## **North Carolina**

## \* \* \*

# Transportation Profile



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## North Carolina Fast Facts 2000

#### Transportation System Extent

All public roads: 99,813 miles

Interstate: 1,024 miles Road bridges: 16,822

Class I railroad trackage: 2,588 miles

Inland waterways: 1,152 miles

Public use airports: 111 (17 certificated for

air carrier operations)<sup>1</sup>

#### Vehicles and Conveyances

Automobiles registered: 3.7 million

Light trucks registered: 2.2 million

Heavy trucks registered: 58,000

Buses registered: 31,000

Motorcycles registered: 83,000

Numbered boats: 350,000

#### Geographic

Land area: 48,711 sq. miles (rank: 29)

Percent of land area owned by federal

government: 7.5<sup>2</sup> (rank: 21)

Persons per square mile: 165.2 (rank: 17)

Highest point: Mount Mitchell (6,684 ft.)

Lowest point: Atlantic Ocean (0 ft.)

<sup>5</sup>1990

#### Political Subdivisions

Counties: 100

Municipal governments: 527<sup>3</sup> Congressional districts: 13<sup>4</sup>

#### Demographic

Population: 8,049,313 (rank: 11)

Percent urban population: 50<sup>5</sup> (rank: 45)

#### Socioeconomic

Gross state product: \$259 billion<sup>2</sup> (rank: 12)

Civilian labor force: 4.0 million<sup>2</sup> (rank: 11)

Median household income: \$38,829

(rank: 32)

#### Commuting (percent of workers)

Car, truck, or van—drove alone: 80.9

Car, truck, or van—carpooled: 12.7

Public transportation (including taxi): 0.7

Walked: 1.7

Other means: 1.1

Worked at home: 2.9

#### State Transportation Department

State of North Carolina Department of

Transportation (NCDOT)

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Raleigh, NC 27611

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http://www.dot.state.nc.us/

 $<sup>^{1}2002</sup>$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>1999

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>1997

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Apportionment based on 2000 census

The Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) presents a profile of transportation in North Carolina—part of a series covering the 50 states and the District of Columbia. This collection of transportation information from BTS, other federal government agencies, and other national sources provides a picture of the state's infrastructure, freight movement and passenger travel, safety, vehicles, economy and finance, and energy and environment.

All tables do not necessarily appear in every state profile report due to geographic and other characteristics. For example, border-crossing data are given only for states bordering Canada and Mexico. Data source and accuracy profiles are provided at the end of the report.

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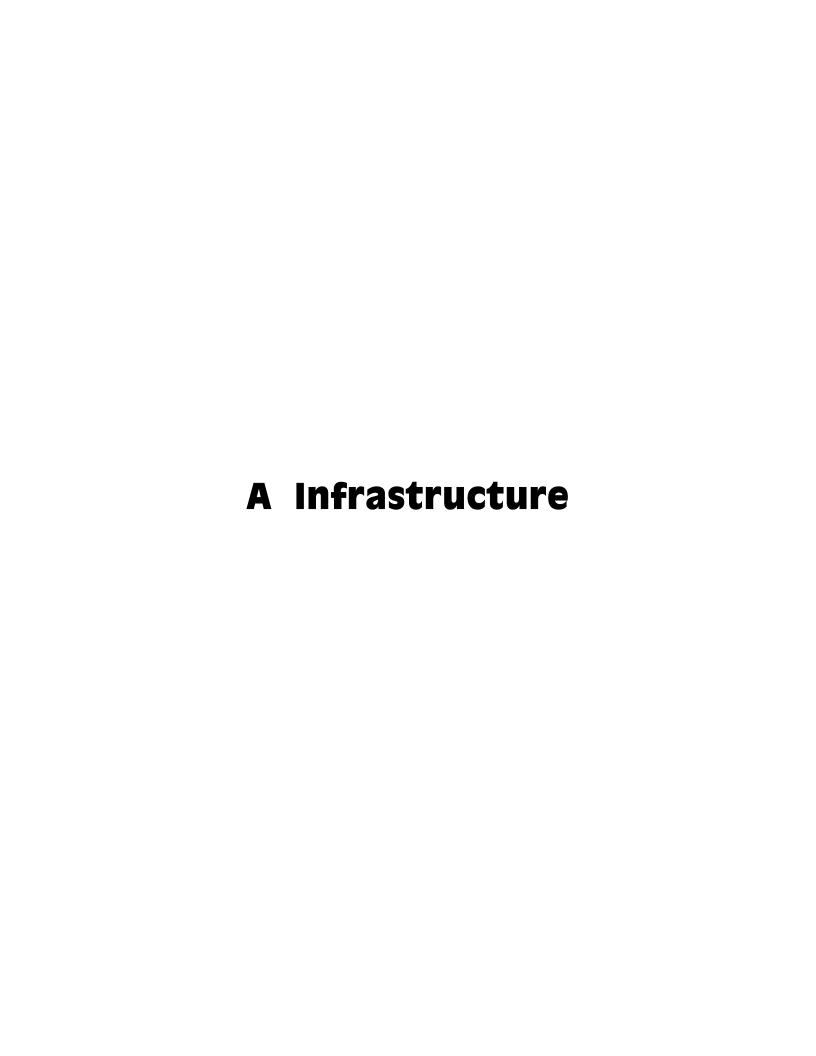


Table 1-1: North Carolina Public Road Length, Miles by Functional System

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Total rural and urban	96,809	97,509	98,041	98,608	99,302	99,813
Rural	74,660	75,077	75,333	75,518	75,907	76,185
Interstate	631	639	638	635	648	649
Other principal arterial	2,215	2,213	2,218	2,234	2,227	2,241
Minor arterial	2,968	2,999	2,995	3,002	3,014	3,012
Major arterial	8,624	8,634	8,653	8,667	8,680	8,668
Minor collector	7,499	7,486	7,482	7,429	7,431	7,422
Local	52,723	53,106	53,347	53,551	53,907	54,193
Urban	22,149	22,432	22,708	23,090	23,395	23,628
Interstate	339	342	349	353	369	375
Other freeways and expressways	267	272	282	288	272	279
Other principal arterial	1,361	1,360	1,360	1,367	1,368	1,369
Minor arterial	2,306	2,318	2,323	2,330	2,338	2,335
Collector	1,665	1,668	1,664	1,678	1,677	1,669
Local	16,211	16,472	16,730	17,074	17,371	17,601

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Washington, DC: annual editions, table HM-20, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/hs00/hm20.htm as of Feb. 1, 2002.

Table 1-2: North Carolina Public Road Length, Miles by Ownership: 2000

	National Highway System	Other federal-aid highway	Non federalaid highway	Total
Total	3,748	16,862	79,204	99,814
State highway agency	3,745	15,746	58,777	78,268
County	0	0	0	0
Town, township, municipal	2	822	17,652	18,476
Other jurisdiction <sup>1</sup>	0	0	649	649
Federal agency <sup>2</sup>	1	294	2,126	2,421

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes state park, state toll, other state agency, other local agency, and roadways not identified by ownership.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Washington, DC: annual editions, table HM-14, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/hs00/hm14.htm as of Feb. 1, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Roadways in federal parks, forests, and reservations that are not part of the state and local highway systems.

#### Infrastructure

Table 1-3: North Carolina Toll Ferries: 2001

Facility	Financing or operating authority	Location	Length in miles	Toll collection direction	Electronic collection system
Ocracoke-Swan Quarter	NC Department of Transportation	Ocracoke, NC (across Pamlico Sound) to Swan Quarter, NC	U	Both ways	No
Cedar Island-Ocracoke	NC Department of Transportation	Cedar Island, NC (across Pamlico Sound) to Ocracoke, NC	U	Both ways	No
Southport-Fort Fisher	NC Department of Transportation	Southport, NC (across Cape Fear) to Fort Fisher, NC	U	Both ways	No

**KEY:** U = data are unavailable.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Toll Facilities in the United States: Bridges-Roads-Tunnels-Ferries,* Washington, DC: June 2001, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/tollpage.htm as of Feb. 18, 2002.

Table 1-4: North Carolina Road Condition by Functional System -- Rural (Miles)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Interstate (total reported)	631	639	639	636	650	651
Very good	5	4	10	28	69	62
Good	230	60	47	161	256	289
Fair	146	154	152	109	143	133
Mediocre	191	317	337	253	155	140
Poor	59	104	93	85	27	27
Not reported	Ν	Ν	N	N	N	N
Other principal arterial (total reported)	2,169	2,172	2,199	2,199	2,227	2,242
Very good	8	7	1	19	75	73
Good	520	406	404	807	1,087	1,115
Fair	1,454	1,420	1,499	1,197	953	933
Mediocre	120	259	233	134	92	100
Poor	67	80	62	42	20	21
Not reported	46	41	20	36	0	0
Minor arterial (total reported)	2,818	2,891	2,929	2,934	3,015	3,013
Very good	24	22	20	22	29	40
Good	333	185	287	659	838	833
Fair	1,906	2,079	2,055	1,806	1,828	1,798
Mediocre	466	505	459	370	222	261
Poor	89	100	108	77	98	81
Not reported	150	108	66	68	0	0
Major collector (total reported)	Ν	Ν	Ν	N	Ν	3,097
Very good	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	49
Good	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	1,092
Fair	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	1,387
Mediocre	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	264
Poor	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	305
Not reported	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν

**KEY**: N = data do not exist.

**NOTE:** In 2000, the Federal Highway Administration began reporting road condition for rural major collectors using the International Roughness Index if available. In prior years, data were only available using the Present Serviceability Rating.

70 ■ Very good ☑ Good □Fair ■ Poor 60 50 50 40 30 20 9 10 10 0 Interstate Other principal arterial Minor arterial Major collector

Figure 1-1: Rural Road Conditions in North Carolina: 2000

NOTE: Numbers may not add to 100 due to rounding.

**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Road condition is based on measured pavement roughness using the International Roughness Index (IRI). IRI is a measure of surface condition. A comprehensive measure of pavement condition would require data on other pavement distresses such as rutting, cracking, and faulting.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Washington, DC: annual editions, tables HM-63 and HM-64, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ as of Feb. 1, 2002.

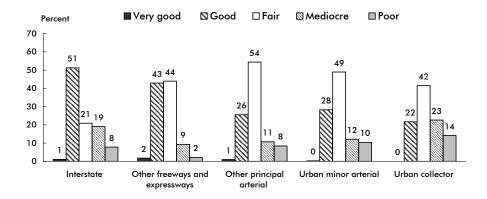
Table 1-5: North Carolina Road Condition by Functional System -- Urban (Miles)

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Interstate (total reported)	338	341	350	353	369	373
Very good	5	0	0	1	2	4
Good	76	41	59	128	163	191
Fair	56	52	63	64	80	78
Mediocre	138	163	160	104	83	71
Poor	63	85	68	56	41	29
Not reported	1	1	0	0	0	0
Other freeways and expressways (total reported)	242	244	262	270	273	280
Very good	0	0	0	3	5	5
Good	61	44	72	104	116	120
Fair	129	125	131	114	123	123
Mediocre	36	50	39	36	23	26
Poor	16	25	20	13	6	6
Not reported	25	28	20	18	0	0
Other principal arterial (total reported)	923	1,113	1,204	1,245	1,367	1,368
Very good	2	0	4	4	14	13
Good	188	142	198	240	328	349
Fair	526	616	645	682	755	744
Mediocre	92	193	195	175	152	147
Poor	115	162	162	144	118	115
Not reported	438	247	157	122	0	0
Urban minor arterial (total reported)	N	N	N	N	N	684
Very good	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	2
Good	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	193
Fair	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	335
Mediocre	Ν	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	83
Poor	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	71
Not reported	Ν	N	Ν	N	N	N
Urban collector (total reported)	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	212
Very good	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	0
Good	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	46
Fair	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	88
Mediocre	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	48
Poor	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	30
Not reported	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν	Ν

**KEY**: N = data do not exist.

**NOTE:** In 2000, the Federal Highway Administration began reporting road condition for urban minor arterials and urban collectors using the International Roughness Index if available. In prior years, data were only available using the Present Serviceability Rating.

Figure 1-2: Urban Road Conditions in North Carolina: 2000



NOTE: Numbers may not add to 100 due to rounding.

**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Road condition is based on measured pavement roughness using the International Roughness Index (IRI). IRI is a measure of surface condition. A comprehensive measure of pavement condition would require data on other pavement distresses such as rutting, cracking, and faulting.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*, Washington, DC: annual editions, tables HM-63 and HM-64, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ as of Feb. 1, 2002.

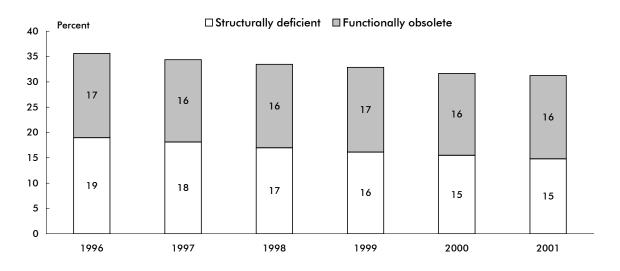
Table 1-6: Highway Bridge Condition: 2001

All bridges	Structurally deficient	Functionally obsolete	Total o	f both
(number)	(number)	(number)	(number)	(percent)
15,641	2,677	2,245	4,922	31.5
1,433	169	243	412	28.8
6,918	194	541	735	10.6
12,434	1,479	1,996	3,475	27.9
23,770	2,636	4,204	6,840	28.8
8,082	596	847	1,443	17.9
4,171	362	943	1,305	31.3
829	47	82	129	15.6
243	25	136	161	66.3
11,303	300	1,814	2,114	18.7
14,394	1,578	1,924	3,502	24.3
1,071	193	344	537	50.1
4,069	320	436	756	18.6
25,529	2,725	2,099	4,824	18.9
18,067	2,257	2,161	4,418	24.5
25,030	5,036	2,060	7,096	28.3
25,638	3,465	2,959	6,424	25.1
13,442	1,189	2,864	4,053	30.2
13,426	2,425	2,166	4,591	34.2
2,367	354	512	866	36.6
	436	1,010	1,446	29.2
	696	•	2,488	49.9
10,631	2,012	1,354	3,366	31.7
	1,221	563	1,784	13.9
	3,694	1,308	5,002	29.7
	6,083	2,747	•	37.4
	570	560		22.6
15,493	2,676	1,661	4,337	28.0
1,510	67	154	221	14.6
2,354	387	415	802	34.1
6,366	930	1,420	2,350	36.9
3,790	348	355	703	18.5
17,378	2,406	4,182	6,588	37.9
16.991	2.513			31.2
-	-	-	-	25.2
			•	25.6
	•		,	40.2
			•	22.6
		•	•	42.7
	•	•	•	50.6
				22.7
	,		,	29.1
				24.3
	•			22.0
				23.1
				35.2
				27.1
				27.1
				39.4
				19.7
				20.9
590,066	83,630	81,469	165,099	28.0
	(number)  15,641 1,433 6,918 12,434 23,770 8,082 4,171 829 243 11,303 14,394 1,071 4,069 25,529 18,067 25,030 25,638 13,442 13,426 2,367 4,957 4,986 10,631 12,830 16,825 23,604 5,009 15,493 1,510 2,354 6,366 3,790 17,378 16,991 4,517 27,952 22,708 7,309 22,092 749 9,064 6,001 19,362 48,085 2,743 2,714 12,789 7,939 6,767 13,516 3,076	All bridges (number)  15,641 2,677 1,433 169 6,918 194 12,434 1,479 23,770 2,636 8,082 596 4,171 362 829 47 243 25 11,303 300 14,394 1,578 1,071 193 4,069 320 25,529 2,725 18,067 2,257 25,030 5,036 25,638 3,465 13,442 1,189 13,426 2,425 2,367 354 4,957 436 4,986 696 10,631 2,012 12,830 1,221 16,825 3,694 23,604 6,083 5,009 570 15,493 2,676 1,510 67 2,354 387 6,366 930 3,790 348 17,378 2,406 16,991 2,513 4,517 871 27,952 3,304 22,708 7,605 7,309 362 22,092 5,418 749 187 9,064 1,187 6,001 1,398 19,362 1,761 48,085 3,182 2,743 389 2,714 452 12,789 1,222 7,939 551 6,767 1,172 13,516 1,862 3,076 389	All bridges (number)	All bridges (number)         deficient (number)         obsolete (number)         Total of (number)           15,641         2,677         2,245         4,922           1,433         169         243         412           6,918         194         541         735           12,434         1,479         1,996         3,475           23,770         2,636         4,204         6,840           8,882         596         847         1,443           4,171         362         943         1,305           829         47         82         129           243         25         136         161           11,303         300         1,814         2,114           14,394         1,578         1,924         3,502           1,071         193         344         537           4,069         320         436         756           25,529         2,725         2,099         4,824           25,030         5,036         2,060         7,096           25,638         3,465         2,959         6,424           13,442         1,189         2,864         4,053           13,426

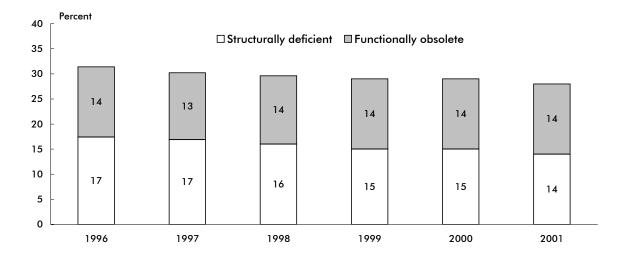
**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *National Bridge Inventory*: Deficient Bridges by State and Highway System, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/britab.htm as of Jan. 31, 2002.

Figure 1-3: Highway Bridge Condition

#### **North Carolina**



#### **United States**



**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, National Bridge Inventory: Deficient Bridges by State and Highway System, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/britab.htm as of Jan. 31, 2002.

Table 1-7: Characteristics of Directly Operated Motor Bus Transit in North Carolina: 2000

	Directional route-miles					
	Exclusive	Controlled	Mixed			
Transit agency	right-of-way	right-of-way	right-of-way			
Asheville Transit Authority	0.0	0.0	127.3			
Capital Area Transit	0.0	0.0	294.0			
Chapel Hill Transit	0.0	0.0	132.0			
Charlotte Department of Transportation	5.6	0.0	507.6			
Durham Area Transit	0.0	0.0	256.0			
Fayetteville Area System	0.0	0.0	169.9			
High Point Transit	0.0	0.0	95.0			
Research Triangle Regional Public Transportation Authority	0.0	0.0	688.0			
Wilmington Transit Authority	0.0	0.0	90.4			
Winston-Salem Transit	0.0	0.0	192.0			
Total	5.6	0.0	2,552.2			

**NOTES**: Directional route-miles is the mileage in each direction over which public transportation vehicles travel while in revenue service. Directional route-miles are a measure of the facility or roadway, not the service carried on the facility such as the number of routes or vehicle-miles. Directional route-miles are computed with regard to direction of service, but without regard to the number of traffic lanes or rail tracks existing in the right-of-way. Exclusive right-of-way refers to lanes reserved at all times for transit use and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs). Controlled right-of-way refers to lanes restricted for at least a portion of the day for use by transit vehicles and other HOVs. Mixed right-of-way refers to lanes used for general automobile traffic.

Directly operated transit is service provided by a public transit agency using its own employees to operate transit vehicles. Transit service purchased under contract by a public transit agency is not considered directly operated transit.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, Data Tables, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com/ as of Feb. 19, 2002.

Table 1-8: Civil and Joint-Use Airports, Heliports, STOLports, and Seaplane Bases in North Carolina: 2002<sup>1</sup>

				Seaplane	
Ownership and usage	Airports	Heliports	STOLports	bases	Total
Publicly owned	76	17	0	0	93
Open to public	74	1	0	0	75
Closed to public	2	16	0	0	18
Privately owned	225	52	4	1	282
Open to public	37	2	0	0	39
Closed to public	188	50	4	1	243
Total	301	69	4	1	375

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are current as of Jan. 31, 2002.

**KEY:** STOLport = Short take-off and landing airport.

**NOTE:** Publicly owned facilities are open for public use with no prior authorization or permission. Publicly owned facilities closed to the public include medical, law enforcement, and other such facilities.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Airports, Airport Safety Data Branch.

Table 1-9: North Carolina Commercial Service Airport Enplanements: 2000 (For airports with scheduled service and 2,500 or more passengers enplaned)

Airport	Large certificated air carriers	Commuter and small certificated air carriers	Air taxi commuter operators	Foreign air carriers	Total enplanements
Charlotte/Douglas International	10,377,923	1,008,927	182	82,250	11,469,282
Raleigh/Durham International	4,839,624	321,835	145	29,473	5,191,077
Piedmont Triad International	1,217,844	184,131	88	105	1,402,168
Asheville Regional	225,588	51,554	47	0	277,189
Wilmington International	208,461	47,269	52	0	255,782
Fayetteville Regional/Grannis Field	123,420	25,824	0	0	149,244
Craven County Regional	0	85,637	2	0	85,639
Pitt-Greenville	1,615	43,026	215	0	44,856
Albert J. Ellis	764	37,509	6	0	38,279
Moore County	0	17,714	37	0	17,751
Hickory Regional	437	15,516	57	0	16,010
Rocky Mount-Wilson Regional	0	4,549	56	0	4,605
Kinston Regional Jetport at Stallings Field	2,666	32	4	0	2,702

**NOTE:** Rank order by total enplaned passengers on air carriers of all types, including foreign air carriers. Data differ from those in table 4-4, which includes only enplanements on large certificated carriers.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of the Associate Administrator for Airports, CY 2000 Enplanement Activity at U.S. Commercial Service Airports, available at <a href="http://www.faa.gov/arp/Planning/v3.htm">http://www.faa.gov/arp/Planning/v3.htm</a> as of Mar. 26, 2002.

Table 1-10: Freight Railroads in North Carolina and the United States: 2000

	Number		Miles operated <sup>2</sup>					
	of ra	ilroads		ı	lorth Caroli	na		
Type of railroad	United States	North Carolina	United States	Excluding trackage rights	Including trackage rights	Percent of U.S. total		
Total	562	24	172,101	3,254	3,360	2.0		
Class I	8	2	120,597	2,485	2,588	2.1		
Regional	35	0	20,978	0	0	0.0		
Local	304	14	21,512	545	545	2.5		
Switching and terminal	213	8	7,425	224	227	3.1		
Canadian <sup>1</sup>	2	0	1,589	0	0	0.0		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Refers to non-Class I, Canadian-owned lines.

#### NOTES:

- 1. As defined by the Surface Transportation Board in 2000, a Class I Railroad is a railroad with operating revenues of at least \$261.9 million.
- 2. A Regional Railroad is a non-Class I, line-haul railroad operating 350 or more miles of road or with revenues of at least \$40 million or both.
- 3. A Local Railroad is a railroad which is neither a Class I nor a Regional Railroad, and is engaged primarily in line-haul service.
- 4. A Switching and Terminal Railroad is a non-Class I Railroad engaged primarily in switching and/or terminal services for other railroads.

**SOURCE**: Association of American Railroads, *Railroads and States - 2000*, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.aar.org/AboutTheIndustry/StateInformation.asp as of Mar. 19, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Miles operated is in terms of railroad so that a mile of single track is counted the same as a mile of double track. Sidings, turnouts, yard switching mileage, and mileage not operated are excluded. Miles operated under trackage rights provided by another (owning) railroad are included.

Table 1-11: Freight Railroads Operating in North Carolina by Class: 2000

	Miles operated in
Railroad	North Carolina <sup>1</sup>
Class I railroads	2,588
CSX Transportation	1,138
Norfolk Southern Corp.	1,450
Regional railroads	0
Local railroads	545
Aberdeen and Rockfish Railroad	46
Aberdeen, Carolina and Western Railway Co.	140
Alexander Railroad	19
Atlantic and Western Railway	10
Beaufort and Morehead Railway	2
Caldwell County Railroad Co.	22
Carolina Coastal Railway, Inc.	17
Carolina Southern Railroad, Co.	37
Chesapeake and Albemarle Railroad Co.	44
Great Smoky Mountains Railroad, Inc.	53
Laurinburg and Southern Railroad	35
Nash County Railroad Corp.	20
Thermal Belt Railway	7
Yadkin Valley Railroad Co.	93
Switching and terminal railroads	227
Cape Fear Railways	21
Carolina Rail Service, Inc.	3
Clinton Terminal Railroad Co.	4
High Point, Thomasville, and Denton Railroad	34
North Carolina and Virginia Railroad Co.	48
Virginia Southern Railroad	20
Wilmington Terminal Railroad, L.P.	7
Winston-Salem Southbound Railway	90

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Miles operated is in terms of railroad so that a mile of single track is counted the same as a mile of double track. Sidings, turnouts, yard switching mileage, and mileage not operated are excluded. Miles operated under trackage rights provided by another (owning) railroad are included.

NOTE: For definition of railroad types see previous table.

**SOURCE:** Association of American Railroads, *Railroads and States - 2000*, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.aar.org/AboutTheIndustry/StateInformation.asp as of Mar. 19, 2002.

Table 1-12: North Carolina Water Ports Ranked in Top 150 U.S. Ports by Tonnage: 2000

		Millions of short tons					
Port	U.S. rank	Total	Foreign	Domestic			
Wilmington	70	6.7	3.1	3.7			
Morehead City	84	4.4	2.9	1.5			

**SOURCE:** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Calendar Year 2000, Part 5 National Summaries, Alexandria, VA: 2001, available at http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ as of Apr. 15, 2002.

Table 1-13: Inland Waterway Mileage: 2000

(Includes 39 states and the District of Columbia)

State	Miles	State	Miles
Alabama	1,270	Mississippi	873
Alaska	5,497	Missouri	1,033
Arkansas	1,860	Nebraska	318
California	286	New Hampshire	8
Connecticut	117	New Jersey	360
Delaware	99	New York	394
District of Columbia	7	North Carolina	1,152
Florida	1,540	Ohio	444
Georgia	721	Oklahoma	150
Idaho	111	Oregon	681
Illinois	1,095	Pennsylvania	259
Indiana	353	Rhode Island	39
lowa	492	South Carolina	482
Kansas	120	South Dakota	75
Kentucky	1,591	Tennessee	946
Louisiana	2,823	Texas	834
Maine	73	Virginia	674
Maryland	532	Washington	1,057
Massachusetts	90	West Virginia	682
Minnesota	258	Wisconsin	231

**NOTES**: Waterway mileages were determined by including the length of channels 1) with a controlling draft of nine feet or greater, 2) with commercial cargo traffic reported for 1998 and 1999, but 3) were not offshore (i.e., channels in coastal areas included only the miles from the entrance channel inward). Channels within major bays are included (e.g., Chesapeake Bay, San Francisco Bay, Puget Sound, Long Island Sound, major sounds and straits in southeastern Alaska). Channels in the Great Lakes are not included, but waterways connecting lakes and the St. Lawrence Seaway inside the United States are included.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Navigation Data Center, National Waterway Network, January 2002.

## **B** Safety

Table 2-1: Highway Traffic Fatalities and Fatality Rates: 2000

					Fatality rate per			
		Licensed	Registered	Vehicle-miles	100,000	100,000	100 million	
	Traffic	drivers	vehicles	traveled	licensed	registered	vehicle-miles	
State	fatalities	(thousands)	(thousands)	(millions)	drivers	vehicles	traveled	
Alabama	995	3,521	4,015	56,534	28.3	24.8	1.8	
Alaska	103	465	611	4,613	22.2	16.9	2.2	
Arizona	1,036	3,434	3,960	49,768	30.2	26.2	2.1	
Arkansas	652	1,948	1,865	29,167	33.5	35.0	2.2	
California	3,753	21,244	28,146	306,649	17.7	13.3	1.2	
Colorado	681	3,107	3,724	41,771	21.9	18.3	1.6	
Connecticut	342	2,653	2,907	30,756	12.9	11.8	1.1	
Delaware	123	557	641	8,240	22.1	19.2	1.5	
District of Columbia	49	348	244	3,498	14.1	20.1	1.4	
Florida	2,999	12,853	12,036	152,136	23.3	24.9	2.0	
Georgia	1,541	5,550	7,243	105,010	27.8	21.3	1.5	
Hawaii	131	769	758	8,543	17.0	17.3	1.5	
Idaho	276	884	1,220	13,534	31.2	22.6	2.0	
Illinois	1,418	7,961	9,168	102,866	17.8	15.5	1.4	
Indiana	<sup>,</sup> 875	3,976	5,689	70,862	22.0	15.4	1.2	
Iowa	445	1,953	3,233	29,433	22.8	13.8	1.5	
Kansas	461	1,908	2,346	28,130	24.2	19.7	1.6	
Kentucky	820	2,694	2,870	46,803	30.4	28.6	1.8	
Louisiana	937	2,759	3,605	40,849	34.0	26.0	2.3	
Maine	169	920	1,053	14,190	18.4	16.1	1.2	
Maryland	588	3,382	3,897	50,174	17.4	15.1	1.2	
Massachusetts	433	4,490	5,372	52,796	9.6	8.1	0.8	
Michigan	1,382	6,925	8,619	97,792	20.0	16.0	1.4	
Minnesota	625	2,941	4,773	52,601	21.3	13.1	1.2	
Mississippi	949	2,008	2,321	35,536	47.3	40.9	2.7	
Missouri	1,157	3,856	4.641	67,083	30.0	24.9	1.7	
Montana	237	679	1,053	9,882	34.9	22.5	2.4	
Nebraska	276	1,195	1,640	18,081	23.1	16.8	1.5	
Nevada	323	1,371	1,245	17,639	23.6	25.9	1.8	
New Hampshire	126	930	1,100	12,021	13.6	11.5	1.0	
New Jersey	731	5,655	6,502	67,446	12.9	11.2	1.1	
New Mexico	430	1,239	1,557	22,760	34.7	27.6	1.9	
New York	1,458	10,871	10,342	129,057	13.4	14.1	1.1	
North Carolina	1,472	5,690	6,305	89,504	25.9	23.3	1.6	
North Dakota	86	<b>3,070</b> 459	<b>711</b>	-	18.7	12.1	1.2	
Ohio	86 1,351	8,206	10,722	7,217 105,898	16.7	12.1	1.2	
Oklahoma	652	•	3,072	•	28.4	21.2	1.5	
	451	2,295 2,495	3,072 3,091	43,355	28. <del>4</del> 18.1	14.6		
Oregon		•	•	35,010			1.3	
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	1,520	8,229	9,476	102,337	18.5	16.0	1.5	
	80	654	779 3.146	8,359	12.2 37.5	10.3	1.0	
South Carolina	1,065	2,843	,	45,538		33.9	2.3	
South Dakota	173	544	822	8,432	31.8 30.7	21.0 26.7	2.1	
Tennessee	1,306	4,251	4,891	65,732			2.0	
Texas	3,769	13,462	14,257	220,064	28.0	26.4	1.7	
Utah	373	1,463	1,656	22,597	25.5	22.5	1.7	
Vermont	79	506	537	6,811	15.6	14.7	1.2	
Virginia	930	4,837	6,107	74,801	19.2	15.2	1.2	
Washington	632	4,155	5,235	53,330	15.2	12.1	1.2	
West Virginia	410	1,347	1,468	19,242	30.4	27.9	2.1	
Wisconsin	799	3,770	4,545	57,266	21.2	17.6	1.4	
Wyoming	152	371	605	8,090	41.0	25.1	1.9	
United States	41,821	190,625	217,028	2,749,803	21.9	19.3	1.5	

**SOURCES:** U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/TSF2000.pdf as of Jan. 4, 2002; U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ohimstat.htm as of Dec. 6, 2001.

Table 2-2: Passenger Car Occupants Killed and Restraint Use: 2000

	Restrair	nt used	No restra	int used	Restrai unkn		Total occupants killed		
State	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Alabama	204	38.2	308	57.7	22	4.1	534	100.0	
Alaska	11	39.3	17	60.7	0	0.0	28	100.0	
Arizona	131	36.0	183	50.3	50	13.7	364	100.0	
Arkansas	95	32.3	160	54.4	39	13.3	294	100.0	
California	917	53.5	499	29.1	298	17.4	1,714	100.0	
Colorado	129	47.1	142	51.8	3	1.1	274	100.0	
Connecticut	69	38.1	90	49.7	22	12.2	181	100.0	
Delaware	20	29.0	47	68.1	2	2.9	69	100.0	
District of Columbia	4	22.2	7	38.9	7	38.9	18	100.0	
Florida	523	37.7	836	60.3	27	1.9	1,386	100.0	
Georgia	337	42.9	351	44.7	98	12.5	786	100.0	
Hawaii	23	37.7	29	47.5	9	14.8	61	100.0	
Idaho	42	35.9	69	59.0	6	5.1	117	100.0	
Illinois	234	34.3	311	45.6	137	20.1	682	100.0	
Indiana	203	43.0	222	47.0	47	10.0	472	100.0	
lowa	107	41.6	98	38.1	52	20.2	257	100.0	
Kansas	77	33.2	127	54.7	28	12.1	232	100.0	
Kentucky	156	36.3	269	62.6	5	1.2	430	100.0	
Louisiana	127	30.1	232	55.0	63	14.9	422	100.0	
Maine	37	36.6	58	57.4	6	5.9	101	100.0	
Maryland	167	55.3	117	38.7	18	6.0	302	100.0	
Massachusetts	63	25.9	128	52.7	52	21.4	243	100.0	
Michigan	364	51.3	260	36.6	86	12.1	710	100.0	
Minnesota	129	37.5	174	50.6	41	11.9	344	100.0	
Mississippi	144	28.3	354	69.5	11	2.2	509	100.0	
Missouri	198	33.4	326	55.0	69	11.6	593	100.0	
Montana	38	37.3	56	54.9	8	7.8	102	100.0	
Nebraska	35	27.1	76	58.9	18	14.0	129	100.0	
Nevada	52	38.2	81	59.6	3	2.2	136	100.0	
New Hampshire	13	21.0	43	69.4	6	9.7	62	100.0	
New Jersey	161	42.4	197	51.8	22	5.8	380	100.0	
New Mexico	72	41.9	90	52.3	10	5.8	172	100.0	
New York	360	50.8	290	40.9	59	8.3	709	100.0	
North Carolina	369	45.0	354	43.2	97	11.8	820	100.0	
North Dakota	8	19.0	33	78.6	1	2.4	42	100.0	
Ohio	319	41.5	396	51.6	53	6.9	768	100.0	
Oklahoma	128	40.4	187	59.0	2	0.6	317	100.0	
Oregon	147	67.1	60	27.4	12	5.5	219	100.0	
Pennsylvania	265	31.7	443	53.1	127	15.2	835	100.0	
Rhode Island	8	18.6	33	76.7	2	4.7	43	100.0	
South Carolina	158	38.3	246	59.7	8	1.9	412	100.0	
South Dakota	11	15.3	58	80.6	3	4.2	72	100.0	
Tennessee	207	28.6	479	66.1	39	5.4	725	100.0	
Texas	914	54.7	723	43.2	35	2.1	1,672	100.0	
Utah	66	39.3	97	57.7	5	3.0	168	100.0	
Vermont	23	57.5	15	37.5	2	5.0	40	100.0	
Virginia	199	40.4	264	53.7	29	5.9	492	100.0	
Washington	153	44.5	185	53.8	6	1.7	344	100.0	
West Virginia	71	31.1	151	66.2	6	2.6	228	100.0	
Wisconsin	161	37.3	231	53.5	40	9.3	432	100.0	
Wyoming	23	46.0	27	54.0	0	0.0	50	100.0	

**NOTE:** Fatalities in this table include passenger car occupants only. Occupants of other vehicle types - light trucks, heavy trucks, motorcycles, and buses - are excluded as are other types of highway related fatalities such as pedestrian fatalities. Hence, the fatalities represented here are lower then those in table 2-1. Percents may not add to totals due to rounding.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/ TSF2000.pdf as of Jan. 4, 2002.

Table 2-3: Key Provisions of Safety Belt Use Laws: 2000

State	Effective <sup>1</sup>	Enforcement <sup>2</sup>	Fine	Seats	Vehicles exempted <sup>3</sup>
Alabama	7/18/1992	Primary	\$25	Front	Designed for more than 10 passengers
Alaska	9/12/1990	Secondary	\$15	All	School bus
Arizona	1/1/1991	Secondary	\$10	Front	Designed for more than 10 passengers; model year before 1972
Arkansas	7/15/1991	Secondary	\$25 <sup>4</sup>	Front	School bus, church bus, public bus
California	1/1/1986	Primary	\$20 <sup>5</sup>	All	None
Colorado	7/1/1987	Secondary	\$15	Front	Passenger bus, school bus
Connecticut	1/1/1986	Primary	\$15	Front	Truck or bus over 15,000 lbs.
Delaware	1/1/1992	Secondary	\$20	Front	None
District of Columbia	12/12/1985	Primary	\$50 <sup>6</sup>	All	Seating more than 8 people
Florida	7/1/1986	Secondary	\$30	Front	School bus, public bus, truck over 5,000 lbs.
Georgia	9/1/1988	Primary	\$15	Front	Designed for more than 10 passengers, pickup
Hawaii	2/16/1985	Primary	\$45	Front	Bus or school bus over 10,000 lbs.
Idaho	7/1/1986	Secondary	\$ <del>4</del> 5	Front	Over 8,000 lbs.
Illinois	7/1/1985	Secondary	\$25	Front	None
Indiana	7/1/1987	Primary	\$25 \$25	Front	Truck, tractor, RV
lowa	7/1/1986	•	\$23 \$10	Front	None
		Primary			Designed for more than 10 people, truck over
Kansas	7/1/1986	Secondary	\$10	Front	12,000 lbs.
Kentucky	7/13/1994	Secondary	\$25	All	Designed for more than 10 people
Louisiana	7/1/1986	Primary	\$25 <sup>7</sup>	Front	Manufactured before 1/1/81
Maine	12/27/1995	Secondary	\$50	All	None
Maryland	7/1/1986	Primary	\$25	Front	Historic vehicle
Massachusetts	2/1/1994	Secondary	\$25	All	Truck over 18,000 lbs., bus, taxi
Michigan	7/1/1985	Primary	\$25	Front	Bus
Minnesota	8/1/1986	Secondary	\$25	Front	Farm pickup truck
Mississippi	3/20/1990	Secondary	\$25	Front	Farm vehicle, bus
Missouri	9/28/1985	Secondary	\$10	Front	Designed for more than 10 people, truck over 12,000 lbs.
Montana	10/1/1987	Secondary	\$20	All	None
Nebraska	1/1/1993	Secondary	\$25	Front	Manufactured before 1973
Nevada	7/1/1987	Secondary	\$25	All	Taxi, bus, school bus
New Hampshire	None	NA	NA	NA	NA
New Jersey	3/1/1985	Secondary	\$20	Front	None
New Mexico	1/1/1986	Primary	\$25	Front	Vehicle over 10,000 lbs.
New York	12/1/1984	Primary	\$50	Front	Bus, school bus, taxi
North Carolina	10/1/1985	Primary	\$25	Front	Designed for more than 10 people
North Dakota	7/14/1994	Secondary	\$20	Front	Designed for more than 10 people
Ohio	5/6/1986	Secondary	\$25	Front	None
Oklahoma	2/1/1987	Primary	\$20	Front	Farm vehicle, truck, truck tractor, RV
Oregon	12/7/1990	Primary	\$75	All	None
Pennsylvania	11/23/1987	Secondary	\$10	Front	Truck over 7,000 lbs.
Rhode Island	6/18/1991	Secondary	\$50	All	None
South Carolina	7/1/1989	Secondary	\$10	All	School bus, public bus
South Dakota	1/1/1995	Secondary	\$20	Front	Bus, school bus
Tennessee	4/21/1986	Secondary	\$50	Front	Vehicle over 8,500 lbs.
Texas	9/1/1985	Primary	\$50	Front	Designed for more than 10 people, truck over 15,000 lbs.
Utah	4/28/1986	Secondary	\$45	Front	Vehicle over 10,000 lbs., school/public bus, taxi
Vermont	1/1/1994	Secondary	\$10	All	Bus, taxi
Virginia	1/1/1988	Secondary	\$25	Front	Designed for more than 10 people, taxi
Washington	6/11/1986	Secondary	\$35	All	Designed for more than 10 people
West Virginia	9/1/1993	Secondary	\$25	Front	Designed for more than 10 people
Wisconsin	12/1/1987	Secondary	\$25 \$10	All	Taxi, farm truck
Wyoming	6/8/1989	Secondary	\$10 \$25	Front	Designed for more than 10 people, bus
**yorning	0/0/1709	Secondary	<b>⊅</b> ZO	FIOIII	Designed for more man 10 people, 00s

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Effective date of first belt law in the state; <sup>2</sup>Primary enforcement enables police officers to stop vehicles and write citations whenever they observe a violation of the seat belt law. Secondary enforcement allows police officers to write a citation for seat belt infractions only after stopping a vehicle for some other traffic infraction; <sup>3</sup>Most states exempt vehicles not manufactured with seat belts; <sup>4</sup>Plus 3 points on license; <sup>5</sup>Fine for first offense; <sup>6</sup>Plus 2 points on license; <sup>7</sup>Penalty could include 30 days in jail.

**KEY**: NA = not applicable; RV = recreational vehicle.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/TSF2000.pdf as of Jan. 4, 2002.

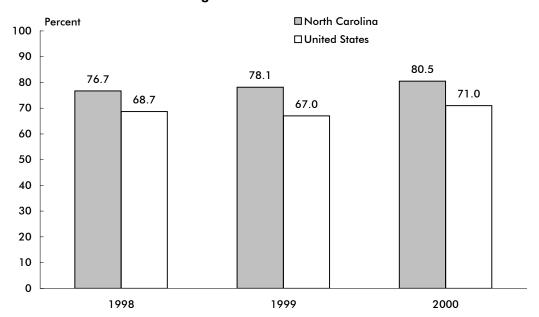
Table 2-4: Shoulder Belt Use: 2000

State	Percent
Alabama	70.6
Alaska	61.0
Arizona	75.2
Arkansas	52.4
California	88.9
Colorado	65.1
Connecticut	76.3
Delaware	66.1
District of Columbia	82.6
Florida	64.8
Georgia	73.6
Hawaii	80.4
Idaho	58.6
Illinois	70.2
Indiana	62.1
lowa	78.0
Kansas	61.6
Kentucky	60.0
Louisiana	68.2
Maine	N
Maryland	85.0
Massachusetts	50.0
Michigan	83.5
Minnesota	73.4
Mississippi	50.4
Missouri	67.7

State	Percent
Montana	75.6
Nebraska	70.5
Nevada	78.5
New Hampshire	Ν
New Jersey	74.2
New Mexico	86.6
New York	77.3
North Carolina	80.5
North Dakota	47.7
Ohio	65.3
Oklahoma	67.5
Oregon	83.6
Pennsylvania	70.7
Rhode Island	64.4
South Carolina	73.9
South Dakota	53.4
Tennessee	59.0
Texas	76.6
Utah	75.7
Vermont	61.6
Virginia	69.6
Washington	81.6
West Virginia	49.5
Wisconsin	65.4
Wyoming	66.8

**KEY**: N = data do not exist.

Figure 2-1: Shoulder Belt Use



**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 1998-2000 State Shoulder Belt Use Survey Results, Research Note, Washington, DC: May 2001, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/departments/nrd-30/ncsa/availinf.html as of Mar. 20, 2002.

Table 2-5: Pedestrian Fatalities Involving Motor Vehicles: 2000

			Pedestrian		Pedestrian
			fatalities as	State	fatality rate per
	Total traffic	<b>Pedestrians</b>	percent of	population	100,000
State	fatalities	killed	total	(thousands)	population
Alabama	995	61	6.1	4,451	1.4
Alaska	103	8	7.8	653	1.2
Arizona	1,036	130	12.5	4,798	2.7
Arkansas	652	38	5.8	2,631	1.4
California	3,753	670	17.9	32,521	2.1
Colorado	681	80	11.7	4,168	1.9
Connecticut	342	49	14.3	3,284	1.5
Delaware	123	22	17.9	768	2.9
District of Columbia	49	18	36.7	523	3.4
Florida	2,999	492	16.4	15,233	3.2
Georgia	1,541	137	8.9	7,875	1.7
Hawaii	131	29	22.1	1,257	2.3
Idaho	276	6	2.2	1,347	0.4
Illinois	1,418	187	13.2	12,051	1.6
Indiana	875	51	5.8	·	0.8
lowa				6,045	
	445	25	5.6	2,900	0.9
Kansas	461	19	4.1	2,668	0.7
Kentucky	820	53	6.5	3,995	1.3
Louisiana	937	100	10.7	4,425	2.3
Maine	169	15	8.9	1,259	1.2
Maryland	588	91	15.5	5,275	1.7
Massachusetts	433	82	18.9	6,199	1.3
Michigan	1,382	170	12.3	9,679	1.8
Minnesota	625	38	6.1	4,830	0.8
Mississippi	949	64	6.7	2,816	2.3
Missouri	1,157	88	7.6	5,540	1.6
Montana	237	11	4.6	950	1.2
Nebraska	276	20	7.2	1,705	1.2
Nevada	323	43	13.3	1,871	2.3
New Hampshire	126	7	5.6	1,224	0.6
New Jersey	731	145	19.8	8,178	1.8
New Mexico	430	47	10.9	1,860	2.5
New York	1,458	335	23.0	18,146	1.8
North Carolina	1,472	144	9.8	7,777	1.9
North Dakota	86	5	5.8	662	0.8
Ohio	1,351	96	7.1	11,319	0.8
	652	43	6.6	•	1.3
Oklahoma	451	50	11.1	3,373	1.5
Oregon				3,397	
Pennsylvania	1,520	170	11.2	12,202	1.4
Rhode Island	80	6	7.5	998	0.6
South Carolina	1,065	84	7.9	3,858	2.2
South Dakota	173	13	7.5	777	1.7
Tennessee	1,306	99	7.6	5,657	1.7
Texas	3,769	412	10.9	20,119	2.0
Utah	373	33	8.8	2,207	1.5
Vermont	79	7	8.9	617	1.1
Virginia	930	92	9.9	6,997	1.3
Washington	632	66	10.4	5,858	1.1
West Virginia	410	25	6.1	1,841	1.4
Wisconsin	799	51	6.4	5,326	1.0
Wyoming	152	12	7.9	525	2.3
United States	41,821	4,739	11.3	274,634	1.7

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, National Center for Statistics and Analysis, *Traffic Safety Facts 2000: Pedestrians*, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/ncsa/factshet.html as of Dec. 5, 2001.

Table 2-6: Motor Vehicle Fatalities Involving High Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC  $\geq$  0.10 grams per deciliter)

		1995		2000				
	Total	Fatalities involving high		Fatalities Total involving high				
State	fatalities	blood alcohol	Percent	fatalities	blood alcohol	Percent		
Alabama	1,113	381	34	995	326	33		
Alaska	87	37	42	103	44	43		
Arizona	1,031	347	34	1,036	354	34		
Arkansas	631	148	23	652	139	21		
California	4,192	1,308	31	3,753	1,061	28		
Colorado	645	226	35	681	198	29		
Connecticut	317	130	41	342	119	35		
Delaware	121	38	31	123	49	40		
District of Columbia	58	25	44	49	14	29		
Florida	2,805	873	31	2,999	930	31		
Georgia	1,488	400	27	1,541	438	28		
Hawaii	130	41	32	131	37	28		
Idaho	262	69	27	276	81	29		
Illinois	1,586	551	35	1,418	489	34		
Indiana	, 960	263	27	<sup>,</sup> 875	214	24		
Iowa	527	159	30	445	100	22		
Kansas	442	152	34	461	118	26		
Kentucky	849	227	27	820	203	25		
Louisiana	883	353	40	937	352	38		
Maine	187	44	24	169	38	22		
Maryland	671	176	26	588	161	27		
Massachusetts	444	148	33	433	153	35		
Michigan	1,530	483	32	1,382	397	29		
Minnesota	1,530 597	215	36	625	207	33		
Mississippi	868	306	35	949	289	30		
Mississippi Missouri	1,109	450	33 41	1,157	387	33		
	215	430 79	37	237	92	39		
Montana								
Nebraska	254	64	25	276	70	25 25		
Nevada	313	127	41	323	112	35		
New Hampshire	118	30	25	126	40	31		
New Jersey	773	243	32	731	231	32		
New Mexico	485	202	42	430	159	37		
New York	1,674	405	24	1,458	293	20		
North Carolina	1,448	399	28	1,472	419	28		
North Dakota	74	32	44	86	36	42		
Ohio	1,366	344	25	1,351	411	30		
Oklahoma	669	205	31	652	169	26		
Oregon	572	176	31	451	132	29		
Pennsylvania	1,480	485	33	1,520	511	34		
Rhode Island	69	22	32	80	31	38		
South Carolina	881	229	26	1,065	329	31		
South Dakota	158	63	40	173	66	38		
Tennessee	1,259	420	33	1,306	399	31		
Texas	3,181	1,407	44	3,769	1,450	38		
Utah	326	69	21	373	68	18		
Vermont	106	33	31	79	27	34		
Virginia	900	272	30	930	257	28		
Washington	653	248	38	632	217	34		
West Virginia	376	132	35	410	149	36		
	745	263	35 35	799	288	36		
Wisconsin Wyoming	170	63	35 37	152	40	26		
	1/0	ပၥ	٥/	132	40	20		

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, National Center for Statistics and Analysis, *Traffic Safety Facts 2000: State Alcohol Estimates*, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/ncsa/factshet.html as of Dec. 5, 2001.

Table 2-7: Impaired Driving Laws: 2000

			Lower BAC for youthful	License sanction				
	Administrative per	Illegal per se	DWI offenders	(Mandato	(Mandatory minimum for a DWI conviction)			
State	se (BAC level)	(BAC level)	(BAC level and age)	First offense	Second offense	Third offense		
Alabama	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-90 days	R-1 yr	R-3 yrs		
Alaska	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.00 (<21)	R-30 days	R-1 yr	R-10 yrs		
Arizona	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.00 (<21)	S-90 days	R-1 yr	R-3 yrs		
Arkansas	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	Nms	Nms		
California	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.01 (<21)	Nms	Nms	R-18 mos		
Colorado	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-1 yr	R-1 yr		
Connecticut	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	Nms	Nms		
Delaware	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-6 mos	R-6 mos		
District of Columbia	Y-0.05	0.08	Y-0.00 (<21)	R-6 mos	R-1 yr	R-2 yrs		
Florida	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-12 mos	R-24 mos		
Georgia	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	S-120 days	R-5 yrs		
Hawaii	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	S-1 yr	R-1 yr		
Idaho	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	S-1 yr	S-1 yr		
Illinois	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	Nms	Nms		
Indiana	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	S-1 yr	S-1 yr		
lowa	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	R-30 days	R-1 yr	R-1 yr		
Kansas	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	S-1 yr	S-1 yr		
Kentucky	A	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	R-12 mos	R-24 mos		
Louisiana	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	Nms	Nms		
Maine	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.00 (<21)	S-60 days	S-18 mos	S-4 yrs		
Maryland	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	Nms	Nms		
Massachusetts	Y-0.08	0.10 N	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-45 days	R-6 mos	R-2 yrs		
Michigan	N	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-1 yr	S-5 yrs		
Minnesota	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.00 (<21)	R-15 days	R-90 days	R-90 days		
Mississippi	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	S-1 yr	S-3 yrs		
Missouri	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	R-2 yrs	R-3 yrs		
Montana	N	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-2 yrs R-3 mos	R-3 mos		
Nebraska	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	R-60 days	R-1 yr	R-1 yr		
Nevada	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	R-45 days	R-1 yr	R-1.5 yrs		
New Hampshire	Y-0.08	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	R-45 days	R-3 yrs	R-3 yrs		
New Jersey	N	0.08	` '	R-6 mos	R-2 yrs	R-10 yrs		
New Jersey New Mexico	Y-0.08	0.10	Y-0.01 (<21)	Nms	,	•		
New York			Y-0.02 (<21)		R-30 days	R-30 days		
	A V 0 00	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-I yr	R-1 yr		
North Carolina	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.00 (<21)	Nms	R-2 yrs	R-3 yrs		
North Dakota	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	S-365 days	S-2 yrs		
Ohio	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-15 days	S-30 days	S-180 days		
Oklahoma	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.00 (<21)	Nms	R-1 yr	R-1 yr		
Oregon	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.00 (<21)	Nms	S-90 days	S-1 yr		
Pennsylvania	N	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-1 mo	S-12 mos	S-12 mos		
Rhode Island	N	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-3 mos	S-1 yr	S-2 yrs		
South Carolina	Y-0.15	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	S-1 yr	S-4 yrs		
South Dakota	N	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-1 yr	R-1 yr		
Tennessee	N	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-2 yrs	R-3 yrs		
Texas	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.00 (<21)	Nms	Nms	Nms		
Utah	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.00 (<21)	S-90 days	R-1 yrs	R-1 yrs		
Vermont	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-90 days	S-18 mos	R-2 yrs		
Virginia	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-1 yr	R-3 yrs		
Washington	Y-0.08	0.08	Y-0.02 (<21)	S-30 days	R-1 yr	R-2 yrs		
West Virginia	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	R-30 days	R-1 yr	R-1 yr		
Wisconsin	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	R-60 days	R-90 days		
Wyoming	Y-0.10	0.10	Y-0.02 (<21)	Nms	S-1 yr	R-3 yrs		

**KEY:** BAC = blood alcohol concentration; DWI = driving while intoxicated; Y = yes; N = no; A = alternative; S = suspension; R = revocation; Nms = no mandatory sanction.

**NOTES:** An "administrative per se law" allows a state's driver licensing agency to either suspend or revoke a driver's license based on a specific alcohol (or drug) concentration or on some other criterion related to alcohol or drug use and driving. Such action is independent of any licensing action related to a DWI criminal offense. The term "illegal per se" refers to state laws that make it a criminal offense to operate a motor vehicle at or above a specified alcohol (or drug) concentration in the blood, breath, or urine. In those columns showing mandatory sanctions, "nms" does not mean that a state does not have a sanction. It only means that the state does not have a mandatory sanction for that offense or violation.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pdf/nrd-30/NCSA/TSFAnn/TSF2000.pdf as of Jan. 4, 2002.

Table 2-8: Maximum Posted Speed Limits by System: 2001 (Speed limit in miles per hour)

	Interst	ate	Other limited-		
State	Rural	Urban	access roads <sup>2</sup>	Other roads	
Alabama	70	70	65	65	
Alaska	65	55	65	55	
rizona	75	55	55	55	
irkansas	70, Trucks: 65	55	60	55	
alifornia	70, Trucks: 55	65	70	55 55	
Colorado	76, 116cks. 33	65	65	55	
Connecticut	65	55	65	55 55	
elaware	65	55 55	65	55 55	
relaware Pistrict of Columbia	NA	55 55	NA	25	
	70	65	70	25 65	
lorida	· -		· -	==	
eorgia 	70	65	65	65	
awaii	55	50	45	45	
laho	75, Trucks: 65	65	65	65	
inois	65, Trucks: 55	55	65	55	
ndiana	65, Trucks: 60	55	55	55	
owa	65	55	65	55	
ansas	70	70	70	65	
entucky	65	55	55	55	
ouisiana	70	55	70	65	
aine	65	55	55	55	
laryland	65	65	65	55	
lassachusetts	65	65	65	55	
lichigan	70, Trucks: 55	65	70	55	
linnesota	70	65	65	55	
ississippi	70	70	70	65	
lissouri .	70	60	70	65	
lontana	75, Trucks: 65	65	Day: 70, Night: 65	Day: 70, Night: 65	
lebraska	75	65	65	60	
levada	75	65	70	70	
ew Hampshire	65	65	55	55	
ew Jersey	65	55	65	55	
ew Mexico	75	55 55	65	55 55	
ew York	65	65	65	55	
	==		==		
lorth Carolina	70	65	65	55	
orth Dakota	70	55	65	Day: 65, Night: 55	
hio	65, Trucks: 55	65	55	55	
klahoma	75	70	70	70	
Pregon	65, Trucks: 55	55	55	55	
ennsylvania	65	55	65	55	
node Island	65	55	55	55	
outh Carolina	70	70	60	55	
outh Dakota	75	65	65	65	
ennessee	70	70	70	55	
exas	70	70	70	70	
tah	75	65	55	55	
ermont	65	55	50	50	
irginia	65	55	65	55	
/ashington	70, Trucks: 60	60	55	55	
/est Virginia	70, 110cks. 00 70	55	65	55	
/isconsin	65	65	65	55 55	
Vyoming	75	60	65	65	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Many roads, particularly urban interstates, often have a lower posted speed limit than the maximum allowable shown in this

**KEY:** NA = not applicable.

NOTE: Interstates are divided into urban and rural sections based primarily on population size and population density.

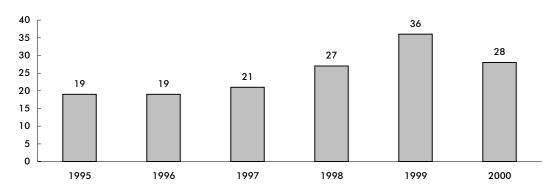
**SOURCE:** Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Highway Loss Data Institute, available at http://www.hwysafety.org/safety\_facts/state\_laws/speed\_limit\_laws.htm as of Oct. 1, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Limited-access roads are multilaned roads with restricted access using exit and entrance ramps rather than intersections.

Table 2-9: Total Rail Accidents/Incidents: 2000

	Accidents/			Accidents/					
State	Incidents	Fatalities	Injuries	State	Incidents	<b>Fatalities</b>	Injuries		
Alabama	257	20	143	Montana	156	4	108		
Alaska	89	2	82	Nevada	40	1	25		
Arizona	222	27	147	New Hampshire	18	0	15		
Arkansas	371	30	225	New Jersey	528	28	432		
California	1,133	101	808	Nebraska	362	8	247		
Colorado	199	10	112	New Mexico	138	4	106		
Connecticut	203	6	159	New York	1,330	32	1,168		
Delaware	59	2	47	<b>North Carolina</b>	243	24	121		
District of Columbia	107	0	90	North Dakota	122	9	82		
Florida	405	45	303	Ohio	575	28	339		
Georgia	395	23	231	Oklahoma	231	22	124		
Hawaii	0	0	0	Oregon	214	9	152		
Idaho	109	11	53	Pennsylvania	752	23	583		
Illinois	1,484	69	1,109	Rhode Island	21	1	19		
Indiana	540	36	317	South Carolina	192	20	141		
lowa	367	9	211	South Dakota	64	3	43		
Kansas	337	21	226	Tennessee	296	15	163		
Kentucky	272	14	170	Texas	1,260	90	777		
Louisiana	465	16	310	Utah	129	5	88		
Maine	79	2	58	Vermont	29	1	22		
Maryland	173	9	103	Virginia	252	13	169		
Massachusetts	228	17	183	Washington	317	16	230		
Michigan	434	23	300	West Virginia	128	9	93		
Minnesota	431	11	303	Wisconsin	390	20	258		
Mississippi	250	17	120	Wyoming	156	2	107		
Missouri	367	29	221	United States	16,919	937	11,643		

Figure 2-2: North Carolina Train Accidents (Excludes highway-grade crossing incidents and other incidents)



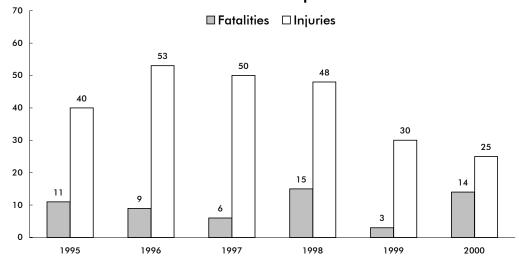
NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: "Accidents/incidents" includes all events reportable to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration under applicable regulations. These include: train accidents, reported on Form F 6180.54, comprised of collisions, derailments, and other events involving the operation of on-track equipment and causing reportable damage above an established threshold (\$6,600 in 1998); highway-rail grade crossing incidents, reported on Form F 6180.57, involving impact between railroad on-track equipment and highway users at crossings; and other incidents, reported on Form F 6180.55a, involving all other reportable incidents or exposures that cause a fatality or injury to any person, or an occupational illness to a railroad employee.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, *Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2000*, Washington, DC: 2001, table 2-11, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety/as of Oct. 22, 2001.

Table 2-10: Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Incidents: 2000

State	Number of grade crossings	Incidents	Fatalities	Injuries	State	Number of grade crossings	Incidents	Fatalities	Injuries
Alabama	5,418	95	10	39	Montana	3,514	24	1	2
Alaska	336	7	0	0	Nebraska	6,575	55	7	14
Arizona	1,628	29	8	13	Nevada	571	2	0	0
Arkansas	4,655	115	27	36	New Hampshire	637	3	0	0
California	12,775	174	27	54	New Jersey	2,493	36	5	10
Colorado	3,271	36	6	8	New Mexico	1,355	17	0	11
Connecticut	624	8	2	0	New York	6,216	41	5	14
Delaware	456	10	0	7	<b>North Carolina</b>	7,813	113	14	25
District of Columbia	42	2	0	0	North Dakota	6,343	17	6	2
Florida	5,324	86	15	67	Ohio	9,633	148	15	38
Georgia	8,453	128	10	38	Oklahoma	5,913	89	12	47
Hawaii	8	0	0	0	Oregon	5,213	30	0	13
Idaho	2,645	33	11	1	Pennsylvania	8,946	69	8	17
Illinois	13,916	217	31	68	Rhode Island	189	0	0	0
Indiana	9,129	194	23	55	South Carolina	4,270	80	10	24
lowa	9,317	109	6	31	South Dakota	3,495	11	0	5
Kansas	10,756	67	11	18	Tennessee	5,062	90	8	26
Kentucky	5,037	69	5	20	Texas	18,289	388	52	164
Louisiana	6,726	181	14	88	Utah	1,755	18	2	7
Maine	1,680	8	1	1	Vermont	1,192	2	0	0
Maryland	1,390	19	1	2	Virginia	4,829	54	3	21
Massachusetts	1,679	12	1	4	Washington	5,749	45	1	10
Michigan	8,028	134	13	51	West Virginia	3,632	20	1	8
Minnesota	8,219	91	6	40	Wisconsin	7,043	122	15	49
Mississippi	4,850	113	15	44	Wyoming	1,151	3	0	0
Missouri	8,001	88	17	27	United States	256,241	3,502	425	1,219

Figure 2-3: North Carolina Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Fatalities and Injuries



NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: Any impact, regardless of severity, between railroad on-track equipment and any user of a public or private crossing site must be reported to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration on Form F 6180.57. The crossing site includes sidewalks and pathways at, or associated with, the crossing. Counts of fatalities and injuries include motor vehicle occupants, people not in vehicles or on the trains, as well as people on the train or railroad equipment.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety/ as of Oct. 22, 2001.

Table 2-11: Highway-Rail Grade Crossings by Type: 2000

	North (	Carolina	United States		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	7,813	100.0	256,241	100.0	
Public, motor vehicle	4,508	57.7	155,370	60.6	
Private, motor vehicle	3,250	41.6	98,918	38.6	
Pedestrian	55	0.7	1,953	0.8	

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railway Administration, Office of Railway Safety, Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, table 9-2, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety as of Nov. 21, 2001.

Table 2-12: Warning Devices at Public Highway-Rail Grade Crossings: 2000

	North (	Carolina	United	States
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	4,508	100.0	155,370	100.0
Cross bucks	1,974	43.8	71,468	46.0
Gates	1,432	31.8	34,296	22.1
Flashing lights	683	15.2	27,100	17.4
Stop signs	58	1.3	11,630	7.5
Unknown	189	4.2	5,253	3.4
Special warning	145	3.2	3,723	2.4
HWTS, WW, bells	21	0.5	1,417	0.9
Other	6	0.1	483	0.3

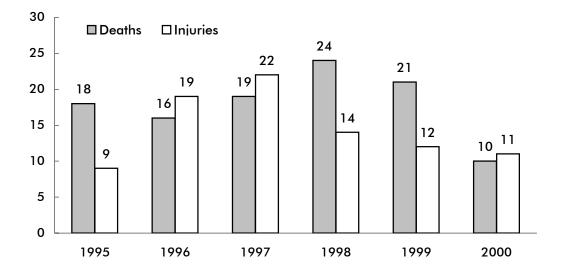
**KEY:** HWTS = highway traffic signals; WW = wigwags.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railway Administration, Office of Railway Safety, Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, table 9-4, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety as of Nov. 21, 2001.

Table 2-13: Types of People Injured in North Carolina Train Accidents/Incidents: 2000 (Includes highway-rail crossing)

Type of person	Fatalities	Injuries
Worker on duty (railroad employee)	0	74
Employee not on duty	0	3
Passenger on train	0	5
Nontrespasser	11	22
Trespasser	13	13
Worker on duty (contractor)	0	1
Contractor (other)	0	2
Worker on duty (volunteer)	0	0
Volunteer (other)	0	1
Nontrespasser (off railroad property)	0	0

Figure 2-4: Railroad Trespasser Deaths and Injuries in North Carolina (Excludes highway-rail crossing)



**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** As defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, a trespasser is any person on a part of railroad property used in railroad operations whose presence is prohibited, forbidden, or unlawful. Employees who are trespassing on railroad property are reported as trespassers.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/officeofsafety/ as of Oct. 22, 2001.

Table 2-14: North Carolina Transit Safety Data: 2000

	Collision			N	Ioncollision		Total property	
	Number of			Number of			damage	
	incidents	<b>Fatalities</b>	Injuries	incidents	<b>Fatalities</b>	Injuries	(\$ thousands)	
Automated guideway	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cable car	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Commuter rail	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Demand responsive	37	0	34	10	1	12	100	
Ferry boat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Heavy rail	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Light rail	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Motor bus	180	1	309	77	2	74	324	
Trolley bus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Van pool	4	0	0	0	0	0	10	

Table 2-15: U.S. Transit Safety Data: 2000

	Collision			N	Ioncollision		Total property	
	Number of			Number of			damage	
	incidents	Fatalities	Injuries	incidents	<b>Fatalities</b>	Injuries	(\$ thousands)	
Automated guideway	1	0	0	16	0	15	34	
Cable car	10	0	15	10	0	11	10	
Commuter rail	267	104	95	1,981	2	1,865	8,047	
Demand responsive	3,055	6	1,603	1,510	11	1,494	6,910	
Ferry boat	7	0	6	719	0	730	106	
Heavy rail	389	55	316	12,388	22	10,530	5,034	
Light rail	343	30	361	979	0	978	3,062	
Motor bus	23,184	93	20,800	19,847	8	20,967	43,717	
Trolley bus	122	0	103	257	0	265	103	
Van pool	186	1	65	5	0	5	563	

**NOTES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Collision includes at-grade crossings and suicides. Noncollision includes: 1) derailments/buses going off road; 2) personal casualties in parking facilities, inside vehicles, on right of way, boarding/alighting, and in station/bus stops; and 3) nonarson fires.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, 2000 National Transit Database, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com as of Dec. 5, 2001.

Table 2-16: Recreational Boating Accidents: 2000

	North Carolina	United States
Number of accidents		
Total	172	7,740
Fatal	19	616
Nonfatal injury	81	3,292
Property damage	72	3,832
Number of persons		
Killed	20	701
Injured	110	4,355

**NOTE:** Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are included in the U.S. total.

Figure 2-5: North Carolina Recreational Boating **Accidents** ■ Fatal accidents □ Fatalities 19 20 

**NOTES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** An accident is listed under one category only, with fatal being the highest priority, followed by nonfatal injury, followed by property damage. For example, if two vessels are in an accident resulting in a fatality and a nonfatal injury, the accident is counted as a fatal accident involving two vessels.

These data do not include: 1) accidents involving only slight injury not requiring medical treatment beyond first-aid;
2) accidents involving property damage of \$500 or less; 3) accidents not caused or contributed to by a vessel, its equipment, or its appendages; and 4) accidents in which the boat was used solely as a platform for other activities, such as swimming or skin diving. Such cases are not included because the victims freely left the safety of a boat. However, the data do include accidents involving people in the water who are struck by their boat or another boat.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, *Boating Statistics*, 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/Saf/pdf/Boating\_Statistics\_2000.pdf as of Nov. 14, 2001.

Table 2-17: Alcohol Involvement in Recreational Boating

		1999	2000		
	North Carolina	United States	North Carolina	United States	
Number of accidents					
Total	22	633	28	696	
Number of persons					
Killed .	6	191	9	215	
Injured	15	476	20	542	

Figure 2-6: North Carolina Recreational Boating
Accidents Involving Alcohol



**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Alcohol involvement in a boating accident includes any accident in which alcoholic beverages are consumed in the boat and the investigating official has determined that the operator was impaired or affected while operating the boat.

**SOURCES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics 2000, Washington, DC: 2001; U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics 1999, Washington, DC: 2000, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/Saf/pdf/Boating\_Statistics\_2000.pdf and http://www.uscgboating.org/Saf/pdf/Boating\_Statistics\_1999.pdf as of Nov. 14, 2001.

Table 2-18: Hazardous Materials Incidents: 2000 (Not including pipelines)

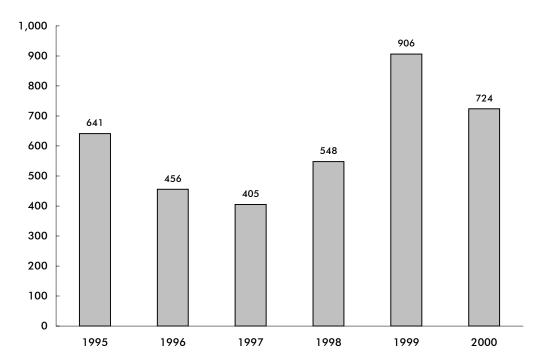
			Injuries			Damages
	Incidents	Deaths	Total	Major	Minor	(\$ thousands)
North Carolina	724	0	8	0	8	1,563
United States	17,514	13	246	18	228	72,728

**NOTES**: U.S. total includes U.S. territories or foreign locations. Hazardous material incident locations are often listed as the terminals or sorting centers where they are discovered. Therefore, states with this type of a facility may

show a disproportionate number of incidents.

Hazardous materials transportation incidents required to be reported are defined in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), 49 CFR Part 171.15, 171.16 (Form F 5800.1). Hazardous materials deaths and injuries are caused by the hazardous material in commerce.

Figure 2-7: North Carolina Hazardous Materials Incidents (Not including pipelines)



**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Hazardous materials incident data are subject to revision and correction by the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety.

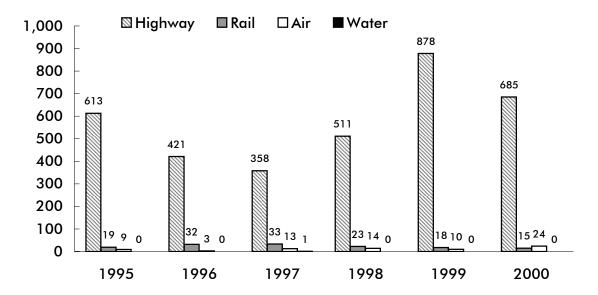
**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, *Hazmat Summary by State for Calendar Year 2000*, and earlier years, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://hazmat.dot.gov as of Apr. 24, 2002.

Table 2-19: North Carolina Hazardous Materials Incidents by Mode: 2000 (Not including pipelines)

			Inju	ries	Damages
Mode	Total incidents	Deaths	Major	Minor	(\$ thousands)
Highway	685	0	0	5	915
Rail	15	0	0	3	647
Air	24	0	0	0	1
Water <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
Total	724	0	0	8	1,563

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only packaged shipments (i.e., nonbulk shipments).

Figure 2-8: North Carolina Hazardous Materials Incidents by Mode (Not including pipelines)



**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Hazardous materials incident data are subject to revision and correction by the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, *Hazmat Summary by State for Calendar Year 2000*, and earlier years, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://hazmat.dot.gov/ as of Apr. 24, 2002.

**Table 2-20: Natural Gas Distribution Pipeline Incidents** 

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
North Carolina						
Number of incidents	1	0	1	4	5	0
Number of fatalities	0	0	0	1	0	0
Number of injuries	1	0	2	4	1	0
Property damage (\$ thousands)	0	0	20	181	275	0
United States, total						
Number of incidents	97	110	102	137	119	154
Number of fatalities	16	47 <sup>1</sup>	9	17	19	22
Number of injuries	43	109 <sup>1</sup>	67	65	85	59
Property damage (\$ thousands)	10,951	16,253 <sup>1</sup>	12,493	19,055	25,914	23,399

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes 33 fatalities, 42 injuries, and \$5,000,000 property damage associated with an incident in San Juan, Puerto Rico that was attributed to natural gas at the time. The cause of the incident is currently in dispute and subject to litigation.

NOTE: Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.1.

**Table 2-21: Natural Gas Transmission Pipeline Incidents** 

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
North Carolina						
Number of incidents	1	0	0	0	0	0
Number of fatalities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of injuries	1	0	0	0	0	0
Property damage (\$ thousands)	0	0	0	0	0	0
United States, total						
Number of incidents	64	77	73	99	54	80
Number of fatalities	2	1	1	1	2	15
Number of injuries	10	5	5	11	8	18
Property damage (\$ thousands)	9,958	13,078	12,078	29,749	17,696	17,868

NOTE: Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.2.

## NOTES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: Incident means any of the following events:

Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, available at http://ops.dot.gov as of Jan. 7, 2002.

I. An event that involves a release of gas from a pipeline or of liquefied natural gas (LNG) facility and a) a death or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of \$50,000 or more.

II. An event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility.

III. An event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of I or II.

**Table 2-22: Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Incidents** 

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
North Carolina						
Number of incidents	1	2	1	1	2	2
Number of fatalities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Number of injuries	0	0	0	0	0	0
Property damage (\$ thousands)	3	280	250	98	803	2,550
United States, total						
Number of incidents	188	193	171	153	168	147
Number of fatalities	3	5	0	2	4	1
Number of injuries	11	13	5	6	20	4
Property damage (\$ thousands)	32,519	81,083	42,811	62,865	43,109	115,704

**NOTES**: Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents. Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.1. An accident report is required for each failure in a pipeline system in which there is a release of the hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide transported resulting in any of the following:

- 1. Explosion or fire not intentionally set by the operator;
- 2. Loss of 50 or more barrels (8 or more cubic meters) of hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide;
- 3. Escape to the atmosphere of more than 5 barrels (0.8 cubic meters) a day of highly volatile liquids;
- 4. Death of any person;
- 5. Bodily harm to any person resulting in: a. loss of consciousness; or b. necessity to carry the person from the scene; or c. necessity for medical treatment; or d. disability which prevents the discharge of normal duties or the pursuit of normal activities beyond the day of the accident;
- 6. Estimated property damage, including cost of clean-up and recovery, value of lost product, and damage to the property of the operator or others, or both, exceeding \$50,000.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, available at http://ops.dot.gov as of Jan. 7, 2002.

C	Freight	Transpo	rtation

Table 3-1: Domestic Shipments to North Carolina by State: 1997 (Descending order by weight)

State of origin	Rank	Value (\$ millions)	Weight (thousand short tons)	State of origin	Rank	Value (\$ millions)	Weight (thousand short tons)
North Carolina	1	108,990	209,619	Delaware	27	649	304
West Virginia	2	1,664	14,982	Massachusetts	28	2,440	265
Virginia	3	8,171	11,743	Maine	29	365	249
South Carolina	4	10,890	11,162	Oregon	30	648	180
Ohio	5	7,546	10,063	Oklahoma	31	536	136
Kentucky	6	3,082	7,201	Nebraska	32	500	133
Georgia	7	9,605	7,173	Washington	33	663	127
Texas	8	5,523	3,517	Colorado	34	574	111
Tennessee	9	5,043	3,329	Arizona	35	494	76
Pennsylvania	10	6,348	3,060	New Hampshire	36	594	65
Indiana	11	2,770	2,997	Vermont	37	404	60
Illinois	12	5,000	2,938	Idaho	38	S	50
Alabama	13	3,122	2,404	Utah	39	S	48
Michigan	14	3,665	2,316	Rhode Island	40	245	45
Florida	15	3,446	2,171	South Dakota	40	S	45
New Jersey	16	4,525	1,352	Montana	42	43	43
Kansas	17	1,111	1,170	Nevada	43	123	9
Wisconsin	18	2,336	969	Alaska	44	S	S
New York	19	4,276	961	District of Columbia	44	S	S
California	20	5,320	855	Hawaii	44	2	S
Maryland	21	1,066	748	Louisiana	44	2,271	S
Arkansas	22	1,068	687	Minnesota	44	2,068	S
Mississippi	23	892	554	New Mexico	44	280	S
Missouri	24	3,285	552	North Dakota	44	29	S
lowa	25	1,205	517	Wyoming	44	62	S
Connecticut	26	1,417	441	From all states		225,567	315,052

KEY: S = data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

**NOTES:** The Commodity Flow Survey covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail. Due to industry-wide reporting problems, shipments by oil and gas extraction establishments are also excluded. "From all states" total includes all domestic shipments to the destination state, including intrastate shipments.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 1997 Commodity Flow Survey, Washington, DC: 1999, available at http://www.bts.gov/ntda/cfs/cfs97od.html as of Nov. 2, 2001.

Table 3-2: Domestic Shipments from North Carolina by State: 1997 (Descending order by weight)

State of destination	Rank	Value (\$ millions)	Weight (thousand short tons)	State of destination	Rank	Value (\$ millions)	Weight (thousand short tons)
North Carolina	1	108,990	209,619	Arkansas	27	1,028	305
South Carolina	2	22,550	17,238	Louisiana	28	1,472	286
Virginia	3	12,966	10,300	Delaware	29	377	258
Georgia	4	11,980	5,394	Oklahoma	30	1,086	254
Tennessee	5	5,580	3,449	Oregon	31	750	229
Florida	6	9,273	2,731	Washington	32	1,394	220
Pennsylvania	7	8,218	2,704	Maine	33	483	173
Ohio	8	5,849	2,585	Arizona	34	1,266	170
lowa	9	1,187	2,451	New Hampshire	35	474	168
New York	10	10,874	2,160	Colorado	36	1,004	148
Texas	11	7,380	1,817	Rhode Island	37	413	104
Illinois	12	4,085	1,523	Utah	38	375	83
Alabama	13	S	1,519	District of Columbia	39	207	63
Maryland	14	2,548	1,472	Nevada	40	422	52
New Jersey	15	4,777	1,464	North Dakota	41	285	41
California	16	7,946	1,384	Idaho	42	135	31
Michigan	17	4,162	1,133	New Mexico	43	170	23
Kentucky	18	2,801	1,073	Montana	44	101	13
West Virginia	19	1,046	1,016	Wyoming	45	24	4
Massachusetts	20	3,566	859	Alaska	46	48	3
Missouri	21	1,863	772	Vermont	47	156	S
Wisconsin	22	2,245	663	South Dakota	47	126	S
Kansas	23	1,105	657	Hawaii	47	75	S
Mississippi	24	1,209	402	Nebraska	47	520	S
Minnesota	25	1,546	394	Indiana	47	2,779	S
Connecticut	26	1,281	345	To all states	•	267,172	280,915

KEY: S = data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

**NOTES:** The Commodity Flow Survey covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail. Due to industry-wide reporting problems, shipments by oil and gas extraction establishments are also excluded. "To all states" total includes all domestic shipments from the state of origin, including intrastate shipments.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 1997 Commodity Flow Survey, Washington, DC: 1999, available at http://www.bts.gov/ntda/cfs/cfs97od.html as of Nov. 2, 2001.

Table 3-3: Shipments Originating in North Carolina by Mode of Transportation: 1997

	Value		Short to	ns	Ton-mi	les
	Number	,	Number	,	Number	
	(\$ millions)	Percent	(thousands)	Percent	(millions)	Percent
All modes	267,172	100.0	280,915	100.0	46,341	100.0
Single modes	242,306	90.7	277,201	98.7	44,541	96.1
Truck	232,955	87.2	262,550	93.5	38,812	83.8
For-hire	147,270	55.1	99,715	35.5	24,770	53.5
Private truck	82,815	31.0	153,588	54.7	13,590	29.3
Rail	2,512	0.9	11,571	4.1	5,396	11.6
Water	S	S	S	S	S	S
Shallow draft	S	S	S	S	S	S
Great Lakes	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Deep draft	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Air (including truck and air)	6,258	2.3	97	Z	93	0.2
Pipeline	299	0.1	1,312	0.5	S	S
Multiple modes	18,458	6.9	691	0.2	664	1.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier service	18,035	6.8	552	0.2	349	0.8
Truck and rail intermodal combination	358	0.1	133	Z	294	0.6
Truck and water	S	S	5	Z	21	Z
Rail and water	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Other multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S
Other and unknown modes	6,408	2.4	3,023	1.1	1,135	2.4

**KEY**:  $S = \text{data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons; <math>Z = \text{zero or less than } 1 \text{ unit of measurement.}$ 

**NOTE**: The Commodity Flow Survey covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail. Due to industry-wide reporting problems, shipments by oil and gas extraction establishments are also excluded.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 1997 Commodity Flow Survey: United States, Washington, DC: 1999, available at http://www.bts.gov/ntda/cfs/cfs97od.html as of Nov. 2, 2001.

Table 3-4: Domestic Shipments from North Carolina by Truck: 1997 (Descending order by weight)

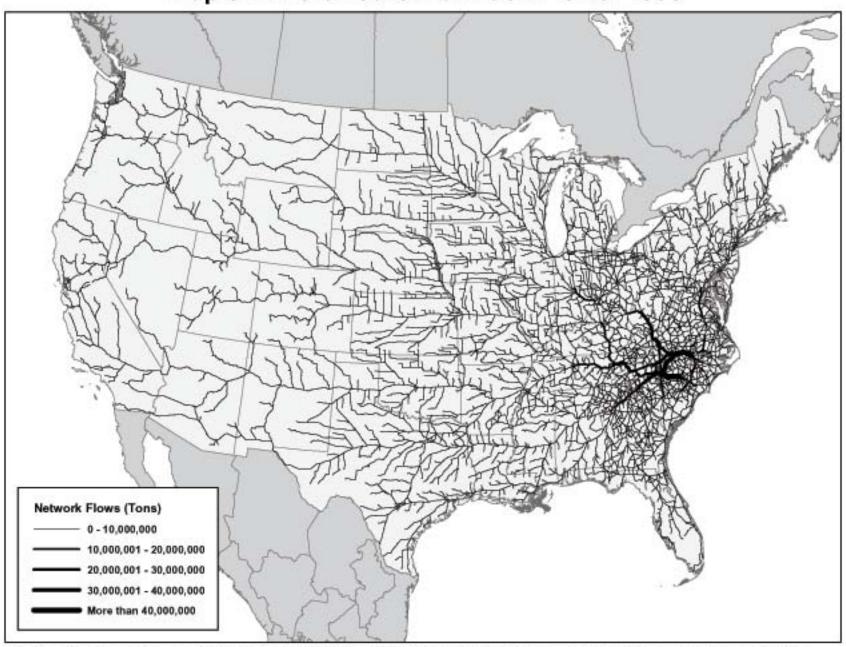
State of destination	Value (\$ millions)	Weight (thousand short tons)
North Carolina	98,211	201,184
South Carolina	20,678	15,102
Virginia	11,579	9,341
Georgia	10,250	4,940
Pennsylvania	7,058	2,389
lowa	1,034	2,363
Florida	8,189	2,248
Tennessee	4,825	2,142
Ohio	5,091	2,053
New York	9,230	1,978
All other states	56,810	18,810
Total, all states	232,955	262,550

Table 3-5: Domestic Shipments to North Carolina by Truck: 1997 (Descending order by weight)

State of origin	Value (\$ millions)	Weight (thousand short tons)
North Carolina	98,211	201,184
Virginia	7,540	10,149
South Carolina	9,701	10,103
Georgia	7,874	6,430
Ohio	5,267	3,208
Tennessee	4,371	2,266
Pennsylvania	5,292	2,122
Alabama	2,551	1,696
Florida	2,232	1,618
Illinois	3,779	1,406
All other states	32,788	12,414
Total, all states	179,606	252,596

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, *1997 Commodity Flow Survey*, Washington, DC: 2000, data from CD-ROM, CD-EC97-CFS.

Map 3-1: North Carolina Truck Flows: 1998



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Operations Core Business Unit, Office of Freight Management and Operations

Table 3-6: Truck Shipments from North Carolina by Commodity: 1997 (Descending order by weight)

Commodity (2-digit commodity code)	Value (\$ millions)	Weight (thousand short tons)
Gravel and crushed stone (12)	555	76,196
Logs and other wood in the rough (25)	632	26,283
Nonmetallic mineral products (31)	3,797	20,822
Wood products (26)	5,801	20,657
Natural sands (11)	134	11,813
Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel (17)	3,287	11,694
Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils (07)	8,001	11,304
Fuel oils (18)	1,955	8,622
Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. (04)	1,715	7,288
Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather (30)	58,287	7,109
Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. (19)	1,434	5,368
Plastics and rubber (24)	10,349	4,502
Miscellaneous manufactured products (40)	7,935	3,622
Other agricultural products (03)	4,054	3,336
Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard (27)	2,663	2,980
Basic chemicals (20)	2,428	2,853
Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations (05)	5,130	2,804
Mixed freight (43)	5,084	2,758
Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes (32)	3,205	2,747
Fertilizers (22)	427	2,614
All other commodities	106,082	27,178
Total, all commodities	232,955	262,550

**KEY**: n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

NOTE: There are 41 two-digit Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) commodity codes.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 1997 Commodity Flow Survey, Washington, DC: 2000, data from CD-ROM, CD-EC97-CFS.

Table 3-7: Rail Shipments Terminating in North Carolina (Short tons)

		Percent of		Percent of
Commodity	1999	total	2000	total
Coal	29,348,581	49.2	29,835,371	48.5
Farm products	7,424,492	12.4	7,658,039	12.4
Chemicals	5,748,868	9.6	5,965,572	9.7
Glass and stone products	3,495,560	5.9	3,863,776	6.3
Nonmetallic minerals	U	U	3,379,326	5.5
Lumber, wood products	3,251,284	5.4	U	U
All other commodities	10,390,159	17.4	10,824,556	17.6
North Carolina, total	59,658,944	100.0	61,526,640	100.0

**KEY:** U = data are unavailable.

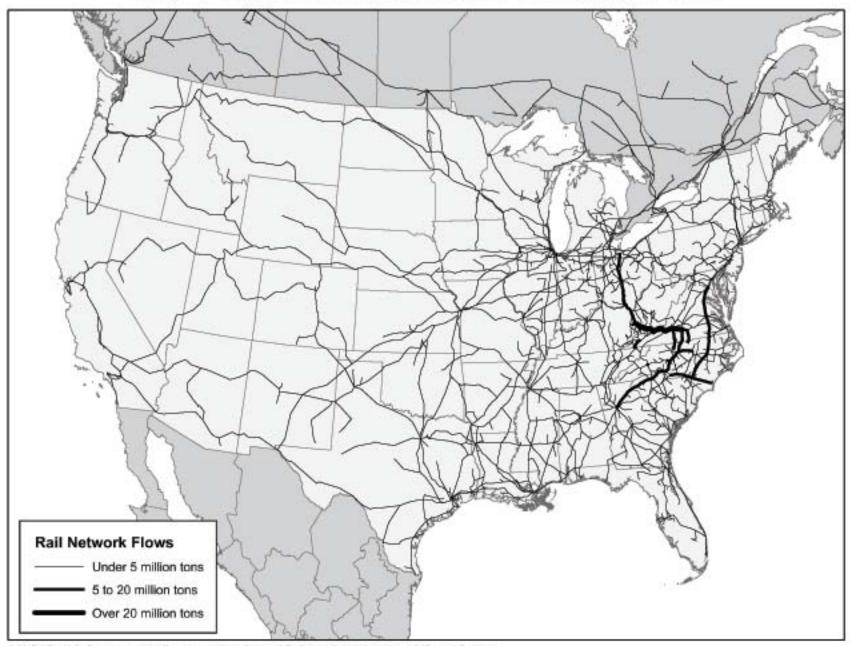
Table 3-8: Rail Shipments Originating in North Carolina (Short tons)

		Percent of		Percent of
Commodity	1999	total	2000	total
Nonmetallic minerals	3,244,860	23.7	3,526,365	24.5
Lumber and wood products	2,542,208	18.5	2,347,416	16.3
Chemicals	2,475,176	18.1	2,942,320	20.4
Pulp and paper products	1,251,440	9.1	1,332,260	9.2
Wast and scrap	932,812	6.8	870,184	6.0
All other commodities	3,262,878	23.8	3,396,011	23.6
North Carolina, total	13,709,374	100.0	14,414,556	100.0

**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Includes the five largest commodities (by tonnage terminated or originated) of the 38 two-digit Standard Transportation Commodity Code groupings plus all others for state total. Includes intrastate shipments.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Association of American Railroads, Railroads and States-2000, Washington, DC: January 2002, available at http://www.aar.org/abouttheindustry/stateinformation.asp as of Mar. 18, 2002; and Railroads and States -1999, Washington, DC: January 2002, available at http://www.aar.org/abouttheindustry/stateinformation.asp as of Mar. 18, 2002.

Map 3-2: North Carolina Total Rail Flows: 1999



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Policy

Table 3-9: Foreign and Domestic Waterborne Shipments Originating in North Carolina by Destination: 2000

		Percent of	
Destination	Short tons	total	
Total originating in North Carolina	5,547,859	100.0	
Foreign (excluding Canada)	2,776,928	50.1	
North Carolina (intrastate)	2,473,737	44.6	
Canada	217,866	3.9	
South Carolina	22,842	0.4	
Delaware	16,213	0.3	
Virginia	13,400	0.2	
Georgia	6,462	0.1	
Tennessee	6,035	0.1	
Puerto Rico	5,384	< 0.1	
Maryland	5,246	< 0.1	
Texas	2,151	< 0.1	
Florida	730	< 0.1	
Alabama	541	< 0.1	
Louisiana	324	<0.1	

Table 3-10: Foreign and Domestic Waterborne Shipments to North Carolina by Origin: 2000

		Percent of	
Origin	Short tons	total	
Total shipped to North Carolina	9,253,169	100.0	
Foreign (excluding Canada)	3,230,234	34.9	
North Carolina (intrastate)	2,473,737	26.7	
Texas	1,345,668	14.5	
Virgin Islands	1,020,702	11.0	
Canada	410,089	4.4	
Georgia	288,057	3.1	
Louisiana	147,873	1.6	
Puerto Rico	114,550	1.2	
Virginia	84,776	0.9	
Maryland	73,218	0.8	
New Jersey	33,689	0.4	
South Carolina	30,576	0.3	

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, *Origin and Destination of Waterborne Commerce of the United States, 2000*, available at http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil as of Feb. 12, 2002.

Table 3-11: Foreign and Domestic Waterborne Shipments Originating in North Carolina by Commodity: 2000<sup>1</sup>

Commodity	Short tons	Percent of total
Total	5,547,859	100.0
Chemicals excluding fertilizers	2,057,790	37.1
Lumber, logs, wood chips, and pulp	1,443,113	26.0
Petroleum products	392,521	7.1
Chemical fertilizers	212,217	3.8
Food and food products	107,248	1.9
Manufactured goods	46,239	0.8
Primary nonmetal products	37,712	0.7
Primary metal products	30,000	0.5
Sand, gravel, shells, clay, salt, and slag	22,009	0.4
Non-ferrous ores and scrap	2,978	< 0.1
Coal, lignite, and coal coke	326	< 0.1
Iron ore, iron, and steel waste and scrap	23	< 0.1
Unknown and not elsewhere classified products <sup>2</sup>	1,195,683	21.6

Table 3-12: Domestic Waterborne Shipments Originating in North Carolina by Commodity: 2000<sup>1</sup>

Commodity	Short tons	Percent of total
Total	2,553,065	100.0
Chemicals excluding fertilizers	990,625	38.8
Petroleum products	389,074	15.2
Unknown and not elsewhere classified products <sup>2</sup>	1,173,366	46.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Domestic" includes intrastate shipments.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE**: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, State to State and Region to Region Commodity Tonnages, Public Domain database, available at http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ as of Oct. 30, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>To protect confidentiality, if three or more vessel operating companies do not carry a particular commodity from a state of origin to a state of destination, then that commodity is reclassified to "unknown and not elsewhere classified products."

Table 3-13: Foreign and Domestic Waterborne Shipments to North Carolina by Commodity: 2000<sup>1</sup>

		Percent of
Commodity	Short tons	total
Total	9,253,169	100.0
Chemicals excluding fertilizers	3,041,621	32.9
Petroleum products	1,375,674	14.9
Sand, gravel, shells, clay, salt, and slag	938,981	10.1
Primary metal products	304,358	3.3
Chemical fertilizers	267,981	2.9
Manufactured goods	209,850	2.3
Lumber, logs, wood chips, and pulp	161,707	1.7
Non-ferrous ores and scrap	140,439	1.5
Primary nonmetal products	97,097	1.0
Food and food products	94,842	1.0
Iron ore, iron, and steel waste and scrap	9	< 0.1
Unknown and not elsewhere classified products <sup>2</sup>	2,620,610	28.3

Table 3-14: Domestic Waterborne Shipments to North Carolina by Commodity: 2000<sup>1</sup>

		Percent of
Commodity	Short tons	total
Total	5,612,846	100.0
Chemicals excluding fertilizers	2,009,185	35.8
Petroleum products	994,073	17.7
Unknown and not elsewhere classified products <sup>2</sup>	2,609,588	46.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Domestic" includes intrastate shipments

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, State to State and Region to Region Commodity Tonnages, Public Domain database, available at http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ as of Oct. 30, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> To protect confidentiality, if three or more vessel operating companies do not carry a particular commodity from a state of origin to a state of destination, then that commodity is reclassified to "unknown and not elsewhere classified products."

Table 3-15: U.S. Waterborne Imports by State and Vessel Type: 1999 (Thousands of metric tons)

		Vessel type			
	-		Dry-bulk	Full	Other
Cargo discharged in	Total	Tanker	carrier	container	freighter <sup>1</sup>
Texas	215,154	177,950	31,448	3,442	2,314
Louisiana	140,682	98,723	37,092	1,101	3,766
California	75,162	31,143	10,345	29,169	4,505
New York	55,174	30,575	11,814	10,701	2,084
Pennsylvania	37,381	25,980	8,319	1,140	1,943
Florida	28,509	10,565	10,166	3,656	4,112
Virgin Islands	21,954	19,634	2,294	16	10
Maine	20,795	19,616	1,521	29	629
Mississippi	18,719	16,446	1,435	556	282
Washington	18,311	2,585	6,708	5,915	3,093
New Jersey	17,842	14,230	2,916	41	655
Alabama	14,211	5,620	8,046	53	492
Maryland	14,090	1,448	8,948	1,462	2,232
Puerto Rico	14,058	8,863	3,096	1,049	1,050
Massachusetts	12,588	9,538	2,347	501	202
Virginia	10,705	4,032	1,903	4,064	706
Georgia	9,614	2,353	3,845	2,403	1,013
South Carolina	8,755	384	3,455	4,257	659
Delaware	7,957	4,656	1,474	1,275	552
Michigan	6,771	173	6,302	81	215
Hawaii	5,955	4,832	957	82	84
Ohio	5,257	69	4,930	20	238
Illinois	4,883	231	4,489	25	138
Oregon	4,369	1,215	1,776	421	957
Rhode Island	3,650	2,662	919	23	46
North Carolina	3,256	1,575	1,077	320	284
New Hampshire	3,212	1,505	1,691	4	12
Connecticut	2,930	1,534	786	78	532
Wisconsin	1,383	Z	1,280	5	98
Alaska	1,241	967	224	19	31
Minnesota	629	23	399	4	203
District of Columbia	53	Z	48	Z	5
Indiana	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
United States, total	785,243	498,124	182,050	71,914	33,155

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Roll-on/roll-off, breakbulk ships, partial containerships, refrigerated cargo ships, barge carriers, and specialized cargo ships.

**KEY:** Z = zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis, Waterborne Databank 1999, May 2002.

Table 3-16: U.S. Waterborne Exports by State and Vessel Type: 1999 (Thousands of metric tons)

		Vessel type			
	_		Dry-bulk	Full	Other
Cargo loaded in	Total	Tanker	carrier	container	freighter <sup>1</sup>
Louisiana	97,093	9,842	77,773	3,669	5,809
Texas	50,331	23,279	18,917	4,769	3,366
California	34,585	4,778	11,074	17,011	1,722
Washington	30,810	2,459	19,189	6,897	2,265
Virginia	27,374	269	22,106	4,018	981
Florida	17,797	692	9,332	2,773	5,000
Ohio	12,936	74	12,505	130	227
Oregon	12,712	501	8,535	2,181	1,495
Alaska	10,122	5,794	3,300	319	709
New York	9,644	508	2,992	5,476	668
Michigan	8,392	190	7,673	348	181
Maryland	7,834	129	6,257	734	714
Alabama	7,724	126	4,656	366	2,576
Wisconsin	7,492	117	7,007	142	226
Georgia	6,291	173	1,323	3,246	1,549
South Carolina	5,929	39	222	5,157	511
Minnesota	3,994	45	3,721	125	103
North Carolina	2,614	305	1,212	323	774
Mississippi	2,456	421	1,095	329	611
Puerto Rico	1,054	593	33	238	190
Virgin Islands	772	699	35	14	24
Illinois	624	1	521	90	12
Pennsylvania	616	89	116	276	135
Massachusetts	576	19	226	297	34
Hawaii	509	328	63	57	61
Delaware	513	17	173	189	134
Maine	329	57	61	44	167
New Jersey	285	113	63	47	62
Connecticut	126	8	81	19	18
Rhode Island	111	9	98	2	2
New Hampshire	23	20	Z	1	2
Indiana .	18	Z	18	Z	Z
District of Columbia	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
United States, total	360,697	51,696	219,382	59,289	30,330

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Roll-on/roll-off, breakbulk ships, partial containerships, refrigerated cargo ships, barge carriers, and specialized cargo ships.

**KEY:** Z =zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis, Waterborne Databank 1999, May 2002.

Table 3-17: Scheduled and Nonscheduled Air Freight and Mail Enplaned: 2000 (Short tons)

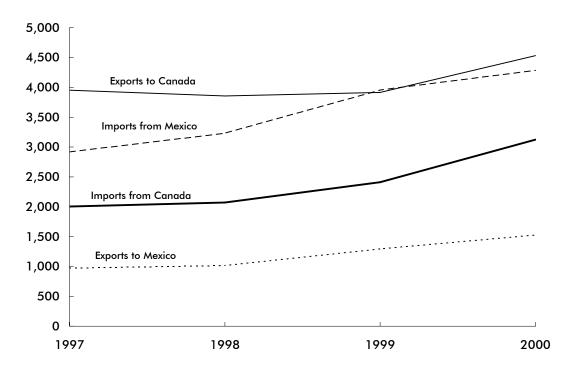
	Fre	ight		Mail
State	Scheduled	Nonscheduled	Scheduled	Nonscheduled
Alabama	17,233	139,250	6,796	25
Alaska	467,057	141,482	52,354	10,232
Arizona	70,430	66,143	36,115	27,465
Arkansas	1,886	12,578	6,534	2,955
California	1,176,476	504,757	237,537	87,278
Colorado	106,816	61,503	55,370	31,711
Connecticut	14,802	54,627	10,260	1,575
Delaware	0	3,251	0	0
District of Columbia	92,526	6,208	46,511	6,615
Florida	461,831	334,177	85,818	14,182
Georgia	204,986	66,293	116,174	3,961
Hawaii	208,048	52,473	33,768	476
Idaho	11,231	5,064	3,065	1,307
Illinois	318,957	202,867	112,959	9,111
Indiana	408,262	85,326	24,814	134,145
lowa	15,346	53,766	7,429	3,984
Kansas	6,200	20,199	2,597	18
Kentucky	16,427	823,924	5,093	0
Louisiana	29,577	21,753	11,399	1,758
Maine	8,428	11,368	185	91
Maryland	25,723	24,781	19,850	3,573
Massachusetts	114,243	422,158	31,133	9,384
Michigan	87,127	68,108	41,678	4,848
Minnesota	85,691	51,285	59,550	9,192
Mississippi	398	11,338	2,198	0
Missouri	71,317	67,157	67,876	4,120
Montana	16,261	7,917	1,987	3,341
Nebraska	12,188	26,366	10,825	6,546
Nevada	45,636	12,641	30,407	1,373
New Hampshire	17,995	30,439	740	1,373
New Jersey	352,556	115,712	54,837	4,550
New Mexico	12,845	29,355	9,327	3,379
New York	317,258	167,388	113,892	5,622
North Carolina				
	85,996	85,765	35,985	3,498
North Dakota	5,424	383	222	2,820
Ohio	283,292	292,529	48,750	6,442
Oklahoma	25,773	16,804	9,022	9
Oregon	73,035	59,101	12,655	22,729
Pennsylvania	156,043	312,359	45,377	9,035
Puerto Rico	78,117	44,530	4,319	3,312
Rhode Island	3,883	2,753	2,543	0
South Carolina	17,237	76,688	3,234	6
South Dakota	8,114	12,298	1,040	4,583
Tennessee	1,324,829	60,779	31,342	6,417
Texas	440,864	482,724	138,548	47,644
Utah	66,549	133,609	30,908	25,073
Vermont	3,257	19	122	0
Virginia	20,961	35,881	5,189	3,492
Washington	152,299	84,367	34,449	55,975
West Virginia	4,306	128	4	0
Wisconsin	30,060	19,618	11,558	1,088
Wyoming	6,786	11	5	0
United States, total	7,582,577	5,422,002	1,714,348	584,950

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Airport Activity Statistics of Certificated Air Carriers: Summary Tables, Twelve Months Ending December 31, 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.bts.gov/publications/airactstats2000/ as of Oct. 29, 2001.

Table 3-18: Surface Merchandise Trade with Canada and Mexico: 2000 (Millions of current dollars)

	Ехроі	rts to	Imports from	
	Canada	Canada Mexico		Mexico
North Carolina	4,530	1,528	3,124	4,284
United States, total	154,847	97,159	210,270	113,437

Figure 3-1: North Carolina Surface Merchandise Trade with Canada and Mexico (Millions of current dollars)



**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *Transborder Surface Freight Data*, available at http://www.bts.gov/ntda/tbscd/reports.html as of August 2002.

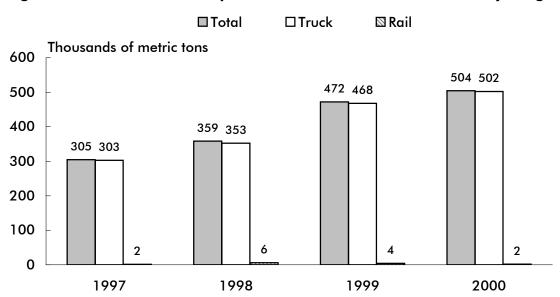
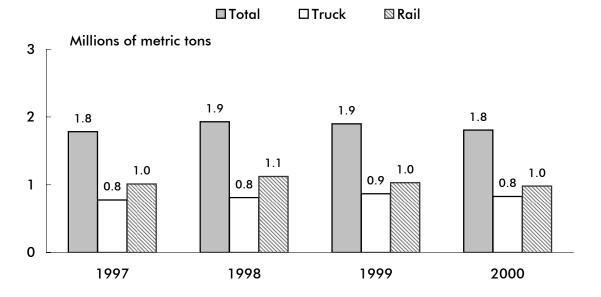


Figure 3-2: Truck and Rail Imports from Mexico to North Carolina by Weight

Figure 3-3: Truck and Rail Imports from Canada to North Carolina by Weight



**NOTES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Data do not include transshipment activity. Transshipments are shipments that enter or exit the United States by way of a U.S. Customs port on the northern or southern border, but whose origin or destination is a country other than Canada or Mexico. All figures are based on the declared gross shipment weight and include packaging. Shipping weight for imports may be underestimated because U.S. Customs Service does not require weight to be reported at the individual commodity level for surface trade.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Surface Freight Data, available at http://www.bts.gov/ntda/tbscd/reports.html as of August 2002.



Table 4-1: Commuting to Work: 2000

	North Carolina		United States		
Mode	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	3,741,414	100.0	127,448,586	100.0	
Car, truck, or van drove alone	3,025,692	80.9	97,243,457	76.3	
Car, truck, or van carpooled	475,726	12.7	14,299,090	11.2	
Public transportation (including taxi)	27,083	0.7	6,592,685	5.2	
Walked	62,864	1.7	3,417,546	2.7	
Other means	40,975	1.1	1,820,578	1.4	
Worked at home	109,074	2.9	4,075,230	3.2	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	22.6		24.3		

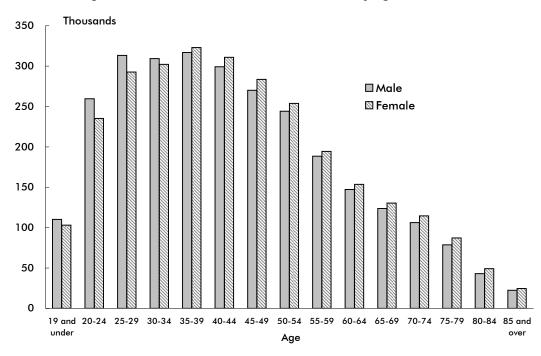
NOTE: Data are for workers 16 years and over.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Supplementary Survey, Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics, available at http://www.census.gov/c2ss/www/ as of Oct. 16, 2001.

Table 4-2: Licensed Drivers: 2000

	North Co	arolina	United States		
Licensed drivers	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	5,690,494	100.0	190,625,023	100.0	
Male	2,832,153	49.8	95,796,069	50.3	
Female	2,858,341	50.2	94,828,953	49.7	

Figure 4-1: Licensed Drivers in North Carolina by Age and Sex: 2000



**SOURCE FOR TABLE 4-2 and FIGURE 4-1:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001.

Table 4-3: Urban Transit Agencies in North Carolina: 2000

Transit agencies	Modes provided	Urbanized area	Annual unlinked passenger trips (thousands)	Average weekday unlinked trips (thousands)	Operating funds expended (\$ millions)	Capital funds expended (\$ millions)	Vehicles available for maximum service
Charlotte Area Transit System (CATS)	Bus, demand responsive, vanpool	Charlotte	13,404	44	38	16	321
Capital Area Transit	Bus, demand responsive	Raleigh	4,574	16	7	3	69
Durham Area Transit	Bus, demand responsive	Durham	3,635	13	7	2	75
Winston-Salem Transit	Bus, demand responsive, vanpool	Winston-Salem	3,294	12	7	<1	153
Chapel Hill Transit	Bus, demand responsive	Durham	2,977	11	6	2	68
Greensboro Transit Authority	Bus, demand responsive	Greensboro	1,759	6	5	2	60
Fayetteville Area System	Bus, demand responsive	Fayetteville	1,325	5	3	1	42
Wilmington Transit Authority	Bus, demand responsive	Wilmington	1,163	4	2	<1	30
Asheville Transit Authority	Bus, demand responsive	Asheville	1,159	4	2	<1	38
Research Triangle Regional Public Transportation Authority	Bus, vanpool	Durham	875	3	5	2	109
Highpoint Transit	Bus, demand responsive	Highpoint	874	3	1	<1	23

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com/NTD/Profiles.nsf/ProfileInformation?OpenForm&2000&All as of Dec. 6, 2001.

Table 4-4: North Carolina Airports in Top 50 by Passengers Enplaned: 2000

	Passenger		
Airport	Rank	enplanements	
North Carolina, all airports		17,017,001	
Charlotte (Charlotte/Douglas International)	21	10,377,837	
Raleigh-Durham (Raleigh-Durham International)	39	4,838,779	
Other top 50 airports			
Atlanta, GA (Hartsfield International)	1	38,255,778	
Chicago, IL (O'Hare International)	2	30,888,464	
Dallas/Fort Worth, TX (Dallas/Fort Worth International)	3	27,841,040	
Los Angeles, CA (Los Angeles International)	4	25,109,993	
Denver, CO (Denver International)	5	17,643,261	
Phoenix, AZ (Sky Harbor International)	6	17,239,215	
Detroit, MI (Detroit Metropolitan)	7	16,929,968	
Las Vegas, NV (McCarran International)	8	16,738,909	
Minneapolis, MN (Minneapolis-St. Paul International)	9	16,710,197	
San Francisco, CA (San Francisco International)	10	16,664,399	
Houston, TX (George Bush Intercontinental)	11	15,814,709	
Newark, NJ (Newark International)	12	15,205,447	
St. Louis, MO (Lambert-St.Louis International)	13	15,101,246	
Orlando, FL (Orlando International)	14	13,465,706	
Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma International)	15	13,308,253	
Miami, FL (Miami International)	16	12,654,506	
Boston, MA (Logan International)	17	11,505,983	
New York, NY (La Guardia)	18	11,425,705	
Philadelphia, PA (Philadelphia International)	19	10,973,074	
New York, NY (John F. Kennedy International)	20	10,648,410	
Cincinnati, OH (Greater Cincinnati)	22	9,962,765	
Baltimore, MD (Baltimore-Washington International)	23	8,979,425	
Salt Lake City, UT (Salt Lake City International)	24	8,700,973	
Honolulu, HI (Honolulu International)	25	8,684,893	
Pittsburgh, PA (Pittsburgh International)	26	8,650,976	
San Diego, CA (San Diego International-Lindbergh Field)	27	7,624,519	
Tampa, FL (Tampa International)	28	7,430,829	
Miami/Fort Lauderdale, FL (Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International)	29	7,140,518	
Washington, DC (Ronald Reagan Washington National)	30	6,983,212	
Chicago, IL (Midway)	31	6,972,213	
Washington, DC (Washington Dulles International)	32	6,649,323	
Portland, OR (Portland International Jetport)	33	6,558,859	
Cleveland, OH (Cleveland Hopkins International)	34	6,154,094	
San Jose, CA (Norman Y. Mineta San Jose International)	35	6,044,278	
Kansas City, MO (Kansas City International)	36	5,748,758	
Oakland, CA (Metropolitan Oakland International)	37 38	5,126,648	
Memphis, TN (Memphis International)	30 40	4,977,238	
San Juan, PR (Luis Munoz Marin International) New Orleans, LA (Louis Armstrong New Orleans International)	41	4,834,298	
Nashville, TN (Nashville International)	42	4,822,265 4,365,127	
Houston, TX (William P. Hobby)	43	4,322,108	
Sacramento, CA (Sacramento International)	44	3,873,003	
Los Angeles, CA (John Wayne Airport-Orange County)	45	3,828,324	
Austin, TX (Robert Muller Municipal)	46	3,635,209	
Indianapolis, IN (Indianapolis International)	47	3,629,716	
Dallas, TX (Dallas Love Field)	48	3,594,539	
Hartford/Springfield/Westfield, CT (Windsor Locks Bradley International)	49	3,508,023	
San Antonio, TX (San Antonio International)	50	3,466,266	
United States, all airports	- 50	638,902,993	
Top 50 as % of all enplanements		84%	
		5-7,5	

**NOTE:** Rank order by total enplaned passengers on large certificated U.S. air carriers, scheduled and nonscheduled operations, at all airports served within the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and other U.S. areas designated by the Federal Aviation Administration. These air carriers operate aircraft with more than 60 seats or a payload capacity of more than 18,000 pounds. Data for commuter, intrastate, and foreign-flag air carriers are not included. Data differ from those in table 1-9 which include enplaned passengers on air carriers of all types, including foreign-flag carriers.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Airport Activity Statistics of Certificated Air Carriers: Summary Tables, Twelve Months Ending December 31, 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.bts.gov/publications/airactstats2000/ as of Dec. 28, 2001.

Table 4-5: Overseas Visitors to the United States: Top 20 Destination States and Territories<sup>1</sup>

	1995			2000			
		Visitors	Share of		Visitors	Share of	
	Rank	(thousands)	U.S. total	Rank	(thousands)	U.S. total	
California	2	5,304	25.7	1	6,364	24.5	
Florida	1	5,345	25.9	2	6,026	23.2	
New York	3	4,479	21.7	3	5,922	22.8	
Hawaii	4	2,910	14.1	4	2,727	10.5	
Nevada	5	1,858	9.0	5	2,364	9.1	
Massachusetts	8	1,053	5.1	6	1,429	5.5	
Illinois	7	1,115	5.4	7	1,377	5.3	
Guam	6	1,238	6.0	8	1,325	5.1	
Texas	10	867	4.2	9	1,169	4.5	
New Jersey	11	599	2.9	10	909	3.5	
Arizona	9	887	4.3	11	883	3.4	
Georgia	11	599	2.9	12	805	3.1	
Pennsylvania	11	599	2.9	13	649	2.5	
Colorado	15	433	2.1	14	519	2.0	
Michigan	18	372	1.8	15	494	1.9	
Washington	11	599	2.9	16	468	1.8	
Utah	15	433	2.1	17	416	1.6	
<b>North Carolina</b>	21	310	1.5	17	416	1.6	
Louisiana	17	413	2.0	19	390	1.5	
Ohio	19	351	1.7	19	390	1.5	
United States, total		20,639			25,975		

**NOTE:** A visitor may visit more than one state. "Share of U.S. total" represents the percent of overseas visitors visiting the state. These columns, therefore, do not sum to 100.

Visitors (thousands) 

Figure 4-2: Overseas Visitors to North Carolina<sup>1</sup>

SOURCES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territories 2000-1999 (Ranked by 2000 Market Share), Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ as of Oct. 19, 2001; U.S. Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territories 1996-1995, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ as of Nov. 13, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>International travelers to the United States from Canada and Mexico are not included.

# E Registered Vehicles and Vehicle-Miles Traveled

Table 5-1: North Carolina and U.S. Motor-Vehicle Registrations: 2000

Motor vehicle type	Private and commercial	Publicly owned	North Carolina total	United States total
All motor vehicles	6,208,128	97,022	6,305,150	225,821,241
Automobiles	3,714,387	28,679	3,743,066	133,621,420
Buses	9,622	21,009	30,631	746,125
Trucks <sup>1</sup>	2,401,817	46,989	2,448,806	87,107,628
Light trucks	2,197,013	U	2,197,013	77,796,827
Farm trucks	85,033	U	85,033	1,885,170
Truck tractors	58,175	U	58,175	1,587,611
Motorcycles	82,302	345	82,647	4,346,068

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes light trucks (pickups, vans, sport utility vehicles, and other light trucks) as well as medium and large trucks.

**KEY**: U = data are unavailable.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, tables MV-1 and MV-9.

Table 5-2: North Carolina and U.S. Trailer and Semi-Trailer Registrations: 2000<sup>1</sup>

Туре	North Caroline	United States
Total	700,682	21,541,490
Private and commercial	693,008	21,283,681
Commercial trailers <sup>2</sup>	89,008	4,685,606
Light farm trailers, car trailers, etc. <sup>3</sup>	602,526	14,113,392
House trailers	1,474	2,484,683
Publicly owned	7,674	257,809
Federal government	46	4,277
State, county, municipal government	7,628	253,532

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The completeness of data on trailer registrations varies greatly among states. Data are reported to the extent available and, in some cases, are supplemented by estimates of the Federal Highway Administration.

**NOTE**: Mobile homes and house trailers are shown for states that require registration and are able to segregate them from other trailers. In states where this classification is not available, house trailers are included with light car trailers.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, table MV-11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This row includes all commercial type vehicles and semi-trailers that are in private or for-hire use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Several states do not require the registration of light farm or automobile trailers.

Table 5-3: North Carolina Truck Characteristics and Use: 1997

(Percent unless otherwise specified)

Vehicular and operational characteristics	All trucks	Trucks, excluding pickups, panels, vans, sport utilities, and station	Vehicular and operational characteristics	All trucks	Trucks, excluding pickups, panels, vans, sport utilities, and station
Total, number (thousands)	1,996.1	201.4			
Major use	100.0	100.0	Year model	100.0	100.0
Agriculture	4.2	14.6	1 to 2 years old	13.4	11.2
Forestry and lumbering	0.8	3.2	3 to 4 years old	17.5	12.8
Mining and quarrying	0.1	0.6	Over 4 years old	69.1	76.0
Construction	8.6	20.7			
Manufacturing	1.3	5.7	Vehicle acquisition	100.0	100.0
Wholesale and retail trade	5.0	15.9	Purchased new	37.5	41.2
For-hire transportation	1.7	15.1	Purchased used	57.9	49.1
Utilities and service	7.3	16.2	Leased from someone or	4.5	9.7
Personal transportation	69.9	2.9	not reported		
Other and not reported	1.1	5.1			
			Truck type	100.0	100.0
Body type	100.0	100.0	Single-unit trucks	95.9	68.2
Pickup, panel, minivan, and	89.9	NA	2 axles	94.9	58.7
sport utility			3 axles or more	1.0	9.5
Platform and cattlerack	2.8	28.1	Combination	4.1	31.8
Van	2.6	25.8	3 axles	0.6	2.8
Public utility	0.5	4.8	4 axles	1.3	6.7
Multistop or stepvans	0.9	8.4	5 axles or more	2.2	22.3
Dump	1.5	14.9	Trailer not specified	٧	V
Tank for liquids or dry bulk	0.4	3.9	•		
Other or not reported	1.4	14.1	Range of operation	100.0	100.0
•			Local	74.2	56.8
Vehicle size	100.0	100.0	Short-range	16.4	23.5
Light	91.4	21.1	Long-range	5.6	14.9
Medium	3.0	23.4	Off-the-road or not	3.8	4.9
Light-heavy	1.4	14.2	reported		
Heavy-heavy	4.2	41.2			
			Fuel type	100.0	100.0
Annual miles driven	100.0	100.0	Gasoline	92.5	41.6
Less than 5,000	16.4	23.8	Diesel, liquefied gas,	7.4	57.0
5,000 to 9,999	18.7	15.3	and other		
10,000 to 19,999	39.8	18.3	Not reported	0.2	1.3
20,000 to 29,999	15.3	11.9			
30,000 or more	9.8	30.7			

NOTE: Due to rounding, numbers may not sum to 100.

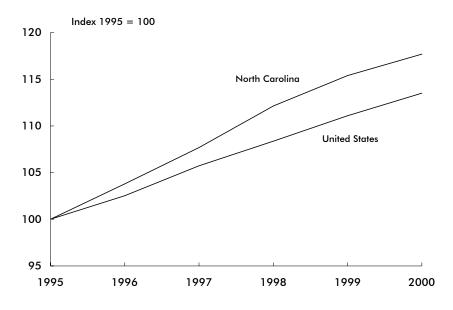
**KEY**: NA = not applicable; V = less than 0.05 percent.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, *Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey,* state-specific reports, Washington, DC: 1999, available at http://www.census.gov/econ/www/viusmain.html as of Dec. 27, 2001.

Table 5-4: Highway Vehicle-Miles Traveled (VMT): 2000

State	Total VMT (millions)	VMT per capita	State	Total VMT (millions)	
Alabama	56,534	12,716	Montana	9,882	
Alaska	4,613	7,501	Nebraska	18,081	
Arizona	49,768	11,428	Nevada	17,639	
rkansas	29,167	11,107	New Hampshire	12,021	
alifornia	306,649	9,053	New Jersey	67,446	
olorado	41,771	9,712	New Mexico	22,760	
onnecticut	30,756	9,057	New York	129,057	
elaware	8,240	10,510	North Carolina	89,504	
ist. of Columbia	3,498	6,115	North Dakota	7,217	
orida	152,136	9,609	Ohio	105,898	
eorgia	105,010	12,969	Oklahoma	43,355	
awaii	8,543	7,014	Oregon	35,010	
aho	13,534	10,467	Pennsylvania	102,337	
nois	102,866	8,225	Rhode Island	8,359	
diana	70,862	12,779	South Carolina	45,538	
wa	29,433	10,059	South Dakota	8,432	
nsas	28,130	10,599	Tennessee	65,732	
entucky	46,803	11,579	Texas	220,064	
ouisiana	40,849	9,430	Utah	22,597	
aine	14,190	11,129	Vermont	6,811	
aryland	50,174	9,809	Virginia	74,801	
assachusetts	52,796	8,513	Washington	53,330	
chigan	97,792	9,839	West Virginia	19,242	
innesota	52,601	10,693	Wisconsin	57,266	
ississippi	35,536	12,187	Wyoming	8,090	
issouri	67,083	11,990	United States	2,749,803	

Figure 5-1: Highway Vehicle-Miles Traveled, **United States and North Carolina** 



SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, annual editions, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ohimstat.htm as of Dec. 6, 2001.

Table 5-5: Highway, Demographic, and Geographic Characteristics of Urbanized Areas in North Carolina: 2000

Federal-aid urbanized area <sup>1</sup>	Total roadway miles	Total DVMT (thousands)		Net land area (square miles)	Persons per square mile	Miles of roadway per thousand persons	Total DVMT per capita	Total estimated freeway lane miles <sup>2</sup>	Average daily traffic per freeway lane mile
Charlotte	2,653	19,097	646	299	2,161	4.1	29.6	483	15,831
Raleigh	2,078	14,657	477	276	1,728	4.4	30.7	362	12,604
Fayetteville	1,407	6,763	318	206	1,544	4.4	21.3	66	7,010
Durham	1,308	8,042	256	214	1,196	5.1	31.4	209	13,061
Winston-Salem	1,449	7,396	233	177	1,316	6.2	31.7	261	11,885
Greensboro	1,306	7,654	223	163	1,368	5.9	34.3	259	12,165
Wilmington	641	3,364	136	108	1,259	4.7	24.7	28	9,589
Asheville	1,002	5,977	126	180	700	8.0	47.4	224	11,455
Gastonia	870	4,682	126	120	1,050	6.9	37.2	103	15,224
High Point	1,031	4,577	125	167	749	8.2	36.6	181	6,499
Kannapolis	792	3,618	123	120	1,025	6.4	29.4	57	18,109
Jacksonville	274	1,532	107	88	1,216	2.6	14.3	0	NA
Hickory	727	3,789	90	103	874	8.1	42.1	90	11,144
Burlington	605	3,523	88	65	1,354	6.9	40.0	129	11,143
Goldsboro	364	1,791	70	76	921	5.2	25.6	23	9,691
Greenville	345	1,420	64	47	1,362	5.4	22.2	0	NA
Rocky Mount	362	1,322	59	34	1,735	6.1	22.4	37	6,174

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A "federal-aid urbanized area" is an area with 50,000 or more persons that, at a minimum, encompasses the land area delineated as the urbanized area by the U.S. Census Bureau. Areas are ranked by population.

**KEY**: DVMT = daily vehicle-miles of travel; NA = not applicable.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics, 2000,* Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/ohimstat.htm as of Dec. 6, 2001.

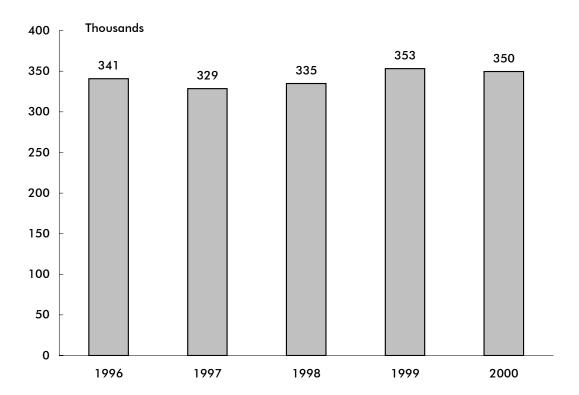
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Lane miles estimated by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

Table 5-6: North Carolina and U.S. Recreational Boat Registrations by Propulsion Type

	North Ca	rolina	United States		
	1999	2000	1999	2000	
Total	353,166	349,631	12,738,271	12,782,143	
Powered	344,287	340,945	11,811,562	11,648,769	
Nonpowered	1,927	1,835	481,191	547,271	
Other	6,952	6,851	445,518	590,103	

**NOTE:** Data are derived from reports of states and other jurisdiction with varying registration categories. "Other" includes boats not elsewhere classified by the reporting jurisdiction.

Figure 5-2: North Carolina Recreational Boat Registrations



NOTES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. totals include Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands. North Carolina statistics include all motorboats and sailboats more than 14 feet in length. U.S. total does not include sailboards, which are numbered in some states.

**SOURCES FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics, 2000 and Boating Statistics, 1999, Washington, DC: 2001, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/Saf/pdf/Boating\_Statistics\_2000.pdf and 1999.pdf as of Nov. 14, 2001.

Table 5-7: General Aviation and Air Taxi Aircraft and Hours Flown: 2000 (Excludes commuter aircraft)

_		Hours flown
State	Active aircraft	(thousands)
Alabama	3,480	462
Alaska	5,925	692
Arizona	6,062	824
Arkansas	2,660	442
California	23,454	3,183
Colorado	5,246	651
Connecticut	1,793	241
Delaware	2,068	303
District of Columbia	152	13
Florida	14,096	2,299
Georgia	4,809	702
Hawaii	435	184
Idaho	2,328	336
Illinois	7,478	998
Indiana	3,964	503
lowa	2,772	331
Kansas	3,611	494
Kentucky	2,033	244
Louisiana	3,012	677
Maine	1,086	114
Maryland	3,436	487
Massachusetts	2,717	329
Michigan	7,236	935
Minnesota	5,141	707
Mississippi	2,038	256
Missouri	3,777	545
Montana	2,374	271
Nebraska	2,013	275
Nevada	2,715	774
New Hampshire	1,485	203
New Jersey	3,791	583
New Mexico	2,990	430
New York	6,082	816
North Carolina	5,620	769
North Dakota	1,585	419
Ohio	6,486	840
Oklahoma	4,080	648
Oregon	4,687	564
Pennsylvania	5,648	724
Rhode Island	393	45
South Carolina	2,689	387
South Dakota	1,376	157
Tennessee	4,228	638
Texas	18,869	2,980
Utah	1,673	234
Vermont	600	57
Virginia	3,354	414
Washington	7,166	912
West Virginia	1,075	136
Wisconsin	4,649	590
Wyoming	778	98
United States, total	217,215	30,916

**NOTE:** These data are derived from a sample survey of general aviation and air taxi aircraft. The data are estimates subject to sampling as well as nonsampling error.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, General Aviation and Air Taxi Activity Survey: 2000, Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.api.faa.gov/GASurvey/index.htm as of July 22, 2002.

Table 5-8: Active Aviation Pilots and Flight Instructors: 2000<sup>1</sup>

			Airplane pilots <sup>2</sup>				
		a	<b>.</b>		Airline	3	Flight
State	Total	Students	Private	Commercial	transport	Misc. <sup>3</sup>	instructor <sup>4</sup> 920
Alabama	7,262	1,170 833	3,065	1,649 2.130	1,084 1.906	294 83	
Alaska Arizona	8,638		3,686 6.508	2,130 3,345	1,906 4.654	593	1,118 2.617
Arizona Arkansas	17,429	2,329 776	,	,	4,654 788	593 65	634
	4,988		2,153	1,206			
California	71,053	10,173	31,571	13,448	12,786	3,075	8,984
Colorado	17,539	2,320	6,256	3,144	5,138	681	2,549
Connecticut	6,523	944	2,714	989	1,648	228	837
Delaware District of Columbia	1,462	245 86	532 191	236 99	413 69	36	233 45
Florida	476				13.267	31 869	
	47,191	6,672	16,324	10,059	,		6,890
Georgia	18,087	2,441	6,053	2,845	6,448	300	2,107
Hawaii Idaho	2,927	471 581	611 2.148	587 950	1,031 711	227 90	399 535
Illinois	4,480	3,497	,	3,832	4,606	418	
	21,521	•	9,168	•	•		3,054
Indiana Iowa	11,715	1,874	5,728	2,091	1,867	155 54	1,488
Kansas	6,135	912	3,372	1,130	667	110	771
	8,412	1,169	4,136	1,729	1,268		1,184
Kentucky Louisiana	6,720 5,804	988 911	2,397 2,224	1,155	2,104	76 250	919 701
Maine	5,894	444	1,494	1,474 608	1,035 522	37	384
	3,105	1,217	•				
Maryland	8,383 9,692	1,217	3,499	1,535	1,869	263 383	1,194
Massachusetts Michigan		3,008	4,535 8,517	1,711 3,008	1,480 2,852	363 370	1,242
Minnesota	17,755	2,244	6,728	2,949	•	192	2,388
Mississippi	15,530 4,111	2,244 594	1,595	2,949 1,086	3,417 750	86	2,025 490
Mississippi	11,070	1,549	5,008	2,045	2,312	156	1,548
Montana	3.613	481	1.718	2,043 878	2,312 469	67	431
Nebraska	4,141	461 654	2,054	884	524	25	431
Nevada	6,270	691	2,034	1,141	2,095	212	864
New Hampshire	4.242	499	1.544	676	2,093 1.417	106	613
New Jersey	11,403	1,826	4,909	1,833	2,417	418	1,517
New Mexico	4,406	787	1,788	916	772	143	549
New York	18,649	3,628	8,020	3,305	2,819	877	2,516
	•	•	•	•	•		,
North Carolina	14,769	2,148	6,144	2,600	3,615	262	1,732
North Dakota	2,458	401	1,153	688	199	17	292
Ohio	19,301	3,065	8,602	3,338	3,857	439	2,839
Oklahoma	8,654	1,392	3,839	1,893	1,453	77	1,180
Oregon	9,942	1,625	4,972	1,910	1,175	260	1,123
Pennsylvania	18,022	2,683	7,604	3,075	4,124	536	2,575
Rhode Island	1,216	184	569	210	223	30	136
South Carolina	6,363	933	2,708	1,343	1,244	135	714
South Dakota	2,230	328	1,034	549	302	17	263
Tennessee	12,132	1,675	4,351	2,024	3,826	256	1,600
Texas	48,396	6,613	16,857	9,044	14,839	1,043	6,487
Utah	6,591	1,205	2,678	1,116	1,468	124	768
Vermont	1,487	220	681	261	264	61	162
Virginia	14,640	1,987	5,114	2,835	4,299	405	2,055
Washington	21,116	2,929	8,170	3,896	5,535	586	2,658
West Virginia	1,992	312	953	399	293	35	274
Wisconsin	11,275	1,768	5,682	1,884	1,830	111	1,455
Wyoming	1,812	254	901	354	273	30	195
United States, total	593,218	87,319	244,389	112,092	134,024	15,394	78,686

<sup>1</sup>An active pilot is a person who holds a pilot certificate and a valid medical certificate issued within the last 25 months.

NOTE: Excludes U.S. military personnel holding civilian certificates who are stationed in a foreign country and pilots in U.S. territories.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, U.S. Civil Airmen Statistics 2000. Washington, DC: 2002, available at http://www.api.faa.gov/CivilAir/index.htm as of July 22, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes pilots with an airplane only certificate and those with an airplane and a helicopter and/or glider certificate. <sup>3</sup>Includes helicopter, glider, and recreational pilots. Does not include pilots holding an airplane certificate. A recreational pilot may fly no more than one passenger in a light, single engine aircraft with no more than four seats during good weather and daylight hours and, unless authorized, no more than 50 miles from the home airport.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Not included in total. A flight instructor must hold a flight instructor certificate in addition to a pilot certificate.

# **F** Economy and Finance

Table 6-1: Transportation and Warehousing Establishments and Employment in New Mexico: 1999

Business type	Establishments <sup>1</sup> (number)	Number of employees	Annual payroll (\$ thousands)
Total transportation and warehousing	1,088	14,259	365,003
Air transportation	49	1,689	43,640
Water transportation	1	0-19	D
Truck transportation	606	7,418	210,387
Transit and ground passenger transportation	154	2,733	35,931
Pipeline transportation	60	484	32,398
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	7	20-99	D
Support activities for transportation	120	745	15,406
Couriers and messengers	60	1,010	23,554
Warehousing and storage	31	100-249	D

**KEY**: D = withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

Table 6-2: Transportation and Warehousing Establishments and Employment in the United States: 1999

Business type	Establishments <sup>1</sup> (number)	Number of employees	Annual payroll (\$ thousands)
Total transportation and warehousing	187,339	3,627,057	116,682,214
Air transportation	5,285	582,838	24,414,357
Water transportation	1,950	71,844	3,039,510
Truck transportation	108,749	1,384,178	43,626,168
Transit and ground passenger transportation	16,254	370,022	6,729,332
Pipeline transportation	2,550	48,149	3,032,689
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	2,267	22,877	540,702
Support activities for transportation	31,392	440,175	14,915,625
Couriers and messengers	11,938	578,368	16,725,960
Warehousing and storage	6,954	128,606	3,657,871

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The transportation and warehousing sector (North American Industrial Classification System [NAICS] 48 and 49) includes industries providing transportation of passengers and cargo, warehousing and storage for goods, scenic and sightseeing transportation, and support activities related to modes of transportation. Establishments in these industries use transportation equipment or transportation related facilities as a productive asset. The type of equipment depends on the mode of transportation. The modes of transportation comprise air, rail, water, road, and pipeline.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE**: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 1999 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: May 2001, available at http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html as of Oct. 25, 2001.

Table 6-3: Transportation Revenues Collected by State and Local Governments in New Mexico (\$ millions)

	19	95	19	96	19	997	19	98	199	99
Mode	State	Local								
Total (current \$)	316	50	354	50	371	70	374	71	391	71
Highway	316	9	354	8	371	11	374	11	391	10
Transit	Z	3	Z	3	Z	4	Z	4	Z	3
Air	Z	38	Z	39	Z	55	Z	56	Z	58
Water	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Total (chained 1996 \$)	323	51	354	50	362	69	359	68	366	66
Highway	323	10	354	8	362	11	359	10	366	9
Transit	Z	3	Z	3	Z	4	Z	4	Z	3
Air	Z	38	Z	39	Z	54	Z	54	Z	54
Water	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z

Table 6-4: Transportation Expenditures by State and Local Governments in New Mexico<sup>1</sup> (\$ millions)

	19	95	19	996	19	997	19	98	199	99
Mode	State	Local								
Total (current \$)	683	288	637	320	630	335	868	270	924	294
Highway	682	210	635	208	629	225	866	207	922	216
Transit	Z	25	Z	23	Z	45	Z	29	Z	29
Air	1	53	2	88	1	65	2	35	2	49
Water	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z
Total (chained 1996 \$)	699	294	637	320	614	326	832	259	863	275
Highway	697	214	635	208	613	219	830	198	861	202
Transit	Z	25	Z	23	Z	44	Z	27	Z	27
Air	1	55	2	88	1	63	2	34	2	46
Water	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes federal grants.

**KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Z = zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

**NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE:** Dollars are converted using a chain-type price index from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *National Income and Product Accounts Tables*, Washington, DC: 2001, table 7.1, available at http://www.bea.doc.gov/bea/dn/nipaweb/ as of Dec. 12, 2001.

**SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE**: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S Census Bureau, State and Local Government Finance Estimates, available at ftp://ftp.census.gov/pub/outgoing/govs/ as of October 2001.

Table 6-5: State Motor-Fuel Tax Rates: 2000 (Cents per gallon)

			Liquified	
			petroleum	
State	Gasoline	Diesel	gas	Gasohol <sup>1</sup>
Alabama	18.00	19.00	17.00	18.00
Alaska	8.00	8.00	0.00	0.00
Arizona	18.00	27.00	18.00	18.00
Arkansas	19.50	20.50	16.50	18.60
California	18.00	18.00	6.00	18.00
Colorado	22.00	20.50	20.50	22.00
Connecticut	32.00	18.00	0.00	31.00
Delaware	23.00	22.00	22.00	23.00
District of Columbia	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
Florida	13.10	25.10	16.00	13.10
Georgia	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
Hawaii	16.00	16.00	11.00	16.00
Idaho	25.00	25.00	18.10	22.50
Illinois	19.00	21.50	19.00	19.00
Indiana	15.00	16.00	0.00	15.00
lowa	20.00	22.50	20.00	19.00
Kansas	20.00	22.00	19.00	20.00
Kentucky	16.40	13.40	15.00	16.40
Louisiana	20.00	20.00	16.00	20.00
Maine	19.00	20.00	18.00	19.00
Maryland	23.50	24.25	23.50	23.50
Massachusetts	21.00	21.00	8.10	21.00
Michigan	19.00	15.00	15.00	19.00
Minnesota	20.00	20.00	15.00	20.00
Mississippi	18.40	18.40	17.00	18.40
Missouri	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00
Montana	27.00	27.75	0.00	27.00
Nebraska	22.80	22.80	22.80	22.80
Nevada	24.75	27.75	22.00	24.75
New Hampshire	19.50 10.50	19.50 13.50	18.00 5.25	19.50
New Jersey				10.50
New Mexico	18.50	19.50	0.00	18.50
New York	29.30	27.95	8.00	29.30
North Carolina	21.20	21.20	21.20	21.20
North Dakota	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
Ohio Oklahoma	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
	17.00	14.00	17.00	17.00
Oregon	24.00	24.00	24.00	24.00
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	25.90	30.80	18.90	25.90
South Carolina	29.00 16.00	29.00 16.00	29.00 16.00	29.00 16.00
South Dakota	22.00	22.00	20.00	20.00
Tennessee	20.00	17.00	14.00	20.00
Texas	20.00	20.00	15.00	20.00
Utah	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50
Vermont	20.00	17.00	0.00	20.00
Virginia	17.50	16.00	10.00	17.50
Washington	23.00	23.00	0.00	23.00
West Virginia	25.35	25.35	25.35	25.35
Wisconsin	25.40	25.40	25.40	25.40
Wyoming	14.00	14.00	0.00	14.00
Federal tax	18.40	24.40	13.60	13.00
i odorar iak	10.70	27.70	10.00	10.00

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\,\text{Tax}$  rates for gasoline blended with 10 percent ethanol.

NOTE: Tax rates in effect as of Jan. 1, 2000.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics* 2000, Washington, DC: 2001, table MF-121T.

G	Energy	and	Envi	ronm	ent

Table 7-1: Transportation Energy Consumption: 1999 (Trillion Btu)

Alabama         22.9         118.4           Alaska         4.5         21.5           Arizona         19.0         92.0           Arkansas         9.1         84.5           California         12.9         373.3           Colorado         8.4         67.8           Connecticut         0.8         34.4           Delaware         0.1         8.6           Dist. of Columbia         0.3         3.6           Florida         7.2         210.3           Georgia         9.1         196.7           Hawaii         0.0         9.1           Idaho         4.7         34.0           Illinois         55.3         202.6           Indiana         14.6         186.4           Ilowa         7.9         74.9           Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         3.3         132.7           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Mississippi         66.1         81.2 <th></th> <th>Petrole</th> <th>eum</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Electrical</th> <th></th>		Petrole	eum						Electrical	
State         gas¹         (diesel)         Je           Alabama         22.9         118.4         Alaska         4.5         21.5         Alaska         4.5         21.5         Alaska         4.5         21.5         Arizona         19.0         92.0         Arkansas         9.1         84.5         California         12.9         373.3         5         Colorado         8.4         67.8         Colorado         8.6         19.67         Hada         19.67         Hada         19.67         Hada         19.67         Hada         19.67         Hada         19.60         19.60         19.60         19.60         19.60									system	
Alabama         22.9         118.4           Alaska         4.5         21.5           Arizona         19.0         92.0           Arkansas         9.1         84.5           California         12.9         373.3           Colorado         8.4         67.8           Connecticut         0.8         34.4           Delaware         0.1         8.6           Dist. of Columbia         0.3         3.6           Florida         7.2         210.3           Georgia         9.1         196.7           Hawaii         0.0         9.1           Idaho         4.7         34.0           Illinois         55.3         202.6           Ilodana         14.6         186.4           Ilowa         7.9         74.9           Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Kantucky         17.2         122.9           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massaschusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Mississisppi         66.1         81.2 <th>Jet fu</th> <th>Motor fuel gasoline<sup>2</sup></th> <th>Residual fuel</th> <th>Other<sup>3</sup></th> <th>Total</th> <th>Ethanol<sup>4</sup></th> <th>Electricity</th> <th>Net</th> <th>energy Iosses⁵</th> <th>Takal</th>	Jet fu	Motor fuel gasoline <sup>2</sup>	Residual fuel	Other <sup>3</sup>	Total	Ethanol <sup>4</sup>	Electricity	Net	energy Iosses⁵	Takal
Alaska 4.5 21.5 Arizona 19.0 92.0 Arkansas 9.1 84.5 California 12.9 373.3 5		11.1 298.0	6.5	3.7	437.8	S	0.0	<b>energy</b> 460.7	0.0	<b>Total</b> 460.7
Arizona 19.0 92.0 Arkansas 9.1 84.5 California 12.9 373.3 5 Colorado 8.4 67.8 Connecticut 0.8 34.4 Delaware 0.1 8.6 Dist. of Columbia 7.2 210.3 3 Georgia 9.1 196.7 Hawaii 0.0 9.1 Idaho 4.7 34.0 Illinois 55.3 202.6 1 Illinois 55.3 202.6 1 Illinois 55.3 202.6 1 Illinois 55.3 202.6 1 Illinois 7.9 74.9 Kansas 31.6 60.5 Kentucky 17.2 122.9 Louisiana 50.0 147.4 Maine 0.0 22.2 Maryland 3.4 73.3 Massachusetts 2.8 57.0 Michigan 23.3 132.7 Minnesota 22.5 93.4 Mississippi 66.1 81.2 Mississippi 66.1 81.2 Missouri 6.8 172.0 Montana 6.1 34.7 Nebraska 2.9 76.9 New Hampshire S 14.5 New Hampshire S 14.5 New Hampshire S 14.5 New Harsey 4.3 120.9 2 New Mexico 47.4 55.5 New Mexico 47.4 55.5 New Mexico 47.4 55.5 New York 8.6 147.5 North Carolina 10.9 70.2 Pennsylvania 37.3 197.6 Rhode Island 0.3 9.3 South Carolina 3.7 85.8 South Dakota 6.1 21.1 Tennessee 25.9 131.7 Texas 73.0 479.2 5 Vermont S 12.3 Virginia 8.3 142.3 Washington 8.2 95.9 1 West Virginia 31.5 46.9	134		1.7	3.3	193.5	0.4	0.0	198.0	0.0	198.0
Arkansas 9.1 84.5 California 12.9 373.3 8 Colorado 8.4 67.8 Connecticut 0.8 34.4 Delaware 0.1 8.6 Dist. of Columbia 7.2 210.3 Georgia 9.1 196.7 Hawaii 0.0 9.1 Idaho 4.7 34.0 Illinois 55.3 202.6 Indiana 14.6 186.4 Iowa 7.9 74.9 Kansas 31.6 60.5 Kentucky 17.2 122.9 Louisiana 50.0 147.4 Maine 0.0 22.2 Maryland 3.4 73.3 Massachusetts 2.8 57.0 Michigan 23.3 132.7 Minnesota 22.5 93.4 Mississippi 66.1 81.2 Missouri 6.8 172.0 Montana 6.1 34.7 Nebraska 2.9 76.9 New Adda 0.9 36.9 New Hampshire 14.5 New Hersey 4.3 120.9 New Hempshire 14.5 New Hersey 4.3 120.9 New Mexico 47.4 55.5 New York 8.6 147.5 North Carolina 10.9 132.6 North Dakota 9.9 26.0 Ohio 18.5 222.5 Oklahoma 24.5 111.7 Oregon 10.9 70.2 Pennsylvania 37.3 197.6 Rhode Island 0.3 9.3 South Carolina 3.7 85.8 South Dakota 6.1 21.1 Tennessee 25.9 131.7 Texas 73.0 479.2 59 West Virginia 8.3 142.3 Washington 8.2 95.9 West Virginia 31.5 46.9		54.6 283.9	0.0	3.1	433.5	1.3	0.0	452.5	0.0	452.5
California         12.9         373.3         2           Colorado         8.4         67.8           Connecticut         0.8         34.4           Delaware         0.1         8.6           Dist. of Columbia         0.3         3.6           Florida         7.2         210.3           Georgia         9.1         196.7           Hawaii         0.0         9.1           Idaho         4.7         34.0           Illinois         55.3         202.6           Indiana         14.6         186.4           lowa         7.9         74.9           Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississisppi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Monthana         6.1 <t< td=""><td></td><td>25.9 172.6</td><td>0.0</td><td>5.1</td><td>288.0</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.0</td><td>297.2</td><td>0.0</td><td>297.2</td></t<>		25.9 172.6	0.0	5.1	288.0	0.0	0.0	297.2	0.0	297.2
Colorado         8.4         67.8           Connecticut         0.8         34.4           Delaware         0.1         8.6           Dist. of Columbia         0.3         3.6           Florida         7.2         210.3           Georgia         9.1         196.7           Hawaii         0.0         9.1           Idaho         4.7         34.0           Illinois         55.3         202.6           Indiana         14.6         186.4           lowa         7.9         74.9           Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississispipi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           New Hampshire         \$         14.5 <td>559</td> <td></td> <td>175.3</td> <td>23.6</td> <td>2,880.6</td> <td>4.9</td> <td>1.8</td> <td>2,895.3</td> <td>3.6</td> <td>2,898.9</td>	559		175.3	23.6	2,880.6	4.9	1.8	2,895.3	3.6	2,898.9
Connecticut         0.8         34.4           Delaware         0.1         8.6           Dist. of Columbia         0.3         3.6           Florida         7.2         210.3           Georgia         9.1         196.7           Hawaii         0.0         9.1           Idaho         4.7         34.0           Illinois         55.3         202.6           Indiana         14.6         186.4           Iowa         7.9         74.9           Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           New Hampshire         S         14.5           New Hampshire         S         14.5		44.2 241.5	0.0	3.9	357.4	4.5	S	365.8	S	365.9
Delaware         0.1         8.6           Dist. of Columbia         0.3         3.6           Florida         7.2         210.3           Georgia         9.1         196.7           Hawaii         0.0         9.1           Idaho         4.7         34.0           Illinois         55.3         202.6           Indiana         14.6         186.4           Iowa         7.9         74.9           Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississisppi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           New Hampshire         14.5           New Hempshire         14.5           New Hexico		13.9 183.9	0.1	1.9	234.2	0.3	0.0	234.9	0.0	234.9
Florida 7.2 210.3 Georgia 9.1 196.7 Hawaii 0.0 9.1 Idaho 4.7 34.0 Illinois 55.3 202.6 Indiana 14.6 186.4 Iowa 7.9 74.9 Kansas 31.6 60.5 Kentucky 17.2 122.9 Louisiana 50.0 147.4 Maine 0.0 22.2 Maine 0.0 22.2 Michigan 23.3 132.7 Michigan 23.3 132.7 Michigan 23.3 132.7 Minnesota 22.5 93.4 Mississippi 66.1 81.2 Mississippi 66.1 81.2 Montana 6.1 34.7 Nebraska 2.9 76.9 Nevada 0.9 36.9 Nevada 0.9 36.9 New Hampshire \$ 14.5 New Hersey 4.3 120.9 New Hampshire \$ 14.5 New Hersey 4.3 120.9 New Mexico 47.4 55.5 New York 8.6 147.5 North Carolina 10.9 132.6 North Dakota 9.9 26.0 Ohio 18.5 222.5 Oklahoma 24.5 111.7 Oregon 10.9 70.2 Pennsylvania 37.3 197.6 Rhode Island 0.3 9.3 South Carolina 3.7 85.8 South Dakota 6.1 21.1 Tennessee 25.9 131.7 Texas 73.0 479.2 5 Vermont \$ 12.3 Virginia 8.3 142.3 Washington 8.2 95.9 West Virginia 31.5 46.9	0	0.6 47.7	13.2	0.5	70.6	0.0	0.0	70.6	0.0	70.6
Georgia         9.1         196.7           Hawaii         0.0         9.1           Idaho         4.7         34.0           Illinois         55.3         202.6           Indiana         14.6         186.4           Iowa         7.9         74.9           Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississispipi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           Nev Morth Carolina         10.9         132.6 <td>0</td> <td>0.0 20.5</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>24.5</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.6</td> <td>25.3</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>26.5</td>	0	0.0 20.5	0.0	0.3	24.5	0.0	0.6	25.3	1.2	26.5
Hawaii 0.0 9.1 Idaho 4.7 34.0 Illinois 55.3 202.6 Indiana 14.6 186.4 Iowa 7.9 74.9 Kansas 31.6 60.5 Kentucky 17.2 122.9 Louisiana 50.0 147.4 120.4 Maine 0.0 22.2 Maryland 3.4 73.3 Massachusetts 2.8 57.0 Michigan 23.3 132.7 Minnesota 22.5 93.4 Mississippi 66.1 81.2 Missouri 6.8 172.0 Montana 6.1 34.7 Nebraska 2.9 76.9 Nevada 0.9 36.9 New Hampshire \$ 14.5 New Hersey 4.3 120.9 2.9 New Hampshire \$ 14.5 New Hersey 4.3 120.9 2.0 New Hoxico 47.4 55.5 New York 8.6 147.5 North Carolina 10.9 132.6 North Dakota 9.9 26.0 North Carolina 10.9 70.2 Pennsylvania 37.3 197.6 Rhode Island 0.3 9.3 South Carolina 3.7 85.8 South Dakota 6.1 21.1 Tennessee 25.9 131.7 Texas 73.0 479.2 5 Vermont \$ 12.3 Virginia 8.3 142.3 Washington 8.2 95.9 15 West Virginia 8.1 14.5 Wermont \$ 12.3 Washington 8.2 95.9 15 West Virginia 8.1 14.5 Wermont \$ 12.3 Washington 8.2 95.9 15 West Virginia 8.1 14.2 3 Washington 8.2 95.9 15 West Virginia 8.1 14.2 3 Washington 8.2 95.9 15 West Virginia 8.1 15 Merco 10.0 1 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 1	164	64.3 897.5	57.4	8.7	1,338.1	0.1	0.2	1,345.4	0.4	1,345.8
Idaho	86	86.8 566.9	5.7	5.2	861.3	0.0	0.3	870.8	0.7	871.4
Illinois   55.3   202.6   Indiana   14.6   186.4   186.4   186.4   186.4   186.4   186.4   186.5   1	53	53.7 45.8	12.9	0.8	122.3	0.0	0.0	122.3	0.0	122.3
Indiana	4	4.9 80.8	0.0	1.2	121.0	0.0	0.0	125.7	0.0	125.7
Iowa	103	03.4 612.7	0.2	11.8	930.8	20.3	1.5	987.5	2.9	990.5
Kansas         31.6         60.5           Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississisppi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3	63	63.5 373.7	1.9	5.1	630.6	9.0	0.1	645.3	0.1	645.4
Kentucky         17.2         122.9           Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         177.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3	5	5.0 185.9	0.0	3.8	269.6	6.7	S	277.5	S	277.5
Louisiana         50.0         147.4           Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7	19	19.7 170.7	0.1	5.2	256.2	0.5	0.0	287.8	0.0	287.8
Maine         0.0         22.2           Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7	39	39.5 261.0	0.0	3.6	427.0	0.3	0.0	444.2	0.0	444.2
Maryland         3.4         73.3           Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Mississouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9         2           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee	192	92.9 255.9	153.5	5.1	754.9	0.1	S	804.9	S	804.9
Massachusetts         2.8         57.0           Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Missisouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$ 14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Hampshire         \$ 6.14.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1	4	4.9 83.7	1.4	1.0	113.2	0.0	S	113.2	S	113.2
Michigan         23.3         132.7           Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9         2           New Mexico         47.4         55.5         3           New Mexico         47.4         55.5         3           North Carolina         10.9         132.6         3           North Dakota         9.9         26.0         3         3           Ohio         18.5         222.5         3         3         3           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7         3         3         9.3         3	22	22.3 295.0	7.4	2.2	400.3	0.2	0.5	404.1	1.0	405.1
Minnesota         22.5         93.4           Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Mosouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Newdad         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$ 14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1     <	45	45.8 328.7	0.2	4.1	435.7	0.0	8.0	439.2	1.6	440.8
Mississippi         66.1         81.2           Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$ 14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3	51	51.7 624.5	0.3	12.2	821.4	3.4	S	844.7	S	844.8
Missouri         6.8         172.0           Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9         2           New Mexico         47.4         55.5         New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6         3           North Dakota         9.9         26.0         3           Ohio         18.5         222.5         3           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7         7           Oregon         10.9         70.2         7           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6         8           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3         85.8         8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1         7           Tennessee         25.9         131.7         7           Texas         73.0         479.2         45           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           West Virginia		71.4 306.5	S	5.8	477.1	19.5	0.0	499.6	0.0	499.6
Montana         6.1         34.7           Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9         2           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31		54.8 196.2	6.9	3.6	342.7	0.0	0.0	408.9	0.0	408.9
Nebraska         2.9         76.9           Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$ 14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		72.3 364.6	S	6.6	615.6	1.4	0.1	622.5	0.1	622.6
Nevada         0.9         36.9           New Hampshire         \$ 14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		4.7 59.1	0.0	1.9	100.4	S	0.0	106.5	0.0	106.5
New Hampshire         S         14.5           New Jersey         4.3         120.9           New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         S         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		8.9 103.1	0.0	2.7	191.5	2.1	0.0	194.4	0.0	194.4
New Jersey         4.3         120.9         2           New Mexico         47.4         55.5         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5         6           North Carolina         10.9         132.6         3           North Dakota         9.9         26.0         3           Ohio         18.5         222.5         3           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7         7           Oregon         10.9         70.2         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6         8           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3         85.8         8           South Carolina         3.7         85.8         8         8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1         7         1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7         1         1         2           Utah         2.8         45.1         4         2         3         4         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         2         3         1         3         1         2         3 <td></td> <td>47.4 111.7</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.9</td> <td>196.9</td> <td>2.3</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>197.8</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>197.8</td>		47.4 111.7	0.0	0.9	196.9	2.3	0.0	197.8	0.0	197.8
New Mexico         47.4         55.5           New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6         3           North Dakota         9.9         26.0         3           Ohio         18.5         222.5         3           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7         4           Oregon         10.9         70.2         9           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6         8           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8         8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1         7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		4.6 80.8	S	0.5	100.5	0.0	0.0	100.5	0.0	100.5
New York         8.6         147.5           North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         S         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9	206		48.9	5.1	857.6	0.7	0.5	862.4	0.9	863.3
North Carolina         10.9         132.6           North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		15.4 113.7	0.0	1.9	186.5	2.0	0.0	233.9	0.0	233.9
North Dakota         9.9         26.0           Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		51.7 690.6	47.1	7.3	944.2	1.2	9.1	961.9	17.7	979.6
Ohio         18.5         222.5           Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		8.6 502.6	1.0	5.3	680.0	3.0	0.0	690.9	0.0	690.9
Oklahoma         24.5         111.7           Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		2.3 43.0	0.0	1.2	72.5	0.4	0.0	82.4	0.0	82.4
Oregon         10.9         70.2           Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         S         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		93.3 623.2	0.1	11.1	950.2	19.6	0.2	968.9	0.3	969.2
Pennsylvania         37.3         197.6           Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         S         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		37.3 223.3	0.0	5.7	378.0	0.0	0.0	402.5	0.0	402.5
Rhode Island         0.3         9.3           South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         S         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		36.5 188.0	18.0	4.3	317.0	1.1	0.1	328.0	0.2	328.2
South Carolina         3.7         85.8           South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2         5           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		90.4 607.0	37.8	9.7	942.6	1.0	1.3	981.3	2.6	983.9
South Dakota         6.1         21.1           Tennessee         25.9         131.7           Texas         73.0         479.2           Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		6.0 49.8	S	0.5	65.6	0.0	0.0	65.9	0.0	65.9
Tennessee     25.9     131.7       Texas     73.0     479.2       Utah     2.8     45.1       Vermont     S     12.3       Virginia     8.3     142.3       Washington     8.2     95.9       West Virginia     31.5     46.9		8.7 273.0	2.8	2.3	372.7	0.0	0.0	376.4	0.0	376.4
Texas     73.0     479.2     5       Utah     2.8     45.1       Vermont     S     12.3       Virginia     8.3     142.3       Washington     8.2     95.9       West Virginia     31.5     46.9		4.4 51.5	0.0	1.3	78.2	1.8	0.0	84.3	0.0	84.3
Utah         2.8         45.1           Vermont         \$         12.3           Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		67.0 360.3	0.0	5.1	564.2	0.0	S	590.1	S	590.1
Vermont         \$ 12.3           Virginia         8.3 142.3           Washington         8.2 95.9           West Virginia         31.5 46.9	594	,	131.9	17.6	2,475.8	4.8	0.1	2,548.8	0.1	2,549.0
Virginia         8.3         142.3           Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		42.2 119.2	0.0	1.7	208.2	0.9	S	211.1	S	211.1
Washington         8.2         95.9           West Virginia         31.5         46.9		0.8 39.7	0.0	0.4	53.2	0.0	0.0	53.2	0.0	53.2
West Virginia 31.5 46.9		52.8 438.1	9.2	3.9	646.5	2.8	0.3	655.1	0.6	655.7
3	125		57.4	4.6	608.9	2.5	0.1	617.1	0.1	617.3
		1.0 100.5	0.0	1.7	150.1	S	0.0	181.6	0.0	181.6
Wisconsin 4.2 101.0		19.3 303.0	S	4.3	427.6	2.5	S	431.8	S	431.8
Wyoming 14.5 62.4 United States 761.1 5,160.9 3,4	3,461	1.0 39.8 61.8 15,855.4	0.0 798.9	2.2	105.3 25,511.8	0.0 121.6	0.0 17.5	119.8 26,290.3	0.0 34.3	119.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation use of natural gas is consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors, or consumed as vehicle fuel.

KEY: Btu = British thermal unit; S = less than 0.05 trillion Btu.

 $\textbf{NOTE:} \ \mathsf{Totals} \ \mathsf{may} \ \mathsf{not} \ \mathsf{equal} \ \mathsf{sum} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{components} \ \mathsf{due} \ \mathsf{to} \ \mathsf{rounding}.$ 

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data Report 1999, Washington, DC: May 2001, table 7, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/pub/state.data/pdf/sedr.pdf as of Feb. 21, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "Other" is the sum of aviation gasoline, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), and lubricants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ethanol blended into motor gasoline is included in motor gasoline, but is also shown separately to display the use of renewable energy by the transportation sector. It is counted only once in the total.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Incurred in the generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity plus plant use and unaccounted for electrical system energy losses.

Table 7-2: Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector: 1999 (Trillion Btu)

State         Total energy consumed¹         Transported Number           Alabama         2,004.8         460.7           Alaska         694.7         198.0           Arizona         1,219.8         452.5           Arkansas         1,203.7         297.2           California         8,375.4         2,898.9           Colorado         1,155.5         365.9           Connecticut         839.3         234.9           Delaware         278.8         70.6           District of Columbia         169.8         26.5           Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1 <th>23.0 28.5 37.1 24.7 34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 29.8 33.8</th> <th>Residen Number 341.0 47.7 279.0 193.3 1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2</th> <th>Percent  17.0 6.9 22.9 16.1 16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0 20.3</th> <th>Number  226.3 63.1 266.7 123.8 1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1</th> <th>11.3 9.1 21.9 10.3 14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7 17.5</th> <th>Indust Number  976.7 385.9 221.6 589.4 2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4</th> <th>Percent  48.7 55.5 18.2 49.0 33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1 24.9</th>	23.0 28.5 37.1 24.7 34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 29.8 33.8	Residen Number 341.0 47.7 279.0 193.3 1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	Percent  17.0 6.9 22.9 16.1 16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0 20.3	Number  226.3 63.1 266.7 123.8 1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	11.3 9.1 21.9 10.3 14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7 17.5	Indust Number  976.7 385.9 221.6 589.4 2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	Percent  48.7 55.5 18.2 49.0 33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1 24.9
Alabama         2,004.8         460.7           Alaska         694.7         198.0           Arizona         1,219.8         452.5           Arkansas         1,203.7         297.2           California         8,375.4         2,898.9           Colorado         1,155.5         365.9           Connecticut         839.3         234.9           Delaware         278.8         70.6           District of Columbia         169.8         26.5           Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8	23.0 28.5 37.1 24.7 34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 29.4 29.1	341.0 47.7 279.0 193.3 1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	17.0 6.9 22.9 16.1 16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	226.3 63.1 266.7 123.8 1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	11.3 9.1 21.9 10.3 14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 16.1 16.9 24.5 20.7	976.7 385.9 221.6 589.4 2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	48.7 55.5 18.2 49.0 33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Alaska       694.7       198.0         Arizona       1,219.8       452.5         Arkansas       1,203.7       297.2         California       8,375.4       2,898.9         Colorado       1,155.5       365.9         Connecticut       839.3       234.9         Delaware       278.8       70.6         District of Columbia       169.8       26.5         Florida       3,852.9       1,345.8         Georgia       2,798.1       871.4         Hawaii       241.4       122.3         Iddho       518.3       125.7         Illinois       3,882.6       990.5         Indiana       2,735.8       645.4         Iowa       1,121.7       277.5         Kansas       1,050.0       287.8         Kentucky       1,830.2       444.2         Louisiana       3,615.4       804.9         Maine       528.6       113.2         Maryland       1,378.2       405.1         Massachusetts       1,675.3       499.6         Michigan       3,239.6       844.8         Minnesota       1,675.3       499.6         Mississisppi	28.5 37.1 24.7 34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.8	47.7 279.0 193.3 1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	6.9 22.9 16.1 16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	63.1 266.7 123.8 1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	9.1 21.9 10.3 14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	385.9 221.6 589.4 2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	55.5 18.2 49.0 33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Arizona 1,219.8 452.5 Arkansas 1,203.7 297.2 California 8,375.4 2,898.9 Colorado 1,155.5 365.9 Connecticut 839.3 234.9 Delaware 278.8 70.6 District of Columbia 169.8 26.5 Florida 3,852.9 1,345.8 Georgia 2,798.1 871.4 Hawaii 241.4 122.3 Idaho 518.3 125.7 Illlinois 3,882.6 990.5 Indiana 2,735.8 645.4 Ilowa 1,121.7 277.5 Kansas 1,050.0 287.8 Kentucky 1,830.2 444.2 Louisiana 3,615.4 804.9 Maine 528.6 113.2 Maryland 1,378.2 405.1 Massachusetts 1,569.1 440.8 Michigan 3,239.6 844.8 Minnesota 1,675.3 499.6 Mississippi 1,208.5 408.9 Missouri 1,768.0 622.6 Montana 412.4 106.5 Nebraska 602.0 194.4 Nevada 615.3 197.8 New Hampshire 335.4 100.5 New Jersey 2,588.7 863.3 New Hampshire 335.4 100.5 New Jersey 1,284.9 North Carolina 2,446.9 690.9 North Carolina 2,446.9 690.9 North Dakota 365.7 82.4 Ohio 4,323.4	37.1 24.7 34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.8	279.0 193.3 1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	22.9 16.1 16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	266.7 123.8 1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	21.9 10.3 14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	221.6 589.4 2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	18.2 49.0 33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Arkansas 1,203.7 297.2 California 8,375.4 2,898.9 Colorado 1,155.5 365.9 Connecticut 839.3 234.9 Delaware 278.8 70.6 District of Columbia 169.8 26.5 Florida 3,852.9 1,345.8 Georgia 2,798.1 871.4 Hawaii 241.4 122.3 Idaho 518.3 125.7 Illinois 3,882.6 990.5 Indiana 2,735.8 645.4 Illinois 1,217 277.5 Kansas 1,050.0 287.8 Kentucky 1,830.2 444.2 Louisiana 3,615.4 804.9 Maine 528.6 113.2 Maryland 1,378.2 405.1 Michigan 3,239.6 844.8 Michigan 3,239.6 844.8 Michigan 3,239.6 844.8 Minnesota 1,675.3 499.6 Mississippi 1,208.5 408.9 Missouri 1,768.0 622.6 Montana 412.4 106.5 Nebraska 602.0 194.4 Nevada 615.3 197.8 New Hampshire 335.4 100.5 New York 4,283.0 979.6 North Carolina 2,446.9 North Carolina 2,446.9 North Carolina 2,446.9 North Carolina 2,446.9 North Dakota 365.7 82.4 Ohio 4,323.4	24.7 34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	193.3 1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	16.1 16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	123.8 1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	10.3 14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	589.4 2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	49.0 33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
California         8,375.4         2,898.9           Colorado         1,155.5         365.9           Connecticut         839.3         234.9           Delaware         278.8         70.6           District of Columbia         169.8         26.5           Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6 <td>34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8</td> <td>1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2</td> <td>16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0</td> <td>1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1</td> <td>14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7</td> <td>2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4</td> <td>33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1</td>	34.6 31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	1,416.2 261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	16.9 22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	1,236.5 255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	14.8 22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	2,823.7 273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	33.7 23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Colorado         1,155.5         365.9           Connecticut         839.3         234.9           Delaware         278.8         70.6           District of Columbia         169.8         26.5           Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5	31.7 28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	261.4 245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	22.6 29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	255.1 196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	22.1 23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	273.1 162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	23.6 19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Connecticut         839.3         234.9           Delaware         278.8         70.6           District of Columbia         169.8         26.5           Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississisppi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           New dad         615.3         197.8	28.0 25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	245.2 56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	29.2 20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	196.8 44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	23.4 16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	162.4 107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	19.3 38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Delaware         278.8         70.6           District of Columbia         169.8         26.5           Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississisppi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           Nevada         615.3         197.8           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5	25.3 15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	56.0 33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	20.1 19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	44.8 106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	16.1 62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	107.4 3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	38.5 2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
District of Columbia         169.8         26.5           Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Ildiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississisppi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           New Jasey         2,588.7         863.3           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Mexico         635.0         233.9     <	15.6 34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	33.5 1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	19.7 26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	106.2 809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	62.5 21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	3.7 679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	2.2 17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Florida         3,852.9         1,345.8           Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Ildiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississisppi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           New Jarsey         2,588.7         863.3           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Hoxico         635.0         233.9	34.9 31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	1,017.8 553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	26.4 19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	809.5 416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	21.0 14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	679.8 957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	17.6 34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Georgia         2,798.1         871.4           Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           Nevada         615.3         197.8           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Jersey         2,588.7         863.3           New York         4,283.0         979.6	31.1 50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	553.1 23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	19.8 9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	416.3 24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	14.9 10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	957.3 71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	34.2 29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Mexico         635.0         233.9           New York         4,283.0         979.6      <	50.7 24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	23.0 95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	9.5 18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	24.8 86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	10.3 16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	71.3 209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	29.5 40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Hawaii         241.4         122.3           Idaho         518.3         125.7           Illinois         3,882.6         990.5           Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Mexico         635.0         233.9           New York         4,283.0         979.6      <	24.3 25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	95.9 897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	18.5 23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	86.9 722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	16.8 18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	209.8 1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	40.5 32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Illinois     3,882.6     990.5       Indiana     2,735.8     645.4       Iowa     1,121.7     277.5       Kansas     1,050.0     287.8       Kentucky     1,830.2     444.2       Louisiana     3,615.4     804.9       Maine     528.6     113.2       Maryland     1,378.2     405.1       Massachusetts     1,569.1     440.8       Michigan     3,239.6     844.8       Minnesota     1,675.3     499.6       Mississispi     1,208.5     408.9       Missouri     1,768.0     622.6       Montana     412.4     106.5       Nebraska     602.0     194.4       Nevada     615.3     197.8       New Hampshire     335.4     100.5       New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2	25.5 23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	32.8 47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Illinois     3,882.6     990.5       Indiana     2,735.8     645.4       Iowa     1,121.7     277.5       Kansas     1,050.0     287.8       Kentucky     1,830.2     444.2       Louisiana     3,615.4     804.9       Maine     528.6     113.2       Maryland     1,378.2     405.1       Massachusetts     1,569.1     440.8       Michigan     3,239.6     844.8       Minnesota     1,675.3     499.6       Mississispi     1,208.5     408.9       Missouri     1,768.0     622.6       Montana     412.4     106.5       Nebraska     602.0     194.4       Nevada     615.3     197.8       New Hampshire     335.4     100.5       New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2	23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	897.4 483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	23.1 17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	722.0 300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	18.6 11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	1,272.6 1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Indiana         2,735.8         645.4           Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississispi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           Nevada         615.3         197.8           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Jersey         2,588.7         863.3           New Mexico         635.0         233.9           New York         4,283.0         979.6           North Carolina         2,446.9         690.9           North Dakota         365.7         82.4           Ohio         4,323.4         969.2  <	23.6 24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	483.6 222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	17.7 19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	300.7 158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	11.0 14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	1,306.2 463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	47.7 41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Iowa         1,121.7         277.5           Kansas         1,050.0         287.8           Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississispi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           Nevada         615.3         197.8           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Jersey         2,588.7         863.3           New Mexico         635.0         233.9           New York         4,283.0         979.6           North Carolina         2,446.9         690.9           North Dakota         365.7         82.4           Ohio         4,323.4         969.2	24.7 27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	222.5 200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	19.8 19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	158.5 169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	14.1 16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	463.3 392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	41.3 37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Kansas     1,050.0     287.8       Kentucky     1,830.2     444.2       Louisiana     3,615.4     804.9       Maine     528.6     113.2       Maryland     1,378.2     405.1       Massachusetts     1,569.1     440.8       Michigan     3,239.6     844.8       Minnesota     1,675.3     499.6       Mississippi     1,208.5     408.9       Missouri     1,768.0     622.6       Montana     412.4     106.5       Nebraska     602.0     194.4       Nevada     615.3     197.8       New Hampshire     335.4     100.5       New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2	27.4 24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	200.9 315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	19.1 17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	169.2 219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	16.1 12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	392.2 851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	37.4 46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Kentucky         1,830.2         444.2           Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississisippi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           Newada         615.3         197.8           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Jersey         2,588.7         863.3           New Wexico         635.0         233.9           New York         4,283.0         979.6           North Carolina         2,446.9         690.9           North Dakota         365.7         82.4           Ohio         4,323.4         969.2	24.3 22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	315.9 325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	17.3 9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	219.0 236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	12.0 6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	851.1 2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	46.5 62.2 49.2 20.1
Louisiana         3,615.4         804.9           Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississippi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           Nevada         615.3         197.8           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Jersey         2,588.7         863.3           New Mexico         635.0         233.9           New York         4,283.0         979.6           North Carolina         2,446.9         690.9           North Dakota         365.7         82.4           Ohio         4,323.4         969.2	22.3 21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	325.0 97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	9.0 18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	236.5 57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	6.5 10.9 24.5 20.7	2,249.0 260.2 277.4 391.4	62.2 49.2 20.1
Maine         528.6         113.2           Maryland         1,378.2         405.1           Massachusetts         1,569.1         440.8           Michigan         3,239.6         844.8           Minnesota         1,675.3         499.6           Mississispi         1,208.5         408.9           Missouri         1,768.0         622.6           Montana         412.4         106.5           Nebraska         602.0         194.4           Nevada         615.3         197.8           New Hampshire         335.4         100.5           New Jersey         2,588.7         863.3           New Mexico         635.0         233.9           New York         4,283.0         979.6           North Carolina         2,446.9         690.9           North Dakota         365.7         82.4           Ohio         4,323.4         969.2	21.4 29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	97.6 358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	18.5 26.0 26.2 23.0	57.6 337.1 325.2 568.1	10.9 24.5 20.7	260.2 277.4 391.4	49.2 20.1
Maryland     1,378.2     405.1       Massachusetts     1,569.1     440.8       Michigan     3,239.6     844.8       Minnesota     1,675.3     499.6       Mississisppi     1,208.5     408.9       Missouri     1,768.0     622.6       Montana     412.4     106.5       Nebraska     602.0     194.4       Nevada     615.3     197.8       New Hampshire     335.4     100.5       New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2	29.4 28.1 26.1 29.8	358.6 411.7 744.3 340.2	26.0 26.2 23.0	337.1 325.2 568.1	24.5 20.7	277.4 391.4	20.1
Massachusetts     1,569.1     440.8       Michigan     3,239.6     844.8       Minnesota     1,675.3     499.6       Mississippi     1,208.5     408.9       Missouri     1,768.0     622.6       Montana     412.4     106.5       Nebraska     602.0     194.4       Nevada     615.3     197.8       New Hampshire     335.4     100.5       New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2	28.1 26.1 29.8	411.7 744.3 340.2	26.2 23.0	325.2 568.1	20.7	391.4	
Michigan       3,239.6       844.8         Minnesota       1,675.3       499.6         Mississippi       1,208.5       408.9         Missouri       1,768.0       622.6         Montana       412.4       106.5         Nebraska       602.0       194.4         Nevada       615.3       197.8         New Hampshire       335.4       100.5         New Jersey       2,588.7       863.3         New Mexico       635.0       233.9         New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2	26.1 29.8	744.3 340.2	23.0	568.1			24.7
Minnesota     1,675.3     499.6       Mississippi     1,208.5     408.9       Missouri     1,768.0     622.6       Montana     412.4     106.5       Nebraska     602.0     194.4       Nevada     615.3     197.8       New Hampshire     335.4     100.5       New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2	29.8	340.2					33.4
Mississippi     1,208.5     408.9       Missouri     1,768.0     622.6       Montana     412.4     106.5       Nebraska     602.0     194.4       Nevada     615.3     197.8       New Hampshire     335.4     100.5       New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2				2170	13.0	1,082.5 617.7	36.9
Missouri       1,768.0       622.6         Montana       412.4       106.5         Nebraska       602.0       194.4         Nevada       615.3       197.8         New Hampshire       335.4       100.5         New Jersey       2,588.7       863.3         New Mexico       635.0       233.9         New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2		202.6	16.8	217.9 145.6	12.0	451.4	37.4
Montana       412.4       106.5         Nebraska       602.0       194.4         Nevada       615.3       197.8         New Hampshire       335.4       100.5         New Jersey       2,588.7       863.3         New Mexico       635.0       233.9         New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2	35.2	431.7	24.4	334.1	18.9	379.6	21.5
Nebraska       602.0       194.4         Nevada       615.3       197.8         New Hampshire       335.4       100.5         New Jersey       2,588.7       863.3         New Mexico       635.0       233.9         New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2	35.2 25.8	431.7 61.8	24.4 15.0	48.0	11.6	379.6 196.1	47.6
Nevada       615.3       197.8         New Hampshire       335.4       100.5         New Jersey       2,588.7       863.3         New Mexico       635.0       233.9         New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2	32.3	130.0	21.6	111.3	18.5	166.2	27.6
New Hampshire       335.4       100.5         New Jersey       2,588.7       863.3         New Mexico       635.0       233.9         New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2	32.3 32.1		21.0 19.9	97.1		198.0	32.2
New Jersey     2,588.7     863.3       New Mexico     635.0     233.9       New York     4,283.0     979.6       North Carolina     2,446.9     690.9       North Dakota     365.7     82.4       Ohio     4,323.4     969.2		122.4		56.2	15.8		28.9
New Mexico       635.0       233.9         New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2	30.0	81.9	24.4		16.8	96.9	
New York       4,283.0       979.6         North Carolina       2,446.9       690.9         North Dakota       365.7       82.4         Ohio       4,323.4       969.2	33.3	539.9	20.9	540.8	20.9	644.7	24.9
North Carolina         2,446.9         690.9           North Dakota         365.7         82.4           Ohio         4,323.4         969.2	36.8	93.2	14.7	105.6	16.6	202.4	31.9
North Dakota 365.7 82.4 Ohio 4,323.4 969.2	22.9	1,092.3	25.5	1,216.1	28.4	994.9	23.2
Ohio 4,323.4 969.2	28.2	562.7	23.0	439.5	18.0	753.7	30.8
,	22.5	54.2	14.8	42.6	11.6	186.4	51.0
Oklahoma 1 377 5 402 5	22.4	866.7	20.0	632.1	14.6	1,855.3	42.9
Criminiu 1,3/7.3 402.3	29.2	259.1	18.8	197.7	14.4	518.2	37.6
Oregon 1,109.2 328.2	29.6	238.4	21.5	190.5	17.2	352.1	31.7
Pennsylvania 3,715.5 983.9	26.5	858.6	23.1	582.6	15.7	1,290.4	34.7
Rhode Island 261.1 65.9	25.2	66.0	25.3	52.2	20.0	77.0	29.5
South Carolina 1,493.0 376.4	25.2	288.1	19.3	210.3	14.1	618.2	41.4
South Dakota 239.0 84.3	35.3	53.3	22.3	39.2	16.4	62.2	26.0
Tennessee 2,070.5 590.1	28.5	441.5	21.3	328.1	15.8	710.8	34.3
Texas 11,501.0 2,549.0	22.2	1,323.3	11.5	1,147.2	10.0	6,481.5	56.4
Utah 693.9 211.1	30.4	127.5	18.4	120.2	17.3	235.1	33.9
Vermont 165.0 53.2	32.2	42.6	25.8	29.4	17.8	39.9	24.2
Virginia 2,227.3 655.7	29.4	494.4	22.2	462.8	20.8	614.4	27.6
Washington 2,240.8 617.3	27.5	435.7	19.4	332.0	14.8	855.9	38.2
West Virginia 735.4 181.6	24.7	141.9	19.3	101.0	13.7	310.8	42.3
Wisconsin 1,810.5 431.8		375.8	20.8	285.4	15.8	717.4	39.6
Wyoming 421.8 119.8		35.9	8.5	42.1	10.0	224.0	53.1
United States 95,682.4 26,324.6	23.8 28.4			15,058.5	15.7	35,917.1	37.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. total energy and U.S. industrial sector include 57.7 trillion Btu of net imports of coal coke that is not allocated to the states. State and U.S. totals include 92.6 trillion Btu of net imports of electricity generated from nonrenewable energy sources.

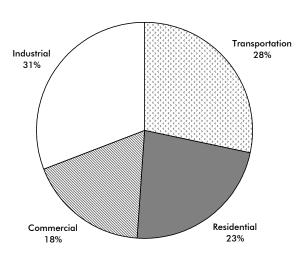
**KEY:** Btu = British thermal unit; Number = trillion Btu.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *State Energy Data Report 1999*, Washington, DC: May 2001, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/pub/state.data/pdf/sedr.pdf as of Feb. 21, 2002.

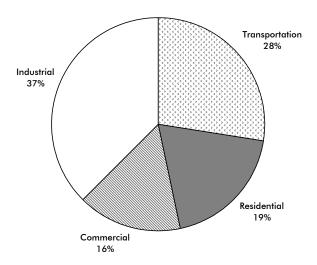
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> End-use sector data include electricity sales and associated electrical system energy losses.

Figure 7-1: Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector: 1999

## **North Carolina**



## **United States**



**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *State Energy Data Report 1999*, Washington, DC: May 2001, table 9, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/pub/state.data/pdf/sedr.pdf as of Feb. 21, 2002.

Trillion Btu ☐ Distillate fuel (diesel) ☐ Jet fuel ■ Motor gasoline 

Figure 7-2: North Carolina Transportation Energy Consumption

**KEY:** Btv = British thermal unit.

**SOURCE**: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data Report 1999, Washington, DC: May 2001, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/pub/state.data/pdf/sedr.pdf as of Feb. 21, 2002.

Table 7-3: Transportation Energy Consumption per Capita: 1999

		Petro	roleum All energy source		gy sources
	Population	Total	Per capita <sup>1</sup>	Total	Per capita <sup>1</sup>
State	(thousands)	(trillion Btu)	(million Btu)	(trillion Btu)	(million Btu)
Alabama	4,370	437.8	100.2	460.7	105.4
Alaska	620	193.5	312.1	198.0	319.4
Arizona	4,778	433.5	90.7	452.5	94.7
Arkansas	2,551	288.0	112.9	297.2	116.5
California	33,145	2,880.6	86.9	2,898.9	87.5
Colorado	4,056	357.4	88.1	365.9	90.2
Connecticut	3,282	234.2	71.4	234.9	71.6
Delaware	754	70.6	93.6	70.6	93.6
District of Columbia	519	24.5	47.2	26.5	51.1
Florida	15,111	1,338.1	88.6	1,345.8	89.1
Georgia	7,788	861.3	110.6	871.4	111.9
Hawaii	1,185	122.3	103.2	122.3	103.2
Idaho	1,252	121.0	96.6	125.7	100.4
Illinois	12,128	930.8	76.7	990.5	81.7
Indiana	5,943	630.6	106.1	645.4	108.6
Iowa	2,869	269.6	94.0	277.5	96.7
Kansas	2,654	256.2	96.5	287.8	108.4
Kentucky	3,961	427.0	107.8	444.2	112.1
Louisiana	4,372	754.9	172.7	804.9	184.1
Maine	1,253	113.2	90.3	113.2	90.3
Maryland	5,172	400.3	77.4	405.1	78.3
Massachusetts	6,175	435.7	70.6	440.8	71.4
Michigan	9,864	821.4	83.3	844.8	85.6
Minnesota	4,776	477.1	99.9	499.6	104.6
Mississippi	2,768	342.7	123.8	408.9	147.7
Missouri	5,468	615.6	112.6	622.6	113.9
Montana	883	100.4	113.7	106.5	120.6
Nebraska	1,666	191.5	114.9	194.4	116.7
Nevada	1,809	196.9	108.8	197.8	109.3
New Hampshire	1,201	100.5	83.7	100.5	83.7
New Jersey	8,143	857.6	105.3	863.3	106.0
New Mexico	1,740	186.5	107.2	233.9	134.4
New York	18,197	944.2	51.9	979.6	53.8
North Carolina	7,651	680.0	88.9	690.9	90.3
North Dakota	634	72.5	114.4	82.4	130.0
Ohio	11,257	950.2	84.4	969.2	86.1
Oklahoma	3,358	378.0	112.6	402.5	119.9
Oregon	3,316	317.0	95.6	328.2	99.0
Pennsylvania	11,994	942.6	78.6	983.9	82.0
Rhode Island	991	65.6	66.2	65.9	66.5
South Carolina	3,886	372.7	95.9	376.4	96.9
South Dakota	733	78.2	106.7	84.3	115.0
Tennessee	5,484	564.2	102.9	590.1	107.6
Texas	20,044	2,475.8	123.5	2,549.0	127.2
Utah	2,130	208.2	97.7	211.1	99.1
Vermont	594	53.2	89.6	53.2	89.6
Virginia	6,873	646.5	94.1	655.7	95.4
Washington	5,756	608.9	105.8	617.3	107.2
West Virginia	1,807	150.1	83.1	181.6	100.5
Wisconsin	5,250	427.6	81.4	431.8	82.2
Wyoming	480	105.3	219.4	119.8	249.6
United States	272,691	25,511.8	93.6	26,324.6	96.5
Cilica diales	2,2,0,1	20,011.0	,5.0	20,024.0	70.5

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}\text{Calculated}$  by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics.

**KEY:** Btv = British thermal unit.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, *State Energy Data Report* 1999, Washington, DC: May 2001, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/pub/state.data/pdf/sedr.pdf as of Feb. 21, 2002.

Table 7-4: North Carolina and U.S. Motor-Fuel Use: 2000<sup>1</sup> (Millions of gallons)

		Gaso	line		Specio	ıl fuel		
	Highw	ay use	Nonhigh	way use	(mainly diesel)		Total use	
-	North	United	North	United	North	United	North	United
Vehicle ownership	Carolina	States	Carolina	States	Carolina	States	Carolina	States
Private and commercial	3,978	126,735	88	2,876	1,021	33,377	5,087	162,988
Public use	89	2,149	3	96	N	N	92	2,245
Total	4,067	128,884	91	2,972	1,021	33,377	5,179	165,232

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on reports from state motor-fuel tax agencies. Gasohol is included with gasoline. Public use and nonhighway use were estimated by the Federal Highway Administration.

**KEY**: N = data do not exist.

**NOTE:** The term "motor fuel" applies to gasoline and all other fuels, including special fuels, coming under the purview of the state motor-fuel tax laws. "Special fuels" include diesel fuel and, to the extent they can be quantified, liquefied petroleum gases such as propane. Gasohol, a blend of gasoline and fuel alcohol, is included with gasoline.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics* 2000, Washington, DC: October 2001, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/hs00/pdf/mf21.pdf as of Apr. 20, 2002.

Table 7-5: North Carolina Air Quality Nonattainment Areas for Carbon Monoxide (CO)

County	Area	Nonattainment in year	Redesignation to attainment	Classification	Part or whole county	Population (2000)
Durham	Raleigh-Durham	95	9/18/95	Moderate <= 12.7ppm	Whole	223,314
Mecklenburg	Charlotte	95	9/18/95	Not classified	Whole	695,454
Wake	Raleigh-Durham	95	9/18/95	Moderate <= 12.7ppm	Whole	627,846

**KEY:** ppm = parts per million.

**NOTES:** Nonattainment areas do not meet the national primary or secondary ambient air quality standard for the specified pollutant. Nonattainment areas are classified based on design values: Serious = an area with a design value of 16.5 ppm and above; Moderate = an area with a design value of 9.1 up to 16.4 ppm.

SOURCE: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Green Book, available at http://www.epa.gov/oar/oaqps/greenbk/anay.html as of Apr. 20, 2002.

Table 7-6: North Carolina Air Quality Nonattainment Areas for Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>)

	Redesignation to			Part or whole	Population	
County	Area	Nonattainment in year	attainment	Classification	county	(2000)
Gaston	Charlotte-Gastonia	95	7/5/1995	Moderate	Whole	190,365
Mecklenburg	Charlotte-Gastonia	95	7/5/1995	Moderate	Whole	695,454

**NOTES:** Nonattainment areas do not meet the national primary or secondary ambient air quality standard (NAAQS) for the specified pollutant. Nonattainment areas are classified based on design values: Extreme = design value of 0.280 parts per million (ppm) and above; Severe-17 = design value of 0.190 up to 0.280 ppm and has 17 years to reach attainment; Severe-15 = design value of 0.180 up to 0.190 ppm and has 15 years to reach attainment; Serious = design value of 0.160 up to 0.180 ppm; Moderate = design value of 0.138 up to 0.160 ppm; Marginal = design value of 0.121 up to 0.138 ppm; Section 185A = an area designated as an ozone nonattainment area as of the date of enactment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 and has not violated the national primary ambient air quality standard for ozone for the 36-month period commencing on Jan. 1, 1987, and ending on Dec. 31, 1989.

SOURCE: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Green Book, available at http://www.epa.gov/oar/oaqps/greenbk/anay.html as of Apr. 20, 2002.

Table 7-7: Highway Noise Barriers: 1999

	Total length	Barrier cost
State	(meters)	(\$ 1998)
Alabama	0	0
Alaska	9,338	2,742,486
Arizona	48,593	15,130,670
Arkansas	1,989	653,497
California	777,160	487,177,331
Colorado	104,377	45,351,408
Connecticut	46,049	28,335,802
Delaware	1,262	242,013
District of Columbia	, 0	, 0
Florida	70,991	62,276,735
Georgia	33,530	20,247,589
Hawaii	3,103	1,743,452
Idaho	200	583,002
Illinois	97,803	70,985,221
Indiana	18,568	20,297,106
lowa	7,857	3,215,640
Kansas	2,103	2,082,034
Kentucky	8,249	5,306,199
Louisiana	12,077	5,974,212
Maine	561	292,861
Maryland	99,587	153,227,923
Massachusetts	10,250	5,259,055
Michigan	67,071	60,139,968
Minnesota	101,811	62,694,176
Mississippi	0	02,074,170
Missouri	6,113	4,179,360
Montana	0,113	4,177,300
Nebraska	5,060	4,026,138
Nevada	17,847	10,855,220
New Hampshire	6,392	5,785,519
New Jersey	142,055	210,429,029
New Mexico	21,196	9,306,885
New York	110,698	116,448,616
North Carolina		· · ·
	45,977	24,702,615
North Dakota	0	0
Ohio	138,197	68,064,386
Oklahoma	13,186	4,229,909
Oregon	72,552	30,075,899
Pennsylvania	83,526	88,259,488
Rhode Island	0	0
South Carolina	2,665	1,713,629
South Dakota	0	0
Tennessee	28,846	20,574,450
Texas	55,310	39,635,228
Utah	70,260	24,841,367
Vermont	1,004	356,344
Virginia <sup>1</sup>	153,313	143,003,313
Washington	74,812	32,296,683
West Virginia	408	170,529
Wisconsin	29,730	28,768,150
Wyoming	293	100,271
United States	2,611,953	1,931,107,534

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes 4,061 meters of federal barriers on the Dulles Access Highway.

**SOURCE:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Planning, Environment, and Real Estate, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/ab\_noise.htm as of Feb. 20, 2002.

# H Information on Data Sources

# Airline freight and passenger data

The U.S. Department of Transportation's (USDOT) Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) collects and compiles data on the volume of revenue passengers, freight, and mail traffic handled and reported by the nation's large certificated air carriers. These carriers hold Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPN) issued by the USDOT authorizing the performance of air transportation. Large certificated air carriers operate aircraft with seating capacity of more than 60 seats or a maximum payload capacity of more than 18,000 pounds or conduct international operations. Data for commuters, intrastate, nonscheduled air taxi operators, and foreign flag air carriers are not included in this BTS data.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information

Print source: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information. *Airport Activity Statistics*. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.bts.gov

# Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) provides data on the movement of freight by type of commodity shipped and by mode of transport. In 1997, 100,000 domestic establishments were randomly selected from a universe of approximately 800,000 engaged in mining, manufacturing, wholesale, warehouses of multi-establishment companies, and some selected activities in retail and service. The survey excluded establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most

establishments in retail. For the 1997 CFS, each selected establishment reported a sample of about 25 outbound shipments for a one-week period in each of four calendar quarters in 1997. This produced a total sample of over 5 million shipments. Due to industry-wide reporting problems, shipments by oil and gas extraction establishments were excluded from data tabulations.

For each sampled 1997 CFS shipment, zip code of origin and destination, 5-digit Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) code, weight, value, and modes of transport were provided. Information on whether the shipment was containerized, a hazardous material, or an export was also obtained. Route-distance for each mode, for each shipment, is imputed from a Mode-Distance Table developed by Oak Ridge National Laboratory. Distance was used to compute ton-mileage by mode of transport. The CFS provides nationwide geographic coverage in 89 National Transportation Analysis Regions, stratified by state and, for the 1997 CFS, metropolitan area.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Statistical Programs

Print source: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, [State]: 1997 Commodity Flow Survey. EC97TCF-[State], Washington, DC: 1999.

Internet: http://www.bts.gov/ntda/cfs/

# Commuting data

Commuting data are derived from the Census 2000 Supplementary Survey (C2SS). The C2SS used the questionnaire and methods developed for the American Community Survey to collect demographic, social,

#### **Data Sources**

economic, and housing data from a national sample of 700,000 households. Group quarters were not included in the sample. The C2SS was conducted in 1,203 counties with monthly samples of about 58,000 housing units. Economic, demographic, and housing characteristics from the Census 2000 Supplementary Survey are reported for the United States as a whole, the 50 states, and the District of Columbia.

The Census 2000 Supplementary Survey is not directly comparable with the 1990 Census for several reasons, one being that the former did not include group quarters. This may understate some categories such as walking.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau,

Demographic Surveys Division

Internet: http://www.census.gov

# Gas and hazardous liquid pipeline data

U.S. fatality and injury data for natural gas pipelines and hazardous liquid pipelines are based on reports filed with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Office of Pipeline Safety (OPS) under 49 CFR 191. Accidents must be reported as soon as possible, but no later than 30 days after discovery. Undetected releases are a possible source of error; even if subsequently detected and reported, it may not be possible to accurately reconstruct the accident. Property damage figures are estimates.

Gas pipeline incidents involve: 1) releases of gas from a pipeline or liquefied natural gas (LNG) or gas from an LNG facility that results in a) death or personal injury necessitating inpatient hospitalization, or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of \$50,000 or more; 2) an event that results in an emergency

shutdown of an LNG facility; or 3) an event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of 1) or 2).

For hazardous liquids pipelines, an accident report is required for each failure in a pipeline system in which there is a release of the hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide transported resulting in any of the following: 1) explosion or fire not intentionally set by the operator; 2) loss of 50 or more barrels (8 or more cubic meters) of hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide; 3) escape to the atmosphere of more than 5 barrels (0.8 cubic meters) a day of highly volatile liquids; 4) death of any person; 5) bodily harm to any person resulting in one or more of the following: a) loss of consciousness, b) an individual being carried from the scene, c) medical treatment, or d) disability which prevents the discharge of normal duties or the pursuit of normal activities beyond the day of the accident; or 6) estimated property damage, including cost of clean-up and recovery, value of lost product, and damage to the property of the operator or others, or both, exceeding \$50,000.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety

Internet: http://ops.dot.gov

# Government transportation revenue and expenditure data

The U.S. Department of Commerce (USDOC), U.S. Census Bureau conducts an Annual Survey of Government Finances. Alternatively, every five years, in years ending in a '2' or '7', a Census of Governments, including a finance portion, is conducted. The survey coverage includes all state and local governments in the United States. For both the

Census and annual survey, the finance detail data is equivalent, encompassing the entire range of government finance activities—revenue, expenditure, debt, and assets.

The data collection for the annual survey uses two methods: mail canvas and central collection from state sources. Data for local governments includes county, municipal, township, special district, and school district data. Data for state governments are compiled from state government audits, budgets, and other financial reports into the classification categories used for reporting by the Census Bureau.

Reporting of government finances by the Census Bureau involves presentation of data in terms of uniform categories. While often similar to, or identical to, the classification used by the state or local government, there could be instances in which a significant difference exists between the name of a state or local financial item and the final category to which it is assigned by the Census Bureau.

Like financial transactions are combined. The financial categories for revenue involve grouping of items by source. Revenue items of the same kind are merged. Financial transactions for expenditures are classified both by function and by object category. Debt items are classified by term (short- and long-term), as well as by type of debt and, to a limited extent, by purpose. Assets also are put into uniform categories, grouped by type of holding, with holdings for insurance trust systems grouped separately from general government.

The share of government sector financial totals contributed by a state government or by local governments differs materially from one state to another. Users can review the *Government Finance and Employment* 

Classification Manual for additional information regarding the financial categories. The financial amounts in the tables and files are statistical in nature and do not represent accounting statements or conditions.

The local government statistics are developed from a sample survey. Therefore, the local totals, as well as state and local aggregates, are considered estimated amounts subject to sampling error. State government finance data are not subject to sampling. Consequently, state-local aggregates for individual states are more reliable (on a relative standard error basis) than the local government estimates they include.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau,

Finance Branch

Print Sources: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau,

Federal Aid to States: 2000

Internet: http://www.census.gov

# Hazardous materials incidents data

Incidents resulting in certain unintentional releases of hazardous materials must be reported under 49 CFR 171.16. Each carrier must submit a report to the USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA) within 30 days of the incident, including information on the mode of transportation involved, results of the incident, and a narrative description of the accident. These reports are generally made available on RSPA's incident database within 90 days of receipt.

Fatalities and injuries are counted only if directly caused by a hazardous material. For example, a truck operator killed by impact forces during a motor vehicle crash would not be counted as a hazardous-material fatality.

#### **Data Sources**

RSPA contacts the submitting carrier by telephone to verify all reported fatalities.

Although RSPA acknowledges that there is some level of underreporting, it believes that the underreporting is mostly limited to small, nonserious incidents. The reporting requirements were extended to intrastate highway carriers on October 1, 1998, and the response rate from this new group is expected to increase over time. Property damage figures are estimates determined by the carrier prior to the 30-day reporting deadline, and are generally not subsequently updated. Property damage figures, therefore, may underestimate actual damages.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Planning and Analysis

Print source: USDOT, Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, *Hazmat Summary by State for Calendar Year 2000*. Washington, DC: 2001

Internet: http://hazmat.dot.gov

# Highway mileage, condition, and use, driver licenses, and highway vehicle reaistrations data

Data on roadway mileage, condition, and use are extracted from the Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS), which uses a stratified simple random sample of highway links (small sections of roadway) selected from state inventory files. The HPMS sample was designed as a fixed sample to minimize data collection costs, but adjustments to maintain representativeness are carried out periodically. The HPMS also consists of universe reporting (a complete census) for the Interstate and the National Highway System,

and tabular summary reporting of limited information.

Data are collected independently by the 50 states, Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs), and lower jurisdictions. Many of the geometric data items rarely change, such as number of lanes; others change frequently, such as traffic. The U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) provides guidelines for data collection in the HPMS *Field Manual*, which the states follow to varying extents depending on matters such as staff, resources, state perspective, uses of the data, and state/MPO/local needs for the data. State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) report HPMS data annually to the FHWA.

HPMS data are subject to sampling and nonsampling error. Nonsampling error is the major concern with these data. For some of the most variable and important data items, such as traffic, guidelines for measurement and data collection have been produced. States have the option of using the guidelines or using their own procedures. Many data items are difficult and costly to collect and are reported as estimates not based on direct measurement. The data are collected and reported by many entities and individuals within the responsible organizations. Most do a reasonably good job, but staff turnover, cost, equipment issues, etc., can create difficulties.

States provide vehicle registration data to the FHWA. Vehicle registration data are shown on a calendar-year basis. Efforts are made to exclude transfers, re-registrations, and any other factors that could result in duplication in the vehicle counts. Registration practices for commercial vehicles differ greatly among the states. Some states register a tractor-semitrailer combination as a single unit; others register the tractor and the semitrailer

separately. Some states register buses with trucks or automobiles, while many states do not report house and light utility trailers separately from commercial trailers or semitrailers. Some states do not require registration of car or light utility trailers. In some instances, FHWA has supplemented the data supplied by the states with information obtained from other sources.

States also provide driver licensing data to the FHWA. Although efforts are made to minimize license duplication, drivers who move from one state to another are sometimes counted in both states until the license from the previous state of residence expires. Problems with the data also arise from the fact that: 1) some individuals obtain their drivers licenses in states other than those of legal residence; 2) some individuals fraudulently obtain multiple licenses; 3) not all individuals who drive are licensed; and 4) the purging of expired licenses or licenses from deceased individuals is not performed on a continual basis.

## **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Highway Policy Information

Print source: USDOT, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics*. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/index.html

## Highway safety data

Fatalities: Highway fatality data are extracted from the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS), which is compiled by the U.S.

Department of Transportation (USDOT), National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA). Data are gathered from a census of police accident reports (PARs), state vehicle registration files, state drivers licensing files, state highway department data, vital statistics, death certificates, coroner/medical examiner reports, hospital medical reports, and emergency medical service reports. A separate form is completed for each fatal crash. Blood alcohol concentration (BAC) is estimated when not known. Statistical procedures used for unknown data in FARS can be found in the NHTSA report, A Method for Estimating Posterior BAC Distributions for Persons Involved in Fatal Traffic Accidents, DOT HS 807 094 (Washington, DC: July 1986).

Data are collected from relevant state agencies and electronically submitted for inclusion in the FARs database on a continuous basis. Cross-verification of PARs with death certificates helps prevent undercounting. Moreover, when data are entered, they are checked automatically for acceptable range values and consistency, enabling quick corrections when necessary. Several programs continually monitor the data for completeness and accuracy. Periodically, sample cases are analyzed for accuracy and consistency.

FARS data do not include motor vehicle fatalities on nonpublic roads. These are thought to account for about 2 percent or fewer of the total motor vehicle fatalities per year.

Injuries and crashes: NHTSA's General Estimates System (GES) data are a nationally representative sample of police-reported crashes that contributed to an injury or fatality or resulted in property damage and involved at least one motor vehicle traveling on a trafficway. GES data collectors randomly

#### **Data Sources**

sample PARs and forward copies to a central contractor for coding into a standard GES system format. Documents such as police diagrams or supporting text provided by the officers might be further reviewed to complete a data entry. A NHTSA study of injuries from motor vehicle crashes estimated the total count of nonfatal injuries at over 5 million compared with the GES's estimate of 3.2 million in 1998.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, National Center for Statistics and Analysis

Print source: USDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Traffic Safety Facts*. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov

#### International visitors data

Data on international visitors to the United States are based on international arrivals by air to the United States (excluding those from Canada and Mexico). Information is derived from the Immigration and Naturalization Service's (INS) Visitor Arrivals Program (I-94) and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Tourism Industries Office's Survey of International Air Travelers. The survey obtains data on overseas travel patterns, characteristics, and spending patterns of international travelers to and from the United States. Between 69.000 and 95.000 travelers are surveyed each year. The survey results are weighted so they represent the international travel populations of U.S. residents and nonresidents based upon Immigration and Naturalization Service data.

#### Additional information:

Contact: U.S. Department of Commerce (USDOC), International Trade Administration, Tourism Industries Office

Print source: USDOC, International Trade Administration, Tourism Industries Office, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territories. Washington, DC: Annual issues; and USDOC, International Trade Administration, Tourism Industries Office, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. Cities/Hawaiian Islands. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/

# Passenger border crossing data

U.S. Custom Service personnel collect passenger border-crossing entry data for all U.S. land, air, and maritime ports. These numbers reflect all entries, and it is not possible to divide these data into separate entries for same-day and overnight travel or by country of residence for the traveler. Additionally, for border-crossing figures, the total number of people is not the number of unique individuals, but rather indicates the number of border crossings. Multiple crossings by the same individual count as multiple border crossings.

#### Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Transportation Analysis

Internet: http://www.bts.gov

# Railroad industry and shipments data

The Association of American Railroads (AAR) database aggregates data from several sources concerning the freight railroad industry and movement of freight, both nationally and statewide. The state-specific

data include commerce, employment, and financial contributions.

The primary source of data for Class I railroads is Schedule 700 of the R-1 Annual Report to the Surface Transportation Board (STB) by individual carriers (100 percent reporting) and the 2000 Carload Waybill Sample. The primary source of data for non-Class I railroads is AAR's Profiles of U.S. Railroads from statistics supplied annually by nearly all operating U.S. freight railroads. Some of the data are estimated based on more aggregated, national figures.

The STB defines Class I railroads as having operating revenues at or above a threshold indexed to a base of \$250 million (1991) and adjusted annually in concert with changes in the Railroad Freight Rate Index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Declassification from Class I status occurs when a railroad falls below the applicable threshold for three consecutive years.

Although few in number, Class I railroads account for over 90 percent of the industry's revenue.

The AAR determines the number of non-Class I railroads through an annual survey sent to each U.S. freight railroad.

Historical reliability may vary due to changes in the railroad industry, including bankruptcies, mergers, and declassification by the STB. Small data errors may also have occurred because of independent rounding in this series by the AAR.

### **Additional information:**

Contact: Association of American Railroads, Policy and Economics Department

Internet: http://www.aar.org

## Railroad safety data

Railroads are required to file a report for each accident or incident to the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA). These include: 1) train accidents, reported on Form F 6180.54, comprised of collisions, derailments, and other events involving the operation of on-track equipment and causing reportable damage above an established threshold (\$6,600 in 1998); 2) highway-rail grade crossing incidents, reported on Form F 6180.57, involving impact between railroad on-track equipment and highway users at crossings; and 3) other incidents, reported on Form F 6180.55a, involving all other reportable incidents or exposures that cause a fatality or injury to any person or an occupational illness to a railroad employee.

Railroads are required by FRA regulations to use the current *FRA Guide for Preparing Accident/Incident Reports* when preparing reports.

The Systems Support Division of FRA maintains the Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS), consisting of four databases: rail equipment, injury/illness, grade-crossing accidents, and railroad summary (freight and passenger). These databases include information on all railroad accidents, grade-crossing accidents, railroad employee casualties, and any other injuries on railroad property, and provide the basis for accident analyses and assessment as well as annual reports. The databases are updated monthly from information submitted by the railroads.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety

#### **Data Sources**

Print publication: USDOT, Federal Railroad Administration, *Railroad Safety Statistics*. Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.fra.dot.gov

# Recreational boating safety and vehicles data

The U.S. Coast Guard, of the U.S. Department of Transportation, collects data on recreational boating accidents from two sources: 1)
Boating Accident Report (BAR) data forwarded to the Coast Guard by jurisdictions with an approved boat numbering and casualty reporting system, and 2) reports of Coast Guard investigations of fatal boating accidents that occurred on waters under federal jurisdiction. Recreational Boating Accident Investigation data are used if submitted to the Coast Guard and are relied on as much as possible to provide accident statistics. In the absence of investigations, information is collected from reports filed by boat operators.

Boat operators are required to file a BAR if an accident results in 1) loss of life, 2) personal injury that requires medical treatment beyond first aid, 3) damage to the vessel and other property exceeding \$500, or 4) complete loss of the vessel.

Boat operators are required to report their accidents to authorities in the state where the accident occurred. States with approved boat numbering systems furnish the Coast Guard with BAR data. The minimum reporting requirements are set by federal regulation, but states are allowed to have stricter requirements. The Coast Guard reports recreational boating safety data in the report *Boating Statistics*, which only covers accidents meeting the federal minimum reporting requirements.

The statistics in *Boating Statistics* cover boating accidents reported on waters of joint federal and state jurisdiction, and exclusive state jurisdiction.

The Coast Guard believes over 90 percent of fatal accidents are included in *Boating* Statistics. A smaller percentage of nonfatal accidents are reported because of reporting thresholds, ignorance of the law, and difficulties enforcing the law. Federal law does not require the reporting of accidents on private waters where states have no jurisdiction. Reports of accidents on such waters are included when received by the Coast Guard if they satisfy the other requirements of inclusion. Accidents excluded are those in which the boat was used as a platform for other activities (e.g., swimming), and those in which a person dies of natural causes aboard a boat. However, the data do include accidents involving people in the water who are struck by their boat or another boat.

#### Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Boating Safety

Print source: USDOT, U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Boating Safety, *Boating Statistics*, Washington, DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.uscgboating.org

# Transborder surface freight data

The Transborder Surface Freight Dataset is extracted from the Census Foreign Trade Statistics Program and made available by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics. Import and export data are extracted from administrative records required by the Departments of Commerce and Treasury. This dataset incorporates all shipments entering or exiting the United States by surface modes of

transport (that is, other than air or maritime vessel) to and from Canada or Mexico. Prior to January 1997, this dataset also included transhipments in its detailed tables, that is, shipments entering or exiting the United States by way of U.S. Customs ports on the northern or southern borders, even when the actual origin or final destination of the goods was other than Canada or Mexico. Shipments that neither originate nor terminate in the United States (i.e., intransit shipments) are beyond the scope of this dataset because they are not considered U.S. international trade shipments.

Users should be aware that the trade data fields (such as value and commodity classification) are typically more rigorously reviewed than transportation data fields (i.e., mode of transportation and port of entry/exit). Users should also be aware that the use of foreign trade data to describe physical transportation flows might not be direct. For example, this dataset provides surface transportation information for individual Customs districts and ports on the northern and southern borders. However, because of filing procedures for trade documents, these ports may or may not reflect where goods physically crossed the border. This is because the filer of information may choose to file trade documents at one port, while shipments actually enter or exit at another port.

Import data are generally more accurate than export data. This is primarily due to the fact that Customs uses import documents for enforcement purposes, while it performs no similar function for exports.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Transportation Analysis

Internet: http://www.bts.gov

# Transit operating, financial, and safety data

Transit data are from the National Transit
Database (NTD) produced by the USDOT,
Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Data
are collected from transit agencies that receive
Urbanized Area Formula Program funds.
Transit operators that do not report to FTA are
those that do not receive federal funding,
typically private, small, and rural operators.
FTA reviews and validates information
submitted by individual transit agencies.
Reliability may vary because some transit
agencies cannot obtain accurate information or
may interpret certain data definitions
differently than intended.

In 2000, 592 agencies reported to the NTD. Of that total, 67 transit agencies received exemptions from detailed reporting because they operated 9 or fewer vehicles, and 7 were excluded because their data were incomplete. Thus, 518 individual reporters were included in the NTD accounting for 90 to 95 percent of transit passenger-miles.

Data are collected on a range of variables including capital and operating funding, transit service supplied and consumed, and transit safety and security. Transit operators must report fatalities, injuries, accidents, incidents, and property damage in excess of \$1,000.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Federal Transit

Administration

Print source: USDOT, Federal Transit Administration, *Data Tables*. Washington, DC: Annual issues; and USDOT, Federal Transit Administration, *National Transit Database Reporting Manual*. Washington,

DC: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.fta.dot.gov

#### **Data Sources**

# Transportation establishment, employees, and payroll data

Data on employees, establishments, and payroll are taken from County Business Patterns, a database of employment in the United States using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Data are collected annually. Data are extracted from the Business Register, the Census Bureau's file of all known single and multiestablishment companies. The Annual Company Organization Survey and quinquennial Economic Censuses provide individual establishment data for multilocation firms. Data for single-location firms are obtained from various programs conducted by the Census Bureau, such as the Economic Censuses, the Annual Survey of Manufactures, and Current Business Surveys. They are also obtained from administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), the Social Security Administration (SSA), and the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, Economic Planning and Coordination Division

Print source: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, [State]: County Business Patterns 1999. CBP/99-6. Washington, DC: 2001.

Internet: http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html

# Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey

The Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey (VIUS) collects data on the physical and operational characteristics of private and commercial trucks in the United States. The 1997 VIUS sampled about 131,000 trucks from an estimated universe of over 75 million trucks. The sample excludes vehicles owned

by federal, state, and local government including ambulances, buses, motor homes, farm tractors, unpowered trailer units, and trucks reported to have been sold, junked, or wrecked prior to July 1, 1996. Light trucks registered as cars, as is the practice in many states, were included. Unregistered trucks used off-road are not included. Census delivered a mail-out/mail-back survey to the owner identified in the vehicle registration records. Data collection is staggered as state records become available. Owners report data only for the vehicles selected. The response rate for the 1997 VIUS was about 85 percent.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, Service Sector Statistics Division

Print source: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, [State]: 1997 Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey. EC97TV-[State]. Washington, DC: 1999.

Internet: http://www.census.gov/svsd/www/tiusview.html

# Waterborne imports and vessel data

The U.S. Department of Transportation's Maritime Administration (MARAD) classifies merchant-based vessels by size and type and reports this information in its annual publication, *Merchant Fleets of the World*. MARAD compiles these figures from a data service provided by Lloyd's Maritime Information Service. The parent company, Lloyd's Register (LR), collects data from several sources, including its offices around the world, data transfers and agreements with other classification societies, questionnaires to ship owners and shipbuilders, feedback from government agencies, and input from port agents.

MARAD's Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis maintains the waterborne databank used to compile the annual import and export statistics from monthly and quarterly data provided by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. MARAD publishes the data in reports of vessel movements, trade and cargo by type of service, U.S. and foreign port, country of origin/destination, commodity, value, weight, and containerized cargo.

MARAD distributes the reports and performs special tabulations and customized maritime data reports created for other government agencies and the private sector on a reimbursable basis. MARAD also provides these services for historic data and maintains the Schedule K Classification of Foreign Ports by Geographic Trade Area and Country.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: USDOT, Maritime Administration, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis

Print source: USDOT, Maritime Administration, *Merchant Fleets of the World*.

Internet: http://www.marad.dot.gov

### Waterborne shipments data

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) Navigation Data Center (NDC) collects data on waterborne commodity and vessel movements, domestic commercial vessel characteristics, port and waterway facilities, and navigation dredging projects.

The NDC's databases contain information on physical characteristics, infrastructure, and commodities for principal facilities on the U.S. coast, Great Lakes, and inland ports. The data consists of listings of port area's waterfront facilities, including information on berthing, cranes, transit sheds, grain elevators, marine repair plants, fleeting areas, and docking and storage facilities.

All vessel operators of record report their domestic waterborne traffic movements to the Corps via ENG Forms 3925 and 3925b. Cargo movements are reported according to points of loading and unloading. Excluded cargo movements are: 1) cargo carried on general ferries, 2) coal and petroleum products loaded from shore facilities directly into vessels for fuel use, 3) military cargo moved in U.S. Department of Defense vessels, and 4) cargo weighing less than 100 tons moved on government equipment. The Corps calculates ton-miles by multiplying the cargo's tonnage by the distance between points of loading and unloading.

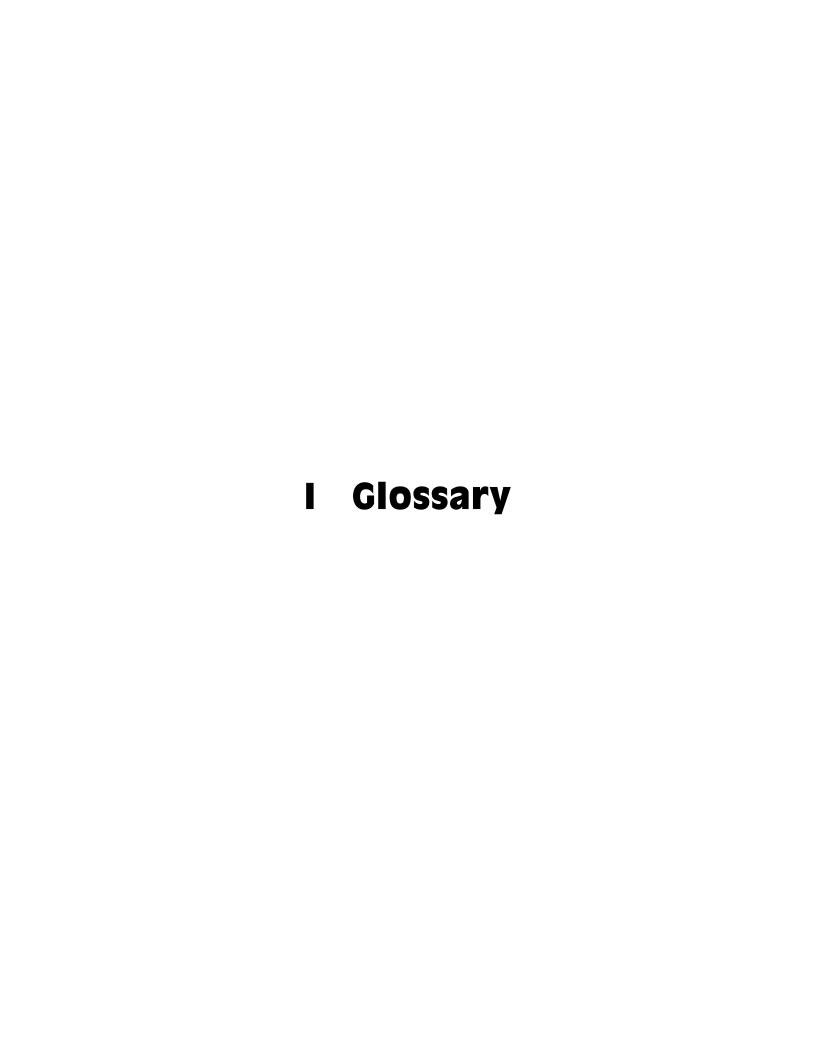
An annual survey of companies that operate inland waterway vessels is the principal source of data for inland non self-propelled vessels, self-propelled vessels, and flag passenger and cargo vessels. More than 3,000 surveys are sent to these companies, and response rates are typically above 90 percent.

#### **Additional information:**

Contact: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center

Print source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, *Waterborne Commerce of the United States*. New Orleans, LA: Annual issues.

Internet: http://www.wrsc.usace.army.mil



**British thermal unit (Btu)**: The amount of energy required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water 1 degree Fahrenheit (F) at or near 39.2 degrees F and 1 atmosphere of pressure.

Certificated airport: An airport holding an operating certificate issued by the Federal Aviation Administration in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 139 allowing it to serve scheduled or unscheduled air carrier aircraft designed for more than 30 passengers.

**Commuter rail:** Urban passenger train service for short-distance travel between a central city and adjacent suburb. Does not include rapid rail transit or light rail transit service.

**Container:** A box-like device used to store, protect, and handle a number of packages or items as a unit of transit that can be interchanged between trucks, trains, and ships without rehandling the contents.

**Controlled right-of-way**: Lanes restricted for at least a portion of the day for use by transit vehicles and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs).

**Demand responsive:** Transit service provided without a fixed route and without a fixed schedule that operates in response to calls from passengers or their agents to the transit operator or dispatcher. Service is usually provided using cars, vans, or buses with fewer than 25 seats.

**Directional route-miles:** The mileage in each direction over which public transportation vehicles travel while in revenue service. Directional route-miles are a measure of the facility or roadway, not the service carried on the facility such as the number of routes or vehicle-miles.

Directional route-miles are computed with regard to direction of service, but without regard to the number of traffic lanes or rail tracks existing in the right-of-way.

**Dry-bulk carrier (water):** A ship with specialized holds for carrying dry cargo such as coal, grain, and iron ore in unpackaged bulk form.

**Enplanements:** The total number of revenue passengers boarding aircraft.

**Exclusive right-of-way:** Lanes reserved at all times for transit use and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs).

Ferryboat (transit): Vessels that carry passengers and/or vehicles over a body of water. Generally steam or diesel-powered, ferryboats may also be hovercraft, hydrofoil, and other high-speed vessels. The vessel is limited in its use to the carriage of deck passengers or vehicles or both, operates on a short run on a frequent schedule between two points over the most direct water routes other than in ocean or coastwise service, and is offered as a public service of a type normally attributed to a bridge or tunnel.

**Full container ship:** Ships equipped with permanent container cells, with little or no space for other types of cargo.

Heavy rail: An electric railway with the capacity to transport a heavy volume of passenger traffic and characterized by exclusive rights-of-way, multi-car trains, high speed, rapid acceleration, sophisticated signaling, and high-platform loading. Also known as "subway," "elevated (railway)," or metropolitan railway (metro)."

**Light rail:** A streetcar-type vehicle operated on city streets, semi-exclusive rights-of-way, or exclusive rights-of-way.

## Glossary

Service may be provided by step-entry vehicles or by level boarding.

**Major arterial highway:** A major highway used primarily for through traffic.

**Metric ton:** 2,205 pounds (2,000 pounds divided by 0.907).

Minor arterial: In rural areas, roads linking cities and larger towns. In urban areas, roads distributing trips to small geographic area but not penetrating identifiable neighborhoods.

Minor collector highway: In rural areas, routes that serve intracounty rather than statewide travel. In urban areas, streets that provide direct access to neighborhoods and arterials.

**Mixed right-of-way**: Lanes used for general automobile traffic.

**Motor bus:** A rubber-tired, self-propelled, manually steered bus with fuel supply onboard the vehicle. Motor bus types include intercity, school, and transit.

Natural gas distribution pipeline: Smaller than transmission pipelines and maintained by companies that distribute natural gas locally (intrastate). Distribution pipeline systems are analogous to networks of lesser roads and residential streets that people travel after getting off the freeway.

## Natural gas transmission pipeline:

Analogous to a major freeway, it is the main interstate transportation route for moving large amounts of natural gas from the source of production to points of distribution. Transmission pipelines are designed to move large amounts of natural gas from areas where the gas is extracted and stored

to the local distribution companies that provide natural gas to homes and businesses.

**Principal arterial highway:** Major streets or highways, many of multilane or freeway design, serving high-volume traffic corridor movements that connect major generators of travel.

**Short ton:** 2,000 pounds.

**Tanker:** An oceangoing ship designed to haul liquid bulk cargo in world trade.

**Ton-mile:** The movement of one ton of cargo the distance of one statute mile.

**Trackage rights:** The authority of one railroad to use the tracks of another railroad for a fee.

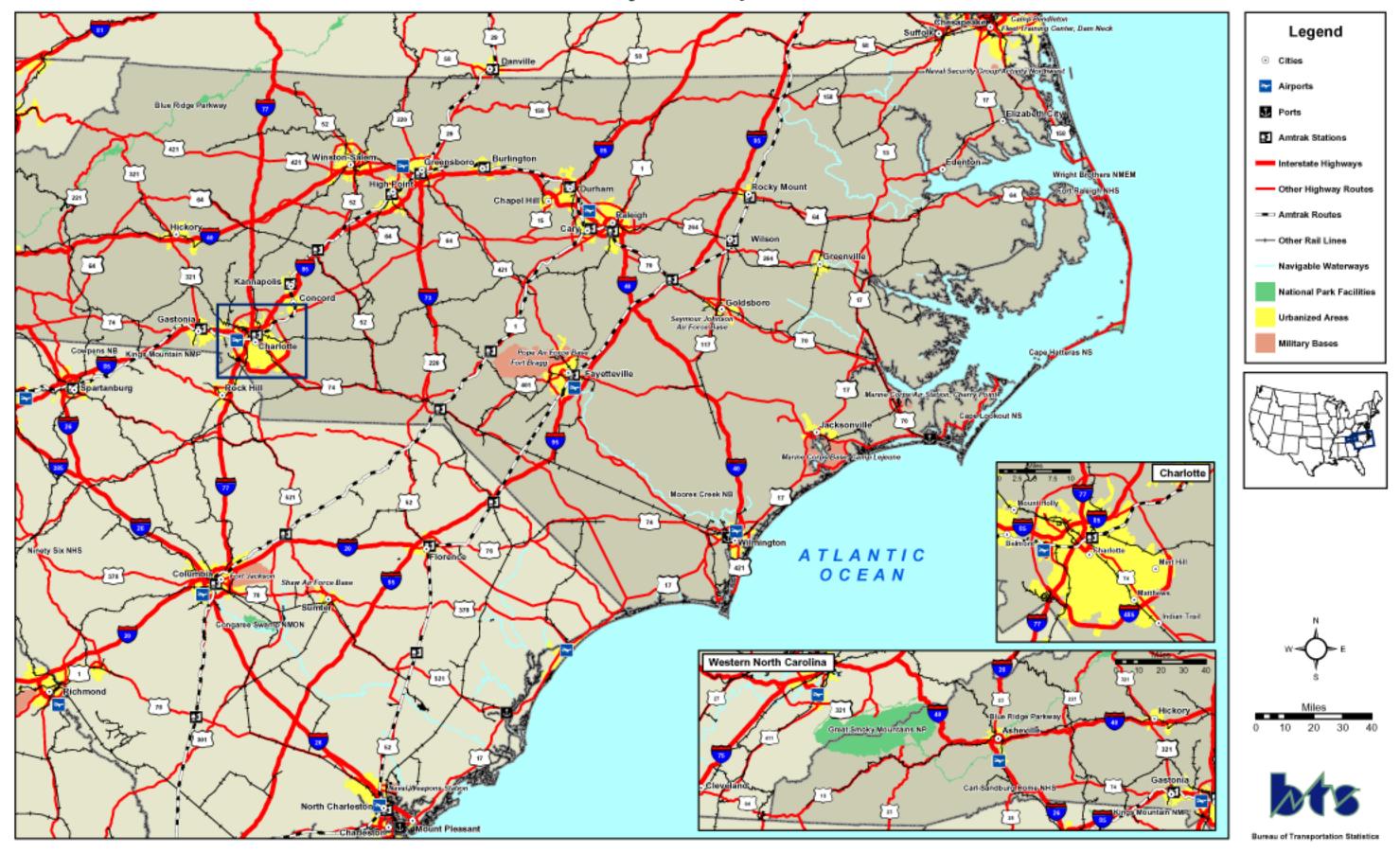
**Trolley bus:** Rubber-tired, electric transit vehicle, manually steered and propelled by a motor drawing current, normally through overhead wires, from a central power source.

**Unlinked passenger trips:** The number of passengers who board public transportation vehicles. A passenger is counted each time he or she boards a vehicle even if on the same journey from origin to destination.

**Vanpool:** Public-sponsored commuter service operating under prearranged schedules for previously formed groups of riders in 8- to 18-seat vehicles. Drivers are also commuters who receive little or no compensation besides the free ride.

Vehicle-miles traveled (highway): Miles of travel by all types of motor vehicles as determined by the states on the basis of actual traffic counts and established estimating procedures.

# North Carolina: Major Transportation Facilities



Notes: Data in this map are derived from federal data sources, primarily the U.S. Department of Transportation or other facilities. Airports depicted are those reporting 100,000 or more emplanements in 2000. Pipelines and transit facilities are not shown.

