## STATE TRANSPORTATION STATISTICS <br> 2007


U.S. Department of Transportation

Research and Innovative Technology Administration
Bureau of Transportation Statistics

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## State Transportation Statistics 2007

The Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS), a part of DOT's Research and Innovative Technology Administration (RITA), presents State Transportation Statistics 2007, a statistical profile of transportation in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. This is the fifth annual edition of the State Transportation Statistics, and a companion document to the National Transportation Statistics (NTS), which is updated quarterly on the BTS website.

Like the previous editions, this document presents transportation information from RITA/ BTS, other federal government agencies, and other national sources. A picture of the states’ transportation infrastructure, freight movement and passenger travel, system safety, vehicles, transportation related economy and finance, and energy useage and the environment is presented in tables covering the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Tables have been updated with the most recent data available.

Included in this State Transportation Statistics 2007 report is a brief description of the data sources used and a glossary of terms. Also contained in this publication is a summary table that displays the approximate timing of future data releases and contact information for each state's department of transportation.

## United States Fast Facts

Data for 2006 unless otherwise noted.

## Transportation System Extent

All public roads: 4.02 million miles
Interstate: 46,630 miles
Road bridges: 599,766¹
Class I railroad trackage: 94,801 miles
Inland waterways: 29,627 miles $^{1}$
Public use airports: 5,233 (604 certificated for air carrier operations)

## Vehicles and Conveyances

Automobiles registered: 135.4 million
Light trucks registered: 99.1 million
Heavy trucks registered: 8.8 million
Buses registered: 0.8 million
Motorcycles registered: 6.7 million
Rail transit systems ${ }^{2}$ : 22 commuter rail, 15 heavy rail (subway), 29 light rail
Recreational boats registered: 12.7 million

## Geographic

Land area: 3.5 million sq. miles ${ }^{3}$
Percent of land area owned by federal government: $28.8^{4}$
Persons per square mile: 84.6
Highest point: Mt. McKinley, AK (20,320 ft.)
Lowest point: Death Valley, CA (-282 ft.)

## Government Subdivisions

County governments: 3,0345
Municipal governments: 19,429 ${ }^{5}$
Town governments: 16,5045
Congressional districts: 435

## ${ }^{1} 2007$ <br> ${ }^{2} 2005$ <br> ${ }^{3} 2000$ <br> ${ }^{4} 2004$ <br> ${ }^{5} 2002$

## Demographic

Population: 299.4 million
Percent urban population: $79^{3}$

## Socioeconomic

Gross domestic product: \$13.2 trillion ( $\$ 13.8$ trillion ${ }^{1}$ )
Civilian labor force: 151.4 million (153.1 million ${ }^{1}$ )

Median household income: \$48,451

## Commuting (percentage of workers)

Car, truck, or van—drove alone: 76.0
Car, truck, or van—carpooled: 10.7
Public transportation: 4.8
Walked: 2.9
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycled or other means: 1.7
Worked at home: 3.9

## U.S. Department of Transportation

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[^0]Class I railroad trackage: Association of American Railroads, Railroad Facts, Washington, DC: annual issues; Inland waterways: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Navigation Data Center, National Waterway Network, January 2008;
Public use airports: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Administrator's Fact Book, Washington, DC: 2007, p.16., available at http://www. faa.gov/about/office_org/headquarters_offices/aba/ admin_factbook/ as of Feb. 26, 2008.

## Vehicles and Conveyances

Automobiles, light trucks, heavy trucks, buses, motorcycles:
U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, tables MV-1 and VM-1;
Rail transit systems: American Public Transportation Association, 2007 Public Transportation Fact Book, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.apta. $\mathrm{com} /$ research/stats/factbook/index.cfm as of Feb. 26, 2008;
Recreational boats: U.S. Department of Homeland Security,
U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics, 2006, Washington,

DC: 2007, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/
statistics/Boating_Statistics_2006.pdf as of Feb. 26, 2008.

## Geographic

U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States 2008, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www. census.gov/compendia/statab/ as of Feb. 26, 2008. Government Subdivisions: Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States 2008, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/ as of Feb. 26, 2008.

## Demographic

Population, Percent urban population: U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States 2008, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www.census.gov/ compendia/statab/ as of Feb. 26, 2008.

## Socioeconomic

Gross domestic product: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Current-Dollar and "Real" Gross Domestic Product, available at http://www.bea.gov/ national/xls/gdplev.xls as of March 10, 2008;
Civilian labor force: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, available at $\mathrm{ftp}: / / \mathrm{ftp}$.bls.gov/pub/ suppl/empsit.cpseeal.txt as of Feb. 28, 2008;
Median household income: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 American Community Survey, United States Fact Sheet, available at http://factfinder.census.gov as of Feb. 26, 2008.

## Commuting

U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey, United States, Commuting Characteristics by Sex, available at http://factfinder.census.gov as of Feb. 26, 2008.

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Section A **

## Infrastructure

Table 1-1: Public Road Length, Miles by Functional System: 2006

| State | Interstate | Other principal and minor arterials ${ }^{1}$ | Major and minor collectors | Local | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 908 | 9,269 | 20,530 | 65,814 | 96,521 |
| Alaska | 1,081 | 1,516 | 2,829 | 9,361 | 14,787 |
| Arizona | 1,169 | 5,887 | 8,121 | 45,199 | 60,376 |
| Arkansas | 655 | 6,978 | 20,325 | 71,047 | 99,005 |
| California | 2,460 | 28,500 | 31,992 | 107,338 | 170,290 |
| Colorado | 954 | 9,243 | 16,253 | 61,571 | 88,021 |
| Connecticut | 346 | 2,995 | 3,200 | 14,708 | 21,249 |
| Delaware | 41 | 668 | 1,052 | 4,418 | 6,179 |
| District of Columbia | 13 | 286 | 156 | 1,045 | 1,500 |
| Florida | 1,471 | 13,438 | 14,287 | 92,799 | 121,995 |
| Georgia | 1,244 | 14,127 | 22,651 | 80,177 | 118,199 |
| Hawaii | 55 | 787 | 829 | 2,659 | 4,330 |
| Idaho | 612 | 4,041 | 10,311 | 32,141 | 47,105 |
| Illinois | 2,169 | 14,589 | 21,724 | 100,515 | 138,997 |
| Indiana ${ }^{2}$ | 1,169 | 8,100 | 22,684 | 64,297 | 96,250 |
| Iowa | 781 | 9,710 | 31,548 | 72,045 | 114,084 |
| Kansas | 874 | 9,706 | 33,524 | 96,277 | 140,381 |
| Kentucky | 762 | 5,931 | 16,084 | 55,454 | 78,231 |
| Louisiana | 903 | 5,587 | 10,048 | 44,387 | 60,925 |
| Maine | 367 | 2,193 | 5,985 | 14,238 | 22,783 |
| Maryland | 481 | 4,077 | 5,044 | 21,497 | 31,099 |
| Massachusetts | 573 | 6,488 | 4,826 | 24,051 | 35,938 |
| Michigan | 1,241 | 14,916 | 24,503 | 81,062 | 121,722 |
| Minnesota ${ }^{3}$ | 913 | 13,653 | 29,759 | 87,984 | 132,309 |
| Mississippi | 685 | 7,500 | 15,488 | 50,735 | 74,408 |
| Missouri | 1,181 | 10,538 | 24,903 | 90,583 | 127,205 |
| Montana | 1,192 | 6,037 | 16,221 | 49,698 | 73,148 |
| Nebraska | 482 | 8,097 | 20,730 | 64,070 | 93,379 |
| Nevada | 571 | 3,150 | 4,994 | 24,988 | 33,703 |
| New Hampshire | 225 | 1,590 | 2,754 | 11,078 | 15,647 |
| New Jersey | 431 | 6,164 | 4,150 | 27,816 | 38,561 |
| New Mexico | 1,000 | 5,106 | 8,511 | 49,179 | 63,796 |
| New York | 1,697 | 14,612 | 20,664 | 76,644 | 113,617 |
| North Carolina | 1,082 | 9,960 | 17,467 | 74,991 | 103,500 |
| North Dakota | 571 | 5,912 | 11,778 | 68,578 | 86,839 |
| Ohio | 1,574 | 11,399 | 22,589 | 89,545 | 125,107 |
| Oklahoma | 933 | 8,386 | 25,260 | 78,506 | 113,085 |
| Oregon | 728 | 7,077 | 17,614 | 38,939 | 64,358 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,758 | 13,819 | 19,791 | 85,924 | 121,292 |
| Rhode Island | 71 | 918 | 884 | 4,655 | 6,528 |
| South Carolina | 843 | 7,276 | 15,081 | 43,042 | 66,242 |
| South Dakota | 679 | 6,401 | 19,127 | 58,022 | 84,229 |
| Tennessee | 1,104 | 9,195 | 17,851 | 63,266 | 91,416 |
| Texas | 3,233 | 30,069 | 63,477 | 208,491 | 305,270 |
| Utah | 936 | 3,477 | 7,737 | 31,619 | 43,769 |
| Vermont | 320 | 1,322 | 3,131 | 9,633 | 14,406 |
| Virginia | 1,117 | 8,556 | 14,090 | 48,568 | 72,331 |
| Washington | 764 | 8,024 | 16,680 | 57,788 | 83,256 |
| West Virginia | 555 | 3,330 | 8,730 | 24,439 | 37,054 |
| Wisconsin | 743 | 12,683 | 21,677 | 79,382 | 114,485 |
| Wyoming | 913 | 3,593 | 11,147 | 12,181 | 27,834 |
| United States, total | 46,630 | 406,876 | 790,791 | 2,772,444 | 4,016,741 |
| U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) | 46,895 | 408,629 | 792,516 | 2,784,971 | 4,033,011 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Includes other freeways and expressways. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ Excludes 788 miles of Federal agency owned roads. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{3}$ Includes 274 miles of miscoded non-Interstate functional system length or rural/urban categorization or both. |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: The difference in total miles between tables 1-1 and 1-2 results from the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) expansion of sample data to derive estimates of road length by different variables. FHWA considers the length totals in this table to be the control totals should a single value be required. |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, Table HM-20. |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1-2: Public Road Length, Miles by Ownership: 2006

|  |  |  |  | Town, |  | Other |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | State highway |  | Federal | Township, | Otal <br> State | agency |

${ }^{1}$ Includes state park, state toll, other state agency, other local agency, and roadways not identified by ownership.
${ }^{2}$ Roadways in federal parks, forests, and reservations that are not part of the state and local highway systems.
${ }^{3}$ Excludes 788 miles of Federal agency owned roads.
${ }^{4}$ Includes 274 miles of miscoded non-Interstate functional system length or rural/urban categorization or both.
NOTE: The difference in total miles between tables 1-1 and 1-2 results from the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) expansion of sample data to derive estimates of road length by different variables. FHWA considers the length totals in table 1-1 to be the control totals should a single value be required.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, table HM-10.

Table 1-3: Toll Roads, Toll Bridges and Tunnels, and Toll Ferry Routes: 2006

| State | Toll road mileage ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number of } \\ \text { toll bridges }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Number of } \\ \text { toll tunnels }{ }^{2} \end{array}$ | toll ferry routes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 0.7 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
| Alaska | 0.0 | 0 | 1 | 10 |
| Arizona | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| California | 95.8 | 8 | 0 | 1 |
| Colorado | 64.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Connecticut | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Delaware | 46.7 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| District of Columbia | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 679.0 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgia | 6.2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 282.1 | 4 | 0 | 5 |
| Indiana | 156.8 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Iowa | 0.0 | 5 | 0 | 1 |
| Kansas | 236.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kentucky | 80.3 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Louisiana | 1.5 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Maine | 106.2 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Maryland | 0.0 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Massachusetts | 138.2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Michigan | 0.0 | 6 | 1 | 13 |
| Minnesota | 0.0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Mississippi | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Missouri | 0.0 | 2 | 0 | 7 |
| Montana | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 0.0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Nevada | 6.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 59.4 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 335.0 | 27 | 2 | 1 |
| New Mexico | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New York | 511.3 | 28 | 4 | 10 |
| North Carolina | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| North Dakota | 0.0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 241.2 | 2 | 0 | 6 |
| Oklahoma | 596.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oregon | 0.0 | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| Pennsylvania | 533.0 | 15 | 0 | 2 |
| Rhode Island | 0.0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| South Carolina | 23.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Texas | 258.9 | 23 | 1 | 1 |
| Utah | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Vermont | 11.9 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Virginia | 57.9 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Washington | 0.0 | 3 | 0 | 17 |
| West Virginia | 86.8 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Wisconsin | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Wyoming | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| United States, total | 4,617.1 | 137 | 12 | 101 |
| $\underline{\text { U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) }}$ | 4,824.2 | 138 | 12 | 105 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes route-miles of completed roadway; excludes non-toll sections.
${ }^{2}$ Counts multiple structures at a single facility as one bridge or tunnel; does not include bridges or tunnels that are part of roadway segments reported under toll-road mileage.

NOTES: Totals reflect crossings between states as one facility or ferry route. These include 35 bridges, 2 tunnels, and 24 ferry routes.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Toll Facilities in the United States: Bridges-Roads-Tunnels-Ferries, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/tollpage.htm as of Jan. 25, 2008.

Table 1-4: Road Condition: 2006
(Miles)

| State | Very |  | Fair | Mediocre | Poor | NotReported |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Good | Good |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | 2,013 | 9,611 | 9,266 | 2,506 | 606 | 2 |
| Alaska | 167 | 639 | 1,834 | 474 | 303 | 310 |
| Arizona | 4,709 | 2,831 | 3,439 | 930 | 346 | 498 |
| Arkansas | 622 | 4,572 | 10,448 | 4,056 | 1,195 | 7 |
| California | 1,416 | 9,430 | 22,442 | 11,347 | 9,462 | 59 |
| Colorado | 1,717 | 5,619 | 7,055 | 1,491 | 482 | 176 |
| Connecticut | 1,816 | 761 | 2,710 | 593 | 261 | 0 |
| Delaware | 42 | 628 | 617 | 151 | 92 | 2 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 0 | 21 | 68 | 362 | 0 |
| Florida | 7,133 | 11,500 | 6,317 | 508 | 373 | 5 |
| Georgia | 14,981 | 9,537 | 4,408 | 1,015 | 422 | 6 |
| Hawaii | 16 | 69 | 805 | 302 | 351 | 0 |
| Idaho | 347 | 3,309 | 2,415 | 2,846 | 387 | 66 |
| Illinois | 8,440 | 7,595 | 12,635 | 4,008 | 1,855 | 1 |
| Indiana | 3,211 | 7,207 | 7,690 | 2,528 | 1,539 | 6 |
| Iowa | 2,357 | 7,512 | 10,730 | 2,279 | 1,417 | 137 |
| Kansas | 2,569 | 9,620 | 4,339 | 3,540 | 3,985 | 194 |
| Kentucky | 808 | 4,291 | 8,286 | 304 | 136 | 0 |
| Louisiana | 564 | 3,829 | 5,335 | 1,892 | 1,573 | 154 |
| Maine | 346 | 1,756 | 2,575 | 966 | 681 | 0 |
| Maryland | 415 | 2,046 | 2,744 | 1,135 | 1,116 | 42 |
| Massachusetts | 8,013 | 621 | 1,876 | 459 | 135 | 7 |
| Michigan | 9,285 | 5,376 | 11,524 | 2,589 | 4,513 | 29 |
| Minnesota | 4,416 | 10,206 | 13,975 | 1,197 | 1,895 | 27 |
| Mississippi | 436 | 3,698 | 13,315 | 2,754 | 935 | 0 |
| Missouri | 983 | 5,650 | 16,592 | 4,188 | 2,810 | 84 |
| Montana | 1,333 | 6,405 | 4,011 | 448 | 286 | 1 |
| Nebraska | 4,503 | 4,999 | 4,584 | 1,220 | 473 | 38 |
| Nevada | 2,457 | 1,482 | 1,706 | 274 | 170 | 97 |
| New Hampshire | 335 | 987 | 1,275 | 400 | 420 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 234 | 498 | 4,326 | 2,255 | 2,884 | 113 |
| New Mexico | 2,204 | 2,241 | 3,091 | 2,499 | 1,017 | 60 |
| New York | 1,011 | 8,010 | 12,189 | 2,470 | 3,513 | 201 |
| North Carolina | 2,535 | 7,049 | 9,485 | 1,429 | 1,255 | 39 |
| North Dakota | 2,143 | 4,671 | 5,696 | 1,180 | 161 | 0 |
| Ohio | 7,041 | 11,007 | 9,535 | 881 | 418 | 0 |
| Oklahoma | 2,490 | 5,653 | 10,474 | 3,647 | 4,797 | 8 |
| Oregon | 3,393 | 6,630 | 5,965 | 666 | 140 | 16 |
| Pennsylvania | 915 | 5,639 | 14,243 | 4,111 | 3,179 | 27 |
| Rhode Island | 151 | 304 | 776 | 327 | 191 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 588 | 6,162 | 11,274 | 1,400 | 1,544 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 3,664 | 3,952 | 6,435 | 1,415 | 663 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 5,094 | 6,170 | 5,328 | 501 | 468 | 0 |
| Texas | 3,771 | 20,173 | 44,977 | 6,983 | 2,280 | 70 |
| Utah | 451 | 1,748 | 4,981 | 479 | 239 | 16 |
| Vermont | 179 | 1,012 | 1,732 | 565 | 377 | 0 |
| Virginia | 3,079 | 6,538 | 9,964 | 1,163 | 482 | 48 |
| Washington | 3,671 | 5,391 | 7,102 | 1,981 | 917 | 35 |
| West Virginia | 320 | 2,525 | 5,047 | 1,475 | 942 | 32 |
| Wisconsin | 3,064 | 6,891 | 13,486 | 2,451 | 2,116 | 313 |
| Wyoming | 508 | 2,785 | 3,547 | 677 | 181 | 18 |
| United States, total | 131,956 | 256,835 | 384,622 | 95,023 | 66,345 | 2,944 |
| U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) | 132,287 | 257,333 | 385,806 | 95,782 | 66,986 | 3,026 |

NOTE: Road condition ratings are derived from the International Roughness Index (IRI) and the Present Serviceability Rating (PSR). States are required to report to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) IRI data for the Interstate system, other principal arterials, rural minor arterials, and the National Highway System regardless of functional system. The IRI is also recommended by FHWA for measuring all other functional classifications because the IRI uses a more standardized and objective measurement methodology. However, where PSR is still in use, the mileage for the PSR and IRI are combined for purposes of this table. Pavement rating data are not reported for local or rural minor collector functional systems.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, tables HM-63 and HM-64.

Table 1-5: Number of Road Bridges by Functional System: 2007

| State | Urban |  |  |  |  | Rural |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Interstate | Other freeways and expressways | Other arterial | Collector | Local | Interstate | Other arterial | Collector | Local |
| Alabama | 559 | 96 | 877 | 252 | 872 | 606 | 2,703 | 5,581 | 4,335 |
| Alaska | 28 | 16 | 91 | 22 | 40 | 155 | 201 | 262 | 414 |
| Arizona | 281 | 308 | 793 | 367 | 619 | 1,276 | 1,620 | 1,231 | 841 |
| Arkansas | 349 | 151 | 705 | 139 | 428 | 455 | 2,302 | 4,998 | 3,007 |
| California | 2,502 | 2,907 | 4,498 | 1,114 | 1,622 | 1,253 | 3,001 | 3,310 | 3,973 |
| Colorado | 499 | 347 | 859 | 302 | 450 | 609 | 1,281 | 1,784 | 2,242 |
| Connecticut | 727 | 522 | 707 | 437 | 488 | 105 | 259 | 355 | 575 |
| Delaware | 90 | 33 | 181 | 77 | 57 | 0 | 114 | 101 | 204 |
| District of Columbia | 63 | 33 | 93 | 15 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Florida | 1,048 | 1,106 | 1,980 | 884 | 1,128 | 729 | 1,864 | 1,406 | 1,518 |
| Georgia | 570 | 161 | 1,995 | 571 | 1,227 | 429 | 2,291 | 3,819 | 3,500 |
| Hawaii | 193 | 82 | 142 | 72 | 100 | 13 | 250 | 155 | 110 |
| Idaho | 107 | 0 | 295 | 93 | 101 | 280 | 505 | 943 | 1,780 |
| Illinois | 1,299 | 152 | 2,542 | 813 | 1,124 | 938 | 2,350 | 4,538 | 12,242 |
| Indiana | 729 | 206 | 1,347 | 515 | 782 | 769 | 1,391 | 5,116 | 7,639 |
| Iowa | 248 | 0 | 1,002 | 243 | 489 | 389 | 2,320 | 7,486 | 12,599 |
| Kansas | 480 | 318 | 860 | 248 | 436 | 541 | 2,636 | 8,419 | 11,526 |
| Kentucky | 410 | 120 | 613 | 219 | 352 | 341 | 1,524 | 4,309 | 5,751 |
| Louisiana | 911 | 192 | 1,069 | 243 | 827 | 646 | 2,093 | 2,831 | 4,529 |
| Maine | 99 | 20 | 132 | 111 | 55 | 180 | 321 | 717 | 752 |
| Maryland | 658 | 349 | 670 | 265 | 721 | 215 | 408 | 823 | 1,013 |
| Massachusetts | 854 | 443 | 1,645 | 496 | 566 | 81 | 171 | 341 | 422 |
| Michigan | 808 | 314 | 1,449 | 463 | 553 | 388 | 1,205 | 2,606 | 3,137 |
| Minnesota | 431 | 207 | 915 | 274 | 348 | 289 | 1,680 | 3,245 | 5,675 |
| Mississippi | 298 | 108 | 540 | 240 | 333 | 473 | 2,710 | 4,706 | 7,599 |
| Missouri | 601 | 937 | 716 | 542 | 1,347 | 414 | 2,575 | 5,115 | 11,824 |
| Montana | 83 | 0 | 80 | 12 | 6 | 735 | 995 | 993 | 2,078 |
| Nebraska | 124 | 49 | 358 | 90 | 126 | 219 | 2,162 | 3,584 | 8,763 |
| Nevada | 212 | 82 | 257 | 186 | 215 | 307 | 129 | 160 | 157 |
| New Hampshire | 103 | 41 | 179 | 51 | 71 | 259 | 323 | 451 | 880 |
| New Jersey | 942 | 666 | 1,971 | 585 | 808 | 117 | 274 | 380 | 705 |
| New Mexico | 310 | 1 | 475 | 126 | 108 | 572 | 990 | 813 | 455 |
| New York | 1,509 | 999 | 2,654 | 1,035 | 1,415 | 653 | 1,473 | 3,268 | 4,353 |
| North Carolina | 530 | 423 | 1,334 | 353 | 1,271 | 463 | 1,813 | 3,776 | 7,820 |
| North Dakota | 59 | 0 | 131 | 19 | 27 | 146 | 603 | 885 | 2,588 |
| Ohio | 1,336 | 771 | 1,958 | 1,005 | 1,363 | 862 | 2,299 | 7,231 | 11,174 |
| Oklahoma | 469 | 395 | 1,053 | 491 | 568 | 627 | 2,523 | 7,460 | 9,942 |
| Oregon | 240 | 91 | 639 | 231 | 192 | 396 | 1,203 | 2,081 | 2,244 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,039 | 767 | 2,916 | 1,614 | 1,462 | 994 | 2,529 | 4,157 | 6,832 |
| Rhode Island | 122 | 105 | 256 | 64 | 59 | 14 | 38 | 50 | 40 |
| South Carolina | 334 | 71 | 785 | 518 | 537 | 373 | 1,255 | 2,682 | 2,666 |
| South Dakota | 111 | 6 | 143 | 39 | 54 | 343 | 977 | 1,329 | 2,922 |
| Tennessee | 718 | 287 | 1,800 | 404 | 951 | 705 | 2,678 | 5,401 | 6,894 |
| Texas | 3,128 | 3,464 | 5,566 | 1,498 | 4,225 | 3,079 | 7,739 | 11,355 | 10,217 |
| Utah | 383 | 19 | 268 | 85 | 242 | 449 | 357 | 475 | 572 |
| Vermont | 57 | 28 | 66 | 41 | 31 | 256 | 367 | 694 | 1,172 |
| Virginia | 1,011 | 360 | 1,483 | 482 | 694 | 658 | 1,592 | 2,698 | 4,440 |
| Washington | 579 | 360 | 835 | 195 | 259 | 362 | 973 | 1,951 | 2,156 |
| West Virginia | 222 | 49 | 256 | 94 | 187 | 435 | 740 | 2,080 | 2,944 |
| Wisconsin | 462 | 410 | 1,240 | 180 | 461 | 614 | 2,152 | 2,619 | 5,660 |
| Wyoming | 159 | 5 | 118 | 45 | 38 | 762 | 497 | 522 | 884 |
| United States, total | 29,084 | 18,577 | 53,537 | 18,460 | 30,474 | 25,974 | 74,456 | 141,293 | 205,765 |
| U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) | 29,309 | 18,675 | 53,892 | 18,629 | 30,666 | 26,134 | 74,617 | 141,679 | 206,165 |

NOTE: Some discrepancies exist between the total number of bridges reported in tables 1-5, 1-6, and 1-7 because of bridges not identified in one or more of the categories and other anomalies.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Bridge Technology, National Bridge Inventory: Count, Area, Length of Bridges by Highway System, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/britab.htm as of Feb. 17, 2008.

Table 1-6: Number of Road Bridges by Owner: 2006

| State | Federal | State highway agency | State toll authority |  | Local highway agency | Local toll authority |  | Private (including railroad) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 112 | 5,680 | 0 | 31 | 10,023 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 15,879 |
| Alaska | 225 | 761 | 0 | 95 | 123 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1,210 |
| Arizona | 438 | 4,514 | 0 | 33 | 2,288 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7,282 |
| Arkansas | 159 | 7,111 | 0 | 5 | 5,226 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 12,505 |
| California | 493 | 11,952 | 9 | 164 | 11,390 | 11 | 66 | 34 | 24,119 |
| Colorado | 233 | 3,429 | 0 | 3 | 4,564 | 2 | 1 | 94 | 8,326 |
| Connecticut | 7 | 2,777 | 0 | 14 | 1,232 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4,166 |
| Delaware | 6 | 816 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 849 |
| District of Columbia | 35 | 211 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 |
| Florida | 109 | 5,319 | 426 | 139 | 4,778 | 4 | 87 | 15 | 10,877 |
| Georgia | 201 | 6,510 | 0 | 15 | 7,743 | 0 | 1 | 53 | 14,523 |
| Hawaii | 23 | 712 | 0 | 1 | 370 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1,112 |
| Idaho | 492 | 1,271 | 0 | 13 | 1,637 | 0 | 648 | 1 | 4,062 |
| Illinois | 43 | 7,572 | 434 | 40 | 17,694 | 0 | 22 | 138 | 25,943 |
| Indiana | 60 | 5,164 | 334 | 58 | 12,719 | 1 | 5 | 19 | 18,364 |
| Iowa | 41 | 3,994 | 0 | 23 | 20,613 | 3 | 1 | 92 | 24,825 |
| Kansas | 133 | 4,842 | 362 | 79 | 20,017 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 25,443 |
| Kentucky | 82 | 8,837 | 0 | 5 | 4,683 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 13,635 |
| Louisiana | 238 | 7,796 | 0 | 32 | 5,165 | 5 | 42 | 6 | 13,284 |
| Maine | 31 | 1,944 | 159 | 9 | 210 | 0 | 1 | 26 | 2,380 |
| Maryland | 110 | 2,533 | 253 | 27 | 2,173 | 0 | 10 | 7 | 5,114 |
| Massachusetts | 23 | 2,836 | 339 | 208 | 1,540 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4,948 |
| Michigan | 87 | 4,406 | 4 | 2 | 6,378 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 10,890 |
| Minnesota | 87 | 3,562 | 0 | 53 | 9,254 | 0 | 14 | 63 | 13,033 |
| Mississippi | 458 | 5,560 | 0 | 6 | 10,896 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 16,952 |
| Missouri | 74 | 10,167 | 0 | 11 | 13,713 | 1 | 20 | 37 | 24,024 |
| Montana | 646 | 2,431 | 0 | 0 | 1,927 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,004 |
| Nebraska | 23 | 3,469 | 0 | 34 | 11,784 | 0 | 97 | 45 | 15,452 |
| Nevada | 37 | 956 | 0 | 3 | 613 | 0 | 11 | 10 | 1,630 |
| New Hampshire | 52 | 1,287 | 154 | 5 | 857 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2,359 |
| New Jersey | 23 | 2,370 | 1,122 | 202 | 2,533 | 34 | 4 | 19 | 6,423 |
| New Mexico | 203 | 2,946 | 0 | 2 | 694 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3,848 |
| New York | 53 | 7,429 | 738 | 204 | 8,520 | 169 | 112 | 110 | 17,335 |
| North Carolina | 258 | 16,656 | 1 | 25 | 724 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 17,666 |
| North Dakota | 52 | 1,119 | 0 | 6 | 3,292 | 0 | 4 | 9 | 4,482 |
| Ohio | 29 | 8,796 | 459 | 107 | 18,489 | 0 | 2 | 65 | 27,947 |
| Oklahoma | 93 | 6,769 | 767 | 11 | 15,820 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 23,464 |
| Oregon | 604 | 2,641 | 0 | 21 | 3,924 | 2 | 31 | 11 | 7,234 |
| Pennsylvania | 84 | 14,868 | 762 | 269 | 5,993 | 30 | 2 | 295 | 22,327 |
| Rhode Island | 3 | 591 | 3 | 10 | 139 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 753 |
| South Carolina | 37 | 8,352 | 0 | 3 | 826 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 9,238 |
| South Dakota | 104 | 1,811 | 0 | 21 | 4,009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,945 |
| Tennessee | 344 | 8,074 | 0 | 37 | 11,341 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 19,803 |
| Texas | 185 | 32,285 | 58 | 41 | 16,576 | 262 | 75 | 12 | 49,522 |
| Utah | 137 | 1,710 | 0 | 2 | 970 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 2,827 |
| Vermont | 23 | 1,077 | 0 | 0 | 1,605 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2,710 |
| Virginia | 312 | 11,768 | 12 | 5 | 1,097 | 34 | 0 | 130 | 13,358 |
| Washington | 629 | 3,083 | 0 | 16 | 3,838 | 0 | 17 | 5 | 7,588 |
| West Virginia | 62 | 6,656 | 99 | 20 | 107 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 6,962 |
| Wisconsin | 110 | 4,893 | 0 | 0 | 8,744 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 13,770 |
| Wyoming | 247 | 1,937 | 0 | 6 | 836 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3,027 |
| United States, total | 8,350 | 274,250 | 6,495 | 2,117 | 299,696 | 578 | 1,317 | 1,489 | 594,667 |
| U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) | 8,355 | 276,056 | 6,495 | 2,117 | 300,016 | 578 | 1,318 | 1,490 | 596,800 |

NOTES: Some discrepancies exist between the total number of bridges reported in tables 1-5, 1-6, and 1-7 because of bridges not identified in one or more of the categories and other anomalies. Other state agency includes state parks, forests, reservations, and other state agencies. Local highway agency includes county, town or township, and city or municipal highway agencies. Other local agency includes local parks, forests, reservations, and other local agencies. Private includes highway bridges owned by railroads and other privates entities. Details may not add to totals, because totals include bridges for which ownership is unknown.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Bridge Technology, National Bridge Inventory: Highway Bridge by Owner, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/britab.htm, as of Nov. 2, 2007.

Table 1-7: Road Bridge Condition: 2007

| State | All bridges | Structurally deficient | Functionally obsolete | Percent of State Bridges |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Structurally deficient | Functionally obsolete |
| Alabama | 15,881 | 1,899 | 2,158 | 12\% | 14\% |
| Alaska | 1,229 | 155 | 179 | 13\% | 15\% |
| Arizona | 7,348 | 181 | 600 | 2\% | 8\% |
| Arkansas | 12,531 | 997 | 1,908 | 8\% | 15\% |
| California | 24,184 | 3,140 | 3,837 | 13\% | 16\% |
| Colorado | 8,366 | 580 | 824 | 7\% | 10\% |
| Connecticut | 4,175 | 358 | 1,042 | 9\% | 25\% |
| Delaware | 857 | 20 | 112 | 2\% | 13\% |
| District of Columbia | 245 | 24 | 128 | 10\% | 52\% |
| Florida | 11,663 | 302 | 1,692 | 3\% | 15\% |
| Georgia | 14,563 | 1,028 | 1,888 | 7\% | 13\% |
| Hawaii | 1,115 | 142 | 358 | 13\% | 32\% |
| Idaho | 4,104 | 349 | 452 | 9\% | 11\% |
| Illinois | 25,998 | 2,501 | 1,840 | 10\% | 7\% |
| Indiana | 18,494 | 2,030 | 2,004 | 11\% | 11\% |
| Iowa | 24,776 | 5,153 | 1,455 | 21\% | 6\% |
| Kansas | 25,461 | 2,991 | 2,372 | 12\% | 9\% |
| Kentucky | 13,637 | 1,362 | 2,928 | 10\% | 21\% |
| Louisiana | 13,342 | 1,780 | 2,180 | 13\% | 16\% |
| Maine | 2,387 | 349 | 468 | 15\% | 20\% |
| Maryland | 5,127 | 388 | 980 | 8\% | 19\% |
| Massachusetts | 5,018 | 585 | 1,987 | 12\% | 40\% |
| Michigan | 10,923 | 1,584 | 1,304 | 15\% | 12\% |
| Minnesota | 13,067 | 1,156 | 423 | 9\% | 3\% |
| Mississippi | 17,007 | 3,002 | 1,315 | 18\% | 8\% |
| Missouri | 24,071 | 4,433 | 3,108 | 18\% | 13\% |
| Montana | 4,980 | 473 | 541 | 9\% | 11\% |
| Nebraska | 15,475 | 2,382 | 1,241 | 15\% | 8\% |
| Nevada | 1,705 | 47 | 156 | 3\% | 9\% |
| New Hampshire | 2,364 | 383 | 358 | 16\% | 15\% |
| New Jersey | 6,448 | 750 | 1,501 | 12\% | 23\% |
| New Mexico | 3,850 | 404 | 294 | 10\% | 8\% |
| New York | 17,361 | 2,128 | 4,518 | 12\% | 26\% |
| North Carolina | 17,783 | 2,272 | 2,787 | 13\% | 16\% |
| North Dakota | 4,458 | 743 | 249 | 17\% | 6\% |
| Ohio | 27,998 | 2,862 | 4,001 | 10\% | 14\% |
| Oklahoma | 23,524 | 5,793 | 1,614 | 25\% | 7\% |
| Oregon | 7,318 | 514 | 1,155 | 7\% | 16\% |
| Pennsylvania | 22,325 | 5,802 | 3,934 | 26\% | 18\% |
| Rhode Island | 748 | 164 | 232 | 22\% | 31\% |
| South Carolina | 9,221 | 1,260 | 808 | 14\% | 9\% |
| South Dakota | 5,924 | 1,216 | 261 | 21\% | 4\% |
| Tennessee | 19,838 | 1,325 | 2,776 | 7\% | 14\% |
| Texas | 50,271 | 2,186 | 7,851 | 4\% | 16\% |
| Utah | 2,851 | 233 | 254 | 8\% | 9\% |
| Vermont | 2,712 | 500 | 467 | 18\% | 17\% |
| Virginia | 13,417 | 1,208 | 2,234 | 9\% | 17\% |
| Washington | 7,651 | 400 | 1,661 | 5\% | 22\% |
| West Virginia | 7,001 | 1,058 | 1,515 | 15\% | 22\% |
| Wisconsin | 13,798 | 1,302 | 789 | 9\% | 6\% |
| Wyoming | 3,030 | 389 | 231 | 13\% | 8\% |
| United States, total | 597,620 | 72,283 | 78,970 | 12\% | 13\% |
| U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) | 599,766 | 72,524 | 79,792 | 12\% | 13\% |

NOTE: Some discrepancies exist between the total number of bridges reported in tables 1-5, 1-6, and 1-7 because of bridges not identified in one or more of the categories and other anomalies.
Explanations for the terms Structurally Deficient and Functionally Obsolete can be found on pages 14 and 15 in Chapter 3 of the Federal Highway Administration, 2006 Conditions and Performance Report; the following is a link to Chapter 3 of the report: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policy/2006cpr/pdfs/chap3.pdf.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, National Bridge Inventory: Deficient Bridges by State and Highway System, Washington, DC: 2006, available at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/britab.htm as of Feb. 17, 2008.

Table 1-8: Motor Bus Transit Route Mileage: 2005

| State | Directional route-miles |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exclusive right-of-way | Controlled right-of-way | Mixed right-of-way |
| Alabama | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,615.8 |
| Alaska | 0.0 | 0.0 | 435.6 |
| Arizona | 0.0 | 172.0 | 3,342.1 |
| Arkansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 558.5 |
| California | 269.7 | 442.4 | 38,576.9 |
| Colorado | 39.1 | 9.8 | 6,482.7 |
| Connecticut | 52.4 | 0.0 | 3,274.3 |
| Delaware | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,434.3 |
| District of Columbia | 10.4 | 84.4 | 2,701.2 |
| Florida | 29.5 | 25.7 | 12,842.0 |
| Georgia | 154.1 | 0.0 | 4,129.7 |
| Hawaii | 1.2 | 34.7 | 882.8 |
| Idaho | 0.0 | 0.0 | 385.0 |
| Illinois | 3.7 | 0.0 | 7,936.7 |
| Indiana | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3,320.3 |
| Iowa | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,656.6 |
| Kansas | 0.0 | 0.0 | 558.3 |
| Kentucky | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,349.5 |
| Louisiana | 5.5 | 0.0 | 1,296.1 |
| Maine | 0.0 | 0.0 | 298.6 |
| Maryland | 14.8 | 16.2 | 5,964.5 |
| Massachusetts | 5.6 | 12.4 | 6,130.1 |
| Michigan | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5,615.7 |
| Minnesota | 383.3 | 59.7 | 4,461.7 |
| Mississippi | 0.0 | 0.0 | 438.1 |
| Missouri | 7.1 | 8.0 | 3,706.2 |
| Montana | 0.0 | 0.0 | 421.1 |
| Nebraska | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,027.8 |
| Nevada | 10.0 | 0.0 | 1,729.8 |
| New Hampshire | 0.0 | 0.0 | 571.3 |
| New Jersey | 0.0 | 45.0 | 8,141.1 |
| New Mexico | 0.0 | 0.0 | 705.4 |
| New York | 1.3 | 123.7 | 16,212.1 |
| North Carolina | 20.0 | 0.0 | 4,183.6 |
| North Dakota | 0.0 | 0.0 | 234.2 |
| Ohio | 0.1 | 4.2 | 8,043.0 |
| Oklahoma | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,882.5 |
| Oregon | 1.8 | 0.6 | 2,725.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 76.7 | 0.0 | 10,550.7 |
| Rhode Island | 1.6 | 10.8 | 1,384.4 |
| South Carolina | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2,331.5 |
| South Dakota | 0.0 | 0.0 | 210.6 |
| Tennessee | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3,522.8 |
| Texas | 356.3 | 67.3 | 12,269.7 |
| Utah | 46.0 | 0.0 | 1,753.1 |
| Vermont | 0.0 | 0.0 | 895.0 |
| Virginia | 0.0 | 233.9 | 4,302.3 |
| Washington | 373.4 | 231.4 | 6,838.7 |
| West Virginia | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1,097.9 |
| Wisconsin | 23.2 | 0.0 | 4,537.7 |
| Wyoming | 0.0 | 0.0 | 116.0 |
| United States, total | 1,886.8 | 1,582.2 | 216,081.0 |
| U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) | 1,915.0 | 1,582.2 | 216,393.1 |

$\mathrm{KEY}: \mathrm{U}=$ data are unavailable.
NOTES: Directional route-miles is the mileage in each direction over which public transportation vehicles travel while in revenue service. Directional route-miles are a measure of the facility or roadway, not the service carried on the facility, such as the number of routes or vehicle-miles. Directional route-miles are computed with regard to direction of service, but without regard to the number of traffic lanes or rail tracks existing in the right-of-way. Exclusive right-of-way refers to lanes reserved at all times for transit use and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs). Controlled right-of-way refers to lanes restricted for at least a portion of the day for use by transit vehicles and other HOVs. Mixed right-of-way refers to lanes used for general automobile traffic. Route-miles are assigned to the state of the transit agency's headquarters.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, Data Tables, available at http://www.ntdprogram.gov as of Nov. 9, 2007.

Table 1-9: Characteristics of Rail Transit by Transit Authority: 2006

| Rail transit mode/transit agency | Primary city served | States served | Directional route-miles | Number of crossings | Number of stations ${ }^{2}$ | Number of ADA accessible stations ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heavy rail, total | 11 | 12 | 1,601.3 | 27 | 1,026 | 443 |
| Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority | Atlanta | GA | 96.1 | 0 | 38 | 38 |
| Maryland Transit Administration | Baltimore | MD | 29.4 | 0 | 14 | 14 |
| Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority | Boston | MA | 76.3 | 0 | 53 | 42 |
| Chicago Transit Authority | Chicago | IL | 206.3 | 25 | 144 | 72 |
| Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority | Cleveland | OH | 38.1 | 0 | 18 | 10 |
| Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Auth. | Los Angeles | CA | 31.9 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| Miami-Dade Transit Agency | Miami | FL | 45.0 | 0 | 22 | 22 |
| MTA New York City Transit | New York | NY | 493.8 | 0 | 468 | 65 |
| Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation | New York | NY, NJ | 28.6 | 2 | 13 | 7 |
| Staten Island Rapid Transit Operating Authority | New York | NY | 28.6 | 0 | 23 | 5 |
| Port Authority Transit Corporation | Philadelphia | PA, NJ | 31.5 | 0 | 13 | 5 |
| Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority | Philadelphia | PA | 74.9 | 0 | 75 | 18 |
| San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District | San Francisco | CA | 209.0 | 0 | 43 | 43 |
| Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority | Washington | DC, MD, VA | 211.8 | 0 | 86 | 86 |
| Light rail, total | 26 | 20 | 1,188.0 | 2,479 | 741 | 607 |
| Maryland Transit Administration | Baltimore | MD | 57.6 | 52 | 33 | 33 |
| Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority | Boston | MA | 51.0 | 65 | 70 | 25 |
| Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority | Buffalo | NY | 12.4 | 8 | 15 | 7 |
| Charlotte Area Transit System | Charlotte | NC | 3.9 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority | Cleveland | OH | 30.4 | 22 | 34 | 8 |
| Dallas Area Rapid Transit | Dallas | TX | 87.7 | 98 | 34 | 34 |
| Denver Regional Transportation District | Denver | CO | 31.6 | 39 | 23 | 23 |
| Island Transit | Galveston | TX | 11.8 | 57 | 3 | 3 |
| Metro Transit Authority of Harris County | Houston | TX | 14.8 | 68 | 16 | 16 |
| Kenosha Transit | Kenosha | WI | 1.9 | 19 | 2 | 1 |
| Central Arkansas Transit Authority | Little Rock | AR | 2.4 | 23 | 11 | 11 |
| Los Angeles County Metropolitan Trans. Authority | Los Angeles | CA | 109.7 | 104 | 49 | 49 |
| Memphis Area Transit Authority | Memphis | TN | 10.0 | 62 | 7 | 7 |
| Metro Transit | Minneapolis | MN | 24.4 | 45 | 17 | 17 |
| New Jersey Transit Corporation | Newark | NJ | 106.8 | 109 | 52 | 45 |
| Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority | Philadelphia | PA | 66.2 | 691 | 46 | 1 |
| Port Authority of Allegheny County | Pittsburgh | PA | 47.4 | 44 | 25 | 25 |
| Tri-County Metropolitan Transportation District | Portland | OR | 94.1 | 133 | 63 | 63 |
| Sacramento Regional Transit District | Sacramento | CA | 58.4 | 104 | 41 | 40 |
| Utah Transit Authority | Salt Lake City | UT | 37.3 | 76 | 24 | 24 |
| San Diego Trolley, Incorporated | San Diego | CA | 96.6 | 96 | 49 | 48 |
| San Francisco Municipal Railway | San Francisco | CA | 72.9 | 351 | 9 | 9 |
| Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority | San Jose | CA | 70.8 | 119 | 57 | 57 |
| Central Puget Sound Regional Transportation Auth. | Seattle | WA | 3.6 | 25 | 6 | 6 |
| King County Department of Transportation | Seattle | WA | 3.7 | 14 | 9 | 9 |
| Bi-State Development Agency | St. Louis | MO, IL | 75.8 | 24 | 28 | 28 |
| Hillsborough Area Regional Transit Authority | Tampa | FL | 4.8 | 21 | 8 | 8 |
| Commuter rail, total ${ }^{1}$ | 15 | 20 | 8,076.0 | 2,932 | 1,174 | 696 |
| Alaska Railroad Corporation | Anchorage | AK | 958.0 | 161 | 10 | 10 |
| Maryland Transit Administration | Baltimore | MD, DC, WV | 400.4 | 40 | 42 | 22 |
| Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority | Boston | MA, RI | 702.1 | 233 | 126 | 82 |
| N. New England Passenger Rail Authority | Boston | MA, ME, NH | 199.9 | 37 | 10 | 10 |
| NE Illinois Regional Commuter Rail Corporation | Chicago | IL, WI | 940.4 | 512 | 231 | 145 |
| Northern Indiana Commuter Transportation District | Chicago | IL, IN | 179.8 | 117 | 20 | 12 |
| Dallas Area Rapid Transit | Dallas | TX | 29.0 | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| Fort Worth Transportation Authority | Dallas | TX | 40.5 | 19 | 5 | 5 |
| Connecticut Department of Transportation | New Haven | CT | 101.2 | 3 | 8 | 8 |
| Southern California Regional Rail Authority | Los Angeles | CA | 778.0 | 443 | 54 | 54 |
| South Florida Regional Transportation Authority | Miami | FL | 142.2 | 72 | 18 | 18 |
| MTA Metro-North Commuter Railroad Co. | New York | NY, NJ, CT | 545.7 | 1 | 109 | 32 |
| MTA Long Island Rail Road | New York | NY | 638.2 | 395 | 124 | 99 |
| New Jersey Transit Corporation | New York | NY, NJ, PA | 1,113.0 | 316 | 167 | 68 |
| Pennsylvania Department of Transportation | Philadelphia | PA | 144.4 | 7 | 12 | 4 |
| Southeastern Pennsylvania Transportation Authority | Philadelphia | PA | 446.9 | 283 | 156 | 54 |
| North County Transit District | San Diego | CA | 82.2 | 34 | 8 | 8 |
| Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board | San Francisco | CA | 153.7 | 49 | 33 | 24 |
| Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Authority | Seattle | WA | 146.9 | 45 | 9 | 9 |
| Altamont Commuter Express | San Jose | CA | 172.0 | 127 | 10 | 10 |
| Virginia Railway Express | Washington | DC, VA | 161.5 | 23 | 18 | 18 |
| United States, total | 33 | 30 | 10,865.3 | 5,438 | 2,941 | 1,746 |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes commuter-type services operated independently by Amtrak.
${ }^{2}$ Many light rail lines have numerous stops in the street that do not meet the definition of station.
${ }^{3}$ Additional stations may be wheelchair accessible but do not comply with other provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act.
KEY: ADA = Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; MTA = Metropolitan Transportation Authority.
NOTE: Does not include several other transit rail systems including aerial tramway, automated guideway, inclined plane, and monorail. For definition of directional route-miles see table 1-8. Heavy rail, light rail, and commuter rail are defined in the glossary.
SOURCE: American Public Transportation Association, 2007 Public Transportation Fact Book, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.apta.com/research/stats/rail/index.cfm as of Nov. 9, 2007.

Table 1-10: Civil and Joint-Use Airports, Heliports, STOLports, and Seaplane Bases: $200 \mathbf{7}^{1}$

| State | Airports | Heliports | STOLports | Seaplane bases | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 189 | 97 | 0 | 6 | 292 |
| Alaska | 548 | 42 | 1 | 140 | 731 |
| Arizona | 192 | 114 | 1 | 0 | 307 |
| Arkansas | 228 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 312 |
| California | 539 | 402 | 2 | 10 | 953 |
| Colorado | 256 | 187 | 7 | 0 | 450 |
| Connecticut | 55 | 92 | 0 | 6 | 153 |
| Delaware | 33 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 49 |
| District of Columbia | 2 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| Florida | 511 | 288 | 13 | 42 | 854 |
| Georgia | 348 | 120 | 4 | 2 | 474 |
| Hawaii | 36 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 54 |
| Idaho | 218 | 47 | 2 | 5 | 272 |
| Illinois | 542 | 266 | 2 | 6 | 816 |
| Indiana | 477 | 133 | 3 | 20 | 633 |
| lowa | 213 | 90 | 2 | 0 | 305 |
| Kansas | 364 | 38 | 1 | 0 | 403 |
| Kentucky | 159 | 61 | 1 | 0 | 221 |
| Louisiana | 238 | 229 | 0 | 14 | 481 |
| Maine | 107 | 14 | 0 | 41 | 162 |
| Maryland | 153 | 73 | 1 | 5 | 232 |
| Massachusetts | 78 | 139 | 0 | 18 | 235 |
| Michigan | 379 | 101 | 2 | 6 | 488 |
| Minnesota | 374 | 60 | 1 | 75 | 510 |
| Mississippi | 199 | 53 | 1 | 0 | 253 |
| Missouri | 384 | 131 | 2 | 4 | 521 |
| Montana | 231 | 34 | 2 | 2 | 269 |
| Nebraska | 240 | 37 | 0 | 1 | 278 |
| Nevada | 99 | 34 | 1 | 0 | 134 |
| New Hampshire | 53 | 80 | 0 | 8 | 141 |
| New Jersey | 116 | 266 | 0 | 12 | 394 |
| New Mexico | 150 | 25 | 0 | 1 | 176 |
| New York | 402 | 174 | 0 | 18 | 594 |
| North Carolina | 322 | 83 | 4 | 0 | 409 |
| North Dakota | 286 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 301 |
| Ohio | 507 | 215 | 3 | 2 | 727 |
| Oklahoma | 315 | 88 | 1 | 1 | 405 |
| Oregon | 343 | 110 | 2 | 2 | 457 |
| Pennsylvania | 455 | 354 | 3 | 10 | 822 |
| Rhode Island | 10 | 19 | 0 | 2 | 31 |
| South Carolina | 165 | 33 | 0 | 2 | 200 |
| South Dakota | 155 | 33 | 0 | 1 | 189 |
| Tennessee | 198 | 99 | 8 | 2 | 307 |
| Texas | 1,428 | 519 | 8 | 0 | 1,955 |
| Utah | 99 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 148 |
| Vermont | 60 | 21 | 3 | 4 | 88 |
| Virginia | 303 | 143 | 3 | 5 | 454 |
| Washington | 358 | 154 | 3 | 16 | 531 |
| West Virginia | 76 | 40 | 1 | 10 | 127 |
| Wisconsin | 445 | 91 | 0 | 18 | 554 |
| Wyoming | 91 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 116 |
| United States, total | 13,729 | 5,653 | 88 | 518 | 19,988 |
| U.S. total (incl. Puerto Rico) | 13,746 | 5,684 | 88 | 520 | 20,038 |

${ }^{1}$ Data are current as of Feb. 8, 2008.
KEY: STOLport = Short take-off and landing airport.
NOTE: This table comprises all U.S. public use and private use airports, heliports, STOLports, and seaplane bases. The United States Fast Facts on page $v$ reports the number of public use facilities only. Public use facilities are open to the public with no prior authorization or permission required. Private use facilities are not open to the general public and include medical, law enforcement, corporate, and other such facilities.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Airports, Airport Safety Data Branch, personal communication, Feb. 8, 2008.

Table 1-11: Top 50 Commercial Service Airport Enplanements by Air Carrier Category: 2006 (For airports with scheduled service and 2,500 or more passengers enplaned)

| Airport | Commuter and |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rank | Large certificated air carriers | small certificated air carriers | Foreign air carriers | Total enplanements |
| Atlanta, GA (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International) | 1 | 40,571,543 | 216,013 | 566,557 | 41,354,113 |
| Chicago, IL (Chicago O'Hare International) | 2 | 34,538,523 | 0 | 2,288,407 | 36,826,930 |
| Los Angeles, CA (Los Angeles International) | 3 | 23,121,100 | 0 | 6,231,677 | 29,352,777 |
| Dallas/Ft.Worth, TX (Dallas/Fort Worth International) | 4 | 28,334,868 | 16,802 | 275,481 | 28,627,151 |
| Denver, CO (Denver International) | 5 | 22,239,913 | 241,499 | 340,848 | 22,822,260 |
| Las Vegas, NV (McCarran International) | 6 | 21,147,515 | 4,893 | 826,949 | 21,979,357 |
| New York, NY (John F. Kennedy International) | 7 | 14,969,389 | 76,274 | 6,062,412 | 21,108,075 |
| Phoenix, AZ (Phoenix Sky Harbor International) | 8 | 20,331,400 | 31,089 | 229,527 | 20,592,016 |
| Houston, TX (George Bush Intercontinental) | 9 | 19,614,418 | 260,507 | 645,065 | 20,519,990 |
| Newark, NJ (Newark Liberty International) | 10 | 16,272,213 | 993 | 1,532,081 | 17,805,287 |
| Detroit, MI (Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County) | 11 | 17,281,208 | 8,063 | 178,766 | 17,468,037 |
| Minneapolis, MN (Minneapolis-St. Paul Intl./Wold-Chamberlain) | 12 | 17,134,984 | 6 | 56,773 | 17,191,763 |
| Orlando, FL (Orlando International) | 13 | 15,378,786 | 481,069 | 947,943 | 16,807,798 |
| San Francisco, CA (San Francisco International) | 14 | 13,906,736 | 0 | 2,332,654 | 16,239,390 |
| Miami, FL (Miami International) | 15 | 12,798,296 | 174,118 | 2,690,661 | 15,663,075 |
| Philadelphia, PA (Philadelphia International) | 16 | 14,438,610 | 611,048 | 339,406 | 15,389,064 |
| Charlotte, NC (Charlotte Douglas International) | 17 | 14,107,665 | 569,816 | 71,201 | 14,748,682 |
| Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma International) | 18 | 14,291,377 | 208 | 406,918 | 14,698,503 |
| Boston, MA (General Edward Lawrence Logan International) | 19 | 12,093,139 | 182,138 | 1,266,664 | 13,541,941 |
| New York, NY (La Guardia) | 20 | 12,071,471 | 400,005 | 453,377 | 12,924,853 |
| Washington, DC (Dulles International) | 21 | 9,553,807 | 176,012 | 1,318,029 | 11,047,848 |
| Baltimore, MD (Baltimore/Washington Intl. Thurgood Marshall) | 22 | 10,024,469 | 63,995 | 206,864 | 10,295,328 |
| Salt Lake City, UT (Salt Lake City International) | 23 | 10,277,885 | 5,747 | 3,049 | 10,286,681 |
| Fort Lauderdale, FL (Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International) | 24 | 9,426,796 | 282,570 | 541,230 | 10,250,596 |
| Honolulu, HI (Honolulu International) | 25 | 8,304,595 | 115,562 | 1,303,943 | 9,724,100 |
| Tampa, FL (Tampa International) | 26 | 8,847,503 | 167,163 | 173,761 | 9,188,427 |
| Washington, DC (Ronald Reagan Washington National) | 27 | 8,838,646 | 24,520 | 108,863 | 8,972,029 |
| Chicago, IL (Chicago Midway) | 28 | 8,913,135 | 203 | 636 | 8,913,974 |
| San Diego, CA (San Diego International) | 29 | 8,611,796 | 0 | 83,624 | 8,695,420 |
| Cincinnati, OH (Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky International) | 30 | 7,939,337 | 7,406 | 37,205 | 7,983,948 |
| Oakland, CA (Oakland International) | 31 | 6,990,944 | 0 | 85,154 | 7,076,098 |
| St. Louis, MO (Lambert-St Louis International) | 32 | 6,937,225 | 79,611 | 19,859 | 7,036,695 |
| Portland, OR (Portland International) | 33 | 6,811,500 | 3,679 | 136,514 | 6,951,693 |
| Memphis, TN (Memphis International) | 34 | 5,508,132 | 2 | 71 | 5,508,205 |
| Kansas City, MO (Kansas City International) | 35 | 5,417,968 | 37,034 | 11,326 | 5,466,328 |
| Cleveland, OH (Cleveland-Hopkins International) | 36 | 5,288,819 | 143,358 | 13,781 | 5,445,958 |
| San Jose, CA (Norman Y. Mineta San Jose International) | 37 | 5,196,742 | 0 | 84,358 | 5,281,100 |
| Sacramento, CA (Sacramento International) | 38 | 5,073,218 | 55,388 | 100,494 | 5,229,100 |
| San Juan, PR (Luis Munoz Marin International) | 39 | 5,125,075 | 0 | 57,577 | 5,182,652 |
| Pittsburgh, PA (Pittsburgh International) | 40 | 4,568,569 | 362,093 | 14,113 | 4,944,775 |
| Nashville, TN (Nashville International) | 41 | 4,703,891 | 56,185 | 16,155 | 4,776,231 |
| Santa Ana, CA (John Wayne-Orange County) | 42 | 4,775,825 | 0 | 0 | 4,775,825 |
| Raleigh/Durham, NC (Raleigh-Durham International) | 43 | 4,597,105 | 71,399 | 36,883 | 4,705,387 |
| Houston, TX (William P. Hobby) | 44 | 4,113,516 | 0 | 32 | 4,113,548 |
| Indianapolis, IN (Indianapolis International) | 45 | 3,967,000 | 28,413 | 12,154 | 4,007,567 |
| Austin, TX (Austin-Bergstrom International) | 46 | 3,918,155 | 22,872 | 2,802 | 3,943,829 |
| San Antonio, TX (San Antonio International) | 47 | 3,822,473 | 0 | 92,511 | 3,914,984 |
| Fort Myers, FL (Southwest Florida Regional) | 48 | 3,642,754 | 14,913 | 93,145 | 3,750,812 |
| Milwaukee, WI (General Mitchell International) | 49 | 3,175,580 | 438,376 | 15,189 | 3,629,145 |
| Dallas, TX (Love Field) | 50 | 3,439,235 | 29 | 309 | 3,439,573 |
| Top 50 Airports, Total |  | 572,454,849 | 5,431,071 | 32,312,998 | 610,198,918 |
| United States, total (including U.S. territories) |  | 691,241,535 | 12,459,554 | 34,029,041 | 737,730,130 |

NOTE: Rank order by total enplaned passengers on air carriers of all types, including foreign air carriers. Data differ from those in table 4-6, which include only enplanements on large certificated U.S. air carriers. In previous years the source of the data for this table was the FAA, which provides information on Air Taxi operators. The current table uses data from the Office of Airline Information, which does not collect data on Air Taxi operators.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, T100 Market data, Washington, DC: various years. Data as of April 2, 2008.

Table 1-12: Airport Enplanements by State and Air Carrier Category: 2006

| State | Large certificated air carriers | Commuter and small certificated air carriers | Foreign air carriers | Total enplanements |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2,596,660 | 64,446 | 7 | 2,661,113 |
| Alaska | 2,920,307 | 1,439,228 | 48,338 | 4,407,873 |
| Arizona | 22,601,396 | 175,592 | 253,272 | 23,030,260 |
| Arkansas | 1,894,982 | 53,525 | 43 | 1,948,550 |
| California | 78,023,160 | 12,222 | 9,003,255 | 87,038,637 |
| Colorado | 24,212,369 | 288,368 | 340,914 | 24,841,651 |
| Connecticut | 3,333,535 | 80,510 | 33,689 | 3,447,734 |
| Delaware | 9,545 | 13 | 0 | 9,558 |
| District of Columbia ${ }^{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 60,036,297 | 1,474,461 | 5,087,950 | 66,598,708 |
| Georgia | 41,777,479 | 260,371 | 566,853 | 42,604,703 |
| Hawaii | 14,586,346 | 370,907 | 1,413,669 | 16,370,922 |
| Idaho | 1,988,752 | 32,496 | 43 | 2,021,291 |
| Illinois | 44,687,681 | 47,250 | 2,289,097 | 47,024,028 |
| Indiana | 4,824,069 | 57,150 | 12,155 | 4,893,374 |
| Iowa | 1,575,884 | 26,995 | 0 | 1,602,879 |
| Kansas | 732,592 | 42,547 | 45 | 775,184 |
| Kentucky | 10,249,010 | 71,332 | 37,257 | 10,357,599 |
| Louisiana | 4,371,988 | 97,885 | 3,961 | 4,473,834 |
| Maine | 988,209 | 46,424 | 259 | 1,034,892 |
| Maryland | 10,028,101 | 132,053 | 207,028 | 10,367,182 |
| Massachusetts | 12,135,297 | 500,867 | 1,266,742 | 13,902,906 |
| Michigan | 19,824,957 | 115,994 | 190,815 | 20,131,766 |
| Minnesota | 17,525,179 | 6 | 56,775 | 17,581,960 |
| Mississippi | 1,234,752 | 17,030 | 7 | 1,251,789 |
| Missouri | 12,805,521 | 142,171 | 31,190 | 12,978,882 |
| Montana | 1,394,668 | 57,280 | 45 | 1,451,993 |
| Nebraska | 2,249,257 | 59,002 | 274 | 2,308,533 |
| Nevada | 23,620,623 | 153,161 | 826,949 | 24,600,733 |
| New Hampshire | 1,903,083 | 54,386 | 9,506 | 1,966,975 |
| New Jersey | 16,746,225 | 1,914 | 1,532,323 | 18,280,462 |
| New Mexico | 3,148,942 | 81,619 | 0 | 3,230,561 |
| New York | 35,017,401 | 1,084,396 | 6,565,392 | 42,667,189 |
| North Carolina | 20,668,334 | 805,555 | 108,087 | 21,581,976 |
| North Dakota | 653,855 | 11,832 | 0 | 665,687 |
| Ohio | 10,704,706 | 269,270 | 31,476 | 11,005,452 |
| Oklahoma | 3,450,183 | 1,878 | 80 | 3,452,141 |
| Oregon | 7,737,433 | 3,680 | 136,514 | 7,877,627 |
| Pennsylvania | 20,204,793 | 1,326,523 | 367,758 | 21,899,074 |
| Rhode Island | 2,536,554 | 57,499 | 10,284 | 2,604,337 |
| South Carolina | 2,970,940 | 166,563 | 57 | 3,137,560 |
| South Dakota | 636,063 | 10,829 | 0 | 646,892 |
| Tennessee | 11,370,761 | 174,521 | 16,226 | 11,561,508 |
| Texas | 68,393,249 | 515,232 | 1,016,365 | 69,924,846 |
| Utah | 10,381,906 | 22,777 | 3,194 | 10,407,877 |
| Vermont | 613,385 | 66,059 | 9 | 679,453 |
| Virginia | 22,645,578 | 575,460 | 1,427,185 | 24,648,223 |
| Washington | 16,423,926 | 117,451 | 407,147 | 16,948,524 |
| West Virginia | 239,215 | 116,820 | 44 | 356,079 |
| Wisconsin | 4,942,623 | 552,875 | 15,209 | 5,510,707 |
| Wyoming | 381,577 | 95,362 | 7 | 476,946 |
| United States, total (excl. U.S. territories) | 683,999,348 | 11,931,787 | 33,317,495 | 729,248,630 |
| United States, total (incl. U.S. territories) | 691,241,535 | 12,459,554 | 34,029,041 | 737,730,130 |

${ }^{1}$ Reagan National is both legally and geographically a part of Virginia.
NOTE: Enplanements consist of all persons boarding a flight other than passengres or crew. In previous years the source of the data for this table was the FAA, which provides information on Air Taxi operators. The current table uses data from the Office of Airline Information which does not collect data on Air Taxi operators. General aviation passengers are also excluded from the data.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, T100 Market data, Washington, DC: various years. Data as of April 2, 2008.

Table 1-13: Number of Freight Railroads by Class: 2006

| State | Class I | Regional | Local | Switching and terminal | Canadian ${ }^{1}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 4 | 1 | 15 | 5 | 0 | 25 |
| Alaska | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Arizona | 2 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| Arkansas | 3 | 1 | 16 | 5 | 0 | 25 |
| California | 2 | 2 | 12 | 8 | 0 | 24 |
| Colorado | 2 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 14 |
| Connecticut | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Delaware | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 |
| District of Columbia | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Florida | 2 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 14 |
| Georgia | 2 | 0 | 20 | 1 | 0 | 23 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| Illinois | 7 | 5 | 11 | 18 | 0 | 41 |
| Indiana | 5 | 3 | 20 | 13 | 0 | 41 |
| lowa | 4 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 17 |
| Kansas | 4 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 14 |
| Kentucky | 5 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| Louisiana | 6 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 16 |
| Maine | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Maryland | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 9 |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 11 |
| Michigan | 4 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 1 | 24 |
| Minnesota | 4 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 20 |
| Mississippi | 5 | 1 | 16 | 5 | 0 | 27 |
| Missouri | 5 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 16 |
| Montana | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Nebraska | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 10 |
| Nevada | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| New Jersey | 2 | 1 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 17 |
| New Mexico | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| New York | 2 | 4 | 22 | 7 | 2 | 37 |
| North Carolina | 2 | 0 | 13 | 8 | 0 | 23 |
| North Dakota | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Ohio | 4 | 2 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 36 |
| Oklahoma | 3 | 1 | 11 | 5 | 0 | 20 |
| Oregon | 2 | 2 | 11 | 4 | 0 | 19 |
| Pennsylvania | 3 | 2 | 28 | 24 | 1 | 58 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| South Carolina | 2 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 14 |
| South Dakota | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| Tennessee | 6 | 0 | 14 | 6 | 0 | 26 |
| Texas | 3 | 2 | 19 | 20 | 0 | 44 |
| Utah | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 6 |
| Vermont | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Virginia | 2 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| Washington | 2 | 1 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 19 |
| West Virginia | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| Wisconsin | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 10 |
| Wyoming | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| United States, total | 7 | 33 | 323 | 196 | 2 | 561 |

${ }^{1}$ Refers to non-Class I, Canadian-owned lines.

## NOTES:

1. According to the Association of American Railroads, a Class I Railroad in 2006 is a railroad with operating revenues of at least $\$ 346.8$ million.
2. A Regional Railroad is a non-Class I, line-haul railroad operating 350 or more miles of road or with revenues of at least $\$ 40$ million or both.
3. A Local Railroad is a railroad which is neither a Class I nor a Regional Railroad, and is engaged primarily in line-haul service.
4. A Switching and Terminal Railroad is a non-Class I Railroad engaged primarily in switching and/or terminal services for other railroads.

Totals count railroads that operate in multiple states only once.
SOURCE: Association of American Railroads, Profile of the U.S. Freight Railroad Industry - 2006, Washington, DC: 2007, personal communication, Feb. 15, 2008.

Table 1-14: Miles of Freight Railroad Operated by Class of Railroad: $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}^{\mathbf{1}}$

| State | Class 1 | Regional | Local | Switching and terminal | Canadian ${ }^{3}$ | Total ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2,684 | 344 | 572 | 159 | 0 | 3,759 |
| Alaska | 0 | 506 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 506 |
| Arizona | 1,281 | 0 | 382 | 145 | 0 | 1,808 |
| Arkansas | 2,541 | 208 | 725 | 114 | 0 | 3,588 |
| California | 5,488 | 403 | 654 | 352 | 0 | 6,897 |
| Colorado | 2,924 | 191 | 412 | 98 | 0 | 3,625 |
| Connecticut | 69 | 411 | 222 | 0 | 0 | 702 |
| Delaware | 247 | 0 | 24 | 11 | 0 | 282 |
| District of Columbia | 33 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 38 |
| Florida | 1,801 | 431 | 726 | 4 | 0 | 2,962 |
| Georgia | 3,421 | 0 | 1,468 | 1 | 0 | 4,890 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 972 | 81 | 453 | 147 | 0 | 1,653 |
| Illinois | 7,941 | 845 | 744 | 402 | 0 | 9,932 |
| Indiana | 3,448 | 430 | 1,130 | 219 | 0 | 5,227 |
| Iowa | 2,768 | 1,006 | 376 | 45 | 0 | 4,195 |
| Kansas | 3,977 | 1,838 | 43 | 243 | 0 | 6,101 |
| Kentucky | 2,204 | 290 | 220 | 0 | 0 | 2,714 |
| Louisiana | 2,613 | 0 | 579 | 60 | 0 | 3,252 |
| Maine | 0 | 876 | 287 | 2 | 0 | 1,165 |
| Maryland | 828 | 125 | 176 | 27 | 0 | 1,156 |
| Massachusetts | 434 | 502 | 310 | 10 | 0 | 1,256 |
| Michigan | 2,571 | 440 | 1,220 | 260 | 1 | 4,492 |
| Minnesota | 4,035 | 714 | 889 | 156 | 44 | 5,838 |
| Mississippi | 1,957 | 46 | 424 | 170 | 0 | 2,597 |
| Missouri | 4,157 | 488 | 74 | 153 | 0 | 4,872 |
| Montana | 2,067 | 865 | 338 | 0 | 0 | 3,270 |
| Nebraska | 2,603 | 366 | 450 | 15 | 0 | 3,434 |
| Nevada | 2,004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,004 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 172 | 296 | 0 | 0 | 468 |
| New Jersey | 1,581 | 108 | 195 | 873 | 68 | 2,825 |
| New Mexico | 2,037 | 0 | 94 | 310 | 0 | 2,441 |
| New York | 2,154 | 455 | 1,283 | 129 | 803 | 4,824 |
| North Carolina | 2,552 | 0 | 550 | 226 | 0 | 3,328 |
| North Dakota | 2,273 | 1,308 | 158 | 0 | 0 | 3,739 |
| Ohio | 4,188 | 1,117 | 850 | 396 | 0 | 6,551 |
| Oklahoma | 2,625 | 78 | 978 | 318 | 0 | 3,999 |
| Oregon | 1,450 | 982 | 344 | 134 | 0 | 2,910 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,598 | 759 | 1,549 | 745 | 452 | 7,103 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 87 |
| South Carolina | 2,044 | 0 | 250 | 93 | 0 | 2,387 |
| South Dakota | 932 | 793 | 172 | 24 | 0 | 1,921 |
| Tennessee | 2,044 | 0 | 742 | 67 | 0 | 2,853 |
| Texas | 12,219 | 1,058 | 697 | 991 | 0 | 14,965 |
| Utah | 1,762 | 396 | 12 | 125 | 0 | 2,295 |
| Vermont | 0 | 79 | 538 | 0 | 0 | 617 |
| Virginia | 3,147 | 0 | 382 | 63 | 0 | 3,592 |
| Washington | 2,154 | 17 | 1,055 | 211 | 0 | 3,437 |
| West Virginia | 2,145 | 10 | 343 | 6 | 0 | 2,504 |
| Wisconsin | 3,326 | 620 | 180 | 7 | 0 | 4,133 |
| Wyoming | 1,847 | 6 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 1,883 |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ | 119,146 | 19,451 | 23,566 | 7,546 | 1,368 | 171,077 |

[^1]NOTE: For definition of railroad types see previous table.
SOURCE: Association of American Railroads, Profile of the U.S. Freight Railroad Industry - 2006, Washington, DC: 2007, personal communication, Feb. 15, 2008.

Table 1-15: Top 50 Water Ports by Tonnage: 2005

| Port | Rank | Millions of short tons |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Foreign | Domestic |
| Port of South Louisiana, LA | 1 | 212.2 | 94.6 | 117.7 |
| Houston, TX | 2 | 211.7 | 145.1 | 66.6 |
| New York, NY and NJ | 3 | 152.1 | 87.8 | 64.3 |
| Huntington-Tristate, WV, OH, KY | 4 | 83.9 | 0.0 | 83.9 |
| Long Beach, CA | 5 | 79.9 | 63.3 | 16.6 |
| Beaumont, TX | 6 | 78.9 | 60.1 | 18.8 |
| Corpus Christi, TX | 7 | 77.6 | 53.8 | 23.8 |
| New Orleans, LA | 8 | 65.9 | 33.1 | 32.8 |
| Baton Rouge, LA | 9 | 59.3 | 22.4 | 36.9 |
| Texas City, TX | 10 | 57.8 | 43.5 | 14.4 |
| Mobile, AL | 11 | 57.7 | 31.4 | 26.3 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 12 | 54.9 | 46.9 | 8.0 |
| Lake Charles, LA | 13 | 52.7 | 32.1 | 20.6 |
| Tampa, FL | 14 | 49.2 | 20.1 | 29.1 |
| Port of Plaquemines, LA | 15 | 47.9 | 16.0 | 31.9 |
| Duluth-Superior, MN and WI | 16 | 44.7 | 14.5 | 30.2 |
| Valdez, AK | 17 | 44.4 | 0.0 | 44.4 |
| Baltimore, MD | 18 | 44.1 | 28.2 | 15.9 |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 19 | 43.6 | 0.0 | 43.6 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 20 | 39.4 | 26.2 | 13.1 |
| Norfolk Harbor, VA | 21 | 35.3 | 26.4 | 8.8 |
| Freeport, TX | 22 | 33.6 | 28.4 | 5.2 |
| Paulsboro, NJ | 23 | 32.1 | 18.4 | 13.7 |
| St. Louis, MO and IL | 24 | 30.3 | 0.0 | 30.3 |
| Savannah, GA | 25 | 30.1 | 28.3 | 1.8 |
| Pascagoula, MS | 26 | 29.3 | 19.9 | 9.4 |
| Portland, ME | 27 | 29.3 | 28.2 | 1.1 |
| Tacoma, WA | 28 | 28.3 | 20.7 | 7.6 |
| Portland, OR | 29 | 28.1 | 16.4 | 11.8 |
| Seattle, WA | 30 | 28.1 | 21.0 | 7.1 |
| Port Arthur, TX | 31 | 26.4 | 18.1 | 8.3 |
| Chicago, IL | 32 | 25.8 | 2.7 | 23.1 |
| Charleston, SC | 33 | 25.4 | 21.9 | 3.6 |
| Port Everglades, FL | 34 | 24.7 | 14.2 | 10.5 |
| Richmond, CA | 35 | 24.5 | 11.7 | 12.8 |
| Boston, MA | 36 | 22.4 | 15.2 | 7.2 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 37 | 21.8 | 12.5 | 9.3 |
| Honolulu, HI | 38 | 20.4 | 6.7 | 13.7 |
| Marcus Hook, PA | 39 | 20.3 | 9.6 | 10.6 |
| Detroit, MI | 40 | 17.4 | 4.4 | 13.1 |
| Memphis, TN | 41 | 17.1 | 0.0 | 17.1 |
| Oakland, CA | 42 | 16.6 | 13.5 | 3.2 |
| Anacortes, WA | 43 | 15.8 | 3.2 | 12.6 |
| Cincinnati, OH | 44 | 14.6 | 0.0 | 14.6 |
| Indiana Harbor, IN | 45 | 14.1 | 0.4 | 13.7 |
| Newport News, VA | 46 | 13.7 | 7.8 | 5.8 |
| Cleveland, OH | 47 | 13.6 | 3.4 | 10.2 |
| San Juan, PR | 48 | 13.4 | 6.3 | 7.1 |
| Matagorda Ship Channel, TX | 49 | 11.6 | 9.2 | 2.4 |
| Presque Isle, MI | 50 | 11.0 | 3.4 | 7.6 |
| United States, total water ports |  | 2,527.6 | 1,498.7 | 1,028.9 |

NOTE: Top 50 water ports are not additive due to shared tonnage between ports.

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Calendar Year 2005, Part 5 National Summaries, Alexandria, VA: 2007, available at http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ndc/wcsc/wcsc.htm as of Nov. 16, 2007.

Table 1-16: Inland Waterway Mileage: 2007
(Includes only the 39 states and the District of Columbia with inland waterways)

| State | Miles |  | State | Miles |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Alabama | 1,270 |  | Mississippi |
| Alaska | 5,497 |  | Missouri | 873 |
| Arkansas | 1,860 |  | Nebraska | 1,033 |
| California | 286 |  | New Hampshire | 318 |
| Connecticut | 117 |  | New Jersey | 8 |
| Delaware | 99 |  | New York | 360 |
| District of Columbia | 7 |  | North Carolina | 394 |
| Florida | 1,540 |  | Ohio | 1,152 |
| Georgia | 721 |  | Oklahoma | 444 |
| Idaho | 111 |  | Oregon | 150 |
| Illinois | 1,095 |  | Pennsylvania | 681 |
| Indiana | 353 |  | Rhode Island | 259 |
| lowa | 492 |  | South Carolina | 39 |
| Kansas | 120 |  | South Dakota | 482 |
| Kentucky | 1,591 |  | Tennessee | 75 |
| Louisiana | 2,823 |  | Texas | 946 |
| Maine | 73 |  | Virginia | 834 |
| Maryland | 532 |  | Washington | 674 |
| Massachusetts | 90 |  | West Virginia | 1,057 |
| Minnesota | 258 |  | Wisconsin | 682 |
|  |  |  | United States, total | 231 |

NOTES: Waterway mileages were determined by including the length of channels 1 ) with a controlling draft of nine feet or greater, 2) with commercial cargo traffic reported for 1998 and 1999, but 3) were not offshore (i.e., channels in coastal areas included only the miles from the entrance channel inward). Channels within major bays are included (e.g., Chesapeake Bay, San Francisco Bay, Puget Sound, Long Island Sound, and major sounds and straits in southeastern Alaska). Channels in the Great Lakes are not included, but waterways connecting lakes and the St. Lawrence Seaway inside the United States are included.

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Navigation Data Center, National Waterway Network, personal communication, Feb.15, 2008.

## Section B <br> -** Safety

Table 2-1: Highway Traffic Fatalities and Fatality Rates: 2006

| State | Traffic fatalities | Licensed drivers (thousands) |  | Vehicle-miles traveled ${ }^{P}$ (millions) | Population (thousands) | Fatality rate per 100,000 Population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1,208 | 3,665 | 4,630 | 60,414 | 4,590 | 26 |
| Alaska | 74 | 489 | 675 | 4,967 | 677 | 11 |
| Arizona | 1,288 | 4,033 | 4,182 | 62,468 | 6,166 | 21 |
| Arkansas | 665 | 2,035 | 1,994 | 33,007 | 2,809 | 24 |
| California | 4,236 | 23,021 | 33,182 | 327,478 | 36,250 | 12 |
| Colorado | 535 | 3,341 | 1,808 | 48,641 | 4,766 | 11 |
| Connecticut | 301 | 2,805 | 3,052 | 31,743 | 3,496 | 9 |
| Delaware | 148 | 620 | 813 | 9,442 | 853 | 17 |
| District of Columbia | 37 | 358 | 219 | 3,623 | 585 | 6 |
| Florida | 3,374 | 13,989 | 16,374 | 203,741 | 18,058 | 19 |
| Georgia | 1,693 | 5,907 | 8,286 | 113,532 | 9,342 | 18 |
| Hawaii | 161 | 867 | 1,009 | 10,182 | 1,279 | 13 |
| Idaho | 267 | 1,008 | 1,275 | 15,198 | 1,464 | 18 |
| Illinois | 1,254 | 8,071 | 9,876 | 106,869 | 12,777 | 10 |
| Indiana | 899 | 4,246 | 4,955 | 71,215 | 6,303 | 14 |
| Iowa | 439 | 2,041 | 3,346 | 31,355 | 2,973 | 15 |
| Kansas | 468 | 2,003 | 2,389 | 30,215 | 2,756 | 17 |
| Kentucky | 913 | 2,896 | 3,558 | 47,742 | 4,204 | 22 |
| Louisiana | 982 | 3,014 | 3,873 | 45,417 | 4,243 | 23 |
| Maine | 188 | 1,005 | 1,072 | 15,044 | 1,315 | 14 |
| Maryland | 651 | 3,694 | 4,488 | 56,302 | 5,602 | 12 |
| Massachusetts | 430 | 4,712 | 5,385 | 55,136 | 6,434 | 7 |
| Michigan | 1,085 | 7,113 | 8,154 | 104,184 | 10,102 | 11 |
| Minnesota | 494 | 3,087 | 4,705 | 56,518 | 5,155 | 10 |
| Mississippi | 911 | 1,930 | 1,998 | 41,498 | 2,899 | 31 |
| Missouri | 1,096 | 4,140 | 4,957 | 68,834 | 5,838 | 19 |
| Montana | 263 | 724 | 1,067 | 11,265 | 947 | 28 |
| Nebraska | 269 | 1,328 | 1,733 | 19,415 | 1,764 | 15 |
| Nevada | 432 | 1,626 | 1,367 | 21,824 | 2,492 | 17 |
| New Hampshire | 127 | 1,028 | 1,060 | 13,614 | 1,312 | 10 |
| New Jersey | 772 | 5,834 | 5,958 | 75,371 | 8,666 | 9 |
| New Mexico | 484 | 1,338 | 1,581 | 25,787 | 1,942 | 25 |
| New York | 1,456 | 11,146 | 11,284 | 141,348 | 19,282 | 8 |
| North Carolina | 1,559 | 6,316 | 6,301 | 101,515 | 8,869 | 18 |
| North Dakota | 111 | 469 | 712 | 7,890 | 637 | 17 |
| Ohio | 1,238 | 7,739 | 10,829 | 111,247 | 11,464 | 11 |
| Oklahoma | 765 | 2,264 | 3,202 | 48,689 | 3,578 | 21 |
| Oregon | 477 | 2,767 | 2,981 | 35,483 | 3,691 | 13 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,525 | 8,526 | 9,894 | 108,278 | 12,403 | 12 |
| Rhode Island | 81 | 742 | 806 | 8,300 | 1,062 | 8 |
| South Carolina | 1,037 | 3,068 | 3,454 | 50,199 | 4,330 | 24 |
| South Dakota | 191 | 583 | 844 | 9,168 | 788 | 24 |
| Tennessee | 1,287 | 4,388 | 5,091 | 70,596 | 6,075 | 21 |
| Texas | 3,475 | 14,907 | 17,538 | 238,256 | 23,408 | 15 |
| Utah | 287 | 1,619 | 2,236 | 25,964 | 2,580 | 11 |
| Vermont | 87 | 532 | 588 | 7,832 | 621 | 14 |
| Virginia | 963 | 5,211 | 6,636 | 81,095 | 7,640 | 13 |
| Washington | 630 | 4,791 | 5,689 | 56,517 | 6,375 | 10 |
| West Virginia | 410 | 1,335 | 1,441 | 20,885 | 1,809 | 23 |
| Wisconsin | 724 | 4,049 | 4,971 | 59,398 | 5,573 | 13 |
| Wyoming | 195 | 391 | 645 | 9,415 | 513 | 38 |
| United States, total | 42,642 | 202,810 | 244,166 | 3,014,116 | 298,755 | 14 |

${ }^{1}$ Does not include motorcycle registrations.
$K E Y: P=$ preliminary.
SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2006 Early Edition,
www.nhtsa.dot.gov/portal/nhtsa_static_file_downloader.jsp?file=/staticfiles/DOT/NHTSA/NCSA/Content/TSF/TSF2006EE.pdf as of Feb. 13, 2008; U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Tables DL-1C, MV-1, and VM-2, Washington, DC: 2008.

Table 2-2: Passenger Car and Light Truck Occupants Killed and Restraint Use: 2006

| State | Restraint used |  | No restraint used |  | Restraint use unknown |  | Total occupants killed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fatalities | Percent | Fatalities | Percent | Fatalities | Percent |  |
| Alabama | 370 | 38.0 | 568 | 58.3 | 36 | 3.7 | 974 |
| Alaska | 28 | 60.9 | 17 | 37.0 | 1 | 2.2 | 46 |
| Arizona | 273 | 31.8 | 465 | 54.2 | 120 | 14.0 | 858 |
| Arkansas | 134 | 26.3 | 303 | 59.4 | 73 | 14.3 | 510 |
| California | 1,557 | 56.4 | 917 | 33.2 | 286 | 10.4 | 2,760 |
| Colorado | 139 | 37.8 | 226 | 61.4 | 3 | 0.8 | 368 |
| Connecticut | 90 | 44.3 | 71 | 35.0 | 42 | 20.7 | 203 |
| Delaware | 51 | 49.0 | 51 | 49.0 | 2 | 1.9 | 104 |
| District of Columbia | 10 | 55.6 | 6 | 33.3 | 2 | 11.1 | 18 |
| Florida | 779 | 38.3 | 1,156 | 56.9 | 97 | 4.8 | 2,032 |
| Georgia | 507 | 38.9 | 648 | 49.7 | 150 | 11.5 | 1,305 |
| Hawaii | 38 | 40.4 | 39 | 41.5 | 17 | 18.1 | 94 |
| Idaho | 85 | 40.3 | 116 | 55.0 | 10 | 4.7 | 211 |
| Illinois | 378 | 41.4 | 436 | 47.7 | 100 | 10.9 | 914 |
| Indiana | 261 | 39.5 | 309 | 46.7 | 91 | 13.8 | 661 |
| Iowa | 161 | 48.9 | 129 | 39.2 | 39 | 11.9 | 329 |
| Kansas | 138 | 39.4 | 200 | 57.1 | 12 | 3.4 | 350 |
| Kentucky | 229 | 32.6 | 474 | 67.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 703 |
| Louisiana | 263 | 35.2 | 437 | 58.5 | 47 | 6.3 | 747 |
| Maine | 48 | 34.0 | 65 | 46.1 | 28 | 19.9 | 141 |
| Maryland | 254 | 55.9 | 176 | 38.8 | 24 | 5.3 | 454 |
| Massachusetts | 79 | 26.4 | 158 | 52.8 | 62 | 20.7 | 299 |
| Michigan | 424 | 55.1 | 251 | 32.6 | 94 | 12.2 | 769 |
| Minnesota | 146 | 40.6 | 184 | 51.1 | 30 | 8.3 | 360 |
| Mississippi | 214 | 27.9 | 552 | 72.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 766 |
| Missouri | 238 | 27.1 | 563 | 64.2 | 76 | 8.7 | 877 |
| Montana | 65 | 30.5 | 143 | 67.1 | 5 | 2.3 | 213 |
| Nebraska | 77 | 33.5 | 136 | 59.1 | 17 | 7.4 | 230 |
| Nevada | 133 | 42.6 | 147 | 47.1 | 32 | 10.3 | 312 |
| New Hampshire | 22 | 22.4 | 71 | 72.4 | 5 | 5.1 | 98 |
| New Jersey | 148 | 39.6 | 205 | 54.8 | 21 | 5.6 | 374 |
| New Mexico | 154 | 44.9 | 171 | 49.9 | 18 | 5.2 | 343 |
| New York | 417 | 49.2 | 371 | 43.8 | 60 | 7.1 | 848 |
| North Carolina | 579 | 48.9 | 534 | 45.1 | 72 | 6.1 | 1,185 |
| North Dakota | 30 | 33.0 | 60 | 65.9 | 1 | 1.1 | 91 |
| Ohio | 385 | 42.2 | 502 | 55.0 | 26 | 2.8 | 913 |
| Oklahoma | 242 | 40.4 | 351 | 58.6 | 6 | 1.0 | 599 |
| Oregon | 204 | 58.3 | 106 | 30.3 | 40 | 11.4 | 350 |
| Pennsylvania | 345 | 31.6 | 599 | 54.9 | 148 | 13.6 | 1,092 |
| Rhode Island | 12 | 25.5 | 35 | 74.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 47 |
| South Carolina | 259 | 33.8 | 455 | 59.3 | 53 | 6.9 | 767 |
| South Dakota | 26 | 17.4 | 112 | 75.2 | 11 | 7.4 | 149 |
| Tennessee | 371 | 37.7 | 551 | 55.9 | 63 | 6.4 | 985 |
| Texas | 1,254 | 48.9 | 1,136 | 44.3 | 172 | 6.7 | 2,562 |
| Utah | 101 | 46.5 | 86 | 39.6 | 30 | 13.8 | 217 |
| Vermont | 34 | 46.6 | 35 | 47.9 | 4 | 5.5 | 73 |
| Virginia | 274 | 36.0 | 452 | 59.3 | 36 | 4.7 | 762 |
| Washington | 242 | 53.3 | 197 | 43.4 | 15 | 3.3 | 454 |
| West Virginia | 93 | 30.5 | 159 | 52.1 | 53 | 17.4 | 305 |
| Wisconsin | 204 | 37.6 | 296 | 54.5 | 43 | 7.9 | 543 |
| Wyoming | 53 | 34.0 | 96 | 61.5 | 7 | 4.5 | 156 |
| United States, total | 12,618 | 41.3 | 15,523 | 50.9 | 2,380 | 7.8 | 30,521 |

NOTES: Fatalities in this table include passenger car and light truck occupants only. Occupants of other vehicle types - heavy trucks, motorcycles, and buses - are excluded, as are other types of highway-related fatalities such as pedestrian fatalities. Hence, the fatalities represented here are lower than those in table 2-1. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2006 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2007, available at
www.nhtsa.dot.gov/portal/nhtsa_static_file_downloader.jsp?file=/staticfiles/DOT/NHTSA/NCSA/Content/TSF/TSF2006EE.pdf as of Dec. 10, 2007.

Table 2-3: Large Truck Involvement in Fatal Crashes: 2006

| State | Total occupant fatalities in all motor vehicle crashes | Total vehicles involved in all fatal motor vehicle crashes | Large trucks |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Occupant fatalities |  | Involved in fatal crashes |  |
|  |  |  | Number | Percent of state total | Number | Percent of state total |
| Alabama | 1,117 | 1,585 | 20 | 1.8 | 126 | 7.9 |
| Alaska | 63 | 111 | 1 | 1.6 | 4 | 3.6 |
| Arizona | 1,088 | 1,719 | 21 | 1.9 | 128 | 7.4 |
| Arkansas | 627 | 886 | 25 | 4.0 | 97 | 10.9 |
| California | 3,348 | 5,822 | 43 | 1.3 | 384 | 6.6 |
| Colorado | 463 | 724 | 19 | 4.1 | 73 | 10.1 |
| Connecticut | 260 | 435 | 2 | 0.8 | 29 | 6.7 |
| Delaware | 117 | 206 | 1 | 0.9 | 17 | 8.3 |
| District of Columbia | 20 | 49 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 4.1 |
| Florida | 2,672 | 4,847 | 39 | 1.5 | 336 | 6.9 |
| Georgia | 1,511 | 2,430 | 34 | 2.3 | 228 | 9.4 |
| Hawaii | 125 | 204 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 3.4 |
| Idaho | 256 | 332 | 0 | 0.0 | 24 | 7.2 |
| Illinois | 1,084 | 1,730 | 24 | 2.2 | 157 | 9.1 |
| Indiana | 801 | 1,250 | 27 | 3.4 | 136 | 10.9 |
| Iowa | 407 | 582 | 12 | 2.9 | 72 | 12.4 |
| Kansas | 439 | 628 | 14 | 3.2 | 64 | 10.2 |
| Kentucky | 853 | 1,263 | 25 | 2.9 | 104 | 8.2 |
| Louisiana | 861 | 1,332 | 11 | 1.3 | 97 | 7.3 |
| Maine | 173 | 246 | 4 | 2.3 | 18 | 7.3 |
| Maryland | 550 | 936 | 8 | 1.5 | 59 | 6.3 |
| Massachusetts | 362 | 572 | 6 | 1.7 | 33 | 5.8 |
| Michigan | 920 | 1,525 | 11 | 1.2 | 113 | 7.4 |
| Minnesota | 446 | 688 | 11 | 2.5 | 61 | 8.9 |
| Mississippi | 851 | 1,156 | 18 | 2.1 | 81 | 7.0 |
| Missouri | 1,009 | 1,470 | 22 | 2.2 | 130 | 8.8 |
| Montana | 249 | 298 | 8 | 3.2 | 26 | 8.7 |
| Nebraska | 258 | 333 | 5 | 1.9 | 28 | 8.4 |
| Nevada | 368 | 619 | 6 | 1.6 | 43 | 6.9 |
| New Hampshire | 119 | 179 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 3.9 |
| New Jersey | 592 | 1,063 | 13 | 2.2 | 60 | 5.6 |
| New Mexico | 409 | 572 | 13 | 3.2 | 67 | 11.7 |
| New York | 1,096 | 1,970 | 26 | 2.4 | 163 | 8.3 |
| North Carolina | 1,358 | 2,121 | 16 | 1.2 | 148 | 7.0 |
| North Dakota | 107 | 134 | 6 | 5.6 | 17 | 12.7 |
| Ohio | 1,121 | 1,741 | 27 | 2.4 | 152 | 8.7 |
| Oklahoma | 710 | 1,025 | 35 | 4.9 | 134 | 13.1 |
| Oregon | 415 | 597 | 12 | 2.9 | 50 | 8.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,339 | 2,087 | 35 | 2.6 | 183 | 8.8 |
| Rhode Island | 65 | 100 | 2 | 3.1 | 9 | 9.0 |
| South Carolina | 896 | 1,389 | 12 | 1.3 | 88 | 6.3 |
| South Dakota | 183 | 237 | 6 | 3.3 | 17 | 7.2 |
| Tennessee | 1,182 | 1,729 | 29 | 2.5 | 140 | 8.1 |
| Texas | 3,023 | 4,674 | 88 | 2.9 | 446 | 9.5 |
| Utah | 248 | 365 | 6 | 2.4 | 31 | 8.5 |
| Vermont | 87 | 106 | 3 | 3.4 | 10 | 9.4 |
| Virginia | 865 | 1,246 | 20 | 2.3 | 102 | 8.2 |
| Washington | 552 | 858 | 14 | 2.5 | 66 | 7.7 |
| West Virginia | 387 | 552 | 9 | 2.3 | 45 | 8.2 |
| Wisconsin | 661 | 965 | 4 | 0.6 | 72 | 7.5 |
| Wyoming | 189 | 255 | 12 | 6.3 | 48 | 18.8 |
| United States, total | 36,902 | 57,943 | 805 | 2.2 | 4,732 | 8.2 |

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, 2006 Traffic Safety Fact Sheets: Large Trucks, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.nhtsa.gov/portal/site/nhtsa/ncsa as of Dec. 10, 2007; U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2006 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2007, available at www.nhtsa.dot.gov/portal/nhtsa_static_file_downloader.jsp?file=/staticfiles/DOT/NHTSA/NCSA/Content/TSF/TSF2006EE.pdf as of Dec. 10, 2007.

Table 2-4: Key Provisions of Safety Belt Use Laws: 2006

| State | Effective ${ }^{1}$ | Enforcement ${ }^{2}$ | FineSeats <br> covered $^{3}$ | Vehicles exempted ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 7/18/1992 | Primary | \$25 Front | Designed for >10 passengers; model year <1965, rural mail carriers, newspaper delivery, and vehicles normally operating in reverse. |
| Alaska | 9/12/1990 | Primary ${ }^{5}$ | \$15 All | School bus, emergency vehicles, mail or newspaper delivery, non-highway vehicles generally. |
| Arizona | 1/1/1991 | Secondary ${ }^{6}$ | \$10 Front | Designed for >10 passengers; model year <1972; rural mail carriers. |
| Arkansas | 7/15/1991 | Secondary | \$25 Front | School, church, or public bus; model year <1968. |
| California | 1/1/1986 | Primary | \$20 All | Emergency vehicles, postal service vehicles, newspaper delivery vehicles. |
| Colorado | 711/1987 | Secondary ${ }^{7}$ | \$17 Front | Passenger bus, school bus, ambulance, postal service vehicles, delivery and pickup services. |
| Connecticut | 1/1/1986 | Primary | \$15 Front | Truck or bus $>15,000 \mathrm{lbs}$; public, emergency, and delivery vehicles; postal service vehicles; newspaper delivery vehicles. |
| Delaware | 1/1/1992 | Primary | \$25 All | Postal service vehicles, tractors, off highway vehicles. |
| District of Columbia | 12/12/1985 | Primary | \$50 ${ }^{8}$ All | Seating $>8$ people. |
| Florida | 7/1/1986 | Secondary | \$30 Front | School bus purchased before 1/1/2001; farm tractors, trash trucks, newspaper delivery, living space RVs, public bus, truck $>5,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. Number of passengers in pickup truck required to wear seat belt shall not exceed number of installed front seat belts (extra passengers exempted). |
| Georgia | 9/1/1988 | Primary | \$15-\$25 Front | Designed for $>10$ passengers, pickup, offroad vehicles, vehicles used for frequent stops. Exemption for pickups applies to passengers 18 and over. |
| Hawaii | 2/16/1985 | Primary | \$55 ${ }^{9}$ Front | Bus or school bus $>10,000 \mathrm{lbs}$, emergency vehicles, taxicabs. Exempts persons unable to use seat belt when all available seat belt assemblies are in use (in that case, unsecured children must sit in the back seat. |
| Idaho | 7/1/1986 | Secondary | \$10 All | >8,000 lbs, mail carriers, implements of husbandry. |
| Illinois | 7/1/1985 | Primary | \$25 Front | Emergency vehicles, vehicles making frequent stops. If driver is under 18, all passengers under 19 must be restrained. Children >40 lbs may use lap belt in rear seat if no combination belt is available. |
| Indiana | 7/1/1987 | Primary | \$25 Front | Truck, tractor, RV, postal vehicles, delivery vehicles, taxi, bus, emergency vehicles, antique cars. |
| Iowa | 7/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 Front | Delivery vehicles that do not exceed 25 mph between stops, emergency vehicles, postal vehicles. |
| Kansas | 7/1/1986 | Secondary | \$10 Front | Designed for $>10$ people, truck $>12,000 \mathrm{lbs}$, off-road vehicles, postal vehicles, newspaper delivery vehicles. |
| Kentucky | 7/13/1994 | Primary ${ }^{10}$ | \$25 All | Designed for $>10$ people, truck $>12,000 \mathrm{lbs}$, farm trucks 2,000 lbs or more; postal vehicles. Safety belt roadblocks prohibited. No points on driving record for belt violations. |
| Louisiana | 7/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 Front | Designed for >10 people, utility vehicles traveling <20 mph , model year <1981, postal vehicles, farm vehicles, persons delivering newspapers. |
| Maine | 12/27/1995 | Primary | \$50 All | Manufactured without safety belts, postal vehicles. Everyone in school bus equipped with safety belts must use them. |
| Maryland | 7/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 Outboard front | "Historical" vehicles, for-hire vehicles, farm vehicles within 10 miles of farm, vanpool vehicles, ambulances, funeral limousines, modified vehicles $25+$ years old. |
| Massachusetts | 2/1/1994 | Secondary | \$25 All | Trucks $>18,000 \mathrm{lbs}$, buses and taxis, emergency vehicles, postal vehicles. |
| Michigan | 7/1/1985 | Primary | \$25 Front | Taxi, bus, school bus, postal service vehicles, commercial vehicles making frequent stops. |
| Minnesota | 8/1/1986 | Secondary | \$25 Front | Farm pickup trucks, postal vehicles, commercial vehicles making frequent stops if not exceeding 25 mph between stops. |
| Mississippi | 3/20/1990 | Primary | \$25 Front | Farm vehicle, buses, postal vehicles, utlity meter readers' vehicles, all-terrain vehicles, vehicles designed for $>15$ people. |
| Missouri | 9/28/1985 | Secondary ${ }^{11}$ | \$10 Front | Designed for $>10$ people; truck $>12,000 \mathrm{lbs}$; postal service vehicles; vehicles being used for agriculture |
| Montana | 10/1/1987 | Secondary ${ }^{12}$ | \$20 All | Vehicles making frequent stops if exemption obtained from state, construction vehicles. |
| Nebraska | 1/1/1993 | Secondary | \$25 Front | Model year <1973, farm tractors and other agricultural equipment, buses, postal vehicles, ambulance or rescue service vehicles. |
| Nevada | 7/1/1987 | Secondary | \$25 All | Taxi, bus, school bus, postal service vehicles, emergency vehicles, delivery vehicles not exceeding 15 mph , any vehicle or seating position if the state determines compliance is impractical. |
| New Hampshire | None | No adult law | \$25 All | School bus, vehicle for hire, model year <1968, antique cars, vehicles in parade traveling at 10 mph or less. |
| New Jersey | 3/1/1985 | Primary | \$20 Front | Manufactured before 1966, rural letter carriers. |
| New Mexico | 1/1/1986 | Primary | \$25 ${ }^{13} \mathrm{All}$ | Vehicles $>10,000 \mathrm{lbs}$, rural letter carriers. |
| New York | 12/1/1984 | Primary | \$50-\$100 ${ }^{14}$ Front | Bus, school bus ${ }^{15}$, taxi, emergency or delivery vehicle, rural letter carriers. |

Table 2-4: Key Provisions of Safety Belt Use Laws: 2006 (continued)

| State | Effective ${ }^{1}$ | Enforcement ${ }^{2}$ | Fine $\quad$Seats <br> covered ${ }^{3}$ | Vehicles exempted ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North Carolina | 10/1/1985 | Primary | $\begin{gathered} \$ 25^{16} \text { Front; all } \\ \text { seats as of } \\ 7 / 1 / 07 \end{gathered}$ | Designed for >11 people, farm vehicles, postal vehicles, designated commercial vehicles, emergency vehicles. If no lap and shoulder belt, children 40-80 lbs may be in lap belt. |
| North Dakota | 7/14/1994 | Secondary ${ }^{17}$ | \$20 Front | Designed for >10 people, farm vehicles, rural mail carriers. When all seats or all front seat safety belts are used by other occupants. |
| Ohio | 5/6/1986 | Secondary | \$30 ${ }^{18}$ Front | Postal service vehicles, vehicles delivering newspapers. |
| Oklahoma | 2/1/1987 | Primary | \$20 Front | Farm vehicle, truck, truck tractor, RV, postal service vehicles, school buses, taxicabs, emergency vehicles. |
| Oregon | 12/7/1990 | Primary | \$75 or less All | Newspaper, mail, meter, and transit vehicles; for-hire vehicles; trash trucks; emergency vehicles; taxicab operators. |
| Pennsylvania | 11/23/1987 | Secondary | \$10 ${ }^{19}$ Front | Truck >7,000 lbs, rural letter carriers, delivery vehicles traveling at 15 mph or less. |
| Rhode Island | 6/18/1991 | Secondary ${ }^{20}$ | \$75 All | Postal service vehicles. |
| South Carolina | 7/1/1989 | Primary ${ }^{21}$ | \$25 All | Emergency vehicles, buses, postal service vehicles, delivery vehicles, vehicles varrying >10 passengers, parade vehicles; vehicles in which all seating positions with safety belts are already occupied; persons occupying rear seat, unless the vehicle is equipped with shoulder harness. |
| South Dakota | 1/1/1995 | Secondary ${ }^{22}$ | \$20 Front | Passenger bus, school bus, rural mail carriers, newspaper or periodical deliveries. |
| Tennessee | 4/21/1986 | Primary | \$10 ${ }^{23}$ Front | >8,500 lbs, rural letter carriers, utlity workers, newspaper delivery; vehicles in parades, hayrides, or crossing a highway from one field to another if operated at < 15 mph . |
| Texas | 9/1/1985 | Primary | \$25-\$50 Front | Designed for $>10$ people, truck $>15,000 \mathrm{lbs}$, farm vehicles, postal service vehicles, meter readers. |
| Utah | 4/28/1986 | Secondary ${ }^{24}$ | \$45 or less ${ }^{25}$ All | Passengers exempted if all seats occupied or if riding in seating positions not equipped with safety belts. |
| Vermont | 1/1/1994 | Secondary | \$25 All | Bus, taxi, rural mail carriers, delivery vehicles traveling at 15 mph or less, emergency vehicles, farm tractors. |
| Virginia | 1/1/1988 | Secondary | \$25 Front | Designed for $>10$ people, taxi, police vehicles, rural mail carriers, newspaper delivery, utility meter readers, commercial vehicles making frequent stops. |
| Washington | 6/11/1986 | Primary | \$35 All | Designed for $>10$ people; when all designated seating positions are occupied; vehicles exempted by state regulation, including farm, construction, or commercial vehicles making frequent stops. |
| West Virginia | 9/1/1993 | Secondary | \$25 ${ }^{26}$ Front | Designed for $>10$ people, rural mail carriers. |
| Wisconsin | 12/1/1987 | Secondary | \$10 All | Taxi, farm trucks engaged in farming, emergency vehicles required to make more than 10 stops per mile, rural mail carriers, land surveyors. |
| Wyoming | 6/8/1989 | Secondary ${ }^{27}$ | $25^{28} \mathrm{All}$ | Postal vehicles, emergency vehicles, buses. Excess passengers exempted if all seats are occupied. |

KEY: RV = recreational vehicle.

NOTES: ${ }^{1}$ Effective date of first belt law in the state; ${ }^{2}$ Primary enforcement enables police officers to stop vehicles and write citations whenever they observe a violation of the seat belt law. Secondary enforcement allows police officers to write a citation for seat belt infractions only after stopping a vehicle for some other traffic infraction; ${ }^{3}$ Virtually every State exempts persons who for medical reasons cannot use a safety belt and vehicles not originally required to be equipped with safety belts; ${ }^{4}$ Exemptions for emergency vehicles and buses generally do not apply to the driver; ${ }^{5}$ To enforce the safety belt law, the officer must personally observe the violation or have another reason to stop the vehicle; If a motorist is wearing a safety belt when stopped for another violation, the fine for that violation is reduced by $\$ 10$;'Primary enforcement if the driver is under 17 years of age; ${ }^{8}$ Plus 2 points on license record; ${ }^{9}$ Includes $\$ 45$ fine and $\$ 10$ surcharge for neuro-trauma special fund; ${ }^{10}$ Primary enforcement begins $1 / 1 / 07$; until then, "courtesy notices" will be given as part of educational phase; ${ }^{11}$ Primary for children $<16$ years of age;
${ }^{12}$ Exemption for persons who cannot use a seat belt because all available seat belts are in use; ${ }^{13}$ Plus 2 points on driving record; ${ }^{14}$ Plus 3 points on license record if the violation involves a child under 16 years of age. Front seat passengers 16 years and older can be fined up to $\$ 50$ and drivers can be fined up to $\$ 100$ for each passenger < 16 years not wearing a safety belt; ${ }^{15}$ School buses sold in the State must be equipped with seat belts. Board of Education, via regulations, may provide that on school buses under its jurisdiction, safety belts be used when vehicle is in operation; ${ }^{16}$ On July 1,2007 , the fine for a rear seat passenger will be $\$ 10$ and no court costs, with secondary enforcement of violations occurring in the rear seat; ${ }^{17}$ Primary enforcement for all positions if occupant is <18 years of age;
${ }^{18} \$ 30$ driver, $\$ 20$ passenger; ${ }^{19}$ Fine is $\$ 10$, but with court, EMS, judicial, and computer costs the ticket total is $\$ 51.50$; ${ }^{20}$ Primary enforcement for drivers and occupants $<18$ years of age; ${ }^{21}$ Safetbelt law may not be enforced by checkpoints designed for that purpose. Law does not apply to an occupant if all belts in the vehicle are used by other occupants; ${ }^{22}$ Primary enforcement for all seating positions if occupant is $<18$ years of age; ${ }^{23}$ Drivers 18 years of age and older pay $\$ 10$ if they do not contest the citation; drivers $16-17$ years pay $\$ 20$; $\$ 50$ if unsuccessfully contested in court; ${ }^{24}$ Primary enforcement for all seating positions if occupant is 18 years of age or under; ${ }^{25}$ Reduced to $\$ 15$ upon completion of class; standard enforcement for children 18 years of age and under; ${ }^{26}$ The fine for drivers is $\$ 25$; the fine for passengers $>12$ years of age is $\$ 10$; ${ }^{27}$ If motorist is wearing safety belt when stopped for another violation, the fine for that violation is reduced by $\$ 10 ;{ }^{28}$ Passengers violating the safety belt requirements are subject to a fine of $\$ 10$.

Table 2-5: Current Helmet Use Laws: 2008

| State | Motorcycle riders covered by helmet law | Bicycle riders covered by helmet law |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | All riders | Younger than 16 |
| Alaska | Younger than $18{ }^{1}$ | No law |
| Arizona | Younger than 18 | No law |
| Arkansas | Younger than 21 | No law |
| California | All riders | Younger than 18 |
| Colorado | Younger than 18 and their passengers Younger than 18 | No law |
| Connecticut | Younger than 18 | Younger than 16 |
| Delaware | Younger than 19 | Younger than 16 |
| District of Columbia | All riders | Younger than 16 |
| Florida | Younger than $21{ }^{2}$ | Younger than 16 |
| Georgia | All riders | Younger than 16 |
| Hawaii | Younger than 18 | Younger than 16 |
| Idaho | Younger than 18 | No law |
| Illinois | No law | No law |
| Indiana | Younger than 18 | No law |
| lowa | No law | No law |
| Kansas | Younger than 18 | No law |
| Kentucky | Younger than $21{ }^{3}$ | No law |
| Louisiana | All riders | Younger than 12 |
| Maine | Younger than $15{ }^{4}$ | Younger than 16 |
| Maryland | All riders | Younger than 16 |
| Massachusetts | All riders | Younger than 17 (riding with children younger than 1 prohibited) |
| Michigan | All riders | No law |
| Minnesota | Younger than $18{ }^{5}$ | No law |
| Mississippi | All riders | No law |
| Missouri | All riders | No law |
| Montana | Younger than 18 | No law |
| Nebraska | All riders | No law |
| Nevada | All riders | No law |
| New Hampshire | No law | Younger than 16 |
| New Jersey | All riders | Younger than 17 |
| New Mexico | Younger than 18 | No law |
| New York | All riders | Younger than 14 (riding with children younger than 1 prohibited) |
| North Carolina | All riders | Younger than 16 |
| North Dakota | Younger than $18^{6}$ | No law |
| Ohio | Younger than $18{ }^{7}$ | No law |
| Oklahoma | Younger than 18 | No law |
| Oregon | All riders | Younger than 16 |
| Pennsylvania | Younger than $21{ }^{8}$ | Younger than 12 |
| Rhode Island | Younger than $21{ }^{9}$ | Younger than 16 |
| South Carolina | Younger than 21 | No law |
| South Dakota | Younger than 18 | No law |
| Tennessee | All riders | Younger than 16 |
| Texas | Younger than $21{ }^{10}$ | No law |
| Utah | Younger than 18 | No law |
| Vermont | All riders | No law |
| Virginia | All riders | No law |
| Washington | All riders | No law |
| West Virginia | All riders | Younger than 15 |
| Wisconsin | Younger than $18{ }^{11}$ | No law |
| Wyoming | Younger than 18 | No law |

[^2]Table 2-6: Safety Belt Use: 2000, 2002, 2004, 2005, and 2006 (Percentage of drivers and passengers in the front right seat using safety belts)

| State | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 71 | 79 | 80 | 82 | 83 |
| Alaska | 61 | 66 | 77 | 78 | 83 |
| Arizona | 75 | 74 | 95 | 94 | 79 |
| Arkansas | 52 | 64 | 64 | 68 | 69 |
| California | 89 | 91 | 90 | 93 | 93 |
| Colorado | 65 | 73 | 79 | 79 | 80 |
| Connecticut | 76 | 78 | 83 | 82 | 84 |
| Delaware | 66 | 71 | 82 | 84 | 86 |
| District of Columbia | 83 | 85 | 87 | 89 | 85 |
| Florida | 65 | 75 | 76 | 74 | 81 |
| Georgia | 74 | 77 | 87 | 90 | 90 |
| Hawaii | 80 | 90 | 95 | 95 | 93 |
| Idaho | 59 | 63 | 74 | 76 | 80 |
| Illinois | 70 | 74 | 83 | 86 | 88 |
| Indiana | 62 | 72 | 83 | 81 | 84 |
| lowa | 78 | 82 | 86 | 87 | 90 |
| Kansas | 62 | 61 | 68 | 69 | 74 |
| Kentucky | 60 | 62 | 66 | 67 | 67 |
| Louisiana | 68 | 69 | 75 | 78 | 75 |
| Maine | N | N | 72 | 76 | 77 |
| Maryland | 85 | 86 | 89 | 91 | 91 |
| Massachusetts | 50 | 51 | 63 | 65 | 67 |
| Michigan | 84 | 83 | 91 | 93 | 94 |
| Minnesota | 73 | 80 | 82 | 84 | 83 |
| Mississippi | 50 | 62 | 63 | 61 | 74 |
| Missouri | 68 | 69 | 76 | 77 | 75 |
| Montana | 76 | 78 | 81 | 80 | 79 |
| Nebraska | 71 | 70 | 79 | 79 | 76 |
| Nevada | 79 | 75 | 87 | 95 | 91 |
| New Hampshire | N | N | N | N | 64 |
| New Jersey | 74 | 81 | 82 | 86 | 90 |
| New Mexico | 87 | 88 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| New York | 77 | 83 | 85 | 85 | 83 |
| North Carolina | 81 | 84 | 86 | 87 | 89 |
| North Dakota | 48 | 63 | 67 | 76 | 79 |
| Ohio | 65 | 70 | 74 | 79 | 82 |
| Oklahoma | 68 | 70 | 80 | 83 | 84 |
| Oregon | 84 | 88 | 93 | 93 | 94 |
| Pennsylvania | 71 | 76 | 82 | 83 | 86 |
| Rhode Island | 64 | 71 | 76 | 75 | 74 |
| South Carolina | 74 | 66 | 66 | 70 | 73 |
| South Dakota | 53 | 64 | 69 | 69 | 71 |
| Tennessee | 59 | 67 | 72 | 74 | 79 |
| Texas | 77 | 81 | 83 | 90 | 90 |
| Utah | 76 | 80 | 86 | 87 | 89 |
| Vermont | 62 | 85 | 80 | 85 | 82 |
| Virginia | 70 | 70 | 80 | 80 | 79 |
| Washington | 82 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 |
| West Virginia | 50 | 72 | 76 | 85 | 89 |
| Wisconsin | 65 | 66 | 72 | 73 | 75 |
| Wyoming | 67 | 67 | 70 | N | 64 |
| Nationwide | 71 | 75 | 80 | 82 | 81 |

KEY: $N=$ data do not exist
SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Seat Belt Use in 2006—Use Rates in the States and Territories, Washington, DC: April 2007, available at http://wwwnrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/Pubs/810690.PDF as of Dec. 7, 2007.

Table 2-7: Pedestrian Fatalities Involving Motor Vehicles: 2006

| State | Total traffic fatalities | Pedestrians killed | Pedestrian fatalities as percent of total | Population (thousands) | Pedestrian fatality rate per 100,000 population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1,208 | 78 | 6.5 | 4,599 | 1.7 |
| Alaska | 74 | 9 | 12.2 | 670.053 | 1.3 |
| Arizona | 1,288 | 167 | 13.0 | 6,166 | 2.7 |
| Arkansas | 665 | 31 | 4.7 | 2,811 | 1.1 |
| California | 4,236 | 717 | 16.9 | 36,458 | 2.0 |
| Colorado | 535 | 59 | 11.0 | 4,753 | 1.2 |
| Connecticut | 301 | 36 | 12.0 | 3,505 | 1.0 |
| Delaware | 148 | 27 | 18.2 | 853.476 | 3.2 |
| District of Columbia | 37 | 17 | 45.9 | 581.53 | 2.9 |
| Florida | 3,374 | 546 | 16.2 | 18,090 | 3.0 |
| Georgia | 1,693 | 148 | 8.7 | 9,364 | 1.6 |
| Hawaii | 161 | 31 | 19.3 | 1,285 | 2.4 |
| Idaho | 267 | 8 | 3.0 | 1,466 | 0.5 |
| Illinois | 1,254 | 138 | 11.0 | 12,832 | 1.1 |
| Indiana | 899 | 73 | 8.1 | 6,314 | 1.2 |
| lowa | 439 | 25 | 5.7 | 2,982 | 0.8 |
| Kansas | 468 | 23 | 4.9 | 2,764 | 0.8 |
| Kentucky | 913 | 52 | 5.7 | 4,206 | 1.2 |
| Louisiana | 982 | 96 | 9.8 | 4,288 | 2.2 |
| Maine | 188 | 10 | 5.3 | 1,322 | 0.8 |
| Maryland | 651 | 94 | 14.4 | 5,616 | 1.7 |
| Massachusetts | 430 | 61 | 14.2 | 6,437 | 0.9 |
| Michigan | 1,085 | 136 | 12.5 | 10,096 | 1.3 |
| Minnesota | 494 | 38 | 7.7 | 5,167 | 0.7 |
| Mississippi | 911 | 56 | 6.1 | 2,911 | 1.9 |
| Missouri | 1,096 | 76 | 6.9 | 5,843 | 1.3 |
| Montana | 263 | 12 | 4.6 | 944.632 | 1.3 |
| Nebraska | 269 | 9 | 3.3 | 1,768 | 0.5 |
| Nevada | 432 | 52 | 12.0 | 2,496 | 2.1 |
| New Hampshire | 127 | 6 | 4.7 | 1,315 | 0.5 |
| New Jersey | 772 | 165 | 21.4 | 8,725 | 1.9 |
| New Mexico | 484 | 69 | 14.3 | 1,955 | 3.5 |
| New York | 1,456 | 312 | 21.4 | 19,306 | 1.6 |
| North Carolina | 1,559 | 173 | 11.1 | 8,857 | 2.0 |
| North Dakota | 111 | 4 | 3.6 | 635.867 | 0.6 |
| Ohio | 1,238 | 96 | 7.8 | 11,478 | 0.8 |
| Oklahoma | 765 | 46 | 6.0 | 3,579 | 1.3 |
| Oregon | 477 | 47 | 9.9 | 3,701 | 1.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,525 | 166 | 10.9 | 12,441 | 1.3 |
| Rhode Island | 81 | 15 | 18.5 | 1,068 | 1.4 |
| South Carolina | 1,037 | 125 | 12.1 | 4,321 | 2.9 |
| South Dakota | 191 | 7 | 3.7 | 781.919 | 0.9 |
| Tennessee | 1,287 | 91 | 7.1 | 6,039 | 1.5 |
| Texas | 3,475 | 379 | 10.9 | 23,508 | 1.6 |
| Utah | 287 | 29 | 10.1 | 2,550 | 1.1 |
| Vermont | 87 | 0 | 0.0 | 623.908 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 963 | 82 | 8.5 | 7,643 | 1.1 |
| Washington | 630 | 66 | 10.5 | 6,396 | 1.0 |
| West Virginia | 410 | 20 | 4.9 | 1,818 | 1.1 |
| Wisconsin | 724 | 55 | 7.6 | 5,557 | 1.0 |
| Wyoming | 195 | 6 | 3.1 | 515.004 | 1.2 |
| United States, total | 42,642 | 4,784 | 11.2 | 299,398 | 1.6 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration,Traffic Safety Facts 2006 Early
Edition, Washington, DC: 2007, available at Traffic Safety Facts 2006 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2007, available at www.nhtsa.dot.gov/portal/nhtsa_static_file_downloader.jsp?file=/staticfiles/DOT/NHTSA/NCSA/Content/TSF/TSF2006EE.pdf as of Feb. 13, 2008.

Table 2-8: Fatalities in Motor Vehicle Crashes Involving High Blood Alcohol Concentration: 2005 and 2006

| State | 2005 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total fatalities ${ }^{\text {R }}$ | Fatalities involving high blood alcohol | Percent ${ }^{\text {R }}$ | Total fatalities | Fatalities involving high blood alcohol | Percent |
| Alabama | 1,148 | 382 | 33 | 1,208 | 416 | 34 |
| Alaska | 73 | 31 | 42 | 74 | 20 | 27 |
| Arizona | 1,179 | 434 | 37 | 1,288 | 484 | 38 |
| Arkansas | 654 | 208 | 32 | 665 | 203 | 31 |
| California | 4,333 | 1,466 | 34 | 4,236 | 1,506 | 36 |
| Colorado | 606 | 213 | 35 | 535 | 192 | 36 |
| Connecticut | 278 | 101 | 36 | 301 | 117 | 39 |
| Delaware | 133 | 59 | 44 | 148 | 51 | 34 |
| District of Columbia | 48 | 21 | 44 | 37 | 16 | 43 |
| Florida | 3,518 | 1,271 | 36 | 3,374 | 1,215 | 36 |
| Georgia | 1,729 | 463 | 27 | 1,693 | 524 | 31 |
| Hawaii | 140 | 58 | 41 | 161 | 71 | 44 |
| Idaho | 275 | 85 | 31 | 267 | 88 | 33 |
| Illinois | 1,363 | 477 | 35 | 1,254 | 492 | 39 |
| Indiana | 938 | 273 | 29 | 899 | 275 | 31 |
| lowa | 450 | 102 | 23 | 439 | 128 | 29 |
| Kansas | 428 | 122 | 29 | 468 | 143 | 31 |
| Kentucky | 985 | 267 | 27 | 913 | 236 | 26 |
| Louisiana | 963 | 347 | 36 | 982 | 415 | 42 |
| Maine | 169 | 50 | 30 | 188 | 55 | 29 |
| Maryland | 614 | 191 | 31 | 651 | 223 | 34 |
| Massachusetts | 441 | 150 | 34 | 430 | 153 | 36 |
| Michigan | 1,129 | 363 | 32 | 1,085 | 382 | 35 |
| Minnesota | 559 | 176 | 31 | 494 | 159 | 32 |
| Mississippi | 931 | 331 | 36 | 911 | 337 | 37 |
| Missouri | 1,257 | 434 | 35 | 1,096 | 409 | 37 |
| Montana | 251 | 112 | 45 | 263 | 114 | 43 |
| Nebraska | 276 | 78 | 28 | 269 | 74 | 28 |
| Nevada | 427 | 143 | 33 | 432 | 160 | 37 |
| New Hampshire | 166 | 55 | 33 | 127 | 48 | 38 |
| New Jersey | 747 | 217 | 29 | 772 | 270 | 35 |
| New Mexico | 488 | 172 | 35 | 484 | 165 | 34 |
| New York | 1,434 | 434 | 30 | 1,456 | 463 | 32 |
| North Carolina | 1,547 | 484 | 31 | 1,559 | 482 | 31 |
| North Dakota | 123 | 46 | 37 | 111 | 44 | 40 |
| Ohio | 1,321 | 409 | 31 | 1,238 | 409 | 33 |
| Oklahoma | 803 | 249 | 31 | 765 | 221 | 29 |
| Oregon | 487 | 139 | 29 | 477 | 163 | 34 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,616 | 559 | 35 | 1,525 | 530 | 35 |
| Rhode Island | 87 | 34 | 39 | 81 | 33 | 41 |
| South Carolina | 1,094 | 396 | 36 | 1,037 | 463 | 45 |
| South Dakota | 186 | 76 | 41 | 191 | 70 | 37 |
| Tennessee | 1,270 | 397 | 31 | 1,287 | 439 | 34 |
| Texas | 3,536 | 1,371 | 39 | 3,475 | 1,487 | 43 |
| Utah | 282 | 35 | 12 | 287 | 59 | 21 |
| Vermont | 73 | 28 | 38 | 87 | 26 | 30 |
| Virginia | 947 | 284 | 30 | 963 | 327 | 34 |
| Washington | 649 | 253 | 39 | 630 | 247 | 39 |
| West Virginia | 374 | 116 | 31 | 410 | 133 | 32 |
| Wisconsin | 815 | 328 | 40 | 724 | 319 | 44 |
| Wyoming | 170 | 56 | 33 | 195 | 69 | 35 |
| United States, total | 43,510 | 14,539 | 33 | 42,642 | 15,121 | 35 |

KEY: R = revised
NOTE: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration estimates the proportion of fatalities with a high Blood Alcohol Concentration for cases in which alcohol test results are unknown. The sum of individual state fatalities with a high BAC may therefore not add to the U.S. total due to rounding of these estimates.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2005: States, Washington, DC: 2006, available at http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/Pubs/TSF2005.PDF as of Dec. 10, 2007; U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts 2006 Early Edition, Washington, DC: 2007, available at www.nhtsa.dot.gov/portal/nhtsa_static_file_downloader.jsp?file=/staticfiles/DOT/NHTSA/NCSA/Content/TSF/TSF2006EE.pdf as of Dec. 10, 2007.

Table 2-9: Maximum Posted Speed Limits by Type of Road: 2007 (Speed limit in miles per hour)

| State | Interstate |  | Other limited-access roads ${ }^{1}$ | Other roads |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rural | Urban |  |  |
| Alabama | 70 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Alaska | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Arizona | 75 | 65 | 55 | 55 |
| Arkansas | 70, Trucks: 65 | 55 | 60 | 55 |
| California | 70, Trucks: 55 | 65, Trucks: 55 | 70 | 65 |
| Colorado | 75 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Connecticut | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Delaware | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| District of Columbia | NA | 55 | NA | 25 |
| Florida | 70 | 65 | 70 | 65 |
| Georgia | 70 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Hawaii | 60 | 50 | 45 | 45 |
| Idaho | 75, Trucks: 65 | 75 | 65 | 65 |
| Illinois | 65, Trucks: 55 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Indiana | 70, Trucks: 65 | 55 | 60 | 55 |
| lowa | 70 | 55 | 70 | 55 |
| Kansas | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Kentucky | 65,70 on specified segments of road ${ }^{2}$ | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Louisiana | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Maine | 65 | 65 | 65 | 60 |
| Maryland | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Massachusetts | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Michigan | $\begin{gathered} 70 \text { (trucks 60), }<70 \\ \text { (trucks 55) } \end{gathered}$ | 65 | 70 | 55 |
| Minnesota | 70 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Mississippi | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Missouri | 70 | 60 | 70 | 65 |
| Montana | 75, Trucks: 65 | 65 | Day: 70, Night: 65 | Day: 70, Night: 65 |
| Nebraska | 75 | 65 | 65 | 60 |
| Nevada | 75 | 65 | 70 | 70 |
| New Hampshire | 65 | 65 | 55 | 55 |
| New Jersey | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| New Mexico | 75 | 75 | 65 | 55 |
| New York | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| North Carolina | 70 | 70 | 70 | 55 |
| North Dakota | 75 | 75 | 70 | 65 |
| Ohio | 65, Trucks: 55, 65 on Ohio Turnpike | 65 | 55 | 55 |
| Oklahoma | 75 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| Oregon | 65, Trucks: 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| Pennsylvania | 65 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Rhode Island | 65 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| South Carolina | 70 | 70 | 60 | 55 |
| South Dakota | 75 | 75 | 70 | 70 |
| Tennessee | 70 | 70 | 70 | 65 |
| Texas | Day: 75, Night and Trucks: $65^{3}$ | Day: 70, Night: 65 | Day: 75, Night and Trucks: 65 | Day: 60, Night: 55 |
| Utah | 75 | 65 | 75 | 65 |
| Vermont | 65 | 55 | 50 | 50 |
| Virginia | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Washington | 70, Trucks: 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| West Virginia | 70 | 55 | 65 | 55 |
| Wisconsin | 65 | 65 | 65 | 55 |
| Wyoming | 75 | 60 | 65 | 65 |

${ }^{1}$ Limited-access roads are multilaned roads with restricted access using exit and entrance ramps rather than intersections.
${ }^{2}$ As of July 2007, sections of interstates 71 and 75 have higher limits of 70 mph .
${ }^{3}$ Sections of interstates 10 and 20 in Texas have speed limits of 80 mph for passenger cars and light trucks, 70 mph for large trucks in daytime, and 65 mph for large trucks at night.

KEY: NA = not applicable.
NOTES: Interstates are divided into urban and rural sections based primarily on population size and population density. Many roads, particularly urban interstates, often have a lower posted speed limit than the maximum allowable shown in this table.

SOURCE: Insurance Institute for Highway Safety - Highway Loss Data Institute, Maximum Posted Speed Limits for Passenger Vehicles, available at http://www.iihs.org/laws/state_laws/speed_limit_laws.html as of Dec. 11, 2007.

Table 2-10: Rail Accidents/Incidents: 2006
(Includes freight railroad, Amtrak, and commuter rail operations)

| State | Accidents/ Incidents | Fatalities | Injuries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 315 | 21 | 156 |
| Alaska | 42 | 0 | 40 |
| Arizona | 205 | 27 | 117 |
| Arkansas | 274 | 15 | 141 |
| California | 900 | 130 | 523 |
| Colorado | 228 | 17 | 152 |
| Connecticut | 140 | 2 | 100 |
| Delaware | 68 | 2 | 56 |
| District of Columbia | 153 | 0 | 139 |
| Florida | 342 | 38 | 185 |
| Georgia | 356 | 16 | 167 |
| Hawaii | 3 | 0 | 2 |
| Idaho | 98 | 5 | 49 |
| Illinois | 1,068 | 53 | 763 |
| Indiana | 366 | 23 | 194 |
| Iowa | 244 | 8 | 118 |
| Kansas | 276 | 24 | 145 |
| Kentucky | 214 | 19 | 128 |
| Louisiana | 363 | 23 | 200 |
| Maine | 43 | 5 | 22 |
| Maryland | 122 | 11 | 68 |
| Massachusetts | 194 | 16 | 180 |
| Michigan | 246 | 23 | 139 |
| Minnesota | 242 | 20 | 137 |
| Mississippi | 169 | 17 | 84 |
| Missouri | 250 | 20 | 153 |
| Montana | 149 | 5 | 97 |
| Nebraska | 299 | 8 | 197 |
| Nevada | 68 | 6 | 41 |
| New Hampshire | 7 | 0 | 6 |
| New Jersey | 468 | 20 | 377 |
| New Mexico | 93 | 9 | 59 |
| New York | 901 | 16 | 783 |
| North Carolina | 206 | 29 | 104 |
| North Dakota | 80 | 2 | 50 |
| Ohio | 405 | 41 | 206 |
| Oklahoma | 197 | 21 | 98 |
| Oregon | 197 | 8 | 109 |
| Pennsylvania | 698 | 21 | 582 |
| Rhode Island | 21 | 2 | 18 |
| South Carolina | 130 | 21 | 71 |
| South Dakota | 52 | 2 | 34 |
| Tennessee | 239 | 22 | 117 |
| Texas | 1,198 | 93 | 651 |
| Utah | 86 | 2 | 39 |
| Vermont | 18 | 0 | 14 |
| Virginia | 207 | 7 | 119 |
| Washington | 264 | 21 | 163 |
| West Virginia | 116 | 9 | 59 |
| Wisconsin | 190 | 10 | 112 |
| Wyoming | 142 | 0 | 85 |
| United States, total | 13,352 | 910 | 8,349 |

NOTE: "Accidents/Incidents" includes all events reportable to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration under applicable regulations. These include: train accidents, reported on Form F 6180.54, comprised of collisions, derailments, and other events involving the operation of on-track equipment and causing reportable damage above an established threshold (\$7,700 for 2006, per 49 CFR 225.19); highway-rail grade crossing incidents, reported on Form F 6180.57, involving impact between railroad ontrack equipment and highway users at crossings; and other incidents, reported on Form F 6180.55a, involving all other reportable incidents or exposures that cause a fatality or injury to any person, or an occupational illness to a railroad employee.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/, query table 1.07, as of Dec. 10, 2007.

Table 2-11: Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Incidents: 2006 (Includes freight railroad, Amtrak, and commuter rail operations)

| State | Number of |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Grade crossings | Incidents | Fatalities | Injuries |
| Alabama | 4,804 | 127 | 11 | 48 |
| Alaska | 334 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Arizona | 1,530 | 48 | 6 | 11 |
| Arkansas | 4,481 | 80 | 9 | 27 |
| California | 12,298 | 168 | 37 | 39 |
| Colorado | 3,021 | 45 | 10 | 32 |
| Connecticut | 657 | 8 | 0 | 3 |
| Delaware | 424 | 7 | 0 | 4 |
| District of Columbia | 40 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 5,361 | 118 | 10 | 34 |
| Georgia | 8,268 | 133 | 8 | 33 |
| Hawaii | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 2,488 | 21 | 3 | 2 |
| Illinois | 12,881 | 174 | 25 | 73 |
| Indiana | 8,098 | 136 | 13 | 30 |
| Iowa | 7,834 | 69 | 6 | 18 |
| Kansas | 10,064 | 57 | 15 | 26 |
| Kentucky | 4,874 | 67 | 8 | 29 |
| Louisiana | 6,465 | 144 | 8 | 75 |
| Maine | 1,680 | 7 | 1 | 2 |
| Maryland | 1,364 | 24 | 1 | 7 |
| Massachusetts | 1,323 | 11 | 2 | 30 |
| Michigan | 7,896 | 82 | 10 | 29 |
| Minnesota | 7,487 | 61 | 12 | 17 |
| Mississippi | 4,286 | 82 | 13 | 37 |
| Missouri | 7,794 | 60 | 7 | 25 |
| Montana | 3,283 | 19 | 1 | 7 |
| Nebraska | 6,012 | 37 | 5 | 19 |
| Nevada | 544 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| New Hampshire | 638 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| New Jersey | 2,106 | 43 | 9 | 11 |
| New Mexico | 1,231 | 10 | 5 | 6 |
| New York | 5,811 | 32 | 5 | 9 |
| North Carolina | 7,264 | 75 | 8 | 21 |
| North Dakota | 5,277 | 12 | 0 | 4 |
| Ohio | 9,594 | 127 | 17 | 35 |
| Oklahoma | 5,496 | 70 | 16 | 36 |
| Oregon | 5,181 | 28 | 1 | 9 |
| Pennsylvania | 7,976 | 62 | 4 | 12 |
| Rhode Island | 191 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 4,038 | 47 | 12 | 12 |
| South Dakota | 3,241 | 16 | 2 | 7 |
| Tennessee | 4,603 | 68 | 8 | 20 |
| Texas | 16,420 | 339 | 44 | 149 |
| Utah | 1,584 | 14 | 0 | 3 |
| Vermont | 1,167 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
| Virginia | 4,820 | 43 | 0 | 7 |
| Washington | 5,464 | 50 | 7 | 11 |
| West Virginia | 3,499 | 32 | 4 | 8 |
| Wisconsin | 6,538 | 58 | 6 | 12 |
| Wyoming | 1,111 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| United States, total | 238,849 | 2,927 | 369 | 1,034 |

NOTE: Any impact, regardless of severity, between railroad on-track equipment and any user of a public or private crossing site must be reported to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration on Form F 6180.57. The crossing site includes sidewalks and pathways at, or associated with, the crossing. Counts of fatalities and injuries include motor vehicle occupants, people not in vehicles or the trains, as well as people on the train or railroad equipment.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/, query tables 1.07 and 8.05, as of Dec. 10, 2007.

Table 2-12: Highway-Rail Grade Crossings by Type: 2007 (Includes freight railroad, Amtrak, and commuter rail operations)

| State | Total (number) | Percent of total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Public motor vehicle | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Private, } \\ & \text { motor } \end{aligned}$ vehicle | Pedestrian |
| Alabama | 4,804 | 62.9 | 36.7 | 0.4 |
| Alaska | 334 | 65.6 | 31.7 | 2.7 |
| Arizona | 1,530 | 57.1 | 42.4 | 0.5 |
| Arkansas | 4,481 | 67.8 | 32.1 | 0.2 |
| California | 12,298 | 62.3 | 36.3 | 1.4 |
| Colorado | 3,021 | 60.2 | 39.0 | 0.8 |
| Connecticut | 657 | 56.3 | 42.3 | 1.4 |
| Delaware | 424 | 63.7 | 35.8 | 0.5 |
| District of Columbia | 40 | 20.0 | 55.0 | 25.0 |
| Florida | 5,361 | 74.0 | 24.9 | 1.1 |
| Georgia | 8,268 | 69.5 | 30.0 | 0.5 |
| Hawaii | 8 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Idaho | 2,488 | 52.4 | 47.1 | 0.5 |
| Illinois | 12,881 | 62.8 | 34.3 | 2.9 |
| Indiana | 8,098 | 74.8 | 24.6 | 0.6 |
| lowa | 7,834 | 56.4 | 43.0 | 0.6 |
| Kansas | 10,064 | 61.2 | 38.5 | 0.3 |
| Kentucky | 4,874 | 49.4 | 49.9 | 0.7 |
| Louisiana | 6,465 | 52.4 | 47.1 | 0.5 |
| Maine | 1,680 | 49.8 | 49.6 | 0.5 |
| Maryland | 1,364 | 49.7 | 49.8 | 0.5 |
| Massachusetts | 1,323 | 61.4 | 37.3 | 1.3 |
| Michigan | 7,896 | 67.7 | 31.5 | 0.8 |
| Minnesota | 7,487 | 63.4 | 35.9 | 0.7 |
| Mississippi | 4,286 | 54.7 | 44.9 | 0.4 |
| Missouri | 7,794 | 59.1 | 40.0 | 0.9 |
| Montana | 3,283 | 42.5 | 57.1 | 0.5 |
| Nebraska | 6,012 | 59.8 | 39.9 | 0.2 |
| Nevada | 544 | 53.9 | 45.6 | 0.6 |
| New Hampshire | 638 | 63.2 | 35.3 | 1.6 |
| New Jersey | 2,106 | 72.3 | 25.5 | 2.2 |
| New Mexico | 1,231 | 59.4 | 40.6 | 0.0 |
| New York | 5,811 | 49.7 | 48.9 | 1.4 |
| North Carolina | 7,264 | 57.1 | 42.2 | 0.7 |
| North Dakota | 5,277 | 70.1 | 29.6 | 0.3 |
| Ohio | 9,594 | 65.0 | 34.6 | 0.4 |
| Oklahoma | 5,496 | 73.5 | 26.3 | 0.2 |
| Oregon | 5,181 | 44.0 | 54.3 | 1.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 7,976 | 57.4 | 41.2 | 1.4 |
| Rhode Island | 191 | 61.8 | 37.7 | 0.5 |
| South Carolina | 4,038 | 68.9 | 30.9 | 0.2 |
| South Dakota | 3,241 | 63.9 | 35.9 | 0.2 |
| Tennessee | 4,603 | 62.0 | 37.5 | 0.5 |
| Texas | 16,420 | 63.4 | 36.4 | 0.2 |
| Utah | 1,584 | 56.9 | 42.9 | 0.1 |
| Vermont | 1,167 | 42.7 | 53.6 | 3.8 |
| Virginia | 4,820 | 42.3 | 56.8 | 0.9 |
| Washington | 5,464 | 48.1 | 50.9 | 0.9 |
| West Virginia | 3,499 | 43.8 | 54.6 | 1.5 |
| Wisconsin | 6,538 | 63.4 | 35.3 | 1.3 |
| Wyoming | 1,111 | 35.5 | 64.4 | 0.1 |
| United States, total | 238,849 | 60.4 | 38.7 | 0.8 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/, query table 8.05, as of Dec. 10, 2007.

Table 2-13: Warning Devices at Public Highway-Rail Grade Crossings: 2007

| State | Total (number) | Percent of total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cross bucks | Gates | Flashing lights | Stop signs | Unknown | Special warning | HWTS, WW, | Other |
| Alabama | 3,023 | 29.4 | 23.0 | 18.1 | 23.9 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 2.8 | 0.3 |
| Alaska | 219 | 42.0 | 28.8 | 8.2 | 12.8 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| Arizona | 874 | 34.3 | 45.4 | 6.2 | 9.8 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Arkansas | 3,036 | 58.8 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 7.1 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| California | 7,661 | 35.5 | 41.7 | 12.3 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 3.4 | 0.2 |
| Colorado | 1,820 | 47.6 | 24.9 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.4 |
| Connecticut | 370 | 7.6 | 28.4 | 38.4 | 13.0 | 3.5 | 7.8 | 1.4 | 0.0 |
| Delaware | 270 | 7.8 | 20.7 | 63.3 | 0.4 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| District of Columbia | 8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Florida | 3,966 | 20.5 | 57.6 | 14.2 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Georgia | 5,747 | 39.1 | 32.8 | 5.0 | 18.1 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| Hawaii | 8 | 75.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.5 |
| Idaho | 1,304 | 33.3 | 11.3 | 13.3 | 41.2 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Illinois | 8,091 | 36.2 | 33.3 | 25.5 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Indiana | 6,057 | 28.6 | 29.3 | 22.5 | 16.8 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.1 |
| Iowa | 4,418 | 48.9 | 20.3 | 19.1 | 10.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Kansas | 6,156 | 66.2 | 18.6 | 8.2 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| Kentucky | 2,407 | 41.6 | 17.6 | 31.6 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Louisiana | 3,389 | 47.7 | 21.9 | 16.7 | 7.4 | 4.7 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| Maine | 837 | 32.6 | 10.5 | 47.2 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 7.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Maryland | 678 | 34.8 | 16.7 | 31.1 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 0.0 |
| Massachusetts | 812 | 13.9 | 36.0 | 35.7 | 1.0 | 3.8 | 7.5 | 1.7 | 0.4 |
| Michigan | 5,345 | 21.9 | 18.8 | 24.8 | 29.5 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| Minnesota | 4,745 | 50.1 | 19.4 | 10.3 | 18.3 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Mississippi | 2,344 | 37.1 | 16.3 | 20.2 | 19.2 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 2.8 |
| Missouri | 4,604 | 54.5 | 17.1 | 18.3 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 0.1 |
| Montana | 1,395 | 62.3 | 17.1 | 11.5 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Nebraska | 3,598 | 66.1 | 18.1 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 2.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Nevada | 293 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 8.2 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| New Hampshire | 403 | 27.3 | 8.7 | 31.0 | 9.7 | 0.5 | 19.9 | 2.5 | 0.5 |
| New Jersey | 1,522 | 19.6 | 28.3 | 38.8 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 7.8 | 1.2 | 0.0 |
| New Mexico | 731 | 50.6 | 31.3 | 13.3 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| New York | 2,890 | 19.0 | 56.6 | 13.2 | 0.8 | 2.8 | 5.0 | 1.8 | 0.7 |
| North Carolina | 4,146 | 35.7 | 41.2 | 15.0 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| North Dakota | 3,700 | 81.1 | 14.1 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Ohio | 6,235 | 40.6 | 37.4 | 16.7 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| Oklahoma | 4,037 | 62.1 | 18.6 | 13.5 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Oregon | 2,278 | 36.2 | 26.3 | 5.7 | 18.9 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,580 | 34.3 | 17.3 | 25.7 | 2.6 | 6.5 | 8.6 | 1.5 | 3.6 |
| Rhode Island | 118 | 5.9 | 13.6 | 20.3 | 3.4 | 18.6 | 18.6 | 18.6 | 0.8 |
| South Carolina | 2,781 | 27.5 | 33.9 | 15.1 | 19.3 | 0.0 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| South Dakota | 2,070 | 82.4 | 1.9 | 10.8 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Tennessee | 2,855 | 39.4 | 24.2 | 22.9 | 5.7 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| Texas | 10,412 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 10.5 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Utah | 902 | 39.0 | 24.2 | 14.9 | 5.4 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 0.4 |
| Vermont | 498 | 37.8 | 7.0 | 41.4 | 5.6 | 1.0 | 6.8 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| Virginia | 2,038 | 23.2 | 53.5 | 19.7 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| Washington | 2,630 | 49.8 | 21.9 | 13.2 | 3.7 | 9.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.1 |
| West Virginia | 1,534 | 44.2 | 14.8 | 29.7 | 1.6 | 7.9 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Wisconsin | 4,143 | 37.7 | 18.8 | 25.1 | 16.5 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.0 |
| Wyoming | 394 | 31.0 | 49.7 | 16.2 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| United States, total | 144,372 | 41.9 | 27.8 | 16.5 | 8.1 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.3 |

KEY: HWTS = highway traffic signals; WW = wigwags.
NOTE: Percentages may not total to 100 due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/, query table 8.06, as of Dec. 10, 2007.

Table 2-14: Train Accident/Incident Fatalities, Including at Highway-Rail Crossings, by Category of Person Killed: 2006
(Includes freight railroad, Amtrak, and commuter rail operations)

|  | Worker on <br> duty | Passenger <br> on train |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Trespasser |  |  | trespasser | Other |
| :--- |

${ }^{1}$ Includes railroad employee, contractor, and volunteer.

NOTE: As defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, a trespasser is any person on a part of railroad property used in railroad operations whose presence is prohibited, forbidden, or unlawful. Employees who are trespassing on railroad property are reported as trespassers. Nontrespassers are persons lawfully on that part of railroad property that is used in railroad operation (other than defined as employees, passengers, trespassers, volunteers, or contractor employees), and persons adjacent to railroad premises when they are injured as the result of the operation of a railroad. "Other" includes employees not on duty, nontrespassers off railroad property, and volunteers or contractors who are not engaged in either the operation of on-track equipment or any other safety-sensitive function for the railroad.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety/, query table 4.08, as of Dec. 11, 2007.

Table 2-15: Train Accident/Incident Injuries, Including at Highway-Rail Crossings, by Category of Person Injured: 2006 (Includes freight railroad, Amtrak, and commuter rail operations)

|  | Worker on <br> duty | Passenger <br> on train | Trespasser |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | trespasser | Other |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| State | 101 |
| 2 | 25 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes railroad employee, contractor, and volunteer.

NOTE: As defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, a trespasser is any person on a part of railroad property used in railroad operations whose presence is prohibited, forbidden, or unlawful. Employees who are trespassing on railroad property are reported as trespassers. Nontrespassers are persons lawfully on that part of railroad property that is used in railroad operation (other than defined as employees, passengers, trespassers, volunteers, or contractor employees), and persons adjacent to railroad premises when they are injured as the result of the operation of a railroad. "Other" includes employees not on duty, nontrespassers off railroad property, and volunteers or contractors who are not engaged in either the operation of on-track equipment or any other safety-sensitive function for the railroad.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety Analysis, available at http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSafety, query table 4.08, as of Dec. 11, 2007.

Table 2-16: Transit Incidents, Fatalities, Injuries, and Property Damage: 2006 (All transit modes)

| State | Collision |  |  | Noncollision |  |  | Total property damage (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of incidents | Fatalities | Injuries | Number of incidents | Fatalities | Injuries |  |
| Alabama | 17 | 0 | 24 | 21 | 0 | 17 | 181 |
| Alaska | 12 | 0 | 13 | 28 | 0 | 26 | 98 |
| Arizona | 48 | 2 | 56 | 28 | 0 | 33 | 435 |
| Arkansas | 36 | 0 | 6 | 62 | 0 | 2 | 21 |
| California | 1,133 | 56 | 1,195 | 1,603 | 22 | 1,523 | 4,598 |
| Colorado | 46 | 2 | 87 | 18 | 1 | 17 | 161 |
| Connecticut | 73 | 0 | 130 | 67 | 1 | 77 | 376 |
| Delaware | 140 | 0 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 152 |
| District of Columbia | 216 | 14 | 355 | 510 | 2 | 388 | 28 |
| Florida | 539 | 17 | 778 | 417 | 3 | 391 | 2,937 |
| Georgia | 255 | 1 | 238 | 425 | 1 | 401 | 1,646 |
| Hawaii | 43 | 4 | 48 | 83 | 0 | 85 | 452 |
| Idaho | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Illinois | 580 | 29 | 953 | 998 | 2 | 1,054 | 2,828 |
| Indiana | 74 | 0 | 77 | 49 | 0 | 46 | 1,900 |
| Iowa | 10 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 95 |
| Kansas | 5 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 47 |
| Kentucky | 11 | 0 | 20 | 12 | 0 | 12 | 52 |
| Louisiana | 62 | 1 | 109 | 8 | 0 | 6 | 464 |
| Maine | 12 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 28 |
| Maryland | 211 | 0 | 283 | 102 | 3 | 116 | 781 |
| Massachusetts | 114 | 2 | 149 | 686 | 9 | 626 | 935 |
| Michigan | 768 | 6 | 174 | 140 | 2 | 27 | 5,563 |
| Minnesota | 52 | 3 | 56 | 56 | 0 | 50 | 946 |
| Mississippi | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 30 |
| Missouri | 119 | 4 | 240 | 104 | 0 | 103 | 634 |
| Montana | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Nebraska | 6 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Nevada | 36 | 1 | 60 | 87 | 0 | 88 | 560 |
| New Hampshire | 3 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 15 |
| New Jersey | 189 | 16 | 144 | 370 | 8 | 359 | 1,131 |
| New Mexico | 24 | 0 | 21 | 35 | 0 | 9 | 42 |
| New York | 895 | 33 | 1,297 | 5,341 | 4 | 3,957 | 6,134 |
| North Carolina | 121 | 1 | 152 | 85 | 0 | 84 | 593 |
| North Dakota | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 |
| Ohio | 223 | 6 | 309 | 200 | 1 | 189 | 1,349 |
| Oklahoma | 34 | 0 | 21 | 12 | 0 | 11 | 222 |
| Oregon | 46 | 1 | 58 | 138 | 0 | 127 | 853 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,999 | 1 | 682 | 2,546 | 8 | 1,531 | 2,425 |
| Rhode Island | 6 | 0 | 14 | 37 | 0 | 41 | 45 |
| South Carolina | 39 | 0 | 48 | 14 | 0 | 15 | 196 |
| South Dakota | 3 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 18 |
| Tennessee | 66 | 2 | 119 | 36 | 0 | 38 | 901 |
| Texas | 351 | 9 | 552 | 253 | 1 | 231 | 3,165 |
| Utah | 26 | 1 | 33 | 22 | 0 | 20 | 463 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 92 | 0 | 109 | 82 | 0 | 79 | 1,117 |
| Washington | 133 | 3 | 154 | 213 | 1 | 195 | 2,098 |
| West Virginia | 7 | 2 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 131 |
| Wisconsin | 327 | 0 | 417 | 76 | 0 | 88 | 592 |
| Wyoming | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| United States, total | 11,237 | 217 | 9,378 | 14,989 | 69 | 12,086 | 47,546 |

NOTES: Collision includes at-grade crossings and suicides. Noncollision includes: 1) derailments/buses going off road; 2) personal casualties in parking facilities, inside vehicles, on right of way, boarding/alighting, and in station/bus stops; 3) evacuations for life safety; and 4) nonarson fires. For an incident to be reportable it must involve a transit vehicle or occur on transit property and either

1) result in a fatality, injury or transit property damage greater than $\$ 7,500 ; 2$ ) involve a nonarson fire; 3 ) involve a mainline derailment; or 4) involve an evacuation due to life safety.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, 2006 National Transit Database; 2006 Federal Railroad Administration, Rail Accident/Incident Reporting System, personal communication, Dec. 7, 2007.

Table 2-17: Recreational Boating Accidents: 2006

| State | Number of accidents |  |  |  | Number of persons |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Fatal | Nonfatal injury | Property damage | Killed | Injured |
| Alabama | 87 | 19 | 31 | 37 | 24 | 51 |
| Alaska | 48 | 11 | 11 | 26 | 13 | 24 |
| Arizona | 209 | 14 | 115 | 80 | 14 | 151 |
| Arkansas | 55 | 6 | 27 | 22 | 8 | 44 |
| California | 569 | 39 | 317 | 213 | 42 | 443 |
| Colorado | 44 | 11 | 25 | 8 | 11 | 30 |
| Connecticut | 42 | 5 | 18 | 19 | 5 | 27 |
| Delaware | 9 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Florida | 633 | 60 | 268 | 305 | 68 | 392 |
| Georgia | 149 | 18 | 72 | 59 | 18 | 98 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Idaho | 74 | 7 | 31 | 36 | 10 | 38 |
| Illinois | 70 | 15 | 33 | 22 | 18 | 59 |
| Indiana | 51 | 6 | 30 | 15 | 6 | 37 |
| Iowa | 40 | 4 | 29 | 7 | 5 | 34 |
| Kansas | 39 | 5 | 19 | 15 | 5 | 20 |
| Kentucky | 65 | 13 | 23 | 29 | 15 | 38 |
| Louisiana | 119 | 21 | 66 | 32 | 24 | 120 |
| Maine | 56 | 12 | 28 | 16 | 12 | 42 |
| Maryland | 138 | 8 | 78 | 52 | 8 | 87 |
| Massachusetts | 46 | 9 | 17 | 20 | 10 | 22 |
| Michigan | 185 | 24 | 91 | 70 | 30 | 134 |
| Minnesota | 113 | 11 | 76 | 26 | 14 | 101 |
| Mississippi | 31 | 7 | 17 | 7 | 7 | 21 |
| Missouri | 175 | 16 | 98 | 61 | 17 | 129 |
| Montana | 16 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 11 |
| Nebraska | 33 | 4 | 16 | 13 | 6 | 24 |
| Nevada | 82 | 4 | 46 | 32 | 4 | 61 |
| New Hampshire | 79 | 5 | 55 | 19 | 5 | 60 |
| New Jersey | 84 | 10 | 20 | 54 | 11 | 22 |
| New Mexico | 34 | 0 | 12 | 22 | 0 | 16 |
| New York | 152 | 14 | 64 | 74 | 14 | 100 |
| North Carolina | 175 | 20 | 110 | 45 | 24 | 142 |
| North Dakota | 7 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| Ohio | 111 | 12 | 54 | 45 | 12 | 69 |
| Oklahoma | 71 | 13 | 39 | 19 | 17 | 91 |
| Oregon | 47 | 17 | 11 | 19 | 20 | 16 |
| Pennsylvania | 56 | 19 | 26 | 11 | 25 | 46 |
| Rhode Island | 37 | 3 | 10 | 24 | 5 | 13 |
| South Carolina | 93 | 13 | 49 | 31 | 14 | 67 |
| South Dakota | 16 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 3 | 11 |
| Tennessee | 149 | 15 | 94 | 40 | 16 | 116 |
| Texas | 195 | 44 | 99 | 52 | 45 | 146 |
| Utah | 85 | 11 | 54 | 20 | 12 | 60 |
| Vermont | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Virginia | 137 | 20 | 66 | 51 | 23 | 92 |
| Washington | 96 | 20 | 34 | 42 | 21 | 50 |
| West Virginia | 21 | 8 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 16 |
| Wisconsin | 99 | 10 | 49 | 40 | 10 | 66 |
| Wyoming | 19 | 3 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 14 |
| United States, total (excluding territories) | 4,947 | 623 | 2,466 | 1,858 | 696 | 3,457 |
| United States, total (including territories) ${ }^{1}$ | 4,967 | 633 | 2,473 | 1,861 | 710 | 3,474 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes accidents in Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Northern Mariana Islands, and those occurring offshore.
NOTES: An accident is listed under one category only, with fatal being the highest priority, followed by nonfatal injury, followed by property damage. For example, if two vessels are in an accident resulting in a fatality and a nonfatal injury, the accident is counted as a fatal accident involving two vessels.

Data in this table do not include: 1) accidents involving only slight injury not requiring medical treatment beyond first-aid; 2) accidents involving property damage of less than $\$ 2,000 ; 3$ ) accidents not caused or contributed to by a vessel, its equipment, or its appendages; 4) accidents where a person died or was injured from natural causes while aboard a vessel; 5) accidents in which the boat was used solely as a platform for other activities, such as swimming or skin diving. Such cases are not included because the victims freely left the safety of a boat. However, the data do include accidents involving people in the water who are struck by their boat or another boat; and 6) accidents involving damage, injury, or death on a docked or moored boat resulting from storms, unusual tidal, sea, or swell conditions, or when a vessel got underway in those conditions in an attempt to rescue persons put in peril.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics, 2006, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/statistics/Boating_Statistics_2006.pdf as of Nov. 8, 2007.

Table 2-18: Alcohol Involvement in Recreational Boating Accidents: 2006

| State | Total number of accidents | Accidents with alcohol as a contributing factor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total number of accidents | Percent of state total | Persons killed |
| Alabama | 87 | 13 | 14.9 | 7 |
| Alaska | 48 | 6 | 12.5 | 5 |
| Arizona | 209 | 10 | 4.8 | 1 |
| Arkansas | 55 | 6 | 10.9 | 1 |
| California | 569 | 26 | 4.6 | 7 |
| Colorado | 44 | 3 | 6.8 | 3 |
| Connecticut | 42 | 1 | 2.4 | 0 |
| Delaware | 9 | 1 | 11.1 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Florida | 633 | 28 | 4.4 | 11 |
| Georgia | 149 | 9 | 6.0 | 4 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 74 | 11 | 14.9 | 4 |
| Illinois | 70 | 13 | 18.6 | 7 |
| Indiana | 51 | 2 | 3.9 | 0 |
| Iowa | 40 | 10 | 25.0 | 3 |
| Kansas | 39 | 1 | 2.6 | 1 |
| Kentucky | 65 | 10 | 15.4 | 5 |
| Louisiana | 119 | 10 | 8.4 | 2 |
| Maine | 56 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 138 | 10 | 7.2 | 3 |
| Massachusetts | 46 | 1 | 2.2 | 1 |
| Michigan | 185 | 13 | 7.0 | 0 |
| Minnesota | 113 | 16 | 14.2 | 3 |
| Mississippi | 31 | 4 | 12.9 | 2 |
| Missouri | 175 | 21 | 12.0 | 8 |
| Montana | 16 | 3 | 18.8 | 1 |
| Nebraska | 33 | 3 | 9.1 | 3 |
| Nevada | 82 | 6 | 7.3 | 2 |
| New Hampshire | 79 | 6 | 7.6 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 84 | 6 | 7.1 | 4 |
| New Mexico | 34 | 1 | 2.9 | 0 |
| New York | 152 | 24 | 15.8 | 4 |
| North Carolina | 175 | 16 | 9.1 | 5 |
| North Dakota | 7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 111 | 17 | 15.3 | 5 |
| Oklahoma | 71 | 4 | 5.6 | 2 |
| Oregon | 47 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 56 | 8 | 14.3 | 11 |
| Rhode Island | 37 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 93 | 4 | 4.3 | 1 |
| South Dakota | 16 | 5 | 31.3 | 2 |
| Tennessee | 149 | 13 | 8.7 | 5 |
| Texas | 195 | 16 | 8.2 | 7 |
| Utah | 85 | 1 | 1.2 | 0 |
| Vermont | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 137 | 8 | 5.8 | 1 |
| Washington | 96 | 23 | 24.0 | 9 |
| West Virginia | 21 | 2 | 9.5 | 2 |
| Wisconsin | 99 | 9 | 9.1 | 4 |
| Wyoming | 19 | 3 | 15.8 | 2 |
| United States, total (excluding territories) | 4,947 | 403 | 8.1 | 148 |
| United States, total (including territories) ${ }^{1}$ | 4,967 | 403 | 8.1 | 148 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes accidents in Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Northern Mariana Islands, and those occurring offshore.

NOTE: Data for 2006 is based on alcohol use by a boat's occupants resulting directly or indirectly in an accident. Data in previous editions of this publication were based on accidents when there was evidence or reasonable likelihood that alcohol was consumed by a boat's occupants.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Coast Guard, Boating Statistics, 2006, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.uscgboating.org/statistics/Boating_Statistics_2006.pdf as of Dec. 14, 2007.

Table 2-19: Hazardous Materials Incidents: 2006
(Not including pipelines or bulk, nonpackaged water incidents)

| State | Incidents | Deaths | Injuries |  |  | Damages(\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Major | Minor |  |
| Alabama | 243 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1,277 |
| Alaska | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 190 |
| Arizona | 372 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 2,079 |
| Arkansas | 219 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 720 |
| California | 1,833 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 10 | 18,830 |
| Colorado | 435 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,142 |
| Connecticut | 255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 289 |
| Delaware | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| District of Columbia | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |
| Florida | 763 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 2,284 |
| Georgia | 533 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 1,500 |
| Hawaii | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Idaho | 67 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 701 |
| Illinois | 1,454 | 0 | 12 | 2 | 10 | 4,543 |
| Indiana | 506 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1,893 |
| lowa | 193 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 333 |
| Kansas | 481 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 660 |
| Kentucky | 366 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 835 |
| Louisiana | 245 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 11 | 1,408 |
| Maine | 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 609 |
| Maryland | 342 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 465 |
| Massachusetts | 302 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1,341 |
| Michigan | 357 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 158 |
| Minnesota | 397 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 900 |
| Mississippi | 142 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 253 |
| Missouri | 401 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 415 |
| Montana | 69 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 418 |
| Nebraska | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 330 |
| Nevada | 173 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 949 |
| New Hampshire | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 106 |
| New Jersey | 478 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1,507 |
| New Mexico | 74 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 530 |
| New York | 556 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 50 | 3,541 |
| North Carolina | 505 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 923 |
| North Dakota | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 85 |
| Ohio | 2,672 | 1 | 14 | 3 | 11 | 2,566 |
| Oklahoma | 212 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 327 |
| Oregon | 331 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 650 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,012 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,366 |
| Rhode Island | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| South Carolina | 197 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,360 |
| South Dakota | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 279 |
| Tennessee | 866 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 966 |
| Texas | 1,538 | 0 | 33 | 6 | 27 | 6,531 |
| Utah | 321 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 824 |
| Vermont | 19 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Virginia | 202 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 563 |
| Washington | 362 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 525 |
| West Virginia | 62 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 273 |
| Wisconsin | 350 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 170 |
| Wyoming | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 494 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 20,302 | 6 | 233 | 30 | 203 | 70,295 |

${ }^{1}$ Total includes incidents for which the state is unreported and excludes incidents occurring in a U.S. territory or foreign country. NOTES: Hazardous material incident locations are often listed as the terminals or sorting centers where they are discovered. Therefore, states with this type of a facility may show a disproportionate number of incidents.

Hazardous materials transportation incidents required to be reported are defined in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), 49 CFR Part 171.15, 171.16 (Form F 5800.1). Incident means any of the following events: (1) a fatality or major injury caused by the release of a hazardous material; (2) the evacuation of 25 or more persons as a result of release of a hazardous material or exposure to fire; (3) a release or exposure to fire which results in the closure of a major transportation artery; (4) the alteration of an aircraft flight plan or operation; (5) the release of radioactive materials from Type B packaging; (6) the release of over 11.9 gallons or 88.2 pounds of a severe marine pollutant; or (7) the release of a bulk quantity (over 119 gallons or 882 pounds) of a hazardous material.
Hazardous materials deaths and injuries are caused by the hazardous material in commerce.
Hazardous materials incident data are subject to revision and correction by the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, 2006 Hazardous Materials Incident Data, Incident by State, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://hazmat.dot.gov as of Jan. 29, 2008.

Table 2-20: Hazardous Materials Incidents by Mode: 2006 (Not including pipelines or bulk, nonpackaged water incidents)

| State | Mode |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Highway | Rail | Air | Water ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Alabama | 217 | 24 | 2 | 0 | 243 |
| Alaska | 3 | 0 | 21 | 24 | 48 |
| Arizona | 346 | 12 | 14 | 0 | 372 |
| Arkansas | 198 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 219 |
| California | 1,676 | 70 | 86 | 1 | 1,833 |
| Colorado | 411 | 8 | 16 | 0 | 435 |
| Connecticut | 246 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 255 |
| Delaware | 15 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 19 |
| District of Columbia | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Florida | 703 | 11 | 41 | 8 | 763 |
| Georgia | 496 | 15 | 22 | 0 | 533 |
| Hawaii | 7 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 11 |
| Idaho | 57 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 67 |
| Illinois | 1,351 | 58 | 45 | 0 | 1,454 |
| Indiana | 481 | 13 | 12 | 0 | 506 |
| Iowa | 176 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 193 |
| Kansas | 456 | 20 | 5 | 0 | 481 |
| Kentucky | 207 | 12 | 147 | 0 | 366 |
| Louisiana | 189 | 53 | 3 | 0 | 245 |
| Maine | 43 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 46 |
| Maryland | 313 | 17 | 12 | 0 | 342 |
| Massachusetts | 286 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 302 |
| Michigan | 316 | 11 | 30 | 0 | 357 |
| Minnesota | 376 | 5 | 16 | 0 | 397 |
| Mississippi | 132 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 142 |
| Missouri | 370 | 17 | 14 | 0 | 401 |
| Montana | 63 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 69 |
| Nebraska | 66 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 74 |
| Nevada | 155 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 173 |
| New Hampshire | 22 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 26 |
| New Jersey | 436 | 12 | 28 | 2 | 478 |
| New Mexico | 68 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 74 |
| New York | 518 | 8 | 29 | 1 | 556 |
| North Carolina | 477 | 14 | 14 | 0 | 505 |
| North Dakota | 29 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 32 |
| Ohio | 1,346 | 33 | 1,293 | 0 | 2,672 |
| Oklahoma | 204 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 212 |
| Oregon | 312 | 8 | 11 | 0 | 331 |
| Pennsylvania | 967 | 17 | 28 | 0 | 1,012 |
| Rhode Island | 55 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 58 |
| South Carolina | 181 | 9 | 6 | 1 | 197 |
| South Dakota | 26 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 28 |
| Tennessee | 541 | 26 | 299 | 0 | 866 |
| Texas | 1,381 | 100 | 54 | 3 | 1,538 |
| Utah | 294 | 15 | 12 | 0 | 321 |
| Vermont | 18 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 19 |
| Virginia | 178 | 15 | 9 | 0 | 202 |
| Washington | 309 | 17 | 19 | 17 | 362 |
| West Virginia | 55 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 62 |
| Wisconsin | 331 | 6 | 13 | 0 | 350 |
| Wyoming | 25 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 29 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 17,143 | 704 | 2,387 | 68 | 20,302 |

${ }^{1}$ Total includes incidents for which the state is unreported and excludes incidents occurring in a U.S. territory or foreign country.
${ }^{2}$ Includes only packaged shipments (i.e., nonbulk shipments).
NOTES: Hazardous materials incident data are subject to revision and correction by the Office of Hazardous Materials Safety.
Hazardous materials transportation incidents required to be reported are defined in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), 49 CFR Part 171.15, 171.16 (Form F 5800.1). Incident means any of the following events: (1) a fatality or major injury caused by the release of a hazardous material; (2) the evacuation of 25 or more persons as a result of release of a hazardous material or exposure to fire; (3) a release or exposure to fire which results in the closure of a major transportation artery; (4) the alteration of an aircraft flight plan or operation; (5) the release of radioactive materials from Type B packaging; (6) the release of over 11.9 gallons or 88.2 pounds of a severe marine pollutant; or (7) the release of a bulk quantity (over 119 gallons or 882 pounds) of a hazardous material.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, 2006 Hazardous Materials Incident Data, Incident by State, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://hazmat.dot.gov/ as of Jan. 29, 2008.

Table 2-21: Natural Gas Distribution Pipeline Incidents: 2006

| State | Number of incidents | Number of fatalities | Number of injuries | Property damage (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1 | 0 | 0 | 50,160 |
| Alaska | 4 | 0 | 0 | 403,410 |
| Arizona | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| California | 15 | 0 | 1 | 1,658,807 |
| Colorado | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1,551,000 |
| Connecticut | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Delaware | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 203,500 |
| Florida | 3 | 1 | 1 | 63,426 |
| Georgia | 2 | 0 | 1 | 170,500 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 14 | 1 | 0 | 2,268,702 |
| Indiana | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2,917,130 |
| lowa | 1 | 0 | 0 | 66,500 |
| Kansas | 1 | 1 | 2 | 23,425 |
| Kentucky | 2 | 0 | 2 | 341,592 |
| Louisiana | 9 | 0 | 0 | 28,968 |
| Maine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,904,500 |
| Massachusetts | 2 | 0 | 1 | 21,000 |
| Michigan | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,696,200 |
| Minnesota | 4 | 0 | 2 | 252,000 |
| Mississippi | 2 | 2 | 0 | 210,978 |
| Missouri | 5 | 1 | 0 | 917,261 |
| Montana | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nevada | 1 | 0 | 1 | 9,432 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Mexico | 2 | 0 | 2 | 101,651 |
| New York | 6 | 0 | 2 | 851,250 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 0 | 0 | 770,614 |
| North Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1,018,257 |
| Oklahoma | 1 | 0 | 0 | 55,000 |
| Oregon | 2 | 0 | 1 | 542,200 |
| Pennsylvania | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1,488,224 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 2 | 0 | 0 | 174,859 |
| South Dakota | 1 | 0 | 0 | 25,100 |
| Tennessee | 1 | 0 | 0 | 60,480 |
| Texas | 17 | 4 | 2 | 1,106,945 |
| Utah | 2 | 0 | 0 | 201,980 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 5 | 0 | 1 | 970,288 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 1 | 0 | 0 | 182,399 |
| Wyoming | 1 | 0 | 0 | 200,000 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 133 | 16 | 25 | 22,558,288 |

${ }^{1}$ Incidents that have an "unknown" location are included in the totals.
NOTES: Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.1. Incident means any of the following events:
I. An event that involves a release of gas from a pipeline or a liquefied natural gas (LNG) facility and a) a death or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of \$50,000 or more.
II. An event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility.
III. An event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of I or II. Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, personal communication, Feb. 4, 2008.

Table 2-22: Natural Gas Transmission Pipeline Incidents: 2006

| State | Number of incidents | Number of fatalities | Number of injuries | rty damage (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Alabama | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 4 | 0 | 0 | 269,382 |
| Arizona | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| California | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1,003,350 |
| Colorado | 3 | 0 | 0 | 720,000 |
| Connecticut | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Delaware | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 1 | 0 | 0 | 89,700 |
| Georgia | 3 | 0 | 0 | 176,715 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iowa | 2 | 0 | 0 | 252,457 |
| Idaho | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,304,224 |
| Illinois | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiana | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kansas | 3 | 1 | 0 | 567,150 |
| Kentucky | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1,124,066 |
| Louisiana | 23 | 0 | 1 | 17,078,693 |
| Massachusetts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 1 | 0 | 0 | 150,000 |
| Maine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Michigan | 2 | 1 | 0 | 137,100 |
| Minnesota | 3 | 0 | 0 | 663,000 |
| Missouri | 5 | 0 | 0 | 648,184 |
| Mississippi | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,204,322 |
| Montana | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North Carolina | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Mexico | 2 | 0 | 1 | 60,900 |
| Nevada | 1 | 0 | 0 | 59,784 |
| New York | 1 | 0 | 0 | 453,321 |
| Ohio | 4 | 0 | 0 | 392,771 |
| Oklahoma | 7 | 0 | 0 | 908,734 |
| Oregon | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 5 | 0 | 1 | 759,130 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14,400 |
| Tennessee | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Texas | 27 | 0 | 0 | 9,828,278 |
| Utah | 1 | 0 | 0 | 450,000 |
| Virginia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Washington | 2 | 0 | 0 | 210,000 |
| Wisconsin | 1 | 0 | 0 | 376,500 |
| West Virginia | 5 | 0 | 0 | 274,649 |
| Wyoming | 2 | 1 | 0 | 150,500 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 143 | 3 | 5 | 50,139,556 |

${ }^{1}$ Incidents that have an "unknown" location are included in the U.S. total (17 incidents,. $\$ 10,811,246$ in property damage)
NOTES: Incidents are reported on Form RSPA F 7100.2. Incident means any of the following events:
I. An event that involves a release of gas from a pipeline or a liquefied natural gas (LNG) facility and a) a death or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of $\$ 50,000$ or more.
II. An event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility.
III. An event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of I or II.

Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, personal communication, Feb. 4, 2008.

Table 2-23: Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Incidents: 2006

| State | Number of incidents | Number of fatalities | Number of injuries | Property damage ${ }^{2}$ (dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2 | 0 | 0 | 206,284 |
| Alaska | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arizona | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| California | 15 | 0 | 0 | 5,611,135 |
| Colorado | 3 | 0 | 0 | 256,696 |
| Connecticut | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Delaware | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Florida | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Georgia | 2 | 0 | 0 | 190,200 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Idaho | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,190,602 |
| Indiana | 1 | 0 | 0 | 195,040 |
| Iowa | 1 | 0 | 0 | 87,670 |
| Kansas | 8 | 0 | 2 | 3,736,496 |
| Kentucky | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Louisiana | 9 | 0 | 0 | 2,887,232 |
| Maine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Maryland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Michigan | 4 | 0 | 0 | 442,700 |
| Minnesota | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4,258,876 |
| Mississippi | 1 | 0 | 0 | 78,447 |
| Missouri | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Montana | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 2 | 0 | 0 | 179,620 |
| Nevada | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 1 | 0 | 0 | 101,725 |
| New Mexico | 3 | 0 | 0 | 571,320 |
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6,000 |
| North Dakota | 1 | 0 | 0 | 514,905 |
| Ohio | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1,032,138 |
| Oklahoma | 11 | 0 | 0 | 7,033,970 |
| Oregon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pennsylvania | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6,000 |
| Rhode Island | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 1 | 0 | 0 | 862,000 |
| Texas | 30 | 0 | 0 | 4,790,265 |
| Utah | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5,500,000 |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Virginia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 1 | 0 | 0 | 231,000 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 115 | 0 | 2 | 54,955,798 |

${ }^{1}$ Incidents that have an "unknown" location are included in the U.S. total (5 incidents,. $\$ 14,985,477$ in property damage)
${ }^{2}$ The property damage category includes public and private property damage, value of product loss, and the value of operator property damage. It doe: not include the costs of emergency response, environmental remediation, other operator costs, and other public costs.
NOTES: Historical totals may change as the Office of Pipeline Safety receives supplemental information on incidents.
Incidents are reported on DOT Form 7000-1. An accident report is required for each failure in a pipeline system in which there is a release of the hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide transported resulting in any of the following:

1. Explosion or fire not intentionally set by the operator; 2. Loss of 5 or more gallons of hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide; 3. Escape to the atmospher of more than 5 barrels ( 0.8 cubic meters) a day of highly volatile liquids; 4 . Death of any person; 5 . Bodily harm to any person resulting in: a. loss of consciousness; or b. necessity to carry the person from the scene; or c . necessity for medical treatment; or d. disability which prevents the discharge o. normal duties or the pursuit of normal activities beyond the day of the accident; 6 . Estimated property damage, including cost of clean-up and recovery, value of lost product, and damage to the property of the operator or others, or both, exceeding $\$ 50,000$.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety, personal communication, Feb. 4, 2008.

## Section C -••

Freight Transportation

Table 3-1: Freight Shipments by State of Origin: 2002

| State | Value (\$ millions) | Tons (thousands) | Ton-miles (millions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 127,727 | 216,383 | 60,813 |
| Alaska | 8,032 | 36,498 | 7,690 |
| Arizona | 111,273 | 100,872 | 16,122 |
| Arkansas | 91,967 | 120,127 | 37,916 |
| California | 923,669 | 903,954 | 166,862 |
| Colorado | 93,184 | 150,476 | 60,908 |
| Connecticut | 82,477 | 48,894 | 5,255 |
| Delaware | 20,348 | 30,988 | 3,623 |
| District of Columbia | 3,707 | 1,407 | 34 |
| Florida | 296,989 | 455,084 | 61,074 |
| Georgia | 270,703 | 339,846 | 68,310 |
| Hawaii | 13,480 | 23,659 | S |
| Idaho | 28,471 | 34,971 | 20,561 |
| Illinois | 442,130 | 718,351 | 167,342 |
| Indiana | 291,458 | 397,829 | 82,601 |
| Iowa | 115,396 | 232,544 | 107,728 |
| Kansas | 95,285 | 192,854 | 44,857 |
| Kentucky | 189,390 | 336,341 | 99,630 |
| Louisiana | 139,843 | 495,703 | 131,293 |
| Maine | 32,355 | 32,121 | 10,590 |
| Maryland | 121,356 | 165,399 | 15,140 |
| Massachusetts | 200,813 | 75,123 | 14,077 |
| Michigan | 388,571 | 331,190 | 68,679 |
| Minnesota | 166,430 | 336,237 | 154,321 |
| Mississippi | 94,897 | 98,720 | 38,333 |
| Missouri | 185,392 | 254,827 | 72,910 |
| Montana | 12,447 | 89,547 | 61,984 |
| Nebraska | 61,797 | 101,684 | 33,226 |
| Nevada | 40,756 | 44,210 | 8,695 |
| New Hampshire | 31,191 | 33,751 | 4,773 |
| New Jersey | 286,580 | 237,847 | 41,341 |
| New Mexico | 14,907 | 48,841 | 10,453 |
| New York | 318,775 | 249,551 | 55,284 |
| North Carolina | 293,604 | 276,004 | 47,088 |
| North Dakota | 18,921 | 88,302 | 20,709 |
| Ohio | 494,278 | 546,095 | 127,152 |
| Oklahoma | 77,576 | 136,033 | 26,981 |
| Oregon | 102,600 | 158,053 | 48,620 |
| Pennsylvania | 354,399 | 399,764 | 90,300 |
| Rhode Island | 21,035 | 19,389 | 2,815 |
| South Carolina | 143,194 | 142,708 | 32,484 |
| South Dakota | 26,430 | 52,286 | 17,776 |
| Tennessee | 286,576 | 270,265 | 54,491 |
| Texas | 589,064 | 1,082,596 | 229,846 |
| Utah | 61,515 | 109,672 | 38,046 |
| Vermont | 16,238 | 16,218 | 3,296 |
| Virginia | 164,557 | 268,935 | 44,113 |
| Washington | 177,395 | 259,594 | 46,724 |
| West Virginia | 38,479 | 275,583 | 78,437 |
| Wisconsin | 217,451 | 229,502 | 70,753 |
| Wyoming | 12,106 | 401,092 | 421,230 |
| United States, total | 8,397,210 | 11,667,919 | 3,137,898 |

KEY: S = withheld due to high sampling variability or poor response quality.
NOTE: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey: United States, Washington, DC: 2004, available at
http://www.bts.gov/publications/commodity_flow_survey/2002/united_states/ as of Oct. 17, 2007.

Table 3-2: Hazardous Material Shipments by Selected State of Origin: 2002 (Ranked by tons)

| State | Value <br> (\$ millions) | Tons <br> (thousands) | Ton-miles <br> (millions) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Texas | 127,188 | 467,196 | 72,291 |
| Louisiana | 53,408 | 222,696 | 61,920 |
| California | 67,693 | 198,490 | 15,689 |
| Illinois | 40,893 | 121,087 | 17,402 |
| New Jersey | 22,161 | 92,133 | 11,131 |
| Ohio | 27,971 | 81,342 | 8,482 |
| Indiana | 16,005 | 62,895 | 5,476 |
| Michigan | 23,835 | 61,040 | 4,992 |
| Florida | 17,919 | 56,647 | 3,170 |
| Tennessee | 18,492 | 53,674 | 7,057 |
| Washington | 15,471 | 52,179 | 6,274 |
| Pennsylvania | 24,885 | 51,191 | 5,633 |
| New York | 15,292 | 46,215 | 11,134 |
| Georgia | 17,011 | 46,213 | 4,148 |
| Utah | 10,120 | 42,874 | 10,538 |
| Kentucky | 11,718 | 40,932 | 4,213 |
| Mississippi | 8,761 | 36,542 | 16,540 |
| Alabama | 8,691 | 30,545 | 3,087 |
| North Carolina | 12,932 | 28,611 | 3,011 |
| West Virginia | 2,930 | S | S |
| Top 20 states | 543,376 | S | S |
| All other states | 116,803 | 371,305 | 51,832 |
| United States, total | 660,181 | $2,191,519$ | 326,727 |

KEY: $S=$ withheld due to high sampling variability or poor response quality.
NOTE: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey: United States, Hazardous Materials, Washington, DC: December 2004, available at http://www.bts.gov/publications/commodity_flow_survey/2002/hazardous_materials/ as of Oct. 17, 2007.

Table 3-3: Hazardous Material Shipments by Selected State of Destination: 2002 (Ranked by tons)

| State | Value <br> (\$ millions) | Tons <br> (thousands) | Ton-miles <br> (millions) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Texas | 120,183 | 459,432 | 57,616 |
| California | 74,773 | 203,905 | 32,293 |
| Louisiana | 38,542 | 157,297 | 13,783 |
| Ohio | 28,692 | 105,770 | 17,208 |
| Illinois | 30,797 | 96,587 | 14,703 |
| Florida | 27,431 | 94,555 | 30,545 |
| New Jersey | 23,071 | 85,470 | 16,218 |
| Michigan | 23,135 | 68,731 | 8,682 |
| Indiana | 19,982 | 68,339 | 4,845 |
| Pennsylvania | 18,554 | 52,390 | 5,245 |
| Tennessee | 15,899 | 49,330 | 7,920 |
| New York | 15,474 | 48,093 | 8,663 |
| Georgia | 16,255 | 48,091 | 5,638 |
| Washington | 13,213 | 47,739 | 8,300 |
| Kentucky | 11,922 | 37,984 | 8,509 |
| Mississippi | 9,389 | 35,497 | 4,394 |
| North Carolina | 13,976 | 30,367 | 5,017 |
| Alabama | 9,613 | 30,093 | 4,003 |
| Utah | 6,261 | 27,951 | 2,295 |
| Missouri | 9,011 | 27,309 | 2,939 |
| Top 20 states | 526,173 | $1,774,930$ | 258,816 |
| All other states | 134,008 | 416,587 | 67,911 |
| United States, total | 660,181 | $2,191,519$ | 326,727 |

NOTE: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey: United States, Hazardous Materials, Washington, DC: December 2004, available at http://www.bts.gov/publications/commodity_flow_survey/2002/hazardous_materials/ as of Oct. 17, 2007.

## Freight Transportation

Table 3-4: Rail Shipments: 2005

| State | Rail shipments terminating in state |  | Rail shipments originating in state |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All commodities (tons) | Top commodity by weight | All commodities (tons) | Top commodity by weight |
| Alabama | 53,305,771 | Coal | 44,871,050 | Coal |
| Alaska | 8,156,643 | Petroleum products | 8,156,643 | Petroleum products |
| Arizona | 31,288,939 | Coal | 5,498,417 | Glass and stone products |
| Arkansas | 28,713,782 | Coal | 24,094,078 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| California | 108,494,845 | Mixed freight | 67,772,776 | Mixed Freight |
| Colorado | 31,246,871 | Coal | 41,238,447 | Coal |
| Connecticut | 1,998,822 | Nonmetallic minerals | 2,022,338 | Waste and scrap |
| Delaware | 6,064,364 | Coal | 1,286,712 | Chemicals |
| District of Columbia | 97,940 | Miscellaneous | 196,820 | Miscellaneous |
| Florida | 100,552,798 | Nonmetallic minerals | 68,572,937 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Georgia | 89,763,143 | Coal | 38,878,307 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Hawaii | 0 | N/A | 0 | N/A |
| Idaho | 10,873,300 | Nonmetallic minerals | 11,464,829 | Farm products |
| Illinois | 183,539,112 | Coal | 109,118,683 | Mixed freight |
| Indiana | 67,418,274 | Coal | 54,830,352 | Coal |
| lowa | 41,317,792 | Coal | 43,463,589 | Farm products |
| Kansas | 26,830,707 | Coal | 24,078,304 | Farm products |
| Kentucky | 40,187,828 | Coal | 92,682,057 | Coal |
| Louisiana | 31,321,465 | Chemicals | 38,340,982 | Chemicals |
| Maine | 3,711,740 | Pulp and paper products | 3,947,124 | Pulp and paper products |
| Maryland | 27,326,049 | Coal | 8,194,805 | Waste and scrap |
| Massachusetts | 9,178,015 | Mixed freight | 2,632,415 | Mixed freight |
| Michigan | 54,103,686 | Coal | 36,128,191 | Metallic ores |
| Minnesota | 63,925,147 | Metallic ores | 77,406,510 | Metallic ores |
| Mississippi | 18,289,329 | Coal | 12,075,570 | Chemicals |
| Missouri | 83,733,139 | Coal | 19,185,067 | Food products |
| Montana | 4,838,553 | Petroleum products | 44,035,468 | Coal |
| Nebraska | 19,643,083 | Coal | 25,855,972 | Farm products |
| Nevada | 9,513,936 | Coal | 2,516,416 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| New Hampshire | 1,565,545 | Coal and petroleum products | 647,236 | Pulp and paper products |
| New Jersey | 22,801,472 | Mixed freight | 13,258,008 | Mixed freight |
| New Mexico | 3,987,500 | Food products | 14,646,549 | Coal |
| New York | 25,295,698 | Coal | 10,479,116 | Chemicals |
| North Carolina | 62,421,949 | Coal | 15,669,609 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| North Dakota | 11,840,708 | Coal | 26,030,646 | Farm Products |
| Ohio | 98,088,452 | Coal | 68,935,561 | Primary metal products |
| Oklahoma | 34,385,332 | Coal | 26,322,954 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Oregon | 26,857,309 | Chemicals | 18,270,226 | Lumber and wood products |
| Pennsylvania | 69,428,758 | Coal | 66,978,943 | Coal |
| Rhode Island | 461,560 | Chemicals | 464,259 | Waste and scrap |
| South Carolina | 36,513,758 | Coal | 17,572,841 | Chemicals |
| South Dakota | 3,891,587 | Coal and petroleum products | 15,326,288 | Farm products |
| Tennessee | 38,773,137 | Coal | 18,719,071 | Mixed freight |
| Texas | 219,173,834 | Coal | 122,900,676 | Chemicals |
| Utah | 15,297,258 | Coal and petroleum products | 23,064,314 | Coal |
| Vermont | 1,333,916 | Petroleum products | 830,160 | Lumber and wood products |
| Virginia | 66,396,085 | Coal | 49,704,569 | Coal |
| Washington | 51,861,629 | Farm products | 27,870,086 | Mixed freight |
| West Virginia | 30,527,120 | Coal | 119,317,981 | Coal |
| Wisconsin | 77,889,055 | Coal | 16,115,174 | Nonmetallic minerals |
| Wyoming | 15,888,145 | Coal | 424,070,245 | Coal |
| United States, total | 2,070,114,880 |  | 2,005,739,371 |  |

KEY: NA = not applicable.

NOTE: The top commodity is based on the 38 two-digit Standard Transportation Commodity Code groupings and is determined by the tonnage either originating or terminating in the state (including intrastate shipments.)

SOURCE: Association of American Railroads, Railroads and States-2005, Washington, DC: 2005, available at
http://www.aar.org/abouttheindustry/stateinformation.asp as of Jan. 30, 2008; and personal communication with the Association of American Railroads, Jan. 30, 2008.

Table 3-5: Waterborne Shipments: 2006
(Thousands of short tons)

| State | Intrastate | Terminating in state |  | Originating in state |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Domestic | Foreign | Domestic | Foreign |  |
| Alabama | 15,827 | 17,862 | 24,469 | 12,617 | 9,871 | 80,646 |
| Alaska | 3,912 | 2,615 | 1,892 | 36,566 | 5,989 | 50,974 |
| Arkansas | 3,543 | 6,699 | 0 | 4,543 | 0 | 14,785 |
| California | 15,602 | 21,652 | 146,987 | 6,352 | 47,362 | 237,954 |
| Connecticut | 1,894 | 10,344 | 5,701 | 1,187 | 213 | 19,340 |
| Delaware | 1,921 | 2,155 | 14,911 | 15,148 | 1,047 | 35,182 |
| District of Columbia | 0 | 651 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 651 |
| Florida | 1,499 | 51,461 | 49,712 | 8,962 | 17,103 | 128,737 |
| Georgia | 860 | 499 | 23,266 | 422 | 11,427 | 36,472 |
| Hawaii | 11,873 | 4,236 | 9,624 | 1,285 | 753 | 27,770 |
| Idaho | 3 | 84 | 0 | 888 | 0 | 975 |
| Illinois | 15,214 | 19,153 | 1,548 | 82,819 | 1,617 | 120,350 |
| Indiana | 3,288 | 52,519 | 3,685 | 13,641 | 386 | 73,520 |
| Iowa | 1447 | 3,906 | 0 | 8,494 | 0 | 13,847 |
| Kansas | 304 | 1,626 | 0 | 73 | 0 | 2,002 |
| Kentucky | 17,982 | 33,021 | 0 | 57,658 | 0 | 108,661 |
| Louisiana | 47,916 | 115,607 | 121,465 | 106,486 | 98,460 | 489,935 |
| Maine | 115 | 1,249 | 26,041 | 253 | 444 | 28,103 |
| Maryland | 3,055 | 11,779 | 22,938 | 6,118 | 10,518 | 54,407 |
| Massachusetts | 449 | 8,951 | 16,103 | 514 | 1,393 | 27,411 |
| Michigan | 13,028 | 23,217 | 7,066 | 21,769 | 6,171 | 71,251 |
| Minnesota | 2,366 | 6,887 | 298 | 29,932 | 3,525 | 43,008 |
| Mississippi | 531 | 8,511 | 21,807 | 13,515 | 6,313 | 50,677 |
| Missouri | 8,568 | 5,562 | 0 | 16,608 | 0 | 30,738 |
| Nebraska | 0 | 1 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 22 |
| New Hampshire | 45 | 734 | 3,706 | 26 | 311 | 4,823 |
| New Jersey | 4,867 | 23,777 | 67,218 | 27,508 | 11,297 | 134,666 |
| New York | 15,893 | 18,412 | 43,390 | 18,565 | 5,925 | 102,185 |
| North Carolina | 2,693 | 2,468 | 5,837 | 164 | 2,207 | 13,369 |
| Ohio | 14,970 | 58,823 | 10,278 | 18,928 | 14,002 | 117,000 |
| Oklahoma | 27 | 2,596 | 0 | 1,858 | 0 | 4,480 |
| Oregon | 3,615 | 8,897 | 6,122 | 3,337 | 12,927 | 34,898 |
| Pennsylvania | 15,293 | 32,518 | 37,544 | 18,560 | 1,096 | 105,011 |
| Puerto Rico | 2,739 | 7,444 | 15,824 | 1,678 | 1,903 | 29,588 |
| Rhode Island | 42 | 3,117 | 6,819 | 497 | 541 | 11,016 |
| South Carolina | 242 | 2,509 | 18,157 | 323 | 6,315 | 27,546 |
| Tennessee | 4,458 | 40,578 | 0 | 6,070 | 0 | 51,106 |
| Texas | 58,320 | 27,052 | 285,614 | 39,348 | 78,023 | 488,357 |
| Vermont | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Virginia | 5,614 | 4,424 | 13,381 | 9,287 | 22,731 | 55,437 |
| Washington | 10,877 | 25,394 | 28,280 | 14,682 | 41,999 | 121,233 |
| West Virginia | 7,792 | 16,930 | 0 | 46,656 | 0 | 71,379 |
| Wisconsin | 415 | 9,026 | 1,848 | 24,394 | 10,966 | 46,649 |
| United States, total | 319,682 | 703,814 | 1,130,895 | 703,800 | 434,049 | 2,588,440 |

NOTES: U.S. and state totals exclude duplication. The U.S. total includes Guam, the Virgin Islands, the Pacific Islands, other territories, and trans-shipments. Details may not sum to state totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, CY 2005 Waterborne Tonnage by State, available at http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ndc/wcsc/statenm06.htm as of Mar. 21, 2008.

Table 3-6: Top 50 U.S. Ports by Port Calls and Vessel Type: 2006

| Port | Rank | Total |  | Vessel type and total capacity ${ }^{2}$ (thousands of dwt) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Tanker ${ }^{3}$ |  | Dry-bulk |  | Containership |  | Other general cargo ${ }^{4}$ |  |
|  |  | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity | Calls | Capacity |
| Houston, TX | 1 | 6,348 | 271,822 | 3,597 | 171,390 | 964 | 39,500 | 855 | 32,848 | 932 | 28,083 |
| Los Angeles/Long Beach, CA | 2 | 5,635 | 327,595 | 1,155 | 107,198 | 679 | 32,979 | 3,119 | 171,479 | 682 | 15,939 |
| New York/New Jersey | 3 | 5,110 | 231,103 | 1,491 | 79,900 | 333 | 12,646 | 2,475 | 117,493 | 811 | 21,064 |
| New Orleans, LA | 4 | 4,364 | 209,845 | 1,303 | 78,190 | 2,331 | 105,858 | 274 | 11,991 | 456 | 13,805 |
| San Francisco, CA | 5 | 4,201 | 221,832 | 778 | 59,833 | 904 | 37,583 | 1,972 | 110,672 | 547 | 13,744 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 6 | 3,408 | 201,851 | 1,678 | 148,910 | 540 | 23,578 | 528 | 16,899 | 662 | 12,464 |
| Virginia Ports, VA | 7 | 2,597 | 123,503 | 125 | 8,303 | 377 | 20,033 | 1,882 | 86,922 | 213 | 8,245 |
| Savannah, GA | 8 | 2,550 | 115,133 | 300 | 11,852 | 323 | 11,186 | 1,553 | 78,524 | 374 | 13,571 |
| Charleston, SC | 9 | 2,287 | 102,805 | 185 | 8,372 | 206 | 10,392 | 1,619 | 77,058 | 277 | 6,983 |
| Columbia River, OR | 10 | 2,256 | 86,560 | 171 | 6,780 | 1,435 | 60,941 | 121 | 5,630 | 529 | 13,210 |
| Baltimore, MD | 11 | 1,861 | 64,616 | 169 | 6,433 | 396 | 18,927 | 392 | 16,179 | 904 | 23,077 |
| Port Arthur, TX | 12 | 1,591 | 105,682 | 1,238 | 92,603 | 214 | 8,423 | 2 | 43 | 137 | 4,613 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 13 | 1,520 | 44,825 | 340 | 15,231 | 221 | 9,794 | 241 | 6,561 | 718 | 13,239 |
| Port Everglades, FL | 14 | 1,334 | 47,669 | 435 | 19,006 | 119 | 4,918 | 599 | 20,538 | 181 | 3,208 |
| Tacoma, WA | 15 | 1,251 | 59,596 | 71 | 5,433 | 249 | 16,216 | 642 | 31,770 | 289 | 6,178 |
| Miami, FL | 16 | 1,191 | 42,000 | 2 | 82 | 1 | 43 | 799 | 36,497 | 389 | 5,377 |
| Seattle, WA | 17 | 1,186 | 66,794 | 15 | 742 | 367 | 21,339 | 746 | 42,251 | 58 | 2,463 |
| San Juan, PR | 18 | 1,088 | 23,360 | 86 | 4,383 | 69 | 2,161 | 453 | 9,800 | 480 | 7,016 |
| Tampa, FL | 19 | 1,027 | 36,414 | 391 | 13,797 | 414 | 16,408 | 58 | 1,351 | 164 | 4,858 |
| Texas City, TX | 20 | 1,024 | 61,691 | 995 | 60,236 | 26 | 1,395 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 61 |
| Corpus Christi, TX | 21 | 994 | 66,753 | 818 | 58,493 | 133 | 5,224 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 3,036 |
| Mobile, AL | 22 | 868 | 47,499 | 176 | 11,647 | 465 | 27,424 | 48 | 1,181 | 179 | 7,248 |
| Freeport, TX | 23 | 743 | 42,201 | 555 | 37,657 | 26 | 1,064 | 96 | 1,320 | 66 | 2,160 |
| Lake Charles, LA | 24 | 705 | 47,977 | 444 | 35,482 | 141 | 6,040 | 1 | 11 | 119 | 6,445 |
| Honolulu, HI | 25 | 641 | 19,317 | 69 | 4,240 | 16 | 596 | 374 | 11,044 | 182 | 3,437 |
| Wilmington, NC | 26 | 604 | 22,669 | 273 | 10,270 | 133 | 4,384 | 95 | 4,370 | 103 | 3,646 |
| Galveston, TX | 27 | 517 | 25,181 | 197 | 16,231 | 181 | 6,718 | 1 | 12 | 138 | 2,221 |
| Boston, MA | 28 | 463 | 20,980 | 179 | 7,186 | 46 | 1,734 | 165 | 7,712 | 73 | 4,348 |
| LOOP Terminal, LA | 29 | 393 | 99,929 | 392 | 99,819 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 110 |
| Port Hueneme, CA | 30 | 391 | 6,261 | 10 | 354 | 1 | 151 | 0 | 0 | 380 | 5,756 |
| Point Comfort, TX | 31 | 389 | 13,698 | 277 | 8,847 | 60 | 3,305 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 1,547 |
| Portland, ME | 32 | 387 | 29,091 | 314 | 26,817 | 29 | 736 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 1,538 |
| San Diego, CA | 33 | 346 | 6,872 | 2 | 107 | 33 | 1,448 | 48 | 784 | 263 | 4,533 |
| March Point, WA | 34 | 335 | 33,949 | 330 | 33,736 | 4 | 193 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 19 |
| Valdez, AK | 35 | 319 | 45,395 | 319 | 45,395 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brunswick, GA | 36 | 307 | 7,615 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 934 | 0 | 0 | 283 | 6,680 |
| Port Angeles, WA | 37 | 304 | 37,019 | 256 | 34,827 | 26 | 1,550 | 4 | 132 | 18 | 510 |
| Pascagoula, MS | 38 | 284 | 21,989 | 237 | 19,784 | 29 | 1,687 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 519 |
| El Segundo, CA | 39 | 271 | 27,213 | 271 | 27,213 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brownsville, TX | 40 | 222 | 8,763 | 41 | 1,424 | 158 | 6,811 | 3 | 68 | 20 | 460 |
| Cherry Point, WA | 41 | 221 | 26,256 | 221 | 26,256 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New Haven, CT | 42 | 205 | 8,632 | 110 | 5,091 | 71 | 2,671 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 870 |
| Providence, RI | 43 | 195 | 7,834 | 97 | 4,112 | 70 | 2,618 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 1,103 |
| Guayanilla, PR | 44 | 179 | 8,588 | 156 | 7,401 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 1,188 |
| Anchorage, AK | 45 | 178 | 4,123 | 5 | 234 | 9 | 250 | 97 | 2,072 | 67 | 1,567 |
| Barbers Point, HI | 46 | 173 | 13,617 | 130 | 11,435 | 41 | 2,066 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 116 |
| Dutch Harbor, AK | 47 | 169 | 6,494 | 1 | 19 | 1 | 29 | 160 | 6,336 | 7 | 110 |
| Port Manatee, FL | 48 | 145 | 4,651 | 14 | 494 | 62 | 2,453 | 1 | 23 | 68 | 1,681 |
| Portsmouth, NH | 49 | 133 | 5,105 | 54 | 1,904 | 64 | 2,555 | 3 | 88 | 12 | 558 |
| Nikiski, AK | 50 | 127 | 5,922 | 72 | 3,637 | 17 | 481 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 1,804 |
| Top 50 ports. total |  | 63,037 | 3,166,290 | 20,545 | 1,438,787 | 12,008 | 537,439 | 19,426 | 909,654 | 11,058 | 280,410 |
| U.S. ports total ${ }^{5}$ |  | 64,997 | 3,293,552 | 21,231 | 1,525,040 | 12,508 | 559,682 | 19,591 | 912,900 | 11,667 | 295,931 |
| Top 50 ports as percent of U.S | total | 97.0\% | 96.1\% | 96.8\% | 94.3\% | 96.0\% | 96.0\% | 99.2\% | 99.6\% | 94.8\% | 94.8\% |

${ }^{1}$ Excludes calls by vessels under 10,000 dwt.
${ }^{2}$ Capacity is calculated as the sum for all calling vessels of calls multiplied by capacity in dwt.
${ }^{3}$ Includes petroleum and chemical tankers.
${ }^{4}$ Includes roll-on/roll-off, roll-on/roll-off container, vehicle carriers, gas carriers, general cargo, partial containership, noncontainer refrigerated, barge carrier, livestock carrier, and combination carriers.
${ }^{5}$ Includes Puerto Rico.
KEY: $\mathrm{dwt}=$ deadweight tons.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Vessel Calls at U.S. Ports 2002-2006, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www.marad.dot.gov/Marad_Statistics/index.html as of Jan. 28, 2008.

Table 3-7: Top 30 U.S. Containership Ports: 2006 (Thousands of TEUs)

| Port | Rank | Total | Export | Import |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Los Angeles, CA | 1 | 5,634 | 1,264 | 4,370 |
| Long Beach, CA | 2 | 4,757 | 1,023 | 3,734 |
| New York/New Jersey | 3 | 3,629 | 1050 | 2,579 |
| Charleston, SC | 4 | 1,581 | 719 | 862 |
| Savannah, GA | 5 | 1,493 | 618 | 875 |
| Oakland, CA | 6 | 1,410 | 580 | 830 |
| Seattle, WA | 7 | 1,400 | 582 | 818 |
| Norfolk, VA | 8 | 1,268 | 614 | 654 |
| Houston, TX | 9 | 1,212 | 422 | 790 |
| Tacoma, WA | 10 | 1,092 | 355 | 737 |
| Miami, FL | 11 | 743 | 316 | 428 |
| Port Everglades, FL | 12 | 634 | 339 | 296 |
| Baltimore, MD | 13 | 403 | 150 | 253 |
| San Juan, PR | 14 | 208 | 56 | 152 |
| Gulfport, MS | 15 | 180 | 28 | 152 |
| New Orleans, LA | 16 | 170 | 102 | 68 |
| Wilmington, DE | 17 | 170 | 44 | 126 |
| West Palm Beach, FL | 18 | 162 | 64 | 97 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 19 | 161 | 76 | 85 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 20 | 152 | 104 | 48 |
| Boston, MA | 21 | 149 | 116 | 33 |
| Portland, OR | 22 | 139 | 60 | 79 |
| Newport News, VA | 23 | 127 | 48 | 79 |
| Wilmington, NC | 24 | 96 | 46 | 51 |
| Chester, PA | 25 | 74 | 30 | 43 |
| Freeport, TX | 26 | 55 | 28 | 27 |
| Honolulu, HI | 27 | 51 | 27 | 24 |
| San Diego, CA | 28 | 48 | 1 | 46 |
| Richmond-Petersburg, VA | 29 | 44 | 22 | 22 |
| Anchorage, AK |  | 44 | 19 | 25 |
| Top 30 ports, total | 27,284 | 8,902 | 18,383 |  |
| United States, all ports | 27,473 | 8,997 | 18,477 |  |
| Top 30 ports as percent of U.S. total | $99.3 \%$ | $98.9 \%$ | $99.5 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes Puerto Rico.
KEY: TEUs = twenty-foot equivalent units.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, U.S. Waterborne Foreign Trade Containerized Cargo, based on the original data source: Port Import/Export Reporting Service, available at http://www.marad.dot.gov/Marad_Statistics/ as of Nov. 2007.

Table 3-8: Scheduled and Nonscheduled Air Freight and Mail Enplaned: 2006 (Short tons)

| State | Freight |  | Mail |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Scheduled | Nonscheduled | Scheduled | Nonscheduled |
| Alabama | 28,358 | 31,274 | 26 | 0 |
| Alaska | 551,277 | 181,741 | 3,491 | 854 |
| Arizona | 136,336 | 8,647 | 21,931 | 0 |
| Arkansas | 12,195 | 247 | 77 | 0 |
| California | 1,327,086 | 139,126 | 88,090 | 9,877 |
| Colorado | 119,412 | 17,223 | 11,169 | 339 |
| Connecticut | 77,652 | 3,376 | 3,448 | 1,250 |
| Delaware | 0 | 28,968 | 0 | 0 |
| District of Columbia | 109,784 | 383 | 5,885 | 0 |
| Florida | 608,816 | 198,645 | 38,408 | 0 |
| Georgia | 264,068 | 45,327 | 3,741 | 0 |
| Hawaii | 134,488 | 57,312 | 7,723 | 2,188 |
| Idaho | 24,031 | 4 | 183 | 51 |
| Illinois | 489,673 | 84,573 | 58,533 | 0 |
| Indiana | 593,553 | 62,303 | 2,574 | 1,413 |
| Iowa | 71,683 | 517 | 317 | 0 |
| Kansas | 15,161 | 650 | 1 | 0 |
| Kentucky | 1,120,183 | 10,574 | 7,866 | 57 |
| Louisiana | 38,760 | 3,851 | 38 | 0 |
| Maine | 5,014 | 3,363 | 2 | 0 |
| Maryland | 49,095 | 4,746 | 5,924 | 0 |
| Massachusetts | 115,585 | 12,652 | 7,494 | 0 |
| Michigan | 123,655 | 2,846 | 3,841 | 0 |
| Minnesota | 128,961 | 20,571 | 4,699 | 1 |
| Mississippi | 5,009 | 37 | 5 | 0 |
| Missouri | 109,977 | 24,643 | 7,314 | 0 |
| Montana | 20,026 | 49 | 93 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 35,147 | 547 | 592 | 0 |
| Nevada | 69,947 | 11,429 | 10,480 | 0 |
| New Hampshire | 40,318 | 889 | 142 | 0 |
| New Jersey | 373,173 | 16,612 | 25,210 | 29,198 |
| New Mexico | 50,669 | 100 | 854 | 0 |
| New York | 249,617 | 134,572 | 42,368 | 1,595 |
| North Carolina | 131,809 | 24,635 | 8,925 | 0 |
| North Dakota | 8,652 | 57 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 353,472 | 320,297 | 4,951 | 6 |
| Oklahoma | 37,517 | 528 | 1,119 | 0 |
| Oregon | 103,169 | 12,328 | 3,561 | 12 |
| Pennsylvania | 358,689 | 18,319 | 13,478 | 0 |
| Puerto Rico | 119,060 | 6,828 | 2,133 | 192 |
| Rhode Island | 4,741 | 3,753 | 0 | 0 |
| South Carolina | 81,280 | 25,488 | 57 | 0 |
| South Dakota | 21,047 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 2,080,327 | 32,015 | 2,367 | 5,210 |
| Texas | 606,417 | 70,319 | 44,035 | 1 |
| Utah | 81,306 | 4,906 | 4,827 | 208 |
| Vermont | 4,096 | 40 | 1 | 0 |
| Virginia | 44,358 | 1,244 | 14 | 0 |
| Washington | 183,591 | 21,746 | 9,429 | 60 |
| West Virginia | 735 | 38 | 0 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 50,104 | 4,412 | 3,951 | 0 |
| Wyoming | 1,742 | 0 | 108 | 0 |
| United States, total | 11,370,819 | 1,654,777 | 461,474 | 52,511 |

NOTES: Shipments by foreign carriers and intrastate shipments are excluded. Shipments destined for foreign airports and by small certificated and commuter carriers are included.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, special tabulation, Feb. 26, 2008.

Table 3-9: Top 50 Airports by Landed Weight of All-Cargo Operations: 2002-2006

| Airport | Rank in 2006 | Landed weight (million lbs.) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Anchorage, AK (Ted Stevens Anchorage International) | 1 | 17,987 | 18,015 | 19,689 | 20,728 | 21,176 |
| Memphis, TN (Memphis International) | 2 | 17,653 | 17,519 | 17,771 | 18,687 | 18,849 |
| Louisville, KY (Louisville International-Standiford Field) | 3 | 8,403 | 8,345 | 8,777 | 9,182 | 10,030 |
| Los Angeles, CA (Los Angeles International) | 4 | 6,076 | 6,239 | 6,124 | 5,853 | 7,253 |
| Miami, FL (Miami International) | 5 | 6,347 | 6,477 | 6,847 | 7,101 | 7,181 |
| Indianapolis, IN (Indianapolis International) | 6 | 5,824 | 5,874 | 5,797 | 5,089 | 5,253 |
| New York, NY (John F. Kennedy International) | 7 | 4,676 | 4,554 | 4,628 | 5,623 | 5,231 |
| Chicago, IL (Chicago O'Hare International) | 8 | 4,434 | 4,702 | 4,718 | 4,824 | 4,416 |
| Newark, NJ (Newark Liberty International) | 9 | 3,516 | 3,669 | 3,529 | 3,741 | 3,734 |
| Oakland, CA (Oakland International) | 10 | 3,493 | 3,389 | 3,406 | 3,595 | 3,596 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth, TX (Dallas/Fort Worth International) | 11 | 2,961 | 2,962 | 2,862 | 3,310 | 3,444 |
| Ontario, CA (Ontario International) | 12 | 2,888 | 2,675 | 2,652 | 2,688 | 2,802 |
| Philadelphia, PA (Philadelphia International) | 13 | 2,932 | 2,730 | 2,743 | 2,802 | 2,725 |
| Atlanta, GA (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International) | 14 | 2,332 | 2,387 | 2,325 | 2,027 | 2,360 |
| Honolulu, HI (Honolulu International) | 15 | 1,941 | 2,035 | 1,940 | 1,656 | 1,958 |
| San Francisco, CA (San Francisco International) | 16 | 2,070 | 2,400 | 1,480 | 1,593 | 1,658 |
| Portland, OR (Portland International) | 17 | 1,632 | 1,498 | 1,436 | 1,493 | 1,461 |
| Phoenix, AZ (Phoenix Sky Harbor International) | 18 | 1,735 | 1,559 | 1,603 | 1,556 | 1,452 |
| Denver, CO (Denver International) | 19 | 1,565 | 1,495 | 1,526 | 1,526 | 1,423 |
| Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma International) | 20 | 1,761 | 1,593 | 1,062 | 1,417 | 1,417 |
| Houston, TX (George Bush Intercontinental) | 21 | 964 | 1,332 | 1,394 | 1,420 | 1,392 |
| Rockford, IL (Chicago Rockford International) | 22 | 1,261 | 1,251 | 1,354 | 1,393 | 1,392 |
| Fort Worth, TX (Fort Worth Alliance) | 23 | 740 | 697 | 747 | 1,002 | 1,288 |
| Minneapolis, MN (Minneapolis-St. Paul Intl./Wold-Chamberlain) | 24 | 1,242 | 1,375 | 1,356 | 1,405 | 1,240 |
| San Juan, PR (Luis Munoz Marin International) | 25 | 1,073 | 1,303 | 904 | 1,250 | 1,211 |
| Boston, MA (General Edward Lawrence Logan International) | 26 | 1,272 | 1,199 | 1,172 | 1,149 | 1,100 |
| Salt Lake City, UT (Salt Lake City International) | 27 | 1,166 | 1,199 | 1,242 | 1,179 | 1,096 |
| Orlando, FL (Orlando International) | 28 | 1,246 | 1,090 | 1,161 | 1,156 | 963 |
| Windsor Locks, CT (Bradley International) | 29 | 905 | 824 | 890 | 967 | 953 |
| Toledo, OH (Toledo Express) | 30 | 945 | 921 | 1,004 | 986 | 919 |
| Columbus, OH (Port Columbus International) | 31 | 651 | 478 | 594 | 752 | 857 |
| Fort Wayne, IN (Fort Wayne International) | 32 | 623 | 749 | 764 | 697 | 847 |
| Dayton, OH (James M. Cox Dayton International) | 33 | 1,794 | 1,569 | 1,573 | 1,577 | 806 |
| San Antonio, TX (San Antonio International) | 34 | 683 | 705 | 736 | 761 | 796 |
| Kansas City, MO (Kansas City International) | 35 | 853 | 850 | 943 | 925 | 795 |
| Columbia, SC (Columbia Metropolitan) | 36 | 838 | 609 | 884 | 785 | 793 |
| Detroit, MI (Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County) | 37 | 709 | 728 | 697 | 757 | 790 |
| Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma International) | 38 | 782 | 764 | 892 | 867 | 784 |
| Fort Lauderdale, FL (Fort Lauderdale/Hollywood International) | 39 | 823 | 771 | 734 | 744 | 767 |
| San Diego, CA (San Diego International) | 40 | 653 | 652 | 641 | 741 | 731 |
| Des Moines, IA (Des Moines International) | 41 | 680 | 644 | 623 | 639 | 670 |
| Albuquerque, NM (Albuquerque International Sunport) | 42 | 619 | 589 | 623 | 649 | 657 |
| Charlotte, NC (Charlotte Douglas International) | 43 | 747 | 733 | 765 | (R) 783 | 615 |
| Aguadilla, PR (Rafael Hernandez) | 44 | 291 | 626 | 549 | 573 | 594 |
| Austin, TX (Austin-Bergstrom International) | 45 | 801 | 735 | 732 | 683 | 577 |
| Milwaukee, WI (General Mitchell International) | 46 | 555 | 535 | 579 | 590 | 566 |
| Washington, DC (Dulles International) | 47 | 677 | 617 | 610 | 610 | 560 |
| Manchester, NH (Manchester) | 48 | 541 | 494 | 522 | 527 | 541 |
| Raleigh, NC (Raleigh-Durham International) | 49 | 526 | 555 | 549 | 495 | 535 |
| Baltimore, MD (Baltimore/Washington Intl. Thurgood Marshall) | 50 | 611 | 567 | 512 | 515 | 533 |
| Top 50 airports, total |  | 125,497 | 125,280 | 126,659 | (R) 131,066 | 132,787 |
| United States, all airports ${ }^{1}$ |  | 146,581 | 146,144 | 148,594 | (R) 152,103 | 152,414 |
| Top 50 airports as percent of U.S. total |  | 86\% | 86\% | 85\% | 86\% | 87\% |

${ }^{1}$ Includes Puerto Rico and Guam.
KEY: R = revised
SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, Airport Planning, CY 2006 Passenger Boarding and All-Cargo Data and previous years, available at
http://www.faa.gov/airports_airtraffic/airports/planning_capacity/passenger_allcargo_stats/ as of Nov. 19, 2007.

Table 3-10: U.S. Surface Merchandise Trade with Canada and Mexico: $2007^{1}$ (Millions of current dollars)

| State | Exports to |  | Imports from |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canada | Mexico | Canada | Mexico |
| Alabama | 2,816 | 642 | 1,581 | 583 |
| Alaska | 120 | 34 | 274 | 8 |
| Arizona | 1,348 | 4,818 | 1,150 | 5,359 |
| Arkansas | 1,192 | 479 | 815 | 331 |
| California | 12,252 | 16,484 | 19,925 | 32,714 |
| Colorado | 1,603 | 904 | 3,067 | 708 |
| Connecticut | 1,535 | 724 | 2,445 | 2,319 |
| Delaware | 679 | 129 | 582 | 192 |
| District of Columbia | 5 | 3 | 90 | 10 |
| Florida | 3,075 | 1,961 | 3,200 | 1,831 |
| Georgia | 4,059 | 1,026 | 4,446 | 3,221 |
| Hawaii | 6 | 2 | 90 | 0 |
| Idaho | 526 | 125 | 641 | 64 |
| Illinois | 12,627 | 3,310 | 26,692 | 6,823 |
| Indiana | 10,357 | 2,455 | 6,761 | 2,677 |
| Iowa | 3,064 | 1,562 | 3,252 | 820 |
| Kansas | 2,148 | 842 | 1,857 | 498 |
| Kentucky | 6,133 | 1,206 | 4,699 | 2,525 |
| Louisiana | 1,714 | 711 | 923 | 171 |
| Maine | 870 | 25 | 2,025 | 18 |
| Maryland | 1,226 | 429 | 1,827 | 1,292 |
| Massachusetts |  | 787 | 5,469 | 1,652 |
| Michigan | 25,070 | 5,113 | 51,951 | 25,669 |
| Minnesota | 4,429 | 565 | 10,557 | 1,502 |
| Mississippi | 1,117 | 499 | 799 | 579 |
| Missouri | 4,734 | 1,281 | 2,854 | 2,087 |
| Montana | 572 | 24 | 4,386 | 4 |
| Nebraska | 1,158 | 887 | 1,309 | 337 |
| Nevada | 588 | 111 | 830 | 296 |
| New Hampshire | 498 | 105 | 1,433 | 1,580 |
| New Jersey | 5,422 | 1,053 | 5,590 | 2,973 |
| New Mexico | 199 | 370 | 249 | 508 |
| New York | 11,418 | 1,560 | 22,560 | 3,669 |
| North Carolina | 5,272 | 1,491 | 3,708 | 3,957 |
| North Dakota | 994 | 120 | 1,708 | 49 |
| Ohio | 18,842 | 2,836 | 14,066 | 4,075 |
| Oklahoma | 1,543 | 423 | 1,254 | 388 |
| Oregon | 2,559 | 854 | 2,436 | 957 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,362 | 1,984 | 10,302 | 3,212 |
| Rhode Island | 415 | 54 | 446 | 145 |
| South Carolina | 3,164 | 839 | 1,794 | 1,900 |
| South Dakota | 506 | 237 | 442 | 24 |
| Tennessee | 6,424 | 2,280 | 8,463 | 4,207 |
| Texas | 14,018 | 48,796 | 11,647 | 38,986 |
| Utah | 825 | 190 | 1,274 | 420 |
| Vermont | 1,284 | 42 | 2,605 | 43 |
| Virginia | 2,360 | 553 | 1,887 | 630 |
| Washington | 6,610 | 1,050 | 14,224 | 454 |
| West Virginia | 1,121 | 118 | 1,183 | 337 |
| Wisconsin | 5,596 | 1,806 | 4,897 | 2,401 |
| Wyoming | 182 | 15 | 2,600 | 8 |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ | 226,058 | 118,758 | 284,773 | 167,713 |

${ }^{1}$ Surface merchandise trade comprises all shipments of goods between the U.S. and Canada or Mexico by surface modes of transport (other than air or maritime vessel).
${ }^{2}$ United States total includes trade in which the state is unknown.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Freight Data, available at http://www.bts.gov/programs/international/transborder/ as of Mar. 20, 2008.

Table 3-11: U.S. Surface Merchandise Imports from Canada and Mexico: 2007 (Short Tons)

| State | Imports from Canada |  |  |  | Imports from Mexico |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \text { (short tons) } \end{array}$ | Truck (percent) | Rail (percent) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Other }^{1} \\ \text { (percent) } \end{array}$ | Total (short tons) | Truck (percent) | Rail (percent) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Other }^{1} \\ \text { (percent) } \end{array}$ |
| Alabama | 1,578,804 | 23 | 77 | <0.5 | 144,135 | 85 | 15 | $<0.5$ |
| Alaska | 116,611 | 71 | 29 | <0.5 | 1,871 | 99 | Z | Z |
| Arizona | 1,019,284 | 22 | 78 | <0.5 | 2,956,604 | 89 | 11 | <0.5 |
| Arkansas | 565,619 | 41 | 59 | <0.5 | 101,585 | 84 | 16 | <0.5 |
| California | 7,593,456 | 31 | 68 | 0.7 | 6,279,927 | 92 | 8 | <0.5 |
| Colorado | 4,784,366 | 11 | 25 | 64 | 158,343 | 60 | 38 | 2 |
| Connecticut | 1,307,960 | 57 | 38 | 5 | 232,332 | 60 | 40 | <0.5 |
| Delaware | 670,421 | 29 | 42 | 29 | 22,556 | 45 | 55 | Z |
| District of Columbia | 22,529 | 77 | 23 | Z | 10,206 | 100 | Z | Z |
| Florida | 2,182,876 | 30 | 70 | <0.5 | 426,992 | 86 | 14 | <0.5 |
| Georgia | 2,725,365 | 34 | 66 | <0.5 | 826,692 | 88 | 12 | <0.5 |
| Hawaii | 40,034 | 99 | 1 | <0.5 | 88 | 100 | Z | Z |
| Idaho | 1,694,417 | 30 | 70 | <0.5 | 26,946 | 56 | 44 | <0.5 |
| Illinois | 43,327,135 | 7 | 15 | 78 | 3,683,196 | 28 | 72 | <0.5 |
| Indiana | 6,617,542 | 28 | 53 | 18 | 486,413 | 89 | 11 | <0.5 |
| lowa | 2,824,042 | 28 | 71 | 2 | 186,741 | 87 | 13 | <0.5 |
| Kansas | 972,335 | 27 | 46 | 27 | 104,576 | 74 | 26 | <0.5 |
| Kentucky | 2,246,965 | 46 | 54 | <0.5 | 486,518 | 83 | 17 | <0.5 |
| Louisiana | 826,183 | 19 | 81 | <0.5 | 81,630 | 52 | 48 | Z |
| Maine | 3,062,877 | 54 | 35 | 11 | 3,685 | 93 | 7 | <0.5 |
| Maryland | 1,551,513 | 43 | 55 | 2 | 230,416 | 59 | 41 | <0.5 |
| Massachusetts | 3,188,104 | 62 | 38 | <0.5 | 146,888 | 93 | 7 | <0.5 |
| Michigan | 18,483,671 | 48 | 29 | 23 | 4,193,854 | 33 | 67 | <0.5 |
| Minnesota | 21,197,481 | 8 | 22 | 70 | 260,668 | 84 | 15 | <0.5 |
| Mississippi | 456,598 | 37 | 63 | <0.5 | 71,587 | 85 | 0 | 15 |
| Missouri | 1,942,586 | 34 | 66 | <0.5 | 611,748 | 84 | 16 | <0.5 |
| Montana | 11,281,443 | 15 | 5 | 81 | 1,186 | 100 | Z | Z |
| Nebraska | 1,255,539 | 43 | 57 | Z | 29,971 | 87 | 13 | <0.5 |
| Nevada | 678,644 | 23 | 77 | <0.5 | 74,304 | 96 | 4 | <0.5 |
| New Hampshire | 1,144,138 | 54 | 45 | <0.5 | 20,453 | 100 | Z | Z |
| New Jersey | 4,439,656 | 41 | 23 | 36 | 449,872 | 73 | 27 | $<0.5$ |
| New Mexico | 151,970 | 22 | 78 | <0.5 | 332,747 | 54 | 46 | <0.5 |
| New York | 9,272,378 | 79 | 20 | 1 | 1,011,077 | 94 | 6 | <0.5 |
| North Carolina | 2,764,386 | 33 | 67 | <0.5 | 586,566 | 93 | 6 | <0.5 |
| North Dakota | 3,606,335 | 43 | 47 | 10 | 7,419 | 94 | 6 | Z |
| Ohio | 16,139,292 | 28 | 23 | 49 | 812,676 | 88 | 12 | Z |
| Oklahoma | 1,037,089 | 18 | 44 | 38 | 152,110 | 98 | 2 | <0.5 |
| Oregon | 6,034,076 | 19 | 81 | <0.5 | 368,767 | 97 | 3 | <0.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,803,892 | 50 | 42 | 8 | 706,042 | 68 | 32 | <0.5 |
| Rhode Island | 225,300 | 77 | 23 | <0.5 | 22,298 | 85 | 15 | Z |
| South Carolina | 1,252,535 | 42 | 58 | <0.5 | 176,480 | 89 | 3 | 8 |
| South Dakota | 627,256 | 56 | 44 | Z | 26,017 | 23 | 77 | <0.5 |
| Tennessee | 3,425,999 | 24 | 76 | <0.5 | 789,702 | 79 | 18 | 3 |
| Texas | 6,287,485 | 26 | 66 | 8 | 14,315,346 | 79 | 19 | 2 |
| Utah | 1,030,319 | 31 | 65 | 4 | 47,664 | 98 | 2 | <0.5 |
| Vermont | 1,526,102 | 69 | 31 | <0.5 | 8,776 | 80 | 20 | Z |
| Virginia | 1,625,387 | 40 | 60 | <0.5 | 121,974 | 95 | 5 | <0.5 |
| Washington | 11,934,456 | 30 | 23 | 48 | 183,327 | 60 | 40 | Z |
| West Virginia | 718,472 | 37 | 63 | <0.5 | 262,202 | 3 | 97 | Z |
| Wisconsin | 6,463,026 | 22 | 60 | 18 | 781,568 | 90 | 10 | <0.5 |
| Wyoming | 5,776,522 | 3 | 4 | 93 | 6,694 | 36 | 64 | Z |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ | 238,539,781 | 27 | 34 | 38 | 43,033,407 | 73 | 26 | 1 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes pipeline, mail, imports into Foreign Trade Zones, and other imports by modes not elsewhere classified.
${ }^{2}$ The sum of states may not add to U.S. totals, because the totals include imports to unknown destinations.
KEY: $\mathrm{Z}=$ No activity.
NOTE: For the category "Other" for Canada, approximately 99.7 percent of the weight arrives by pipeline. For the category "Other" for Mexico, approximately 58.4 percent of the weight is via Foreign Trade Zones, and approximately 26.4 percent of the weight arrives by pipeline. Data in metric tons can be obtained from the Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Freight Database available at http://www.bts.gov/itt/ as of February 2008.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Freight Data, available at http://www.bts.gov/programs/international/transborder/ as of Mar.. 20, 2008.

Table 3-12: Incoming Truck Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 11 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 9 |
| Idaho | 59 | 56 | 58 | 50 | 49 | 52 | 58 |
| Maine | 536 | 530 | 511 | 478 | $(\mathrm{R}) 520$ | 504 | 461 |
| Michigan | 2,676 | 2,534 | 2,641 | 2,626 | 2,716 | 2,737 | 2,671 |
| Minnesota | 130 | 128 | 117 | 110 | 103 | 89 | 78 |
| Montana | 206 | 198 | 188 | 156 | $(\mathrm{R}) 168$ | 165 | 168 |
| New York | 1,983 | 1,903 | 2,011 | 2,001 | 1,987 | 1,903 | 1,865 |
| North Dakota | 345 | 360 | 350 | 330 | 341 | 334 | 349 |
| Vermont | 325 | 320 | 320 | 314 | $(\mathrm{R}) 334$ | 313 | 307 |
| Washington | 778 | 734 | $(\mathrm{R}) 701$ | 652 | $(\mathrm{R}) 675$ | 678 | 682 |
| United States, total | 7,048 | 6,777 | $(\mathrm{R}) 6,910$ | 6,728 | $(\mathrm{R}) 6,904$ | 6,784 | 6,649 |

NOTE: Data represent the number of truck crossings, not the number of unique vehicles, and include both loaded and unloaded trucks. Does not include privately owned pickup trucks.

Table 3-13: Incoming Truck Container (Loaded) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 7 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 7 |
| Idaho | 51 | 53 | 56 | 47 | 45 | 48 | 53 |
| Maine | 344 | 304 | 391 | 388 | 407 | 396 | 370 |
| Michigan | 2,069 | 2,144 | 2,248 | 2,242 | 2,301 | 2,315 | 2,271 |
| Minnesota | 100 | 100 | 95 | 89 | 85 | 72 | 59 |
| Montana | 170 | 177 | 170 | 141 | 155 | 140 | 149 |
| New York | 1,708 | 1,656 | 1,763 | 1,770 | 1,752 | 1,778 | 1,733 |
| North Dakota | 305 | 329 | 314 | 295 | 322 | 316 | 286 |
| Vermont | 217 | 270 | 276 | 260 | 259 | 267 | 276 |
| Washington | 363 | 530 | 497 | 433 | 482 | 479 | 471 |
| United States, total | 5,335 | 5,571 | 5,818 | 5,673 | 5,818 | 5,819 | 5,675 |

Table 3-14: Incoming Truck Container (Empty) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Idaho | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Maine | 50 | 49 | 78 | 98 | 103 | 96 | 106 |
| Michigan | 402 | 462 | 402 | 347 | 360 | 360 | 349 |
| Minnesota | 31 | 25 | 24 | 21 | 18 | 18 | 20 |
| Montana | 28 | 21 | 20 | 14 | 10 | 12 | 18 |
| New York | 202 | 207 | 228 | 226 | 226 | 216 | 217 |
| North Dakota | 36 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 29 | 40 | 67 |
| Vermont | 9 | 13 | 16 | 25 | 22 | 21 | 24 |
| Washington | 134 | 201 | 196 | 164 | 184 | 189 | 187 |
| United States, total | 897 | 1,021 | 1,002 | 933 | 958 | 956 | 995 |

NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: The data for incoming trucks exceeds the data for truck containers loaded and unloaded (empty) because some incoming trucks do not carry a container.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Border Crossing/Entry data, available at http://www.bts.gov/itt/ as of Oct. 12, 2007.

Table 3-15: Incoming Train Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 326 | 316 | 279 | 264 | 253 | 301 | 307 |
| Idaho | 699 | 703 | 845 | 934 | 1,000 | 1,130 | 1,283 |
| Maine | 1,428 | 1,303 | 1,082 | 1,132 | 1,478 | 1,287 | 1,412 |
| Michigan | 9,757 | 10,312 | 9,669 | 10,237 | 9,679 | 10,349 | 8,467 |
| Minnesota | 9,162 | 9,693 | 9,737 | 10,452 | 9,454 | 8,849 | 8,953 |
| Montana | 471 | 358 | 339 | 367 | 413 | 382 | 383 |
| New York | 5,725 | 5,139 | 5,192 | 4,713 | $(\mathrm{R}) 4,882$ | 4,771 | 4,574 |
| North Dakota | 1,728 | 1,764 | 1,980 | 2,182 | 2,090 | 2,169 | 3,040 |
| Vermont | 1,119 | 1,034 | 908 | 987 | 884 | 802 | 944 |
| Washington | 3,032 | 2,955 | 2,791 | 2,869 | 3,134 | 2,767 | 3,163 |
| United States, total | 3,447 | 33,577 | $(R) 32,822$ | $(R) 34,137$ | (R) 33,267 | 32,807 | 32,526 |

Table 3-16: Incoming Rail Container (Full) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Idaho | 47,263 | 54,593 | 60,502 | 68,047 | 71,759 | 82,294 | 88,632 |
| Maine | 28,139 | 27,790 | 17,417 | 15,405 | 22,639 | 22,885 | 17,996 |
| Michigan | 528,096 | 585,589 | 568,557 | 560,264 | 560,211 | 538,269 | 493,942 |
| Minnesota | 204,386 | 222,443 | 258,710 | 257,508 | 273,769 | 259,227 | 240,626 |
| Montana | 15,964 | 16,367 | 17,707 | 19,539 | 30,341 | 20,148 | 21,979 |
| New York | 192,614 | 207,574 | 204,948 | 205,573 | 217,840 | 226,144 | 201,448 |
| North Dakota | 112,462 | 111,601 | 129,506 | 137,965 | 148,605 | 148,260 | 184,754 |
| Vermont | 37,745 | 32,968 | 42,567 | 42,030 | 44,614 | 42,927 | 40,330 |
| Washington | 48,770 | 72,457 | 83,740 | 96,057 | 114,856 | 117,862 | 118,684 |
| United States, total | $1,215,439$ | $1,331,382$ | $1,383,654$ | $1,402,388$ | $1,484,634$ | $1,458,016$ | $1,408,391$ |

Table 3-17: Incoming Rail Container (Empty) Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Idaho | 2,977 | 4,730 | 4,669 | 6,452 | 6,374 | 6,527 | 6,902 |
| Maine | 32,219 | 28,281 | 19,458 | 16,438 | 21,660 | 22,024 | 21,439 |
| Michigan | 151,651 | 209,221 | 190,749 | 197,555 | 191,389 | 191,831 | 208,520 |
| Minnesota | 46,557 | 52,439 | 59,750 | 68,124 | 59,888 | 63,557 | 74,640 |
| Montana | 9,291 | 10,637 | 8,924 | 8,637 | 9,655 | 9,251 | 10,165 |
| New York | 64,541 | 53,991 | 51,411 | 52,025 | 58,272 | 69,092 | 56,771 |
| North Dakota | 42,236 | 56,660 | 70,588 | 81,036 | 76,679 | 85,063 | 102,090 |
| Vermont | 13,324 | 8,758 | 11,175 | 10,397 | 12,150 | 10,924 | 10,241 |
| Washington | 16,602 | 23,246 | 24,598 | 25,193 | 30,208 | 24,272 | 24,628 |
| United States, total | 379,398 | 447,963 | 441,322 | 465,857 | 466,275 | 482,541 | 515,396 |

KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: NA = not applicable.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Border Crossing/Entry data, available at http://www.bts.gov/itt/ as of Oct. 12, 2007.

## Freight Transportation

Table 3-18: Incoming Truck Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 344 | 336 | 312 | 313 | 323 | 346 | 368 |
| California | 1,032 | 1,028 | 1,067 | 1,020 | 1,111 | 1,123 | 1,131 |
| New Mexico | 36 | 34 | 33 | 33 | 34 | 39 | 42 |
| Texas | 3,113 | 2,907 | 3,015 | 2,872 | 3,036 | 3,168 | 3,217 |
| United States, total | 4,526 | 4,305 | 4,427 | 4,238 | 4,504 | 4,676 | 4,759 |

NOTE: Data represent the number of truck crossings, not the number of unique vehicles, and include both loaded and unloaded trucks. Does not include privately owned pickup trucks.

Table 3-19: Incoming Truck Container (Loaded) Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 233 | 231 | 227 | 232 | 241 | 258 | 271 |
| California | 510 | 524 | 580 | 611 | 660 | 669 | 691 |
| New Mexico | 24 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 34 |
| Texas | 1,583 | 1,596 | 1,692 | (R) 1,731 | 1,922 | 2,075 | 2,050 |
| United States, total | 2,350 | 2,372 | 2,523 | (R) 2,600 | 2,848 | 3,031 | 3,047 |

Table 3-20: Incoming Truck Container (Empty) Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 90 | 96 | 88 | 79 | 79 | 87 | 92 |
| California | 437 | 490 | 497 | 480 | 476 | 459 | 413 |
| New Mexico | 11 | 12 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 8 |
| Texas | 1,313 | 1,318 | 1,318 | 1,128 | 1,103 | 1,090 | 1,180 |
| United States, total | 1,851 | 1,916 | 1,911 | 1,693 | 1,665 | 1,646 | 1,694 |

NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: The data for incoming trucks exceeds the data for truck containers loaded and unloaded (empty) because some incoming trucks do not carry a container.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Border Crossing/Entry data, available at http://www.bts.gov/itt/ as of Oct. 12, 2007.

Table 3-21: Incoming Train Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 774 | 635 | 607 | 457 | 444 | 785 | 653 |
| California | 522 | 628 | 578 | 509 | 562 | 727 | 814 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 5,812 | 6,206 | 6,572 | 6,808 | 6,838 | 7,946 | 8,699 |
| United States, total | 7,108 | 7,469 | 7,757 | 7,774 | 7,844 | 9,458 | 10,166 |

Table 3-22: Incoming Rail Container (Full) Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 25,249 | 35,716 | 31,789 | 24,602 | 27,439 | 28,748 | 41,821 |
| California | 1,565 | 2,243 | 2,104 | 1,193 | 1,262 | 3,918 | 1,933 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 239,421 | 228,613 | 235,657 | 240,674 | 277,047 | 302,945 | 339,499 |
| United States, total | 266,235 | 266,572 | 269,550 | 266,469 | 305,748 | 335,611 | 383,253 |

Table 3-23: Incoming Rail Container (Empty) Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 25,353 | 22,951 | 20,447 | 21,083 | 19,460 | 18,083 | 17,994 |
| California | 7,550 | 8,375 | 8,963 | 9,509 | 13,829 | 14,395 | 12,862 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 272,687 | 284,754 | 303,362 | 310,414 | 336,268 | 360,470 | 389,182 |
| United States, total | 305,590 | 316,080 | 332,772 | 341,006 | 369,557 | 392,948 | 420,038 |

KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE NA = not applicable.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Border Crossing/Entry data, available at http://www.bts.gov/itt/ as of Oct. 12, 2007.

Table 3-24: Top 50 U.S. Foreign Trade Freight Gateways: 2006 (Ranked by value of shipments in billions of dollars)

| Gateway ${ }^{1}$ | Mode ${ }^{2}$ | Rank | Exports | Imports | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Los Angeles, CA | Water | 1 | 26.3 | 143.7 | 170.0 |
| New York, NY and NJ | Water | 2 | 33.2 | 116.1 | 149.3 |
| John F. Kennedy International, NY | Air | 3 | 68.4 | 79.4 | 147.8 |
| Detroit, MI | Land | 4 | 72.8 | 64.5 | 137.2 |
| Long Beach, CA | Water | 5 | 21.4 | 113.3 | 134.7 |
| Laredo, TX | Land | 6 | 45.8 | 58.2 | 104.0 |
| Houston, TX | Water | 7 | 41.9 | 60.9 | 102.9 |
| Los Angeles International, CA | Air | 8 | 41.0 | 38.0 | 79.1 |
| Chicago O'Hare International, IL | Air | 9 | 31.3 | 46.7 | 78.1 |
| Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY | Land | 10 | 35.5 | 40.0 | 75.5 |
| Port Huron, MI | Land | 11 | 25.5 | 44.9 | 70.3 |
| San Francisco International, CA | Air | 12 | 29.5 | 34.3 | 63.8 |
| Charleston, SC | Water | 13 | 16.1 | 39.1 | 55.1 |
| El Paso, TX | Land | 14 | 21.0 | 25.7 | 46.7 |
| Ted Stevens Anchorage International, AK | Air | 15 | 11.5 | 33.2 | 44.6 |
| Norfolk, VA | Water | 16 | 17.4 | 27.1 | 44.5 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth International, TX | Air | 17 | 17.5 | 24.1 | 41.6 |
| Savannah, GA | Water | 18 | 13.6 | 26.1 | 39.7 |
| Baltimore, MD | Water | 19 | 9.6 | 27.0 | 36.6 |
| Seattle, WA | Water | 20 | 8.6 | 26.0 | 34.6 |
| Louis Armstrong New Orleans International, LA | Air | 21 | 14.2 | 20.0 | 34.1 |
| Oakland, CA | Water | 22 | 9.8 | 23.6 | 33.3 |
| Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International, GA | Air | 23 | 12.4 | 20.9 | 33.2 |
| Tacoma, WA | Water | 24 | 4.9 | 27.7 | 32.6 |
| Miami International, FL | Air | 25 | 20.7 | 9.6 | 30.3 |
| Otay Mesa Station, CA | Land | 26 | 9.9 | 18.7 | 28.6 |
| New Orleans, LA | Water | 27 | 11.5 | 14.5 | 26.0 |
| Cleveland-Hopkins International, OH | Air | 28 | 16.1 | 9.7 | 25.8 |
| Morgan City, LA | Water | 29 | 0.1 | 25.4 | 25.6 |
| Beaumont, TX | Water | 30 | 1.9 | 20.2 | 22.0 |
| Jacksonville, FL | Water | 31 | 8.7 | 12.5 | 21.2 |
| Philadelphia, PA | Water | 32 | 1.7 | 19.0 | 20.7 |
| Miami, FL | Water | 33 | 8.9 | 11.4 | 20.3 |
| Hidalgo, TX | Land | 34 | 8.3 | 11.8 | 20.0 |
| Champlain-Rouses Point, NY | Land | 35 | 7.2 | 12.8 | 19.9 |
| Corpus Christie, TX | Water | 36 | 3.3 | 15.7 | 19.0 |
| Nogales, AZ | Land | 37 | 6.3 | 12.5 | 18.9 |
| Port Everglades, FL | Water | 38 | 8.0 | 10.5 | 18.6 |
| Blaine, WA | Land | 39 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 17.1 |
| Pembina, ND | Land | 40 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 15.4 |
| Newark Liberty International, NJ | Air | 41 | 3.1 | 12.1 | 15.2 |
| Dulles International, DC | Air | 42 | 5.1 | 10.0 | 15.1 |
| Portland, OR | Water | 43 | 2.6 | 11.5 | 14.1 |
| Texas City, TX | Water | 44 | 1.6 | 12.0 | 13.7 |
| General Edward Lawrence Logan International, MA | Air | 45 | 8.3 | 5.3 | 13.6 |
| Luis Munoz Marin International, PR | Air | 46 | 7.6 | 5.0 | 12.6 |
| Brownsville, TX | Land | 47 | 6.8 | 5.6 | 12.4 |
| Sweetgrass, MT | Land | 48 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 12.2 |
| Alexandria Bay, NY | Land | 49 | 4.7 | 7.5 | 12.2 |
| Portal, ND | Land | 50 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 11.9 |
| Total top 50 gateways | NA | NA | 811.9 | 1,460.0 | 2,271.9 |

${ }^{1}$ Gateway means any port, airport, or border crossing that provides access for the import or export of goods.
${ }^{2}$ Water data are preliminary.
KEY: NA = not applicable.
NOTES: All data: Trade levels reflect the mode of transportation as a shipment enters or exits at a border port. Flows through individual ports are based on reported data collected from U.S. trade documents. Trade does not include low-value shipments. (In general, these are imports valued at less than $\$ 1,250$ and exports that are valued at less than $\$ 2,500$ ). Air: Data for all air gateways include a low level (generally less than $2 \%-3 \%$ of the total value) of small user-fee airports located in the same region. Air gateways not identified by airport name (e.g., Chicago, IL, and others) include major airport(s) in that geographic area in addition to small regional airports. In addition, due to Bureau of Census confidentiality regulations, data for courier operations are included in the airport totals for JFK International Airport, New Orleans, Los Angeles, Cleveland, Chicago, Miami, and Anchorage.

## SOURCES:

Air: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, Foreign Trade Division, special tabulation, Mar. 25, 2008.
Water: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Navigation Data Center, special tabulation, Mar. 25, 2008.
Land: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Transborder Freight Data, Mar. 25, 2008.

## Section D

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## Passenger Travel

Table 4-1: Commuting to Work: 2006

| State | Number of workers | Percent |  |  |  |  |  | Mean travel time to work (minutes) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Car, truck, or vandrove alone | Car, truck, or vancarpooled | Public transportation (excluding taxicab) | Walked | Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle or other means | Worked at home |  |
| Alabama | 1,964,398 | 83.6 | 11.3 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 23.6 |
| Alaska | 317,371 | 67.7 | 12.7 | 1.1 | 9.1 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 17.7 |
| Arizona | 2,731,538 | 74.6 | 13.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 25.0 |
| Arkansas | 1,223,692 | 80.2 | 12.9 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 3.3 | 20.7 |
| California | 16,335,802 | 73.0 | 12.4 | 5.0 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 4.8 | 26.8 |
| Colorado | 2,392,520 | 75.1 | 10.6 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 5.7 | 23.9 |
| Connecticut | 1,714,985 | 79.7 | 8.4 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 24.1 |
| Delaware | 398,315 | 80.8 | 9.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 23.6 |
| District of Columbia | 284,007 | 35.4 | 6.3 | 39.0 | 11.8 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 29.2 |
| Florida | 8,143,041 | 79.3 | 10.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 25.9 |
| Georgia | 4,295,479 | 78.2 | 11.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 4.2 | 27.3 |
| Hawaii | 629,113 | 67.0 | 16.0 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 25.5 |
| Idaho | 674,920 | 77.2 | 11.7 | 0.8 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 5.0 | 20.1 |
| Illinois | 5,990,729 | 74.3 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 27.9 |
| Indiana | 2,951,039 | 82.4 | 9.9 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 22.3 |
| Iowa | 1,505,469 | 78.5 | 10.8 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 18.2 |
| Kansas | 1,377,119 | 81.8 | 9.2 | 0.6 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 4.3 | 18.5 |
| Kentucky | 1,837,225 | 81.5 | 11.3 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 3.2 | 22.4 |
| Louisiana | 1,807,758 | 81.6 | 11.6 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 25.1 |
| Maine | 649,045 | 77.6 | 11.0 | 0.7 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 22.3 |
| Maryland | 2,813,342 | 72.8 | 10.7 | 8.8 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 30.6 |
| Massachusetts | 3,173,416 | 73.7 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 26.6 |
| Michigan | 4,433,325 | 82.9 | 9.1 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 23.4 |
| Minnesota | 2,670,719 | 78.1 | 9.3 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 4.9 | 22.0 |
| Mississippi | 1,178,470 | 82.2 | 12.1 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 24.0 |
| Missouri | 2,741,377 | 80.8 | 10.4 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 4.1 | 22.9 |
| Montana | 459,766 | 72.7 | 12.0 | 0.9 | 5.3 | 2.4 | 6.7 | 17.6 |
| Nebraska | 910,351 | 79.1 | 10.4 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 5.0 | 17.7 |
| Nevada | 1,201,744 | 76.7 | 12.3 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 24.2 |
| New Hampshire | 685,446 | 81.7 | 8.6 | 0.7 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 24.6 |
| New Jersey | 4,129,054 | 71.9 | 9.3 | 10.3 | 3.4 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 29.1 |
| New Mexico | 857,733 | 78.2 | 12.5 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 4.6 | 20.9 |
| New York | 8,740,300 | 54.4 | 7.6 | 26.1 | 6.3 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 30.9 |
| North Carolina | 4,103,837 | 79.8 | 12.5 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 23.4 |
| North Dakota | 332,363 | 79.3 | 9.2 | 0.4 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 5.8 | 15.5 |
| Ohio | 5,325,529 | 83.1 | 8.3 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 22.1 |
| Oklahoma | 1,598,736 | 80.4 | 11.6 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 20.0 |
| Oregon | 1,741,953 | 71.4 | 11.7 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 6.0 | 21.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,720,060 | 76.4 | 9.9 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 25.0 |
| Rhode Island | 514,823 | 81.1 | 8.9 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 22.3 |
| South Carolina | 1,938,132 | 81.1 | 11.3 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 22.9 |
| South Dakota | 398,229 | 77.5 | 9.6 | 0.4 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 6.6 | 15.9 |
| Tennessee | 2,698,377 | 83.3 | 10.2 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 23.5 |
| Texas | 10,514,531 | 78.5 | 12.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 3.5 | 24.6 |
| Utah | 1,190,466 | 75.2 | 13.1 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 20.8 |
| Vermont | 323,071 | 75.1 | 11.2 | 0.8 | 6.1 | 1.4 | 5.4 | 21.2 |
| Virginia | 3,787,653 | 77.0 | 11.4 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 26.9 |
| Washington | 3,030,099 | 72.8 | 11.8 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 5.1 | 25.2 |
| West Virginia | 739,968 | 80.0 | 12.1 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 25.6 |
| Wisconsin | 2,821,147 | 79.9 | 9.2 | 1.9 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 3.9 | 20.8 |
| Wyoming | 268,323 | 76.0 | 12.5 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 5.2 | 17.9 |
| United States, total | 138,265,905 | 76.0 | 10.7 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 3.9 | 25.0 |

NOTES: Data are for workers age 16 years and over. The state designation of workers is based on their residence.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, available at http://www.census.gov/acs/www/ as of Nov. 16, 2007.

Table 4-2: Licensed Drivers: 2006

| State | Number of licensed drivers | Licensed drivers per registered vehicle | Resident population | Driving age population (16 and over) | Drivers per 1,000 total resident population | Drivers per 1,000 driving age population ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3,665,180 | 0.80 | 4,599,030 | 3,608,113 | 797 | 1,016 |
| Alaska | 489,024 | 0.74 | 670,053 | 489,922 | 730 | 998 |
| Arizona | 4,032,643 | 0.97 | 6,166,318 | 4,695,230 | 654 | 859 |
| Arkansas | 2,034,975 | 1.03 | 2,810,872 | 2,195,657 | 724 | 927 |
| California | 23,021,279 | 0.70 | 36,457,549 | 27,860,096 | 631 | 826 |
| Colorado | 3,341,275 | 1.89 | 4,753,377 | 3,683,686 | 703 | 907 |
| Connecticut | 2,805,124 | 0.93 | 3,504,809 | 2,781,385 | 800 | 1,009 |
| Delaware | 619,877 | 0.77 | 853,476 | 670,508 | 726 | 924 |
| District of Columbia | 357,569 | 1.72 | 581,530 | 476,458 | 615 | 750 |
| Florida | 13,988,630 | 0.87 | 18,089,888 | 14,482,508 | 773 | 966 |
| Georgia | 5,906,834 | 0.72 | 9,363,941 | 7,123,679 | 631 | 829 |
| Hawaii | 867,375 | 0.88 | 1,285,498 | 976,971 | 675 | 888 |
| Idaho | 1,008,016 | 0.81 | 1,466,465 | 1,113,960 | 687 | 905 |
| Illinois | 8,071,253 | 0.82 | 12,831,970 | 9,965,258 | 629 | 810 |
| Indiana | 4,246,189 | 0.87 | 6,313,520 | 4,919,169 | 673 | 863 |
| Iowa | 2,040,873 | 0.62 | 2,982,085 | 2,357,596 | 684 | 866 |
| Kansas | 2,003,112 | 0.85 | 2,764,075 | 2,134,101 | 725 | 939 |
| Kentucky | 2,896,460 | 0.83 | 4,206,074 | 3,302,633 | 689 | 877 |
| Louisiana | 3,014,191 | 0.80 | 4,287,768 | 3,309,565 | 703 | 911 |
| Maine | 1,005,160 | 0.96 | 1,321,574 | 1,074,953 | 761 | 935 |
| Maryland | 3,694,290 | 0.83 | 5,615,727 | 4,384,587 | 658 | 843 |
| Massachusetts | 4,711,735 | 0.89 | 6,437,193 | 5,159,263 | 732 | 913 |
| Michigan | 7,112,992 | 0.89 | 10,095,643 | 7,919,202 | 705 | 898 |
| Minnesota | 3,086,610 | 0.66 | 5,167,101 | 4,059,980 | 597 | 760 |
| Mississippi | 1,929,636 | 0.98 | 2,910,540 | 2,228,397 | 663 | 866 |
| Missouri | 4,139,632 | 0.84 | 5,842,713 | 4,581,028 | 709 | 904 |
| Montana | 723,976 | 0.70 | 944,632 | 751,206 | 766 | 964 |
| Nebraska | 1,327,916 | 0.79 | 1,768,331 | 1,368,804 | 751 | 970 |
| Nevada | 1,626,021 | 1.21 | 2,495,529 | 1,921,271 | 652 | 846 |
| New Hampshire | 1,027,582 | 0.99 | 1,314,895 | 1,054,743 | 781 | 974 |
| New Jersey | 5,834,227 | 1.01 | 8,724,560 | 6,875,159 | 669 | 849 |
| New Mexico | 1,338,246 | 0.87 | 1,954,599 | 1,494,826 | 685 | 895 |
| New York | 11,146,367 | 1.01 | 19,306,183 | 15,309,285 | 577 | 728 |
| North Carolina | 6,315,667 | 1.02 | 8,856,505 | 6,846,056 | 713 | 923 |
| North Dakota | 468,711 | 0.67 | 635,867 | 503,106 | 737 | 932 |
| Ohio | 7,739,410 | 0.73 | 11,478,006 | 9,033,772 | 674 | 857 |
| Oklahoma | 2,264,151 | 0.73 | 3,579,212 | 2,765,123 | 633 | 819 |
| Oregon | 2,767,291 | 0.95 | 3,700,758 | 2,946,248 | 748 | 939 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,526,204 | 0.87 | 12,440,621 | 9,988,610 | 685 | 854 |
| Rhode Island | 741,921 | 0.93 | 1,067,610 | 857,419 | 695 | 865 |
| South Carolina | 3,067,747 | 0.90 | 4,321,249 | 3,373,879 | 710 | 909 |
| South Dakota | 582,517 | 0.71 | 781,919 | 607,728 | 745 | 959 |
| Tennessee | 4,387,883 | 0.88 | 6,038,803 | 4,747,715 | 727 | 924 |
| Texas | 14,906,701 | 0.87 | 23,507,783 | 17,601,050 | 634 | 847 |
| Utah | 1,619,085 | 0.73 | 2,550,063 | 1,835,996 | 635 | 882 |
| Vermont | 532,041 | 0.92 | 623,908 | 508,653 | 853 | 1,046 |
| Virginia | 5,210,685 | 0.80 | 7,642,884 | 5,906,770 | 682 | 882 |
| Washington | 4,790,864 | 0.85 | 6,395,798 | 4,996,553 | 749 | 959 |
| West Virginia | 1,335,303 | 0.96 | 1,818,470 | 1,476,345 | 734 | 904 |
| Wisconsin | 4,049,450 | 0.83 | 5,556,506 | 4,406,223 | 729 | 919 |
| Wyoming | 390,538 | 0.63 | 515,004 | 405,254 | 758 | 964 |
| United States, total | 202,810,438 | 0.84 | 299,398,484 | 233,135,699 | 677 | 870 |

[^3]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, table DL-1C.

Table 4-3: Transit Ridership in the 50 Largest Urbanized Areas: 2005

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ The New Orleans Regional Transit Authority (NORTA) did not report data for 2005. Of the agencies in the New Orleans area that were required to report in 2004, NORTA accounted for approximately 86 percent of unlinked passenger trips.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes Puerto Rico.
NOTE: This table includes data from urban transit agencies that are required to report information to the federal government because they applied for or are direct beneficiaries of urbanized area formula grants (49 USC 5307). Transit agencies with nine or fewer vehicles that would otherwise need to report under this definition typically receive a waiver from detailed reporting and, thus, are not necessarily included in the source database. Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, available at http://www.ntdprogram.gov/ntdprogram/ as of Nov. 16, 2007.

Table 4-4: Urban Transit Ridership by State and Transit Mode: 2005

| State | Number of Annual unlinked agencies passenger trips reporting (thousands) |  | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Commuter |  |
|  |  |  | Motor bus | Heavy rail | Light rail | rail | Other |
| Alabama | 9 | 6,562 | 86.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.0 |
| Alaska | 3 | 4,814 | 90.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.1 |
| Arizona | 12 | 77,706 | 97.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 |
| Arkansas | 4 | 3,993 | 91.2 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 4.9 |
| California | 80 | 1,357,676 | 71.3 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 1.5 | 7.4 |
| Colorado | 7 | 92,484 | 87.1 | 0.0 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| Connecticut | 16 | 36,773 | 92.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 6.7 |
| Delaware | 1 | 8,764 | 91.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.1 |
| District of Columbia | 1 | 414,076 | 37.0 | 62.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| Florida | 30 | 251,117 | 84.3 | 6.8 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 7.5 |
| Georgia | 14 | 160,294 | 55.0 | 44.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| Hawaii | 2 | 68,658 | 98.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Idaho | 2 | 1,583 | 94.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.1 |
| Illinois | 12 | 620,482 | 57.8 | 30.1 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 1.0 |
| Indiana | 18 | 29,092 | 82.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 | 4.2 |
| Iowa | 11 | 17,834 | 95.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.9 |
| Kansas | 4 | 4,767 | 86.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.1 |
| Kentucky | 3 | 22,091 | 97.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| Louisiana ${ }^{1}$ | 7 | 16,905 | 80.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.9 |
| Maine | 6 | 3,647 | 61.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.9 | 31.7 |
| Maryland | 10 | 134,892 | 80.5 | 9.5 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 1.1 |
| Massachusetts | 12 | 419,327 | 37.4 | 33.9 | 17.6 | 9.0 | 2.1 |
| Michigan | 19 | 85,472 | 93.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.1 |
| Minnesota | 7 | 87,274 | 88.4 | 0.0 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 2.5 |
| Mississippi | 2 | 1,359 | 92.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.8 |
| Missouri | 7 | 64,113 | 73.6 | 0.0 | 24.4 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| Montana | 3 | 1,844 | 93.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.2 |
| Nebraska | 2 | 6,320 | 98.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| Nevada | 2 | 61,807 | 98.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| New Hampshire | 3 | 1,093 | 95.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.7 |
| New Jersey | 15 | 368,956 | 54.3 | 21.3 | 3.7 | 19.7 | 1.1 |
| New Mexico | 3 | 9,154 | 96.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.4 |
| New York | 45 | 3,183,993 | 36.9 | 56.8 | 0.2 | 5.3 | 0.8 |
| North Carolina | 14 | 45,221 | 95.1 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 4.2 |
| North Dakota | 3 | 1,474 | 80.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 19.6 |
| Ohio | 22 | 138,023 | 86.9 | 5.4 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 5.5 |
| Oklahoma | 4 | 6,382 | 95.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.7 |
| Oregon | 5 | 120,258 | 69.8 | 0.0 | 28.9 | 0.0 | 1.3 |
| Pennsylvania | 24 | 437,373 | 63.6 | 20.1 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 1.6 |
| Rhode Island | 2 | 19,560 | 96.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.5 |
| South Carolina | 8 | 6,967 | 83.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.9 |
| South Dakota | 2 | 1,083 | 82.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 17.8 |
| Tennessee | 7 | 26,832 | 92.3 | 0.0 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 3.9 |
| Texas | 31 | 284,936 | 86.8 | 0.0 | 9.7 | 0.8 | 2.7 |
| Utah | 2 | 39,746 | 60.0 | 0.0 | 36.0 | 0.0 | 3.9 |
| Vermont | 1 | 1,928 | 97.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| Virginia | 17 | 65,221 | 92.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.6 | 2.0 |
| Washington | 19 | 193,137 | 68.3 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 30.4 |
| West Virginia | 4 | 3,780 | 97.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 |
| Wisconsin | 18 | 76,945 | 97.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2.9 |
| Wyoming | 2 | 289 | 62.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37.3 |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ | 557 | 9,094,071 | 57.1 | 30.9 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 3.2 |

${ }^{1}$ The New Orleans Regional Transit Authority did not report data for 2005.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes Puerto Rico.
NOTE: This table includes data from urban transit agencies that are required to report information to the federal government because they applied for or are direct beneficiaries of urbanized area formula grants (49 USC 5307). Transit agencies with nine or fewer vehicles that would otherwise need to report under this definition typically receive a waiver from detailed reporting and, thus, are not necessarily included in the source database. Data are assigned to the state of a transit agency's mailing address. Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding. Ridership data may not add to national total due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database, available at http://www.ntdprogram.com as of Nov. 16, 2007.

Table 4-5: Top 50 Amtrak Stations by Number of Boardings: 2005 and 2006

| Station | Fiscal Year 2005 |  | Fiscal Year 2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rank | Number of boardings | Rank | Number of boardings |
| New York, NY | 1 | 4,264,625 | 1 | 3,774,701 |
| Washington, DC | 2 | 1,880,852 | 2 | 1,943,778 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 3 | 1,868,800 | 3 | 1,773,626 |
| Chicago, IL | 4 | 1,226,962 | 4 | 1,265,504 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 5 | 690,068 | 5 | 707,250 |
| Boston, MA | 8 | 476,614 | 6 | 484,094 |
| Sacramento, CA | 9 | 472,450 | 7 | 467,472 |
| Baltimore, MD | 7 | 485,279 | 8 | 451,691 |
| San Diego, CA | 11 | 432,248 | 9 | 446,274 |
| Albany-Rensselaer, NY | 13 | 366,946 | 10 | 382,263 |
| Wilmington, DE | 12 | 387,328 | 11 | 355,373 |
| New Haven, CT | 15 | 327,178 | 12 | 317,651 |
| Newark, NJ | 6 | 605,527 | 13 | 307,042 |
| Seattle, WA | 16 | 307,290 | 14 | 295,861 |
| Irvine, CA | 18 | 281,576 | 15 | 295,778 |
| Baltimore-Washington Intl. Airport, MD | 17 | 291,606 | 16 | 282,491 |
| Providence, RI | 20 | 242,088 | 17 | 254,417 |
| Portland, OR | 21 | 240,918 | 18 | 242,380 |
| Milwaukee, WI | 22 | 238,850 | 19 | 241,523 |
| Emeryville, CA | 19 | 254,039 | 20 | 238,101 |
| Trenton, NJ | 10 | 439,730 | 21 | 217,747 |
| Solana Beach, CA | 23 | 206,230 | 22 | 213,866 |
| Fullerton, CA | 24 | 201,862 | 23 | 208,713 |
| Harrisburg, PA | 28 | 171,340 | 24 | 192,415 |
| Bakersfield, CA | 25 | 185,089 | 25 | 188,788 |
| Davis, CA | 27 | 171,637 | 26 | 184,526 |
| Lancaster, PA | 29 | 166,827 | 27 | 183,817 |
| Metropark, NJ | 26 | 180,400 | 28 | 179,687 |
| Anaheim, CA | 31 | 157,609 | 29 | 163,067 |
| Route 128, MA | 30 | 160,640 | 30 | 162,518 |
| Boston Back Bay, MA | 32 | 155,559 | 31 | 162,440 |
| Oceanside, CA | 33 | 155,251 | 32 | 158,277 |
| Stamford, CT | 36 | 141,723 | 33 | 149,298 |
| Boston-North, MA | 40 | 117,358 | 34 | 146,065 |
| Martinez, CA | 34 | 150,222 | 35 | 144,605 |
| Fresno, CA | 37 | 128,284 | 36 | 139,468 |
| Oakland, CA | 35 | 143,147 | 37 | 139,186 |
| Santa Barbara, CA | 42 | 111,339 | 38 | 133,195 |
| San Juan Capistrano, CA | 38 | 126,214 | 39 | 127,355 |
| Richmond (Staples Mill), VA | 39 | 125,707 | 40 | 115,329 |
| Richmond, CA | 44 | 106,821 | 41 | 114,971 |
| Lorton, VA (Auto Train) | 43 | 108,434 | 42 | 107,834 |
| New Carrollton, MD | 41 | 111,824 | 43 | 106,057 |
| Sanford, FL (Auto Train) | 45 | 96,264 | 44 | 99,710 |
| Stockton (San Joaquin St.), CA | 49 | 83,236 | 45 | 93,842 |
| Santa Ana, CA | 47 | 85,073 | 46 | 84,401 |
| St. Louis, MO | 46 | 88,189 | 47 | 84,202 |
| Rhinecliff, NY | 48 | 84,492 | 48 | 81,695 |
| San Jose, CA | 51 | 77,307 | 49 | 76,103 |
| Hartford, CT | 50 | 79,467 | 50 | 76,065 |
| Top 50 stations, total |  | 19,658,519 |  | 18,762,512 |
| United States, all stations |  | 25,374,998 |  | 24,306,965 |
| Top 50 stations as percent of U.S. total |  | 77\% |  | 77\% |

NOTE: Amtrak's fiscal year ends on September 30. Ridership figures for fiscal year 2005 include passengers boarding on the Clocker route, which Amtrak no longer services. This route served the Northeast Corridor between Philadelphia and New York. If these passengers are excluded, the total boardings for fiscal year 2005 is $24,031,170$.

SOURCE: Amtrak, Office of Government Affairs, personal communication, Dec. 6, 2007.

Table 4-6: Top 50 Airports by Passengers Enplaned on U.S. Carriers: 1996, 2005, and 2006

| Airport | Rank in 2006 | Number of enplanements |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1996 | $2005{ }^{1}$ | 2006 |
| Atlanta, GA (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International) | 1 | 30,407,111 | 41,659,180 | 40,561,055 |
| Chicago, IL (Chicago O'Hare International) | 2 | 30,526,401 | 34,513,840 | 34,538,523 |
| Dallas, TX (Dallas/Fort Worth International) | 3 | 26,639,351 | 27,781,723 | 28,333,481 |
| Los Angeles, CA (Los Angeles International) | 4 | 22,799,083 | 22,966,374 | 23,120,782 |
| Denver, CO (Denver International) | 5 | 15,246,315 | 20,261,091 | 22,239,718 |
| Las Vegas, NV (McCarran International) | 6 | 14,116,485 | 20,690,104 | 21,147,480 |
| Phoenix, AZ (Phoenix Sky Harbor International) | 7 | 14,807,863 | 20,077,737 | 20,330,995 |
| Houston, TX (George Bush Intercontinental) | 8 | 11,621,912 | 18,249,888 | 19,613,422 |
| Detroit, MI (Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County) | 9 | 14,117,157 | 17,380,159 | 17,281,152 |
| Minneapolis, MN (Minneapolis-St. Paul International/Wold-Chamberlain) | 10 | 12,616,095 | 17,886,902 | 17,134,607 |
| Newark, NJ (Newark Liberty International) | 11 | 12,952,399 | 14,878,468 | 16,271,958 |
| Orlando, FL (Orlando International) | 12 | 10,846,685 | 15,535,919 | 15,378,208 |
| New York, NY (John F. Kennedy International) | 13 | 9,703,787 | 14,456,484 | 14,965,019 |
| Philadelphia, PA (Philadelphia International) | 14 | 8,571,888 | 14,411,122 | 14,438,445 |
| Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma International) | 15 | 11,486,892 | 13,964,482 | 14,291,086 |
| Charlotte, NC (Charlotte Douglas International) | 16 | 10,007,911 | 13,279,429 | 14,107,603 |
| San Francisco, CA (San Francisco International) | 17 | 16,308,203 | 13,829,903 | 13,906,724 |
| Miami, FL (Miami International) | 18 | 11,907,895 | 12,192,270 | 12,780,840 |
| Boston, MA (General Edward Lawrence Logan International) | 19 | 10,653,824 | 11,707,169 | 12,093,139 |
| New York, NY (LaGuardia) | 20 | 9,593,965 | 12,119,157 | 12,071,453 |
| Salt Lake City, UT (Salt Lake City International) | 21 | 9,462,849 | 10,589,843 | 10,277,654 |
| Baltimore, MD (Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall) | 22 | 5,907,427 | 9,563,821 | 10,019,927 |
| Washington, DC (Dulles International) | 23 | 4,758,242 | 11,599,100 | 9,553,095 |
| Fort Lauderdale, FL (Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International) | 24 | 4,848,058 | 10,036,938 | 9,425,289 |
| Chicago, IL (Chicago Midway) | 25 | 4,436,034 | 8,343,201 | 8,913,135 |
| Tampa, FL (Tampa International) | 26 | 5,720,761 | 8,996,109 | 8,846,722 |
| Washington, DC (Ronald Reagan Washington National) | 27 | 6,771,891 | 8,507,707 | 8,838,646 |
| San Diego, CA (San Diego International) | 28 | 6,549,170 | 8,568,237 | 8,611,784 |
| Honolulu, HI (Honolulu International) | 29 | 9,035,709 | 8,107,456 | 8,304,573 |
| Cincinnati, OH (Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky International) | 30 | 7,301,767 | 11,225,311 | 7,939,156 |
| Oakland, CA (Oakland International) | 31 | 4,684,494 | 6,936,037 | 6,990,359 |
| St. Louis, MO (Lambert-St Louis International) | 32 | 13,546,822 | 6,742,592 | 6,937,174 |
| Portland, OR (Portland International) | 33 | 6,125,579 | 6,667,403 | 6,811,500 |
| Memphis, TN (Memphis International) | 34 | 3,944,376 | 5,627,970 | 5,508,105 |
| Kansas City, MO (Kansas City International) | 35 | 4,820,290 | 5,023,692 | 5,417,680 |
| Cleveland, OH (Cleveland-Hopkins International) | 36 | 5,286,823 | 5,374,470 | 5,288,819 |
| San Jose, CA (Norman Y. Mineta San Jose International) | 37 | 4,825,943 | 5,233,950 | 5,196,515 |
| Sacramento, CA (Sacramento International) | 38 | 3,321,408 | 5,049,631 | 5,124,995 |
| San Juan, PR (Luis Munoz Marin International) | 39 | 4,549,722 | 5,157,226 | 5,069,747 |
| Santa Ana, CA (John Wayne-Orange County) | 40 | 3,532,746 | 4,791,169 | 4,775,825 |
| Nashville, TN (Nashville International) | 41 | 3,254,956 | 4,518,169 | 4,703,808 |
| Raleigh, NC (Raleigh-Durham International) | 42 | 2,879,935 | 4,662,943 | 4,597,105 |
| Pittsburgh, PA (Pittsburgh International) | 43 | 9,348,286 | 4,749,997 | 4,568,569 |
| Houston, TX (William P. Hobby) | 44 | 4,026,140 | 3,959,941 | 4,113,486 |
| Indianapolis, IN (Indianapolis International) | 45 | 3,328,005 | 4,144,250 | 3,966,788 |
| Austin, TX (Austin-Bergstrom International) | 46 | 2,829,581 | 3,637,262 | 3,918,155 |
| San Antonio, TX (San Antonio International) | 47 | 3,319,535 | 3,524,520 | 3,822,380 |
| Fort Myers, FL (Southwest Florida Reg.) | 48 | 1,945,044 | 3,644,301 | 3,642,754 |
| Dallas, TX (Love Field) | 49 | 3,540,539 | 2,948,373 | 3,439,110 |
| Hartford, CT (Bradley International) | 50 | 2,549,669 | 3,542,051 | 3,333,430 |
| Top 50 airports, total ${ }^{2}$ |  | 464,893,952 | 570,252,224 | 572,561,975 |
| United States, all airports |  | 558,559,160 | 690,256,949 | 691,170,716 |
| Top 50 as percent of all enplanements |  | 83\% | 83\% | 83\% |

[^4]${ }^{2}$ The total for the top 50 airports will not sum from the individual airports because some top 50 airports in 2006 were not in the top 50 in the earlier years.
NOTE: Rank order by total enplaned passengers on large certificated U.S. air carriers (Majors, Nationals, Large Regionals, Medium Regionals, and Commuters), scheduled and nonscheduled operations, at all airports served within the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and other U.S. areas designated by the Federal Aviation Administration. These air carriers operate at least one aircraft with more than 60 seats or a payload capacity of more than 18,000 pounds. Data for small-certificated, commuter and foreign-flag air carriers are not included. Data differ from those in table 1-11 which include enplaned passengers on small-certificated, commuter and foreign-flag carriers.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, Schedule T-3 data, Washington, DC: various years. Data as of April 2, 2008.

Table 4-7: Major Airports by On-Time Arrival Performance: 2006 and 2007 (Percent on-time)

| Airport | 2006 |  | 2007 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rank | On-time percentage | Rank | On-time percentage |
| Salt Lake City, UT (Salt Lake City International) | 2 | 82.8 | 1 | 80.0 |
| Oakland, CA (Oakland International) | 11 | 78.4 | 2 | 79.7 |
| Houston, TX (George Bush Intercontinental) | 14 | 77.7 | 3 | 78.7 |
| Chicago, IL (Chicago Midway) | 12 | 78.0 | 4 | 78.4 |
| San Diego, CA (San Diego International) | 13 | 78.0 | 5 | 78.4 |
| Phoenix, AZ (Phoenix Sky Harbor International) | 3 | 80.3 | 6 | 77.9 |
| Baltimore, MD (Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall) | 4 | 80.0 | 7 | 77.6 |
| Las Vegas, NV (McCarran International) | 18 | 76.5 | 8 | 76.8 |
| Cincinnati, OH (Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky International) | 1 | 83.1 | 9 | 76.7 |
| Orlando, FL (Orlando International) | 5 | 79.9 | 10 | 76.5 |
| Tampa, FL (Tampa International) | 9 | 78.7 | 11 | 76.5 |
| Los Angeles, CA (Los Angeles International) | 17 | 76.7 | 12 | 76.4 |
| Portland, OR (Portland International) | 16 | 77.3 | 13 | 76.2 |
| Denver, CO (Denver International) | 8 | 78.7 | 14 | 75.8 |
| St. Louis, MO (Lambert-St Louis International) | 10 | 78.6 | 15 | 74.9 |
| Atlanta, GA (Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International) | 25 | 71.9 | 16 | 74.4 |
| Detroit, MI (Detroit Metropolitan Wayne County) | 21 | 76.2 | 17 | 73.7 |
| Fort Lauderdale, FL (Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood International) | 15 | 77.6 | 18 | 73.4 |
| Minneapolis, MN (Minneapolis-St. Paul International/Wold-Chamberlain) | 6 | 79.7 | 19 | 72.6 |
| Washington, DC (Dulles International) | 23 | 75.5 | 20 | 72.4 |
| Dallas, TX (Dallas/Fort Worth International) | 7 | 78.7 | 21 | 72.0 |
| Washington, DC (Ronald Reagan Washington National) | 19 | 76.4 | 22 | 71.7 |
| Seattle, WA (Seattle-Tacoma International) | 24 | 73.9 | 23 | 71.4 |
| Charlotte, NC (Charlotte Douglas International) | 22 | 76.1 | 24 | 71.3 |
| Miami, FL (Miami International) | 20 | 76.3 | 25 | 71.0 |
| San Francisco, CA (San Francisco International) | 27 | 70.4 | 26 | 69.8 |
| Boston, MA (General Edward Lawrence Logan International) | 26 | 71.8 | 27 | 69.7 |
| Philadelphia, PA (Philadelphia International) | 28 | 70.4 | 28 | 66.5 |
| Chicago, IL (Chicago O'Hare International) | 30 | 68.2 | 29 | 65.9 |
| New York, NY (John F. Kennedy International) | 29 | 69.4 | 30 | 62.8 |
| Newark, NJ (Newark Liberty International) | 32 | 62.6 | 31 | 59.4 |
| New York, NY (LaGuardia) | 31 | 64.2 | 32 | 58.5 |
| At All Major Airports |  | 75.2 |  | 72.8 |
| At Other U.S. Airports |  | 75.9 |  | 74.5 |
| At All U.S. Airports |  | 75.4 |  | 73.4 |

NOTE: Major airports are those designated by the Office of Airline Information as having at least 1\% of enplanments in the 48 continguous states. Carriers reporting on-time data may change each year due to changes in carriers that are required to report and in carriers that report voluntarily. In 2007 the carriers were, Airtran, Alaska, Aloha, American, American Eagle, Atlantic Southeast, Comair, Continental, Delta, ExpressJet, Frontier, Hawaiian, JetBlue, Mesa, Northwest, Pinnacle, Skywest, Southwest, United, and US Airways (including America West). The percentage of on-time arrivals is based on the number of scheduled operations. Flights that are cancelled, diverted or arrive at the gate more than 15 minutes after the scheduled arrival are excluded from on-time arrivals.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information, Airline On-time Tables, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www.bts.gov/programs/airline_information/airline_ontime_tables/ as of Mar. 25, 2008.

Table 4-8: Top 15 Cruise Ship Ports by Port of Departure: 2005 and 2006

| Port | Rank in$2006$ | 2005 |  | 2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Passengers (thousands) | Cruises | Passengers (thousands) | Cruises |
| Miami, FL | 1 | 1,771 | 656 | 1,890 | 705 |
| Port Canaveral, FL | 2 | 1,234 | (R) 455 | 1,396 | 525 |
| Fort Lauderdale, FL | 3 | 1,199 | 618 | 1,145 | 534 |
| Galveston, TX | 4 | 531 | 222 | 617 | 248 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 5 | 615 | (R) 263 | 583 | 245 |
| San Juan, PR | 6 | 581 | 264 | 555 | 230 |
| New York, NY | 7 | 370 | 171 | 536 | 231 |
| Tampa, FL | 8 | 408 | 192 | 461 | 222 |
| Seattle, WA | 9 | 337 | 151 | 382 | 187 |
| Long Beach, CA | 10 | 363 | (R) 150 | 380 | 157 |
| Honolulu, HI | 11 | 236 | 121 | 316 | 155 |
| San Diego, CA | 12 | 234 | 133 | 180 | 94 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 13 | 137 | 83 | 128 | 77 |
| Cape Liberty, NJ | 14 | 147 | 59 | 123 | 53 |
| Whittier, AK | 15 | 96 | 51 | 109 | 52 |
| All other ports |  | 941 | 543 | 645 | 404 |
| Top 15 ports, total ${ }^{1}$ |  | 8,470 | (R) 3,659 | 8,800 | 3,715 |
| Total U.S. ports |  | 9,198 | (R) 4,132 | 9,445 | 4,119 |
| Top 15 as percent of total ${ }^{1}$ |  | 92.1 | (R) 88.6 | 93.2 | 90.2 |

${ }^{1}$ Data for 2005 are based on the top 15 cruise ship ports in that year.
KEY: R = revised
NOTES: Cruise passenger statistics for this table are based on the passenger data provided by 18 major cruise lines that offered North American cruises with a U.S. port of call in 2006. Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Maritime Administration, Cruise Passenger Statistics, available at http://www.marad.dot.gov/Marad_Statistics/index.html as of Nov. 21, 2007.

Table 4-9: Incoming Personal Vehicle Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 118 | 116 | 112 | 114 | 117 | 112 | 99 |
| Idaho | 209 | 198 | 185 | 168 | 163 | 167 | 178 |
| Maine | 3,909 | 3,469 | 3,072 | 3,142 | $(R) 3,565$ | 3,562 | 3,518 |
| Michigan | 11,970 | 10,876 | 10,011 | 9,157 | 8,978 | 8,882 | 8,497 |
| Minnesota | 1,104 | 1,048 | 953 | 1,017 | 1,052 | 1,004 | 1,006 |
| Montana | 490 | 478 | 453 | 423 | $(R) 462$ | 460 | 493 |
| New York | 10,833 | 10,581 | 10,862 | 9,598 | 9,335 | 9,140 | 9,135 |
| North Dakota | 632 | 594 | 600 | 581 | 606 | 604 | 639 |
| Vermont | 1,599 | 1,493 | 1,511 | 1,426 | (R) 1,431 | 1,443 | 1,406 |
| Washington | 6,052 | 5,455 | 4,779 | 4,593 | (R) 4,951 | 4,978 | 5,066 |
| United States, total | 36,915 | 34,308 | 32,539 | 30,220 | $(R) 30,660$ | 30,352 | 30,038 |

Table 4-10: Incoming Passengers in Personal Vehicles, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 264 | 252 | 256 | 242 | 254 | 238 | 212 |
| Idaho | 510 | 484 | 404 | 362 | 353 | 368 | 387 |
| Maine | 7,968 | 6,828 | 6,054 | 6,085 | 6,720 | 6,836 | 6,696 |
| Michigan | 32,471 | 21,976 | 18,345 | 16,504 | 16,112 | 16,396 | 15,696 |
| Minnesota | 3,040 | 2,733 | 2,558 | 2,664 | 2,860 | 2,760 | 2,577 |
| Montana | 1,453 | 1,307 | 2,331 | 710 | 1,363 | 1,477 | 1,577 |
| New York | 25,302 | 24,370 | 25,641 | 21,197 | $(R)$ | 21,255 | 20,570 |
| North Dakota | 1,675 | 1,509 | 1,576 | 1,533 | 1,563 | 1,560 | 1,535 |
| Vermont | 3,123 | 2,946 | 2,912 | 2,717 | 2,636 | 2,146 | 2,740 |
| Washington | 14,239 | 12,567 | 9,931 | 9,489 | 10,154 | 10,150 | 10,644 |
| United States, total | 90,047 | 74,971 | 70,008 | $61,502(R)$ | 63,270 | 62,501 | 62,986 |

Table 4-11: Incoming Train Passengers, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006
(Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 35.3 | 33.8 | 29.8 | 44.4 | 52.4 | 67.5 | 74.3 |
| Idaho | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 2.5 |
| Maine | 3.2 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| Michigan | 53.7 | 47.5 | 41.7 | 39.9 | 30.6 | 31.1 | 27.8 |
| Minnesota | 20.3 | 20.9 | 20.6 | 22.8 | 18.1 | 17.6 | 17.6 |
| Montana | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| New York | 93.4 | 89.9 | 82.3 | 66.7 | 62.4 | 66.8 | 71.9 |
| North Dakota | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 7.8 |
| Vermont | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Washington | 52.4 | 47.9 | 65.2 | 48.0 | 46.1 | 39.4 | 36.8 |
| United States, total | 269.5 | 253.7 | 255.1 | 234.8 | 223.5 | 235.8 | 244.7 |

KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: $\mathrm{R}=$ revised
NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology
Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, using data from U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Management Reporting, Data Warehouse CD-ROM, December 2007.

Table 4-12: Incoming Bus Crossings, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 9.6 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 11.1 | 11.2 |
| Idaho | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Maine | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Michigan | 54.5 | 53.0 | 49.9 | 55.8 | 58.5 | 51.2 | 44.8 |
| Minnesota | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 3.3 |
| Montana | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| New York | 84.6 | 69.6 | 67.2 | 60.4 | (R) 53.6 | 58.4 | 42.6 |
| North Dakota | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Vermont | 6.6 | 6.4 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 4.8 |
| Washington | 22.4 | 20.5 | 19.1 | 16.2 | 18.0 | 16.8 | 17.1 |
| United States, total | 189.3 | 169.4 | 161.0 | 156.6 | (R) 155.7 | 153.5 | 129.4 |

Table 4-13: Incoming Passengers on Buses, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 149 | 139 | 141 | 148 | 146 | 148 | 157 |
| Idaho | 18 | 16 | 20 | 15 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Maine | 64 | 53 | 50 | 38 | 48 | 54 | 52 |
| Michigan | 1,157 | 1,269 | 1,201 | 1,194 | 1,268 | 1,157 | 1,106 |
| Minnesota | 98 | 91 | 76 | 76 | 81 | 79 | 68 |
| Montana | 40 | 36 | 28 | 27 | 30 | 29 | 27 |
| New York | 2,475 | 2,080 | 2,020 | 1,699 | 1,656 | 1,797 | 1,300 |
| North Dakota | 112 | 99 | 93 | 76 | 81 | 82 | 76 |
| Vermont | 192 | 175 | 155 | 130 | 141 | 105 | 151 |
| Washington | 567 | 498 | 430 | 377 | 428 | 392 | 549 |
| United States, total | 4,873 | 4,456 | 4,213 | 3,780 | 3,890 | 3,855 | 3,499 |

Table 4-14: Incoming Pedestrians, U.S.-Canadian Border: 2000-2006
(Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Alaska | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.5 |
| Idaho | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Maine | 121.8 | 117.9 | 101.5 | 105.0 | 115.0 | 87.2 | 57.3 |
| Michigan $^{1}$ | U | 1.2 | U | U | U | U | 8.4 |
| Minnesota | 27.9 | 28.9 | 25.6 | 29.2 | 29.8 | 26.1 | 21.9 |
| Montana | 14.4 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| New York | 286.7 | 421.2 | 825.4 | 662.0 | 549.7 | 372.8 | 348.6 |
| North Dakota | 7.3 | 9.6 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 7.3 |
| Vermont | 21.8 | 23.2 | 19.5 | 16.2 | 12.8 | 14.5 | 11.0 |
| Washington | 102.2 | 136.7 | 93.6 | 109.5 | 102.7 | 89.3 | 71.1 |
| United States, total | 585.2 | 749.8 | 1081.7 | 937.5 | 826.0 | 605.3 | 533.7 |
| 1 The |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ The data in 2006 are due to a one-time organized event.
KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: $\mathrm{U}=$ data are unavailable, $\mathrm{R}=$ revised.
NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, using data from U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Management Reporting, Data Warehouse CD-ROM, December 2007.

Table 4-15: Incoming Personal Vehicle Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 10,304 | 10,102 | 10,428 | $9,913(R) 10,196$ | 9,780 | 8,747 |  |
| California | 30,018 | 30,160 | 31,946 | 32,675 | 34,554 | 35,146 | 34,286 |
| New Mexico | 467 | 574 | 765 | 650 | 579 | 622 | 694 |
| Texas | 50,368 | 48,691 | 46,710 | 44,831 | 45,805 | 46,009 | 44,570 |
| United States, total | 91,157 | 89,527 | 89,849 | $88,068(R) 91,134$ | 91,556 | 88,296 |  |

Table 4-16: Incoming Passengers in Personal Vehicles, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 26,856 | 23,727 | 26,895 | 24,424 | 25,114 | 22,539 | 20,382 |
| California | 74,569 | 67,411 | 68,180 | 70,758 | 66,394 | 66,531 | 65,345 |
| New Mexico | 1,583 | 1,354 | 1,687 | 1,620 | 1,601 | 1,839 | 2,035 |
| Texas | 136,786 | 116,614 | 102,258 | 96,895 | 97,828 | 95,158 | 91,493 |
| United States, total | 239,795 | 209,106 | 199,021 | 193,697 | 190,937 | 186,067 | 179,255 |

Table 4-17: Incoming Train Passengers, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006
(Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 4.8 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 2.6 |
| California | 5.5 | 7.2 | 4.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| New Mexico | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Texas | 8.0 | 9.0 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 14.9 | 16.7 |
| United States, total | 18.3 | 18.9 | 15.1 | 12.1 | 12.7 | 17.8 | 21.5 |

KEY FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: NA = not applicable, $\mathrm{R}=$ revised.
NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, using data from U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Management Reporting, Data Warehouse CD-ROM, December 2007.

Table 4-18: Incoming Bus Crossings, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 14.4 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 13.5 | 18.5 |
| California | 151.1 | 163.4 | 165.4 | 185.7 | 153.2 | 148.0 | 149.0 |
| New Mexico | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
| Texas | 105.2 | 111.1 | 129.8 | 118.5 | 101.9 | 93.6 | 92.9 |
| United States, total | 270.8 | 288.3 | 309.4 | 319.1 | 269.0 | 256.4 | 262.9 |

Table 4-19: Incoming Passengers on Buses, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 167 | 175 | 178 | 210 | 209 | 243 | 379 |
| California | 1,671 | 1,402 | 1,814 | 1,577 | 1,315 | 1,289 | 1,426 |
| New Mexico | 1 | 3 | 10 | 17 | 18 | 21 | 25 |
| Texas | 1,627 | 1,786 | 1,925 | 1,943 | 1,846 | 1,617 | 1,358 |
| United States, total | 3,466 | 3,367 | 3,926 | 3,747 | 3,389 | 3,170 | 3,187 |

Table 4-20: Incoming Pedestrians, U.S.-Mexican Border: 2000-2006 (Thousands)

| State | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Arizona | 8,391 | 8,995 | 9,682 | 9,155 | 9,186 | 10,075 | 11,329 |
| California | 18,597 | 21,700 | 18,628 | 18,193 | 18,197 | 16,462 | 15,518 |
| New Mexico | 191 | 186 | 264 | 259 | 261 | 276 | 251 |
| Texas | 19,911 | 20,621 | 21,704 | 21,056 | 20,440 | 19,017 | 19,154 |
| United States, total | 47,090 | 51,501 | 50,278 | 48,664 | 48,084 | 45,830 | 46,251 |

NOTE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding.
SOURCE FOR DATA ON THIS PAGE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Innovative Technology Administration, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, using data from U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Office of Management Reporting, Data Warehouse CD-ROM, December 2007.

Table 4-21: Overseas Visitors to the United States by Destination State and Territory ${ }^{1}$ : 1998, 2002, and 2006

| State | 1998 |  |  | 2002 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | $\begin{array}{r\|} \hline \text { Percent of } \\ \text { U.S. total } \end{array}$ | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total |
| New York | 3 | 5,285 | 22.3 | 1 | 4,492 | 23.5 | 1 | 6,414 | 29.6 |
| California | 2 | 5,972 | 25.2 | 3 | 4,053 | 21.2 | 2 | 4,615 | 21.3 |
| Florida | 1 | 6,067 | 25.6 | 2 | 4,416 | 23.1 | 3 | 4,117 | 19.0 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 2,796 | 11.8 | 4 | 1,950 | 10.2 | 4 | 2,058 | 9.5 |
| Nevada | 5 | 1,920 | 8.1 | 5 | 1,281 | 6.7 | 5 | 1,690 | 7.8 |
| Guam | 9 | 1,043 | 4.4 | 6 | 1,071 | 5.6 | 6 | 1,170 | 5.4 |
| Massachusetts | 7 | 1,161 | 4.9 | 8 | 937 | 4.9 | 7 | 1,105 | 5.1 |
| Illinois | 6 | 1,256 | 5.3 | 6 | 1,071 | 5.6 | 8 | 1,083 | 5.0 |
| Texas | 8 | 1,114 | 4.7 | 9 | 822 | 4.3 | 9 | 975 | 4.5 |
| New Jersey | 10 | 853 | 3.6 | 10 | 707 | 3.7 | 10 | 845 | 3.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 13 | 592 | 2.5 | 11 | 669 | 3.5 | 11 | 672 | 3.1 |
| Arizona | 10 | 853 | 3.6 | 13 | 554 | 2.9 | 12 | 563 | 2.6 |
| Georgia | 12 | 664 | 2.8 | 12 | 593 | 3.1 | 13 | 520 | 2.4 |
| Ohio | 18 | 379 | 1.6 | 16 | 325 | 1.7 | 14 | 390 | 1.8 |
| Washington | 14 | 521 | 2.2 | 15 | 363 | 1.9 | 14 | 390 | 1.8 |
| Colorado | 15 | 450 | 1.9 | 14 | 382 | 2.0 | U | U | U |
| Michigan | 18 | 379 | 1.6 | 15 | 363 | 1.9 | U | U | U |
| North Carolina | 20 | 355 | 1.5 | 18 | 306 | 1.6 | U | U | U |
| Utah | 20 | 355 | 1.5 | 19 | 287 | 1.5 | U | U | U |
| Virginia | 16 | 403 | 1.7 | 19 | 287 | 1.5 | U | U | U |
| Connecticut | 22 | 308 | 1.3 | 21 | 268 | 1.4 | U | U | U |
| Louisiana | 16 | 403 | 1.7 | 21 | 268 | 1.4 | U | U | U |
| Maryland | 25 | 213 | 0.9 | 23 | 229 | 1.2 | U | U | U |
| Tennessee | 24 | 237 | 1.0 | 24 | 191 | 1.0 | U | U | U |
| Minnesota | 25 | 213 | 0.9 | 25 | 172 | 0.9 | U | U | U |
| Oregon | 23 | 261 | 1.1 | 25 | 172 | 0.9 | U | U | U |
| South Carolina | 25 | 213 | 0.9 | 25 | 172 | 0.9 | U | U | U |
| Indiana | 30 | 142 | 0.6 | 28 | 134 | 0.7 | U | U | U |
| New Hampshire | 31 | 118 | 0.5 | 28 | 134 | 0.7 | U | U | U |
| Wisconsin | 28 | 190 | 0.8 | 28 | 134 | 0.7 | U | U | U |
| Maine | 31 | 118 | 0.5 | 31 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Kentucky | 37 | 71 | 0.3 | 32 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Missouri | 29 | 166 | 0.7 | 32 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| New Mexico | 31 | 118 | 0.5 | 32 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Vermont | 37 | 71 | 0.3 | 32 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Alabama | 34 | 95 | 0.4 | 36 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Rhode Island | 34 | 95 | 0.4 | 36 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Wyoming | 34 | 95 | 0.4 | 38 | 57 | 0.3 | U | U | U |
| Oklahoma | 37 | 71 | 0.3 | 39 | 38 | 0.2 | U | U | U |
| Iowa | 37 | 71 | 0.3 | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| Alaska | 41 | 47 | 0.2 | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| United States, total ${ }^{2}$ |  | 23,698 |  |  | 19,117 |  |  | 21,668 |  |

${ }^{1}$ International travelers to the United States from Canada and Mexico are not included.
${ }^{2}$ Includes U.S. territories.
KEY: U = data are unavailable.
NOTES: A visitor may visit more than one state. "Percent of U.S. total" represents the percent of overseas visitors visiting the state. These columns, therefore, do not sum to 100 . Some states are not shown due to low sampling size of overseas visitors.
The OTTI instituted a new policy for data quality in 2006. As a result, data is published for fewer states in 2006 than in previous years.
The District of Columbia is included, together with the rest of its metropolitan area, in table 4-22.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territories, Washington, DC: Annual Issues, available at http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ as of Nov. 23, 2007.

Table 4-22: Overseas Visitors to the United States by Destination City ${ }^{1}$ : 1998, 2002, and 2006

| City | 1998 |  |  | 2002 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total | Rank | Visitors (thousands) | Percent of U.S. total |
| New York City, NY | 1 | 5,000 | 21.1 | 1 | 4,244 | 22.2 | 1 | 6,219 | 28.7 |
| Los Angeles, CA | 2 | 3,555 | 15.0 | 2 | 2,256 | 11.8 | 2 | 2,514 | 11.6 |
| Orlando, FL | 4 | 2,867 | 12.1 | 4 | 1,873 | 9.8 | 3 | 1,993 | 9.2 |
| San Francisco, CA | 5 | 2,583 | 10.9 | 5 | 1,644 | 8.6 | 3 | 1,993 | 9.2 |
| Miami, FL | 3 | 3,270 | 13.8 | 3 | 2,198 | 11.5 | 5 | 1,972 | 9.1 |
| Honolulu/Oahu, HI | 6 | 2,228 | 9.4 | 6 | 1,587 | 8.3 | 6 | 1,733 | 8.0 |
| Las Vegas, NV | 7 | 1,801 | 7.6 | 7 | 1,223 | 6.4 | 7 | 1,647 | 7.6 |
| Chicago, IL | 9 | 1,209 | 5.1 | 9 | 1,013 | 5.3 | 8 | 1,062 | 4.9 |
| Washington, DC-MD-VA | 8 | 1,398 | 5.9 | 8 | 1,032 | 5.4 | 8 | 1,062 | 4.9 |
| Boston, MA | 10 | 1,043 | 4.4 | 10 | 822 | 4.3 | 10 | 997 | 4.6 |
| San Diego, CA | 11 | 782 | 3.3 | 12 | 440 | 2.3 | 11 | 650 | 3.0 |
| Atlanta, GA | 13 | 569 | 2.4 | 11 | 535 | 2.8 | 12 | 477 | 2.2 |
| Houston, TX | 16 | 498 | 2.1 | 14 | 363 | 1.9 | 13 | 455 | 2.1 |
| San Jose, CA | 17 | 474 | 2.0 | 16 | 344 | 1.8 | 14 | 412 | 1.9 |
| Seattle, WA | 17 | 474 | 2.0 | 19 | 306 | 1.6 | 15 | 325 | 1.5 |
| Anaheim, CA | 14 | 521 | 2.2 | 17 | 325 | 1.7 | 16 | 303 | 1.4 |
| Philadelphia, PA | 23 | 355 | 1.5 | 13 | 421 | 2.2 | U | U | U |
| Tampa/St. Petersburg, FL | 12 | 735 | 3.1 | 14 | 363 | 1.9 | U | U | U |
| Dallas/Ft. Worth, TX | 20 | 403 | 1.7 | 17 | 325 | 1.7 | U | U | U |
| Ft. Lauderdale, FL | 14 | 521 | 2.2 | 20 | 287 | 1.5 | U | U | U |
| Denver, CO | 25 | 261 | 1.1 | 21 | 249 | 1.3 | U | U | U |
| Detroit, MI | 25 | 261 | 1.1 | 21 | 249 | 1.3 | U | U | U |
| Phoenix, AZ | 19 | 427 | 1.8 | 21 | 249 | 1.3 | U | U | U |
| New Orleans, LA | 23 | 355 | 1.5 | 24 | 229 | 1.2 | U | U | U |
| Florida Keys, FL | 22 | 379 | 1.6 | 25 | 210 | 1.1 | U | U | U |
| Maui, HI | 20 | 403 | 1.7 | 25 | 210 | 1.1 | U | U | U |
| Newark, NJ | 25 | 261 | 1.1 | 27 | 172 | 0.9 | U | U | U |
| Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY | 30 | 237 | 1.0 | 28 | 153 | 0.8 | U | U | U |
| Riverside/San Bernadino, CA | 30 | 237 | 1.0 | 28 | 153 | 0.8 | U | U | U |
| West Palm Beach, FL | 25 | 261 | 1.1 | 28 | 153 | 0.8 | U | U | U |
| Baltimore, MD | 38 | 142 | 0.6 | 31 | 134 | 0.7 | U | U | U |
| Minn./St. Paul, MN | 33 | 190 | 0.8 | 31 | 134 | 0.7 | U | U | U |
| Sacramento, CA | 36 | 166 | 0.7 | 31 | 134 | 0.7 | U | U | U |
| Ft. Myers, FL | 25 | 261 | 1.1 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Melbourne, FL | 38 | 142 | 0.6 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Nassau, NY | 45 | 118 | 0.5 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Portland, OR | 33 | 190 | 0.8 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Salinas, CA | 30 | 237 | 1.0 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Salt Lake City, UT | 45 | 118 | 0.5 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Sarasota, FL | 33 | 190 | 0.8 | 34 | 115 | 0.6 | U | U | U |
| Cincinnati, OH | 45 | 118 | 0.5 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Columbus, IN | U | U | U | 41 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Hawaii, HI | 38 | 142 | 0.6 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Oakland, CA | 38 | 142 | 0.6 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 45 | 118 | 0.5 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Santa Barbara, CA | 36 | 166 | 0.7 | 41 | 96 | 0.5 | U | U | U |
| Albany, NY | 68 | 47 | 0.2 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Atlantic City, NJ | 54 | 95 | 0.4 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Austin, TX | 45 | 118 | 0.5 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Charlotte, NC | 68 | 47 | 0.2 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Indianapolis, IN | 54 | 95 | 0.4 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Nashville, TN | 54 | 95 | 0.4 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| Raleigh-Durham, NC | 38 | 142 | 0.6 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| San Antonio, TX | 45 | 118 | 0.5 | 47 | 76 | 0.4 | U | U | U |
| United States, total $^{2}$ |  | 23,698 |  |  | 19,117 |  |  | 21,668 |  |

${ }^{1}$ International travelers to the United States from Canada and Mexico are not included.
${ }^{2}$ Includes U.S. territories.
KEY: $\mathrm{U}=$ data are unavailable.
NOTE: A visitor may visit more than one city. "Percent of U.S. total" represents the percent of visitors visiting the city. These columns, therefore, do not sum to 100. Some cities are not shown due to low sampling size of overseas visitors.
The OTTI instituted a new policy for data quality in 2006. As a result, data is published for fewer states in 2006 than in previous years.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. Cities/Hawaiian Islands, Washington, DC: Annual Issues, available at http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ as of Nov. 23, 2007.

## Section E **

Registered Vehicles and
Vehicle-Miles Traveled

Table 5-1: Motor-Vehicle Registrations: 2006 (Thousands)

| State | Private and commercial |  |  |  | Partial classification of trucks ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Automobiles | Motorcycles | Buses | Trucks ${ }^{1}$ | Truck tractors | Pickups | Vans | Sport utilities | Other light ${ }^{3}$ |
| Alabama | 1,779 | 104 | 3 | 2,798 | 101 | 1,364 | 370 | 390 | 553 |
| Alaska | 240 | 24 | 2 | 419 | 4 | 205 | 52 | 150 | 5 |
| Arizona | 2,172 | 114 | 1 | 1,968 | 31 | 850 | 306 | 719 | 13 |
| Arkansas | 949 | 59 | 2 | 1,016 | 29 | 566 | 126 | 307 | 27 |
| California | 19,632 | 710 | 39 | 12,987 | 143 | 3,998 | 2,357 | 4,885 | 65 |
| Colorado | 849 | 117 | 2 | 916 | 7 | 327 | 114 | 352 | 89 |
| Connecticut | 1,988 | 65 | 10 | 1,013 | 2 | 303 | 221 | 475 | 6 |
| Delaware | 426 | 23 | 2 | 375 | 1 | 118 | 70 | 124 | 35 |
| District of Columbia | 165 | 1 | 2 | 40 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 21 | 1 |
| Florida | 7,313 | 583 | 5 | 8,735 | 279 | 1,959 | 1,192 | 2,318 | 34 |
| Georgia | 4,112 | 141 | 5 | 4,049 | 86 | 1,612 | 595 | 1,370 | 22 |
| Hawaii | 530 | 31 | 4 | 455 | 1 | 192 | 88 | 169 | 3 |
| Idaho | 535 | 50 | 1 | 715 | 16 | 367 | 79 | 192 | 4 |
| Illinois | 5,874 | 293 | 18 | 3,897 | 76 | 1,168 | 984 | 1,473 | 68 |
| Indiana | 2,670 | 147 | 9 | 2,183 | 59 | 9 | 463 | 606 | 58 |
| Iowa | 1,734 | 161 | 2 | 1,562 | 72 | 690 | 279 | 340 | 38 |
| Kansas | 865 | 72 | 1 | 1,493 | 28 | 611 | 329 | 378 | 90 |
| Kentucky | 1,943 | 59 | 1 | 1,566 | 29 | 784 | 240 | 436 | 149 |
| Louisiana | 1,898 | 61 | 16 | 1,874 | 39 | 1,001 | 221 | 565 | 128 |
| Maine | 576 | 45 | 1 | 473 | 4 | 229 | 73 | 148 | 8 |
| Maryland | 2,643 | 73 | 7 | 1,795 | 18 | 546 | 418 | 783 | 27 |
| Massachusetts | 3,290 | 144 | 11 | 2,019 | 13 | 591 | 455 | 934 | 23 |
| Michigan | 4,716 | 247 | 10 | 3,281 | 39 | 1,349 | 902 | 1,395 | 68 |
| Minnesota | 2,500 | 215 | 7 | 2,145 | 35 | 812 | 432 | 653 | 46 |
| Mississippi | 1,108 | 28 | 4 | 853 | 9 | 481 | 99 | 240 | 6 |
| Missouri | 2,707 | 85 | 4 | 2,212 | 47 | 990 | 397 | 684 | 89 |
| Montana | 441 | 86 | 1 | 598 | 22 | 306 | 59 | 143 | 158 |
| Nebraska | 818 | 37 | 1 | 872 | 38 | 384 | 139 | 238 | 161 |
| Nevada | 670 | 56 | 2 | 670 | 8 | 247 | 83 | 248 | 3 |
| New Hampshire | 581 | 71 | 1 | 460 | 6 | 187 | 82 | 170 | 5 |
| New Jersey | 3,652 | 163 | 20 | 2,122 | 15 | 464 | 543 | 1,081 | 33 |
| New Mexico | 684 | 43 | 2 | 854 | 13 | 420 | 99 | 250 | 23 |
| New York | 8,447 | 203 | 27 | 2,585 | 8 | 527 | 564 | 995 | 48 |
| North Carolina | 3,628 | 110 | 10 | 2,556 | 66 | 1,050 | 422 | 845 | 92 |
| North Dakota | 341 | 25 | 1 | 355 | 10 | 160 | 50 | 83 | 41 |
| Ohio | 6,377 | 331 | 20 | 4,260 | 44 | 1,566 | 1,023 | 1,402 | 63 |
| Oklahoma | 1,593 | 94 | 2 | 1,524 | 12 | 769 | 188 | 386 | 161 |
| Oregon | 1,399 | 83 | 5 | 1,506 | 22 | 671 | 240 | 477 | 26 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,794 | 330 | 30 | 3,945 | 74 | 1,238 | 794 | 1,512 | 22 |
| Rhode Island | 503 | 31 | 2 | 290 | 4 | 91 | 64 | 125 | 1 |
| South Carolina | 1,954 | 88 | 5 | 1,442 | 21 | 627 | 231 | 526 | 38 |
| South Dakota | 372 | 53 | 1 | 451 | 19 | 197 | 61 | 103 | 2 |
| Tennessee | 2,854 | 134 | 4 | 2,131 | 64 | 983 | 333 | 730 | 52 |
| Texas | 8,689 | 352 | 19 | 8,399 | 178 | 4,000 | 1,084 | 2,971 | 222 |
| Utah | 1,068 | 51 | 0 | 1,139 | 41 | 484 | 161 | 402 | 75 |
| Vermont | 307 | 25 | 1 | 270 | 3 | 121 | 43 | 97 | 4 |
| Virginia | 3,996 | 81 | 3 | 2,550 | 40 | 921 | 490 | 1,003 | 36 |
| Washington | 3,066 | 193 | 4 | 2,546 | 31 | 1,070 | 446 | 870 | 35 |
| West Virginia | 721 | 40 | 1 | 676 | 12 | 337 | 86 | 213 | 7 |
| Wisconsin | 2,623 | 270 | 9 | 2,268 | 42 | 856 | 518 | 680 | 82 |
| Wyoming | 222 | 36 | 1 | 400 | 4 | 225 | 35 | 112 | 6 |
| United States, total | 134,012 | 6,635 | 339 | 105,708 | 1,966 | 39,028 | 18,710 | 35,770 | 3,051 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes light trucks (pickups, vans, sport utility vehicles, and other light trucks) as well as medium and large trucks.
${ }^{2}$ May not add to total because some trucks may be unclassified and other trucks may be included more than once. For instance, a truck-tractor in farm use may be counted as both a "truck tractor" and an "other light truck."
${ }^{3}$ Includes farm trucks.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, tables MV-1 and MV-9; and personal communication.

Table 5-2: Trailer and Semi-Trailer Registrations: $2006{ }^{\mathbf{1}}$

| State | Private and commercial |  |  | Publicly owned |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commercial trailers ${ }^{2}$ | Light farm trailers, car trailers, etc. ${ }^{3}$ | House trailers ${ }^{4}$ | Federal government | State, county, municipal government |
| Alabama | 73,295 | 97,956 | 14,546 | 16 | 1,178 |
| Alaska | 13,457 | 105,571 | U | 144 | 1,837 |
| Arizona | 108,674 | 378,184 | 171,770 | 105 | 4,107 |
| Arkansas | 63,900 | 516,667 | 9,697 | 7 | 279 |
| California | 818,997 | 1,780,203 | 649,117 | 403 | 60,237 |
| Colorado | 55,845 | 131,281 | 55,277 | 88 | 2,155 |
| Connecticut | 84,100 | 118,759 | U | 13 | 2,921 |
| Delaware | 45,540 | 28,260 | U | 7 | 1,008 |
| District of Columbia | 80 | 912 | U | 164 | 363 |
| Florida | 87,647 | 1,646,232 | U | 198 | 30,470 |
| Georgia | 209,766 | 655,809 | 46,286 | 140 | 4,844 |
| Hawaii | 4,546 | 21,432 | U | 5 | 1,167 |
| Idaho | 35,793 | 69,583 | 68,668 | 65 | 2,910 |
| Illinois | 140,615 | 633,210 | 149,162 | 252 | 199 |
| Indiana | 66,715 | 361,792 | 93,602 | 43 | 2,315 |
| Iowa | 233,899 | 412,586 | 82,417 | 22 | 6,120 |
| Kansas | 93,560 | 27,024 | 21,259 | 26 | 953 |
| Kentucky | 4,850 | 35,819 | 41,394 | 66 | 144 |
| Louisiana | 202,063 | 350,501 | 8,420 | 28 | 3,246 |
| Maine | 792,200 | 117,973 | U | 9 | 2,793 |
| Maryland | 21,678 | 278,771 | U | 112 | 430 |
| Massachusetts | 25,766 | 286,535 | U | 79 | 228 |
| Michigan | 64,649 | 90,348 | 21,143 | 92 | 4,800 |
| Minnesota | 191,183 | 804,573 | 111,286 | 89 | 3,928 |
| Mississippi | 32,364 | 63,614 | 9,377 | 34 | 1,669 |
| Missouri | 96,974 | 515,318 | U | 135 | 488 |
| Montana | 32,309 | 208,514 | 92,894 | 57 | 2,785 |
| Nebraska | 106,569 | 212,892 | U | 13 | 1,265 |
| Nevada | 11,558 | 101,435 | 45,107 | 51 | 1,196 |
| New Hampshire | 11,406 | 149,454 | U | 4 | 1,276 |
| New Jersey | 29,573 | 383,011 | U | 174 | 116 |
| New Mexico | 44,453 | 26,230 | 21,317 | 151 | 3,623 |
| New York | 11,061 | 632,853 | U | 385 | 10,831 |
| North Carolina | 101,315 | 737,798 | 1,975 | 49 | 8,505 |
| North Dakota | 31,336 | 37,564 | 22,394 | 10 | 1,223 |
| Ohio | 101,945 | 542,456 | 107,594 | 135 | 14,280 |
| Oklahoma | 160,622 | 71,024 | 7,543 | 38 | 2,300 |
| Oregon | 54,915 | 98,209 | 104,891 | 107 | 11,581 |
| Pennsylvania | 152,065 | 560,993 | 270,470 | 222 | 4,548 |
| Rhode Island | 6,973 | 55,360 | U | 9 | 1,108 |
| South Carolina | 21,470 | 34,676 | 146 | 35 | 1,319 |
| South Dakota | 54,138 | 58,410 | 73,020 | 33 | 1,563 |
| Tennessee | 80,401 | 34,496 | 205 | 77 | 392 |
| Texas | 278,231 | 1,708,041 | U | 196 | 43,034 |
| Utah | 46,569 | 103,263 | 86,907 | 82 | 516 |
| Vermont | 95,874 | 85,217 | U | 2 | 765 |
| Virginia | 83,566 | 171,194 | 73,198 | 66 | 2,773 |
| Washington | 61,280 | 514,969 | 113,151 | 172 | 2,313 |
| West Virginia | 99,083 | 132,693 | 66,430 | 10 | 3,266 |
| Wisconsin | 327,561 | 1,686 | 62,286 | 30 | 1,720 |
| Wyoming | 17,155 | 230,018 | 32,852 | 96 | 1,268 |
| United States, total | 5,589,584 | 16,421,369 | 2,735,801 | 4,546 | 264,355 |

[^5]KEY: $U=$ data are unavailable.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, table MV-11, and personal communication.

Table 5-3: Highway Vehicle-Miles Traveled (VMT)

| State | 2000 |  |  | 2006 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total VMT (millions) | Estimated Population ${ }^{\text {R }}$ | VMT per capita ${ }^{R}$ | Total VMT (millions) | Estimated Population | VMT per capita |
| Alabama | 56,534 | 4,452,375 | 12,697 | 60,414 | 4,599,030 | 13,136 |
| Alaska | 4,613 | 627,533 | 7,351 | 4,967 | 670,053 | 7,413 |
| Arizona | (R) 49,216 | 5,166,693 | 9,526 | 62,468 | 6,166,318 | 10,131 |
| Arkansas | 29,167 | 2,678,610 | 10,889 | 33,007 | 2,810,872 | 11,743 |
| California | 306,649 | 34,008,499 | 9,017 | 327,478 | 36,457,549 | 8,982 |
| Colorado | 41,771 | 4,327,409 | 9,653 | 48,641 | 4,753,377 | 10,233 |
| Connecticut | 30,756 | 3,412,539 | 9,013 | 31,743 | 3,504,809 | 9,057 |
| Delaware | 8,240 | 786,505 | 10,477 | 9,442 | 853,476 | 11,063 |
| District of Columbia | 3,498 | 571,042 | 6,126 | 3,623 | 581,530 | 6,230 |
| Florida | (R) 150,945 | 16,050,166 | 9,405 | 203,741 | 18,089,888 | 11,263 |
| Georgia | 105,010 | 8,230,550 | 12,759 | 113,532 | 9,363,941 | 12,124 |
| Hawaii | 8,543 | 1,212,113 | 7,048 | 10,182 | 1,285,498 | 7,921 |
| Idaho | 13,534 | 1,299,811 | 10,412 | 15,198 | 1,466,465 | 10,364 |
| Illinois | 102,866 | 12,440,970 | 8,268 | 106,869 | 12,831,970 | 8,328 |
| Indiana | 70,862 | 6,092,375 | 11,631 | 71,215 | 6,313,520 | 11,280 |
| Iowa | 29,433 | 2,928,703 | 10,050 | 31,355 | 2,982,085 | 10,514 |
| Kansas | 28,130 | 2,692,947 | 10,446 | 30,215 | 2,764,075 | 10,931 |
| Kentucky | 46,803 | 4,049,260 | 11,558 | 47,742 | 4,206,074 | 11,351 |
| Louisiana | 40,849 | 4,469,529 | 9,139 | 45,417 | 4,287,768 | 10,592 |
| Maine | 14,190 | 1,277,483 | 11,108 | 15,044 | 1,321,574 | 11,383 |
| Maryland | 50,174 | 5,311,695 | 9,446 | 56,302 | 5,615,727 | 10,026 |
| Massachusetts | 52,796 | 6,362,604 | 8,298 | 55,136 | 6,437,193 | 8,565 |
| Michigan | 97,792 | 9,956,689 | 9,822 | 104,184 | 10,095,643 | 10,320 |
| Minnesota | 52,601 | 4,934,275 | 10,660 | 56,518 | 5,167,101 | 10,938 |
| Mississippi | 35,536 | 2,848,634 | 12,475 | 41,498 | 2,910,540 | 14,258 |
| Missouri | 67,083 | 5,606,532 | 11,965 | 68,834 | 5,842,713 | 11,781 |
| Montana | 9,882 | 903,531 | 10,937 | 11,265 | 944,632 | 11,925 |
| Nebraska | 18,081 | 1,713,426 | 10,553 | 19,415 | 1,768,331 | 10,979 |
| Nevada | 17,639 | 2,018,456 | 8,739 | 21,824 | 2,495,529 | 8,745 |
| New Hampshire | 12,021 | 1,240,664 | 9,689 | 13,614 | 1,314,895 | 10,354 |
| New Jersey | 67,446 | 8,434,216 | 7,997 | 75,371 | 8,724,560 | 8,639 |
| New Mexico | 22,760 | 1,821,656 | 12,494 | 25,787 | 1,954,599 | 13,193 |
| New York | 129,057 | 19,000,135 | 6,792 | 141,348 | 19,306,183 | 7,321 |
| North Carolina | 89,504 | 8,078,909 | 11,079 | 101,515 | 8,856,505 | 11,462 |
| North Dakota | 7,217 | 641,193 | 11,256 | 7,890 | 635,867 | 12,408 |
| Ohio | (R) 105,903 | 11,364,401 | 9,319 | 111,247 | 11,478,006 | 9,692 |
| Oklahoma | 43,355 | 3,454,508 | 12,550 | 48,689 | 3,579,212 | 13,603 |
| Oregon | (R) 33,870 | 3,431,530 | 9,870 | 35,483 | 3,700,758 | 9,588 |
| Pennsylvania | 102,337 | 12,286,905 | 8,329 | 108,278 | 12,440,621 | 8,704 |
| Rhode Island | 8,359 | 1,050,836 | 7,955 | 8,300 | 1,067,610 | 7,774 |
| South Carolina | 45,538 | 4,023,565 | 11,318 | 50,199 | 4,321,249 | 11,617 |
| South Dakota | 8,432 | 755,793 | 11,156 | 9,168 | 781,919 | 11,725 |
| Tennessee | 65,732 | 5,703,299 | 11,525 | 70,596 | 6,038,803 | 11,690 |
| Texas | 220,064 | 20,951,848 | 10,503 | 238,256 | 23,507,783 | 10,135 |
| Utah | 22,597 | 2,243,490 | 10,072 | 25,964 | 2,550,063 | 10,182 |
| Vermont | 6,811 | 609,986 | 11,166 | 7,832 | 623,908 | 12,553 |
| Virginia | 74,801 | 7,104,587 | 10,529 | 81,095 | 7,642,884 | 10,611 |
| Washington | 53,330 | 5,912,036 | 9,021 | 56,517 | 6,395,798 | 8,837 |
| West Virginia | 19,242 | 1,807,528 | 10,645 | 20,885 | 1,818,470 | 11,485 |
| Wisconsin | 57,266 | 5,374,747 | 10,655 | 59,398 | 5,556,506 | 10,690 |
| Wyoming | 8,090 | 494,166 | 16,371 | 9,415 | 515,004 | 18,281 |
| United States, total | (R) 2,746,925 | 282,216,952 | 9,733 | 3,014,116 | 299,398,484 | 10,067 |

KEY: R = revised.
NOTE: Population estimates are for July 1 of given year.

SOURCES: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics, Table VM-2, Washington, DC: Annual editions; U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States 2008, Table 12, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/ as of Jan. 13, 2008.
Table 5-4: Highway, Demographic, and Geographic Characteristics of 30 Largest Urbanized Areas: 2006

| Federal-aid urbanized area ${ }^{1}$ | State(s) | Estimated population (thousands) | Net land area (square miles) | Persons per square mile | Total roadway miles | Miles of roadway per thousand persons | Total DVMT (thousands) | Total DVMT per capita | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \text { estimated } \\ \text { freeway lane } \\ \text { miles }^{2} \end{array}$ | Average daily traffic per freeway lane mile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York-Newark | NY, NJ, CT | 18,224 | 4,485 | 4,063 | 43,491 | 2.4 | 310,914 | 17.1 | 7,203 | 16,416 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana | CA | 12,345 | 1,971 | 6,263 | 24,833 | 2.0 | 278,547 | 23.0 | 5,635 | 23,683 |
| Chicago | IL, IN | 8,453 | 3,502 | 2,414 | 25,553 | 3.0 | 171,609 | 20.3 | 2,873 | 18,816 |
| Miami | FL | 5,379 | 1,499 | 3,588 | 16,981 | 3.2 | 133,962 | 24.9 | 2,109 | 19,137 |
| Philadelphia | PA, NJ, DE, MD | 5,275 | 2,257 | 2,337 | 19,384 | 3.7 | 107,543 | 20.4 | 2,391 | 15,034 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington | TX | 4,377 | 1,727 | 2,535 | 17,809 | 4.0 | 114,985 | 26.0 | 3,151 | 16,898 |
| Atlanta | GA | 4,361 | 3,027 | 1,441 | 19,766 | 4.5 | 127,224 | 29.2 | 2,524 | 19,039 |
| Washington | VA, MD, DC | 4,308 | 1,305 | 3,301 | 11,632 | 2.7 | 96,013 | 22.3 | 2,063 | 18,539 |
| Boston | MA, NH, RI | 4,101 | 2,241 | 1,830 | 16,790 | 4.0 | 93,725 | 23.0 | 2,545 | 15,753 |
| Detroit | MI | 3,918 | 1,439 | 2,723 | 14,803 | 4.0 | 102,220 | 26.0 | 1,918 | 17,240 |
| Phoenix | AZ | 3,350 | 1,151 | 2,911 | 12,376 | 4.0 | 77,562 | 23.0 | 1,492 | 19,740 |
| San Francisco-Oakland | CA | 3,162 | 1,054 | 3,000 | 7,125 | 2.0 | 69,531 | 22.0 | 1,940 | 20,048 |
| Seattle | WA | 3,056 | 1,185 | 2,579 | 11,990 | 4.0 | 71,115 | 23.0 | 1,833 | 16,620 |
| San Diego | CA | 2,951 | 984 | 2,999 | 5,081 | 2.0 | 68,220 | 23.0 | 1,986 | 19,724 |
| Houston | TX | 2,801 | 1,476 | 1,898 | 15,554 | 6.0 | 101,170 | 36.0 | 2,521 | 18,524 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul | MN | 2,519 | 1,192 | 2,113 | 11,108 | 4.0 | 63,679 | 25.0 | 1,653 | 17,341 |
| San Juan | PR | 2,306 | 1,075 | 2,145 | 7,281 | 3.0 | 32,973 | 14.0 | 793 | 15,376 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg | FL | 2,293 | 1,072 | 2,139 | 9,522 | 4.0 | 64,632 | 28.0 | 872 | 15,579 |
| St. Louis | MO, IL | 2,212 | 1,359 | 1,628 | 10,352 | 5.0 | 64,133 | 29.0 | 2,210 | 12,607 |
| Baltimore | MD | 2,149 | 683 | 3,146 | 7,134 | 3.0 | 52,495 | 24.0 | 1,561 | 16,964 |
| Denver-Aurora | CO | 2,133 | 814 | 2,620 | 8,277 | 4.0 | 52,777 | 25.0 | 1,281 | 15,562 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino | CA | 1,917 | 747 | 2,566 | 5,046 | 3.0 | 43,645 | 23.0 | 1,116 | 21,963 |
| Sacramento | CA | 1,858 | 446 | 4,166 | 4,745 | 3.0 | 34,175 | 18.0 | 823 | 19,202 |
| Pittsburgh | PA | 1,816 | 1,215 | 1,495 | 9,286 | 5.1 | 38,045 | 20.9 | 1,263 | 9,624 |
| Portland | OR, WA | 1,774 | 538 | 3,297 | 6,937 | 3.9 | 35,389 | 19.9 | 778 | 17,482 |
| Cleveland | OH | 1,745 | 897 | 1,945 | 7,236 | 4.0 | 39,233 | 23.0 | 1,409 | 12,921 |
| San Jose | CA | 1,703 | 353 | 4,824 | 3,979 | 2.0 | 37,123 | 22.0 | 875 | 19,095 |
| Cincinnati | OH, KY, IN | 1,647 | 887 | 1,857 | 6,696 | 4.1 | 41,010 | 24.9 | 1,235 | 15,238 |
| Virginia Beach | VA | 1,528 | 1,812 | 843 | 5,922 | 4.0 | 35,466 | 23.0 | 947 | 13,940 |
| Kansas City | MO, KS | 1,520 | 1,049 | 1,449 | 8,669 | 5.7 | 43,716 | 28.8 | 1,855 | 11,221 |

${ }^{1}$ A "federal-aid urbanized area" is an area with 50,000 or more persons that, at a minimum, encompasses the land area delineated as the urbanized area by the U.S. Census Bureau. Areas are ${ }^{2}$ Lane miles estimated by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).
KEY: DVMT = daily vehicle-miles of travel.
NOTE: Ratios are based on unrounded numbers
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration,Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008 , table HM-72.

Table 5-5: Highway Congestion in the 50 Largest Urban Areas: 2005 (Ranked by hours of delay per person)

| Urban area | Rank | Population (thousands) | Hours of delay (thousands) | Hours of delay per person | Cost of congestion (\$ millions) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Cost of } \\ \text { congestion } \\ \text { per person (\$) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA | 1 | 12,540 | 490,552 | 39 | 9,324 | 744 |
| Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 2 | 4,445 | 152,129 | 34 | 2,747 | 618 |
| Houston, TX | 3 | 3,790 | 124,132 | 33 | 2,225 | 587 |
| Atlanta, GA | 4 | 4,170 | 132,295 | 32 | 2,581 | 619 |
| San Francisco-Oakland, CA | 5 | 4,140 | 129,919 | 31 | 2,414 | 583 |
| San Diego, CA | 6 | 2,905 | 90,711 | 31 | 1,708 | 588 |
| Denver-Aurora, CO | 7 | 2,090 | 64,997 | 31 | 1,176 | 563 |
| San Jose, CA | 8 | 1,675 | 50,038 | 30 | 899 | 537 |
| Orlando, FL | 9 | 1,360 | 40,595 | 30 | 738 | 543 |
| Washington, DC-VA-MD | 10 | 4,280 | 127,394 | 30 | 2,331 | 545 |
| Detroit, MI | 11 | 4,055 | 115,547 | 28 | 2,174 | 536 |
| Miami, FL | 12 | 5,330 | 150,146 | 28 | 2,730 | 512 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino, CA | 13 | 1,800 | 48,266 | 27 | 955 | 531 |
| Austin, TX | 14 | 855 | 22,580 | 26 | 422 | 494 |
| Phoenix, AZ | 15 | 3,270 | 81,727 | 25 | 1,687 | 516 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg, FL | 16 | 2,250 | 56,203 | 25 | 1,004 | 446 |
| Chicago, IL-IN | 17 | 8,140 | 202,835 | 25 | 3,968 | 487 |
| Seattle, WA | 18 | 3,005 | 74,098 | 25 | 1,413 | 470 |
| Charlotte, NC-SC | 19 | 860 | 21,205 | 25 | 409 | 476 |
| Baltimore, MD | 20 | 2,315 | 56,769 | 25 | 1,126 | 486 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN | 21 | 2,520 | 59,746 | 24 | 1,100 | 437 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 22 | 1,035 | 24,318 | 23 | 478 | 462 |
| Boston, MA-NH-RI | 23 | 4,075 | 93,375 | 23 | 1,820 | 447 |
| Louisville, KY-IN | 24 | 905 | 20,559 | 23 | 395 | 436 |
| Sacramento, CA | 25 | 1,750 | 39,577 | 23 | 729 | 417 |
| Nashville-Davidson, TN | 26 | 990 | 21,707 | 22 | 404 | 408 |
| Las Vegas, NV | 27 | 1,365 | 29,493 | 22 | 543 | 398 |
| New York-Newark, NY-NJ-CT | 28 | 17,775 | 384,046 | 22 | 7,383 | 415 |
| San Antonio, TX | 29 | 1,360 | 29,380 | 22 | 530 | 390 |
| Philadelphia, PA-NJ-DE-MD | 30 | 5,300 | 111,703 | 21 | 2,077 | 392 |
| Jacksonville, FL | 31 | 990 | 20,779 | 21 | 376 | 380 |
| Portland, OR-WA | 32 | 1,730 | 33,660 | 19 | 625 | 361 |
| Raleigh-Durham, NC | 33 | 950 | 18,234 | 19 | 347 | 365 |
| Columbus, OH | 34 | 1,195 | 21,958 | 18 | 408 | 341 |
| St. Louis, MO-IL | 35 | 2,105 | 37,771 | 18 | 711 | 338 |
| Memphis, TN-MS-AR | 36 | 1,020 | 17,128 | 17 | 317 | 311 |
| Bridgeport-Stamford, CT-NY | 37 | 870 | 14,510 | 17 | 280 | 322 |
| Virginia Beach, VA | 38 | 1,540 | 25,602 | 17 | 468 | 304 |
| Providence, RI-MA | 39 | 1,245 | 19,482 | 16 | 344 | 276 |
| Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN | 40 | 1,620 | 24,377 | 15 | 459 | 283 |
| Salt Lake City, UT | 41 | 970 | 14,236 | 15 | 250 | 258 |
| Oklahoma City, OK | 42 | 850 | 9,468 | 11 | 171 | 201 |
| Richmond, VA | 43 | 920 | 10,082 | 11 | 181 | 197 |
| Milwaukee, WI | 44 | 1,460 | 15,402 | 11 | 282 | 193 |
| Hartford, CT | 45 | 890 | 9,252 | 10 | 166 | 187 |
| New Orleans, LA | 46 | 1,090 | 10,837 | 10 | 208 | 191 |
| Kansas City, MO-KS | 47 | 1,500 | 13,737 | 9 | 256 | 171 |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 48 | 1,800 | 16,159 | 9 | 285 | 158 |
| Cleveland, OH | 49 | 1,790 | 13,162 | 7 | 236 | 132 |
| Buffalo, NY | 50 | 1,130 | 5,853 | 5 | 112 | 99 |

NOTE: TTI's methodology changes periodically. When changes do occur, the methods are applied to all years, resulting in changes possibly over the entire period of data available. Consequently, the most recently published figures may not be comparable to those in past editions.

SOURCE: Texas Transportation Institute, 2007 Urban Mobility Report, College Station, TX: 2007, available at http://mobility.tamu.edu/ums/ as of Feb. 13, 2008.

Table 5-6: Recreational Boat Registrations by Propulsion Type: 2006

| State | Powered ${ }^{1}$ | Nonpowered ${ }^{2}$ | Other ${ }^{3}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 263,770 | 2,580 | 5,308 | 271,658 |
| Alaska | 45,579 | 3,656 | 298 | 49,533 |
| Arizona | 138,522 | 3 | 6,498 | 145,023 |
| Arkansas | 181,805 | 526 | 16,858 | 199,189 |
| California | 828,512 | 37,829 | 27,487 | 893,828 |
| Colorado | 93,955 | 3,519 | 593 | 98,067 |
| Connecticut | 108,074 | 453 | 174 | 108,701 |
| Delaware | 58,229 | 0 | 963 | 59,192 |
| District of Columbia | 2,082 | 261 | 82 | 2,425 |
| Florida | 946,972 | 18,088 | 23,592 | 988,652 |
| Georgia | 315,754 | 778 | 20,047 | 336,579 |
| Hawaii | 14,567 | 475 | 67 | 15,109 |
| Idaho | 85,539 | 751 | 2,174 | 88,464 |
| Illinois | 309,831 | 61,436 | 12,348 | 383,615 |
| Indiana | 162,810 | 1,128 | 740 | 164,678 |
| Iowa | 111,502 | 24,204 | 98,629 | 234,335 |
| Kansas | 91,455 | 3,767 | 455 | 95,677 |
| Kentucky | 164,774 | 0 | 13,177 | 177,951 |
| Louisiana | 306,366 | 0 | 0 | 306,366 |
| Maine | 112,807 | 0 | 469 | 113,276 |
| Maryland | 195,455 | 532 | 8,290 | 204,277 |
| Massachusetts | 139,566 | 0 | 9,074 | 148,640 |
| Michigan | 779,385 | 45,861 | 3,283 | 828,529 |
| Minnesota | 647,641 | 202,045 | 13,251 | 862,937 |
| Mississippi | 179,433 | 0 | 0 | 179,433 |
| Missouri | 274,597 | 2,607 | 47,622 | 324,826 |
| Montana | 81,158 | 777 | 0 | 81,935 |
| Nebraska | 79,344 | 1 | 3,968 | 83,313 |
| Nevada | 58,721 | 333 | 903 | 59,957 |
| New Hampshire | 97,268 | 4,029 | 0 | 101,297 |
| New Jersey | 198,861 | 6,660 | 446 | 205,967 |
| New Mexico | 37,163 | 1,168 | 463 | 38,794 |
| New York | 488,690 | 0 | 9,285 | 497,975 |
| North Carolina | 364,847 | 1,653 | 3,791 | 370,291 |
| North Dakota | 48,738 | 569 | 331 | 49,638 |
| Ohio | 324,097 | 81,308 | 6,851 | 412,256 |
| Oklahoma | 216,556 | 0 | 0 | 216,556 |
| Oregon | 183,541 | 0 | 2,956 | 186,497 |
| Pennsylvania | 304,755 | 25,756 | 13,679 | 344,190 |
| Rhode Island | 43,375 | 0 | 0 | 43,375 |
| South Carolina | 411,591 | 22,002 | 2,482 | 436,075 |
| South Dakota | 49,611 | 3,535 | 284 | 53,430 |
| Tennessee | 270,148 | 1,539 | 0 | 271,687 |
| Texas | 586,433 | 2,997 | 6,504 | 595,934 |
| Utah | 75,384 | 1,097 | 0 | 76,481 |
| Vermont | 31,888 | 0 | 202 | 32,090 |
| Virginia | 243,144 | 246 | 4,701 | 248,091 |
| Washington | 270,627 | 0 | 0 | 270,627 |
| West Virginia | 57,422 | 0 | 0 | 57,422 |
| Wisconsin | 626,102 | 9,469 | 0 | 635,571 |
| Wyoming | 25,492 | 549 | 255 | 26,296 |
| United States, total | 11,802,419 | 574,311 | 369,396 | 12,746,126 |

${ }^{1}$ Powered boats include traditional power boats, sailboats with auxiliary engines and personal watercraft (such as jet-skis).
${ }^{2}$ Nonpowered boats include row boats, sail boats, canoes and kayaks.
${ }^{3}$ Other boats are those not included elsewhere.
NOTES: Data are derived from reports of states and other jurisdictions with varying registration categories. The U.S. totals include Guam, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The U.S. totals do not include sailboards, which are registered in some states.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Boating Safety, personal communication, Feb. 4, 2008.

Table 5-7: General Aviation and Air Taxi Aircraft and Hours Flown: 2006 (Excludes commuter aircraft)

| State | Active aircraft | Hours flown (thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 4,477 | 437 |
| Alaska | 6,201 | 738 |
| Arizona | 6,438 | 1141 |
| Arkansas | 2,382 | 298 |
| California | 23,854 | 3,201 |
| Colorado | 5,623 | 596 |
| Connecticut | 2,090 | 401 |
| Delaware | 2,409 | 413 |
| District of Columbia | 34 | 14 |
| Florida | 14,226 | 1,662 |
| Georgia | 5,762 | 679 |
| Hawaii | 619 | 249 |
| Idaho | 2,786 | 324 |
| Illinois | 5,841 | 698 |
| Indiana | 3,909 | 363 |
| lowa | 2,798 | 262 |
| Kansas | 3,393 | 421 |
| Kentucky | 1,497 | 131 |
| Louisiana | 2,393 | 651 |
| Maine | 948 | 100 |
| Maryland | 2,317 | 288 |
| Massachusetts | 2,655 | 275 |
| Michigan | 6,229 | 611 |
| Minnesota | 5,414 | 535 |
| Mississippi | 2,159 | 334 |
| Missouri | 4,312 | 489 |
| Montana | 2,911 | 260 |
| Nebraska | 2,057 | 308 |
| Nevada | 3,374 | 625 |
| New Hampshire | 1,320 | 139 |
| New Jersey | 3,683 | 476 |
| New Mexico | 3,375 | 334 |
| New York | 5,829 | 528 |
| North Carolina | 6,106 | 744 |
| North Dakota | 1,533 | 183 |
| Ohio | 7,108 | 788 |
| Oklahoma | 4,734 | 1018 |
| Oregon | 4,800 | 558 |
| Pennsylvania | 5,865 | 620 |
| Rhode Island | 320 | 31 |
| South Carolina | 2,236 | 311 |
| South Dakota | 1,293 | 135 |
| Tennessee | 4,156 | 516 |
| Texas | 18,415 | 2,276 |
| Utah | 1,856 | 400 |
| Vermont | 636 | 71 |
| Virginia | 4,809 | 538 |
| Washington | 7,042 | 769 |
| West Virginia | 957 | 65 |
| Wisconsin | 5,290 | 482 |
| Wyoming | 1,241 | 158 |
| United States, total (excluding territories) | 221,712 | 27,639 |
| United States, total (including territories) | 221,943 | 27,705 |

NOTE: These data are derived from a sample survey of general aviation and air taxi aircraft. The estimates are subject to sampling and nonsampling error.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, General Aviation and Air Taxi Activity and Avionics Surveys: 2006, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.faa.gov/data_statistics/aviation_data_statistics/general_aviation as of Dec. 18, 2007.

Table 5-8: Active Aviation Pilots and Flight Instructors: $2006^{1}$

| State | Total | Students | Airplane pilots ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Misc. ${ }^{3}$ instructor ${ }^{\text {Flight }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Private | Commercial | Airline transport |  |  |
| Alabama | 7,089 | 996 | 2,935 | 1,919 | 1,229 | 10 | 1,058 |
| Alaska | 8,300 | 801 | 3,390 | 2,046 | 2,051 | 12 | 1,235 |
| Arizona | 20,067 | 3,333 | 6,962 | 4,504 | 5,241 | 27 | 3,497 |
| Arkansas | 4,978 | 710 | 2,045 | 1,335 | 872 | 16 | 715 |
| California | 65,867 | 10,297 | 30,046 | 13,728 | 11,746 | 50 | 9,091 |
| Colorado | 17,730 | 2,202 | 6,311 | 3,847 | 5,346 | 24 | 3,155 |
| Connecticut | 5,734 | 702 | 2,478 | 1,041 | 1,508 | 5 | 884 |
| Delaware | 1,316 | 203 | 485 | 271 | 354 | 3 | 238 |
| District of Columbia | 439 | 75 | 213 | 85 | 66 | 0 | 41 |
| Florida | 48,512 | 7,364 | 15,943 | 10,649 | 14,493 | 63 | 8,135 |
| Georgia | 19,184 | 2,471 | 6,372 | 3,509 | 6,801 | 31 | 2,854 |
| Hawaii | 3,111 | 432 | 769 | 835 | 1,074 | 1 | 559 |
| Idaho | 4,720 | 677 | 2,109 | 1,117 | 800 | 17 | 671 |
| Illinois | 19,073 | 2,633 | 7,825 | 3,992 | 4,551 | 72 | 3,334 |
| Indiana | 10,731 | 1,508 | 4,880 | 2,177 | 2,103 | 63 | 1,727 |
| Iowa | 5,817 | 804 | 3,035 | 1,259 | 697 | 22 | 844 |
| Kansas | 7,510 | 915 | 3,556 | 1,687 | 1,329 | 23 | 1,344 |
| Kentucky | 6,654 | 814 | 2,069 | 1,233 | 2,531 | 7 | 1,195 |
| Louisiana | 5,306 | 730 | 1,978 | 1,508 | 1,080 | 10 | 733 |
| Maine | 2,855 | 378 | 1,320 | 621 | 527 | 9 | 385 |
| Maryland | 8,109 | 1,385 | 3,291 | 1,655 | 1,766 | 12 | 1,231 |
| Massachusetts | 8,523 | 1,372 | 4,039 | 1,658 | 1,445 | 9 | 1,235 |
| Michigan | 16,020 | 2,276 | 7,465 | 3,325 | 2,885 | 69 | 2,440 |
| Minnesota | 13,616 | 1,506 | 5,741 | 3,034 | 3,307 | 28 | 2,393 |
| Mississippi | 4,087 | 567 | 1,582 | 1,064 | 862 | 12 | 570 |
| Missouri | 10,054 | 1,264 | 4,302 | 2,255 | 2,195 | 38 | 1,648 |
| Montana | 3,885 | 517 | 1,751 | 1,035 | 574 | 8 | 576 |
| Nebraska | 3,636 | 524 | 1,749 | 832 | 519 | 12 | 469 |
| Nevada | 6,757 | 814 | 2,410 | 1,445 | 2,083 | 5 | 1,101 |
| New Hampshire | 4,081 | 410 | 1,494 | 762 | 1,405 | 10 | 700 |
| New Jersey | 10,043 | 1,532 | 4,270 | 1,959 | 2,268 | 14 | 1,558 |
| New Mexico | 5,069 | 712 | 2,232 | 1,358 | 751 | 16 | 626 |
| New York | 16,967 | 2,968 | 7,510 | 3,569 | 2,864 | 56 | 2,639 |
| North Carolina | 14,061 | 1,702 | 5,717 | 2,847 | 3,769 | 26 | 2,009 |
| North Dakota | 2,272 | 357 | 977 | 733 | 202 | 3 | 390 |
| Ohio | 17,706 | 2,265 | 7,697 | 3,609 | 4,069 | 66 | 3,019 |
| Oklahoma | 8,041 | 1,281 | 3,384 | 1,988 | 1,370 | 18 | 1,194 |
| Oregon | 9,408 | 1,345 | 4,556 | 2,207 | 1,284 | 16 | 1,368 |
| Pennsylvania | 17,136 | 2,361 | 7,166 | 3,403 | 4,150 | 56 | 2,689 |
| Rhode Island | 1,075 | 152 | 473 | 233 | 216 | 1 | 151 |
| South Carolina | 6,360 | 877 | 2,641 | 1,355 | 1,474 | 13 | 871 |
| South Dakota | 2,198 | 261 | 1,014 | 584 | 326 | 13 | 354 |
| Tennessee | 11,818 | 1,359 | 3,983 | 2,300 | 4,150 | 26 | 1,903 |
| Texas | 46,884 | 6,395 | 16,039 | 9,401 | 15,017 | 32 | 7,246 |
| Utah | 7,693 | 1,284 | 2,844 | 1,834 | 1,723 | 8 | 1,305 |
| Vermont | 1,387 | 180 | 628 | 305 | 271 | 3 | 182 |
| Virginia | 14,206 | 2,022 | 5,009 | 3,079 | 4,062 | 34 | 2,232 |
| Washington | 20,056 | 2,626 | 7,592 | 4,267 | 5,554 | 17 | 3,146 |
| West Virginia | 1,848 | 279 | 852 | 396 | 309 | 12 | 270 |
| Wisconsin | 10,494 | 1,455 | 5,014 | 1,917 | 2,033 | 75 | 1,628 |
| Wyoming | 1,800 | 249 | 855 | 391 | 302 | 3 | 248 |
| United States, total | 570,283 | 80,342 | 228,998 | 122,163 | 137,604 | 1,176 | 89,086 |

${ }^{1}$ An active pilot is a person who holds a pilot certificate and a valid medical certificate issued within the last 25 months. ${ }^{2}$ Includes pilots with an airplane only certificate and those with an airplane and a helicopter and/or glider certificate.
${ }^{3}$ Includes helicopter, glider, and recreational pilots. Does not include pilots holding an airplane certificate. A recreational pilot may fly no more than one passenger in a light, single engine aircraft with no more than four seats during good weather and daylight hours and, unless authorized, no more than 50 miles from the home airport.
${ }^{4}$ Not included in total. A flight instructor must hold a flight instructor certificate in addition to a pilot certificate.
NOTE: Excludes U.S. military personnel holding civilian certificates who are stationed in a foreign country and pilots in U.S. territories.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration, 2006 U.S. Civil Airmen Statistics, Table 5, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.faa.gov/data_statistics/aviation_data_statistics/ civil_airmen_statistics/2006/ as of Nov. 30, 2007.

## Section F -••

## Economy and Finance

Table 6-1: Transportation and Warehousing Establishments and Employment: 2005

| State | Number of establishments | Number of employees | Annual payroll (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3,144 | 58,881 | 1,974,948 |
| Alaska | 1,149 | 18,549 | 961,489 |
| Arizona | 3,092 | 72,724 | 2,748,306 |
| Arkansas | 2,596 | 61,474 | 2,037,033 |
| California | 20,086 | 448,607 | 17,941,928 |
| Colorado | 3,285 | 59,969 | 2,216,693 |
| Connecticut | 1,694 | 38,157 | 1,436,078 |
| Delaware | 740 | 15,054 | 475,939 |
| District of Columbia | 188 | 3,597 | 124,179 |
| Florida | 12,668 | 216,297 | 8,020,002 |
| Georgia | 5,986 | 152,508 | 6,188,812 |
| Hawaii | 850 | 26,490 | 926,945 |
| Idaho | 1,645 | 15,533 | 455,008 |
| Illinois | 10,924 | 218,771 | 8,717,147 |
| Indiana | 5,090 | 106,149 | 3,531,963 |
| Iowa | 3,702 | 49,876 | 1,698,170 |
| Kansas | 2,632 | 42,533 | 1,393,651 |
| Kentucky | 3,167 | 75,975 | 3,071,746 |
| Louisiana | 3,652 | 62,936 | 2,489,818 |
| Maine | 1,274 | 14,071 | 463,365 |
| Maryland | 3,712 | 62,663 | 2,264,039 |
| Massachusetts | 3,675 | 77,335 | 2,857,806 |
| Michigan | 5,557 | 99,822 | 4,040,167 |
| Minnesota | 4,666 | 78,428 | 3,125,684 |
| Mississippi | 2,342 | 33,548 | 1,067,633 |
| Missouri | 5,114 | 87,366 | 3,046,865 |
| Montana | 1,237 | 10,647 | 311,031 |
| Nebraska | 2,330 | 30,150 | 1,102,031 |
| Nevada | 1,447 | 39,281 | 1,159,454 |
| New Hampshire | 839 | 12,244 | 389,185 |
| New Jersey | 7,228 | 169,118 | 6,443,091 |
| New Mexico | 1,281 | 15,710 | 502,221 |
| New York | 12,004 | 228,585 | 8,140,912 |
| North Carolina | 5,819 | 115,901 | 3,924,521 |
| North Dakota | 1,040 | 9,473 | 296,518 |
| Ohio | 7,583 | 166,815 | 6,118,482 |
| Oklahoma | 2,591 | 36,737 | 1,280,244 |
| Oregon | 3,106 | 55,229 | 1,996,733 |
| Pennsylvania | 7,779 | 195,581 | 6,288,931 |
| Rhode Island | 703 | 11,531 | 300,350 |
| South Carolina | 2,688 | 51,146 | 1,693,198 |
| South Dakota | 1,055 | 8,110 | 242,009 |
| Tennessee | 4,259 | 121,632 | 4,315,420 |
| Texas | 15,245 | 336,526 | 13,537,995 |
| Utah | 1,851 | 42,063 | 1,512,233 |
| Vermont | 536 | 6,255 | 189,337 |
| Virginia | 5,348 | 104,237 | 3,688,915 |
| Washington | 4,767 | 84,341 | 3,513,449 |
| West Virginia | 1,433 | 15,944 | 562,945 |
| Wisconsin | 5,493 | 95,390 | 3,281,664 |
| Wyoming | 858 | 8,057 | 309,655 |
| United States, total | 211,150 | 4,168,016 | 154,375,938 |

NOTES: The Transportation and Warehousing sector, North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) 48-49, includes industries providing transportation of passengers and cargo, warehousing and storage for goods, scenic and sightseeing transportation, and support activities related to modes of transportation. Establishments in these industries use transportation equipment or transportation related facilities as a productive asset. The type of equipment depends on the mode of transportation. The modes of transportation included are: air transportation, water transportation, truck transportation, transit and ground passenger transportation, pipeline transportation, scenic and sightseeing transportation, support activities for transportation, postal service, couriers and messengers, and warehousing and storage. These data do not include government, railroad transportation (NAICS 482), or self-employed persons.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html as of Nov. 15, 2007.

Table 6-2: Air Transportation Establishments and Employment: 2005

| State | Number of establishments | Number of employees | Annual payroll (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 50 | 691 | 23,016 |
| Alaska | 231 | 6,033 | 324,678 |
| Arizona | 108 | 16,676 | 869,609 |
| Arkansas | 53 | W | W |
| California | 631 | 53,307 | 2,598,701 |
| Colorado | 113 | 14,743 | 632,457 |
| Connecticut | 56 | 1,881 | 82,888 |
| Delaware | 35 | W | W |
| District of Columbia | 30 | 222 | 10,903 |
| Florida | 547 | 22,372 | 992,841 |
| Georgia | 126 | 29,671 | 1,972,058 |
| Hawaii | 58 | 7,633 | 283,557 |
| Idaho | 62 | 1,134 | 36,969 |
| Illinois | 235 | 38,166 | 2,002,868 |
| Indiana | 64 | 4,525 | 187,866 |
| Iowa | 40 | W | W |
| Kansas | 46 | W | W |
| Kentucky | 72 | 17,146 | 756,566 |
| Louisiana | 91 | 4,884 | 266,820 |
| Maine | 33 | 352 | 16,737 |
| Maryland | 52 | 4,719 | 264,646 |
| Massachusetts | 108 | 8,464 | 387,115 |
| Michigan | 138 | 14,598 | 743,096 |
| Minnesota | 66 | 19,500 | 1,157,525 |
| Mississippi | 47 | W | W |
| Missouri | 97 | 7,684 | 366,764 |
| Montana | 84 | 940 | 29,346 |
| Nebraska | 34 | 748 | 23,931 |
| Nevada | 88 | 4,394 | 155,728 |
| New Hampshire | 31 | 770 | 29,285 |
| New Jersey | 108 | 16,151 | 819,177 |
| New Mexico | 47 | 1,277 | 47,946 |
| New York | 419 | 27,789 | 1,489,200 |
| North Carolina | 118 | 11,935 | 510,555 |
| North Dakota | 22 | 203 | 5,854 |
| Ohio | 130 | 11,666 | 576,068 |
| Oklahoma | 56 | 2,347 | 93,629 |
| Oregon | 89 | 5,267 | 226,340 |
| Pennsylvania | 150 | W | W |
| Rhode Island | 18 | 458 | 14,223 |
| South Carolina | 49 | 1,314 | 64,040 |
| South Dakota | 20 | 231 | 7,160 |
| Tennessee | 98 | 6,797 | 254,991 |
| Texas | 496 | 59,082 | 3,173,288 |
| Utah | 41 | 8,179 | 361,714 |
| Vermont | 10 | W | W |
| Virginia | 146 | 13,419 | 675,917 |
| Washington | 121 | 11,639 | 603,255 |
| West Virginia | 28 | W | W |
| Wisconsin | 94 | 4,414 | 172,381 |
| Wyoming | 29 | W | W |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 5,715 | 486,355 | 24,222,703 |

${ }^{1}$ Values for states not reported individually are included in U.S. totals.
KEY: W = data withheld to avoid disclosure.

NOTES: The Air Transportation subsector (NAICS 481) includes industries providing air transportation of passengers and/or cargo using aircraft, such as airplanes and helicopters. These data do not include scenic and sightseeing air transportation (NAICS 4879, part), support activities for air transportation (NAICS 4881), or air courier services (NAICS 4921, part).

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html as of Nov. 15, 2007.

Table 6-3: Water Transportation Establishments and Employment: 2005

| State | Number of establishments | Number of employees | Annual payroll (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 24 | 444 | 23,159 |
| Alaska | 71 | 698 | 44,355 |
| Arizona | 4 | W | W |
| Arkansas | 5 | W | W |
| California | 138 | 5,433 | 344,492 |
| Colorado | 2 | W | W |
| Connecticut | 29 | 770 | 65,185 |
| Delaware | 10 | W | W |
| District of Columbia | 1 | W | W |
| Florida | 253 | 13,087 | 815,220 |
| Georgia | 29 | 288 | 14,837 |
| Hawaii | 23 | 707 | 53,584 |
| Idaho | 1 | W | W |
| Illinois | 44 | W | W |
| Indiana | 8 | W | W |
| Iowa | 7 | W | W |
| Kansas | 3 | W | W |
| Kentucky | 28 | W | W |
| Louisiana | 325 | 11,145 | 553,671 |
| Maine | 17 | W | W |
| Maryland | 41 | 818 | 40,978 |
| Massachusetts | 50 | W | W |
| Michigan | 37 | 478 | 33,259 |
| Minnesota | 16 | W | W |
| Mississippi | 21 | 786 | 35,882 |
| Missouri | 13 | W | W |
| Montana | 1 | W | W |
| Nebraska | 1 | W | W |
| Nevada | 3 | W | W |
| New Hampshire | 4 | W | W |
| New Jersey | 85 | 2,346 | 140,802 |
| New Mexico | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| New York | 145 | 3,353 | 202,545 |
| North Carolina | 24 | W | W |
| North Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ohio | 34 | 1,120 | 64,062 |
| Oklahoma | 5 | W | W |
| Oregon | 20 | 1,180 | 64,263 |
| Pennsylvania | 27 | 942 | 37,827 |
| Rhode Island | 13 | W | W |
| South Carolina | 19 | 170 | 7,105 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tennessee | 16 | 2,226 | 108,358 |
| Texas | 154 | 4,925 | 272,692 |
| Utah | 2 | W | W |
| Vermont | 6 | W | W |
| Virginia | 55 | 2,102 | 146,535 |
| Washington | 112 | 3,248 | 197,760 |
| West Virginia | 9 | 306 | 11,650 |
| Wisconsin | 8 | W | W |
| Wyoming | 3 | W | W |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 1,946 | 65,483 | 3,731,909 |

${ }^{1}$ Values for states not reported individually are included in U.S. totals.
KEY: $\mathrm{W}=$ data withheld to avoid disclosure.
NOTES: The Water Transportation subsector (NAICS 483) includes industries providing water transportation of passengers and cargo using water craft, such as ships, barges, and boats. The subsector is composed of two industry groups: one for deep sea, coastal, and Great Lakes; and one for inland water transportation. This split typically reflects the difference in equipment used. These data do not include scenic and sightseeing water transportation services (NAICS 4872) and support activities for water transportation (NAICS 4883).

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html as of Nov. 15, 2007.

Table 6-4: Truck Transportation Establishments and Employment: 2005

| State | Number of establishments | Number of employees | Annual payroll (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 2,132 | 33,629 | 1,107,410 |
| Alaska | 230 | 3,766 | 184,925 |
| Arizona | 1,624 | 22,787 | 798,183 |
| Arkansas | 1,818 | 45,983 | 1,512,982 |
| California | 9,425 | 118,163 | 4,535,488 |
| Colorado | 1,955 | 18,851 | 697,126 |
| Connecticut | 684 | 7,342 | 304,408 |
| Delaware | 326 | 6,233 | 186,845 |
| District of Columbia | 26 | 476 | 11,723 |
| Florida | 5,501 | 59,761 | 2,203,760 |
| Georgia | 3,393 | 54,391 | 1,974,102 |
| Hawaii | 199 | 3,433 | 119,129 |
| Idaho | 1,121 | 8,626 | 270,257 |
| Illinois | 6,586 | 68,199 | 2,761,091 |
| Indiana | 3,552 | 55,127 | 2,031,177 |
| Iowa | 2,850 | 33,650 | 1,196,934 |
| Kansas | 1,708 | 17,498 | 625,611 |
| Kentucky | 2,115 | 23,439 | 830,186 |
| Louisiana | 1,738 | 19,250 | 639,151 |
| Maine | 795 | 6,003 | 206,117 |
| Maryland | 1,740 | 18,394 | 685,236 |
| Massachusetts | 1,564 | 16,882 | 719,913 |
| Michigan | 3,385 | 39,742 | 1,691,773 |
| Minnesota | 2,935 | 23,993 | 939,637 |
| Mississippi | 1,610 | 18,849 | 590,242 |
| Missouri | 3,350 | 42,195 | 1,548,605 |
| Montana | 739 | 4,996 | 167,436 |
| Nebraska | 1,782 | 18,264 | 686,316 |
| Nevada | 714 | 6,721 | 265,803 |
| New Hampshire | 459 | 4,202 | 154,571 |
| New Jersey | 3,397 | 44,818 | 1,961,028 |
| New Mexico | 734 | 7,071 | 257,580 |
| New York | 4,566 | 43,058 | 1,606,569 |
| North Carolina | 3,637 | 54,912 | 1,877,362 |
| North Dakota | 760 | 5,641 | 188,206 |
| Ohio | 4,760 | 68,474 | 2,614,931 |
| Oklahoma | 1,671 | 20,624 | 700,681 |
| Oregon | 1,775 | 22,979 | 836,452 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,333 | 62,805 | 2,431,648 |
| Rhode Island | 343 | 2,721 | 99,766 |
| South Carolina | 1,555 | 22,056 | 746,109 |
| South Dakota | 788 | 4,809 | 153,939 |
| Tennessee | 2,324 | 57,990 | 2,102,925 |
| Texas | 7,837 | 113,296 | 4,043,734 |
| Utah | 1,213 | 20,778 | 731,266 |
| Vermont | 341 | 2,280 | 85,529 |
| Virginia | 3,251 | 35,960 | 1,252,980 |
| Washington | 2,470 | 24,837 | 948,674 |
| West Virginia | 1,023 | 8,726 | 288,798 |
| Wisconsin | 3,785 | 49,657 | 2,048,472 |
| Wyoming | 605 | 3,962 | 151,722 |
| United States, total | 117,224 | 1,478,299 | 54,774,508 |

NOTES: The Truck Transportation subsector (NAICS 484) includes industries providing over-the-road transportation of cargo using motor vehicles, such as trucks and tractor trailers. The subsector is divided into two industry groups for general freight trucking and specialized freight trucking. This distinction reflects differences in equipment used, type of load carried, scheduling, terminal, and other networking services. These data do not include support activities for road transportation (NAICS 4884), freight transportation arrangement services (NAICS 4885, part), the Postal Service (NAICS 491), or courier services (NAICS 492, part).

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html as of Nov. 15, 2007.

Table 6-5: Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation Establishments and Employment: 2005

| State | Number of establishments | Number of employees | Annual payroll (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 91 | 1,584 | 29,949 |
| Alaska | 78 | 1,465 | 25,294 |
| Arizona | 196 | 6,282 | 178,297 |
| Arkansas | 53 | W | W |
| California | 1,498 | 37,189 | 896,424 |
| Colorado | 160 | W | W |
| Connecticut | 347 | 11,766 | 274,998 |
| Delaware | 154 | W | W |
| District of Columbia | 43 | 991 | 34,557 |
| Florida | 862 | 12,626 | 285,338 |
| Georgia | 285 | 3,940 | 84,115 |
| Hawaii | 102 | 3,453 | 99,390 |
| Idaho | 93 | W | W |
| Illinois | 890 | 22,275 | 426,456 |
| Indiana | 230 | 5,195 | 83,344 |
| Iowa | 101 | 1,761 | 27,175 |
| Kansas | 150 | 5,791 | 92,483 |
| Kentucky | 118 | W | W |
| Louisiana | 160 | 3,536 | 78,513 |
| Maine | 77 | 1,328 | 22,414 |
| Maryland | 686 | 8,576 | 174,107 |
| Massachusetts | 722 | 18,805 | 466,117 |
| Michigan | 294 | 4,844 | 103,472 |
| Minnesota | 481 | 12,486 | 210,964 |
| Mississippi | 76 | 1,588 | 24,460 |
| Missouri | 305 | 8,177 | 132,797 |
| Montana | 107 | W | W |
| Nebraska | 71 | W | W |
| Nevada | 121 | 12,908 | 280,759 |
| New Hampshire | 129 | 3,251 | 57,640 |
| New Jersey | 1,095 | 28,705 | 569,911 |
| New Mexico | 149 | 3,024 | 45,594 |
| New York | 2,694 | 63,303 | 1,596,309 |
| North Carolina | 289 | 4,548 | 104,720 |
| North Dakota | 63 | W | W |
| Ohio | 354 | 8,076 | 149,403 |
| Oklahoma | 76 | W | W |
| Oregon | 208 | 4,376 | 69,845 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,116 | 32,316 | 487,118 |
| Rhode Island | 106 | 2,481 | 40,595 |
| South Carolina | 107 | 1,547 | 27,378 |
| South Dakota | 68 | W | W |
| Tennessee | 313 | 4,974 | 117,540 |
| Texas | 596 | 14,472 | 296,833 |
| Utah | 70 | 1,146 | 20,419 |
| Vermont | 65 | 1,506 | 25,064 |
| Virginia | 352 | 9,531 | 249,476 |
| Washington | 238 | 5,371 | 116,095 |
| West Virginia | 46 | W | W |
| Wisconsin | 550 | 14,348 | 222,223 |
| Wyoming | 31 | W | W |
| United States, total | 17,266 | 406,709 | 8,520,810 |

KEY: W = data withheld to avoid disclosure.
NOTES: The Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation subsector (NAICS 485) includes industries providing a variety of passenger transportation activities, such as urban transit systems; chartered bus, school bus, and interurban bus transportation; and taxis. These activities are distinguished based primarily on such production process factors as vehicle types, routes, and schedules. These data do not include scenic and sightseeing transportation (NAICS 4871, part), support activities for road transportation (NAICS 4884), or arrangement for car pools and vanpools (NAICS 4889, part).

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html as of Nov. 15, 2007.

Table 6-6: Pipeline Transportation Establishments and Employment: 2005

| State | Number of establishments | Number of employees | Annual payroll (\$ thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 49 | W | W |
| Alaska | 19 | W | W |
| Arizona | 28 | W | W |
| Arkansas | 38 | 455 | 24,275 |
| California | 91 | 1,426 | 96,647 |
| Colorado | 49 | W | W |
| Connecticut | 10 | W | W |
| Delaware | 2 | W | W |
| District of Columbia | 5 | W | W |
| Florida | 13 | W | W |
| Georgia | 39 | W | W |
| Hawaii | 4 | W | W |
| Idaho | 4 | W | W |
| Illinois | 107 | 1,073 | 84,421 |
| Indiana | 61 | W | W |
| Iowa | 49 | 376 | 27,499 |
| Kansas | 138 | 1,361 | 96,368 |
| Kentucky | 41 | 970 | 71,307 |
| Louisiana | 217 | 2,485 | 179,150 |
| Maine | 5 | W | W |
| Maryland | 11 | 113 | 8,229 |
| Massachusetts | 14 | W | W |
| Michigan | 70 | 632 | 46,631 |
| Minnesota | 58 | 475 | 31,655 |
| Mississippi | 81 | 727 | 45,690 |
| Missouri | 50 | 278 | 18,446 |
| Montana | 15 | W | W |
| Nebraska | 32 | 731 | 57,122 |
| Nevada | 9 | W | W |
| New Hampshire | 4 | W | W |
| New Jersey | 31 | 269 | 18,788 |
| New Mexico | 60 | 713 | 45,283 |
| New York | 40 | 280 | 18,533 |
| North Carolina | 20 | 217 | 15,577 |
| North Dakota | 23 | 418 | 28,166 |
| Ohio | 72 | 1,463 | 101,660 |
| Oklahoma | 149 | 1,723 | 121,944 |
| Oregon | 10 | W | W |
| Pennsylvania | 99 | W | W |
| Rhode Island | 4 | W | W |
| South Carolina | 15 | 153 | 10,513 |
| South Dakota | 16 | W | W |
| Tennessee | 40 | W | W |
| Texas | 589 | 11,141 | 952,447 |
| Utah | 18 | W | W |
| Vermont | 1 | W | W |
| Virginia | 37 | W | W |
| Washington | 18 | W | W |
| West Virginia | 51 | W | W |
| Wisconsin | 33 | 227 | 17,589 |
| Wyoming | 42 | 748 | 49,106 |
| United States, total ${ }^{1}$ | 2,681 | 38,053 | 2,901,766 |

${ }^{1}$ Values for states not reported individually are included in U.S. totals.
KEY: $\mathrm{W}=$ data withheld to avoid disclosure.
NOTES: The Pipeline Transportation subsector (NAICS 486) includes industries using transmission pipelines to transport products, such as crude oil, natural gas, refined petroleum products, and slurry. Industry groups are determined based on the products transported (i.e., crude oil, natural gas, and other). Gas industry data include the storage of natural gas because the storage is usually done by the pipeline establishment and because a pipeline is inherently a network in which all the nodes are interdependent. These data do not include activities classified under the Utilities sector, such as natural gas distribution (NAICS 2212) or water and air distribution and collection (NAICS 2213).

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 County Business Patterns, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html as of Nov. 15, 2007.

Table 6-7: Freight Railroad Employment, Retirement, and Wages: 2006 ${ }^{1}$

| State | Number of employees | Wages (\$ millions) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Number of } \\ \text { retirement } \\ \text { beneficiaries } \end{array}$ | Retirement payments (\$ millions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 3,850 | 244 | 9,371 | 143 |
| Alaska | 426 | 25 | 207 | 3 |
| Arizona | 3,056 | 212 | 9,698 | 148 |
| Arkansas | 3,671 | 244 | 9,410 | 143 |
| California | 10,478 | 726 | 29,196 | 445 |
| Colorado | 3,042 | 212 | 7,349 | 112 |
| Connecticut | 185 | 11 | 2,798 | 43 |
| Delaware | 182 | 11 | 1,869 | 28 |
| District of Columbia | 8 | <0.5 | 533 | 8 |
| Florida | 5,635 | 352 | 30,137 | 459 |
| Georgia | 7,288 | 456 | 15,379 | 234 |
| Hawaii | 0 | 0 | 212 | 3 |
| Idaho | 1,417 | 95 | 4,510 | 69 |
| Illinois | 12,925 | 887 | 34,951 | 533 |
| Indiana | 6,094 | 384 | 15,801 | 241 |
| lowa | 4,072 | 277 | 9,073 | 138 |
| Kansas | 5,700 | 405 | 13,724 | 209 |
| Kentucky | 4,479 | 283 | 14,457 | 220 |
| Louisiana | 3,305 | 221 | 7,422 | 113 |
| Maine | 655 | 38 | 2,911 | 44 |
| Maryland | 1,615 | 102 | 9,359 | 143 |
| Massachusetts | 763 | 45 | 4,256 | 65 |
| Michigan | 3,756 | 255 | 14,483 | 221 |
| Minnesota | 4,475 | 313 | 15,854 | 242 |
| Mississippi | 1,907 | 133 | 6,106 | 93 |
| Missouri | 7,286 | 506 | 18,916 | 288 |
| Montana | 2,792 | 193 | 5,799 | 88 |
| Nebraska | 11,464 | 802 | 11,186 | 171 |
| Nevada | 906 | 62 | 3,368 | 51 |
| New Hampshire | 198 | 11 | 878 | 13 |
| New Jersey | 1,179 | 73 | 9,314 | 142 |
| New Mexico | 1,826 | 132 | 4,651 | 71 |
| New York | 3,173 | 197 | 22,768 | 347 |
| North Carolina | 2,426 | 151 | 10,164 | 155 |
| North Dakota | 1,811 | 129 | 3,091 | 47 |
| Ohio | 7,973 | 498 | 27,907 | 425 |
| Oklahoma | 1,977 | 137 | 5,203 | 79 |
| Oregon | 2,443 | 164 | 8,295 | 126 |
| Pennsylvania | 7,257 | 452 | 37,482 | 571 |
| Rhode Island | 73 | 4 | 542 | 8 |
| South Carolina | 1,861 | 116 | 6,488 | 99 |
| South Dakota | 771 | 53 | 1,328 | 20 |
| Tennessee | 4,245 | 276 | 11,851 | 181 |
| Texas | 17,394 | 1,211 | 33,037 | 504 |
| Utah | 2,043 | 138 | 5,360 | 82 |
| Vermont | 240 | 12 | 872 | 13 |
| Virginia | 5,410 | 339 | 18,065 | 275 |
| Washington | 4,168 | 298 | 11,280 | 172 |
| West Virginia | 2,856 | 180 | 9,376 | 143 |
| Wisconsin | 3,242 | 232 | 9,872 | 151 |
| Wyoming | 2,959 | 208 | 2,858 | 44 |
| United States, total | 186,957 | 12,508 | 549,017 | 8,371 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes Class I, Regional, Switching and Terminal, and Local freight railroads.
NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding. Wages do not include fringe benefits.
SOURCE: Association of American Railroads, personal communication, Jan. 8, 2008.

Table 6-8: Transportation Expenditures by State and Local Governments: 2005 ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ (Millions of current dollars)

| State | Total | Highway | Transit | Air | Water |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1,999 | 1,775 | 54 | 100 | 70 |
| Alaska | 1,366 | 1,206 | 35 | 73 | 51 |
| Arizona | 3,098 | 2,085 | 380 | 633 | Z |
| Arkansas | 1,223 | 1,123 | 30 | 68 | 3 |
| California | 23,467 | 12,566 | 7,264 | 2,754 | 883 |
| Colorado | 3,252 | 2,221 | 575 | 456 | Z |
| Connecticut | 1,651 | 1,338 | 275 | 35 | 4 |
| Delaware | 747 | 616 | 88 | 15 | 29 |
| District of Columbia | 1,629 | 77 | 1,552 | Z | Z |
| Florida | 11,790 | 8,078 | 1,411 | 1,848 | 453 |
| Georgia | 3,400 | 1,912 | 691 | 643 | 153 |
| Hawaii | 831 | 469 | 166 | 168 | 28 |
| Idaho | 750 | 685 | 10 | 53 | 2 |
| Illinois | 9,686 | 5,492 | 3,404 | 789 | <0.5 |
| Indiana | 2,659 | 2,308 | 165 | 171 | 15 |
| Iowa | 1,948 | 1,817 | 62 | 70 | Z |
| Kansas | 1,767 | 1,701 | 16 | 50 | Z |
| Kentucky | 1,892 | 1,654 | 90 | 138 | 10 |
| Louisiana | 2,356 | 1,796 | 199 | 161 | 200 |
| Maine | 789 | 717 | 6 | 60 | 7 |
| Maryland | 3,371 | 2,325 | 684 | 192 | 169 |
| Massachusetts | 4,885 | 2,384 | 1,874 | 559 | 67 |
| Michigan | 4,768 | 3,727 | 587 | 454 | Z |
| Minnesota | 3,401 | 2,912 | 174 | 276 | 38 |
| Mississippi | 1,415 | 1,313 | 15 | 54 | 33 |
| Missouri | 3,322 | 2,449 | 465 | 407 | 2 |
| Montana | 714 | 649 | 13 | 52 | Z |
| Nebraska | 1,169 | 1,044 | 16 | 109 | Z |
| Nevada | 2,173 | 1,561 | 177 | 435 | Z |
| New Hampshire | 584 | 541 | 15 | 28 | 1 |
| New Jersey | 5,598 | 3,218 | 2,330 | 22 | 27 |
| New Mexico | 1,119 | 978 | 81 | 60 | <0.5 |
| New York | 24,308 | 8,859 | 13,565 | 1,528 | 356 |
| North Carolina | 4,479 | 3,581 | 504 | 338 | 56 |
| North Dakota | 596 | 524 | 6 | 66 | Z |
| Ohio | 5,591 | 4,443 | 632 | 498 | 18 |
| Oklahoma | 1,594 | 1,335 | 96 | 159 | 5 |
| Oregon | 2,454 | 1,680 | 479 | 183 | 112 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,083 | 5,838 | 1,810 | 418 | 16 |
| Rhode Island | 541 | 377 | 110 | 48 | 5 |
| South Carolina | 1,931 | 1,671 | 35 | 115 | 110 |
| South Dakota | 673 | 642 | 7 | 25 | Z |
| Tennessee | 2,283 | 1,915 | 151 | 214 | 2 |
| Texas | 13,472 | 9,935 | 1,385 | 1,900 | 251 |
| Utah | 1,275 | 938 | 186 | 151 | Z |
| Vermont | 425 | 369 | 34 | 22 | <0.5 |
| Virginia | 4,390 | 3,001 | 335 | 755 | 299 |
| Washington | 5,883 | 2,812 | 1,909 | 734 | 429 |
| West Virginia | 1,137 | 1,049 | 52 | 35 | 1 |
| Wisconsin | 3,628 | 3,075 | 312 | 235 | 7 |
| Wyoming | 579 | 523 | 2 | 55 | Z |
| United States, total | 192,144 | 125,303 | 44,515 | 18,412 | 3,913 |

${ }^{1}$ State fiscal years ending in 2005.
KEY: Z = Data not available, no activity, value of zero, or value too small to report.

NOTES: Data include transportation expenditures for state and local governments, while the data reported in the last year's edition of the report were for state governments only. Data are for Fiscal Year 2005. The fiscal year for most states runs from July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005. Fiscal Year 2005 for Alabama, the District of Columbia, and Michigan runs from October 1, 2004 to September 30, 2005. Fiscal Year 2005 for Texas runs from September 1, 2004 to August 31, 2005. The fiscal year for New York runs from April 1, 2004 to March 31, 2005.

Any agency that does not have a fiscal year that coincides with that of the state has the entirety of its expenditures count toward the state fiscal year within which the agency's fiscal year ends. For example, if an airport authority's fiscal year ends November 30, 2005, the data would be reported for the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, and not the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2005.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, State and Local Government Finances, available at http://www.census.gov/govs/www/estimate.html as of Jan. 8, 2008.

Table 6-9: Transportation Revenues Collected by State and Local Governments: $2005^{1}$ (Millions of current dollars)

| State | Total | Highway | Transit | Air | Water |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 1,032 | 867 | 7 | 71 | 87 |
| Alaska | 329 | 174 | 5 | 107 | 43 |
| Arizona | 1,264 | 923 | 39 | 302 | Z |
| Arkansas | 699 | 659 | 2 | 37 | 1 |
| California | 11,534 | 7,046 | 1,603 | 1,799 | 1,087 |
| Colorado | 1,647 | 981 | 74 | 591 | Z |
| Connecticut | 839 | 769 | 36 | 33 | 1 |
| Delaware | 393 | 349 | 10 | 6 | 28 |
| District of Columbia | 732 | 69 | 663 | Z | Z |
| Florida | 7,149 | 5,195 | 208 | 1,403 | 343 |
| Georgia | 2,058 | 1,290 | 114 | 506 | 149 |
| Hawaii | 722 | 368 | 44 | 228 | 81 |
| Idaho | 393 | 360 | 1 | 30 | 1 |
| Illinois | 5,479 | 3,993 | 740 | 729 | 17 |
| Indiana | 1,499 | 1,343 | 29 | 121 | 6 |
| Iowa | 943 | 878 | 16 | 49 | <0.5 |
| Kansas | 737 | 705 | 3 | 29 | Z |
| Kentucky | 936 | 746 | 15 | 159 | 16 |
| Louisiana | 1,046 | 779 | 43 | 119 | 105 |
| Maine | 472 | 442 | 1 | 27 | 2 |
| Maryland | 2,047 | 1,691 | 126 | 135 | 95 |
| Massachusetts | 2,442 | 1,496 | 459 | 423 | 64 |
| Michigan | 2,641 | 2,198 | 59 | 384 | <0.5 |
| Minnesota | 1,648 | 1,322 | 11 | 275 | 39 |
| Mississippi | 653 | 581 | 2 | 29 | 42 |
| Missouri | 1,389 | 1,079 | 50 | 257 | 2 |
| Montana | 411 | 384 | 1 | 26 | Z |
| Nebraska | 513 | 441 | 6 | 66 | Z |
| Nevada | 1,015 | 663 | 49 | 304 | Z |
| New Hampshire | 361 | 315 | 4 | 42 | Z |
| New Jersey | 2,830 | 2,164 | 631 | 13 | 22 |
| New Mexico | 476 | 403 | 4 | 68 | Z |
| New York | 10,382 | 4,184 | 4,050 | 1,987 | 161 |
| North Carolina | 2,285 | 1,967 | 35 | 248 | 35 |
| North Dakota | 197 | 183 | 1 | 13 | Z |
| Ohio | 3,296 | 2,881 | 98 | 296 | 20 |
| Oklahoma | 1,293 | 1,202 | 5 | 82 | 4 |
| Oregon | 1,323 | 941 | 97 | 207 | 78 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,509 | 3,544 | 459 | 498 | 8 |
| Rhode Island | 289 | 201 | 28 | 60 | <0.5 |
| South Carolina | 969 | 737 | 13 | 80 | 138 |
| South Dakota | 213 | 202 | 1 | 10 | Z |
| Tennessee | 1,548 | 1,284 | 27 | 234 | 3 |
| Texas | 6,697 | 5,278 | 151 | 1,052 | 217 |
| Utah | 708 | 507 | 18 | 183 | Z |
| Vermont | 173 | 157 | 3 | 13 | Z |
| Virginia | 2,533 | 1,641 | 71 | 598 | 224 |
| Washington | 2,424 | 1,543 | 206 | 410 | 265 |
| West Virginia | 511 | 489 | 5 | 17 | Z |
| Wisconsin | 1,613 | 1,445 | 60 | 103 | 6 |
| Wyoming | 158 | 145 | <0.5 | 13 | Z |
| United States, total | 97,449 | 69,203 | 10,383 | 14,471 | 3,393 |

${ }^{1}$ State fiscal years ending in 2005.
KEY: Z = Data not available, no activity, value of zero, or value too small to report.
NOTES: Data include transportation revenues collected by state and local governments, while the data reported in the last year's edition of the report were for state governments only. Data are for Fiscal Year 2005. The fiscal year for most states runs from July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005. Fiscal Year 2005 for Alabama, the District of Columbia, and Michigan runs from October 1, 2004 to September 30, 2005. Fiscal Year 2005 for Texas runs from September 1, 2004 to August 31, 2005. The fiscal year for New York runs from April 1, 2004 to March 31, 2005.

Any agency that does not have a fiscal year that coincides with that of the state has the entirety of its revenues count toward the state fiscal year within which the agency's fiscal year ends. For example, if an airport authority's fiscal year ends November 30, 2005, the data would be reported for the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, and not the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2005.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, State and Local Government Finances, available at http://www.census.gov/govs/www/estimate.html as of Jan. 8, 2008.

Table 6-10: Federal and State Funding of Public Transit: 1995, 2000, and 2006 (Thousands of dollars)

| State | 1995 |  | 2000 |  | 2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Federal | State | Federal | State | Federal | State |
| Alabama | 16,903 | 0 | 49,115 | 0 | 56,248 | 0 |
| Alaska | 4,841 | 0 | 40,379 | 0 | 76,787 | 80,830 |
| Arizona | 41,261 | 445 | 14,710 | 329 | 174,611 | 18,042 |
| Arkansas | 8,489 | 332 | 48,283 | 0 | 25,820 | 3,278 |
| California | 649,602 | 340,162 | 803,946 | 1,344,779 | 1,151,009 | 2,208,814 |
| Colorado | 29,281 | 0 | 88,173 | 0 | 165,878 | 21,800 |
| Connecticut | 72,347 | 113,241 | 97,121 | 163,266 | 147,583 | 225,605 |
| Delaware | 11,594 | NR | 11,082 | 35,685 | 17,422 | 67,180 |
| District of Columbia | 170,047 | 123,051 | 81,883 | NR | 142,721 | 212,147 |
| Florida | 149,531 | 89,511 | 200,817 | 92,724 | 305,040 | 176,392 |
| Georgia | 83,001 | 1,893 | 142,250 | 306,393 | 142,697 | 4,696 |
| Hawaii | 22,001 | 0 | 35,239 | 0 | 40,034 | 0 |
| Idaho | 4,026 | 0 | 5,083 | 136 | 18,302 | 312 |
| Illinois | 294,583 | 264,993 | 360,528 | 467,622 | 541,924 | 489,200 |
| Indiana | 37,209 | NR | 62,918 | 29,201 | 88,309 | 40,214 |
| lowa | 21,847 | 7,465 | 26,917 | 10,411 | 35,032 | 10,843 |
| Kansas | 10,963 | 1,000 | 20,871 | 6,000 | 29,150 | 6,000 |
| Kentucky | 19,135 | 612 | 31,125 | NR | 40,508 | 1,700 |
| Louisiana | 48,047 | NR | 42,132 | NR | 61,186 | 4,963 |
| Maine | 7,318 | 392 | 5,557 | 420 | 12,569 | 505 |
| Maryland | 198,965 | 349,848 | 123,984 | 273,844 | 177,850 | 811,485 |
| Massachusetts | 166,755 | 531,896 | 246,496 | 771,356 | 284,245 | 1,217,791 |
| Michigan | 85,840 | 124,401 | 100,549 | 187,198 | 150,843 | 200,984 |
| Minnesota | 39,476 | 47,989 | 106,819 | 80,289 | 81,909 | 295,853 |
| Mississippi | 8,142 | 0 | 14,674 | 115 | 21,190 | 1,600 |
| Missouri | 53,018 | 1,495 | 107,250 | 17,029 | 95,877 | 6,800 |
| Montana | 3,221 | 75 | 4,655 | 75 | 16,812 | 741 |
| Nebraska | 8,824 | 1,530 | 11,223 | 1,539 | 19,910 | 1,500 |
| Nevada | 18,357 | 438 | 28,973 | NR | 44,668 | 92 |
| New Hampshire | 4,268 | 12 | 9,588 | 0 | 10,548 | 588 |
| New Jersey | 331,863 | 458,704 | 383,154 | 509,237 | 548,424 | 847,052 |
| New Mexico | 12,427 | NR | 29,447 | 0 | 25,234 | 35,650 |
| New York | 787,777 | 1,356,600 | 844,552 | 1,926,571 | 1,435,646 | 2,573,088 |
| North Carolina | 43,670 | 22,138 | 55,260 | 38,247 | 165,773 | 66,466 |
| North Dakota | 2,908 | 761 | 4,615 | 1,666 | 10,059 | 2,204 |
| Ohio | 118,314 | 29,233 | 132,460 | 42,348 | 189,299 | 16,300 |
| Oklahoma | 12,593 | 951 | 20,283 | 3,530 | 28,683 | 3,088 |
| Oregon | 127,700 | 44,689 | 52,339 | 15,553 | 96,967 | 35,984 |
| Pennsylvania | 262,502 | 628,400 | 297,215 | 731,800 | 400,821 | 822,826 |
| Rhode Island | 16,335 | 19,121 | 15,620 | 36,822 | 36,216 | 47,183 |
| South Carolina | 13,172 | 4,140 | 29,053 | 4,234 | 34,814 | 7,400 |
| South Dakota | 3,776 | 300 | 4,747 | 397 | 15,683 | 750 |
| Tennessee | 37,005 | 12,458 | 38,010 | 22,291 | 76,794 | 38,050 |
| Texas | 195,306 | 17,200 | 296,983 | 27,945 | 335,848 | 28,741 |
| Utah | 25,773 | 140 | 80,951 | 0 | 59,629 | 0 |
| Vermont | 3,325 | 861 | 7,900 | NR | 7,786 | 5,747 |
| Virginia | 45,222 | 78,248 | 104,761 | 163,959 | 151,489 | 267,556 |
| Washington | 76,207 | 6,435 | 149,745 | 84,456 | 245,636 | 38,095 |
| West Virginia | 9,377 | 1,538 | 29,774 | 1,395 | 24,694 | 2,258 |
| Wisconsin | 54,764 | 77,321 | 65,748 | 100,448 | 69,308 | 113,412 |
| Wyoming | 1,835 | 977 | 2,308 | NR | 7,048 | 2,388 |
| United States, total | 4,470,747 | 4,760,995 | 5,567,261 | 7,499,314 | 8,142,534 | 11,064,191 |

KEY: NR = not reported.
SOURCE: American Public Transportation Association, personal communication, Jan. 8, 2008.

Table 6-11: Average Motor Gasoline Prices Excluding Taxes, All Grades: 2004-2006 (Cents per gallon excluding taxes)

| State | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 137.5 | 180.4 | 207.1 |
| Alaska | 170.4 | 210.9 | 239.9 |
| Arizona | 156.2 | 194.5 | 218.2 |
| Arkansas | 134.8 | 175.7 | 203.1 |
| California | 164.5 | 197.6 | 228.2 |
| Colorado | 143.9 | 185.9 | 215.0 |
| Connecticut | 147.2 | 185.0 | 220.0 |
| Delaware | 141.9 | 180.9 | 215.1 |
| District of Columbia | 143.4 | 182.1 | 218.6 |
| Florida | 140.0 | 182.0 | 210.9 |
| Georgia | 138.9 | 183.4 | 208.9 |
| Hawaii | 167.3 | 211.6 | 252.5 |
| Idaho | 145.0 | 186.5 | 214.8 |
| Illinois | 143.3 | 181.7 | 211.9 |
| Indiana | 138.5 | 177.0 | 205.2 |
| Iowa | 136.2 | 176.2 | 206.9 |
| Kansas | 136.0 | 175.1 | 203.6 |
| Kentucky | 140.4 | 181.7 | 209.0 |
| Louisiana | 135.4 | 179.8 | 208.7 |
| Maine | 146.6 | 184.7 | 214.6 |
| Maryland | 141.6 | 183.2 | 216.1 |
| Massachusetts | 146.2 | 184.7 | 216.3 |
| Michigan | 140.7 | 181.3 | 209.5 |
| Minnesota | (R) 143.1 | 179.1 | 211.4 |
| Mississippi | 139.4 | 181.5 | 209.7 |
| Missouri | 136.6 | 178.8 | 204.9 |
| Montana | 141.8 | 182.0 | 209.5 |
| Nebraska | 137.7 | 178.5 | 209.2 |
| Nevada | 163.6 | 195.1 | 223.2 |
| New Hampshire | 146.4 | 184.3 | 217.0 |
| New Jersey | 148.1 | 186.8 | 218.8 |
| New Mexico | 142.9 | 189.9 | 220.7 |
| New York | 145.5 | 182.4 | 214.3 |
| North Carolina | 136.5 | 179.8 | 205.0 |
| North Dakota | 145.7 | 184.8 | 213.5 |
| Ohio | 138.4 | 177.0 | 204.5 |
| Oklahoma | 132.9 | 175.6 | 204.3 |
| Oregon | 151.9 | 190.9 | 222.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 138.1 | 176.8 | 208.3 |
| Rhode Island | 142.6 | 179.9 | 214.5 |
| South Carolina | 138.9 | 181.1 | 206.6 |
| South Dakota | 142.6 | 183.8 | 214.3 |
| Tennessee | 136.4 | 179.0 | 205.7 |
| Texas | 133.9 | 176.8 | 207.8 |
| Utah | 142.7 | 180.7 | 209.5 |
| Vermont | 150.6 | 189.4 | 219.6 |
| Virginia | 138.6 | 181.2 | 210.7 |
| Washington | 149.8 | 189.5 | 220.1 |
| West Virginia | 141.9 | 183.0 | 211.6 |
| Wisconsin | 142.0 | 181.9 | 211.9 |
| Wyoming | 144.5 | 189.3 | 218.0 |
| United States, total | 142.3 | 182.8 | 212.1 |

KEY: $\mathrm{R}=$ revised.
NOTE: Data includes sales to end users through retail outlets as well as all direct sales to end users that were not made through company-operated retail outlets (e.g., sales to agricultural customers, commercial sales, and industrial sales).

SOURCE: Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, Gasoline Prices by Formulation, Grade, Sales Type, Washington, DC, available at http://tonto.eia.doe.gov/dnav/pet/pet_pri_allmg_a_EPMO_PTA_cpgal_a.htm as of Nov. 9, 2007.

Table 6-12: State Motor-Fuel Tax Rates: 2006
(Cents per gallon)

| State | Gasoline | Diesel | Liquefied petroleum gas | Gasohol ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 18.00 | 19.00 | 17.00 | 18.00 |
| Alaska | 8.00 | 8.00 | 0.00 | 8.00 |
| Arizona | 18.00 | 26.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 |
| Arkansas | 21.70 | 22.70 | 16.50 | 21.70 |
| California | 18.00 | 18.00 | 6.00 | 18.00 |
| Colorado | 22.00 | 20.50 | 20.50 | 22.00 |
| Connecticut | 25.00 | 26.00 | 0.00 | 25.00 |
| Delaware | 23.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 23.00 |
| District of Columbia | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Florida | 15.30 | 15.30 | 14.50 | 15.30 |
| Georgia | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 |
| Hawaii | 16.00 | 16.00 | 8.10 | 16.00 |
| Idaho | 25.00 | 25.00 | 18.10 | 22.50 |
| Illinois | 19.00 | 21.50 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| Indiana | 18.00 | 16.00 | 0.00 | 18.00 |
| lowa | 21.00 | 22.50 | 20.00 | 19.00 |
| Kansas | 24.00 | 26.00 | 23.00 | 24.00 |
| Kentucky | 19.70 | 16.70 | 19.70 | 19.70 |
| Louisiana | 20.00 | 20.00 | 16.00 | 20.00 |
| Maine | 26.80 | 27.90 | 0.00 | 17.80 |
| Maryland | 23.50 | 24.25 | 24.25 | 23.50 |
| Massachusetts | 21.00 | 21.00 | 23.90 | 21.00 |
| Michigan | 19.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 0.00 |
| Minnesota | 20.00 | 20.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 |
| Mississippi | 18.40 | 18.40 | 17.00 | 18.40 |
| Missouri | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Montana | 27.75 | 27.75 | 0.00 | 27.75 |
| Nebraska | 27.10 | 27.10 | 26.10 | 27.10 |
| Nevada | 24.80 | 27.70 | 22.00 | 24.80 |
| New Hampshire | 19.50 | 19.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| New Jersey | 10.50 | 13.50 | 5.25 | 10.50 |
| New Mexico | 18.88 | 22.88 | 12.00 | 18.88 |
| New York | 24.65 | 22.85 | 8.05 | 0.00 |
| North Carolina | 30.15 | 30.15 | 27.10 | 30.15 |
| North Dakota | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 |
| Ohio | 28.00 | 28.00 | 28.00 | 28.00 |
| Oklahoma | 17.00 | 14.00 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Oregon | 24.00 | 24.00 | 18.50 | 24.00 |
| Pennsylvania | 30.00 | 38.10 | 22.80 | 31.20 |
| Rhode Island | 30.00 | 30.00 | 30.00 | 30.00 |
| South Carolina | 16.00 | 16.00 | 0.00 | 16.00 |
| South Dakota | 22.00 | 22.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| Tennessee | 21.40 | 18.40 | 14.00 | 20.00 |
| Texas | 20.00 | 20.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 |
| Utah | 24.50 | 24.50 | 24.50 | 24.50 |
| Vermont | 20.00 | 26.00 | 0.00 | 20.00 |
| Virginia | 17.50 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 17.50 |
| Washington | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 |
| West Virginia | 31.50 | 31.50 | 27.00 | 31.50 |
| Wisconsin | 30.90 | 30.90 | 22.60 | 30.90 |
| Wyoming | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 | 14.00 |
| Federal tax | 18.40 | 24.40 | 13.60 | 13.20 |

${ }^{1}$ Tax rates for gasoline blended with 10 percent ethanol.
NOTES: Tax rates in effect as of January 1. The following states have tax rates changed as of January 1, 2007: gasoline: Florida, and New York; diesel: Florida, New York, and West Virginia; liquefied petroleum gas: Massachusetts; gasohol: Florida and West Virginia. The tax rates for Nebraska for diesel and gasohol are effective as of July 1, 2007.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, Table MF-121T.

## Section G <br> **

Energy and Environment

Table 7-1: Transportation Energy Consumption by Energy Source: 2004 (Trillion Btu)

| State | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Natural } \\ \text { gas }^{1} \end{array}$ | Petroleum |  |  |  |  |  | Ethanol ${ }^{4}$ | Electricity |  | Electrical system energy losses ${ }^{5}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Distillate fuel <br> (diesel) | Jet fuel | Motor gasoline ${ }^{2}$ | Residual fuel | Other ${ }^{3}$ | Total petroleum |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Net } \\ \text { energy } \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Alabama | 16.7 | 134.8 | 14.5 | 317.0 | 8.0 | 3.7 | 478.0 | 2.6 | S | 494.7 | S | 494.7 |
| Alaska | 3.9 | 50.1 | 175.5 | 35.1 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 262.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 266.0 | 0.0 | 266.0 |
| Arizona | 17.0 | 110.3 | 46.8 | 333.8 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 494.0 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 511.0 | 0.0 | 511.0 |
| Arkansas | 8.0 | 100.1 | 4.1 | 173.5 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 280.9 | 0.0 | S | 288.9 | S | 288.9 |
| California | 16.9 | 453.0 | 597.7 | 1,929.9 | 174.6 | 19.2 | 3,174.5 | 73.7 | 2.5 | 3,194.0 | 5.6 | 3,199.6 |
| Colorado | 10.8 | 75.6 | 70.0 | 257.5 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 406.2 | 6.9 | 0.1 | 417.1 | 0.1 | 417.2 |
| Connecticut | 3.6 | 41.2 | 13.5 | 223.1 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 279.7 | 13.0 | 0.6 | 283.9 | 1.4 | 285.4 |
| Delaware | 0.1 | 9.3 | 0.9 | 51.8 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 68.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 69.1 | 0.0 | 69.1 |
| Dist. of Columbia | 0.6 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 17.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 22.9 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 24.5 | 2.3 | 26.8 |
| Florida | 11.1 | 249.1 | 165.8 | 1,035.4 | 80.2 | 7.3 | 1,537.8 | S | 0.3 | 1,549.3 | 0.7 | 1,550.0 |
| Georgia | 7.3 | 222.5 | 52.0 | 614.7 | 24.0 | 5.0 | 918.2 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 926.1 | 1.4 | 927.5 |
| Hawaii | 0.0 | 31.2 | 75.5 | 55.1 | 9.4 | 0.6 | 171.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 171.7 | 0.0 | 171.7 |
| Idaho | 6.0 | 36.0 | 4.7 | 74.3 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 116.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 122.4 | 0.0 | 122.4 |
| Illinois | 11.6 | 217.5 | 122.2 | 637.6 | 0.1 | 9.7 | 987.1 | 34.5 | 1.5 | 1,000.2 | 3.4 | 1,003.6 |
| Indiana | 7.6 | 185.8 | 48.5 | 393.1 | 1.0 | 4.8 | 633.3 | 11.5 | 0.1 | 640.9 | 0.1 | 641.0 |
| Iowa | 10.3 | 86.6 | 5.2 | 191.6 | 0.0 | 3.4 | 286.8 | 9.6 | S | 297.1 | S | 297.1 |
| Kansas | 36.2 | 64.4 | 17.6 | 158.8 | S | 4.0 | 244.8 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 281.0 | 0.0 | 281.0 |
| Kentucky | 10.5 | 143.5 | 51.3 | 276.5 | S | 3.5 | 474.8 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 485.3 | 0.0 | 485.3 |
| Louisiana | 47.0 | 159.7 | 203.2 | 275.2 | 68.4 | 4.4 | 710.9 | 4.1 | 0.1 | 758.0 | 0.1 | 758.1 |
| Maine | 0.7 | 26.6 | 6.2 | 87.1 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 120.9 | 0.0 | S | 121.7 | S | 121.7 |
| Maryland | 2.8 | 78.2 | 17.8 | 326.2 | 7.8 | 2.2 | 432.2 | S | 1.6 | 436.7 | 3.7 | 440.3 |
| Massachusetts | 2.0 | 68.3 | 46.7 | 350.5 | S | 3.1 | 468.5 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 471.9 | 3.1 | 475.0 |
| Michigan | 27.1 | 139.8 | 21.2 | 607.4 | 1.6 | 9.7 | 779.6 | 13.6 | S | 806.8 | S | 806.8 |
| Minnesota | 20.6 | 100.9 | 70.9 | 330.4 | 1.9 | 5.2 | 509.1 | 22.7 | S | 529.7 | 0.1 | 529.8 |
| Mississippi | 22.9 | 97.3 | 34.7 | 196.9 | 10.6 | 2.5 | 341.8 | 0.0 | S | 364.8 | S | 364.8 |
| Missouri | 3.5 | 157.2 | 22.7 | 388.8 | 0.1 | 6.0 | 574.8 | 8.2 | S | 578.3 | 0.1 | 578.3 |
| Montana | 8.3 | 36.3 | 5.7 | 58.5 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 102.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 110.2 | 0.0 | 110.2 |
| Nebraska | 4.0 | 61.7 | 5.2 | 100.8 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 170.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 174.1 | 0.0 | 174.1 |
| Nevada | 2.8 | 46.9 | 44.9 | 132.8 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 225.6 | 3.7 | 0.0 | 228.4 | 0.0 | 228.4 |
| New Hampshire | S | 16.3 | 5.1 | 87.1 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 109.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 109.2 | 0.0 | 109.2 |
| New Jersey | 2.0 | 139.2 | 142.0 | 534.5 | 77.5 | 4.7 | 897.9 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 900.8 | 2.2 | 903.0 |
| New Mexico | 28.2 | 66.5 | 12.9 | 116.9 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 198.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 226.3 | 0.0 | 226.3 |
| New York | 8.7 | 209.2 | 109.4 | 704.3 | 36.6 | 7.1 | 1,066.6 | 24.9 | 9.0 | 1,084.4 | 20.1 | 1,104.5 |
| North Carolina | 5.2 | 162.9 | 30.6 | 531.8 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 732.3 | 8.0 | 0.0 | 737.6 | 0.0 | 737.6 |
| North Dakota | 14.2 | 29.3 | 6.2 | 41.1 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 77.9 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 92.1 | 0.0 | 92.1 |
| Ohio | 13.8 | 251.4 | 105.7 | 635.8 | S | 9.0 | 1,001.9 | 15.7 | 0.2 | 1,015.9 | 0.4 | 1,016.3 |
| Oklahoma | 32.5 | 109.4 | 39.1 | 226.9 | 0.0 | 5.1 | 380.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 413.1 | 0.0 | 413.1 |
| Oregon | 10.2 | 82.6 | 29.3 | 186.4 | 10.8 | 3.7 | 312.9 | 2.4 | 0.2 | 323.3 | 0.4 | 323.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 31.3 | 213.8 | 92.9 | 639.0 | 25.2 | 8.1 | 979.0 | 7.6 | 2.8 | 1,013.0 | 6.3 | 1,019.3 |
| Rhode Island | 0.4 | 8.7 | 5.9 | 46.9 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 61.9 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 62.3 | 0.0 | 62.3 |
| South Carolina | 2.5 | 106.4 | 9.4 | 316.0 | 12.5 | 2.1 | 446.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 448.9 | 0.0 | 448.9 |
| South Dakota | 6.4 | 25.1 | 4.4 | 49.8 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 80.4 | 2.0 | 0.0 | 86.7 | 0.0 | 86.7 |
| Tennessee | 11.0 | 164.6 | 77.2 | 373.9 | 0.3 | 4.7 | 620.7 | 0.0 | S | 631.7 | S | 631.7 |
| Texas | 57.5 | 591.3 | 503.6 | 1,405.5 | 127.5 | 14.7 | 2,642.6 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 2,700.4 | 0.6 | 2,701.0 |
| Utah | 9.5 | 55.5 | 40.5 | 125.8 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 223.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 233.0 | 0.2 | 233.2 |
| Vermont | S | 8.7 | 1.8 | 42.6 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 53.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 53.5 | 0.0 | 53.5 |
| Virginia | 6.0 | 169.1 | 95.0 | 484.8 | 11.5 | 3.7 | 764.0 | 7.3 | 0.6 | 770.6 | 1.2 | 771.8 |
| Washington | 9.2 | 113.1 | 109.0 | 328.3 | 41.0 | 4.1 | 595.4 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 604.7 | 0.3 | 605.1 |
| West Virginia | 22.4 | 52.6 | 1.4 | 103.8 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 159.3 | 1.6 | S | 181.7 | S | 181.8 |
| Wisconsin | 3.6 | 105.7 | 15.0 | 309.6 | S | 4.0 | 434.3 | 8.9 | S | 437.9 | S | 437.9 |
| Wyoming | 13.1 | 61.3 | 1.4 | 37.5 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 102.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 115.3 | 0.0 | 115.3 |
| United States, total | 607.7 | 5,932.2 | 3,382.5 | 16,958.6 | 739.5 | 201.3 | 27,214.2 | 299.3 | 24.2 | 27,846.1 | 53.9 | 27,900.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes supplemental gaseous fuels. Transportation use of natural gas is consumed in the operation of pipelines, primarily in compressors, or consumed as vehicle fuel.
${ }^{2}$ Includes ethanol blended into motor gasoline.
${ }^{3}$ "Other" is the sum of aviation gasoline, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), and lubricants.
${ }^{4}$ Ethanol blended into motor gasoline is included in motor gasoline, but is also shown separately to display the use of renewable energy by the transportation sector. It is counted only once in the total.
${ }^{5}$ Incurred in the generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity plus plant use and unaccounted for electrical system energy losses.
KEY: Btu = British thermal unit; $\mathrm{S}=$ less than 0.05 trillion Btu.
NOTE: Totals may not equal sum of components due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data 2004 Consumption, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/_seds.html as of Nov. 30, 2007.

Table 7-2: Energy Consumption by End-Use Sector: 2004 (Trillion Btu)

| State | Total energy consumed ${ }^{1}$ | End-use sectors ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Transportation |  | Residential |  | Commercial |  | Industrial ${ }^{1}$ |  |
|  |  | Btu | Percent | Btu | Percent | Btu | Percent | Btu | Percent |
| Alabama | 2,159.7 | 494.7 | 22.9 | 393.7 | 18.2 | 270.2 | 12.5 | 1,001.1 | 46.4 |
| Alaska | 779.1 | 266.0 | 34.1 | 56.4 | 7.2 | 63.4 | 8.1 | 393.4 | 50.5 |
| Arizona | 1,436.6 | 511.0 | 35.6 | 368.5 | 25.7 | 326.0 | 22.7 | 231.2 | 16.1 |
| Arkansas | 1,135.9 | 288.9 | 25.4 | 218.3 | 19.2 | 154.7 | 13.6 | 473.9 | 41.7 |
| California | 8,364.6 | 3,199.6 | 38.3 | 1,556.1 | 18.6 | 1,556.3 | 18.6 | 2,052.7 | 24.5 |
| Colorado | 1,383.9 | 417.2 | 30.1 | 308.0 | 22.3 | 285.3 | 20.6 | 373.4 | 27.0 |
| Connecticut | 923.8 | 285.4 | 30.9 | 304.0 | 32.9 | 211.2 | 22.9 | 123.3 | 13.3 |
| Delaware | 304.8 | 69.1 | 22.7 | 69.3 | 22.7 | 57.1 | 18.7 | 109.4 | 35.9 |
| District of Columbia | 190.3 | 26.8 | 14.1 | 38.0 | 20.0 | 121.2 | 63.7 | 4.2 | 2.2 |
| Florida | 4,452.5 | 1,550.0 | 34.8 | 1,306.7 | 29.3 | 1,041.6 | 23.4 | 554.1 | 12.4 |
| Georgia | 3,141.1 | 927.5 | 29.5 | 719.7 | 22.9 | 534.3 | 17.0 | 959.6 | 30.5 |
| Hawaii | 323.5 | 171.7 | 53.1 | 35.4 | 10.9 | 47.2 | 14.6 | 69.1 | 21.4 |
| Idaho | 499.8 | 122.4 | 24.5 | 109.7 | 21.9 | 77.9 | 15.6 | 189.8 | 38.0 |
| Illinois | 3,960.5 | 1,003.6 | 25.3 | 958.2 | 24.2 | 746.2 | 18.8 | 1,252.5 | 31.6 |
| Indiana | 2,945.7 | 641.0 | 21.8 | 531.5 | 18.0 | 373.0 | 12.7 | 1,400.2 | 47.5 |
| lowa | 1,205.8 | 297.1 | 24.6 | 230.4 | 19.1 | 182.3 | 15.1 | 496.0 | 41.1 |
| Kansas | 1,103.5 | 281.0 | 25.5 | 217.4 | 19.7 | 196.9 | 17.8 | 408.2 | 37.0 |
| Kentucky | 1,956.4 | 485.3 | 24.8 | 353.7 | 18.1 | 254.7 | 13.0 | 862.7 | 44.1 |
| Louisiana | 3,816.3 | 758.1 | 19.9 | 369.3 | 9.7 | 285.9 | 7.5 | 2,403.1 | 63.0 |
| Maine | 480.3 | 121.7 | 25.3 | 123.4 | 25.7 | 81.4 | 16.9 | 153.8 | 32.0 |
| Maryland | 1,526.6 | 440.3 | 28.8 | 437.1 | 28.6 | 281.2 | 18.4 | 367.9 | 24.1 |
| Massachusetts | 1,542.9 | 475.0 | 30.8 | 467.8 | 30.3 | 395.0 | 25.6 | 205.1 | 13.3 |
| Michigan | 3,119.4 | 806.8 | 25.9 | 799.2 | 25.6 | 628.9 | 20.2 | 884.5 | 28.4 |
| Minnesota | 1,826.3 | 529.8 | 29.0 | 401.8 | 22.0 | 335.4 | 18.4 | 559.3 | 30.6 |
| Mississippi | 1,214.3 | 364.8 | 30.0 | 230.3 | 19.0 | 167.4 | 13.8 | 451.9 | 37.2 |
| Missouri | 1,849.3 | 578.3 | 31.3 | 489.4 | 26.5 | 391.1 | 21.1 | 390.4 | 21.1 |
| Montana | 402.9 | 110.2 | 27.4 | 73.8 | 18.3 | 66.2 | 16.4 | 152.8 | 37.9 |
| Nebraska | 651.9 | 174.1 | 26.7 | 144.3 | 22.1 | 127.9 | 19.6 | 205.6 | 31.5 |
| Nevada | 693.7 | 228.4 | 32.9 | 158.6 | 22.9 | 120.7 | 17.4 | 186.0 | 26.8 |
| New Hampshire | 340.7 | 109.2 | 32.1 | 99.6 | 29.2 | 75.6 | 22.2 | 56.2 | 16.5 |
| New Jersey | 2,630.2 | 903.0 | 34.3 | 625.7 | 23.8 | 617.3 | 23.5 | 484.2 | 18.4 |
| New Mexico | 682.3 | 226.3 | 33.2 | 106.8 | 15.7 | 121.4 | 17.8 | 227.8 | 33.4 |
| New York | 4,254.0 | 1,104.5 | 26.0 | 1,215.3 | 28.6 | 1,399.4 | 32.9 | 534.9 | 12.6 |
| North Carolina | 2,715.6 | 737.6 | 27.2 | 701.9 | 25.8 | 553.6 | 20.4 | 722.6 | 26.6 |
| North Dakota | 402.3 | 92.1 | 22.9 | 62.9 | 15.6 | 59.3 | 14.7 | 188.0 | 46.7 |
| Ohio | 4,022.8 | 1,016.3 | 25.3 | 941.7 | 23.4 | 705.2 | 17.5 | 1,359.7 | 33.8 |
| Oklahoma | 1,485.9 | 413.1 | 27.8 | 288.7 | 19.4 | 230.1 | 15.5 | 554.1 | 37.3 |
| Oregon | 1,093.6 | 323.7 | 29.6 | 261.3 | 23.9 | 207.4 | 19.0 | 301.1 | 27.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,049.4 | 1,019.3 | 25.2 | 995.0 | 24.6 | 706.8 | 17.5 | 1,328.4 | 32.8 |
| Rhode Island | 226.4 | 62.3 | 27.5 | 79.1 | 34.9 | 58.8 | 26.0 | 26.3 | 11.6 |
| South Carolina | 1,717.5 | 448.9 | 26.1 | 353.9 | 20.6 | 251.6 | 14.6 | 663.0 | 38.6 |
| South Dakota | 263.6 | 86.7 | 32.9 | 60.6 | 23.0 | 52.9 | 20.1 | 63.3 | 24.0 |
| Tennessee | 2,297.7 | 631.7 | 27.5 | 511.7 | 22.3 | 378.3 | 16.5 | 776.0 | 33.8 |
| Texas | 11,971.4 | 2,701.0 | 22.6 | 1,555.0 | 13.0 | 1,314.9 | 11.0 | 6,400.4 | 53.5 |
| Utah | 740.2 | 233.2 | 31.5 | 150.2 | 20.3 | 144.4 | 19.5 | 212.3 | 28.7 |
| Vermont | 169.3 | 53.5 | 31.6 | 51.4 | 30.4 | 32.9 | 19.4 | 31.5 | 18.6 |
| Virginia | 2,558.2 | 771.8 | 30.2 | 617.4 | 24.1 | 578.4 | 22.6 | 590.6 | 23.1 |
| Washington | 2,004.8 | 605.1 | 30.2 | 469.2 | 23.4 | 371.3 | 18.5 | 559.2 | 27.9 |
| West Virginia | 821.3 | 181.8 | 22.1 | 164.8 | 20.1 | 113.4 | 13.8 | 361.4 | 44.0 |
| Wisconsin | 1,847.7 | 437.9 | 23.7 | 419.3 | 22.7 | 314.7 | 17.0 | 675.7 | 36.6 |
| Wyoming | 454.4 | 115.3 | 25.4 | 41.1 | 9.0 | 52.6 | 11.6 | 245.4 | 54.0 |
| United States | 100,278.6 | 27,900.0 | 27.8 | 21,242.6 | 21.2 | 17,720.9 | 17.7 | 33,415.0 | 33.3 |

${ }^{1}$ U.S. total energy and U.S. industrial sector include 137.8 trillion Btu of net imports of coal coke that is not allocated to the states.
${ }^{2}$ End-use sector data include electricity sales and associated electrical system energy losses.
KEY: Btu = British thermal unit.
NOTE: Totals may not equal sum of components due to rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data 2004 Consumption, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/_seds.html as of Nov. 30, 2007.

Table 7-3: Transportation Energy Consumption per Capita: 2004

| State | Population (thousands) | Petroleum |  | All energy sources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total (trillion Btu) | Per capita ${ }^{1}$ (million Btu) | Total (trillion Btu) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per capita }^{1} \\ \text { (million Btu) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabama | 4,517.4 | 478.0 | 105.8 | 494.7 | 109.5 |
| Alaska | 656.8 | 262.2 | 399.2 | 266.0 | 405.0 |
| Arizona | 5,745.7 | 494.0 | 86.0 | 511.0 | 88.9 |
| Arkansas | 2,746.8 | 280.9 | 102.3 | 288.9 | 105.2 |
| California | 35,841.3 | 3,174.5 | 88.6 | 3,199.6 | 89.3 |
| Colorado | 4,598.5 | 406.2 | 88.3 | 417.2 | 90.7 |
| Connecticut | 3,493.9 | 279.7 | 80.1 | 285.4 | 81.7 |
| Delaware | 828.8 | 68.9 | 83.1 | 69.1 | 83.4 |
| District of Columbia | 579.7 | 22.9 | 39.5 | 26.8 | 46.2 |
| Florida | 17,366.6 | 1,537.8 | 88.5 | 1,550.0 | 89.3 |
| Georgia | 8,935.2 | 918.2 | 102.8 | 927.5 | 103.8 |
| Hawaii | 1,259.3 | 171.7 | 136.3 | 171.7 | 136.3 |
| Idaho | 1,394.5 | 116.4 | 83.5 | 122.4 | 87.8 |
| Illinois | 12,713.5 | 987.1 | 77.6 | 1,003.6 | 78.9 |
| Indiana | 6,223.3 | 633.3 | 101.8 | 641.0 | 103.0 |
| Iowa | 2,953.7 | 286.8 | 97.1 | 297.1 | 100.6 |
| Kansas | 2,738.4 | 244.8 | 89.4 | 281.0 | 102.6 |
| Kentucky | 4,140.4 | 474.8 | 114.7 | 485.3 | 117.2 |
| Louisiana | 4,495.7 | 710.9 | 158.1 | 758.1 | 168.6 |
| Maine | 1,313.9 | 120.9 | 92.0 | 121.7 | 92.6 |
| Maryland | 5,553.2 | 432.2 | 77.8 | 440.3 | 79.3 |
| Massachusetts | 6,436.0 | 468.5 | 72.8 | 475.0 | 73.8 |
| Michigan | 10,093.4 | 779.6 | 77.2 | 806.8 | 79.9 |
| Minnesota | 5,094.3 | 509.1 | 99.9 | 529.8 | 104.0 |
| Mississippi | 2,892.7 | 341.8 | 118.2 | 364.8 | 126.1 |
| Missouri | 5,752.9 | 574.8 | 99.9 | 578.3 | 100.5 |
| Montana | 926.3 | 102.0 | 110.1 | 110.2 | 119.0 |
| Nebraska | 1,747.0 | 170.0 | 97.3 | 174.1 | 99.7 |
| Nevada | 2,332.5 | 225.6 | 96.7 | 228.4 | 97.9 |
| New Hampshire | 1,298.0 | 109.2 | 84.1 | 109.2 | 84.1 |
| New Jersey | 8,675.9 | 897.9 | 103.5 | 903.0 | 104.1 |
| New Mexico | 1,900.6 | 198.2 | 104.3 | 226.3 | 119.1 |
| New York | 19,291.5 | 1,066.6 | 55.3 | 1,104.5 | 57.3 |
| North Carolina | 8,531.0 | 732.3 | 85.8 | 737.6 | 86.5 |
| North Dakota | 635.8 | 77.9 | 122.5 | 92.1 | 144.8 |
| Ohio | 11,461.3 | 1,001.9 | 87.4 | 1,016.3 | 88.7 |
| Oklahoma | 3,522.8 | 380.5 | 108.0 | 413.1 | 117.3 |
| Oregon | 3,589.2 | 312.9 | 87.2 | 323.7 | 90.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 12,377.4 | 979.0 | 79.1 | 1,019.3 | 82.4 |
| Rhode Island | 1,078.9 | 61.9 | 57.4 | 62.3 | 57.7 |
| South Carolina | 4,194.7 | 446.4 | 106.4 | 448.9 | 107.0 |
| South Dakota | 770.2 | 80.4 | 104.4 | 86.7 | 112.6 |
| Tennessee | 5,885.6 | 620.7 | 105.5 | 631.7 | 107.3 |
| Texas | 22,517.9 | 2,642.6 | 117.4 | 2,701.0 | 119.9 |
| Utah | 2,421.5 | 223.5 | 92.3 | 233.2 | 96.3 |
| Vermont | 620.8 | 53.5 | 86.2 | 53.5 | 86.2 |
| Virginia | 7,472.4 | 764.0 | 102.2 | 771.8 | 103.3 |
| Washington | 6,205.5 | 595.4 | 95.9 | 605.1 | 97.5 |
| West Virginia | 1,810.9 | 159.3 | 88.0 | 181.8 | 100.4 |
| Wisconsin | 5,498.8 | 434.3 | 79.0 | 437.9 | 79.6 |
| Wyoming | 505.5 | 102.2 | 202.2 | 115.3 | 228.1 |
| United States | 293,638.2 | 27,214.2 | 92.7 | 27,900.0 | 95.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Calculated by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Research and Innovative Technology Administration.
KEY: Btu = British thermal unit.
NOTE: Totals may not equal sum of components due to rounding.
SOURCES: U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau, National Population Estimates, available at http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-ann-est.html as of Dec. 7, 2007; U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, State Energy Data 2004 Consumption, Washington, DC: 2007, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/_states.html as of Nov. 30, 2007.

Table 7-4: Motor-Fuel Use: $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}^{1}$
(Millions of gallons)

| State | Gasoline |  |  |  | Special fuel (mainly diesel) Private and commercial | Total use |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Highway use |  | Nonhighway use |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Private and commercial | Public use | Private and commercial | Public use |  | Private and commercial | Public use | Combined total |
| Alabama | 2,499 | 39 | 87 | 2 | 824 | 3,411 | 40 | 3,451 |
| Alaska | 254 | 9 | 30 | <0.5 | 237 | 521 | 9 | 531 |
| Arizona | 2,756 | 37 | 76 | 2 | 886 | 3,718 | 39 | 3,757 |
| Arkansas | 1,322 | 26 | 84 | 1 | 651 | 2,057 | 28 | 2,084 |
| California | 15,291 | 219 | 324 | 11 | 3,046 | 18,661 | 229 | 18,891 |
| Colorado | 2,030 | 36 | 75 | 2 | 582 | 2,687 | 38 | 2,725 |
| Connecticut | 1,487 | 30 | 46 | 1 | 303 | 1,836 | 31 | 1,866 |
| Delaware | 427 | 6 | 21 | <0.5 | 70 | 518 | 6 | 525 |
| District of Columbia | 115 | 9 | 8 | <0.5 | 20 | 143 | 9 | 152 |
| Florida | 8,244 | 125 | 319 | 5 | 1,795 | 10,358 | 130 | 10,488 |
| Georgia | 4,766 | 61 | 152 | 3 | 1,567 | 6,485 | 64 | 6,549 |
| Hawaii | 458 | 10 | 10 | <0.5 | 54 | 522 | 11 | 532 |
| Idaho | 594 | 13 | 43 | 1 | 264 | 901 | 14 | 915 |
| Illinois | 4,918 | 93 | 166 | 5 | 1,536 | 6,619 | 98 | 6,717 |
| Indiana | 3,047 | 51 | 89 | 2 | 1,359 | 4,495 | 53 | 4,548 |
| Iowa | 1,498 | 31 | 142 | 2 | 606 | 2,245 | 32 | 2,277 |
| Kansas | 1,213 | 28 | 73 | 1 | 435 | 1,721 | 30 | 1,751 |
| Kentucky | 2,073 | 36 | 117 | 2 | 889 | 3,079 | 38 | 3,118 |
| Louisiana | 2,490 | 37 | 96 | 2 | 785 | 3,371 | 39 | 3,410 |
| Maine | 672 | 10 | 21 | 1 | 188 | 882 | 11 | 893 |
| Maryland | 2,613 | 30 | 73 | 1 | 563 | 3,249 | 31 | 3,280 |
| Massachusetts | 2,726 | 37 | 61 | 2 | 396 | 3,184 | 39 | 3,223 |
| Michigan | 4,629 | 70 | 178 | 3 | 933 | 5,739 | 73 | 5,812 |
| Minnesota | 2,458 | 47 | 158 | 2 | 676 | 3,292 | 49 | 3,340 |
| Mississippi | 1,536 | 37 | 86 | 1 | 643 | 2,266 | 39 | 2,305 |
| Missouri | 3,009 | 49 | 129 | 2 | 1,077 | 4,216 | 51 | 4,267 |
| Montana | 450 | 11 | 37 | 1 | 260 | 747 | 11 | 758 |
| Nebraska | 751 | 19 | 66 | 1 | 412 | 1,229 | 20 | 1,249 |
| Nevada | 1,119 | 15 | 38 | 1 | 399 | 1,557 | 15 | 1,572 |
| New Hampshire | 676 | 10 | 31 | <0.5 | 102 | 809 | 10 | 820 |
| New Jersey | 4,137 | 47 | 94 | 3 | 968 | 5,200 | 49 | 5,249 |
| New Mexico | 912 | 17 | 37 | 1 | 521 | 1,469 | 18 | 1,487 |
| New York | 5,495 | 108 | 175 | 5 | 1,374 | 7,044 | 113 | 7,157 |
| North Carolina | 4,103 | 108 | 187 | 3 | 1,123 | 5,412 | 111 | 5,524 |
| North Dakota | 308 | 9 | 34 | <0.5 | 170 | 512 | 10 | 522 |
| Ohio | 4,885 | 85 | 178 | 4 | 1,602 | 6,665 | 89 | 6,754 |
| Oklahoma | 1,675 | 34 | 107 | 2 | 781 | 2,562 | 35 | 2,598 |
| Oregon | 1,483 | 27 | 67 | 1 | 547 | 2,096 | 28 | 2,125 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,869 | 77 | 128 | 4 | 1,603 | 6,599 | 81 | 6,681 |
| Rhode Island | 388 | 8 | 11 | <0.5 | 58 | 457 | 9 | 466 |
| South Carolina | 2,436 | 30 | 89 | 1 | 707 | 3,232 | 31 | 3,264 |
| South Dakota | 372 | 11 | 41 | <0.5 | 192 | 605 | 11 | 616 |
| Tennessee | 2,962 | 47 | 87 | 2 | 1,041 | 4,090 | 49 | 4,138 |
| Texas | 11,313 | 160 | 329 | 8 | 4,054 | 15,696 | 168 | 15,864 |
| Utah | 990 | 21 | 39 | 1 | 503 | 1,533 | 22 | 1,554 |
| Vermont | 328 | 6 | 14 | <0.5 | 66 | 408 | 6 | 414 |
| Virginia | 3,850 | 54 | 105 | 3 | 1,104 | 5,059 | 57 | 5,116 |
| Washington | 2,587 | 39 | 94 | 2 | 705 | 3,386 | 41 | 3,428 |
| West Virginia | 798 | 17 | 25 | 1 | 295 | 1,118 | 18 | 1,136 |
| Wisconsin | 2,339 | 46 | 116 | 2 | 761 | 3,215 | 48 | 3,263 |
| Wyoming | 297 | 7 | 53 | <0.5 | 360 | 710 | 7 | 717 |
| United States | 132,649 | 2,187 | 4,845 | 102 | 40,094 | 177,588 | 2,288 | 179,877 |

${ }^{1}$ Based on reports from state motor-fuel tax agencies. Gasohol is included with gasoline. Public use and nonhighway use were estimated by the Federal Highway Administration.

NOTE: The term "motor fuel" applies to gasoline and all other fuels, including special fuels, coming under the purview of the state motor-fuel tax laws. "Special fuels" include diesel fuel and, to the extent they can be quantified, liquefied petroleum gases such as propane. Gasohol, a blend of gasoline and fuel alcohol, is included with gasoline.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, table MF-21.

Table 7-5: Alternative-Fueled Vehicles in Use by Fuel Type: 2005 (Number of vehicles)

| State | Fuel Type |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Liquefied petroleum gases | Natural gas | Ethanol | Electricity | Hydrogen |  |
| Alabama | 2,698 | 1,105 | 4,996 | 761 | U | 9,560 |
| Alaska | 100 | 595 | 1,281 | 34 | U | 2,010 |
| Arizona ${ }^{1}$ | 4,341 | 8,837 | 4,206 | 1,517 | U | 18,904 |
| Arkansas | 1,517 | 179 | 1,236 | 0 | U | 2,932 |
| California | 14,459 | 32,355 | 21,224 | 25,892 | U | 93,930 |
| Colorado | 3,127 | 1,608 | 5,934 | 171 | U | 10,840 |
| Connecticut | 225 | 2,424 | 3,073 | 78 | U | 5,800 |
| Delaware | 145 | 204 | 1,757 | 25 | U | 2,131 |
| District of Columbia | 924 | 1,143 | 2,282 | 153 | U | 4,502 |
| Florida | 6,351 | 3,188 | 14,587 | 874 | U | 25,000 |
| Georgia | 7,151 | 2,453 | 5,635 | 1,833 | U | 17,072 |
| Hawaii | 587 | 11 | 2,096 | 53 | U | 2,747 |
| Idaho | 721 | 528 | 1,822 | 0 | U | 3,071 |
| Illinois | 2,565 | 3,265 | 11,040 | 184 | U | 17,054 |
| Indiana | 2,049 | 2,522 | 2,547 | 128 | U | 7,246 |
| Iowa | 1,046 | 32 | 3,595 | 37 | U | 4,710 |
| Kansas | 1,065 | 280 | 2,643 | 0 | U | 3,988 |
| Kentucky | 1,088 | 486 | 4,419 | 0 | U | 5,993 |
| Louisiana | 1,131 | 572 | 2,733 | 0 | U | 4,436 |
| Maine | 230 | 2 | 692 | 0 | U | 924 |
| Maryland | 504 | 2,403 | 7,344 | 244 | $\cup$ | 10,495 |
| Massachusetts | 833 | 2,458 | 2,345 | 3,478 | $\cup$ | 9,114 |
| Michigan | 3,095 | 488 | 8,408 | 2,888 | U | 14,879 |
| Minnesota | 3,301 | 211 | 5,683 | 0 | U | 9,195 |
| Mississippi | 3,360 | 86 | 1,521 | 100 | U | 5,067 |
| Missouri | 4,227 | 315 | 5,554 | 0 | U | 10,096 |
| Montana | 665 | 81 | 1,254 | 0 | U | 2,000 |
| Nebraska | 318 | 325 | 1,974 | 0 | U | 2,617 |
| Nevada | 4,629 | 3,386 | 2,834 | 5 | U | 10,854 |
| New Hampshire | 284 | 62 | 463 | 28 | U | 837 |
| New Jersey | 2,767 | 5,067 | 5,877 | 605 | U | 14,316 |
| New Mexico | 2,318 | 1,198 | 5,377 | 21 | U | 8,914 |
| New York | 1,397 | 11,054 | 7,583 | 10,286 | U | 30,320 |
| North Carolina | 4,350 | 540 | 14,703 | 223 | U | 19,816 |
| North Dakota | 374 | 46 | 1,101 | 0 | U | 1,521 |
| Ohio | 2,785 | 1,529 | 6,711 | 156 | U | 11,181 |
| Oklahoma | 7,173 | 2,849 | 2,354 | 25 | U | 12,401 |
| Oregon | 1,162 | 1,588 | 3,558 | 412 | $\cup$ | 6,720 |
| Pennsylvania | 975 | 2,647 | 8,272 | 0 | U | 11,894 |
| Rhode Island | 101 | 1,460 | 865 | 45 | U | 2,471 |
| South Carolina | 1,592 | 140 | 7,283 | 226 | U | 9,241 |
| South Dakota | 112 | 2 | 925 | 0 | U | 1,039 |
| Tennessee | 787 | 424 | 6,330 | 262 | U | 7,803 |
| Texas | 67,456 | 11,877 | 12,257 | 0 | U | 91,590 |
| Utah | 333 | 2,680 | 3,001 | 0 | U | 6,014 |
| Vermont | 239 | 9 | 451 | 206 | U | 905 |
| Virginia | 2,098 | 2,281 | 6,810 | 77 | U | 11,266 |
| Washington | 1,277 | 1,704 | 8,962 | 274 | U | 12,217 |
| West Virginia | 307 | 86 | 1,148 | 26 | U | 1,567 |
| Wisconsin | 2,914 | 1,007 | 5,114 | 0 | U | 9,035 |
| Wyoming | 350 | 406 | 727 | 49 | $\cup$ | 1,532 |
| State Unknown | 192 | 249 | 1,776 | 22 | 119 | 2,358 |
| United States, total | 173,795 | 120,447 | 246,363 | 51,398 | 119 | 592,125 |

${ }^{1}$ The total for Arizona includes 3 vehicles not classified elsewhere.
NOTES: "Natural gas" includes vehicles using compressed natural gas (CNG) and liquefied natural gas (LNG). "Ethanol" excludes vehicles used by private individuals because most of those vehicles are believed to be in use as traditional gasolinepowered vehicles. This table does not include data on gasoline-electric hybrids. The estimated number of methanol M100 and M85, and 95-percent ethanol vehicles in use is zero for 2005.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels, Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels 2005 , table V3, available at http://www.eia.doe.gov/fuelrenewable.html as of Dec. 7, 2007.

Table 7-6: Top 10 States for New Registrations of Gasoline-Electric Hybrid Automobiles: 2006

| State | Rank | Registrations |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| California | 1 | 67,533 |
| Florida | 2 | 12,900 |
| Texas | 3 | 12,550 |
| New York | 4 | 11,634 |
| Virginia | 5 | 10,424 |
| Illinois | 6 | 9,495 |
| Washington | 7 | 8,650 |
| Pennsylvania | 8 | 8,407 |
| Massachusetts | 9 | 7,365 |
| New Jersey | 10 | 7,021 |
| Top 10 states, total |  | 155,979 |
| United States, total |  | 254,545 |
| Top 10 states as percent of U.S. total | 61.3 |  |

SOURCE: Based on R. L. Polk \& Co., Hybrid Vehicle Registration Growth-Rate Slows In 2006 , press release $2 / 26 / 07$, available at http://usa.polk.com/news/latestnews/2007_0226_hybrid_growth_rate.htm as of Dec. 7, 2007.

Table 7-7: Air Pollution in the 50 Largest Metropolitan Areas: 2000-2006 (Number of days with AQI values greater than 100)

| Metropolitan area | AQI days > 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2000{ }^{\text {R }}$ | $2001{ }^{\text {R }}$ | $2002{ }^{\text {R }}$ | $2003{ }^{\text {R }}$ | $2004{ }^{\text {R }}$ | $2005{ }^{\text {R }}$ | 2006 |
| Atlanta, GA | 39 | 24 | 20 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 18 |
| Austin-San Marcos, TX | 6 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Baltimore, MD | 23 | 33 | 42 | 20 | 16 | 25 | 20 |
| Bergen-Passaic, NJ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Boston, MA-NH | 0 | 3 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC | 22 | 13 | 27 | 4 | 5 | 11 | 8 |
| Chicago, IL | 13 | 33 | 20 | 10 | 9 | 23 | 5 |
| Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN | 15 | 16 | 30 | 10 | 4 | 13 | 2 |
| Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH | 21 | 27 | 30 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 6 |
| Columbus, OH | 12 | 14 | 21 | 9 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
| Dallas, TX | 20 | 14 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 13 |
| Denver, CO | 2 | 8 | 7 | 17 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Detroit, MI | 15 | 31 | 26 | 19 | 5 | 24 | 6 |
| Fort Lauderdale, FL | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Fort Worth-Arlington, TX | 17 | 17 | 23 | 25 | 11 | 22 | 19 |
| Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC | 14 | 11 | 24 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Houston, TX | 42 | 28 | 21 | 31 | 22 | 28 | 18 |
| Indianapolis, IN | 8 | 13 | 24 | 11 | 1 | 17 | 2 |
| Kansas City, MO-KS | 10 | 4 | 7 | 11 | 0 | 9 | 11 |
| Las Vegas, NV-AZ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA | 63 | 81 | 81 | 88 | 65 | 43 | 34 |
| Miami, FL | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Milwaukee-Waukesha, WI | 5 | 20 | 10 | 9 | 6 | 16 | 4 |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI | 6 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Nashville, TN | 20 | 7 | 16 | 7 | 1 | 10 | 6 |
| Nassau-Suffolk, NY | 5 | 5 | 14 | 7 | 3 | 10 | 5 |
| New Orleans, LA | 20 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| New York, NY | 19 | 19 | 27 | 11 | 6 | 15 | 11 |
| Newark, NJ | 12 | 18 | 29 | 11 | 7 | 11 | 13 |
| Norfolk-VA Beach-Newport News, VA-NC | 5 | 7 | 15 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Oakland, CA | 10 | 11 | 21 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 10 |
| Orange County, CA | 5 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 5 |
| Orlando, FL | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 |
| Philadelphia, PA-NJ | 21 | 34 | 35 | 19 | 9 | 21 | 18 |
| Phoenix-Mesa, AZ | 14 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 1 | 6 | 7 |
| Pittsburgh, PA | 32 | 50 | 50 | 37 | 39 | 48 | 36 |
| Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA | 6 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Providence-Fall River-Warwick, RI-MA | 5 | 14 | 13 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 2 |
| Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC | 8 | 4 | 18 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino, CA | 144 | 153 | 146 | 138 | 116 | 103 | 97 |
| Sacramento, CA | 41 | 47 | 57 | 36 | 26 | 39 | 43 |
| St. Louis, MO-IL | 20 | 20 | 33 | 13 | 2 | 27 | 12 |
| Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT | 19 | 25 | 27 | 10 | 37 | 24 | 11 |
| San Antonio, TX | 0 | 0 | 17 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| San Diego, CA | 31 | 30 | 20 | 20 | 16 | 7 | 15 |
| San Francisco, CA | 4 | 12 | 17 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
| San Jose, CA | 20 | 12 | 9 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 5 |
| Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA | 8 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
| Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL | 8 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
| Washington, DC-MD-VA-WV | 20 | 27 | 33 | 12 | 10 | 18 | 18 |

KEY: AQI = Air Quality Index, R = revised
NOTES: The Air Quality Index (AQI) integrates information on 6 major pollutants (particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter, particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in diameter, sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, ozone, and nitrogen dioxide) across an entire monitoring network into a single number that represents the worst daily air quality experienced in an urban area. An AQI greater than 100 indicates that at least 1 criteria pollutant exceeded air quality standards on a given day; therefore, air quality would be in the unhealthful range on that day. Metropolitan area rank is based on populations and geographic definitions for 2000.
The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency reports data for metropolitan areas as they were defined in 2000.

SOURCE: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air and Radiation, Air Trends, available at http://www.epa.gov/air/airtrends/index.html as of Dec. 7, 2007.

## Section H -••

 Information on Data Sources
## Airline freight and passenger data

The U.S. Department of Transportation's (USDOT's), Research and Innovative Technology Administration (RITA), Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) collects and compiles data on the volume of revenue passengers, freight, and mail traffic handled and reported by the nation's large certificated air carriers. These carriers hold Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN) issued by the USDOT authorizing the performance of air transportation. Large certificated air carriers operate aircraft with seating capacity of more than 60 seats or a maximum payload capacity of more than 18,000 pounds or conduct international operations. Data for commuters, intrastate, nonscheduled air taxi operators, and foreign flag air carriers are not included.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation

Statistics, Office of Airline Information
Internet: http://www.bts.gov

## Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) provides data on the movement of freight by type of commodity shipped and by mode of transport. In 2002, 50,000 domestic establishments were randomly selected from a universe of approximately 750,000 engaged in mining, manufacturing, wholesale, warehousing of multiestablishment companies, and some selected activities in retail and service. The survey excluded establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail. For the 2002 CFS, each selected establishment reported, on average, about 25 of its outbound shipments for a 1-week period in each of 4 calendar quarters in 2002. This produced a total sample of over 2.4 million shipments. Due to industry-wide reporting problems, shipments by oil and gas extraction establishments were excluded from data tabulations.

For each sampled 2002 CFS shipment, zip code of origin and destination, 5 -digit Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) code, weight, value, and modes of transport were provided. Information on whether the shipment was a hazardous material or an export was also obtained. Routedistance for each mode, for each shipment, was imputed from a Mode-Distance Table developed by Oak Ridge National Laboratory. Distance was used to compute ton-mileage by mode of transport. The 2002 CFS also provides nationwide geographic coverage and in-state and selected substate areas.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation Statistics
Print source: USDOT, RITA, Bureau of Transporta tion Statistics and U.S. Department of Commerce (USDOC), U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Commodity Flow Survey (Washington, DC: 2004).

## Internet: http://www.bts.gov and

http://www.census.gov

## Commuting data

Commuting data are from the American Community Survey (ACS), a nationwide survey designed to replace the long form in the decennial census. Instead of collecting data every 10 years, the data collection will occur continuously. The testing of the ACS began in 1996. The ACS will have an annual sample of three million housing units and will provide estimates of demographic, housing, social, and economic characteristics every year for states, cities, counties, metropolitan areas, and other geographic areas. Data products based on 12-month periods are already available for geographic areas of 65,000 and greater population. Data products based on 36-month periods will be available starting in 2008 for geographic areas of 20,000 and greater population. Data products based on 60 -month periods will be available starting in 2010 for all geographic areas. Once the data products based on sample periods of more than 12 months are released for the first time, they will be released annually thereafter.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau
Internet: http://www.census.gov

## Gas and hazardous liquid pipeline data

Fatality and injury data for natural gas pipelines and hazardous liquid pipelines are based on reports filed with the USDOT, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety under 49 CFR 191 and 49 CFR 195. Accidents must be reported as soon as possible, but no later than 30 days after discovery. Undetected releases are a possible source of error; even if subsequently detected and reported, it may not be possible to accurately reconstruct the accident. Property damage figures are estimates.

Gas pipeline incidents involve: 1) releases of gas from a pipeline or liquefied natural gas (LNG) or gas from an LNG facility that results in a) death or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization, or b) estimated property damage, including cost of gas lost, of the operator or others, or both, of \$50,000 or more; 2 ) an event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility; or 3) an event that is significant, in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of 1 ) or 2 ).

For hazardous liquid pipelines, an accident report is required for each failure in a pipeline system in which there is a release of the hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide transported resulting in any of the following: 1) explosion or fire not intentionally set by the operator; 2) loss of 5 or more gallons of hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide; 3) escape to the atmosphere of more than 5 barrels ( 0.8 cubic meters) a day of highly volatile liquids; 4) death of any person; 5) bodily harm to any person resulting in one or more of the following: a) loss of consciousness, b) an individual being carried from the scene, c) medical treatment, or d) disability that prevents the discharge of normal duties or the pursuit of normal activities beyond the day of the accident; or 6 ) estimated property damage, including cost of clean-up and recovery, value of lost product, and damage to the property of the operator or others, or both, exceeding $\$ 50,000$.

# Additional information: 

Contact: USDOT, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Pipeline Safety

Internet: http://ops.dot.gov

## Government transportation revenue and expenditure data

The U.S. Department of Commerce, U.S. Census Bureau conducts an Annual Survey of Government Finances. Alternatively, every 5 years, in years ending in a ' 2 ' or ' 7 ', a Census of Governments, including a finance portion, is conducted. The survey coverage includes all state and local governments in the United States. For both the census and annual survey, the finance detail data encompass revenue, expenditure, debt, and assets. These data are the primary source of state and local government data used by BTS to produce Government Transportation Financial Statistics.
The data collection for the annual survey by the U.S. Census Bureau uses two methods: mail canvas and central collection from state sources. Data for local governments include counties, municipal, townships, special districts, and school districts. Data for state governments are compiled from state government audits, budgets, and other financial reports into the classification categories used for reporting by the Census Bureau.

Reporting of government finances by the Census Bureau involves presentation of data in uniform categories. While often similar to, or identical to, the classification used by the state or local government, there could be instances in which a significant difference exists between the name used by a state for a financial item and the final category to which it is assigned by the Census Bureau.

Like financial transactions are combined. The financial categories for revenue involve grouping of items by source. Revenue items of the same kind are merged. Financial transactions for expenditures are classified both by function and by object category. Debt items are classified by term (short and long term), as well as by type of debt and, to a limited extent, by purpose. Assets also are put into uniform categories, grouped by type of holding, with holdings
for insurance trust systems grouped separately from general government.

The share of government sector financial totals contributed by a state government or by local governments differs materially from one state to another. Users can review the Government Finance and Employment Classification Manual for additional information regarding the financial categories. The financial amounts in the tables and files are statistical in nature and do not represent accounting statements or conditions.

The local government statistics are developed from a sample survey. Therefore, the local totals, as well as state and local aggregates, are considered estimated amounts subject to sampling error. State government finance data are not subject to sampling. Consequently, state-local aggregates for individual states are more reliable (on a relative standard error basis) than the local government estimates they include.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, Finance Branch; or USDOT, RITA Bureau of Transportation Statistics.

Internet: http://www.census.gov and
http://www.bts.gov

## Hazardous materials incidents data

Incidents resulting in certain unintentional releases of hazardous materials must be reported under 49 CFR 171.16. Each carrier must submit a report to the USDOT, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) within 30 days of the incident, including information on the mode of transportation involved, results of the incident, and a narrative description of the accident. These reports are generally made available on PHMSA’s incident database within 90 days of receipt.

Fatalities and injuries are counted only if directly caused by a hazardous material. For example, a truck operator killed by impact forces during a motor vehicle crash would not be counted as a hazardous-
material fatality. PHMSA contacts the submitting carrier by telephone to verify all reported fatalities.

Although PHMSA acknowledges there is some level of underreporting, it believes the underreporting is mostly limited to small, nonserious incidents. The reporting requirements were extended to intrastate highway carriers on October 1, 1998. Property damage figures are estimates determined by the carrier prior to the 30-day reporting deadline and are generally not subsequently updated. Property damage figures, therefore, may underestimate actual damages.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Planning and Analysis

Internet: http://hazmat.dot.gov

## Highway mileage, condition, usage, driver license, and highway vehicle registration data

Data on roadway mileage, condition, and use are extracted from the Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS), which uses a stratified simple random sample of highway links (small sections of roadway) selected from state inventory files. The HPMS sample was designed as a fixed sample to minimize data-collection costs, but adjustments to maintain adequate representation are carried out periodically. The HPMS also consists of universe reporting (a complete census) for the Interstate and the National Highway System, and tabular summary reporting of limited information.

Data are collected independently by the states, metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs), and other local jurisdictions. Many of the geometric data items (e.g., number of lanes) change slowly, while other data items (e.g., traffic volumes) are more dynamic over time. The U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) provides guidelines for data collection in the HPMS Field Manual, which the states follow to varying extents, depending on factors such as staff, resources, state perspective, uses of the data, and state/MPO/local
needs for the data. State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) report HPMS data annually to FHWA.

HPMS data are subject to sampling and nonsampling error. Nonsampling error is the major concern with these data. For some of the most variable and important data items, such as traffic, guidelines for measurement and data collection have been produced. States have the option of using the guidelines or using their own procedures. Many data items are difficult and costly to collect and are reported as estimates not based on direct measurement. The data are collected and reported by many entities within the responsible organizations.

States provide vehicle registration data to FHWA. Vehicle registration data are shown on a calendar year basis. Efforts are made to exclude transfers, reregistrations, and any other factors that could result in duplication in the vehicle counts. Registration practices for commercial vehicles differ greatly among the states. Some states register a tractor-semitrailer combination as a single unit; others register the tractor and the semitrailer separately. Some states register buses with trucks or automobiles, while many states do not report house and light utility trailers separately from commercial trailers or semitrailers. Some states do not require registration of car or light utility trailers. In some instances, FHWA has supplemented the data supplied by the states with information obtained from other sources.

States also provide driver licensing data to FHWA. Although efforts are made to minimize license duplication, drivers who move from one state to another are sometimes counted in both states until the license from the previous state of residence expires. Problems with the data also arise because: 1) some individuals obtain their drivers licenses in states other than those of legal residence; 2) some individuals fraudulently obtain multiple licenses; 3) not all individuals who drive are licensed; and 4) the purging of expired licenses or licenses from deceased individuals is not performed on a continual basis.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Highway Policy Information

Print source: USDOT, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics (Washington, DC: Annual issues).

Internet:http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policy/ohpi

## Highway safety data

Fatalities: Highway fatality data are extracted from the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS), which is compiled by USDOT National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA). Data are gathered from a census of police accident reports (PARs), state vehicle registration files, state drivers licensing files, state highway department data, vital statistics, death certificates, coroner/medical examiner reports, hospital medical reports, and emergency medical service reports. A separate form is completed for each fatal crash. Blood alcohol concentration (BAC) is estimated when not known. Statistical procedures used for unknown data in the FARS can be found in the NHTSA report, A Method for Estimating Posterior BAC Distributions for Persons Involved in Fatal Traffic Accidents, DOT HS 807094 (Washington, DC: July 1986).

Data are collected from relevant state agencies and electronically submitted for inclusion in the FARs database on a continuous basis. Cross-verification of PARs with death certificates helps prevent undercounting. Moreover, when data are entered, they are checked automatically for acceptable range values and consistency, enabling quick corrections when necessary. Several programs continually monitor the data for completeness and accuracy. Periodically, sample cases are analyzed for accuracy and consistency.
FARS data do not include motor vehicle fatalities on nonpublic roads. These are thought to account for about 2 percent or fewer of the total motor vehicle fatalities per year.

Injuries and crashes: NHTSA's General Estimates System (GES) data are a nationally representative sample of police-reported crashes that contributed to an injury or fatality or resulted in property damage and involved at least one motor vehicle traveling on a trafficway. GES data collectors randomly sample PARs and forward copies to a central contractor for coding into a standard GES system format. Docu-
ments such as police diagrams or supporting text provided by the officers might be further reviewed to complete a data entry.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, National Center for Statistics and Analysis

Print source: USDOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Traffic Safety Facts (Washington, DC: Annual issues).

Internet: http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov

## International visitors data

Data on international visitors to the United States are based on international arrivals by air to the United States (excluding those from Canada and Mexico). Information is derived from the Immigration and Naturalization Service's (INS's) Visitor Arrivals Program (I-94) and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Tourism Industries Office's Survey of International Air Travelers. The survey obtains data on overseas travel patterns, characteristics, and spending patterns of international travelers to and from the United States. Between 69,000 and 95,000 travelers are surveyed each year. The survey results are weighted so that they represent the international travel populations of U.S. residents and nonresidents based on Immigration and Naturalization Service data.

## Additional information:

Contact: U.S. Department of Commerce (USDOC), International Trade Administration, Tourism Industries Office

Print source: USDOC, International Trade Admin istration, Office of Travel and Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. States and Territo ries (Washington, DC: Annual issues); and USDOC, International Trade Administration, Office of Travel and Tourism Industries, Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. Cities/Hawaiian Islands (Washington, DC: Annual issues).

Internet: http://tinet.ita.doc.gov

## Passenger border-crossing data

U.S. Customs and Border Protection personnel collect passenger border-crossing entry data for all U.S. land, air, and maritime ports. These numbers reflect all entries, and it is not possible to divide these data into separate entries for same-day and overnight travel or by country of residence for the traveler. Additionally, for border-crossing figures, the total number of people is not the number of unique individuals, but rather indicates the number of border crossings. Multiple crossings by the same individual count as multiple border crossings.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Internet: http://www.bts.gov

## Railroad industry and shipments data

The Association of American Railroads (AAR) database aggregates data from several sources and covers the freight railroad industry and movement of freight, both nationally and statewide. The state-level data include commerce, employment, and financial contributions.

The primary source of data for Class I railroads is Schedule 702 of the R-1 Annual Report to the Surface Transportation Board (STB) by individual carriers (100 percent reporting) and the Carload Waybill Sample. The primary source of data for non-Class I railroads is AAR's Profiles of U.S. Railroads from statistics supplied annually by nearly all operating U.S. freight railroads. Some of the data are estimated based on more aggregated, national figures.

The STB defines Class I railroads as having operating revenues at or above $\$ 277.7$ million in 2003. Declassification from Class I status occurs when a railroad falls below the applicable threshold for three consecutive years. Although few in number, Class I railroads account for over 90 percent of the industry's revenue.

As defined by the Surface Transportation Board in 2003, a Class I Railroad is a railroad with operating
revenues of at least $\$ 277.7$ million. AAR determines the number of non-Class I railroads through an annual survey sent to each U.S. freight railroad.
Historical reliability may vary due to changes in the railroad industry, including bankruptcies, mergers, and declassification by STB. Small data errors may also have occurred because of independent rounding in this series by AAR.

## Additional information:

Contact: AAR, Policy and Economics Department
Internet: http://www.aar.org

## Railroad safety data

Railroads are required to file a report for each accident or incident to the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA). These include: 1) train accidents, reported on Form F 6180.54, comprised of collisions, derailments, and other events involving the operation of on-track equipment and causing reportable damage above an established threshold ( $\$ 6,700$ in 2004); 2) highway-rail grade crossing incidents, reported on Form F 6180.57, involving an impact between railroad on-track equipment and highway users at crossings; and 3) other incidents, reported on Form F 6180.55a, involving all other reportable incidents or exposures that cause a fatality or injury to any person or an occupational illness to a railroad employee.
Railroads are required by FRA regulations to use the current FRA Guide for Preparing Accident/Incident Reports when preparing reports.
The Systems Support Division of FRA maintains the Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS), consisting of four databases: rail equipment, injury/illness, grade-crossing accidents, and railroad summary (freight and passenger). These databases include information on all railroad accidents, grade-crossing accidents, railroad employee casualties, and any other injuries on railroad property, and provide the basis for accident analyses and assessment as well as annual reports. The databases are updated monthly from information submitted by the railroads.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Safety
Print publication: USDOT, Federal Railroad Admin istration, Railroad Safety Statistics (Washington, DC: Annual issues).

Internet: http://www.fra.dot.gov

## Recreational boating safety and registration data

The U.S. Coast Guard, of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, collects data on recreational boating accidents from two sources: 1) Boating Accident Report (BAR) data forwarded to the Coast Guard by jurisdictions with an approved boat numbering and casualty reporting system, and 2 ) reports of Coast Guard investigations of fatal boating accidents that occurred on waters under federal jurisdiction. Recreational Boating Accident Investigation data are used if submitted to the Coast Guard and are relied on as much as possible to provide accident statistics. In the absence of investigations, information is collected from reports filed by boat operators.

Boat operators are required to file a BAR if an accident results in 1) loss of life, 2) personal injury that requires medical treatment beyond first aid, 3) damage to the vessel and other property exceeding $\$ 2,000$, or complete loss of the vessel, or 4) disappearance of a person from the vessel under circumstances that indicate death or injury.
Boat operators are required to report their accidents to authorities in the state where the accident occurred. States with approved boat numbering systems furnish the Coast Guard with BAR data. The minimum reporting requirements are set by federal regulation, but states are allowed to have stricter requirements. The Coast Guard reports recreational boating safety data in their report Boating Statistics, which covers accidents meeting the federal minimum reporting requirements.

The data in Boating Statistics cover boating accidents reported on waters of joint federal and state jurisdiction and exclusive state jurisdiction.

The Coast Guard believes nearly all fatal accidents and most boating accidents that result in serious injury (i.e., hospital admission) are included in Boating Statistics. A smaller percentage of nonfatal accidents are reported because of reporting thresholds, ignorance of the law, and difficulties enforcing the law. Federal law does not require the reporting of accidents on private waters where states have no jurisdiction. Reports of accidents on such waters are included when received by the Coast Guard if they satisfy the other requirements of inclusion. Accidents excluded are those in which the boat was used as a platform for other activities (e.g., swimming), and those in which a person dies of natural causes aboard a boat. However, the data do include accidents involving people in the water who are struck by their boat or another boat.

## Additional information:

Contact: U.S. Department of Homeland Security (USDHS), U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Boating Safety

Print source: USDHS, U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Boating Safety, Boating Statistics (Washington, DC: Annual issues).

Internet: http://www.uscgboating.org

## Transborder surface freight data

The Transborder Surface Freight Dataset is extracted from the Census Bureau's Foreign Trade Statistics Program and made available by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics. Import and export data are extracted from administrative records required by the Departments of Commerce and Treasury. This dataset incorporates all shipments entering or exiting the United States by surface modes of transport (i.e., other than air or maritime vessel) to and from Canada or Mexico. Prior to January 1997, this dataset also included transhipments in its detailed tables (i.e., shipments entering or exiting the United States by way of U.S. Customs ports on the northern or southern borders, even when the actual origin or final destination of the goods was other than Canada or Mexico). Shipments that neither originate nor terminate in the United States (i.e., intransit shipments) are beyond the
scope of this dataset, because they are not considered U.S.-international trade shipments.

Users should be aware that the trade data fields (e.g., value and commodity classification) are typically more rigorously reviewed than transportation data fields (i.e., mode of transportation and port of entry/ exit). Also, although this dataset provides surface transportation information for individual Customs districts and ports on the northern and southern borders, filing procedures for trade documents do not always correspond to the port where goods physically crossed the border. This is because the filer of information may choose to file trade documents at one port, while shipments actually enter or exit at another port.

Import data are generally more accurate than export data primarily because Customs uses import documents for enforcement purposes, while it performs no similar function for exports.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Internet: http://www.bts.gov/

## Transit operating, financial, and safety data

Transit data are from the National Transit Database (NTD) produced by the USDOT, Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Data are collected from transit agencies that receive Urbanized Area Formula Program funds. Transit operators that do not report to FTA are those that do not receive federal funding, typically private, small, and rural operators. FTA reviews and validates information submitted by individual transit agencies. Reliability may vary because some transit agencies cannot obtain accurate information or may interpret certain data definitions differently than intended.

In 2005, 643 agencies submitted data to the NTD. Of that total, 82 transit agencies received exemptions from detailed reporting because they operated 9 or fewer vehicles. Thus, 555 individual reporters were included in the NTD.

Data are collected on a range of variables including capital and operating funding, transit service supplied and consumed, and transit safety and security. Transit operators must report fatalities, injuries, accidents, incidents, and property damage in excess of $\$ 7,500$.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOT, Federal Transit Administration
Print source: USDOT, Federal Transit Administration, Data Tables (Washington, DC: Annual issues); and USDOT, Federal Transit Administration, National Transit Database Reporting Manual (Washington, DC: Annual issues).

Internet: http://www.ntdprogram.gov/ntdprogram/

## Transportation establishment, employees, and payroll data

Data on employees, establishments, and payroll are taken from County Business Patterns, a database of employment in the United States using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Data are collected annually. Data are extracted from the Business Register, the Census Bureau's file of all known single and multi-establishment companies. The Annual Company Organization Survey and quinquennial Economic Censuses provide individual establishment data for multi-location firms. Data for single-location firms are obtained from various programs conducted by the Census Bureau, such as the Economic Censuses, the Annual Survey of Manufacturer, and Current Business Surveys. They are also obtained from administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## Additional information:

Contact: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, Economic Planning and Coordination Division
Print source: USDOC, U.S. Census Bureau, [State]: County Business Patterns 20005 (Washington, DC: 2007).

Internet:
http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/cbpview.html

## Waterborne shipments data

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps') Navigation Data Center (NDC) collects data on waterborne commodity and vessel movements, domestic commercial vessel characteristics, port and waterway facilities, and navigation dredging projects.
The NDC's databases contain information on physical characteristics, infrastructure, and commodities for principal facilities on the U.S. coast, Great Lakes, and inland ports. The data consist of listings of port area's waterfront facilities, including information on berthing, cranes, transit sheds, grain elevators, marine repair plants, fleeting areas, and docking and storage facilities.

All vessel operators of record report their domestic waterborne traffic movements to the Corps via ENG Forms 3925 and 3925b. Cargo movements are reported according to points of loading and unloading. Excluded cargo movements are: 1) cargo carried on general ferries, 2) coal and petroleum products loaded from shore facilities directly into vessels for fuel use, 3) military cargo moved in U.S. Department of Defense vessels, and 4) cargo weighing less than 100 tons moved on government equipment. The Corps calculates ton-miles by multiplying the cargo's tonnage by the distance between points of loading and unloading.
An annual survey of companies that operate inland waterway vessels is the principal source of data for inland nonself-propelled, self-propelled, flag passenger, and cargo vessels. More than 3,000 surveys are sent to these companies, and response rates are typically above 90 percent.

## Additional information:

Contact: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center

Print source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Water borne Commerce of the United States (New Orleans, LA: Annual issues).

Internet: http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ndc/

## Section I - $\cdot$

Appendices and Glossary

## Appendix 1: Data Sources and Availability

| Publication/database | Source | Website | Tables | Update available (approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Air Carrier Activity Information System (ACAIS) | U.S. DOT, Federal Aviation Administration, Office of Airports | http://www.faa.gov/airports_airtraffic/air ports/planning_capacity/passenger_allc argo_stats/passenger/ | 1-11, 1-12, 3-9 | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Air Traffic Statistics | U.S. DOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Office of Airline Information | http://www.bts.gov | 3-8, 4-6, 4-7 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| Boating Statistics | U.S. Coast Guard | http://www.uscgboating.org | 2-17, 2-18, 5-6 | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Border Crossing Data | U.S. DOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.transtats.bts.gov/bordercros sing.aspx | 3-12, 3-13, 3-14, 3-15, <br> 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-19, <br> 3-20, 3-21, 3-22, 3-23, <br> 4-9, 4-10, 4-11, 4-12, 4- <br> 13, 4-14, 4-15, 4-16, 4- <br> 17, 4-18, 4-19, 4-20 | 2nd quarter 2008 |
| American Community Survey | U.S. Census Bureau | http://www.census.gov | 4-1 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| Commodity Flow Survey | U.S. DOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.bts.gov/cfs/ | 3-1, 3-2, 3-3 | 2010 |
| County Business Patterns | U.S. Census Bureau | http://www.census.gov/epcd/cbp/view/c bpview.html | $\begin{aligned} & 6-1,6-2,6-3,6-4,6-5, \\ & 6-6 \end{aligned}$ | 2nd quarter 2008 |
| General Aviation and Air Taxi Activity Survey | U.S. DOT, Federal Aviation Administration | http://www.faa.gov/data_statistics/aviati on_data_statistics/general_aviation | 5-7 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| Government Transportation Financial Statistics | U.S. Census Bureau | http://www.census.gov/govs/www/estim ate.html | 6-8, 6-9 | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Hazmat Summary by State | U.S. DOT, PHMSA, Office of Hazardous Material Safety | http://hazmat.dot.gov/ | 2-19, 2-20 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Highway Statistics | U.S. DOT, Federal Highway Administration | http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policy/ohpi/hss/ hsspubs.htm | $\begin{aligned} & 1-1,1-2,1-4,2-1,4-2, \\ & 5-1,5-2,5-3,5-4,6-12 \\ & 7-4 \end{aligned}$ | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Maximum Posted Speed Limits for Passenger Vehicles | Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Highway Loss Data Institute | http://www.iihs.org/laws/state_laws/spe ed_limit_laws.html | 2-9 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| Motorcycle and Bicycle Helmet Laws | Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Highway Loss Data Institute | http://www.iihs.org/laws/state_laws/hel met_current.html | 2-5 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| National Bridge Inventory: Deficient Bridges by State and Highway System | U.S. DOT, Federal Highway Administration | http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/britab.ht m | 1-5, 1-6, 1-7 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| National Transit Database | U.S. DOT, Federal Transit Administration | http://www.ntdprogram.gov | 1-8, 2-16, 4-3, 4-4 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Overseas Visitors to Selected U.S. States and Territories and Overseas Visitors to Select U.S. Cities/Hawaiian Islands | U.S. Dept. of Commerce, International Trade Administration, Office of Travel \& Tourism Industries | http://tinet.ita.doc.gov/ | 4-21, 4-22 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Gasoline Prices by Formulation, Grade, Sales Type | U.S. DOE, Energy Information Administration | http://tonto.eia.doe.gov/dnav/pet/pet_pri _allmg_a_EPMO_PTA_cpgal_a.htm | 6-11 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| Pipeline Statistics | U.S. DOT, PHMSA, Office of Pipeline Safety | http://ops.dot.gov | 2-21, 2-22, 2-23 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Maritime Statistics | U.S. DOT, MARAD, Office of Statistical and Economic Analysis | http://www.marad.dot.gov/MARAD_stati stics/index.html | 3-6, 3-7 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Public Transportation Fact Book | American Public <br> Transportation Association | http://www.apta.com/research/stats/fact book/index.cfm | 1-9 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Railroad Safety Statistics Annual Report | U.S. DOT, Federal Railroad Administration, Office of Railway Safety | http://safetydata.fra.dot.gov/OfficeofSaf ety | $\begin{aligned} & 2-10,2-11,2-12,2-13, \\ & 2-14,2-15 \end{aligned}$ | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Railroads and States | Association of American Railroads | http://www.aar.org/aboutheindustry/stat einformation.asp | $1-13,1-14,3-4,6-7$ | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Safety Belt Use | U.S. DOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration | http://wwwnrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/Pubs/810690.PDF | 2-6 | 4th quarter 2008 |

Appendix 1: Data Sources and Availability (continued)

| Publication/database | Source | Website | Tables | Update available (approx.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State Energy Consumption, Price, and Expenditure Estimates | U.S. Dept. of Energy, Energy Information Administration | http://www.eia.doe.gov/emeu/states/_s eds.html | $7-1,7-2,7-3$ | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Toll Facilities in the United States: Bridges Roads-Tunnels-Ferries | U.S. DOT, Federal Highway Administration | http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/ohim/tollpage.h tm |  | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Traffic Safety Facts | U.S. DOT, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration | www.nhtsa.dot.gov/portal/nhtsa static file downloader.jsp?file=/staticfiles/DO T/NHTSA/NCSA/Content/TSF/TSF2006 EE.pdf | $\begin{aligned} & 2-1,2-2,2-3,2-4,2-7, \\ & 2-8 \end{aligned}$ | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Transborder Surface Freight Data | U.S. DOT, RITA, Bureau of Transportation Statistics | http://www.bts.gov/programs/internation al/transborder/reports.html | 3-10, 3-11 | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Urban Mobility Report | Texas Transportation Institute | http://mobility.tamu.edu/ | 5-5 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| U.S. Civil Airmen Statistics | U.S. DOT, Federal Aviation Administration | http://www.faa.gov/data_statistics/aviati on_data_statistics/civil_airmen_statistic s/ | 5-8 | 3rd quarter 2008 |
| Waterborne Commerce in the United States | U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Navigation Data Center | http://www.iwr.usace.army.mil/ndc/wcsc /wcsc.htm | $1-15,1-16,3-5$ | 1st quarter 2008 |
| Cruise Passenger Statistics | U.S. Department of | http://www.marad.dot.gov/Marad_Statis | 4-8 | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Alternatives to Traditional Transportation Fuels | U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration, Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric, and Alternate Fuels | http://www.eia.doe.gov/fuelrenewable.h tml | 7-5 | 4th quarter 2008 |
| Air Trends | U.S. Environmental <br> Protection Agency, Office of Air and Radiation | http://www.epa.gov/air/airtrends/index.h tml | 7-7 | 4th quarter 2008 |

KEY: PHMSA = Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration; MARAD = Maritime Administration; RITA = Research and Innovative Technology Administration; U.S. DOE $=$ U.S. Department of Energy; U.S. DOT = U.S. Department of Transportation.

Appendix 2: State Departments of Transportation Contact Information

| State | Agency | Website address | Telephone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | Alabama Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.al.us | (334) 242-6358 |
| Alaska | Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities | www.dot.state.ak.us | (907) 465-3901 |
| Arizona | Arizona Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.az.us | (602) 712-7355 |
| Arkansas | Arkansas State Highway and Transportation Department | www.arkansashighways.com | (501) 569-2000 |
| California | California Department of Transportation | www.dot.ca.gov | (916) 654-5266 |
| Colorado | Colorado Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.co.us | (303) 757-9011 |
| Connecticut | Connecticut Department of Transportation | www.ct.gov/dot | (860) 594-2000 |
| Delaware | Delaware Department of Transportation | www.deldot.gov | (302) 760-2080 |
| District of Columbia | District Department of Transportation | www.ddot.dc.gov | (202) 673-6813 |
| Florida | Florida Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.fl.us | (850) 414-4100 |
| Georgia | Georgia Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ga.us | (404) 656-5267 |
| Hawaii | State of Hawaii Department of Transportation | www.state.hi.us/dot | (808) 587-2160 |
| Idaho | Idaho Transportation Department | www.itd.idaho.gov | (208) 334-8000 |
| Illinois | Illinois Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.il.us | (217) 782-7820 |
| Indiana | Indiana Department of Transportation | www.in.gov/indot | (317) 232-5533 |
| lowa | Iowa Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ia.us | (515) 239-1101 |
| Kansas | Kansas Department of Transportation | www.ksdot.org | (785) 296-3566 |
| Kentucky | Kentucky Transportation Cabinet | www.transportation.ky.gov | (502) 564-4890 |
| Louisiana | Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development | www.dotd.state.la.us | (225) 379-1200 |
| Maine | Maine Department of Transportation | www.maine.gov/mdot | (207) 624-3000 |
| Maryland | Maryland Department of Transportation | www.mdot.state.md.us | (410) 865-1142 |
| Massachusetts | Massachusetts Executive Office of Transportation | www.state.ma.us/eotc | (617) 973-7000 |
| Michigan | Michigan Department of Transportation | www.michigan.gov/mdot | (517) 373-2090 |
| Minnesota | Minnesota Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.mn.us | (651) 296-3000 |
| Mississippi | Mississippi Department of Transportation | www.gomdot.com | (601) 359-7017 |
| Missouri | Missouri Department of Transportation | www.modot.org | (573) 751-2551 |
| Montana | Montana Department of Transportation | www.mdt.mt.gov | (406) 444-6200 |
| Nebraska | Nebraska Department of Roads | www.dor.state.ne.us | (402) 471-4567 |
| Nevada | Nevada Department of Transportation | www.nevadadot.com | (775) 888-7000 |
| New Hampshire | New Hampshire Department of Transportation | www.state.nh.us/dot | (603) 271-3734 |
| New Jersey | New Jersey Department of Transportation | www.state.nj.us/transportation | (609) 292-6500 |
| New Mexico | New Mexico Department of Transportation | www.nmshtd.state.nm.us | (505) 827-5100 |
| New York | New York State Department of Transportation | www.nysdot.gov | (518) 457-6195 |
| North Carolina | North Carolina Department of Transportation | www.ncdot.org | (919) 733-2520 |
| North Dakota | North Dakota Department of Transportation | www.dot.nd.gov | (701) 328-2500 |
| Ohio | Ohio Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.oh.us | (614) 466-7170 |
| Oklahoma | Oklahoma Department of Transportation | www.okladot.state.ok.us | (405) 522-8000 |
| Oregon | Oregon Department of Transportation | www.oregon.gov/odot | (888) 275-6368 |
| Pennsylvania | Pennsylvania Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.pa.us | (717) 787-2838 |
| Rhode Island | Rhode Island Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.ri.us | (401) 222-2450 |
| South Carolina | South Carolina Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.sc.us | (803) 737-2314 |
| South Dakota | South Dakota Department of Transportation | www.sddot.com | (605) 773-3265 |
| Tennessee | Tennessee Department of Transportation | www.tdot.state.tn.us | (615) 741-2848 |
| Texas | Texas Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.tx.us | (512) 463-8585 |
| Utah | Utah Department of Transportation | www.udot.utah.gov | (801) 965-4000 |
| Vermont | Vermont Agency of Transportation | www.aot.state.vt.us | (802) 828-2657 |
| Virginia | Virginia Department of Transportation | www.virginiadot.org | (804) 786-2801 |
| Washington | Washington State Department of Transporation | www.wsdot.wa.gov | (360) 705-7000 |
| West Virginia | West Virginia Department of Tranportation | www.wvdot.com | (304) 558-0103 |
| Wisconsin | Wisconsin Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.wi.us | (608) 266-1113 |
| Wyoming | Wyoming Department of Transportation | www.dot.state.wy.us | (307) 777-4375 |
| United States | U.S. Department of Transportation | www.dot.gov | (202) 366-4000 |

## Glossary

Air taxi: For-hire passenger or cargo aircraft operations in accordance with Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Part 135. An air taxi operates on an on-demand basis and does not meet the flight schedule qualifications of a commuter air carrier.

British thermal unit (Btu): The amount of energy required to raise the temperature of 1 pound of water 1 degree Fahrenheit ( F ) at or near 39.2 degrees F and 1 atmosphere of pressure.

Certificated airport: An airport holding an operating certificate issued by the Federal Aviation Administration in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 14, Chapter 1, Part 139 allowing it to serve scheduled or nonscheduled air carrier aircraft designed for more than 30 passengers.
Class I (rail): As defined by the Surface Transportation Board in 2003, a Class I Railroad is a railroad with operating revenues of at least $\$ 277.7$ million.

Commuter rail: Urban passenger train service for short-distance travel between a central city and adjacent suburb. Does not include rapid rail transit or light rail transit service.

Container: A box-like device used to store, protect, and handle a number of packages or items as a unit of transit that can be interchanged between trucks, trains, and ships without rehandling the contents.

Controlled right-of-way: Lanes restricted for at least a portion of the day for use by transit vehicles and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs).
Demand responsive: Transit service provided without a fixed route and without a fixed schedule that operates in response to calls from passengers or their agents to the transit operator or dispatcher. Service is usually provided using cars, vans, or buses with fewer than 25 seats.

Directional route-miles: The mileage in each direction over which public transportation vehicles travel while in revenue service. Directional route-miles are a measure of the facility or roadway, not the service carried on the facility such as the number of routes or vehicle-miles. Directional route-miles are computed with regard to direction of service, but without regard to the number of traffic lanes or rail tracks existing in the right-of-way.

Dry-bulk carrier (water): A ship with specialized holds for carrying dry cargo such as coal, grain, and iron ore in unpackaged bulk form.

Enplanements: The total number of revenue passengers boarding aircraft.
Exclusive right-of-way: Lanes reserved at all times for transit use and other high occupancy vehicles (HOVs).
Ferryboat (transit): Vessels that carry passengers and/ or vehicles over a body of water. Generally steam or diesel-powered, ferryboats may also be hovercraft, hydrofoil, and other high-speed vessels. The vessel is limited in its use to the carriage of deck passengers or vehicles or both, operates on a short run on a frequent schedule between two points over the most direct water routes other than in ocean or coastwise service, and is offered as a public service of a type normally attributed to a bridge or tunnel.

Full containership: Ships equipped with permanent container cells, with little or no space for other types of cargo.
General aviation: Civil aviation activity except that of air carriers operated in accordance with Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR) Parts 121, 123, 127, and 135. The types of aircraft used in general aviation range from corporate multi-engine jet aircraft piloted by professional crews to amateur-built single engine piston acrobatic planes, balloons, and dirigibles.
Heavy rail: An electric railway with the capacity to transport a heavy volume of passenger traffic and characterized by exclusive rights-of-way, multicar trains, high speed, rapid acceleration, sophisticated signaling, and high-platform loading. Also known as "subway," "elevated (railway)," or metropolitan railway (metro)."
Light rail: A streetcar-type vehicle operated on city streets, semi-exclusive rights-of-way, or exclusive rights-of-way. Service may be provided by step-entry vehicles or by level boarding.

Local railroad: A railroad which is neither a Class I nor a Regional Railroad, and is engaged primarily in line-haul service

Major arterial highway: A major highway used primarily for through traffic.

Metric ton: 2,205 pounds (2,000 pounds divided by 0.907).

Minor arterial: In rural areas, roads linking cities and larger towns. In urban areas, roads distributing trips to small geographic areas but not penetrating identifiable neighborhoods.

Minor collector highway: In rural areas, routes that serve intracounty rather than statewide travel. In urban areas, streets that provide direct access to neighborhoods and arterials.

Mixed right-of-way: Lanes used for general automobile traffic.

Motorbus: A rubber-tired, self-propelled, manually steered bus with a fuel supply onboard the vehicle. Motorbus types include intercity, school, and transit.

Natural gas distribution pipeline: Smaller than transmission pipelines and maintained by companies that distribute natural gas locally (intrastate). Distribution pipeline systems are analogous to networks of lesser roads and residential streets that people travel after getting off the freeway.
Natural gas transmission pipeline: Analogous to a major freeway, it is the main interstate transportation route for moving large amounts of natural gas from the source of production to points of distribution. Transmission pipelines are designed to move large amounts of natural gas from areas where the gas is extracted and stored to the local distribution companies that provide natural gas to homes and businesses.

Principal arterial highway: Major streets or highways, many of multilane or freeway design, serving high-volume traffic corridor movements that connect major generators of travel.

Regional railroad: A non-Class I, line-haul railroad operating 350 or more miles of road or with revenues of at least $\$ 40$ million or both.

Short ton: 2,000 pounds.

## Switching and terminal railroad: A non-Class

I Railroad engaged primarily in switching and/or terminal services for other railroads

Tanker: An oceangoing ship designed to haul liquid bulk cargo in world trade.

Ton-mile: The movement of one ton of cargo the distance of one statute mile.

Trackage rights: The authority of one railroad to use the tracks of another railroad for a fee.

Trolley bus: Rubber-tired, electric transit vehicle, manually steered and propelled by a motor drawing current, normally through overhead wires, from a central power source.

Unlinked passenger trips: The number of passengers boarding public transportation vehicles. A passenger is counted each time he or she boards a vehicle even if the boarding is part of the same journey from origin to destination.

Vanpool: Public-sponsored commuter service operating under prearranged schedules for previously formed groups of riders in 8 - to 18 -seat vehicles. Drivers are also commuters who receive little or no compensation besides the free ride.

Vehicle-miles traveled (highway): Miles of travel by all types of motor vehicles as determined by the states on the basis of actual traffic counts and established estimating procedures.

Wigwag (railroad): An early 20th century railroad grade crossing signal that uses a pendulum-like motion to signal the approach of a train.


[^0]:    Sources
    Transportation System Extent
    All public roads, Interstate: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Highway Statistics 2006, Washington, DC: 2008, table HM-20;
    Road bridges: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Bridge Technology, National Bridge Inventory: Highway Bridge by Owner, Washington, DC: 2008, available at http://www.fhwa.dot. gov/bridge/britab.htm as of Feb. 26, 2008;

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Miles of railroad operated is synonymous with route-miles (so that a mile of single track is counted the same as a mile of double track). Sidings, turnouts, yard switching mileage, and mileage not operated are excluded. Miles operated under trackage rights provided by another (owning) railroad are included. Year-to-year changes in miles operated are due to both changes in track mileage and changes in the number of railroads with rights for the same track.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes trackage rights.
    ${ }^{3}$ Refers to non-Class I, Canadian-owned lines.
    ${ }^{4}$ Excludes miles owned by Amtrak.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Alaska's motorcycle helmet use law covers passengers of all ages, operators younger than 18 , and operators with instructional permits; ${ }^{2}$ In Florida, the law requires that all riders younger than 21 years wear helmets, without exception. Those 21 years and older may ride without helmets only if they can show proof that they are covered by a medical insurance policy; ${ }^{3}$ In Kentucky, the law requires that all riders younger than 21 years wear helmets, without exception. Those 21 years and older may ride without helmets only if they can show proof that they are covered by a medical insurance policy. Motorcycle helmet laws in Kentucky also cover operators with instructional/learner's permits; ${ }^{4}$ Motorcycle helmet laws in Maine cover operators with
    instructional/learner's permits. Maine's motorcycle helmet use law also covers passengers 14 years and younger and passengers if their operators are required to wear a helmet; ${ }^{5}$ Motorcycle helmet laws in Minnesota cover operators with instructional/learner's permits; ${ }^{6}$ North Dakota's motorcycle helmet use law covers all passengers traveling with operators who are covered by the law;
    ${ }^{7}$ Ohio's motorcycle helmet use law covers all operators during the first year of licensure and all passengers of operators who are covered by the law; ${ }^{8}$ Pennsylvania's motorcycle helmet use law covers all operators during the first two years of licensure unless the operator has completed the safety course approved by PennDOT or the Motorcycle Safety Foundation; ${ }^{9}$ Rhode Island's motorcycle helmet use law covers all passengers (regardless of age) and all operators during the first year of licensure (regardless of age); ${ }^{10}$ Texas exempts riders 21 years or older if they can either show proof of successfully completing a motorcycle operator training and safety course or can show proof of having a medical insurance policy; ${ }^{11}$ Motorcycle helmet laws in Wisconsin cover operators with instructional/learner's permits.
    SOURCE: Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Highway Loss Data Institute, Helmet Use Laws, available at http://www.iihs.org/laws/state_laws/helmet_current.html as of Jan. 28, 2008.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Some states report more licensed drivers than residents of driving age. This may occur for several reasons: 1) the records of expired licenses, drivers who have moved out of state, and people who have died are only periodically purged from a state's drivers license database; 2) some drivers fraudulently obtain a license in more than one state; and 3) some drivers obtain a license in a state other than that in which they are a legal resident.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ All 2005 data are revised

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ The completeness of data on trailer registrations varies greatly among states. Data are reported to the extent available and, in some cases, are supplemented by Federal Highway Administration estimates.
    ${ }^{2}$ This column includes all commercial type vehicles and semi-trailers that are in private or for-hire use.
    ${ }^{3}$ Several states do not require the registration of light farm or automobile trailers.
    ${ }^{4}$ Some states may not require the registrations of mobile homes and house trailers. In states where this classification is not available, house trailers are included with light car trailers.

