earlier years. The effect of the revised upper limits on medians was negligible. Comparisons in the introductory text of this report between March 1993 and March 1994 amounts use artificially lower topcodes (comparable to those used in March 1993) for the March 1994 per capita income and shares of aggregate income data.

In conclusion, the conversion to a completely computer-assisted data collection environment represents a major break in the March CPS data series. As a result, data from the March 1994 CPS are not strictly comparable to earlier years.

Table C-1. Minimum Dollar Value Tolerances in the March 1994 and March 1993 Current Population Surveys, by Income Source

Income source	Minimum dollar value tolerances
Wages and Salary ¹	\$4.00 per hour/\$2.00 per hour
Social Security	\$1,000
Retirement Income	\$500
Survivor Income	\$500
Disability Income	\$500
Supplemental Security Income	\$500
Child Support	\$200
Alimony	\$200
Public Assistance	\$50 per month
Veterans' Benefits ²	\$800/\$100

¹The hourly earnings tolerance was set at \$4.00 per hour for workers reported working 40 or more weeks and 20 or more hours per week, and \$2.00 per hour for everyone else, including those in occupations exempt from minimum wage requirements.

²The tolerance for Veterans' benefits received in the form of disability payments was \$800 and \$100 otherwise.

Note: Amounts less than \$12 reported in nonearned income sources were blanked and allocated.

Table C-2. Out-of-Tolerance Income Cases in the March 1994 and March 1993 Current Population Surveys, by Income Source

Income source	March 1994 CPS	March 1993 CPS
Wages and Salary	4,040	2,115
Social Security	936	480
Retirement Income	328	274
Survivor Income	147	86
Disability Income	81	39
Supplemental Security Income	266	267
Child Support	124	99
Alimony	4	2
Public Assistance	202	106
Veterans' Benefits	(NA)	49

NA Not available.

Table C-3. Reinterview Summary for the March 1994 Current Population Survey

Cases assigned	Total	Wages	Social Security	Other
Cases Assigned	5,422	3,690	886	846
Interviewed	3,634	2,439	647	548
Changed dollar amount	1,393	572	544	277
No change	2,241	1,867	103	271
Noninterviewed	1,788	(X)	(X)	(X)
Reason (percent):				
Language	4.9	(X)	(X)	(X)
Refusal	10.0	(X)	(X)	(X)
No phone number	24.8	(X)	(X)	(X)
Moved	35.7	(X)	(X)	(X)
No Answer	23.7	(X)	(X)	(X)
Don't know	1.0	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable.

Table C-4. Upper Limit Changes for Selected Income Items

Income Item	New	Old
Earnings of longest job:		
Earnings from employer	\$999,999	\$299,999
Self-employment earnings.....	999,999	299,999
Earnings from:		
All other employers	999,999	99,999
Other own businesses	999,999	99,999
Farm	999,999	99,999
Social Security	49,999	29,999
Supplemental Security Income	24,999	9,999
Public assistance	24,999	19,999
Veterans' Benefits	99,999	29,999
Education assistance	199,998	99,999
Child support	49,999	99,999
Alimony	49,999	99,999

¹The upper limit of \$99,998 reflects a combination of the upper limits of Pell Grants and other educational assistance, both with upper limits of \$49,999.

Table C-5. Comparison of 1993 Income Measures for Households, Families, and Persons, by New and Old Upper Limits, Race, and Hispanic Origin

Income measure	Based on:								Percent change due to change in upper limits			
	New upper limits				Old upper limits							
	Total	White	Black	Hispanic origin ¹	Total	White	Black	Hispanic origin ¹	Total	White	Black	Hispanic origin ¹
MEDIAN INCOME												
Households.....	31,241	32,960	19,533	22,886	31,235	32,949	19,531	22,863	-	-	-	0.1
Families	36,959	39,300	21,542	23,654	36,950	39,291	21,535	23,649	-	-	-	-
Persons, total	15,427	16,008	11,324	11,018	15,423	16,003	11,319	11,017	-	-	-	-
Males	21,102	21,981	14,605	13,689	21,099	21,976	14,605	13,685	-	-	-	-
Females	11,046	11,266	9,508	8,100	11,043	11,265	9,498	8,100	-	-	0.1	-
MEAN INCOME												
Households.....	41,428	43,285	27,229	30,291	40,885	42,701	27,065	30,033	1.3	1.4	0.6	0.9
Families	47,221	49,567	30,036	31,109	46,503	48,792	29,812	30,804	1.5	1.6	0.8	1.0
Persons, total	22,199	23,010	16,121	15,416	21,914	22,703	16,027	15,314	1.3	1.4	0.6	0.7
Males	28,939	30,171	19,090	18,665	28,471	29,664	18,951	18,476	1.6	1.7	0.7	1.0
Females	15,761	16,015	13,764	11,636	15,649	15,903	13,705	11,634	0.7	0.7	0.4	-
MEAN EARNINGS (WORKERS)												
Persons, total	24,044	24,771	18,206	16,762	23,671	24,369	18,083	16,640	1.6	1.6	0.7	0.7
Year-round, full-time workers...	32,909	33,860	25,239	23,121	32,329	33,242	25,032	22,910	1.8	1.9	0.8	0.9
Males	29,770	30,878	20,538	19,099	29,205	30,267	20,367	18,895	1.9	2.0	0.8	1.1
Year-round, full-time workers...	38,027	39,144	27,812	24,920	37,242	38,305	27,540	24,594	2.1	2.2	1.0	1.3
Females	17,461	17,565	16,054	13,308	17,307	17,411	15,975	13,308	0.9	0.9	0.5	-
Year-round, full-time workers...	25,303	25,605	22,597	19,829	25,029	25,332	22,457	19,829	1.1	1.1	0.6	-
PER CAPITA INCOME.....												
	15,777	16,800	9,863	8,830	15,574	16,576	9,806	8,771	1.3	1.4	0.6	0.7
PERCENTAGE SHARE OF AGGREGATE INCOME FOR HOUSEHOLDS												
Lowest fifth	3.6	3.9	3.0	3.9	3.6	3.9	3.1	3.9	-	-	-3.2	-
Second fifth	9.0	9.3	7.7	9.1	9.1	9.4	7.7	9.2	-1.1	-1.1	-	-1.1
Third fifth	15.1	15.3	14.3	15.1	15.3	15.5	14.4	15.2	-1.3	-1.3	-0.7	-0.7
Fourth fifth	23.5	23.3	23.7	23.1	23.8	23.6	23.8	23.3	-1.3	-1.3	-0.4	-0.9
Highest fifth	48.9	48.2	51.3	48.7	48.2	47.5	51.0	48.3	1.5	1.5	0.6	0.8
Top 5 percent	21.0	20.7	21.1	20.4	20.0	19.7	20.6	19.8	5.0	5.1	2.4	3.0
Index of income concentration	0.454	0.444	0.484	0.447	0.447	0.437	0.481	0.443	1.6	1.6	0.6	0.9

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Appendix D. Time Series Estimates of Income and Poverty

Included in this appendix are time series estimates of income and poverty. The time series data on income are shown for households, families, and persons by race and Hispanic origin. The time series data on poverty are shown for persons, by family relationship and by age, and for families by type of family and presence of related children. All data are shown by race and Hispanic origin.

In order to accurately assess changes over time in economic well-being, an adjustment for changes in the cost of living is required. The poverty thresholds were adjusted using the annual average Consumer Price Index for urban consumers (CPI-U). For the income data, the Census Bureau used the experimental Consumer Price Index (CPI-U-X1). Both indexes are derived by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.¹ Some earlier reports in this series used the CPI-U to adjust income when making comparisons over time. See the Current Population Report, P-60, No. 174, *Money Income of Households, Families, and Persons in the United States: 1990*,

¹See appendix A, table A-1 for the indexes used to make constant dollar conversions.

Periods of Recession

Peak month	Year	Trough month	Year
November.....	1948	October.....	1949
July.....	1953	May.....	1954
August.....	1957	April.....	1958
April.....	1960	February.....	1961
December.....	1969	November.....	1970
November.....	1973	March.....	1975
January.....	1980	July.....	1980
July.....	1981	November.....	1982
July.....	1990	March.....	1991

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1050 Massachusetts Avenue, Cambridge, MA 02138

for a discussion of the uses of the CPI-U-X1 and CPI-U as price deflators. An alternative poverty measure using the CPI-U-X1 is presented in this report. Time series data using this index are available from the Census Bureau. An earlier time series was published in the Current Population Report, P60-186RD, *Measuring the Effect of Benefits and Taxes on Income and Poverty: 1992*. To assist in the interpretation of time series data, periods of recession from 1948 to present are shown above.

**Table D-1. Households, by Total Money Income, Race, and Hispanic Origin of Householder:
1967 to 1993**

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Race and Hispanic origin of householder and year	Number (thous.)	Percent distribution										Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Under \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
ALL RACES															
1993 ⁷	97 107	100.0	4.5	9.7	8.2	16.9	14.7	16.3	16.1	6.7	5.8	31 241	146	41 428	224
1992 ⁶	96 426	100.0	4.5	9.9	9.3	16.6	14.6	17.1	16.4	6.4	5.3	31 553	149	40 003	168
1991	95 669	100.0	4.1	9.9	9.0	16.4	15.0	17.4	16.2	6.7	5.3	31 962	154	40 233	166
1990	94 312	100.0	4.1	9.3	8.6	16.4	14.7	17.7	16.6	6.9	5.7	33 105	169	41 352	175
1989	93 347	100.0	3.8	9.2	8.4	16.1	14.5	17.5	17.1	7.3	6.0	33 685	185	42 558	185
1988	92 830	100.0	4.0	9.7	8.3	16.2	14.3	17.7	17.2	6.9	5.7	33 255	162	41 551	186
1987 ¹	91 124	100.0	4.0	9.8	8.3	16.1	14.6	17.6	17.2	7.0	5.4	33 150	158	41 226	169
1986	90 479	100.0	4.3	9.8	6.3	16.3	14.6	17.7	17.2	6.6	5.3	32 825	170	40 554	165
1985	89 458	100.0	4.3	10.1	8.7	16.7	15.1	17.9	16.5	6.1	4.5	31 717	172	39 034	154
1984	86 789	100.0	4.1	10.1	9.1	17.0	15.5	17.5	16.3	6.0	4.3	31 174	142	38 196	140
1983 ²	85 290	100.0	4.5	10.1	9.4	17.6	15.4	17.8	15.9	5.4	3.9	30 493	138	37 154	138
1982	83 918	100.0	4.5	10.5	8.8	17.8	15.7	18.3	15.3	5.4	3.6	30 489	138	36 743	136
1981	83 527	100.0	4.2	10.4	9.0	18.0	15.1	18.7	15.8	5.5	3.2	30 590	160	36 545	133
1980	82 368	100.0	4.0	10.2	9.0	17.4	15.0	19.4	16.3	5.5	3.3	31 095	160	36 982	135
1979 ³	80 776	100.0	3.9	9.9	8.5	17.1	14.7	19.6	16.9	5.7	3.7	32 143	152	38 183	144
1978	77 330	100.0	3.7	9.8	9.0	16.7	15.4	19.2	17.1	5.4	3.6	32 248	131	37 955	146
1977	76 030	100.0	3.9	10.1	9.5	16.9	15.8	19.1	16.6	5.0	3.1	31 031	117	36 811	112
1976	74 142	100.0	3.9	10.3	9.4	17.2	15.6	20.1	16.0	4.6	2.9	30 861	114	36 300	112
1975	72 867	100.0	3.9	10.5	9.6	17.2	16.6	19.7	15.5	4.2	2.7	30 340	123	35 428	111
1974 ⁴	71 163	100.0	3.8	9.9	9.1	16.7	17.4	19.4	16.1	4.9	2.9	31 175	120	36 456	114
1973	69 859	100.0	4.3	9.4	8.7	16.6	16.0	20.4	16.4	5.0	3.2	32 182	122	37 218	113
1972	68 251	100.0	4.8	9.8	8.4	16.5	16.6	20.3	15.9	4.7	3.1	31 559	120	36 730	114
1971	66 676	100.0	5.4	9.7	8.7	17.4	17.7	20.0	14.8	4.1	2.4	30 268	117	34 811	111
1970	64 778	100.0	5.6	9.4	8.5	16.9	18.0	20.4	14.8	4.0	2.4	30 558	112	34 991	112
1969	63 401	100.0	5.8	9.2	8.4	16.5	18.1	21.2	14.7	3.8	2.3	30 767	114	35 003	110
1968	62 214	100.0	6.2	9.1	8.5	17.9	19.0	20.9	13.3	3.3	1.9	29 678	107	33 576	107
1967	60 613	100.0	6.9	9.8	8.4	18.7	19.1	20.2	11.7	3.1	2.0	28 434	103	31 802	103
WHITE															
1993 ⁷	82 387	100.0	3.6	8.6	8.9	16.6	14.9	17.0	17.0	7.1	6.3	32 960	192	43 285	250
1992 ⁶	81 795	100.0	3.5	8.7	8.9	16.4	14.8	17.6	17.4	6.9	5.7	33 173	161	41 809	186
1991	81 675	100.0	3.2	8.7	8.7	16.3	15.2	17.9	17.1	7.2	5.7	33 493	162	41 932	182
1990	80 968	100.0	3.2	8.3	8.3	16.2	15.0	18.2	17.5	7.2	6.1	34 529	158	43 021	192
1989	80 163	100.0	2.9	8.2	8.0	15.9	14.7	18.0	18.0	7.8	6.5	35 433	172	44 330	205
1988	79 734	100.0	3.2	8.5	7.8	16.1	14.5	18.4	18.1	7.3	6.2	35 155	208	43 323	204
1987 ¹	78 519	100.0	3.1	8.6	7.8	15.9	14.7	18.3	18.2	7.5	5.8	34 927	177	42 987	186
1986	77 284	100.0	3.4	8.8	7.9	16.0	14.7	18.3	18.2	7.0	5.7	34 510	167	42 243	181
1985	76 576	100.0	3.6	9.1	8.2	16.5	15.3	18.5	17.2	6.6	4.9	33 450	179	40 636	171
1984	75 328	100.0	3.3	9.0	8.5	16.8	15.7	18.3	17.2	6.4	4.7	32 887	166	39 772	154
1983 ²	74 170	100.0	3.6	9.0	8.8	17.4	15.8	18.6	16.7	5.8	4.3	31 968	144	38 706	149
1982	73 182	100.0	3.7	9.5	8.3	17.5	16.0	19.0	16.2	5.8	4.0	31 918	145	38 258	150
1981	72 845	100.0	3.5	9.3	8.6	17.8	15.4	19.3	16.8	5.9	3.5	32 321	149	38 077	144
1980	71 672	100.0	3.2	9.2	8.5	17.0	15.2	20.1	17.2	5.9	3.6	32 805	169	38 474	147
1979 ³	70 766	100.0	3.3	8.9	8.0	16.7	14.9	20.3	17.8	6.1	4.1	33 702	160	39 689	158
1978	68 028	100.0	3.1	8.8	8.6	16.4	15.4	19.9	18.0	5.7	4.0	33 524	148	39 362	158
1977	66 934	100.0	3.3	9.2	8.8	16.5	16.0	19.8	17.5	5.3	3.4	32 631	137	38 249	123
1976	65 353	100.0	3.4	9.3	8.8	16.9	15.7	20.8	17.0	5.0	3.2	32 328	134	37 696	122
1975	64 392	100.0	3.4	9.5	9.2	16.9	16.8	20.4	16.4	4.5	3.0	31 728	116	36 737	121
1974 ⁴	62 984	100.0	3.3	9.0	8.5	16.2	17.6	20.1	16.9	5.2	3.2	32 603	123	37 807	123
1973	61 965	100.0	3.8	8.7	8.2	15.8	16.2	21.2	17.4	5.3	3.5	33 728	129	38 657	122
1972	60 618	100.0	4.2	8.8	7.9	15.8	16.8	21.2	16.7	5.1	3.3	33 108	127	38 159	124
1971	59 463	100.0	4.8	8.8	8.2	16.8	18.0	20.8	15.6	4.4	2.6	31 659	121	36 071	117
1970	57 575	100.0	5.1	8.7	8.0	16.3	18.3	21.2	15.5	4.2	2.6	31 828	122	36 216	119
1969	56 248	100.0	5.1	8.5	7.8	15.8	18.3	22.2	15.6	4.1	2.5	32 109	117	36 301	121
1968	55 394	100.0	5.5	8.4	7.9	17.3	19.4	21.9	14.0	3.6	2.0	30 901	115	34 783	115
1967	54 188	100.0	6.3	9.1	7.8	18.1	19.7	21.2	12.4	3.3	2.1	29 652	107	32 964	111

Table D-1. Households, by Total Money Income, Race, and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1967 to 1993—Con.

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Race and Hispanic origin of householder and year	Number (thous.)	Percent distribution										Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Under \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
BLACK															
1993 ⁷	11 281	100.0	10.9	18.0	11.8	19.2	13.8	12.0	9.3	3.3	1.9	19 533	386	27 229	452
1992 ⁸	11 269	100.0	11.4	18.2	12.2	18.2	13.1	13.3	9.0	3.0	1.6	19 316	394	26 212	355
1991	11 083	100.0	10.9	18.6	11.1	18.0	13.7	13.9	9.4	3.0	1.6	19 953	419	26 569	347
1990	10 671	100.0	11.1	17.1	11.3	18.3	13.2	13.8	9.6	3.9	1.6	20 648	471	27 434	370
1989	10 486	100.0	10.4	17.0	11.3	18.2	13.8	13.5	10.5	3.6	1.8	21 073	429	27 962	380
1988	10 561	100.0	9.7	19.2	12.1	17.9	12.9	12.6	10.6	3.2	1.9	20 041	418	27 455	401
1987 ¹	10 192	100.0	10.0	19.1	11.3	18.5	14.3	12.2	9.7	3.1	1.8	19 925	384	26 917	370
1986	9 922	100.0	11.4	17.5	11.6	18.3	13.8	13.1	9.6	3.2	1.5	19 882	390	26 674	363
1985	9 797	100.0	9.6	18.5	12.6	19.4	13.4	13.3	9.7	2.4	1.1	19 901	387	25 966	337
1984	9 480	100.0	10.0	18.7	13.2	19.6	13.9	11.7	9.2	2.7	1.0	18 735	360	24 986	307
1983 ²	8 243	100.0	10.9	19.1	13.4	19.8	13.0	12.3	8.9	2.1	.5	18 096	338	24 104	296
1982	8 916	100.0	10.8	19.0	12.5	20.3	13.8	13.4	8.1	1.5	.7	18 090	290	23 802	298
1981	8 961	100.0	10.3	19.7	12.9	20.2	13.2	13.1	8.1	2.2	.5	18 137	305	23 826	289
1980	8 847	100.0	9.7	18.4	13.4	20.7	12.9	13.2	9.0	2.0	.7	18 899	356	24 528	302
1979 ³	8 586	100.0	9.2	18.0	12.6	20.6	13.2	14.1	9.5	2.3	.6	19 787	361	25 389	312
1978	8 066	100.0	8.3	18.6	12.7	19.3	14.8	13.5	9.7	2.3	.7	20 147	426	25 747	336
1977	7 977	100.0	8.4	17.9	14.7	20.7	14.5	13.1	8.2	2.0	.7	19 256	258	24 672	219
1976	7 776	100.0	7.8	18.9	14.3	20.0	14.3	14.4	8.1	1.7	.5	19 223	238	24 560	219
1975	7 489	100.0	8.5	19.1	14.0	19.7	15.2	13.9	7.7	1.4	.5	19 047	280	23 776	211
1974 ⁴	7 263	100.0	8.3	17.9	13.6	21.5	15.7	12.9	8.4	1.4	.4	19 389	234	24 114	214
1973	7 040	100.0	8.9	16.6	13.7	22.3	14.6	14.1	7.3	1.8	.7	19 853	309	24 654	245
1972	6 809	100.0	9.3	18.0	12.6	21.8	14.8	13.1	8.3	1.3	.7	19 325	290	24 412	260
1971	6 578	100.0	10.4	17.4	13.2	22.0	15.5	12.8	7.1	1.1	.5	18 701	278	23 174	238
1970	6 180	100.0	11.1	16.1	13.0	22.2	15.4	13.1	7.4	1.2	.5	19 373	266	23 655	255
1969	6 053	100.0	11.4	15.2	14.1	22.4	16.4	12.8	6.3	1.1	.4	19 408	286	23 105	246
1968	5 870	100.0	11.7	15.7	14.4	23.6	15.3	11.9	5.9	1.1	.3	18 222	264	22 192	234
1967	5 728	100.0	13.3	17.3	14.1	24.0	13.8	11.0	4.6	1.2	.6	17 217	287	20 688	231
HISPANIC ORIGIN⁵															
1993 ⁷	7 362	100.0	5.9	14.1	12.4	21.5	16.5	13.4	10.8	3.1	2.3	22 886	460	30 291	637
1992 ⁸	7 153	100.0	6.5	13.6	12.2	21.1	15.6	14.9	10.8	3.2	2.1	23 273	481	29 685	467
1991	6 379	100.0	5.8	13.6	11.8	20.6	15.8	15.5	11.1	3.4	2.5	24 074	501	30 631	490
1990	6 220	100.0	5.9	12.7	12.9	19.1	16.3	16.3	10.8	3.5	2.4	24 688	506	30 925	510
1989	5 933	100.0	6.2	12.4	10.0	20.8	15.5	15.2	13.2	3.8	2.8	25 545	495	32 620	561
1988	5 910	100.0	6.9	13.0	10.7	20.3	15.5	15.8	11.6	3.7	2.7	24 868	613	31 750	673
1987 ¹	5 642	100.0	6.2	13.8	11.5	19.4	16.0	15.0	11.8	3.7	2.6	24 596	539	31 528	584
1986	5 418	100.0	6.3	12.9	12.1	20.4	15.4	15.4	11.6	4.1	1.9	24 196	630	30 552	502
1985	5 213	100.0	6.1	14.3	12.7	19.8	15.8	15.1	11.2	3.3	1.5	23 454	548	29 307	477
1984	4 883	100.0	6.8	13.9	11.9	19.9	15.8	15.7	11.4	3.1	1.6	23 632	592	29 385	573
1983 ²	4 666	100.0	6.5	14.6	12.6	20.9	16.9	14.3	10.3	2.8	1.2	22 914	585	28 067	540
1982	4 085	100.0	6.5	14.0	12.4	21.3	16.5	15.3	10.3	2.1	1.4	22 942	606	28 314	574
1981	3 980	100.0	5.3	12.7	11.6	21.6	16.9	17.1	10.8	2.8	1.3	24 538	672	29 466	563
1980	3 906	100.0	5.5	12.7	12.3	22.2	15.9	16.3	11.2	2.6	1.5	23 968	650	29 276	563
1979 ³	3 684	100.0	5.0	11.8	10.9	21.5	16.9	17.6	11.5	3.3	1.6	25 467	734	30 814	619
1978	3 291	100.0	4.8	11.6	11.5	21.8	17.7	17.6	11.1	2.7	1.2	25 267	612	29 846	604
1977	3 304	100.0	4.7	12.4	11.8	22.8	18.3	16.6	10.2	2.2	1.0	24 343	428	28 729	444
1976	3 081	100.0	5.4	13.9	12.7	22.3	16.7	17.2	9.1	2.1	.7	23 278	496	27 569	448
1975	2 948	100.0	5.9	12.6	13.2	22.9	17.8	16.9	8.2	1.6	.8	22 793	504	27 059	481
1974 ⁴	2 897	100.0	4.4	11.1	13.2	21.7	19.4	17.8	9.3	2.1	1.0	24 796	543	28 725	468
1973	2 722	100.0	4.1	11.1	11.7	24.0	17.5	17.7	11.0	2.1	.9	24 932	566	28 967	471
1972	2 655	100.0	4.3	11.0	12.8	23.2	20.7	16.3	8.8	1.8	1.0	24 985	488	28 718	488

**Table D-1. Households, by Total Money Income, Race, and Hispanic Origin of Householder:
1967 to 1993—Con.**

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Households as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Race and Hispanic origin of householder and year	Number (thous.)	Percent distribution										Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Under \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
WHITE, NOT HISPANIC ORIGIN															
1993 ¹	75 697	100.0	3.4	8.1	8.6	16.2	14.8	17.3	17.6	7.4	6.6	34 173	200	44 426	265
1992 ²	75 107	100.0	3.2	8.3	8.6	16.0	14.8	17.8	18.0	7.2	6.1	34 287	212	42 871	198
1991	75 625	100.0	3.0	8.4	8.5	15.8	15.1	18.1	17.6	7.5	6.0	34 293	169	42 831	192
1990	75 035	100.0	3.0	7.9	7.9	16.0	14.9	18.4	18.1	7.5	6.4	35 318	165	43 974	203
1989	74 495	100.0	2.7	7.9	7.9	15.6	14.6	18.2	18.3	8.1	6.8	36 195	177	45 218	216
1988	74 067	100.0	2.9	8.1	7.6	15.7	14.4	18.6	18.6	7.6	6.4	36 124	203	44 207	203
1987 ³	73 120	100.0	2.9	8.3	7.5	15.6	14.6	18.5	18.7	7.7	6.1	35 887	209	43 828	201
1986	72 067	100.0	3.2	8.6	7.6	15.7	14.7	18.5	18.6	7.2	6.0	35 294	182	43 081	198
1985	71 540	100.0	3.4	8.7	7.9	16.2	15.3	18.8	17.7	6.9	5.2	34 202	175	41 427	187
1984	70 586	100.0	3.1	8.7	8.3	16.6	15.7	18.5	17.5	6.6	4.9	33 570	186	40 463	175
1983 ⁴	69 648	100.0	3.5	8.6	8.6	17.2	15.7	18.9	17.1	6.0	4.5	32 592	174	39 391	171
1982	69 214	100.0	3.5	9.2	8.1	17.3	16.0	19.2	16.5	6.0	4.1	32 454	163	38 820	169
1981	68 996	100.0	3.4	9.1	8.4	17.5	15.3	19.4	17.1	6.1	3.6	32 788	167	38 556	164
1980	68 106	100.0	3.1	9.0	8.3	16.8	15.2	20.4	17.5	6.0	3.7	33 386	190	38 980	169
1979 ⁵	67 203	100.0	3.2	8.8	7.9	16.4	14.8	20.4	18.1	6.2	4.2	34 176	189	40 148	178
1978	64 836	100.0	3.0	8.7	8.4	16.2	15.3	20.0	18.3	5.9	4.1	34 156	180	39 826	178
1977	63 721	100.0	3.3	9.1	8.7	16.2	15.9	19.9	17.9	5.5	3.6	33 278	187	38 722	178
1976	62 365	100.0	3.3	9.1	8.6	16.7	15.6	21.0	17.3	5.1	3.3	32 987	192	38 181	175
1975	61 533	100.0	3.3	9.4	9.0	16.6	16.7	20.5	16.8	4.7	3.1	31 967	170	37 187	172
1974 ⁶	60 164	100.0	3.3	8.9	8.3	15.9	17.5	20.3	17.3	5.4	3.3	32 881	161	38 233	175
1973	59 236	100.0	3.7	8.5	8.0	15.5	16.1	21.3	17.7	5.5	3.6	34 025	159	39 088	165
1972	58 005	100.0	4.2	8.7	7.7	15.5	16.6	21.4	17.1	5.3	3.4	33 580	159	38 602	172

¹Implementation of a new March CPS processing system.

²Implementation of Hispanic population weighting controls.

³Implementation of 1980 census population controls.

⁴Implementation of a new March CPS processing system.

⁵Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Income data for Hispanic origin households are not available prior to 1972.

⁶Based on 1990 census adjusted population controls.

⁷Data collection method changed from paper and pencil to computer-assisted interviewing; earnings limits increased to \$999,999; Social Security limits increased to \$49,999; SSI and public assistance limits increased to \$24,999; Veterans' Benefits limits increased to \$99,999; child support and alimony limits decreased to \$49,999.

Table D-2. Families, by Total Money Income, Race, and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1967 to 1993

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Families as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Race and Hispanic origin of householder and year	Number (thous.)	Percent distribution										Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Under \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
ALL RACES															
1993 ⁷	68 506	100.0	3.5	6.1	7.2	15.5	14.8	17.9	19.4	8.2	7.3	36 959	192	47 221	292
1992 ⁸	68 216	100.0	3.7	5.8	7.1	15.2	14.6	19.1	19.9	8.1	6.6	37 668	193	45 545	210
1991	67 173	100.0	3.3	5.7	6.8	14.8	15.3	19.3	19.7	8.3	6.7	38 129	190	45 872	208
1990	66 322	100.0	3.1	5.2	6.5	14.8	14.6	19.8	20.0	8.8	7.1	39 086	187	47 155	218
1989	66 090	100.0	2.9	5.0	6.6	14.5	14.4	19.3	20.5	9.0	7.6	39 869	227	48 368	232
1988	65 837	100.0	3.0	5.3	6.5	14.9	14.4	19.5	20.6	8.7	7.0	39 320	205	47 159	231
1987 ¹	65 204	100.0	2.9	5.5	6.2	14.8	14.7	19.6	20.8	8.7	6.8	39 394	182	46 917	210
1986	64 491	100.0	3.1	5.4	6.5	15.0	14.9	19.7	20.6	8.2	6.5	38 838	208	46 045	202
1985	63 558	100.0	3.1	5.9	7.0	15.5	15.5	19.9	19.9	7.6	5.7	37 246	201	44 242	192
1984	62 706	100.0	3.2	5.7	7.3	15.5	15.8	19.9	19.8	7.4	5.3	36 762	163	43 186	171
1983 ²	62 015	100.0	3.4	6.0	7.6	16.1	16.1	20.3	19.1	6.7	4.8	35 797	(NA)	41 812	(NA)
1982	61 393	100.0	3.3	6.0	7.2	16.6	16.4	20.8	18.6	6.7	4.5	35 419	175	41 402	165
1981	61 019	100.0	2.8	5.6	7.3	16.9	16.0	21.3	19.3	6.8	4.0	35 905	154	41 438	159
1980	60 309	100.0	2.5	5.5	7.1	16.1	15.6	22.2	20.0	6.8	4.1	36 912	158	42 093	163
1979 ³	59 550	100.0	2.3	5.1	6.7	15.8	15.1	22.6	20.8	7.0	4.6	38 248	178	43 577	174
1978	57 804	100.0	2.3	5.1	7.1	15.4	16.1	22.0	20.9	6.7	4.4	37 763	173	43 010	171
1977	57 215	100.0	2.3	5.1	7.7	15.9	16.6	22.1	20.2	6.2	3.8	36 603	130	41 759	133
1976	56 710	100.0	2.1	5.3	7.7	16.3	16.6	23.3	19.5	5.7	3.5	36 388	131	41 039	131
1975	56 245	100.0	2.1	5.5	7.9	16.6	17.7	23.0	18.7	5.2	3.2	35 274	134	39 971	129
1974 ⁴	55 698	100.0	2.1	4.9	7.5	15.8	18.3	22.6	19.3	5.9	3.5	35 922	(NA)	40 958	(NA)
1973	55 053	100.0	2.1	5.2	7.0	16.0	17.1	23.4	19.5	6.0	3.8	36 893	(NA)	41 703	(NA)
1972	54 373	100.0	2.2	5.5	7.1	16.0	17.8	23.2	19.0	5.7	3.5	36 177	(NA)	41 088	(NA)
1971	53 296	100.0	2.4	5.7	7.4	17.2	19.1	23.1	17.5	4.8	2.8	34 482	(NA)	38 834	(NA)
1970	52 227	100.0	2.6	5.6	7.3	16.6	19.6	23.6	17.3	4.7	2.8	34 523	(NA)	38 858	(NA)
1969	51 586	100.0	2.5	5.8	7.1	16.1	19.8	24.5	17.2	4.5	2.7	34 596	(NA)	38 791	(NA)
1968	50 823	100.0	2.8	5.7	7.5	17.9	20.8	23.9	15.4	3.8	2.1	33 086	(NA)	37 064	(NA)
1967	50 111	100.0	3.0	7.0	7.5	18.8	21.1	23.3	13.5	3.6	2.2	31 579	(NA)	35 034	(NA)
WHITE															
1993 ⁷	57 881	100.0	2.5	4.8	6.6	15.1	15.1	18.8	20.6	8.6	8.0	39 300	242	49 567	326
1992 ⁸	57 669	100.0	2.6	4.5	6.4	14.8	14.9	19.8	21.2	8.6	7.2	39 828	223	47 823	233
1991	57 224	100.0	2.3	4.4	6.3	14.4	15.5	20.1	20.8	8.9	7.3	40 085	223	48 033	228
1990	56 803	100.0	2.2	4.1	5.9	14.4	14.9	20.5	21.1	9.2	7.7	40 813	197	49 234	240
1989	56 590	100.0	2.1	4.0	5.9	14.0	14.6	20.0	21.6	9.6	8.2	41 922	211	50 578	256
1988	56 492	100.0	2.2	4.2	5.7	14.5	14.7	20.3	21.7	9.2	7.6	41 426	254	49 240	254
1987 ¹	56 086	100.0	2.1	4.3	5.6	14.3	14.8	20.3	22.0	9.3	7.3	41 194	196	49 009	230
1986	55 676	100.0	2.3	4.4	5.9	14.5	15.0	20.4	21.7	8.7	7.1	40 620	189	48 012	221
1985	54 991	100.0	2.5	4.8	6.3	15.0	15.6	20.6	20.8	8.2	6.2	39 149	211	46 163	209
1984	54 400	100.0	2.4	4.5	6.6	15.1	16.0	20.8	20.8	7.9	5.8	38 505	200	45 091	186
1983 ²	53 890	100.0	2.7	4.7	6.8	15.8	16.4	21.1	20.1	7.1	5.3	37 484	(NA)	43 621	(NA)
1982	53 407	100.0	2.6	4.7	6.5	16.2	16.7	21.6	19.6	7.2	4.9	37 188	184	43 234	180
1981	53 269	100.0	2.2	4.5	6.6	16.4	16.2	22.0	20.4	7.4	4.3	37 716	196	43 196	173
1980	52 710	100.0	1.9	4.5	6.3	15.6	15.9	23.1	21.1	7.3	4.5	38 458	165	43 787	177
1979 ³	52 243	100.0	1.7	4.0	5.9	15.1	15.2	23.4	21.9	7.5	5.1	39 911	174	45 365	187
1978	50 910	100.0	1.8	3.9	6.5	14.9	16.2	22.8	22.0	7.1	4.9	39 321	176	44 656	186
1977	50 530	100.0	1.8	4.1	6.8	15.3	16.8	22.9	21.4	6.6	4.2	38 274	142	43 435	144
1976	50 083	100.0	1.7	4.2	6.9	15.7	16.8	24.1	20.6	6.1	3.8	37 796	124	42 632	141
1975	49 873	100.0	1.8	4.5	7.3	16.1	17.9	23.7	19.7	5.5	3.5	36 686	134	41 424	139
1974 ⁴	49 440	100.0	1.8	3.9	6.7	15.3	18.6	23.4	20.3	6.3	3.7	37 331	(NA)	42 465	(NA)
1973	48 919	100.0	1.6	4.3	6.2	15.1	17.2	24.4	20.7	6.4	4.1	38 559	(NA)	43 359	(NA)
1972	48 477	100.0	1.8	4.5	6.4	15.2	18.1	24.1	20.0	6.1	3.9	37 586	(NA)	42 654	(NA)
1971	47 641	100.0	2.1	4.8	6.7	16.5	19.4	24.0	18.4	5.2	3.0	35 780	(NA)	40 222	(NA)
1970	46 535	100.0	2.2	4.8	6.7	15.8	19.8	24.5	18.2	5.0	3.0	35 814	(NA)	40 219	(NA)
1969	46 022	100.0	2.1	5.0	6.3	15.2	18.9	25.6	18.2	4.8	2.9	35 920	(NA)	40 170	(NA)
1968	45 437	100.0	2.3	5.0	6.7	17.2	21.2	25.0	16.3	4.1	2.3	34 255	(NA)	38 337	(NA)
1967	44 814	100.0	2.5	6.1	6.8	18.1	21.6	24.4	14.3	3.8	2.4	32 777	(NA)	36 288	(NA)

**Table D-2. Families, by Total Money Income, Race, and Hispanic Origin of Householder:
1967 to 1993—Con.**

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Families as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Race and Hispanic origin of householder and year	Number (thous.)	Percent distribution										Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Under \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
BLACK															
1993 ⁷ -----	7 993	100.0	10.7	15.1	11.4	18.6	13.7	12.9	10.9	4.2	2.4	21 542	438	30 036	595
1992 ⁶ -----	7 982	100.0	11.1	14.6	11.8	18.4	13.0	14.4	10.8	3.8	2.0	21 735	459	28 818	451
1991 -----	7 716	100.0	10.3	14.7	10.7	18.1	14.2	15.2	11.3	3.8	1.8	22 861	472	29 251	432
1990 -----	7 471	100.0	9.7	13.2	11.3	18.6	13.1	15.7	11.5	5.0	2.0	23 685	421	30 463	463
1989 -----	7 470	100.0	8.9	12.9	12.0	18.6	13.8	14.6	12.4	4.7	2.1	23 550	519	30 782	463
1988 -----	7 409	100.0	8.8	13.8	12.3	18.0	13.2	14.4	13.0	4.1	2.4	23 610	529	30 923	508
1987 ¹ -----	7 202	100.0	8.8	14.4	11.1	18.5	14.7	14.3	12.1	3.8	2.4	23 413	497	30 238	459
1986 -----	7 096	100.0	9.2	13.5	11.4	18.4	14.7	14.9	12.0	4.1	1.8	23 210	546	30 031	455
1985 -----	6 921	100.0	8.1	14.7	11.9	19.9	14.5	15.1	11.5	3.0	1.3	22 543	411	28 684	422
1984 -----	6 778	100.0	9.1	14.6	13.1	19.5	14.7	13.4	11.0	3.3	1.2	21 461	444	27 506	380
1983 ² -----	6 681	100.0	9.0	15.5	13.2	19.2	14.5	14.6	10.5	2.7	.7	21 125	(NA)	26 690	(NA)
1982 -----	6 530	100.0	8.6	16.2	12.9	20.0	14.4	15.4	9.9	1.9	.7	20 553	500	26 087	358
1981 -----	6 413	100.0	7.6	15.5	12.8	20.5	14.6	15.4	10.1	2.8	.5	21 276	489	26 777	354
1980 -----	6 317	100.0	6.8	13.9	13.9	21.2	14.2	15.2	11.4	2.6	.9	22 253	478	27 752	370
1979 ³ -----	6 184	100.0	6.5	14.1	12.7	21.4	14.1	15.7	11.7	2.9	.7	22 601	412	28 330	387
1978 -----	5 906	100.0	6.0	14.7	12.1	20.2	16.0	15.6	11.8	2.8	.9	23 289	467	28 705	411
1977 -----	5 806	100.0	6.1	13.9	14.7	21.5	15.2	15.1	10.3	2.5	.7	21 865	295	27 350	270
1976 -----	5 804	100.0	4.8	14.9	14.3	21.0	15.5	16.8	10.0	2.1	.6	22 483	336	27 431	263
1975 -----	5 586	100.0	5.1	14.5	14.2	20.9	16.8	16.5	9.6	1.8	.5	22 572	324	26 743	249
1974 ⁴ -----	5 491	100.0	5.2	14.1	14.3	21.8	16.7	15.4	10.3	1.7	.5	22 290	(NA)	26 859	(NA)
1973 -----	5 440	100.0	5.5	13.7	14.0	23.6	15.9	15.4	8.9	2.2	.8	22 254	(NA)	26 962	(NA)
1972 -----	5 265	100.0	5.6	14.4	13.4	22.6	16.0	15.1	10.3	1.7	.8	22 339	(NA)	27 162	(NA)
1971 -----	5 157	100.0	5.4	14.8	13.1	24.3	17.3	14.5	8.7	1.4	.5	21 591	(NA)	25 799	(NA)
1970 -----	4 928	100.0	6.4	13.7	13.0	23.9	17.2	15.1	8.8	1.4	.5	21 969	(NA)	26 038	(NA)
1969 -----	4 774	100.0	6.3	12.7	14.4	24.1	18.3	14.9	7.5	1.3	.4	22 001	(NA)	25 566	(NA)
1968 -----	4 646	100.0	6.6	13.3	15.4	25.1	17.0	13.9	7.0	1.3	.4	20 544	(NA)	24 500	(NA)
1967 -----	4 589	100.0	7.8	15.6	15.0	25.9	16.0	12.1	5.5	1.4	.6	19 406	(NA)	22 674	(NA)
HISPANIC ORIGINS⁵															
1993 ⁷ -----	5 946	100.0	5.8	12.1	12.5	22.2	16.6	14.0	11.4	3.1	2.4	23 654	503	31 109	727
1992 ⁶ -----	5 733	100.0	6.0	11.5	12.4	21.8	15.6	15.5	11.5	3.4	2.3	24 260	574	30 873	536
1991 -----	5 177	100.0	5.9	11.6	11.8	20.1	16.8	15.4	12.1	3.6	2.8	25 351	534	31 826	560
1990 -----	4 981	100.0	5.4	10.7	12.5	20.0	16.0	17.1	11.8	4.1	2.4	25 905	626	32 406	582
1989 -----	4 840	100.0	5.4	10.2	10.0	20.9	15.8	16.4	14.3	4.0	2.9	27 322	731	34 024	622
1988 -----	4 823	100.0	6.4	10.1	10.6	20.8	15.6	16.6	13.0	4.2	2.7	26 590	683	33 378	762
1987 ¹ -----	4 576	100.0	5.4	11.6	11.6	20.0	16.4	15.5	13.2	3.9	2.5	25 822	544	32 881	661
1986 -----	4 403	100.0	5.4	10.5	12.1	20.3	16.1	16.6	12.4	4.6	2.1	26 362	657	32 221	570
1985 -----	4 206	100.0	4.9	11.8	13.0	19.8	16.7	15.8	12.5	3.6	1.8	25 552	658	31 092	545
1984 -----	3 938	100.0	5.9	10.9	11.4	20.2	16.4	17.1	12.7	3.6	1.8	26 191	990	31 387	654
1983 ² -----	3 788	100.0	5.9	11.4	12.2	21.6	18.3	14.9	11.2	3.0	1.4	24 562	(NA)	29 628	(NA)
1982 -----	3 369	100.0	5.2	11.5	12.6	21.7	17.4	16.2	11.5	2.4	1.5	24 527	626	29 833	639
1981 -----	3 305	100.0	4.4	10.6	10.8	22.0	17.9	17.8	12.1	3.1	1.4	26 303	677	31 065	621
1980 -----	3 235	100.0	4.1	10.4	12.1	22.2	17.0	17.6	12.3	2.6	1.7	25 838	690	30 928	648
1979 ³ -----	3 029	100.0	3.8	9.6	10.2	21.6	17.4	19.1	12.8	3.5	1.9	27 668	805	32 753	697
1978 -----	2 741	100.0	3.4	9.7	11.2	22.0	18.5	19.0	12.1	3.0	1.2	26 901	681	31 377	666
1977 -----	2 764	100.0	3.4	9.7	11.4	23.3	19.4	18.1	11.0	2.5	1.2	26 113	574	30 393	482
1976 -----	2 583	100.0	3.6	10.8	12.6	23.8	17.5	18.7	9.9	2.4	.7	24 957	550	29 338	499
1975 -----	2 499	100.0	4.1	10.8	12.9	23.3	18.9	18.4	9.0	2.0	1.0	24 557	589	28 530	530
1974 ⁴ -----	2 475	100.0	3.1	8.9	12.9	21.7	20.7	19.4	10.2	2.1	1.1	26 561	(NA)	30 217	(NA)
1973 -----	2 365	100.0	2.8	8.5	11.0	24.6	19.1	19.0	11.7	2.3	.9	26 680	(NA)	30 382	(NA)
1972 -----	2 312	100.0	3.1	9.0	11.9	23.5	22.0	17.9	9.5	2.0	1.1	26 632	(NA)	29 935	(NA)

Table D-2. Families, by Total Money Income, Race, and Hispanic Origin of Householder: 1967 to 1993—Con.

(Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Families as of March of the following year. For meaning of symbols, see text.)

Race and Hispanic origin of householder and year	Number (thous.)	Percent distribution										Median income		Mean income	
		Total	Under \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
WHITE, NOT HISPANIC ORIGIN															
1993 ⁷	52 470	100.0	2.1	4.0	6.0	14.4	14.9	19.3	21.5	9.2	8.5	41 110	215	51 467	349
1992 ⁶	52 302	100.0	2.3	3.7	5.8	14.1	14.8	20.2	22.1	9.2	7.7	41 541	214	49 539	248
1991	52 288	100.0	2.0	3.8	5.7	13.9	15.4	20.5	21.6	9.4	7.7	41 631	228	49 562	242
1990	52 038	100.0	1.9	3.5	5.3	13.9	14.8	20.8	22.0	9.7	8.2	42 276	242	50 777	254
1989	51 955	100.0	1.8	3.4	5.5	13.4	14.4	20.4	22.2	10.1	8.7	43 189	217	52 057	272
1988	51 850	100.0	1.9	3.6	5.3	13.9	14.6	20.6	22.5	9.6	8.0	42 893	219	50 658	254
1987 ¹	51 702	100.0	1.8	3.7	5.1	13.8	14.6	20.8	22.7	9.7	7.7	42 624	244	50 369	251
1986	51 426	100.0	2.1	3.9	5.4	14.1	14.9	20.7	22.5	9.0	7.5	41 753	202	49 316	243
1985	50 912	100.0	2.3	4.2	5.8	14.6	15.5	21.0	21.5	8.6	6.5	40 365	215	47 372	231
1984	50 563	100.0	2.2	4.1	6.2	14.7	16.0	21.1	21.4	8.2	6.1	39 570	225	46 126	214
1983 ²	50 208	100.0	2.5	4.3	6.4	15.4	16.2	21.6	20.8	7.4	5.6	38 458	194	44 635	206
1982	50 123	100.0	2.4	4.2	6.1	15.9	16.7	21.9	20.1	7.5	5.1	38 051	195	44 106	204
1981	50 066	100.0	2.1	4.1	6.3	16.0	16.1	22.3	21.0	7.6	4.5	38 574	218	43 974	196
1980	49 584	100.0	1.8	4.1	5.9	15.1	15.8	23.4	21.6	7.6	4.6	39 217	184	44 595	200
1979 ³	49 309	100.0	1.6	3.7	5.7	14.8	15.1	23.7	22.5	7.7	5.3	40 610	195	46 099	213
1978	48 245	100.0	1.7	3.6	6.2	14.5	16.0	23.0	22.5	7.3	5.1	40 113	212	45 384	210
1977	47 828	100.0	1.7	3.8	6.6	14.8	16.7	23.2	22.0	6.9	4.4	38 978	190	44 171	208
1976	47 569	100.0	1.6	3.9	6.6	15.3	16.7	24.3	21.2	6.3	4.0	38 494	180	43 331	202
1975	47 447	100.0	1.6	4.2	7.0	15.7	17.8	24.0	20.2	5.7	3.7	37 315	190	42 082	201
1974 ⁴	47 026	100.0	1.7	3.6	6.4	14.9	18.5	23.6	20.8	6.5	3.9	37 999	200	43 097	200
1973	46 550	100.0	1.6	4.0	6.0	14.6	17.1	24.6	21.1	6.7	4.2	38 755	187	43 999	187
1972	46 213	100.0	1.8	4.3	6.1	14.8	17.9	24.4	20.5	6.3	4.0	38 058	163	43 278	192

¹Implementation of a new March CPS processing system.

²Implementation of Hispanic population controls.

³Implementation of 1980 census population controls.

⁴Implementation of a new March CPS processing system.

⁵Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Income data for Hispanic origin families are not available prior to 1972.

⁶Based on 1990 census adjusted population controls.

⁷Data collection method changed from paper and pencil to computer-assisted interviewing; earnings limits increased to \$999,999; Social Security limits increased to \$49,999; SSI and public assistance limits increased to \$24,999; Veterans' Benefits limits increased to \$99,999; child support and alimony limits decreased to \$49,999.

Table D-3. Persons, by Total Money Income, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex: 1967 to 1993

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Persons 15 years old and over beginning with March 1980, and persons 14 years old and over as of March of the following year for previous years. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Race, Hispanic origin, sex, and year	Number (thous.)	With income												Median income	Mean income	
		Number with income (thous.)	Percent distribution													
			Total	\$1 to \$2,499 or loss	\$2,500 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over					
ALL RACES																
Male																
1993 ⁷	96 768	90 194	100.0	7.0	4.9	12.1	12.4	20.8	28.8	8.7	5.2	21 102	106	28 939	205	
1992 ⁶	95 652	90 175	100.0	6.9	5.1	12.9	12.3	20.6	29.0	8.4	4.8	21 067	110	27 613	143	
1991	93 760	88 653	100.0	6.4	5.1	12.5	12.4	20.3	30.2	8.4	4.8	21 716	111	27 976	142	
1990	92 840	88 220	100.0	6.4	4.7	12.3	11.5	20.9	30.4	9.0	5.0	22 436	113	28 791	151	
1989	91 955	87 454	100.0	6.3	4.7	11.6	11.2	20.5	30.7	9.4	5.5	23 182	143	30 002	164	
1988	91 034	86 584	100.0	6.7	4.9	11.7	11.0	20.1	31.1	9.5	5.0	23 096	160	29 381	161	
1987 ⁷	90 256	85 713	100.0	6.7	5.1	11.6	11.1	19.7	31.0	9.8	5.0	22 624	156	28 999	146	
1986	89 368	84 471	100.0	7.0	5.1	11.8	11.1	19.3	31.3	9.6	4.8	22 564	121	28 771	142	
1985	88 478	83 631	100.0	7.3	5.5	12.0	11.6	19.8	30.6	8.9	4.3	21 905	122	27 734	134	
1984	87 304	82 183	100.0	7.6	5.5	12.6	11.1	19.0	31.3	8.7	4.1	21 696	125	27 034	120	
1983 ²	86 014	80 795	100.0	8.3	5.6	12.1	11.7	20.1	30.1	8.4	3.8	21 270	(NA)	26 379	(NA)	
1982	84 955	79 722	100.0	8.2	5.6	12.2	10.6	21.1	30.6	7.6	4.0	21 086	138	26 271	118	
1981	83 958	79 688	100.0	7.6	5.8	12.1	10.9	20.1	32.1	7.8	3.6	21 608	146	26 486	117	
1980	82 949	78 661	100.0	7.2	5.1	11.9	11.1	20.0	32.9	8.1	3.6	22 000	137	26 934	119	
1979 ³	81 947	78 129	100.0	6.8	5.4	11.9	10.1	19.7	33.8	8.3	4.1	23 001	117	27 845	127	
1978	80 969	75 609	100.0	7.3	5.2	11.5	10.5	18.6	33.8	8.9	4.0	23 409	135	26 072	131	
1977	79 863	74 015	100.0	7.6	5.4	11.6	10.7	18.5	33.7	8.6	3.8	23 145	107	27 581	119	
1976	78 782	72 775	100.0	7.8	5.3	11.7	10.7	19.5	33.6	8.1	3.4	22 930	129	27 161	117	
1975	77 560	71 234	100.0	7.4	5.2	11.8	10.7	19.4	34.4	7.9	3.3	22 763	118	26 815	118	
1974 ⁴	76 363	70 863	100.0	7.5	5.3	11.3	10.2	18.6	35.0	8.5	3.6	23 532	(NA)	27 455	(NA)	
1973	75 040	69 387	100.0	7.5	5.3	10.6	9.1	19.2	35.8	8.4	4.1	24 663	(NA)	28 438	(NA)	
1972	73 572	67 474	100.0	7.5	5.6	10.9	9.3	18.6	36.2	8.0	3.8	24 246	(NA)	28 103	(NA)	
1971	72 469	66 486	100.0	8.1	5.6	10.9	10.0	19.6	35.0	7.5	3.2	23 143	(NA)	26 459	(NA)	
1970	70 592	65 008	100.0	8.3	5.8	10.8	9.8	19.5	35.6	7.1	3.1	23 337	(NA)	26 370	(NA)	
1969	69 027	63 882	100.0	8.1	6.4	11.0	9.4	18.6	36.6	7.0	3.0	23 578	(NA)	26 413	(NA)	
1968	67 611	62 501	100.0	8.5	6.5	10.6	8.8	21.7	35.6	5.4	2.8	22 921	(NA)	25 397	(NA)	
1967	66 519	61 444	100.0	8.7	6.9	11.4	9.0	22.5	34.0	4.9	2.6	22 105	(NA)	24 099	(NA)	
Female																
1993 ⁷	104 032	94 417	100.0	14.1	10.9	21.4	14.4	19.1	16.5	2.6	.9	11 046	71	15 761	105	
1992 ⁶	102 954	93 517	100.0	14.6	10.9	21.3	14.7	18.7	16.7	2.2	.8	11 035	72	15 369	80	
1991	101 483	92 569	100.0	14.3	10.8	21.7	14.9	19.0	16.3	2.2	.8	11 114	74	15 330	79	
1990	100 680	92 245	100.0	14.9	11.2	20.9	14.4	19.1	16.4	2.3	.8	11 133	78	15 382	81	
1989	99 838	91 399	100.0	15.1	11.1	20.6	13.9	19.6	16.6	2.2	.8	11 215	80	15 413	80	
1988	99 019	90 593	100.0	15.9	11.1	21.3	14.0	18.9	16.1	2.1	.7	10 852	83	15 038	84	
1987 ⁷	98 225	89 661	100.0	16.0	11.4	21.2	13.8	19.1	15.8	1.9	.7	10 551	85	14 676	76	
1986	97 320	87 822	100.0	17.1	11.6	21.6	13.7	18.4	15.2	1.7	.6	10 033	73	14 161	73	
1985	96 354	86 531	100.0	17.7	12.0	21.7	14.0	18.1	14.4	1.5	.5	9 692	73	13 662	70	
1984	95 282	85 555	100.0	18.1	11.9	22.0	14.1	18.2	13.9	1.4	.5	9 552	63	13 329	65	
1983 ²	94 269	83 781	100.0	18.9	12.1	21.7	14.6	18.4	12.7	1.2	.4	9 292	(NA)	12 911	(NA)	
1982	93 145	82 505	100.0	19.8	12.2	22.4	13.6	18.9	11.7	1.0	.4	8 898	57	12 387	62	
1981	92 228	82 139	100.0	19.9	12.6	22.8	14.1	18.6	11.0	.8	.2	8 753	61	11 932	58	
1980	91 133	80 826	100.0	20.3	12.8	22.3	14.4	18.3	10.8	.8	.3	8 638	58	11 890	60	
1979 ³	89 914	79 921	100.0	21.4	13.0	21.6	13.9	18.5	10.6	.8	.3	8 498	68	11 767	61	
1978	88 617	71 864	100.0	18.4	14.2	22.3	14.7	18.4	10.8	.8	.3	8 709	77	11 986	62	
1977	87 399	65 407	100.0	16.3	14.7	23.3	15.4	18.5	10.9	.7	.3	9 011	64	12 097	57	
1976	86 157	63 170	100.0	16.9	15.0	23.7	15.0	18.7	10.0	.6	.3	8 699	68	11 859	58	
1975	84 982	60 807	100.0	16.6	14.7	23.6	15.6	18.6	10.1	.6	.1	8 703	54	11 604	54	
1974 ⁴	83 599	59 642	100.0	17.3	14.8	23.8	15.3	17.9	10.1	.6	.2	8 581	(NA)	11 585	(NA)	
1973	82 244	57 029	100.0	17.8	15.6	22.7	14.0	19.2	9.8	.6	.2	8 560	(NA)	11 630	(NA)	
1972	80 896	54 487	100.0	18.3	15.8	22.3	14.1	18.7	10.1	.6	.2	8 458	(NA)	11 641	(NA)	
1971	79 565	52 603	100.0	19.0	16.3	21.0	15.2	18.7	9.0	.5	.2	8 073	(NA)	11 174	(NA)	
1970	77 649	51 647	100.0	20.8	16.3	20.4	15.0	18.0	8.9	.5	.2	7 827	(NA)	10 979	(NA)	
1969	76 277	50 224	100.0	21.3	16.8	19.8	15.1	18.2	8.1	.4	.2	7 819	(NA)	10 801	(NA)	
1968	74 889	48 544	100.0	22.0	17.1	19.7	14.6	18.7	7.3	.4	.2	7 739	(NA)	10 471	(NA)	
1967	73 584	46 843	100.0	24.0	17.5	19.4	14.3	17.8	6.1	.7	.3	7 169	(NA)	9 884	(NA)	

Table D-3. Persons, by Total Money Income, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex: 1967 to 1993—Con.

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Persons 15 years old and over beginning with March 1980, and persons 14 years old and over as of March of the following year for previous years. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Race, Hispanic origin, sex, and year	Number (thous.)	With income										Median income		Mean income	
		Number with income (thous.)	Percent distribution									Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
			Total	\$1 to \$2,499 or less	\$2,500 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over				
WHITE															
Male															
1993 ⁷	82 026	77 650	100.0	6.5	4.5	11.3	12.2	20.7	29.8	9.3	5.7	21 981	115	30 171	228
1992 ⁶	81 179	77 467	100.0	6.5	4.5	12.0	12.0	20.6	30.1	9.0	5.2	22 047	119	28 808	159
1991	80 049	76 578	100.0	5.8	4.4	11.7	12.1	20.4	31.2	9.0	5.3	22 699	119	29 175	157
1990	79 555	76 480	100.0	5.9	4.3	11.4	11.2	20.8	31.5	9.5	5.4	23 405	119	30 008	168
1989	78 908	75 858	100.0	5.8	4.3	10.7	10.9	20.2	32.0	10.1	6.0	24 312	129	31 346	182
1988	78 230	75 247	100.0	6.2	4.5	10.7	10.7	20.2	32.2	10.1	5.4	24 379	159	30 578	177
1987 ⁷	77 743	74 647	100.0	6.2	4.5	10.7	10.7	19.7	32.1	10.5	5.5	24 047	164	30 239	160
1986	77 212	73 827	100.0	6.7	4.6	11.1	10.5	19.3	32.4	10.3	5.2	23 811	169	29 989	157
1985	76 617	73 222	100.0	6.9	5.0	11.2	11.2	19.6	31.7	9.6	4.8	22 979	133	28 904	148
1984	75 487	72 162	100.0	7.1	5.1	11.6	10.9	18.9	32.6	9.4	4.4	22 902	134	28 175	131
1983 ²	74 805	71 231	100.0	7.7	5.2	11.4	11.3	20.0	31.3	9.0	4.1	22 377	(NA)	27 422	(NA)
1982	74 043	70 477	100.0	7.8	5.1	11.5	10.3	21.0	31.8	8.2	4.4	22 282	147	27 314	128
1981	72 449	70 351	100.0	7.3	5.3	11.4	10.6	19.9	33.3	8.4	3.9	22 926	156	27 577	128
1980	72 449	69 420	100.0	6.7	4.6	11.2	10.8	19.8	34.2	8.7	3.9	23 401	162	28 034	130
1979 ³	71 887	69 247	100.0	6.5	4.9	11.1	9.8	19.3	34.9	8.9	4.4	24 028	125	29 044	139
1978	71 308	67 273	100.0	7.0	4.8	10.9	10.0	18.5	34.8	9.5	4.4	24 518	154	29 133	143
1977	70 407	65 974	100.0	7.3	5.0	11.0	10.1	18.3	34.9	9.2	4.2	24 243	126	28 665	130
1976	69 555	64 946	100.0	7.4	4.9	11.0	10.3	19.2	34.8	8.7	3.7	24 173	139	28 229	126
1975	68 573	63 629	100.0	7.2	4.7	11.1	10.3	19.0	35.5	8.6	3.6	23 912	139	27 851	129
1974 ⁴	67 667	63 207	100.0	7.2	4.8	10.7	9.8	18.1	36.2	9.1	4.0	24 651	(NA)	28 463	(NA)
1973	66 550	62 082	100.0	7.2	4.9	10.0	8.7	18.5	37.1	9.1	4.5	25 878	(NA)	29 549	(NA)
1972	65 385	60 565	100.0	7.1	5.2	10.3	8.9	18.1	37.5	8.7	4.3	25 431	(NA)	29 225	(NA)
1971	64 611	59 729	100.0	7.8	5.1	10.4	9.5	19.2	36.4	8.1	3.5	24 263	(NA)	27 502	(NA)
1970	63 002	58 447	100.0	7.9	5.4	10.4	8.2	18.9	37.1	7.7	3.4	24 530	(NA)	27 431	(NA)
1969	61 645	57 343	100.0	7.6	5.9	10.6	8.8	18.0	38.2	7.6	3.3	24 811	(NA)	27 536	(NA)
1968	60 498	56 219	100.0	8.0	6.0	10.2	8.4	21.1	37.4	5.9	3.0	24 021	(NA)	26 428	(NA)
1967	59 524	55 270	100.0	8.2	6.4	10.9	8.3	22.0	36.0	5.3	2.9	23 271	(NA)	25 106	(NA)
Female															
1993 ⁷	86 765	79 484	100.0	14.2	10.4	21.0	14.5	19.3	16.9	2.7	1.0	11 266	77	16 015	115
1992 ⁶	86 098	78 885	100.0	14.6	10.5	20.8	14.8	19.0	17.1	2.3	.9	11 291	78	15 649	89
1991	85 510	78 721	100.0	14.6	10.2	21.1	15.0	19.1	16.7	2.3	.8	11 374	80	15 566	86
1990	85 012	78 566	100.0	15.2	10.7	20.2	14.5	19.5	16.7	2.4	.9	11 406	85	15 631	88
1989	84 508	77 933	100.0	15.4	10.6	20.1	14.1	19.9	16.8	2.3	.8	11 434	86	15 591	87
1988	84 035	77 493	100.0	16.2	10.5	20.8	13.9	19.1	16.5	2.2	.8	11 119	100	15 282	93
1987 ⁷	83 552	76 940	100.0	16.3	10.9	20.6	14.0	19.3	16.2	2.0	.7	10 821	90	14 931	85
1986	83 003	75 587	100.0	17.5	11.1	21.1	13.7	18.6	15.6	1.8	.6	10 231	79	14 327	79
1985	82 345	74 640	100.0	18.2	11.4	21.1	14.1	18.3	14.6	1.6	.6	9 880	79	13 855	77
1984	81 603	73 977	100.0	18.7	11.4	21.4	14.0	18.4	14.0	1.5	.5	9 664	67	13 465	72
1983 ²	80 901	72 643	100.0	19.4	11.5	21.2	14.6	18.5	13.0	1.3	.5	9 455	(NA)	13 079	(NA)
1982	80 066	71 624	100.0	20.4	11.6	21.9	13.7	18.9	12.0	1.1	.4	9 019	63	12 538	68
1981	79 591	71 566	100.0	20.6	12.1	22.3	14.0	18.7	11.3	.9	.2	8 851	67	12 059	63
1980	78 766	70 573	100.0	21.0	12.4	21.7	14.3	18.4	11.0	.9	.3	8 686	63	11 969	65
1979 ³	77 882	69 839	100.0	22.1	12.4	21.1	13.9	18.6	10.7	.8	.3	8 578	74	11 839	66
1978	77 091	62 695	100.0	19.1	13.6	21.8	14.7	18.6	10.9	.9	.3	8 813	81	12 055	69
1977	76 184	56 813	100.0	16.5	14.3	22.9	15.4	18.8	11.0	.7	.3	9 148	71	12 230	64
1976	75 239	55 026	100.0	17.5	14.5	23.2	14.9	18.8	10.2	.6	.3	8 772	75	11 966	63
1975	74 351	52 836	100.0	17.0	14.4	23.1	15.7	18.8	10.3	.6	.1	8 793	57	11 699	59
1974 ⁴	73 312	52 038	100.0	17.6	14.5	23.4	15.3	18.1	10.3	.6	.2	8 678	(NA)	11 702	(NA)
1973	72 248	49 741	100.0	18.1	15.3	22.3	13.7	19.4	10.3	.7	.2	8 642	(NA)	11 796	(NA)
1972	71 226	47 519	100.0	18.8	15.4	21.8	13.9	18.9	10.4	.6	.2	8 514	(NA)	11 746	(NA)
1971	70 293	45 941	100.0	19.3	15.8	20.5	15.2	19.1	9.3	.6	.3	8 207	(NA)	11 345	(NA)
1970	68 793	45 288	100.0	21.1	15.9	19.9	14.7	18.4	9.2	.5	.2	7 928	(NA)	11 144	(NA)
1969	67 680	44 025	100.0	21.2	16.5	19.4	14.9	18.8	8.5	.5	.2	8 003	(NA)	11 036	(NA)
1968	66 543	42 482	100.0	21.9	16.7	19.2	14.6	19.3	7.7	.4	.2	7 969	(NA)	10 736	(NA)
1967	66 240	41 045	100.0	23.8	17.2	18.9	14.2	18.5	6.5	.7	.3	7 384	(NA)	10 135	(NA)

Table D-3. Persons, by Total Money Income, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex: 1967 to 1993—Con.

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Persons 15 years old and over beginning with March 1980, and persons 14 years old and over as of March of the following year for previous years. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Race, Hispanic origin, sex, and year	Number (thous.)	With income													
		Percent distribution										Median income		Mean income	
		Total	\$1 to \$2,499 or less	\$2,500 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	
BLACK															
Male															
1993 ⁷	10 639	8 947	100.0	11.1	7.5	18.0	14.1	21.8	22.2	4.1	1.2	14 605	449	19 090	428
1992 ⁶	10 453	9 104	100.0	10.6	9.7	19.7	13.6	20.9	21.3	2.9	1.2	13 455	400	18 003	308
1991	10 252	8 943	100.0	10.3	9.8	18.5	15.1	20.1	21.9	3.3	1.0	13 752	355	18 101	286
1990	10 074	8 820	100.0	10.1	8.3	19.5	13.6	21.2	22.2	4.1	1.0	14 227	418	18 778	307
1989	9 948	8 806	100.0	9.6	8.5	18.9	13.6	23.4	21.4	3.7	1.0	14 694	355	18 816	306
1988	9 809	8 610	100.0	10.7	7.7	12.8	20.7	23.1	3.7	1.4	14 711	332	18 331	359	
1987 ¹	9 668	8 488	100.0	10.0	8.5	19.3	14.6	20.7	22.5	3.5	1.0	14 266	265	18 537	308
1986	9 472	8 285	100.0	9.8	9.9	18.2	15.3	20.3	22.1	3.5	.9	14 268	282	18 275	291
1985	9 309	8 127	100.0	10.4	9.4	18.3	14.4	22.6	21.3	2.7	.9	14 461	317	17 963	293
1984	9 141	7 851	100.0	11.7	8.9	21.1	13.8	20.8	20.4	2.7	.6	13 140	370	16 855	253
1983 ²	8 986	7 587	100.0	12.5	9.6	18.7	14.8	21.5	19.7	2.7	.5	13 086	(NA)	16 763	(NA)
1982	8 757	7 290	100.0	11.3	10.4	18.2	14.2	22.6	21.0	1.7	.6	13 359	351	16 702	261
1981	8 614	7 459	100.0	11.2	10.0	18.7	13.8	22.0	22.0	2.0	.3	13 634	311	16 889	239
1980	8 448	7 387	100.0	11.3	9.5	18.4	13.4	22.6	21.8	2.4	.5	14 062	318	17 282	256
1979 ³	8 292	7 288	100.0	9.6	9.6	18.8	12.0	22.8	23.8	2.6	.6	14 874	301	18 092	268
1978	8 148	6 971	100.0	10.0	10.1	17.2	15.0	19.1	24.9	3.2	.6	14 688	308	18 284	278
1977	8 057	6 777	100.0	10.7	9.0	16.9	16.6	20.8	22.7	2.6	.7	14 386	247	17 704	219
1976	7 914	6 651	100.0	10.9	9.4	18.1	13.8	22.7	22.7	1.9	.6	14 555	292	17 466	224
1975	7 720	6 485	100.0	9.7	9.7	18.3	14.4	22.1	23.9	1.4	.4	14 296	273	17 055	198
1974 ⁴	7 507	6 409	100.0	10.1	8.8	17.7	13.8	23.0	24.0	2.2	.3	15 274	(NA)	17 591	(NA)
1973	7 415	6 394	100.0	10.8	8.8	16.1	12.9	25.2	23.9	1.9	.5	15 653	(NA)	17 952	(NA)
1972	7 200	6 043	100.0	11.2	9.3	16.0	13.4	23.3	24.7	1.8	.5	15 404	(NA)	17 727	(NA)
1971	7 041	6 024	100.0	11.7	9.9	15.8	15.0	24.6	21.4	1.3	.3	14 470	(NA)	16 388	(NA)
1970	6 796	5 844	100.0	12.0	10.4	14.3	15.6	25.1	21.1	1.1	.3	14 544	(NA)	16 385	(NA)
1969	6 637	5 870	100.0	12.3	10.7	14.4	15.7	24.3	21.4	1.1	.1	14 432	(NA)	15 994	(NA)
1968	6 456	5 715	100.0	13.0	11.3	14.5	14.1	27.6	18.6	.7	.3	14 251	(NA)	15 401	(NA)
1967	6 318	5 572	100.0	13.7	11.4	15.7	16.2	27.1	14.7	.8	.3	13 319	(NA)	14 713	(NA)
Female															
1993 ⁷	12 872	11 267	100.0	11.8	14.7	25.3	14.7	17.7	13.8	1.5	.5	9 508	207	13 764	267
1992 ⁶	12 677	11 076	100.0	12.9	14.4	25.9	14.4	16.6	14.1	1.5	.2	9 153	223	13 151	188
1991	12 288	10 727	100.0	11.3	14.6	27.2	13.8	17.9	13.6	1.2	.4	9 353	207	13 421	203
1990	12 124	10 687	100.0	12.1	15.8	25.6	14.1	16.9	13.7	1.4	.4	9 207	228	13 321	205
1989	11 966	10 577	100.0	12.7	14.8	25.4	12.9	18.1	14.4	1.5	.3	9 177	279	13 623	210
1988	11 786	10 380	100.0	12.5	15.1	25.9	14.2	17.5	13.4	1.1	.2	8 977	177	13 071	208
1987 ¹	11 663	10 164	100.0	12.4	15.7	26.8	13.2	17.8	12.9	1.0	.2	8 839	174	12 664	183
1986	11 447	9 819	100.0	13.5	15.9	26.5	13.6	17.0	12.2	.9	.3	8 657	166	12 575	207
1985	11 263	9 611	100.0	12.6	17.1	27.5	13.4	16.7	11.9	.6	.1	8 430	183	12 098	175
1984	11 092	9 460	100.0	13.5	15.3	27.4	14.9	16.2	11.9	.7	.1	8 573	192	11 991	166
1983 ²	10 911	9 107	100.0	14.2	16.8	26.4	14.7	16.9	10.2	.6	.1	8 080	(NA)	11 476	(NA)
1982	10 687	8 921	100.0	14.3	17.1	27.3	13.4	18.6	9.0	.3	.1	7 955	190	11 108	156
1981	10 511	8 829	100.0	14.9	17.2	27.6	14.5	17.2	8.3	.3	-.1	7 863	165	10 790	151
1980	10 317	8 596	100.0	14.2	16.6	27.6	15.0	17.1	9.0	.4	.1	8 041	193	11 109	156
1979 ³	10 108	8 533	100.0	15.5	18.1	25.7	13.7	17.2	9.2	.5	-.1	7 807	172	11 023	160
1978	9 902	7 959	100.0	12.7	19.0	26.8	15.1	17.1	9.1	.3	.1	7 936	180	11 158	163
1977	9 684	7 562	100.0	14.0	18.3	26.8	15.8	15.7	9.2	.3	-.1	7 899	121	10 982	137
1976	9 484	7 188	100.0	12.1	18.5	27.5	15.9	17.5	8.1	.3	-.1	8 266	126	11 056	131
1975	9 269	6 969	100.0	13.7	17.2	28.0	15.3	17.5	8.0	.2	-.1	7 989	141	10 629	126
1974 ⁴	9 047	6 779	100.0	14.8	17.7	27.3	15.5	16.3	8.1	.3	-.1	7 835	(NA)	10 466	(NA)
1973	8 839	6 513	100.0	16.2	18.3	25.3	16.1	17.5	6.4	.2	-.1	7 801	(NA)	10 274	(NA)
1972	8 616	6 274	100.0	15.0	19.2	25.7	15.3	16.9	7.6	.3	-.1	7 954	(NA)	10 590	(NA)
1971	8 428	6 151	100.0	17.4	20.3	24.8	15.5	15.4	6.5	.1	-.1	7 191	(NA)	9 709	(NA)
1970	8 041	5 844	100.0	18.5	19.3	24.0	17.6	14.6	5.8	.2	-.1	7 218	(NA)	9 597	(NA)
1969	7 841	5 728	100.0	21.9	19.3	23.3	16.9	13.7	4.7	.1	-.1	6 748	(NA)	8 978	(NA)
1968	7 636	5 629	100.0	23.5	20.3	23.3	14.6	14.3	4.0	-.1	-.1	6 320	(NA)	8 463	(NA)
1967	7 461	5 397	100.0	26.0	20.4	23.1	14.8	12.0	3.1	.5	-.1	5 812	(NA)	8 248	(NA)

Table D-3. Persons, by Total Money Income, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex: 1967 to 1993—Con.

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Persons 15 years old and over beginning with March 1980, and persons 14 years old and over as of March of the following year for previous years. For meaning of symbols, see text]

Race, Hispanic origin, sex, and year	Number (thous.)	With income											
		Percent distribution										Median income	
		Total	\$1 to \$2,499 or less	\$2,500 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)
HISPANIC ORIGIN⁵													
Male													
1993 ⁷	9 312	8 208	100.0	7.8	7.1	20.1	18.5	23.1	18.4	3.5	1.4	13 689	329
1992 ⁸	8 996	8 056	100.0	7.8	7.2	21.2	18.1	22.7	18.7	3.1	1.3	13 809	315
1991	7 738	6 939	100.0	6.8	6.0	20.2	18.8	22.3	21.4	3.2	1.3	14 660	367
1990	7 502	6 767	100.0	7.0	7.0	19.2	17.7	23.7	20.6	3.4	1.4	14 892	349
1989	7 254	6 592	100.0	7.5	6.3	17.1	17.3	25.9	20.3	3.7	1.8	15 615	386
1988	7 012	6 342	100.0	7.6	7.1	16.5	16.9	25.1	21.9	3.4	1.6	15 916	486
1987 ¹	6 768	6 102	100.0	6.3	6.7	18.2	16.6	23.3	22.7	4.5	1.7	15 557	267
1986	6 517	5 870	100.0	8.0	7.2	18.0	16.9	22.5	21.8	4.4	1.2	15 204	269
1985	6 232	5 523	100.0	7.8	7.4	17.7	17.1	22.3	22.8	3.7	1.1	15 355	321
1984	5 809	5 174	100.0	8.7	7.9	17.7	15.3	21.6	23.8	3.8	1.2	15 439	424
1983 ²	5 633	4 236	100.0	8.4	7.0	17.1	16.1	24.9	22.2	3.3	.9	15 728	451
1982	4 592	4 092	100.0	8.7	6.8	17.0	14.9	26.0	22.3	3.0	1.3	15 827	385
1981	4 557	4 131	100.0	7.9	7.2	15.3	16.0	24.4	24.6	3.5	.9	16 363	449
1980	4 429	3 996	100.0	8.1	6.2	14.9	16.1	25.7	24.8	3.0	1.2	16 959	536
1979 ³	4 196	3 852	100.0	7.6	7.3	14.6	13.8	25.9	26.1	3.2	1.4	17 322	558
1978	3 880	3 447	100.0	7.8	6.6	13.2	14.6	25.8	27.4	3.4	1.2	17 939	499
1977	3 848	3 376	100.0	7.9	6.4	14.0	14.3	26.1	26.8	3.5	1.0	17 827	407
1976	3 526	3 099	100.0	9.3	6.8	14.3	14.6	25.6	25.5	3.2	.7	17 150	494
1975	3 415	2 945	100.0	8.3	6.9	14.0	14.0	27.9	25.6	2.5	.8	17 425	453
1974 ⁴	3 519	3 052	100.0	8.6	6.7	13.6	14.3	25.7	27.1	2.8	1.1	17 939	499
1973	3 433	2 867	100.0	9.1	5.6	12.4	11.4	29.4	26.5	2.9	.7	18 981	(NA)
1972	3 204	2 709	100.0	8.0	6.9	12.6	13.9	25.5	29.8	2.2	1.1	18 831	(NA)
Female													
1993 ⁷	9 146	7 053	100.0	16.3	14.5	27.1	15.3	15.7	9.8	1.0	.4	8 100	232
1992 ⁸	8 815	6 749	100.0	16.7	13.8	26.3	16.1	14.7	11.0	.9	.4	8 557	228
1991	7 806	6 084	100.0	17.0	13.9	26.8	15.6	15.6	9.8	1.0	.3	8 501	232
1990	7 559	5 903	100.0	17.7	14.1	25.5	15.4	15.9	10.1	1.0	.3	8 327	240
1989	7 323	5 677	100.0	18.2	13.2	23.6	15.3	17.1	11.3	1.0	.3	8 911	273
1988	7 045	5 532	100.0	19.2	13.7	24.3	15.3	15.3	10.8	.9	.4	8 538	271
1987 ¹	6 835	5 357	100.0	18.1	14.1	25.7	13.9	16.6	10.4	.9	.4	8 433	215
1986	6 588	5 096	100.0	18.5	13.8	25.6	14.1	16.6	10.5	.7	.2	8 356	236
1985	6 366	4 843	100.0	18.8	14.6	25.6	14.9	16.3	9.1	.5	.1	8 084	227
1984	5 967	4 617	100.0	19.5	13.7	25.3	14.9	17.3	8.5	.6	.2	8 108	275
1983 ²	5 790	4 098	100.0	19.9	14.4	25.4	16.4	15.4	7.7	.7	.2	7 792	(NA)
1982	5 119	3 832	100.0	20.7	14.2	25.1	15.1	16.8	7.5	.4	.1	7 769	311
1981	4 955	3 787	100.0	20.6	14.5	24.7	15.8	16.9	7.0	.4	.1	8 115	305
1980	4 734	3 617	100.0	21.0	14.7	25.1	17.4	15.0	6.3	.3	.1	7 734	328
1979 ³	4 501	3 495	100.0	20.6	14.6	23.8	17.5	16.0	7.0	.4	.1	8 104	344
1978	4 178	2 949	100.0	18.0	15.7	24.9	18.2	15.9	6.7	.4	.1	8 109	330
1977	4 212	2 780	100.0	17.3	15.8	25.4	18.5	16.2	6.5	.1	.1	8 389	304
1976	3 922	2 568	100.0	17.6	16.3	25.0	19.7	16.7	4.4	.3	-.1	8 171	292
1975	3 777	2 380	100.0	17.1	16.8	25.1	19.5	16.3	5.0	.1	-.1	8 233	285
1974 ⁴	3 743	2 353	100.0	17.1	15.0	25.9	20.2	16.3	5.3	.1	-.1	8 375	9 765
1973	3 752	2 154	100.0	18.6	14.1	26.6	16.5	17.9	5.9	.3	.1	8 119	(NA)
1972	3 511	1 928	100.0	18.5	14.8	24.8	19.7	15.8	6.3	.3	-.1	8 615	(NA)

Table D-3. Persons, by Total Money Income, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex: 1967 to 1993—Con.

[Income in 1993 CPI-U-X1 adjusted dollars. Persons 15 years old and over beginning with March 1980, and persons 14 years old and over as of March of the following year for previous years. For meaning of symbols, see text.]

Race, Hispanic origin, sex, and year	Number (thous.)	With income											Median income		Mean income	
		Percent distribution											Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)	Value (dollars)	Standard error (dollars)
		Total	\$1 to \$2,499 or less	\$2,500 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$74,999	\$75,000 and over						
WHITE, NOT HISPANIC ORIGIN																
Male																
1993 ⁷	73 580	70 179	100.0	6.4	4.2	10.4	11.6	20.4	31.0	9.9	6.2	23 171	173	31 393	246	
1992 ⁶	72 761	69 907	100.0	6.3	4.2	11.0	11.4	20.4	31.3	9.6	5.6	23 070	132	29 950	171	
1991	72 682	69 976	100.0	5.7	4.3	10.9	11.5	20.2	32.2	9.5	5.7	23 525	124	30 124	169	
1990	72 352	69 987	100.0	5.8	4.0	10.7	10.6	20.6	32.5	10.1	5.8	24 276	124	31 009	179	
1989	71 972	69 558	100.0	5.7	4.1	10.2	10.3	19.7	33.0	10.7	6.4	25 241	135	32 346	193	
1988	71 492	69 143	100.0	6.0	4.3	10.2	10.2	19.7	33.1	10.7	5.7	25 288	142	31 482	178	
1987 ¹	71 224	68 762	100.0	6.2	4.4	10.0	10.2	19.4	32.9	11.0	5.8	25 051	177	31 060	176	
1986	70 888	68 131	100.0	6.5	4.3	10.5	10.0	19.1	33.3	10.8	5.5	24 881	161	30 855	173	
1985	70 624	67 859	100.0	6.8	4.8	10.7	10.7	19.4	32.4	10.0	5.0	23 759	161	29 651	164	
1984	69 835	67 126	100.0	7.0	4.9	11.2	10.5	18.7	33.2	9.8	4.7	23 583	152	28 828	150	
1983 ²	69 303	66 350	100.0	7.7	5.1	10.9	11.0	19.7	32.0	9.4	4.4	23 029	145	28 050	148	
1982	69 559	66 476	100.0	7.7	5.0	11.2	10.0	20.7	32.3	8.5	4.5	22 862	153	27 797	145	
1981	68 849	66 327	100.0	7.2	5.2	11.1	10.2	19.6	33.8	8.7	4.1	23 531	175	28 056	146	
1980	68 176	65 564	100.0	6.6	4.6	11.0	10.5	19.5	34.8	8.1	4.1	24 021	183	28 491	147	
1979 ³	67 823	65 506	100.0	6.4	4.8	11.0	9.6	18.9	35.4	8.3	4.6	24 534	182	29 513	156	
1978	67 528	63 916	100.0	7.0	4.7	10.8	9.8	18.1	35.2	9.8	4.6	24 779	148	29 568	163	
1977	66 665	62 678	100.0	7.3	4.9	10.8	9.9	17.9	35.3	9.5	4.3	24 734	153	29 097	165	
1976	66 125	61 921	100.0	7.3	4.8	10.8	10.1	18.9	35.2	9.0	3.8	24 616	153	28 637	161	
1975	65 251	60 755	100.0	7.1	4.6	11.0	10.1	18.6	36.0	8.9	3.7	24 462	167	28 239	162	
1974 ⁴	64 233	60 397	100.0	7.2	4.8	10.5	9.6	17.8	36.6	8.4	4.1	25 172	173	28 875	161	
1973	63 207	59 151	100.0	7.1	4.9	9.8	8.6	18.0	37.5	9.4	4.7	26 249	159	30 005	153	
1972	62 273	57 870	100.0	7.0	5.1	10.2	8.7	17.8	37.8	9.0	4.4	25 720	156	29 622	156	
Female																
1993 ⁷	78 477	73 128	100.0	14.1	10.0	20.4	14.4	19.6	17.5	2.9	1.0	11 599	82	16 396	122	
1992 ⁶	77 820	72 559	100.0	14.4	10.2	20.4	14.7	19.4	17.7	2.4	1.0	11 589	83	15 967	95	
1991	78 081	72 959	100.0	14.3	9.9	20.7	15.0	19.4	17.3	2.4	.9	11 671	83	15 884	90	
1990	77 796	72 939	100.0	14.9	10.4	19.8	14.4	19.8	17.3	2.5	.9	11 698	90	15 939	93	
1989	77 500	72 509	100.0	15.2	10.4	19.8	14.0	20.1	17.3	2.4	.9	11 668	93	15 840	92	
1988	77 296	72 216	100.0	16.0	10.3	20.5	13.8	19.4	16.9	2.3	.8	11 379	100	15 532	93	
1987 ¹	76 983	71 817	100.0	16.2	10.7	20.3	14.0	19.5	16.6	2.1	.7	11 064	98	15 153	92	
1986	76 641	70 671	100.0	17.4	10.9	20.8	13.7	18.8	15.9	1.9	.7	10 404	104	14 530	87	
1985	76 199	69 972	100.0	18.2	11.2	20.8	14.1	18.5	15.0	1.7	.6	9 989	71	14 052	83	
1984	75 804	69 497	100.0	18.6	11.3	21.2	14.0	18.5	14.4	1.5	.5	9 819	72	13 635	83	
1983 ²	75 274	68 380	100.0	19.4	11.3	20.9	14.5	18.7	13.3	1.4	.5	9 664	77	13 243	80	
1982	75 083	67 894	100.0	20.4	11.5	21.7	13.6	19.0	12.2	1.1	.4	9 288	77	12 662	77	
1981	74 787	67 889	100.0	20.5	11.9	22.1	14.0	18.8	11.5	.9	.3	9 010	83	12 160	71	
1980	74 193	67 084	100.0	21.0	12.2	21.6	14.1	18.6	11.2	.9	.3	8 744	68	12 083	74	
1979 ³	73 535	66 447	100.0	22.2	12.3	21.0	13.8	18.8	10.9	.8	.3	8 801	68	11 919	74	
1978	73 030	59 833	100.0	19.2	13.5	21.7	14.5	18.7	11.1	.9	.3	9 203	75	12 142	77	
1977	72 104	54 110	100.0	16.5	14.2	22.8	15.2	19.0	11.3	.8	.3	9 566	80	12 331	80	
1976	71 425	52 538	100.0	17.5	14.4	23.1	14.7	18.9	10.5	.6	.3	9 373	85	12 064	80	
1975	70 686	50 626	100.0	17.0	14.3	23.0	15.5	18.9	10.5	.7	.2	9 297	90	11 789	75	
1974 ⁴	69 666	49 757	100.0	17.6	14.4	23.3	15.1	18.2	10.5	.7	.2	9 113	97	11 766	81	
1973	68 605	47 526	100.0	18.0	15.4	22.1	13.6	19.5	10.5	.7	.2	8 826	101	11 866	73	
1972	67 815	45 594	100.0	18.8	15.4	21.7	13.7	19.0	10.6	.6	.3	8 592	111	11 820	78	

¹Implementation of a new March CPS processing system.

²Implementation of Hispanic population controls.

³Implementation of 1980 census population controls.

⁴Implementation of a new March CPS processing system.

⁵Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Income data for persons of Hispanic origin are not available prior to 1972.

⁶Based on 1990 census adjusted population controls.

⁷Data collection method changed from paper and pencil to computer-assisted interviewing; earnings limits increased to \$999,999; Social Security limits increased to \$49,999; SSI and public assistance limits increased to \$24,999; Veterans' Benefits limits increased to \$99,999; child support and alimony limits decreased to \$49,999.

**Table D-4. Poverty Status of Persons, by Family Relationship, Race, and Hispanic Origin:
1959 to 1993**

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All persons			Persons in families						Unrelated individuals		
	Total	Below poverty level		All families			Families with female householder, no husband present			Total	Below poverty level	
		Number		Percent		Number		Percent			Number	
		Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number
ALL RACES												
1993.....	259,278	39,265	15.1	219,489	29,927	13.6	37,861	14,636	38.7	38,038	8,388	22.1
1992'.....	256,549	38,014	14.8	217,936	28,961	13.3	36,446	14,205	39.0	36,842	8,075	21.9
1991.....	251,179	35,708	14.2	212,716	27,143	12.8	34,790	13,824	39.7	36,839	7,773	21.1
1990.....	248,644	33,585	13.5	210,967	25,232	12.0	33,795	12,578	37.2	36,056	7,446	20.7
1989.....	245,992	31,528	12.8	209,515	24,066	11.5	32,525	11,668	35.9	35,185	6,760	19.2
1988'.....	243,530	31,745	13.0	208,056	24,048	11.6	32,164	11,972	37.2	34,340	7,070	20.6
1987'.....	240,982	32,221	13.4	206,877	24,725	12.0	31,893	12,148	38.1	32,992	6,857	20.8
1986.....	238,554	32,370	13.6	205,459	24,754	12.0	31,152	11,944	38.3	31,679	6,846	21.6
1985.....	236,594	33,064	14.0	203,963	25,729	12.6	30,878	11,600	37.6	31,351	6,725	21.5
1984.....	233,816	33,700	14.4	202,288	26,458	13.1	30,844	11,831	38.4	30,268	6,609	21.8
1983.....	231,700	35,303	15.2	201,338	27,933	13.9	30,049	12,072	40.2	29,158	6,740	23.1
1982.....	229,412	34,398	15.0	200,385	27,349	13.6	28,834	11,701	40.6	27,908	6,458	23.1
1981.....	227,157	31,822	14.0	198,541	24,850	12.5	28,587	11,051	38.7	27,714	6,490	23.4
1980.....	225,027	29,272	13.0	196,963	22,601	11.5	27,565	10,120	36.7	27,133	6,227	22.9
1979.....	222,903	26,072	11.7	195,860	19,964	10.2	26,927	9,400	34.9	26,170	5,743	21.9
1978.....	215,656	24,497	11.4	191,071	19,062	10.0	26,032	9,269	35.6	24,585	5,435	22.1
1977.....	213,867	24,720	11.6	190,757	19,505	10.2	25,404	9,205	36.2	23,110	5,216	22.6
1976.....	212,303	24,975	11.8	190,844	19,632	10.3	24,204	9,029	37.3	21,459	5,344	24.9
1975.....	210,864	25,877	12.3	190,630	20,789	10.9	23,580	8,846	37.5	20,234	5,088	25.1
1974.....	209,362	23,370	11.2	190,436	18,817	9.9	23,165	8,462	36.5	18,926	4,553	24.1
1973.....	207,621	22,973	11.1	189,361	18,299	9.7	21,823	8,178	37.5	18,260	4,674	25.6
1972.....	206,004	24,460	11.9	189,193	19,577	10.3	21,264	8,114	38.2	16,811	4,883	29.0
1971.....	204,554	25,559	12.5	188,242	20,405	10.8	20,153	7,797	38.7	16,311	5,154	31.6
1970.....	202,183	25,420	12.6	186,692	20,330	10.9	19,673	7,503	38.1	15,491	5,090	32.9
1969.....	199,517	24,147	12.1	184,891	19,175	10.4	17,995	6,879	38.2	14,626	4,972	34.0
1968.....	197,628	25,389	12.8	183,825	20,695	11.3	18,048	6,990	38.7	13,803	4,694	34.0
1967.....	195,672	27,769	14.2	182,558	22,771	12.5	17,788	6,898	38.8	13,114	4,998	38.1
1966.....	193,388	28,510	14.7	181,117	23,809	13.1	17,240	6,861	39.8	12,271	4,701	38.3
1965.....	191,413	33,185	17.3	179,281	28,358	15.8	16,371	7,524	46.0	12,132	4,827	39.8
1964.....	189,710	36,055	19.0	177,653	30,912	17.4	(NA)	7,297	44.4	12,057	5,143	42.7
1963.....	187,258	36,436	19.5	176,076	31,498	17.9	(NA)	7,646	47.7	11,182	4,938	44.2
1962.....	184,276	38,625	21.0	173,263	33,623	19.4	(NA)	7,781	50.3	11,013	5,002	45.4
1961.....	181,277	39,628	21.9	170,131	34,509	20.3	(NA)	7,252	48.1	11,146	5,119	45.9
1960.....	179,503	39,851	22.2	168,615	34,925	20.7	(NA)	7,247	48.9	10,888	4,926	45.2
1959.....	176,557	39,490	22.4	165,858	34,562	20.8	(NA)	7,014	49.4	10,699	4,928	46.1

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table D-4. Poverty Status of Persons, by Family Relationship, Race, and Hispanic Origin:
1959 to 1993—Con.**

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All persons			Persons in families						Unrelated individuals		
	Total	Below poverty level		All families			Families with female householder, no husband present			Total	Below poverty level	
				Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level				
		Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number
WHITE												
1993.....	214,899	26,226	12.2	181,330	18,968	10.5	23,224	7,199	31.0	32,112	6,443	20.1
1992'	213,060	25,259	11.9	180,409	18,294	10.1	22,453	6,907	30.8	31,170	6,147	19.7
1991.....	210,121	23,747	11.3	177,613	17,268	9.7	21,604	6,806	31.5	31,201	5,872	18.8
1990.....	208,611	22,326	10.7	176,504	15,916	9.0	20,845	6,210	29.8	30,833	5,739	18.6
1989.....	206,853	20,785	10.0	175,857	15,179	8.6	20,362	5,723	28.1	29,993	5,063	16.9
1988'	205,235	20,715	10.1	175,111	15,001	8.6	20,396	5,950	29.2	29,315	5,314	18.1
1987'	203,605	21,195	10.4	174,488	15,593	8.9	20,244	5,989	29.6	28,290	5,174	18.3
1986.....	202,282	22,183	11.0	174,024	16,393	9.4	20,163	6,171	30.6	27,143	5,198	19.2
1985.....	200,918	22,860	11.4	172,863	17,125	9.9	20,105	5,990	29.8	27,067	5,299	19.6
1984.....	198,941	22,955	11.5	171,839	17,299	10.1	19,727	5,866	29.7	26,094	5,181	19.9
1983.....	197,496	23,984	12.1	171,407	18,377	10.7	19,256	6,017	31.2	25,206	5,189	20.6
1982.....	195,919	23,517	12.0	170,748	18,015	10.6	18,374	5,686	30.9	24,300	5,041	20.7
1981.....	194,504	21,553	11.1	169,868	16,127	9.5	18,795	5,600	29.8	23,913	5,061	21.2
1980.....	192,912	19,699	10.2	168,756	14,587	8.6	17,642	4,940	28.0	23,370	4,760	20.4
1979.....	191,742	17,214	9.0	168,461	12,495	7.4	17,349	4,375	25.2	22,587	4,452	19.7
1978.....	186,450	16,259	8.7	165,193	12,050	7.3	16,877	4,371	25.9	21,257	4,209	19.8
1977.....	185,254	16,416	8.9	165,385	12,364	7.5	16,721	4,474	26.8	19,869	4,051	20.4
1976.....	184,165	16,713	9.1	165,571	12,500	7.5	15,941	4,463	28.0	18,594	4,213	22.7
1975.....	183,164	17,770	9.7	165,661	13,799	8.3	15,577	4,577	29.4	17,503	3,972	22.7
1974.....	182,376	15,736	8.6	166,081	12,181	7.3	15,433	4,278	27.7	16,295	3,555	21.8
1973.....	181,185	15,142	8.4	165,424	11,412	6.9	14,303	4,003	28.0	15,761	3,730	23.7
1972.....	180,125	16,203	9.0	165,630	12,268	7.4	13,739	3,770	27.4	14,495	3,935	27.1
1971.....	179,398	17,780	9.9	165,184	13,566	8.2	13,502	4,099	30.4	14,214	4,214	29.6
1970.....	177,376	17,484	9.9	163,875	13,323	8.1	13,226	3,761	28.4	13,500	4,161	30.8
1969.....	175,349	16,659	9.5	162,779	12,623	7.8	12,285	3,577	29.1	12,570	4,036	32.1
1968.....	173,732	17,395	10.0	161,777	13,546	8.4	12,190	3,551	29.1	11,955	3,849	32.2
1967.....	172,038	18,983	11.0	160,720	14,851	9.2	12,131	3,453	28.5	11,318	4,132	36.5
1966.....	170,247	19,290	11.3	159,561	15,430	9.7	12,261	3,646	29.7	10,686	3,860	36.1
1965.....	168,732	22,496	13.3	158,255	18,508	11.7	11,573	4,092	35.4	10,477	3,988	38.1
1964.....	167,313	24,957	14.9	156,898	20,716	13.2	(NA)	3,911	33.4	10,415	4,241	40.7
1963.....	165,309	25,238	15.3	155,584	21,149	13.6	(NA)	4,051	35.6	9,725	4,089	42.0
1962.....	162,842	26,672	16.4	153,348	22,613	14.7	(NA)	4,089	37.9	9,494	4,059	42.7
1961.....	160,306	27,890	17.4	150,717	23,747	15.8	(NA)	4,062	37.6	9,589	4,143	43.2
1960.....	158,863	28,309	17.8	149,458	24,262	16.2	(NA)	4,296	39.0	9,405	4,047	43.0
1959.....	156,956	28,484	18.1	147,802	24,443	16.5	(NA)	4,232	40.2	9,154	4,041	44.1

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table D-4. Poverty Status of Persons, by Family Relationship, Race, and Hispanic Origin:
1959 to 1993—Con.**

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All persons			Persons in families						Unrelated individuals			
	Total	Below poverty level		All families			Families with female householder, no husband present			Total	Below poverty level		
				Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level					
		Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number	Percent
BLACK													
1993.....	32,910	10,877	33.1	28,106	9,242	32.9	13,132	6,955	53.0	4,608	1,541	33.4	
1992'.....	32,411	10,827	33.4	27,790	9,134	32.9	12,591	6,799	54.0	4,410	1,569	35.6	
1991.....	31,312	10,242	32.7	26,564	8,504	32.0	11,959	6,557	54.8	4,505	1,590	35.3	
1990.....	30,806	9,837	31.9	26,296	8,160	31.0	11,866	6,005	50.6	4,244	1,491	35.1	
1989.....	30,332	9,302	30.7	25,931	7,704	29.7	11,190	5,530	49.4	4,180	1,471	35.2	
1988'.....	29,849	9,356	31.3	25,484	7,650	30.0	10,794	5,601	51.9	4,095	1,509	36.8	
1987'.....	29,362	9,520	32.4	25,128	7,848	31.2	10,701	5,789	54.1	3,977	1,471	37.0	
1986.....	28,871	8,983	31.1	24,910	7,410	29.7	10,175	5,473	53.8	3,714	1,431	38.5	
1985.....	28,485	8,926	31.3	24,620	7,504	30.5	10,041	5,342	53.2	3,641	1,264	34.7	
1984.....	28,087	9,490	33.8	24,387	8,104	33.2	10,384	5,666	54.6	3,501	1,255	35.8	
1983.....	27,678	9,882	35.7	24,138	8,376	34.7	10,059	5,736	57.0	3,287	1,338	40.7	
1982.....	27,216	9,697	35.6	23,948	8,355	34.9	9,699	5,698	58.8	3,051	1,229	40.3	
1981.....	26,834	9,173	34.2	23,423	7,780	33.2	9,214	5,222	56.7	3,277	1,296	39.6	
1980.....	26,408	8,579	32.5	23,084	7,190	31.1	9,338	4,984	53.4	3,208	1,314	41.0	
1979.....	25,944	8,050	31.0	22,666	6,800	30.0	9,065	4,816	53.1	3,127	1,168	37.3	
1978.....	24,956	7,625	30.6	22,027	6,493	29.5	8,689	4,712	54.2	2,929	1,132	38.6	
1977.....	24,710	7,726	31.3	21,850	6,667	30.5	8,315	4,595	55.3	2,860	1,059	37.0	
1976.....	24,399	7,595	31.1	21,840	6,576	30.1	7,926	4,415	55.7	2,559	1,019	39.8	
1975.....	24,089	7,545	31.3	21,687	6,533	30.1	7,679	4,168	54.3	2,402	1,011	42.1	
1974.....	23,699	7,182	30.3	21,341	6,255	29.3	7,483	4,116	55.0	2,359	927	39.3	
1973.....	23,512	7,388	31.4	21,328	6,560	30.8	7,188	4,064	56.5	2,183	828	37.9	
1972.....	23,144	7,710	33.3	21,116	6,841	32.4	7,125	4,139	58.1	2,028	870	42.9	
1971.....	22,784	7,396	32.5	20,900	6,530	31.2	6,398	3,587	56.1	1,884	866	46.0	
1970.....	22,515	7,548	33.5	20,724	6,683	32.2	6,225	3,656	58.7	1,791	865	48.3	
1969.....	22,011	7,095	32.2	20,192	6,245	30.9	5,537	3,225	58.2	1,819	850	46.7	
1968.....	21,944	7,616	34.7	(NA)	6,839	33.7	(NA)	3,312	58.9	(NA)	777	46.3	
1967.....	21,590	8,486	39.3	(NA)	7,677	38.4	(NA)	3,362	61.6	(NA)	809	49.3	
1966.....	21,206	8,867	41.8	(NA)	8,090	40.9	(NA)	3,160	65.3	(NA)	777	54.4	
1959.....	18,013	9,927	55.1	(NA)	9,112	54.9	(NA)	2,416	70.6	1,430	815	57.0	

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table D-4. Poverty Status of Persons, by Family Relationship, Race, and Hispanic Origin:
1959 to 1993—Con.**

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All persons			Persons in families						Unrelated individuals				
	Total	Below poverty level		All families			Families with female householder, no husband present			Total	Below poverty level			
		Number	Percent	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Number	Percent		Total	Number	Percent	
					Number	Percent								
HISPANIC ORIGIN¹														
1993.....	26,559	8,126	30.6	23,439	6,876	29.3	5,333	2,837	53.2	2,717	972	35.8		
1992 ^t	25,646	7,592	29.6	22,695	6,455	28.4	4,806	2,474	51.5	2,577	881	34.2		
1991.....	22,068	6,339	28.7	19,657	5,541	28.2	4,326	2,282	52.7	2,145	667	31.1		
1990.....	21,405	6,006	28.1	18,912	5,091	26.9	3,993	2,115	53.0	2,254	774	34.3		
1989.....	20,746	5,430	26.2	18,488	4,659	25.2	3,763	1,902	50.6	2,045	634	31.0		
1988 ^t	20,064	5,357	26.7	18,102	4,700	26.0	3,734	2,052	55.0	1,864	597	32.0		
1987 ^t	19,395	5,422	28.0	17,342	4,761	27.5	3,678	2,045	55.6	1,933	598	31.0		
1986.....	18,758	5,117	27.3	16,880	4,469	26.5	3,631	1,921	52.9	1,685	553	32.8		
1985.....	18,075	5,236	29.0	16,276	4,605	28.3	3,561	1,983	55.7	1,602	532	33.2		
1984.....	16,916	4,806	28.4	15,293	4,192	27.4	3,139	1,764	56.2	1,481	545	36.8		
1983.....	16,544	4,633	28.0	15,075	4,113	27.3	3,032	1,670	55.1	1,364	457	33.5		
1982.....	14,385	4,301	29.9	13,242	3,865	29.2	2,664	1,601	60.1	1,018	358	35.1		
1981.....	14,021	3,713	26.5	12,922	3,349	25.9	2,622	1,465	55.9	1,005	313	31.1		
1980.....	13,600	3,491	25.7	12,547	3,143	25.1	2,421	1,319	54.5	970	312	32.2		
1979.....	13,371	2,921	21.8	12,291	2,599	21.1	2,058	1,053	51.2	991	286	28.8		
1978.....	12,079	2,607	21.6	11,193	2,343	20.9	1,817	1,024	56.4	886	264	29.8		
1977.....	12,046	2,700	22.4	11,249	2,463	21.9	1,901	1,077	56.7	797	237	29.8		
1976.....	11,269	2,783	24.7	10,552	2,516	23.8	1,766	1,000	56.6	716	266	37.2		
1975.....	11,117	2,991	26.9	10,472	2,755	26.3	1,842	1,053	57.2	645	236	36.6		
1974.....	11,201	2,575	23.0	10,584	2,374	22.4	1,723	915	53.1	617	201	32.6		
1973.....	10,795	2,366	21.9	10,269	2,209	21.5	1,534	881	57.4	526	157	29.9		

¹For 1992, figures are based on 1990 census population controls. For 1987 and 1988, figures are based on new processing procedures and are also revised to reflect corrections to the files after publication of the 1988 advance report, *Money Income and Poverty Status in the United States: 1988*, P-60, No. 166.

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

NA Not available.

Note: Prior to 1979 persons in unrelated subfamilies were included in persons in families. Beginning in 1979 persons in unrelated subfamilies are included in all persons but are excluded from persons in families.

Table D-5. Poverty Status of Persons, by Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	Under 18 years						18 to 64 years			65 years and over				
	All persons			Related children in families			Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level			
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level			Number	Percent		Number	Percent		
		Total	Number		Total	Number								
ALL RACES														
1993.....	69,292	15,727	22.7	68,040	14,961	22.0	159,208	19,781	12.4	30,779	3,755	12.2		
1992'.....	68,440	15,294	22.3	67,256	14,521	21.6	157,680	18,793	11.9	30,430	3,928	12.9		
1991.....	65,918	14,341	21.8	64,800	13,658	21.1	154,671	17,585	11.4	30,590	3,781	12.4		
1990.....	65,049	13,431	20.6	63,908	12,715	19.9	153,502	16,496	10.7	30,093	3,658	12.2		
1989.....	64,144	12,590	19.6	63,225	12,001	19.0	152,282	15,575	10.2	29,566	3,363	11.4		
1988'.....	63,747	12,455	19.5	62,906	11,935	19.0	150,761	15,809	10.5	29,022	3,481	12.0		
1987'.....	63,294	12,843	20.3	62,423	12,275	19.7	149,201	15,815	10.6	28,487	3,563	12.5		
1986.....	62,948	12,876	20.5	62,009	12,257	19.8	147,631	16,017	10.8	27,975	3,477	12.4		
1985.....	62,876	13,010	20.7	62,019	12,483	20.1	146,396	16,598	11.3	27,322	3,456	12.6		
1984.....	62,447	13,420	21.5	61,681	12,929	21.0	144,551	16,952	11.7	26,818	3,330	12.4		
1983.....	62,334	13,911	22.3	61,578	13,427	21.8	143,052	17,767	12.4	26,313	3,625	13.8		
1982.....	62,345	13,647	21.9	61,565	13,139	21.3	141,328	17,000	12.0	25,738	3,751	14.6		
1981.....	62,449	12,505	20.0	61,756	12,068	19.5	139,477	15,464	11.1	25,231	3,853	15.3		
1980.....	62,914	11,543	18.3	62,168	11,114	17.9	137,428	13,858	10.1	24,686	3,871	15.7		
1979.....	63,375	10,377	16.4	62,646	9,993	16.0	135,333	12,014	8.9	24,194	3,682	15.2		
1978.....	62,311	9,931	15.9	61,987	9,722	15.7	130,169	11,332	8.7	23,175	3,233	14.0		
1977.....	63,137	10,288	16.2	62,823	10,028	16.0	128,262	11,316	8.8	22,468	3,177	14.1		
1976.....	64,028	10,273	16.0	63,729	10,081	15.8	126,175	11,389	9.0	22,100	3,313	15.0		
1975.....	65,079	11,104	17.1	64,750	10,882	16.8	124,122	11,456	9.2	21,662	3,317	15.3		
1974.....	66,134	10,156	15.4	65,802	9,967	15.1	122,101	10,132	8.3	21,127	3,085	14.6		
1973.....	66,959	9,642	14.4	66,626	9,453	14.2	120,060	9,977	8.3	20,602	3,354	16.3		
1972.....	67,930	10,284	15.1	67,592	10,082	14.9	117,957	10,438	8.8	20,117	3,738	18.6		
1971.....	68,816	10,551	15.3	68,474	10,344	15.1	115,911	10,735	9.3	19,827	4,273	21.6		
1970.....	69,159	10,440	15.1	68,815	10,235	14.9	113,554	10,187	9.0	19,470	4,793	24.6		
1969.....	69,090	9,691	14.0	68,746	9,501	13.8	111,528	9,669	8.7	18,899	4,787	25.3		
1968.....	70,385	10,954	15.6	70,035	10,739	15.3	108,684	9,803	9.0	18,559	4,632	25.0		
1967.....	70,408	11,656	16.6	70,058	11,427	16.3	107,024	10,725	10.0	18,240	5,388	29.5		
1966.....	70,218	12,389	17.6	69,869	12,146	17.4	105,241	11,007	10.5	17,929	5,114	28.5		
1965.....	69,986	14,676	21.0	69,638	14,388	20.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
1964.....	69,711	16,051	23.0	69,364	15,736	22.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
1963.....	69,181	16,005	23.1	68,837	15,691	22.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
1962.....	67,722	16,963	25.0	67,385	16,630	24.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
1961.....	66,121	16,909	25.6	65,792	16,577	25.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
1960.....	65,601	17,634	26.9	65,275	17,288	26.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)		
1959.....	64,315	17,552	27.3	63,995	17,208	26.9	96,685	16,457	17.0	15,557	5,481	35.2		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-5. Poverty Status of Persons, by Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	Under 18 years						18 to 64 years			65 years and over			
	All persons			Related children in families			Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		
	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Number	Percent				Number	Percent	
	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number		Total	Number	Total		Number		
WHITE													
1993.....	54,639	9,752	17.8	53,614	9,123	17.0	132,680	13,535	10.2	27,580	2,939	10.7	
1992'.....	54,110	9,399	17.4	53,110	8,752	16.5	131,694	12,871	9.8	27,256	2,989	11.0	
1991.....	52,523	8,848	16.8	51,627	8,316	16.1	130,300	12,098	9.3	27,297	2,802	10.3	
1990.....	51,929	8,232	15.9	51,028	7,696	15.1	129,784	11,387	8.8	26,898	2,707	10.1	
1989.....	51,400	7,599	14.8	50,704	7,164	14.1	128,974	10,647	8.3	26,479	2,539	9.6	
1988'.....	51,203	7,435	14.5	50,590	7,095	14.0	128,031	10,687	8.3	26,001	2,593	10.0	
1987'.....	51,012	7,788	15.3	50,360	7,398	14.7	126,991	10,703	8.4	25,602	2,704	10.6	
1986.....	51,111	8,209	16.1	50,356	7,714	15.3	125,998	11,285	9.0	25,173	2,689	10.7	
1985.....	51,031	8,253	16.2	50,358	7,838	15.6	125,258	11,909	9.5	24,629	2,698	11.0	
1984.....	50,814	8,472	16.7	50,192	8,086	16.1	123,922	11,904	9.6	24,206	2,579	10.7	
1983.....	50,726	8,862	17.5	50,183	8,534	17.0	123,014	12,347	10.0	23,754	2,776	11.7	
1982.....	50,920	8,678	17.0	50,305	8,282	16.5	121,766	11,971	9.8	23,234	2,870	12.4	
1981.....	51,140	7,785	15.2	50,553	7,429	14.7	120,574	10,790	8.9	22,791	2,978	13.1	
1980.....	51,653	7,181	13.9	51,002	6,817	13.4	118,935	9,478	8.0	22,325	3,042	13.6	
1979.....	52,262	6,193	11.8	51,687	5,909	11.4	117,583	8,110	6.9	21,898	2,911	13.3	
1978.....	51,669	5,831	11.3	51,409	5,674	11.0	113,832	7,897	6.9	20,950	2,530	12.1	
1977.....	52,563	6,097	11.6	52,299	5,943	11.4	112,374	7,893	7.0	20,316	2,426	11.9	
1976.....	53,428	6,189	11.6	53,167	6,034	11.3	110,717	7,890	7.1	20,020	2,633	13.2	
1975.....	54,405	6,927	12.7	54,126	6,748	12.5	109,105	8,210	7.5	19,654	2,634	13.4	
1974.....	55,590	6,223	11.2	55,320	6,079	11.0	107,579	7,053	6.6	19,206	2,460	12.8	
1973.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	56,211	5,462	9.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	2,698	14.4
1972.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	57,181	5,784	10.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3,072	16.8
1971.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	58,119	6,341	10.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3,605	19.9
1970.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	58,472	6,138	10.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,011	22.6
1969.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	58,578	5,667	9.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,052	23.3
1968.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	6,373	10.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3,939	23.1
1967.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	6,729	11.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,646	27.7
1966.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	7,204	12.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,357	26.4
1965.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	8,595	14.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1960.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	11,229	20.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1959.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	11,386	20.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,744	33.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-5. Poverty Status of Persons, by Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	Under 18 years						18 to 64 years			65 years and over				
	All persons			Related children in families			Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level			
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level			Number	Percent		Number	Percent		
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent								
BLACK														
1993.....	11,127	5,125	46.1	10,969	5,030	45.9	19,272	5,049	26.2	2,510	702	28.0		
1992'.....	10,956	5,106	46.6	10,823	5,015	46.3	18,952	4,884	25.8	2,504	838	33.5		
1991.....	10,350	4,755	45.9	10,178	4,637	45.6	18,355	4,607	25.1	2,606	880	33.8		
1990.....	10,162	4,550	44.8	9,980	4,412	44.2	18,097	4,427	24.5	2,547	860	33.8		
1989.....	10,012	4,375	43.7	9,847	4,257	43.2	17,833	4,164	23.3	2,487	763	30.7		
1988'.....	9,865	4,296	43.5	9,681	4,148	42.8	17,548	4,275	24.4	2,436	785	32.2		
1987'.....	9,730	4,385	45.1	9,546	4,234	44.4	17,245	4,361	25.3	2,387	774	32.4		
1986.....	9,629	4,148	43.1	9,467	4,037	42.7	16,911	4,113	24.3	2,331	722	31.0		
1985.....	9,545	4,157	43.6	9,405	4,057	43.1	16,667	4,052	24.3	2,273	717	31.5		
1984.....	9,480	4,413	46.6	9,356	4,320	46.2	16,369	4,368	26.7	2,238	710	31.7		
1983.....	9,417	4,398	46.7	9,245	4,273	46.2	16,065	4,694	29.2	2,197	791	36.0		
1982.....	9,400	4,472	47.6	9,269	4,388	47.3	15,692	4,415	28.1	2,124	811	38.2		
1981.....	9,374	4,237	45.2	9,291	4,170	44.9	15,358	4,117	26.8	2,102	820	39.0		
1980.....	9,368	3,961	42.3	9,287	3,906	42.1	14,987	3,835	25.6	2,054	783	38.1		
1979.....	9,307	3,833	41.2	9,172	3,745	40.8	14,596	3,478	23.8	2,040	740	36.2		
1978.....	9,229	3,830	41.5	9,168	3,781	41.2	13,774	3,133	22.7	1,954	662	33.9		
1977.....	9,296	3,888	41.8	9,253	3,850	41.6	13,483	3,137	23.3	1,930	701	36.3		
1976.....	9,322	3,787	40.6	9,291	3,758	40.4	13,224	3,163	23.9	1,852	644	34.8		
1975.....	9,421	3,925	41.7	9,374	3,884	41.4	12,872	2,968	23.1	1,795	652	36.3		
1974.....	9,439	3,755	39.8	9,384	3,713	39.6	12,539	2,836	22.6	1,721	591	34.3		
1973.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	9,405	3,822	40.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,672	620	37.1		
1972.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	9,426	4,025	42.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,603	640	39.9		
1971.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	9,414	3,836	40.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,584	623	39.3		
1970.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	9,448	3,922	41.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,422	683	48.0		
1969.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	9,290	3,677	39.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,373	689	50.2		
1968.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,188	43.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,374	655	47.7		
1967.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,558	47.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,341	715	53.3		
1966.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,774	50.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,311	722	55.1		
1959.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	5,022	65.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	711	62.5		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-5. Poverty Status of Persons, by Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Persons as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	Under 18 years						18 to 64 years			65 years and over			
	All persons			Related children in families			Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		
	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Number	Percent				Number	Percent	
	Total	Number	Percent	Total	Number		Total	Number					
HISPANIC ORIGIN¹													
1993.....	9,462	3,873	40.9	9,188	3,666	39.9	15,708	3,956	25.2	1,390	297	21.4	
1992 ^r	9,081	3,637	40.0	8,829	3,440	39.0	15,268	3,668	24.0	1,298	287	22.1	
1991.....	7,648	3,094	40.4	7,473	2,977	39.8	13,279	3,009	22.7	1,143	237	20.8	
1990.....	7,457	2,865	38.4	7,300	2,750	37.7	12,857	2,896	22.5	1,091	245	22.5	
1989.....	7,186	2,603	36.2	7,040	2,496	35.5	12,536	2,616	20.9	1,024	211	20.6	
1988 ^r	7,003	2,631	37.6	6,908	2,576	37.3	12,056	2,501	20.7	1,005	225	22.4	
1987 ^r	6,792	2,670	39.3	6,692	2,606	38.9	11,718	2,509	21.4	885	243	27.5	
1986.....	6,646	2,507	37.7	6,511	2,413	37.1	11,206	2,406	21.5	906	204	22.5	
1985.....	6,475	2,606	40.3	6,346	2,512	39.6	10,685	2,411	22.6	915	219	23.9	
1984.....	6,068	2,376	39.2	5,982	2,317	38.7	10,029	2,254	22.5	819	176	21.5	
1983.....	6,066	2,312	38.1	5,977	2,251	37.7	9,697	2,148	22.5	782	173	22.1	
1982.....	5,527	2,181	39.5	5,436	2,117	38.9	8,262	1,963	23.8	596	159	26.6	
1981.....	5,369	1,925	35.9	5,291	1,874	35.4	8,084	1,642	20.3	568	146	25.7	
1980.....	5,276	1,749	33.2	5,211	1,718	33.0	7,740	1,563	20.2	582	179	30.8	
1979.....	5,483	1,535	28.0	5,426	1,505	27.7	7,314	1,232	16.8	574	154	26.8	
1978.....	5,012	1,384	27.6	4,972	1,354	27.2	6,527	1,098	16.8	539	125	23.2	
1977.....	5,028	1,422	28.3	5,000	1,402	28.0	6,500	1,164	17.9	518	113	21.9	
1976.....	4,771	1,443	30.2	4,736	1,424	30.1	6,034	1,212	20.1	464	128	27.7	
1975.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,896	1,619	33.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	137	32.6	
1974.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,939	1,414	28.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	117	28.9	
1973.....	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,910	1,364	27.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	95	24.9	

¹For 1992, figures are based on 1990 census population controls. For 1987 and 1988, figures are based on new processing procedures and are also revised to reflect corrections to the files after publication of the 1988 advance report, *Money Income and Poverty Status in the United States: 1988*, P-60, No. 166.

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

NA Not available.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present		
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
ALL RACES												
With and Without Children Under 18 Years												
1993.....	68,506	8,393	12.3	53,181	3,481	6.5	2,914	488	16.8	12,411	4,424	35.6
1992'	68,216	8,144	11.9	53,090	3,385	6.4	3,065	484	15.8	12,061	4,275	35.4
1991.....	67,173	7,712	11.5	52,457	3,158	6.0	3,024	393	13.0	11,692	4,161	35.6
1990.....	66,322	7,098	10.7	52,147	2,981	5.7	2,907	349	12.0	11,268	3,768	33.4
1989.....	66,090	6,784	10.3	52,137	2,931	5.6	2,884	348	12.1	10,890	3,504	32.2
1988'	65,837	6,874	10.4	52,100	2,897	5.6	2,847	336	11.8	10,890	3,642	33.4
1987'	65,204	7,005	10.7	51,675	3,011	5.8	2,833	340	12.0	10,696	3,654	34.2
1986.....	64,491	7,023	10.9	51,537	3,123	6.1	2,510	287	11.4	10,445	3,613	34.6
1985.....	63,558	7,223	11.4	50,933	3,438	6.7	2,414	311	12.9	10,211	3,474	34.0
1984.....	62,706	7,277	11.6	50,350	3,488	6.9	2,228	292	13.1	10,129	3,498	34.5
1983.....	62,015	7,647	12.3	50,081	3,815	7.6	2,038	268	13.2	9,896	3,564	36.0
1982.....	61,393	7,512	12.2	49,908	3,789	7.6	2,016	290	14.4	9,469	3,434	36.3
1981.....	61,019	6,851	11.2	49,630	3,394	6.8	1,986	205	10.3	9,403	3,252	34.6
1980.....	60,309	6,217	10.3	49,294	3,032	6.2	1,933	213	11.0	9,082	2,972	32.7
1979.....	59,550	5,461	9.2	49,112	2,640	5.4	1,733	176	10.2	8,705	2,645	30.4
1978.....	57,804	5,280	9.1	47,692	2,474	5.2	1,654	152	9.2	8,458	2,654	31.4
1977.....	57,215	5,311	9.3	47,385	2,524	5.3	1,594	177	11.1	8,236	2,610	31.7
1976.....	56,710	5,311	9.4	47,497	2,606	5.5	1,500	162	10.8	7,713	2,543	33.0
1975.....	56,245	5,450	9.7	47,318	2,904	6.1	1,445	116	8.0	7,482	2,430	32.5
1974.....	55,698	4,922	8.8	47,069	2,474	5.3	1,399	125	8.9	7,230	2,324	32.1
1973.....	55,053	4,828	8.8	46,812	2,482	5.3	1,438	154	10.7	6,804	2,193	32.2
1972.....	54,373	5,075	9.3	46,314	(NA)	(NA)	1,452	(NA)	(NA)	6,607	2,158	32.7
1971.....	53,296	5,303	10.0	45,752	(NA)	(NA)	1,353	(NA)	(NA)	6,191	2,100	33.9
1970.....	52,227	5,260	10.1	44,739	(NA)	(NA)	1,487	(NA)	(NA)	6,001	1,952	32.5
1969.....	51,586	5,008	9.7	44,436	(NA)	(NA)	1,559	(NA)	(NA)	5,591	1,827	32.7
1968.....	50,511	5,047	10.0	43,842	(NA)	(NA)	1,228	(NA)	(NA)	5,441	1,755	32.3
1967.....	49,835	5,667	11.4	43,292	(NA)	(NA)	1,210	(NA)	(NA)	5,333	1,774	33.3
1966.....	48,921	5,784	11.8	42,553	(NA)	(NA)	1,197	(NA)	(NA)	5,171	1,721	33.1
1965.....	48,278	6,721	13.9	42,107	(NA)	(NA)	1,179	(NA)	(NA)	4,992	1,916	38.4
1964.....	47,836	7,160	15.0	41,648	(NA)	(NA)	1,182	(NA)	(NA)	5,006	1,822	36.4
1963.....	47,436	7,554	15.9	41,311	(NA)	(NA)	1,243	(NA)	(NA)	4,882	1,972	40.4
1962.....	46,998	8,077	17.2	40,923	(NA)	(NA)	1,334	(NA)	(NA)	4,741	2,034	42.9
1961.....	46,341	8,391	18.1	40,405	(NA)	(NA)	1,293	(NA)	(NA)	4,643	1,954	42.1
1960.....	45,435	8,243	18.1	39,624	(NA)	(NA)	1,202	(NA)	(NA)	4,609	1,955	42.4
1959.....	45,054	8,320	18.5	39,335	(NA)	(NA)	1,226	(NA)	(NA)	4,493	1,916	42.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present		
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
ALL RACES—Con.												
With Children Under 18 Years												
1993.....	36,456	6,751	18.5	26,121	2,363	9.0	1,577	354	22.5	8,758	4,034	46.1
1992'.....	35,851	6,457	18.0	25,907	2,237	8.6	1,569	353	22.5	8,375	3,867	46.2
1991.....	34,861	6,170	17.7	25,357	2,106	8.3	1,513	297	19.6	7,991	3,767	47.1
1990.....	34,503	5,676	16.4	25,410	1,990	7.8	1,386	260	18.8	7,707	3,426	44.5
1989.....	34,279	5,308	15.5	25,476	1,872	7.3	1,358	246	18.1	7,445	3,190	42.8
1988'.....	34,251	5,373	15.7	25,598	1,847	7.2	1,292	232	18.0	7,361	3,294	44.7
1987'.....	33,996	5,465	16.1	25,464	1,963	7.7	1,316	221	16.8	7,216	3,281	45.5
1986.....	33,801	5,516	16.3	25,571	2,050	8.0	1,136	202	17.8	7,094	3,264	46.0
1985.....	33,536	5,586	16.7	25,496	2,258	8.9	1,147	197	17.1	6,892	3,131	45.4
1984.....	32,942	5,662	17.2	25,038	2,344	9.4	1,072	194	18.1	6,832	3,124	45.7
1983.....	32,787	5,871	17.9	25,216	2,557	10.1	949	192	20.2	6,622	3,122	47.1
1982.....	32,565	5,712	17.5	25,276	2,470	9.8	892	184	20.6	6,397	3,059	47.8
1981.....	32,587	5,191	15.9	25,278	2,199	8.7	822	115	14.0	6,488	2,877	44.3
1980.....	32,773	4,822	14.7	25,671	1,974	7.7	802	144	18.0	6,299	2,703	42.9
1979.....	32,397	4,081	12.6	25,615	1,573	6.1	747	116	15.5	6,035	2,392	39.6
1978.....	31,735	4,060	12.8	25,199	1,495	5.9	699	103	14.7	5,837	2,462	42.2
1977.....	31,637	4,081	12.9	25,284	1,602	6.3	644	95	14.8	5,709	2,384	41.8
1976.....	31,434	4,060	12.9	25,515	1,623	6.4	609	94	15.4	5,310	2,343	44.1
1975.....	31,377	4,172	13.3	25,704	1,855	7.2	554	65	11.7	5,119	2,252	44.0
1974.....	31,319	3,789	12.1	25,857	1,558	6.0	545	84	15.4	4,917	2,147	43.7
1973.....	30,977	3,520	11.4	25,983	(NA)	(NA)	397	(NA)	(NA)	4,597	1,987	43.2
1972.....	30,807	3,621	11.8	26,085	(NA)	(NA)	401	(NA)	(NA)	4,321	1,925	44.5
1971.....	30,725	3,683	12.0	26,201	(NA)	(NA)	447	(NA)	(NA)	4,077	1,830	44.9
1970.....	30,070	3,491	11.6	25,789	(NA)	(NA)	444	(NA)	(NA)	3,837	1,680	43.8
1969.....	29,827	3,226	10.8	26,083	(NA)	(NA)	360	(NA)	(NA)	3,384	1,519	44.9
1968.....	29,325	3,347	11.4	25,684	(NA)	(NA)	372	(NA)	(NA)	3,269	1,459	44.6
1967.....	29,032	3,586	12.4	25,482	(NA)	(NA)	360	(NA)	(NA)	3,190	1,418	44.5
1966.....	28,592	3,734	13.4	25,197	(NA)	(NA)	436	(NA)	(NA)	2,959	1,410	47.1
1965.....	28,100	4,379	15.6	24,829	(NA)	(NA)	398	(NA)	(NA)	2,873	1,499	52.2
1964.....	28,277	4,771	16.9	25,017	(NA)	(NA)	367	(NA)	(NA)	2,893	1,439	49.7
1963.....	28,317	4,991	17.6	25,084	(NA)	(NA)	400	(NA)	(NA)	2,833	1,578	55.7
1962.....	28,174	5,460	19.4	24,990	(NA)	(NA)	483	(NA)	(NA)	2,701	1,613	59.7
1961.....	27,600	5,500	19.9	24,509	(NA)	(NA)	404	(NA)	(NA)	2,687	1,505	56.0
1960.....	27,102	5,328	19.7	24,164	(NA)	(NA)	319	(NA)	(NA)	2,619	1,476	56.3
1959.....	26,992	5,443	20.3	24,099	(NA)	(NA)	349	(NA)	(NA)	2,544	1,525	59.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present						
		Below poverty level			Below poverty level			Below poverty level			Below poverty level					
		Total	Number		Total	Number		Total	Number		Total	Number				
WHITE																
With and Without Children Under 18 Years																
1993.....	57,881	5,452	9.4	47,452	2,757	5.8	2,298	319	13.9	8,131	2,376	29.2				
1992'.....	57,669	5,255	9.1	47,383	2,677	5.7	2,418	333	13.8	7,868	2,245	28.5				
1991.....	57,224	5,022	8.8	47,124	2,573	5.5	2,374	257	10.8	7,726	2,192	28.4				
1990.....	56,803	4,622	8.1	47,014	2,386	5.1	2,277	226	9.9	7,512	2,010	26.8				
1989.....	56,590	4,409	7.8	46,981	2,329	5.0	2,303	223	9.7	7,306	1,858	25.4				
1988'.....	56,492	4,471	7.9	46,877	2,294	4.9	2,274	231	10.2	7,342	1,945	26.5				
1987'.....	56,086	4,567	8.1	46,510	2,382	5.1	2,279	224	9.8	7,297	1,961	26.9				
1986.....	55,676	4,811	8.6	46,410	2,591	5.6	2,038	179	8.8	7,227	2,041	28.2				
1985.....	54,991	4,983	9.1	45,924	2,815	6.1	1,956	218	11.2	7,111	1,950	27.4				
1984.....	54,400	4,925	9.1	45,643	2,858	6.3	1,816	189	10.4	6,941	1,878	27.1				
1983.....	53,890	5,220	9.7	45,470	3,125	6.9	1,624	168	10.4	6,796	1,926	28.3				
1982.....	53,407	5,118	9.6	45,252	3,104	6.9	1,648	201	12.2	6,507	1,813	27.9				
1981.....	53,269	4,670	8.8	45,007	2,712	6.0	1,642	145	8.8	6,620	1,814	27.4				
1980.....	52,710	4,195	8.0	44,860	2,437	5.4	1,584	149	9.4	6,266	1,609	25.7				
1979.....	52,243	3,581	6.9	44,751	2,099	4.7	1,441	132	9.2	6,052	1,350	22.3				
1978.....	50,910	3,523	6.9	43,636	2,033	4.7	1,356	99	7.3	5,918	1,391	23.5				
1977.....	50,530	3,540	7.0	43,423	2,028	4.7	1,279	112	8.8	5,828	1,400	24.0				
1976.....	50,083	3,560	7.1	43,397	2,071	4.8	1,219	110	9.0	5,467	1,379	25.2				
1975.....	49,873	3,838	7.7	43,311	2,363	5.5	1,182	81	6.9	5,380	1,394	25.9				
1974.....	49,440	3,352	6.8	43,049	1,977	4.6	1,182	86	7.3	5,208	1,289	24.8				
1973.....	48,919	3,219	6.6	43,805	2,306	5.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	4,853	1,190	24.5				
1972.....	48,477	3,441	7.1	42,585	(NA)	(NA)	1,220	(NA)	(NA)	4,672	1,135	24.3				
1971.....	47,641	3,751	7.9	42,039	(NA)	(NA)	1,113	(NA)	(NA)	4,489	1,191	26.5				
1970.....	46,601	3,708	8.0	41,092	(NA)	(NA)	1,101	(NA)	(NA)	4,408	1,102	25.0				
1969.....	46,261	3,574	7.7	40,802	(NA)	(NA)	1,294	(NA)	(NA)	4,165	1,069	25.7				
1968.....	45,437	3,616	8.0	40,355	(NA)	(NA)	1,029	(NA)	(NA)	4,053	1,021	25.2				
1967.....	44,813	4,056	9.1	39,821	(NA)	(NA)	984	(NA)	(NA)	4,008	1,037	25.9				
1966.....	44,016	4,106	9.3	39,007	(NA)	(NA)	999	(NA)	(NA)	4,010	1,036	25.7				
1965.....	43,496	4,824	11.1	38,632	(NA)	(NA)	1,004	(NA)	(NA)	3,860	1,196	31.0				
1964.....	43,081	5,258	12.2	38,171	(NA)	(NA)	1,028	(NA)	(NA)	3,882	1,125	29.0				
1963.....	42,663	5,466	12.8	37,799	(NA)	(NA)	1,067	(NA)	(NA)	3,797	1,191	31.4				
1962.....	42,437	5,887	13.9	37,657	(NA)	(NA)	1,153	(NA)	(NA)	3,627	1,230	33.9				
1961.....	41,888	6,205	14.8	37,185	(NA)	(NA)	1,095	(NA)	(NA)	3,608	1,208	33.5				
1960.....	41,104	6,115	14.9	36,400	(NA)	(NA)	1,031	(NA)	(NA)	3,673	1,252	34.0				
1959.....	40,820	6,185	15.2	36,217	(NA)	(NA)	1,056	(NA)	(NA)	3,547	1,233	34.8				

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present		
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
WHITE—Con.												
With Children Under 18 Years												
1993.....	29,234	4,226	14.5	22,670	1,868	8.2	1,203	235	19.5	5,361	2,123	39.6
1992'.....	28,790	4,020	14.0	22,440	1,753	7.8	1,251	246	19.7	5,099	2,021	39.6
1991.....	28,368	3,880	13.7	22,213	1,715	7.7	1,188	196	16.5	4,967	1,969	39.6
1990.....	28,117	3,553	12.6	22,289	1,572	7.1	1,042	167	16.0	4,786	1,814	37.9
1989.....	27,977	3,290	11.8	22,271	1,457	6.5	1,079	162	15.0	4,627	1,671	36.1
1988'.....	27,999	3,321	11.9	22,435	1,434	6.4	1,011	147	14.5	4,553	1,740	38.2
1987'.....	27,930	3,433	12.3	22,336	1,538	6.9	1,046	153	14.6	4,548	1,742	38.3
1986.....	27,929	3,637	13.0	22,466	1,692	7.5	911	132	14.5	4,552	1,812	39.8
1985.....	27,795	3,695	13.3	22,399	1,827	8.2	926	138	14.9	4,470	1,730	38.7
1984.....	27,380	3,679	13.4	22,181	1,879	8.5	862	117	13.6	4,337	1,682	38.8
1983.....	27,303	3,859	14.1	22,361	2,060	9.2	732	123	16.8	4,210	1,676	39.8
1982.....	27,118	3,709	13.7	22,390	2,005	9.0	692	120	17.4	4,037	1,584	39.3
1981.....	27,223	3,362	12.4	22,334	1,723	7.7	652	75	11.6	4,237	1,564	36.9
1980.....	27,416	3,078	11.2	22,793	1,544	6.8	628	100	16.0	3,995	1,433	35.9
1979.....	27,329	2,509	9.2	22,878	1,216	5.3	584	82	14.1	3,866	1,211	31.3
1978.....	26,907	2,513	9.3	22,601	1,185	5.2	526	60	11.4	3,780	1,268	33.5
1977.....	26,924	2,572	9.6	22,703	1,256	5.5	486	55	11.3	3,735	1,261	33.8
1976.....	26,812	2,566	9.6	22,872	1,242	5.4	484	64	13.2	3,456	1,260	36.4
1975.....	26,975	2,776	10.3	23,134	1,456	6.3	435	48	11.0	3,406	1,272	37.3
1974.....	26,890	2,430	9.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3,244	1,180	36.4
1973.....	26,694	2,177	8.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	2,988	1,053	35.2
1972.....	26,763	2,238	8.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	2,748	970	35.3
1971.....	26,745	2,372	8.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	2,664	982	36.9
1970.....	26,256	2,219	8.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1969.....	26,307	2,089	7.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1968.....	25,803	2,176	8.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	792	36.0
1967.....	25,531	2,276	8.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	748	34.9
1966.....	(NA)	2,400	9.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	803	38.4
1965.....	(NA)	2,858	11.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	867	43.2
1964.....	(NA)	3,205	12.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	814	40.3
1963.....	25,056	3,328	13.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	882	45.0
1962.....	(NA)	3,673	14.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	908	49.2
1961.....	(NA)	3,785	15.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	892	46.4
1960.....	(NA)	3,690	15.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	905	47.1
1959.....	24,146	3,812	15.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	948	51.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present		
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
BLACK												
With and Without Children Under 18 Years												
1993.....	7,993	2,499	31.3	3,715	458	12.3	450	133	29.6	3,828	1,908	49.9
1992'.....	7,982	2,484	31.1	3,777	490	13.0	467	116	24.8	3,738	1,878	50.2
1991.....	7,716	2,343	30.4	3,631	399	11.0	503	110	21.9	3,582	1,834	51.2
1990.....	7,471	2,193	29.3	3,569	448	12.6	472	97	20.6	3,430	1,648	48.1
1989.....	7,470	2,077	27.8	3,750	443	11.8	446	110	24.7	3,275	1,524	46.5
1988'.....	7,409	2,089	28.2	3,722	421	11.3	464	88	18.9	3,223	1,579	49.0
1987'.....	7,202	2,117	29.4	3,681	439	11.9	432	101	23.4	3,089	1,577	51.1
1986.....	7,096	1,987	28.0	3,742	403	10.8	386	96	24.9	2,967	1,488	50.1
1985.....	6,921	1,983	28.7	3,680	447	12.2	368	84	22.9	2,874	1,452	50.5
1984.....	6,778	2,094	30.9	3,469	479	13.8	344	82	23.8	2,964	1,533	51.7
1983.....	6,681	2,161	32.3	3,454	535	15.5	355	85	24.0	2,871	1,541	53.7
1982.....	6,530	2,158	33.0	3,486	543	15.6	309	79	25.6	2,734	1,535	56.2
1981.....	6,413	1,972	30.8	3,535	543	15.4	273	52	19.1	2,605	1,377	52.9
1980.....	6,317	1,826	28.9	3,392	474	14.0	291	52	17.7	2,634	1,301	49.4
1979.....	6,184	1,722	27.8	3,433	453	13.2	256	35	13.7	2,495	1,234	49.4
1978.....	5,906	1,622	27.5	3,244	366	11.3	272	48	17.6	2,390	1,208	50.6
1977.....	5,806	1,637	28.2	3,260	429	13.1	269	46	17.1	2,277	1,162	51.0
1976.....	5,804	1,617	27.9	3,406	450	13.2	247	45	18.2	2,151	1,122	52.2
1975.....	5,586	1,513	27.1	3,352	479	14.3	230	30	13.0	2,004	1,004	50.1
1974.....	5,491	1,479	26.9	3,357	435	13.0	200	35	17.4	1,934	1,010	52.2
1973.....	5,440	1,527	28.1	3,360	(NA)	(NA)	231	(NA)	(NA)	1,849	974	52.7
1972.....	5,265	1,529	29.0	3,233	(NA)	(NA)	210	(NA)	(NA)	1,822	972	53.3
1971.....	5,157	1,484	28.8	3,289	(NA)	(NA)	226	(NA)	(NA)	1,642	879	53.5
1970.....	5,027	1,481	29.5	3,301	(NA)	(NA)	191	(NA)	(NA)	1,535	834	54.3
1969.....	4,887	1,365	27.9	3,323	(NA)	(NA)	180	(NA)	(NA)	1,384	737	53.3
1968.....	4,646	1,366	29.4	3,141	(NA)	(NA)	178	(NA)	(NA)	1,327	706	53.2
1967.....	4,589	1,555	33.9	3,118	(NA)	(NA)	199	(NA)	(NA)	1,272	716	56.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present		
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
BLACK—Con.												
With Children Under 18 Years												
1993.....	5,525	2,171	39.3	2,147	298	13.9	294	93	31.6	3,084	1,780	57.7
1992 ^f	5,448	2,132	39.1	2,229	343	15.4	248	83	33.5	2,971	1,706	57.4
1991.....	5,143	2,016	39.2	2,129	263	12.4	243	77	31.7	2,771	1,676	60.5
1990.....	5,069	1,887	37.2	2,104	301	14.3	267	73	27.3	2,698	1,513	56.1
1989.....	5,031	1,783	35.4	2,179	291	13.3	228	77	33.8	2,624	1,415	53.9
1988 ^f	5,010	1,802	36.0	2,181	272	12.5	246	78	31.7	2,583	1,452	56.2
1987 ^f	4,880	1,788	36.6	2,205	290	13.2	222	61	27.5	2,453	1,437	58.6
1986.....	4,806	1,699	35.4	2,236	257	11.5	185	58	31.5	2,386	1,384	58.0
1985.....	4,636	1,670	36.0	2,185	281	12.9	182	53	29.0	2,269	1,336	58.9
1984.....	4,512	1,758	39.0	2,001	331	16.6	175	62	35.5	2,335	1,364	58.4
1983.....	4,482	1,789	39.9	2,052	369	18.0	186	58	31.1	2,244	1,362	60.7
1982.....	4,470	1,819	40.7	2,093	360	17.2	178	58	32.7	2,199	1,401	63.7
1981.....	4,455	1,652	37.1	2,202	357	16.2	135	34	25.0	2,118	1,261	59.5
1980.....	4,465	1,583	35.5	2,154	333	15.5	140	34	24.0	2,171	1,217	56.0
1979.....	4,297	1,441	33.5	2,095	286	13.7	139	26	18.4	2,063	1,129	54.7
1978.....	4,159	1,431	34.4	2,056	247	12.0	157	40	25.5	1,946	1,144	58.4
1977.....	4,107	1,406	34.2	2,088	295	14.1	141	30	21.3	1,878	1,081	57.5
1976.....	4,047	1,382	34.2	2,146	311	14.5	120	28	23.3	1,781	1,043	58.6
1975.....	3,878	1,314	33.9	2,119	349	16.5	108	16	14.8	1,651	949	57.5
1974.....	3,915	1,293	33.0	2,187	317	14.5	105	27	26.2	1,623	949	58.5
1973.....	3,831	1,280	33.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,538	905	58.8
1972.....	3,650	1,303	35.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,494	912	61.0
1971.....	3,660	1,261	34.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	1,369	821	60.0
1970.....	3,470	1,212	34.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1969.....	3,386	1,095	32.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1968.....	3,218	1,114	34.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1967.....	3,200	1,261	39.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present		
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
HISPANIC ORIGIN¹												
With and Without Children Under 18 Years												
1993.....	5,946	1,625	27.3	4,038	770	19.1	410	83	20.2	1,498	772	51.6
1992 ^r	5,733	1,529	26.7	3,940	743	18.8	445	122	27.4	1,348	664	49.3
1991.....	5,177	1,372	26.5	3,532	674	19.1	384	71	18.5	1,261	627	49.7
1990.....	4,981	1,244	25.0	3,454	605	17.5	341	66	19.4	1,186	573	48.3
1989.....	4,840	1,133	23.4	3,395	549	16.2	329	54	16.3	1,116	530	47.5
1988 ^r	4,823	1,141	23.7	3,398	547	16.1	314	48	15.2	1,112	546	49.1
1987 ^r	4,576	1,168	25.5	3,196	556	17.4	298	47	15.8	1,082	565	52.2
1986.....	4,403	1,085	24.7	3,118	518	16.6	253	39	15.5	1,032	528	51.2
1985.....	4,206	1,074	25.5	2,962	505	17.0	264	48	18.4	980	521	53.1
1984.....	3,939	991	25.2	2,824	469	16.6	210	39	18.4	905	483	53.4
1983.....	3,788	981	25.9	2,752	437	17.7	177	40	22.6	860	454	52.8
1982.....	3,369	916	27.2	2,448	465	19.0	153	26	17.0	767	425	55.4
1981.....	3,305	792	24.0	2,414	366	15.1	142	27	19.2	750	399	53.2
1980.....	3,235	751	23.2	2,365	363	15.3	164	26	16.0	706	362	51.3
1979.....	3,029	614	20.3	2,282	298	13.1	138	16	11.8	610	300	49.2
1978.....	2,741	559	20.4	2,089	248	11.9	110	23	20.9	542	288	53.1
1977.....	2,764	591	21.4	2,104	280	13.3	99	10	10.1	561	301	53.6
1976.....	2,583	598	23.1	1,978	312	15.8	88	11	12.5	517	275	53.1
1975.....	2,499	627	25.1	1,896	335	17.7	81	13	16.0	522	279	53.6
1974.....	2,475	526	21.2	1,926	278	14.4	87	19	21.6	462	229	49.6
1973.....	2,365	468	19.8	1,876	239	12.7	78	18	23.1	411	211	51.4
1972.....	2,312	477	20.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D-6. Poverty Status of Families, by Type of Family, Presence of Related Children, Race, and Hispanic Origin: 1959 to 1993—Con.

[Numbers in thousands. Families as of March of the following year]

Year and characteristic	All families			Married-couple families			Male householder, no wife present			Female householder, no husband present		
	Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level		Total	Below poverty level	
		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
HISPANIC ORIGIN¹—Con.												
With Children Under 18 Years												
1993.....	4,153	1,424	34.3	2,747	652	23.7	239	66	27.6	1,167	706	60.5
1992 ^r	3,962	1,302	32.9	2,692	615	22.9	233	89	38.2	1,037	598	57.7
1991.....	3,621	1,219	33.7	2,445	575	23.5	204	60	29.4	972	584	60.1
1990.....	3,497	1,085	31.0	2,405	501	20.8	171	48	28.1	921	536	58.2
1989.....	3,314	986	29.8	2,309	453	19.6	157	42	26.8	848	491	57.9
1988 ^r	3,325	988	29.7	2,339	445	19.0	125	33	26.4	861	510	59.2
1987 ^r	3,201	1,022	31.9	2,197	460	20.9	139	35	25.2	865	527	60.9
1986.....	3,080	949	30.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	822	489	59.5
1985.....	2,973	955	32.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	771	493	64.0
1984.....	2,789	872	31.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	711	447	62.8
1983.....	2,697	867	21.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	660	418	63.4
1982.....	2,458	802	32.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	613	391	63.8
1981.....	2,428	692	28.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	622	374	60.0
1980.....	2,409	655	27.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1979.....	2,209	544	24.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	502	288	57.3
1978.....	2,002	483	24.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1977.....	2,057	520	25.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1976.....	1,899	517	27.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1975.....	1,891	550	29.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1974.....	1,834	462	25.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1973.....	1,726	410	23.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
1972.....	1,700	416	24.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

¹For 1992, figures are based on 1990 census population controls. For 1987 and 1988, figures are based on new processing procedures and are also revised to reflect corrections to the files after publication of the 1988 advance report, *Money Income and Poverty Status in the United States: 1988*, P-60, No. 166.

^rPersons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

NA Not available.

Note: Prior to 1979, unrelated subfamilies were included in all families. Beginning in 1979, unrelated subfamilies are excluded from all families.

Appendix E. Source and Accuracy of Estimates

SOURCES OF DATA

Most estimates in this report come from data obtained in March of years 1968 through 1994 in the Current Population Survey (CPS). The Bureau of the Census conducts the survey every month, although this report uses only March data for its estimates. The March survey uses two sets of questions, the basic CPS and the supplement.

Data from various sources were used in developing alternative measures of income and poverty for 1993. Specifically, data from the American Housing Survey (AHS), the Income Survey Development Program (ISDP), and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) were combined with CPS data to create simulations of taxes paid, number of tax filing units, adjusted gross income, and other tax characteristics for the March 1994 CPS.

In addition, this report uses the *State Tax Handbook* from Commerce Clearing House as information sources for tax data. For noncash valuation estimates, this report uses data from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA), and the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

A description of sources of data from which these estimates were derived follows. Except for the CPS, these descriptions are brief. See Current Population Reports, Series P60-186RD, *Measuring the Effect of Benefits and Taxes on Income and Poverty: 1992*, and publications on the appropriate surveys for more details.

American Housing Survey. The Bureau of the Census collects housing data for the Department of Housing and Urban Development. The population covered by the sample for the AHS, which was called the Annual Housing Survey before 1984, includes all housing units in the United States. A structure must meet specific criteria developed by the Bureau of the Census before it is termed a housing unit. For a more detailed description of the sample design, see the report Current Housing Reports, Series H150-89, *The American Housing Survey for the United States in 1989*, U.S. Department of Commerce.

The AHS is no longer conducted in even-numbered years, so property tax estimates in this report are based on the 1991 AHS. Also, for the noncash estimates, 1985 AHS data were used in a model to estimate the value of public housing. For more details on the AHS model used

to estimate public and subsidized housing values, please see appendix B of Current Population Reports, Series P60-186RD, *Measuring the Effect of Benefits and Taxes on Income and Poverty: 1992*.

Income Survey Development Program. The ISDP was the research and development phase for the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP). The ISDP was used to examine and resolve design, operational, and technical issues for SIPP. The household sample for the 1979 ISDP was a nationwide multiple frame sample. The majority of sample households in the ISDP came from addresses contacted in the 1976 Survey of Income and Education. The remainder of sample households were selected from a reserve file of sample cases maintained by the Bureau of the Census. For a more detailed description of this sample design see the report *Wage and Salary Data from the Income Survey Development Program: 1979 (Preliminary Data from Interview Period One)*, Current Population Reports, Special Studies, Series P-23, No. 118.

Internal Revenue Service Data. Much of the IRS data in this report come from the Statistics of Income (SOI) series, in particular the SOI Bulletin *Individual Income Tax Returns, Preliminary Data: 1992*, Spring 1994. This report, based on a sample drawn from all tax returns filed in 1993, presents information on taxpayers' incomes, exemptions, deductions, credits, and taxes.

Data from Other Sources. Information on State tax systems is published in *State Tax Handbook*, October 1, 1991, from Commerce Clearing House, and has been updated to reflect changes in State income tax rates.

Much of the data on cash and noncash benefits are from administrative records. Values of school lunches and food stamps are from USDA unpublished data. Medicaid and Medicare data come from HCFA unpublished records. Also, USDA and HUD data are used to compute Medicaid and Medicare values. For more details, see appendix B of Current Population Reports, Series P60-186RD, *Measuring the Effect of Benefits and Taxes on Income and Poverty: 1992*.

Basic CPS. The basic CPS collects primarily labor force data about the civilian noninstitutional population. Field representatives ask questions concerning labor force participation about each member 15 years old and over in every sample household.

The present CPS sample was selected from the 1980 Decennial Census files with coverage in all 50 States and the District of Columbia. The sample is continually updated to account for new residential construction. It is located in 729 areas comprising 1,973 counties, independent cities, and minor civil divisions. About 60,000 occupied households are eligible for interview every month. Field representatives are unable to obtain interviews at about 2,600 of these units because the occupants are not home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason.

Since the introduction of the CPS, the Bureau of the Census has redesigned the CPS sample several times to improve the quality and reliability of the data and to satisfy changing data needs. The most recent changes were completely implemented in July 1985.

Table E-1 summarizes changes in the CPS designs for the years for which data appear in this report.

CPS March Supplement. In addition to the basic CPS questions, field representatives asked supplementary questions in March about money income received the previous calendar year.

To obtain more reliable data for the Hispanic-origin population, the March CPS sample was increased by about 2,500 eligible housing units, interviewed the previous November, that contained at least one sample person of Hispanic origin. In addition, the sample included persons in the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post.

CPS Estimation Procedure. This survey's estimation procedure inflates weighted sample results to independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, sex, race and Hispanic/non-Hispanic categories. The independent estimates were based on statistics from decennial censuses of population; an adjustment for undercoverage in the 1990

Table E-1. Description of the March Current Population Survey

Time period	Number of sample areas	Housing units eligible ¹	
		Interviewed	Not interviewed
1990 to 1994	729	57,400	2,600
1989.....	729	53,600	2,500
1986 to 1988	729	57,000	2,500
1985.....	² 629/729	57,000	2,500
1982 to 1984	629	59,000	2,500
1980 to 1981	629	65,500	3,000
1977 to 1979	614	55,000	3,000
1973 to 1976	461	46,500	2,500
1972.....	449	45,000	2,000
1968 to 1971	449	48,000	2,000

¹Excludes about 2,500 Hispanic households added from the previous November sample. (See "CPS March Supplement.")

²The CPS was redesigned following the 1980 Decennial Census of Population and Housing. During phase-in of the new design, housing units from the new and old designs were in the sample.

census; statistics on births, deaths, immigration and emigration; and statistics on the size of the Armed Forces. The independent population estimates used for 1994 (1993 for income estimates) were based on updates to controls established by the 1990 Decennial Census. Data previous to 1994 were based on independent population estimates from the latest available decennial census data. For more details on the change in independent estimates, see appendix B "Introduction of 1990 Census Population Controls." The estimation procedure for the March supplement included a further adjustment so husband and wife of a household received the same weight.

The estimates in this report for 1983 (from March 1984 CPS) and later also employ a revised survey weighting procedure for persons of Hispanic origin. In previous years, weighted sample results were inflated to independent estimates of the noninstitutional population by age, sex, and race. There was no specific control of the survey estimates for the Hispanic population. Since then, the Bureau of the Census developed independent population controls for the Hispanic population by sex and detailed age groups. Revised weighting procedures incorporate these new controls. The independent population estimates include some, but not all, undocumented immigrants.

ACCURACY OF ESTIMATES

Since the CPS estimates come from a sample, they may differ from figures from a complete census using the same questionnaires, instructions, and enumerators. A sample survey estimate has two possible types of error: nonsampling and sampling. The accuracy of an estimate depends on both types of error, but the full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown. Consequently, one should be particularly careful when interpreting results based on a relatively small number of cases or on small differences between estimates. The standard errors for CPS estimates primarily indicate the magnitude of sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in responses and enumeration, but do not measure systematic biases in the data. (Bias is the average over all possible samples of the differences between the sample estimates and the desired value.)

Nonsampling Variability. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to several sources including the following:

- Inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample.
- Definitional difficulties.
- Differences in the interpretation of questions.
- Respondents' inability or unwillingness to provide correct information.
- Respondents' inability to recall information.

- Errors made in data collection such as in recording or coding the data.
- Errors made in processing the data.
- Errors made in estimating values for missing data.
- Failure to represent all units with the sample (undercoverage).

CPS undercoverage results from missed housing units and missed persons within sample households. Compared with the level of the 1990 Decennial Census, overall CPS undercoverage is about 8 percent. Undercoverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, undercoverage is larger for males than for females and larger for Blacks and other races combined than for Whites. As described previously, ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race-Hispanic population controls partially corrects for the bias due to undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics from those of interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race-Hispanic group.

A common measure of survey coverage is the coverage ratio, the estimated population before ratio adjustment divided by the independent population control. Table E-2 shows CPS coverage ratios for age-sex-race groups for a recent month. The CPS coverage ratios can exhibit some variability from month to month, but these are a typical set of coverage ratios.

Answers to questions about money income often depend on the memory or knowledge of one person in a household. Recall problems can cause underestimates of income in survey data, because it is easy to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Respondents may also misunderstand what the Census Bureau considers money income, or may simply be unwilling to answer these questions correctly because the questions are considered too personal. See appendix C,

Current Population Reports, Series P60-184, Money Income of Households, Families, and Persons in the United States: 1992 for more details.

For additional information on nonsampling error including the possible impact on CPS data when known, refer to Statistical Policy Working Paper 3, *An Error Profile: Employment as Measured by the Current Population Survey*, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1978 and Technical Paper 40, *The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology*, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce.

Comparability of Data. Data obtained from the CPS and other sources are not entirely comparable. This results from differences in field representative training and experience and in differing survey processes. This is an example of nonsampling variability not reflected in the standard errors. Use caution when comparing results from different sources.

Caution should also be used when comparing CPS estimates in this report, which reflect 1990 census-based population controls, with estimates for 1992 (from March 1993 CPS) and earlier years, which reflect 1980 census-based population controls. This change in population controls had relatively little impact on summary measures such as means, medians, and percentage distributions, but did have a significant impact on levels. For example, use of 1990-based population controls results in about a 1-percent increase in the civilian noninstitutional population and in the number of families and households. Thus, estimates of levels for data collected in 1994 and later years will differ from those published for earlier years by more than what could be attributed to actual changes in the population. These differences could be disproportionately greater for certain subpopulation groups than for the total population.

Table E-2. March CPS Coverage Ratios

Age	Non-Black		Black		All persons		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total
0 to 14 years	0.942	0.951	0.880	0.904	0.932	0.943	0.937
15 to 19 years	0.864	0.910	0.885	0.751	0.867	0.884	0.876
20 to 24 years	0.823	0.877	0.707	0.757	0.808	0.859	0.834
25 to 29 years	0.863	0.919	0.755	0.810	0.850	0.903	0.877
30 to 34 years	0.880	0.950	0.671	0.833	0.855	0.934	0.895
35 to 44 years	0.899	0.940	0.684	0.863	0.875	0.930	0.903
45 to 54 years	0.938	0.961	0.778	0.953	0.923	0.960	0.942
55 to 64 years	0.932	0.953	0.834	0.929	0.923	0.951	0.938
65 to 74 years	0.932	0.977	0.939	0.958	0.932	0.975	0.956
75 years and older	1.019	1.008	0.910	0.961	1.011	1.004	1.007
15 years and older	0.902	0.945	0.767	0.858	0.887	0.934	0.912
0 years and older	0.911	0.946	0.802	0.871	0.898	0.936	0.917

NOTE: These coverage ratios are for March 1994.

Since no independent population control totals for persons of Hispanic origin were used before 1983, compare Hispanic estimates over time cautiously.

A number of changes were made in data collection and estimation procedures beginning with the January 1994 CPS. The major change was the use of a new questionnaire. The questionnaire was redesigned to measure the official labor force concepts more precisely, to expand the amount of data available, to implement several definitional changes, and to adapt to a computer-assisted interviewing environment. The March supplemental income questions were also modified for adaptation to computer-assisted interviewing, although there were no changes in definitions and concepts. Because of these and other changes, one should use caution when comparing estimates from data collected in 1994 with estimates from earlier years. See appendix C, "Conversion to a Computer Assisted Questionnaire" for a description of these changes.

Note When Using Small Estimates. Summary measures (such as medians, means, and percentage distributions) are shown only when the base is 75,000 or greater. Because of the large standard errors involved, summary measures would probably not reveal useful information when computed on a smaller base. However, estimated numbers are shown even though the relative standard errors of these numbers are larger than those for corresponding percentages. These smaller estimates permit combinations of the categories to suit data users' needs. Take care in the interpretation of small differences. For instance, even a small amount of nonsampling error can cause a borderline difference to appear significant or not, thus distorting a seemingly valid hypothesis test.

Estimation of Median Incomes. The methodology for computing median income has been changed over the past few years. The computations have been done using either Pareto interpolation or linear interpolation. Currently, linear interpolation is used to estimate all medians. Pareto interpolation assumes a decreasing density of population within an income interval, whereas linear interpolation assumes a constant density of population within an income interval. Estimates of median income for 1979 through 1987 and associated standard errors have been calculated using Pareto interpolation if the estimate is larger than \$20,000 for persons or \$40,000 for families and households. This is because the width of the income interval containing the estimate is greater than \$2,500.

Estimates of median income for 1976, 1977, and 1978 and associated standard errors were calculated using Pareto interpolation if the estimate was larger than \$12,000 for persons or \$18,000 for families and households. This is because the width of the income

interval containing the estimate is greater than \$1,000. All other estimates of median income and associated standard errors for 1976 through 1993 and almost all of the estimates of median income and associated standard errors for 1975 and earlier were calculated using linear interpolation.

Thus, use caution when comparing median incomes above \$12,000 for persons or \$18,000 for families and households for different years. Median incomes below those levels are more comparable from year to year since they have always been calculated using linear interpolation. For an indication of the comparability of medians calculated using Pareto interpolation with medians calculated using linear interpolation, see Series P-60, No. 114, *Money Income in 1976 of Families and Persons in the United States*.

Sampling Variability. Sampling variability is variation that occurred by chance because a sample was surveyed rather than the entire population. Standard errors, as calculated by methods described in "Standard Errors and Their Use," are primarily measures of sampling variability, although they may include some nonsampling error.

Standard Errors and Their Use. A number of approximations are required to derive, at a moderate cost, standard errors applicable to all the estimates in this report. Instead of providing an individual standard error for each estimate, two parameters, *a* and *b*, are provided to calculate standard errors for each type of characteristic.

Table E-3 has CPS standard error parameters for various types of characteristics. Table E-4 provides factors to approximate CPS standard errors for estimates prior to 1993. Table E-5 provides CPS Hispanic parameters for estimates prior to 1984. Table E-6 provides CPS Asian and Pacific Islander parameters for income and nonincome characteristics. Table E-7 has the year-to-year CPS correlation coefficients for income characteristics.

The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct a confidence interval, a range that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions and using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 standard errors below the estimate to 1.645 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

A particular confidence interval may or may not contain the average estimate derived from all possible samples. However, one can say with specified confidence that the interval includes the average estimate calculated from all possible samples.

Table E-3. CPS Standard Error Parameters For Poverty, Income, and Nonincome Characteristics: 1993

Characteristics	Total or White		Black		Hispanic	
	a	b	a	b	a	b
BELOW POVERTY LEVEL						
Persons						
Total	-0.000040	9,502	-0.000322	9,502	-0.000470	9,502
Male	-0.000082	9,502	-0.000691	9,502	-0.000940	9,502
Female	-0.000077	9,502	-0.000605	9,502	-0.000940	9,502
Age						
Under 15	-0.000124	7,243	-0.000795	7,243	-0.001087	7,243
Under 18	-0.000105	7,243	-0.000670	7,243	-0.000926	7,243
15 and over	-0.000051	9,502	-0.000448	9,502	-0.000671	9,502
15 to 24	-0.000096	3,607	-0.000656	3,607	-0.000919	3,607
25 to 44	-0.000042	3,607	-0.000359	3,607	-0.000483	3,607
45 to 64	-0.000072	3,607	-0.000359	3,607	-0.001187	3,607
65 and over	-0.000113	3,607	-0.001350	3,607	-0.003112	3,607
Farm	-0.000076	18,149	-0.000616	18,149	-0.000898	18,149
Households, Families, and Unrelated Individuals						
Total	0.000093	2,243	0.000093	2,243	0.000093	2,243
Farm	0.000178	4,284	0.000178	4,284	0.000178	4,284
ALL INCOME LEVELS						
Persons						
Total	-0.000012	2,254	-0.000122	2,577	-0.000182	2,577
Male	-0.000025	2,254	-0.000270	2,577	-0.000367	2,577
Female	-0.000023	2,254	-0.000221	2,577	-0.000361	2,577
Age						
15 to 24	-0.000066	2,254	-0.000516	2,577	-0.000723	2,577
25 to 44	-0.000029	2,254	-0.000282	2,577	-0.000380	2,577
45 to 64	-0.000050	2,254	-0.000555	2,577	-0.000934	2,577
65 and over	-0.000078	2,254	-0.01062	2,577	-0.02448	2,577
Farm	-0.000023	4,305	-0.000232	4,922	-0.000347	4,922
Households, Families, and Unrelated Individuals						
Total	-0.000012	2,058	-0.000109	2,243	-0.000175	2,243
Farm	-0.000023	3,931	-0.000208	4,284	-0.000313	4,284
Households with children under 18	-0.000012	2,058	-0.000109	2,243	-0.000175	2,243
NONINCOME CHARACTERISTICS						
Persons						
Employment status	-0.000014	2,485	-0.000120	2,485	-0.000180	2,234
Educational attainment	-0.000016	2,532	-0.000206	3,425	-0.000315	3,425
Farm	-0.000041	11,110	-0.000574	19,335	-0.000836	19,335
Total, marital status, other						
Some household members	-0.000017	4,786	-0.000204	6,865	-0.000297	6,865
All household members	-0.000021	5,817	-0.000300	10,123	-0.000438	10,123
Households, Families, and Unrelated Individuals						
Total	-0.000012	1,899	-0.000107	1,716	-0.000172	1,716
Farm	-0.000023	3,627	-0.000204	3,278	-0.000329	3,278

Notes: To obtain parameters prior to 1993, multiply by the appropriate factor in table E-4. For regional estimates multiply the a and b parameters by 0.74, 0.98, 1.04, and 1.06 for Northeast, Midwest, South, and West, respectively. The a and b parameters should be multiplied by 1.5 for nonmetropolitan residence categories.

Table E-4. CPS Factors to Apply to a and b Parameters for Estimates Prior to 1993

Characteristic	Factor
Non-Hispanic	
1989 to 1992	1.00
1988	1.11
1981 to 1987	0.94
1967 to 1980	0.82
Hispanic	
1989 to 1992	1.00
1988	1.30
1984 to 1987	0.94

Some statements in the report may contain estimates followed by a number in parentheses. This number can be added to and subtracted from the estimate to calculate upper and lower bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. For example, if a statement contains the phrase "grew by 1.7 (± 1.0) percent," the 90-percent confidence interval for the estimate, 1.7 percent, is 0.7 percent to 2.7 percent.

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common type of hypothesis appearing in this

Table E-5. CPS Standard Error Parameters For Poverty, Income, and Nonincome Characteristics of Hispanics: 1972 to 1983

Characteristics	1972 - 1980		1981 - 1983	
	a	b	a	b
BELOW POVERTY LEVEL				
Persons				
Total	-0.000063	11,528	-0.001131	12,901
Male	-0.000130	11,528	-0.002307	12,901
Female	-0.000123	11,528	-0.002219	12,901
Age				
Under 15	-0.000052	6,057	-0.001399	6,778
Under 18	-0.000044	6,057	-0.001184	6,778
15 and over	-0.000032	11,528	-0.000421	12,901
15 to 24	-0.000122	4,520	-0.001414	5,058
25 to 44	-0.000097	4,520	-0.000962	5,058
45 to 64	-0.000117	4,520	-0.002147	5,058
65 and over	-0.000153	4,520	-0.006068	5,058
Farm	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Households, Families, and Unrelated Individuals				
Total	-0.000014	2,420	-0.000237	2,708
Farm	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
ALL INCOME LEVELS				
Persons				
Total	-0.000020	3,000	-0.000301	3,357
Male	-0.000043	3,000	-0.000615	3,357
Female	-0.000038	3,000	-0.000591	3,357
Age				
15 to 24	-0.000080	3,000	-0.000961	3,357
25 to 44	-0.000065	3,000	-0.000668	3,357
45 to 64	-0.000077	3,000	-0.001459	3,357
65 and over	-0.000147	3,000	-0.004124	3,357
Farm	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Households, Families, and Unrelated Individuals				
Total	-0.000014	2,420	-0.000237	2,708
Farm	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Households with children under 18	-0.000014	2,420	-0.000237	2,708
NONINCOME CHARACTERISTICS				
Persons				
Employment status	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Educational attainment	-0.000015	2,344	-0.000152	2,623
Farm	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Total, Marital Status, Other				
Some household members	-0.000026	5,069	-0.000294	5,673
All household members	-0.000044	10,199	-0.000592	11,414
Households, Families, and Unrelated Individuals				
Total	-0.000020	1,626	-0.000022	1,820
Farm	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable.

Notes: The a and b parameters should be multiplied by 1.5 for nonmetropolitan residence categories. Income data for Hispanics were not published before 1972.

report is that the population parameters are different. An example of this would be comparing the median annual income of Black families with the median annual income of White families.

Tests may be performed at various levels of significance, where a significance level is the probability of concluding that the characteristics are different when, in fact, they are the same. All statements of comparison in the text have passed a hypothesis test at the 0.10 level of significance or better. This means that the absolute value of the estimated difference between characteristics is greater than or equal to 1.645 times the standard error of the difference.

Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers. The approximate standard error, s_x , of an estimated number shown in this report can be obtained using the formula

$$s_x = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \quad (1)$$

Here x is the size of the estimate and a and b are the parameters in table E-3 or E-6 associated with the particular type of characteristic. When calculating standard errors for numbers from cross-tabulations involving different characteristics, use the set of parameters for the characteristic which will give the largest standard error.

Illustration. Table 1 shows that there were 68,490,000 family households in 1994. Use the appropriate parameters from table E-3 and formula (1) to get

Estimate, x	68,490,000
a parameter	-0.000012
b parameter	1,899
Standard error	272,000
90% confidence interval	68,043,000 to 68,937,000

Table E-6. CPS Standard Error Parameters for Poverty, Income, and Nonincome Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islanders: 1993

Characteristics	a	b
BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		
Persons	-0.000995	9,502
Households, families, and unrelated individuals	0.000093	2,243
ALL INCOME LEVELS		
Persons	-0.000370	2,577
Households, families, and unrelated individuals	-0.000322	2,243
NONINCOME CHARACTERISTICS		
Persons		
Total, marital status, other		
Some household members	-0.000719	6,865
All household members	-0.001060	10,123
Households, families, and unrelated individuals	-0.000180	1,716

Note: To obtain parameters prior to 1993, multiply by the appropriate factor in table E-4. Income data for Asian and Pacific Islanders were not collected prior to 1988.

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_x = \sqrt{(-0.000012)(68,490,000)^2 + (1,899)(68,490,000)} = 272,000$$

The 90-percent confidence interval for the estimated number of family households in 1994 is calculated as $68,490,000 \pm 1.645 \times 272,000$.

A conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 90 percent of all possible samples.

Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on the size of the percentage and its base. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use the parameter from table E-3 or E-6 indicated by the numerator.

The approximate standard error, $s_{x,p}$, of an estimated percentage can be obtained using the formula

$$s_{x,p} = \sqrt{\frac{b}{x} p(100 - p)} \quad (2)$$

Here x is the total number of persons, families, households, or unrelated individuals which is the base of the percentage, p is the percentage ($0 \leq p \leq 100$), and b is the parameter in table E-3 or E-6 associated with the characteristic of the percentage.

Illustration. Table 1 shows that 12,406,000 or 18.1 percent of the 68,490,000 family households were maintained by female householders with no husband present. Use the appropriate parameter from table E-3 and formula (2) to get

Estimate, p	18.1
Base, x	68,490,000
b parameter	1,899
Standard error	0.2
90% confidence interval	17.8 to 18.4

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_{x,p} = \sqrt{\frac{1,899}{68,490,000} (18.1)(100.0 - 18.1)} = 0.2$$

The 90-percent confidence interval for the estimated percentage of family households that were maintained by female householders with no husband present is calculated as $18.1 \pm 1.645 \times 0.2$.

Standard Error of a Difference. The standard error of the difference between two sample estimates is approximately equal to

$$s_{x-y} = \sqrt{s_x^2 + s_y^2 - 2rs_x s_y} \quad (3)$$

where s_x and s_y are the standard errors of the estimates, x and y . The estimates can be numbers, percentages, ratios, etc. The correlation coefficient, r , can be determined from table E-7 for year-to-year comparisons for CPS income estimates of numbers and proportions. This will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. However, if there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the two characteristics,

the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

Illustration. Table 5 shows that the median income of all male year-round, full-time workers in 1993, x , was \$31,077 and the median income of all female year-round, full-time workers in 1993, y , was \$22,469. The apparent difference between the median income of males and females in 1993 was \$8,608. Table 5 also shows the approximate standard errors, s_x and s_y , are \$125 and \$121, respectively. Use formula (3) with $r=0$ to get

	x	y	difference
Estimate	\$31,077	\$22,469	\$8,608
Standard error	\$125	\$121	\$174
90% confidence interval	\$30,871 to \$31,283	\$22,270 to \$22,668	\$8,322 to \$8,894

The standard error of the difference is calculated as

$$s_{x-y} = \sqrt{(125)^2 + (121)^2} = 174$$

The 90-percent confidence interval for the estimated difference between the median income of male and female year-round, full-time workers in 1993 is calculated as $$8,608 \pm 1.645 \times \174 . Because this interval does not contain zero, we can conclude with 90-percent confidence that the median income of male year-round, full-time workers in 1993 was larger than the median income of female year-round, full-time workers in 1993.

Standard Error of a Ratio. Certain estimates may be calculated as the ratio of two numbers. The standard error of a ratio, x/y , may be computed using

$$s_{x/y} = \frac{x}{y} \sqrt{\left[\frac{s_x}{x}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{s_y}{y}\right]^2 - 2\frac{s_x s_y}{xy}} \quad (4)$$

Table E-7. CPS Year-To-Year Correlation Coefficients for Poverty and Income Estimates

Characteristics	Below poverty level								All income levels	
	1972-83 or 1984-93		1983 - 1984		1971 - 1972		1970 - 1971		1960 - 1993	
	Persons	Families	Persons	Families	Persons	Families	Persons	Families	Persons	Families, households, and unrelated individuals
Total	0.45	0.35	0.39	0.30	0.15	0.14	0.31	0.28	0.30	0.35
White.....	0.35	0.30	0.30	0.26	0.14	0.13	0.28	0.25	0.30	0.35
Black.....	0.45	0.35	0.39	0.30	0.17	0.16	0.35	0.32	0.30	0.35
Other Races	0.45	0.35	0.30	0.30	0.17	0.16	0.35	0.32	0.30	0.35
Hispanic ¹	0.65	0.55	0.56	0.47	0.17	0.16	0.35	0.32	0.45	0.55

¹Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Notes: These correlations are for comparisons of consecutive years. For comparisons of nonconsecutive years, assume the correlations are zero. For Asian and Pacific Islanders, use the correlation coefficient for total. Correlation coefficients for 1983-84 are lower than those for 1982-83 or 1984-85 because of the phase-in of the new sample design.

The standard error of the numerator, s_x , and that of the denominator, s_y , may be calculated using formulas described earlier.

In formula (4), r represents the correlation between the numerator and the denominator of the estimate.

For one type of ratio, the denominator is a count of families or households and the numerator is a count of persons in those families or households with a certain characteristic. If there is at least one person with the characteristic in every family or household, use 0.7 as an estimate of r . An example of this type is the mean number of children per family with children.

For all other types of ratios, r is assumed to be zero. If r is actually positive (negative), then this procedure will provide an overestimate (underestimate) of the standard error of the ratio. Examples of this type are the mean number of children per family and the family poverty rate.

NOTE: For estimates expressed as the ratio of x per 100 y or x per 1,000 y , multiply formula (4) by 100 or 1,000, respectively, to obtain the standard error.

Illustration. Table 5 shows the median earnings for year-round, full-time female workers in 1993, x , was \$21,747 and the median earnings for year-round, full-time male workers in 1993, y , was \$30,407. The ratio of the median earnings is 0.72. Table 5 also shows the approximate standard errors, s_x and s_y , are \$95 and \$117, respectively. Using formula (4) with $r = 0$ to get

	x	y	ratio
Estimate	\$21,747	\$30,407	.72
Standard error	\$95	\$117	.0042
90% confidence interval	\$21,591 to \$21,903	\$30,215 to \$30,599	0.71 to 0.73

The standard error is calculated as

$$s_{x/y} = \frac{21,747}{30,407} \sqrt{\left[\frac{95}{21,747} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{117}{30,407} \right]^2} = .0042$$

The 90-percent confidence interval for the ratio of the median earnings for year-round, full-time female workers to the median earnings for year-round, full-time male workers is calculated as $.72 \pm 1.645 \times 0.0042$.

Standard Error of Estimated Means and Medians. Estimated standard errors are provided for the means and medians of the published income distributions and do not need to be calculated by the user. However, because of the approximations used in developing the formula used to estimate the standard error of the mean, this statistic will generally be an underestimate. Methods for calculating standard errors of means and medians from two or more combined income distributions may be found in: Current Population Reports, Series P60-184, *Money Income of Households, Families, and Persons in the United States: 1992*, or by contacting Lloyd Hicks or Fred Meier, Demographic Statistical Methods Division.



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