next calendar year by comparing the latest Department of Health and Human Services State-by-State population counts on primary medical care manpower shortage areas with U.S. Census figures on State resident populations.

U.S. Office of Personnel Management. Janice R. Lachance,

Jaille K. Laulian

Director.

[FR Doc. 00–23539 Filed 9–12–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–P

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

The Presidential Advisory Committee on Expanding Training Opportunities

AGENCY: Office of Personnel Management. **ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

Time and Date: 8:30 a.m., Monday, September 25, 2000.

Place: Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E Street, NW., Room 1350, Washington, DC 20415.

Status: This meeting will be open to the public. Seating is limited and will be available on a first-come, first-served basis. Individuals with special access needs wishing to attend should contact the Office of Personnel Management through the information shown below to obtain appropriate accommodations. Any member of the public wishing further information about the meeting or wishing to submit oral or written comments should contact the Designated Federal Official through the information shown below. Requests for oral comments must be in writing and received no later than 5:00 p.m. Eastern Daylight Savings Time on Wednesday, September 21, 2000. Each individual or group making an oral presentation will be limited in time based on the agenda and the number of people requesting to speak. Remarks may be submitted for the record. Written comments (30 copies) which are received in enough time will be shared with the Committee prior to the meeting. Comments received close to the meeting date will be shared with the Committee at the meeting.

Matters to be Considered: Executive Order 13111, Using Technology to Improve Training Opportunities for Federal Government Employees, was issued by the President on January 12, 1999, and established the Presidential Advisory Committee on Expanding Training Opportunities. At its second meeting, the Committee will discuss a variety of topics related to their tasks: outline of identified issues; E-learning technologies and markets; target populations and their needs; and Federal Training Technology Recommendations. The Committee will also discuss their overall approach, timeline, and plans to accomplish their tasks. Committee functions include (1) providing an independent assessment of (a) progress made

by the Federal Government in its use and integration of technology in training programs; (b) how Federal Government programs, initiatives, and policies can encourage or accelerate training technology to provide more accessible, timely, and costeffective training opportunities for all Americans; (c) mechanisms for the Federal Government to encourage private sector investment in the development of high quality instructional software and wider deployment and use of technology-mediated instruction so that all Americans may take advantage of the opportunities provided by learning technology; and (d) the appropriate Federal Government role in research and development for learning technologies and their applications in order to develop high quality training and education opportunities for all Americans and (2) an analysis of options for helping adult Americans finance the training and post-secondary education needed to upgrade skills and gain new knowledge.

For Further Information: Please contact Barbara Swanson, Designated Federal Officer for the Presidential Advisory Committee on Expanding Training Opportunities, at U.S. Office of Personnel Management, 1900 E Street NW., Washington, DC 20415; at telephone (202) 606–2721; or fax (202) 606– 5231.

Office of Personnel Management.

Janice R. Lachance,

Director.

[FR Doc. 00–23545 Filed 9–12–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6325–01–P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Upon written request, copies available from: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Filings and Information Services, Washington, DC 20549.

Extension: Rule 2a19–1; SEC File No. 270–294; OMB Control No. 3235–0332.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget a request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Rule 2a19–1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Act") provides that investment company directors will not be considered interested persons, as defined by section 2(a)(19) of the Act, solely because they are registered broker-dealers or affiliated persons of registered broker-dealers, provided that the broker-dealer does not execute any portfolio transactions for the company's complex, engage in any

principal transactions with the complex or distribute shares for the complex for at least six months prior to the time that the director is to be considered not to be an interested person and for the period during which the director continues to be considered not to be an interested person. The rule also requires the investment company's board of directors to determine that the company would not be adversely affected by refraining from business with the broker-dealer. In addition, the rule provides that no more than a minority of the disinterested directors of the company may be registered brokerdealers or their affiliates.

Before the adoption of Rule 2a19-1, many investment companies found it necessary to file with the Commission applications for orders exempting directors from section 2(a)(19) of the Act. Rule 2a19-1 is intended to alleviate the burdens on the investment company industry of filing for such orders in circumstances where there is no potential conflict of interest. The conditions of the rule are designed to indicate whether the director has a stake in the broker-dealer's business with the company such that he or she might not be able to act independently of the company's management.

The Commission estimates that approximately 3,200 investment companies may choose to rely on rule 2a19–1, and that each investment company may spend one hour annually compiling and keeping records related to the requirements of the rule. The total annual burden associated with the rule is estimated to be 3,200 hours.

The estimate of average burden hours is made solely for the purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, and is not derived from a comprehensive or even a representative survey or study of the costs of Commission rules and forms.

Complying with the collection of information requirements of the rule is necessary to obtain the benefit of relying on the rule. Rule 2a19–1 does not require the filing of any information with the Commission. To the extent that records kept in connection with this rule are made available to the Commission's staff as part of the Commission's inspection program, those records are generally kept confidential. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

Written comments regarding the above information should be directed to the following persons: (i) Desk Officer for the Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Information and