

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
Information that pertains to fire reports for BLM fires (wildland or prescribed) for which the reporting organization provided reimbursable assistance or support (to another agency, state, etc.) for suppression.											
BLM number assigned to the bill.	<b>Bill Number</b>										
Name of the person responsible for billing and collections for suppression support.	<b>Name of Collection Contact</b>										
The dollar amount (to the nearest cent) that the land owner was billed for suppression support.	<b>Billed Amount</b>										
The date on which the land owner was billed for suppression support.	<b>Billed Month Day Year</b>										
The dollar amount (to the nearest cent) that was collected from the land owner for suppression support.	<b>Collected Amount</b>										
The date the BLM received payment/compensation from the land owner for suppression support.	<b>Collected Month Day Year</b>										
A pertinent narrative description of the suppression support activity for a specific incident.	<b>Remarks</b>										
Lookup table for the benefiting programs. These are the programs that could be benefited by the fuels management project.											
Description of the benefiting program.	<b>Benefiting Program</b>										
The number of acres treated for the benefiting programs to the nearest tenth of an acre.	<b>Benefiting Program Acres</b>										
Information that describes the fire regimes and the associated fire condition classes that existed prior to and after the incident. There can be up to 5 records per fire report.											
The fire regime group for land within the fire perimeter.	<b>Fire Regime Group</b>			A generalized description of the role fire plays in an ecosystem.	<b>Fire Regime</b>						
Fire condition class that existed prior to the incident.	<b>Pre-fire Condition Class</b>			The condition class before the fire.	<b>Pre-Condition Class</b>				Fire FRCC	Fire Regime Condition Class code before a fire occurred.	<b>FRCC - Pre Fire</b>
Fire condition class that existed after the incident.	<b>Post-fire Condition Class</b>			The condition class after the fire.	<b>Post-Condition Class</b>				Fire FRCC	Fire Regime Condition Class code after the fire is declared out.	<b>FRCC - Post Fire</b>
Number of acres burned for the associated Fire Regime Group and the associated Pre-fire and Post-fire Condition Classes to the nearest tenth of an acre.	<b>Acres</b>			The FWS burned by each pre- and post-condition class.	<b>FWS Burned Acres</b>						
<b>Fire report data. (This is the data on the main fire report form)</b>											
The organization of the office reporting the fire.	<b>Bureau</b>	Assumable due to Bureau-specific reporting platform. (would be report_unit in FIRESTAT, the region forest that was in place when the fire occurred)	<b>Bureau</b>	Assumable due to Bureau-specific reporting platform.	<b>Bureau</b>	Assumable due to Bureau-specific reporting platform.	<b>Bureau</b>	Basic Arson Wildland Apparatus Personnel	Fire Report	The unit identifier for the agency preparing the fire report.	<b>Fire Reporting Agency</b>

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
The unit of the office reporting the fire.	<b>State for BLM; Region for BIA and NPS</b>	Region - Forest: A region-forest. (this would be admin unit the region forest currently responsible for the area the fire occurred)	<b>Region - Forest (Required)</b>	Organizational code for the regional office.	<b>Region</b>	The state where the incident occurred.	<b>State</b>	Basic Arson Wildland Apparatus Personnel			
The office reporting the fire.	<b>Field Office for BLM; Park for NPS; Reporting Unit for BIA</b>	District: The appropriate number that identifies the ranger district.	<b>District (Required)</b>	Name of the refuge reporting the fire.	<b>Refuge</b>	Local use only.	<b>Station</b>	Basic Arson Wildland Apparatus Personnel			
The unique 4-character alpha-numeric code assigned to a specific incident via the FireCode system. For BLM, pre-FY2004 (prior to the FireCode system), this was the fire number assigned to the incident by the reporting office.	<b>Fire Code</b>			The Identification number of each incident. WF and Severity codes are assigned through FireCode. Treatment numbers are assigned through FMIS.	<b>Fire Number</b>	Unique incident identifier for each specific incident. This is not based on geographic location or any other item. Part of the unique NFIRS national incident key.	<b>Incident Number</b>	Basic Arson Wildland Apparatus Personnel	Fire Report	Specific, unique fire code or number assigned to the fire for cost accounting purposes.	<b>Fire Code</b>
									Fire Report	A system generated unique identifier for each fire, includes all A, B, C, D fires that are now lumped.	<b>Fire Identifier - Unique</b>
						State-issued Fire Department identifier unique for that specific state (Unique nationally when combined with state code abbreviation). This is part of the National unique NFIRS incident key.	<b>FDID</b>	Basic Arson Wildland Apparatus Personnel			
						A sequential number that identifies a fire that spread to another property or fire rated compartment from the original fire. The original fire always has an exposure of zero. Exposures fires are numbered sequentially beginning at '1' This is part of the National unique NFIRS incident key.	<b>Exposure</b>	Basic Arson Wildland Apparatus Personnel			
		The Special Codes and values of information includes financial management information. The Forest Service will provide assistance in processing financial management information. The Supplement for Special Codes link from the poplist at the top of the page provides detailed information about special codes not recorded elsewhere on the form.	<b>Supplement for Special Codes</b>								
Number assigned to an incident by the reporting office. (For BLM, this field will always be NULL.)	<b>Fire Number</b>	The Supervisor's Officer (SO) fire number, a number from 1 to 999999. Unless the unit has a compelling local need, the SO fire number should be the next available consecutive number.	<b>Fire Number</b>	Treatment numbers are assigned through FMIS (see comments associated with FireCode above).	<b>Fire Number</b>	A number that uniquely identifies each incident when combined with the state code, the FDID, the date and the Exposure Number. Each fire department assigns their own incident numbers.	<b>Incident Number</b>	Basic Arson Wildland Apparatus Personnel			
				A fire code that has been assigned to each FWS refuge that is involved in fire. The same code that ROSS uses.	<b>Fire Unit Identifier</b>						
Fire type is the description of the type of incident.	<b>Fire Type - Protection Type</b>			The type of incident; such as, Wildfire, Prescribed Fire, Other Treatment, Wildland Fire Use, or WUI.	<b>Fire Type</b>	Identifies the specific type of incident found at the scene (fire, EMS, HazMat, etc.)	<b>Incident Type</b>	Basic	Wildland Fire Type	Fire type is the description of the wildland fire type (wildfire, WFU, Rx Fire) of incident. Consistent with NWCG definition of Wildland Fire Type.	<b>Fire Type Code/Desc</b>
Protection type indicates the protection responsibility for the incident.				Protection type.	<b>Sub Type</b>					Protection type indicates the protection responsibility for the incident.	<b>Protection Type</b>
Basic cause of the fire. A value of 1 indicates that the fire was caused by natural means; a value of 2 indicates that the fire was human-caused.	<b>Cause</b>	Identifies the human activity related to the fire ignition. Select 0 (Other) for unknown activities and lightning fires.	<b>General Cause</b>							The reason the fire occurred. Note: Agreement needs to be reached on the depth of cause reporting.	<b>Fire Cause Code/Desc</b>

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
A description of the general cause of the fire.	<b>Fire Cause (General - Specific) on the Trespass Investigation sub-form</b>	The code that best describes the actual fire cause.	<b>Statistical Cause</b>	Official statistical cause.	<b>Ignition Cause</b>	The main cause of the wildland fire's ignition.	<b>Wildland Fire Cause</b>	Wildland	Fire Cause	Fire cause describes the general reason the fire occurred. 10 choices.	<b>Fire Cause - General</b>
A description of the specific cause of the fire.		Identifies the specific cause codes and class of people code that best describe the actual cause of the fire.	<b>Specific Cause</b>			Behavioral factors and human conditions that contributed to the fire's ignition. Option to select multiple human factors.	<b>Human Factors Contributing to Ignition</b>	Wildland		The 30 specific cause codes required for Prevention reporting and planning.	<b>Fire Cause - Specific</b>
						Significant factors that contributed to the fire's ignition. Enter up to two factors contributing to ignition.	<b>Factors Contributing to Ignition</b>	Wildland, Fire			
						Factors that affected the suppression/mitigation of the fire. Enter up to three fire suppression factors.	<b>Fire Suppression Factors</b>	Wildland, Fire			
						The source of the heat that ignited the fire.	<b>Heat Source</b>	Wildland, Fire			
							<b>Mobile Property Type</b>	Wildland, Fire			
						The type of equipment that failed and ignited the fire. This is NOT a fuels management type of ignition equipment.	<b>Equipment Involved in Ignition</b>	Wildland, Fire			
A brief remark to further specify the cause of the fire if the specific cause is "Other - known".	<b>Other Cause on the Trespass Investigation sub-form</b>										
Indicates whether or not the fire suppression costs are reimbursable for human-caused wildfires and assist actions. A value of zero indicates that the costs are not reimbursable; a value of 1 indicates that the cost are reimbursable.	<b>Reimbursable?</b>										
										Incident complexity, consistent with NWCG definitions of complexity found in the "Fireline Handbook" PMS 410-1. Type 1-5. .	<b>Incident Complexity Type (Highest)</b>
NFDRS Burning Index on the incident Discovery/Start date.	<b>Burning Index</b>								Fire Danger Rating	NFDRS Fire Danger Rating on the day the fire was discovered.	<b>Fire Danger Rating (BI or ERC)</b>
Net Resource Value Change per acre. The NRVC is the net impact on the value of the land (and its associated resources) as a result of the wildland fire.	<b>Net Resource Value Change (per acre)</b>	The average per acre net resource value change (NVC).	<b>FMZ NVC per Acre (\$)</b>								
The name of the wildland fire.	<b>Fire Name</b>	The assigned name of the fire.	<b>Fire Name</b>	The name given to an incident or treatment.	<b>Fire/Treatment Name</b>	Not Collected in NFIRS	<b>N/A</b>	N/A	Fire Report	The specific name assigned to the fire.	<b>Fire Name</b>
The name of the Resource Area (for BLM) or Reservation (for BIA) at the point of origin of the fire.	<b>Resource Area (BLM); Reservation (BIA)</b>										
The owner of the land at the point of origin of the fire.	<b>Owner</b>	Identifies the ownership at the point of origin.	<b>Ownership at Origin</b>	The owner of the land at the point of origin.	<b>Point of Ignition Land Owner</b>	The name of the principle entity having responsibility for the maintenance or control of the property where the fire originated. It also allows for the reporting of the percent of the total acres burned for each type of ownership involved. (See element definition below in the Statistical Data Section).	<b>Property Management</b>	Wildland	Fire Report	The owner of the land at the point of origin of the fire.	<b>Point of Origin Land Owner</b>
		Identifies the state at the point of ignition.	<b>State</b>	<b>The state where treatment or fire started.</b>	<b>Point of Ignition State</b>					The state in which the point of origin of the fire occurs.	<b>Point of Origin State</b>
		Identifies the three digit county FIPS code at the fire's point of origin.	<b>County</b>	Three-digit FIPS code for the county/borough/parish/census area where the wildland fire or prescribed fire originated.	<b>County Code</b>				Fire Report	The county in which the point of origin of the fire occurs.	<b>Point of Origin County</b>
				Pre-defined communities within the vicinity of FWS lands that are at high risk from wildfire. Listed in the Federal Register.	<b>Communities at Risk</b>						
				The congressional district(s) in which the fire occurred.	<b>Congressional District</b>						

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
		The code that identifies the agency that is legally responsible for providing primary protection for the land on which the fire started.	Protecting Agency at Origin						Fire Protection Responsibility	The unit identifier for the agency that has legal responsibility to protect the land at the point of origin.	Responsible Agency Unit Identifier
										The (FPA) FMU in which the point of origin occurs.	Point of Origin Fire Management Unit
		The FMZ in which the fire burned.	Fire Management Zone								
		The township, range, section, subsection, and principal meridian to locate the fire origin for fires in the 30 public land survey system states.	Township/Range/Section /Sub-Section/Principal Meridian	No definition provided by FWS. Optional	Township	Location of the fire origin. Enter the TRSSM only if the Location Type (section B) is NOT completed on the Basic Module. If TRSSM is entered, DO NOT enter latitude and longitude.	Township	Wildland			
				No definition provided by FWS. Optional	Range	Location of the fire origin (see Township above).	Range	Wildland			
				No definition provided by FWS. Optional	Section	Location of the fire origin (see Township above).	Section	Wildland			
						Location of the fire origin (see Township above).	Subsection	Wildland			
				No definition provided by FWS. Optional	Quarter Section						
				No definition provided by FWS. Optional	Quarter-Quarter Section						
				No definition provided by FWS. Optional	Meridian	Location of the fire origin (see Township above).	Meridian	Wildland			
Short descriptor of the geographic datum corresponding to the reported location coordinates.	Datum									Short descriptor of the geographic datum corresponding to the reported location coordinates.	Point of Origin Datum
Latitude of the location at the point of origin of the fire/incident	Latitude	Latitude at the point of origin reported in degrees, minutes, seconds.	Latitude	Latitude at the ignition.	Latitude	Location of the Fire Origin. Enter LL only if the Location Type (section B) is NOT completed on the Basic Module. If LL is entered, DO NOT enter TRSSM.	Latitude	Wildfire	Fire Report	The latitude location of the fire's origin point specified in degrees, minutes and seconds or decimal degrees.	Point of Origin Latitude
Longitude of the location at the point of origin of the fire/incident	Longitude	Longitude at the point of origin reported in degrees minutes, seconds.	Longitude	Longitude at the ignition.	Longitude	Location of the Fire Origin (See above).	Longitude	Wildfire	Fire Report	The longitude location of the fire's origin point specified in degrees, minutes and seconds or decimal degrees.	Point of Origin Longitude
									Fire Report	Description of the methods used to determine fire point of origin: visual estimate, GIS unit, etc.	Point of Origin Data Collection Method
										Indicates whether or not there is a defined point of origin or guess - a state of confidence (actual or estimated)	Point of Origin Accuracy
UTM zone of the location at the point of origin of the fire/incident.	UTM Zone			No definition provided by FWS. Optional	UTM Zone						
UTM easting of the location at the point of origin of the fire/incident.	UTM Easting			No definition provided by FWS. Optional	UTM Easting						
UTM northing of the location at the point of origin of the fire/incident.	UTM Northing			No definition provided by FWS. Optional	UTM Northing						
		The Ignition Date is the date when the fire started.	Ignition Date								
		The Ignition Time is the time when the fire started.	Ignition Time								
Date and time that the fire was discovered, initially reported, or otherwise started; or the fuels management project was started.	Discovery/Start Month Day Year Hour Minute	The Discovery Date is the date when the fire was discovered.	Discovery Date (Required)	The date and time when the wildland fire was first reported of discovered. In the case of actions to support a cooperater, the time at which the request for support is first made.	Start Date/Discovery Date/Time	The date the alarm was received by the fire department. Alarm Date is required	Alarm Date	Basic	Fire Report	The date and time of the fire discovery or confirmation.	Fire Discovery Date/Time
		The Discovery Time is the time when the fire was discovered.	Discovery Time (Required)			The time the alarm was received by the fire department. Alarm Time is required	Alarm Time	Basic			
The type of resource that discovered or detected the fire/incident.	Detection Type	Click on the pull down list and select the detection method.	Detection Method							The type of resource that discovered or detected the fire/incident, e.g. air patrol, lookout, motorist, etc.	Detection Type (Method)
		The name of the lookout or person who discovered the fire.	Discovered By								
The fire size (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) at the time of Discovery/Start.	Discovery/Start Acres									The fire size (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) at the time of Discovery/Start.	Acres at Discovery

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
Date and time when initial attack operations first commenced for an action/suppression fire or a response was initiated for a false alarm; or for NPS, when resources started working on a support/mutual aid fire.	<b>Initial Attack</b> Month Day Year Hour Minute	The Initial Action Date is the date when fire suppression action was started at the site of the fire.	<b>Initial Action</b>	The date and time the first resources arrive at a wildland fire.	<b>Initial Attack Date/Time</b>	The date the fire department arrived at the incident scene. Arrival Date required, unless cancelled or did not arrive	<b>Arrival Date</b>	Basic	Fire Report	The date and time that initial response action was taken on the fire.	<b>Fire Initial Response Date/Time</b>
		The Initial Action Time is the time when fire suppression action was started at the site of the fire.	<b>Initial Time</b>			The time the fire department arrived at the incident scene. Arrival Time required, unless cancelled or did not arrive	<b>Arrival Time</b>	Basic			
The fire size (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) at the time the first Initial Attack resource arrives at the incident.	<b>Initial Attack Acres</b>									The fire size (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) at the time the first Initial Response resource arrives at the incident.	<b>Acres at Initial Response</b>
									Fire Report	The date and time that a control line (that can reasonably be expected to stop the fire's spread) has been completed around the fire.	<b>Fire Containment Date/Time</b>
The date and time that the incident was controlled.	<b>Controlled/Complete</b> Month Day Year Hour Minute	The Suppression Strategy Attained Date is the date when the initial suppression action was achieved.	<b>Suppression Strategy Attained Date</b>	The date and time at which a fire can no longer escape, even under the severest weather conditions.	<b>Controlled Date/Time</b>	The date and time the fire was controlled. Controlled optional EXCEPT for wildland fires.	<b>Controlled</b>	Basic	Fire Report	The date and time at which the fire is controlled and not expected to escape, even under the severest weather conditions.	<b>Fire Control Date/Time</b>
		The Suppression Strategy Time is the time when the initial suppression action was achieved.	<b>Suppression Strategy Attained Time</b>								
						<b>NOTE: This section used for paper form management only. Not a collected data element!!</b> This is the section of the Basic Form where the user indicates which other forms were also completed to report a specific incident, i.e., Wildland Fire, Apparatus, Personnel, Arson, etceteras.	<b>Completed Modules</b>	Basic			
The fire size (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) at the time the incident was controlled or other assessed to have not further potential for growth.	<b>Controlled/Complete Acres</b>	The combined total of FS Acres (All Forests), Non-FS Acres Protected by FS, and the Non-FS Acres Not Protected by FS.	<b>Total Acres Burned</b>			A best estimate of the total number of acres burned	<b>Total Acres Burned</b>	Wildland	Fire Acres	Number of acres (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) that burned as a result of the fire.	<b>Fire Size - Final Acres Burned</b>
									State Fire Report	A classification of acres burned within a fire. Need to ensure derivations are standardized - can this be queried on Acres Burned?	<b>Fire Size - Size Class</b>
										Number of acres (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) that burned for a particular (reported) owner. Protection Responsibility?	<b>Fire Size - Total Acres Within Perimeter Protected by Agency</b>
									Fire Acres	The percentage of final acres that were actually burned (black).	<b>Percentage Burned</b>
									Fire Acres	The number of acres burned (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) that result from a burn out operation. Must be less than the final fire size for the fire.	<b>Acres Burned - Burn Out</b>
									Bug Kill	Number of acres (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) that contain bug killed timber.	<b>Bug Kill Acres</b>
						The main types of crops burned. Identify up to three crops, if any crops were burned.	<b>Primary Crops Burned</b>	Wildland			
				Method used to obtain the fire area size.	<b>Acreeage Measurement Method</b>						
				Identifies whether a digital area polygon of ownership boundary for the unit exists in a GIS for an area. Yes or No value.	<b>Ownership Boundary Map</b>						
				Information where the digital boundary map information is located.	<b>Source Refuge and Phone Number</b>						

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
				Identifies whether a digital area polygon of vegetation cover types for your unit exists in a GIS for an area.	Vegetation Cover Type						
				Determines whether a digital polygon of the perimeter of the fire is available from an external GIS system.	Fire/Treatment Perimeter Map				Fire Perimeter	The geospatial shapefile that describes the fire's perimeter and acres burned within the perimeter. Includes geopolitical data.	Fire Perimeter Shapefile
									Daily Fire Perimeter	The degree to which acres are burned.	Fire Perimeter Shapefile - Burn Severity
									Daily Fire Perimeter	The geospatial shapefile that describes the fire's perimeter and acres burned within the perimeter on a daily basis.	Fire Perimeter Shapefile - Daily Acres Burned
									Daily Fire Size	Daily acreage counts of fire area, preferably determined by GPS for accuracy.	Fire Size - Daily
				Identifies is fire effects monitoring data is available from an external source.	Fire Effects Monitoring Data Available						
		The acres of Forest Service land burned.	FS Acres (All Forests)								
		The acres of non-Forest Service system lands protected by the Forest Service (also known as the acres inside) within the fire perimeter.	Non-FS Acres Protected by FS								
		The acres outside Forest Service protection within the fire perimeter (includes DPA).	Non-FS Acres Not Protected by FS								
		A Supplement for Large Fire Acres Burned link providing detailed information on the of the acres burned.	Supplement for Large Fire Acres Burned								
									Fire Consultation	The record of whether the required consultation were held on a large fire.	Fire Consultation
The date when the incident was declared out.	Declared Out Month, Day, Year	The Fire Out Date is the date when the fire was declared out.	Fire Out Date	The date the fire or treatment was declared out.	Out Date	The date and time that the last fire department unit was cleared from the incident scene. Last Unit Cleared required, EXCEPT for wildland fires.	Last Unit Cleared Date/Time	Basic	Fire Report	The date and time the fire was designated as out.	Fire Out Date/Time
		The Fire Out Time is the time when the fire was declared out.	Fire Out Time								
		The fire intensity level (FIL) code for the predominant or typical sustained average flame length observed at the head of the fire during initial attack.	Fire Intensity Level						Fire Characteristics	The fire intensity level (FIL) code for the predominant or typical sustained average flame length observed at the head of the fire during initial response at the point of origin.	Fire Intensity Level
		The four-digit code of the regional vegetation cover type where the fire burned during the initial attack, or select the LOV adjacent to the Cover Class field.	Cover Class						Vegetation Classification	The scheme or classification system used to identify the cover type	Vegetation Classification Scheme Code
		The Escaped Fire check box to indicate that the fire was declared an escaped fire if it escaped initial attack. This is a wildland fire code only.	Escaped Fire?								
		The financial management information at the time of Escape. This is a wildland fire code only.	Fire Code After Escape								
		The one-character code of the prevailing NFDRS fuel model where the fire was burning at the time of escape.	NFDRS Fuel Model at Escape								
Topography at the point of origin of the fire.	Topography			A description of the general lay of the land at the point of origin.	Lay of the Land						
Aspect at the point of origin of the fire.	Aspect	The appropriate general aspect code where the fire was burning at the time of initial suppression action.	Aspect	The general direction a given slope faces.	Aspect	Aspect at the point of initial attack. Optional	Aspect	Wildland	Fire Report	The aspect at the point of origin.	Point of Origin Aspect

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
The slope class (expressed as a range, in percent) at the point of origin of the fire.	<b>Slope</b>	The slope percent at the fire's origin, a value from 0 to 150 percent.	<b>Slope Percentage</b>	The slope at the point of origin.	<b>Position on Slope</b>	Relative position on the slope at the point of initial attack. Optional	<b>Relative Position on Slope</b>	Wildland	Fire Report	The slope at the point of origin calculated as rise distance over run distance, expressed as a percent.	<b>Point of Origin Slope</b>
				Location on the hillside at the point of origin.	<b>Slope</b>						
						Flame length, in feet, at the point of initial attack. Optional	<b>Flame Length</b>	Wildland			
						Rate of spread, in chains per hour, at the point of initial attack. Optional	<b>Rate of Spread</b>	Wildland	Fire Characteristics	The speed with which a fire moves in a horizontal direction across the landscape, usually expressed in chains per hour or feet per minute at Initial Response.	<b>Rate of Spread</b>
									Fire Characteristics	The cardinal direction (N, SE, etc) the fire is moving at Initial Response.	<b>Spread Direction</b>
The elevation class (expressed as a range, in feet above sea level) at the point of origin of the fire.	<b>Elevation</b>	The elevation, in feet, at the head of the fire at initial action stage.	<b>Elevation</b>	The elevation of the specific point (where ignition began.)	<b>Elevation</b>	The elevation, in feet, at the point of initial attack. Optional	<b>Elevation</b>	Wildland	Fire Report	The elevation, in feet, at the point of origin.	<b>Point of Origin Elevation</b>
The 6-digit numeric National Weather Service (NWS) identifier for the National Fire Danger Rating System (NFDRS) weather station catalogued in the Weather Information Management System (WIMS) that best represents the predominate weather and climate conditions for the incident site.	<b>Weather Station</b>	The representative weather station or weather station number that represents the conditions similar to those at the fire site. Note: The closest weather state may not necessarily represent the fire site.	<b>Representative Weather Station</b>	The unique National Weather Service identifier for a specific weather station.	<b>Weather Station ID</b>	The six-character identification number for the National Fire Danger Rating System (NFDRS) Weather Station that monitors weather conditions at the location of fire origin.	<b>NFDRS Weather Station ID</b>	Wildland	Weather	The unique identifier for a particular station where weather measurements are taken.	<b>Weather Station ID - Primary</b>
									Weather	The unique identifier for a particular station where weather measurements are taken.	<b>Weather Station ID - Secondary</b>
						The general description of weather conditions at the time and location of fire origin.	<b>Weather Type</b>	Wildland			
						The direction the wind was blowing from ground level.	<b>Wind Direction</b>	Wildland			
						The speed of the wind at the fire origin upon arrival of the fire suppression forces. In miles per hour	<b>Wind Speed</b>	Wildland			
						Air temperature is measured in degrees Fahrenheit at the location of the fire origin when the fire started.	<b>Air Temperature</b>	Wildland			
						Report negative temperature	<b>Check Box</b>	Wildland			
						Relative humidity ratio expressed as a percent of the amount of water vapor to the greatest amount possible at the same temperature.	<b>Relative Humidity</b>	Wildland			
						The 10-hour reading of the moisture content of a fuel stick taken in the general area of fire origin. Fuel moisture is expressed as a percentage of the weight (generally ranging from 0 to 25 percent).	<b>Fuel Moisture</b>	Wildland			
						The method of describing the wildfire threat in a particular area, based on the National Fire Danger Rating System. It is derived from both constant and variable fire danger factors that affect the ignition, spread, and difficulty of control of fires and the damage they cause. Factors considered when estimating the fire danger are temperature, relative humidity, wind speed, fuel type, and fuel moisture.	<b>Fire Danger Rating</b>	Wildland			
				The type of weather station.	<b>Weather Station Type Code</b>				Weather	The type of weather station equipment. Linked to the Weather Station ID - may be derived externally.	<b>Weather Station Type Code - Primary</b>
									Weather	The type of weather station equipment.	<b>Weather Station Type Code - Secondary</b>
				What fire danger rating system was used, NFDRS or CFFDRS.	<b>Fire Danger System</b>						

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
				The reference index used to determine the fire danger on the day the fire was reported.	NFDRS/CFFDRS Fire Danger Index						
				A numerical value that describes the severity of potential burning conditions.	Fire Danger Index Value						
									Fire Characteristics	Subjective estimate of the potential of the fire to impact high value resources/values such as WUI, infrastructure, watersheds, etc.	Potential for Loss
									Fire Characteristics	Degree to which a site has been altered or disrupted by fire; loosely, a product of fire intensity and residence time.	Fire Severity Level
									Fire Characteristics	The rate of heat release per unit time per unit length of fire front. Strongly correlated with flame length.	Fireline Intensity
MSGC (Model, Slope, Grass, Climate) is the 4 character National Fire Danger Rating System (NFDRS) designator characterizing site conditions at the vicinity of the Field Office weather station associated with the incident. This value can be obtained from the Weather Information Management System (WIMS).											
Fuel Model component of the MSGC is the predominate National Fire Danger Rating System (NFDRS) fuel model catalogued in WIMS. This value is combined with the other 3 MSGC fields to create the MSGC code.	MSGC Fuel Model	The one-character code of the prevailing NFDRS fuel model where the fire was burning at the same time and place where the Fire Intensity Level was observed or select the LOV adjacent to the NFDRS Fuel Model field.	NFDRS Fuel Model	National Fire Danger Rating System/Canadian Fire Danger Rating System - Model(s) that best characterize the fuels in the burn area.	NFDRS/CFFDRS Fuel Model	The type of wildland fuel involved in a wildland fire at the point of origin. Enter the code and the descriptor corresponding to the NFDRS Fuel Model at origin.	NFDRS Fuel Model at Origin	Wildland	Fuel Model	National Fire Danger Rating System Fuel Model at the Point of Origin of the fire.	NFDRS Fuel Model
Slope component of the MSGC is the predominate slope class (expressed as a range, in percent) catalogued in WIMS. This value is combined with the other 3 MSGC fields to create the MSGC code.	MSGC Slope										
Grass component of the MSGC is the predominate grass type catalogued in WIMS. This value is combined with the other 3 MSGC fields to create the MSGC code.	MSGC Grass										
Climate component of the MSGC is the predominate climate class catalogued in WIMS. This value is combined with the other 3 MSGC fields to create the MSGC code.	MSGC Climate										
Special area type at the point of origin of the fire. Special Area Type is defined as an area of significant administrative concern, required special consideration, or is officially designated or legislated.	Special Area Type			Area(s) of significant administrative concern, requires special consideration, or is officially designated or legislated.	Special Area Type	A general description of the area where the wildland fire occurred. This field includes the option of selecting Urban-Wildland Interface Area (in addition to Rural, Urban or Suburban)	Area Type	Wildland	Fire Land Designation	An area of significant administrative concern, requiring special consideration, or officially designated or legislated (WUI, Wilderness, etc.)	Fire Land Type
Indicates whether the incident qualifies as a WUI (Wildland Urban Interface) fire. <b>The specific definition of what qualifies as a WUI fire is bureau-specific.</b> A value of 1 is Yes and a value of zero is No.	Wildland Urban Interface (WUI)			Were any of the burned acres in the Wildland Urban Interface area. A yes or no value.	Burn in WUI				Fire Land Designation	A flag that indicates if any burned acres were in the Wildland Urban Interface. A yes or no value.	WUI Indicator
									Fire Activity	The actual area of significant fire activity.	Actual Area of Activity



WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
									IA Level	The level of IA activity for all fires within a region or state.	Actual Level of IA Activity
									IA Success	Percent of unwanted fires controlled during initial attack. See GPRM Performance Measures.	IA Control Percent
Name of person accountable for approving the fire report.	Authorized By Name	Approval as required by Forest or Regional instructions for report preparation, review, and approval.	Approved By	Name of person approving the report.	Approved By	The ranking fire service person dealing with the incident.	Authorization - Officer in Charge	Basic		Name of person accountable for approving the fire report. FMO - level	Administrative - Approved/Authorized By
						Signature of officer in charge	Signature	Basic			
Title of person accountable for approving the fire report.	Authorized By Title			Title of person approving the report.	Approved By Title	Rank of Officer in Charge	Position or Rank	Basic			
						The job held at the time of the incident.	Assignment	Basic			
Date the fire report was approved.	Authorized Date	The month, day, and year the fire report was approved in the format MM/DD/YYYY, or select a date from the calendar.	Date	The date the information was approved for data entry.	Approved By Date		Month - Day - Year	Basic			
				The name of the Incident Commander or Burn Boss assigned to this fire.	Incident Commander/Burn Boss						
Name of person accountable for providing data for the fire report.	Data Provided By Name	The text as required by Forest or Regional instructions for report preparation, review, and approval.	Submitted By			The member of the fire department who completed the report.	Authorization - Member making report ID	Basic	Fire Report	Name of person accountable for providing data for the fire report. Submitted by (FS), IC - level	Administrative - Reported By
							Signature	Basic			
Title of person accountable for providing data for the fire report.	Data Provided By Title						Position or Rank	Basic			
							Assignment	Basic			
Date the fire report data was provided.	Data Provided Date	The month, day, and year the fire report was submitted in the format MM/DD/YYYY, or select a date from the calendar.	Date				Month - Day - Year	Basic			
Name of the person accountable for entering the fire report.	Report Entered By Name			Name of person entering report into the system.	Entered By					Name of the person accountable for entering the fire report. Dispatcher - level	Administrative - Report Entered By
Title of the person accountable for entering the fire report.	Report Entered By Title			Job title of person entering the report.	Entered By Title						
Date on which the fire report was entered.	Report Entered Date			The date the fire report was entered.	Entered By Date						
									Fire Workload	The number of reportable fire occurrences during the defined fire season.	Number of Starts
									Length of Fire Season	The length of fire season defined by the beginning and ending dates of the season each calendar year.	Length of Fire Seasons
Pertinent narrative description of the incident.	Remarks	Any remark to clarify or explain the fire situation or document additional pertinent facts not recorded elsewhere on the form.	Remarks	No definition provided by FWS	Narrative	The Remarks section is an area for any comments that might be made concerning the incident. It is also a place to describe what happened, fire department operations, or unusual conditions encountered.	Remarks	Basic		Any remark to clarify or explain the fire situation or document additional pertinent facts not recorded elsewhere on the form.	Narrative/Remarks
				A "Yes" will send an e-mail to the Finance Center to open the fire number.	Open an Accounting Code						
				Auto-fill agency-specific account code for tracking the fire cost. Organization code + Activity Code + Fire Number	Financial Management Code						
									Fire Cost	The Agency unit that incurred the cost of the fire. Tied to Fire Cost - Agency Final.	Fire Cost - Agency
Cost of fire suppression. This data was extracted from MIS and a program was run to assign the cost to the corresponding fire report.	Fire Cost			The cost brought in from the Financial Management System. It shows the cost of that specific fire number by activity code.	Actual Cost				Fire Cost	The actual final cost of the fire for a specific agency.	Fire Cost Agency - Final
				The date the Actual Cost field was updated.	As of				Fire Cost	The date the final cost was entered.	Fire Cost Agency - Date Final

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
		The estimated total emergency fire fighting funds expended by the Forest Service as a result of this fire. For smaller fires, a FFF Cost Table developed by the unit may be used. For project fires, estimated FFF costs from the final Incident Status Summary, Form ICS-209 (or FS-5100-11). The amount is entered in whole dollars.	Estimated FS Suppression Cost (\$)						Fire Cost	The estimated cost of a fire as of a point in time.	Fire Cost Agency - Estimate
									Fire Cost	The date the cost was estimated.	Fire Cost Agency - Date Estimated
				Calculated field. The cost per acre of burned acres. "Actual Cost" divided by FWS Burned Area.	Cost per Acre						
Cost of rehabilitation. This data was extracted from MIS and a program was run to assign the cost to the corresponding fire report.	Rehab Cost										
Number of acres rehabilitated. This data was extracted from a spreadsheet from the Washington Office and a program was run to assign the acres to the corresponding fire report.	Rehab Acres										
NPS-specific cost accounting code assigned to each NPS fire.	Cost Accounting Code	The financial management information not recorded elsewhere on the form. This is the "P" code that is used as the charge code for a specific incident.	Fire Management Code	The Finance Center uses this code.	ABC Activity Code						
The total number of homes and/or significant structures burned or destroyed by the fire.	Structures Burned/Destroyed			How many significant structures were lost in the fire.	Significant Structures Lost	Number of buildings that were ignited in wildland fire.	Number of Buildings Ignited	Wildland	Fire Losses	The total number of homes burned or destroyed by the fire.	Homes Lost
									Fire Losses	The total number of other structures burned or destroyed by the fire. Ultimately need to define if lost is also threatened.	Other Structures Lost
						Number of buildings that were threatened by wildland fire but not involved.	Number of Buildings Threatened	Wildland	Fire Losses	The total number of homes threatened by the fire but not involved.	Homes Threatened
									Fire Losses	The total number of other structures threatened by the fire but not involved.	Other Structures Threatened
									Fire Losses	The total number of injuries associated with the fire.	Injuries
									Fire Losses	The total number of fatalities associated with the fire.	Fatalities
									Fire Report	The number of fatalities that fire resources sustained due to the fire and from any fire response activities.	Fire Resource Fatality Count
				The maximum management level assigned to the wildfire.	Management Level						
				A range of alternatives which defines the extent of fire activity and management acceptable or desirable on a given land area. The pre-planned management options are used to determine initial attack priorities.	Management Options (only for Alaska)						
				A specific type of value at risk that may be threatened or affected by the fire. This is used in combination with the Value at Risk Sub-Type field.	Value at Risk Type						
				A specific type of value at risk that may be threatened or affected by the fire. This is used in combination with the Value at Risk field.	Value at Risk Sub-Type						

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
									Values at Risk	The dollar value (possibly from the County Assessor) of structures threatened by a fire.	Value of Structures Threatened
<b>Information that pertains to fuels management projects.</b>											
Identifier that an organization assigns to a fuels management project.	<b>Local Project Number (BIA and NPS); RIPS Number (BLM - historical only)</b>										
The location of the project based on the project's primary objective. Either the project was located in a Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) community) or was conducted for hazardous fuel reduction and/or ecosystem maintenance (Non-Wildland Urban Interface).	<b>Project Located In</b>										
		The initial suppression strategy codes for the predominant strategy that was used as a basis for the kind, amount, and timing of the initial dispatch and initial suppression action.	<b>Initial Strategy</b>						Strategy	The fire strategy initially used on a given fire, e.g. WFU, IA. Need agreement or terms (pick list) used for Initial Fire Strategies.	<b>Initial Fire Strategy</b>
									Strategy	A Y/N indicator for whether the fire response objectives were met. This the same as Initial Fire Strategy Met (Y/N).	<b>Initial Fire Response Objectives Met (Y/N)</b>
									Strategy	The fire strategy that was shifted to during the fire.	<b>Strategy - Shift to Fire Strategy</b>
									Strategy	The reason for a shift in strategy on a given fire. This is a pick list.	<b>Strategy Shift Reason</b>
		Damages (losses) as a positive number and benefits as a negative number. Do not recalculate not include fire effects or NVC for this specific fire.	<b>Wildland Fire Use and Prescribed Fire Incident</b>								
		Acres burned while the treatment was under prescription.	<b>Acres Burned Under Prescription</b>								
		Acres burned after the treatment escaped prescription.	<b>Acres Burned After Escape</b>								
		The Wildland Fire Use Converted to Suppression check box to indicate that the wildland fire was used for resource benefit.	<b>Wildland Fire Use Converted to Suppression?</b>								
Indicates if the prescribed fire escaped the prescription. 1 = Yes (the fire escaped); 0 = No (the fire did not escape)	<b>Was there an Escape?</b>									Indicator of a type change from WFU or Prescribed Fire to a Wildfire requiring suppression action. Y/N checkbox.	<b>Strategy - Escape or Fire Type Change</b>
If the fire escaped, this is the fire number of the resulting wildland fire.	<b>Escape Fire Number</b>			The associated RX fire number if Ignition Cause = Escaped RX.	<b>Associated RX Fire Project Number</b>						
		Select whether the Wildfire Statistical Analysis was completed.	<b>Wildland Fire Situation Analysis (WFSA) Completed?</b>	A "Yes" if one was completed or "No" if one was not completed.	<b>Wildland Fire Situation Analysis (WFSA)</b>						
				The date when the Wildland Fire Situation Analysis was completed.	<b>Wildland Fire Situation Analysis Date</b>						
				The date when the first preparations, such as planning, were started for a treatment.	<b>Initiation Date</b>						
		Select whether the Most Cost Effective (MCE) Selected as the Final Alternative.	<b>Most Cost Effective (MCE) Selected as the Final Alternative?</b>								
		The Escape Date is the date when the fire escaped.	<b>Escape Date</b>							The date and time when the change to the Fire Type classification is recorded.	<b>Fire Type Change Date/Time</b>
		The Escape Time is the time when the fire escaped.	<b>Escape Time</b>								

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
Cost per acre of the project.	Cost per Acre										
The strategy portion of the firing type.	Firing Type Strategy										
The method portion of the firing type.	Firing Type Method										
				The total project area size as a unit of measure.	Project Area Size						
				Identifies if a local contractor was used. Yes or No value.	Local Contract						
				The type of prescribed fire operation that was conducted.	Prescribed Fire Type						
				If RX is black-line, what was the average percentage covered.	Average Percent Cover						
				The primary ignition pattern used.	Firing Type Pattern						
				Ignition of the fire is from the air.	Aerial Ignition Method						
				Ignition method used on the fire is from the ground.	Ground Ignition Method						
				The mechanical method used.	Mechanical Application						
				How the chemical was dispersed.	Application Equipment						
									Prescribed Fire	The date and time the prescribed fire ignition is planned to occur.	Planned Date of Ignition
									Prescribed Fire	The total quantity of acres that are planned to be burned as a result of the prescribed fire.	Planned Number of Acres Burned
									Prescribed Fire	Identifies whether a prescribed fire is a pile burn or a broadcast burn.	Pile or Broadcast
The Escape component of the PNF (Prescribed Natural Fire) Complexity.	PNF Complexity - Escape										
The Values component of the PNF (Prescribed Natural Fire) Complexity.	PNF Complexity - Values										
The Fuels Behavior component of the PNF (Prescribed Natural Fire) Complexity.	PNF Complexity - Fuels/Behavior										
The Duration component of the PNF (Prescribed Natural Fire) Complexity.	PNF Complexity - Duration										
The Air Quality component of the PNF (Prescribed Natural Fire) Complexity.	PNF Complexity - Air Quality										
Identifier that was assigned to the treatment within the NFPORS system.	NFPORS Treatment Number								NFPORS	NFPORS treatment IDs related to a specific fire location.	NFPORS Treatment ID
				The project number assigned to a prescribed fire in FireBase.	FireBase Project Number						
The prescribed fire complexity rating for the project.	Overall Treatment Complexity			The maximum complexity level assigned to a management ignited fire.	Complexity Level						
The Fire Behavior Prediction System (FBPS) fuel model and fuel loading information for a fuels management project (for primary and secondary fuel models) or the FBPS fuel model for a wildfire.											
The predominate Fire Behavior Prediction System (FBPS) fuel model that best characterizes the fuel(s) for the incident site.	FBPS Fuel Model								Fuels	A fuel model identified by the national Fire Behavior Prediction System within the perimeter of the fire. Original 13 or new 40?	Fuels - FBPS Fuel Model
The fuel size class.	Fuel Size Class										
Percentage of the project or incident area covered by this fuel model type.	FBPS Fuel Model Percent										

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
Pre-burn loading in tons per acre for the fuel model and size class (for fuels management projects).	Pre-burn Loading (tons per acre)										
Percentage of fuels consumed by the fire or treatment (for fuels management projects).	Consumption (percent)										
									Fire Fuel Type	Pick list (Grass, Brush, Timber, Slash)	Fuel Type
									Fuels	Total fuel load on site reported in tons/acre.	Fuels - Fuel Load
									Fire Behavior - Fuels	A Y/N field that tells/indicates whether prior fuels treatments facilitated IA on a given fire.	Fuels Treatment IA Indicator
									Fire Behavior - Fuels	A Y/N field that tells/indicates whether prior fuels treatments had an effect on fire behavior on a given fire.	Fuels Treatment Indicator
				The emissions output from the fire.	Emissions						
The type and amount of resource(s) used for initial attack of the fire. There can be up to 5 records per fire report.											
The type of resources that performed initial attack on the incident.	Initial Attack Resource Type	The codes and quantities of suppression forces used up until the time of suppression strategy was attained, or until the time the fire escaped.	Supplement for Forces Used	Resources assigned during the first 48-hour period. Capability class of the equipment, aircraft, overhead, and personnel that is used to manage the incident. The resources used in fire management operations on the incident.	Resource Type	This section records the Apparatus and Personnel committed to Suppression for a specific incident. There is also a check box to indicate that this section has been left blank and an Apparatus or Personnel Module were used instead. The Apparatus Module provides the capability to report nine resources and incorporates Apparatus or Resource (ID and Type), Dates and Times (Dispatch, Arrival and Clear), Sent indicators, Number of People, Apparatus Use (Suppression, EMS or Other), and Actions Taken (up to four actions for each apparatus) for each resource reported. The Personnel Module provides the capability to report three personnel groups and incorporates the elements captured on the Apparatus Module (outlined earlier in this definition) and personnel specific identifiers including Personnel ID (up to six people), Name, Rank or Grade, Attendance indicators, and up to four Action Taken reports per individual.	Resources	Basic Apparatus Personnel	Fire Resource	The type of resources used on a fire by kind and category. Pre-defined look up table data. IR: Total Resources	Fire Resource Kind, Category
The quantity of resources for each Initial Attack Resource Type for each group reported in the preceding field.	Initial Attack Resource Amount			The total number of each Fire Resource Type.	Fire Resource Number	See definition above.	Resources	Basic Apparatus Personnel	Fire Resource	The total number of fire resources used on a fire by kind and category. IR: Total Resources	Fire Resource Quantity
									Fire Resource	The number of the day the fire resources were deployed on the fire.	Fire Resource Day
									Fire Resource	The ownership of fire resources used on a fire by kind and category. May be linked to quantity and kind.	Fire Resource Owner
									Fire Resource	Indicator of whether a severity request was the reason that the resource is on fire.	Fire Resource Severity Request Indicator
									Fire Resource	An indicator that defines whether retardant is used on a fire. Y or N	Retardant Used Indicator
The plot/burn objective(s) for the fuels management project. There can be up to 3 records per fire report.											
The plot/burn objective(s) for the reported fuels activity.	Plot/Burn Objective			The primary reason for the use of the fire.	Treatment Objective						

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
				The type of treatment conducted. Read-only field from values obtained in the Accomplishments Section. Visual for immediate recognition and used in the download.	Treatment Type						
Lists the statistical data for a fire (the acres burned by owner, vegetative type, and state/county). There can be up to 8 records per fire report.											
The state(s) where the incident occurred.	State			The State(s) in which the fire or treatment occurred.	Burned/Treatment State(s)				State Fire Report	The state and county in which a fire occurs. Same as Point of Origin - County and State	State and County
The county(s) where the incident occurred.	County										
The owner(s) of the land within the fire perimeter.	Owner			The agency(s) or private lands burned by a fire.	Burned/Treatment Owner(s)	The owner of the property involved in the incident	Owner	Basic	Fire Owner	Ownership of all lands within the perimeter of the fire.	Ownership Within Perimeter
The primary vegetative cover(s) for land within the fire perimeter.	Vegetation								Vegetation Classification	A unique identifier for a classification of vegetation	Vegetation Classification Type Identifier
Number of acres (rounded to the nearest tenth acre) that burned for a particular (reported) owner <b>and</b> vegetation type (or that were treated, for a mechanical hazard reduction fuels management project).	Black Acres			The total number of burned or treated acres.	Burned/Treated Acres					This element reports the acres burned by state and owner when reported in conjunction with the state and owner elements reported above.	Acres Burned By State/Owner
						Indicate the percent of the total acres burned for each ownership type then check ONE box to identify the property owner at the origin of the fire. If the ownership at origin is Federal, enter the Federal Agency code.	Property Management	Wildland			
Total number of acres (treated and untreated) in a fuels management project.	Project Acres										
Information that pertains to Fire Type 1 fires that were human-caused.											
The type of individual responsible for starting a fire. This classification is further defined as the relationships between the person(s) who are known or suspected of causing the fire and their related activities within/near the area protected by the reporting unit.	Suspect Classification	Identifies the person or group involved with a human-caused fire. For lightning fires, 0 (not person-caused). For persons whose status cannot be determined, Select 8 (other).	Class of People								
						The suspected stimulus that caused the subject(s) to burn any real or personal property. The Arson Module provides the opportunity to track up to three Motivation Factors.	Suspected Motivation Factors	Arson			
						This section is completed if the person involved in the ignition of the fire was a child or a juvenile under the age of 18. It includes Age or Date of Birth, Gender, Race, Ethnicity, Family Type, Motivation/Risk Factors, Disposition of Person Under 18 and Remarks specific to the juvenile and their activity.	Juvenile Fire setter Section	Arson			
The status of the investigation into the cause of the fire.	Status					The current status of the investigation.	Case Status	Arson		The status of the investigation into the cause of the fire.	Case Status
Name of the person responsible for authorizing that there will not be a case.	Authorized by Name										
The title of the person responsible for authorizing that there will not be a case.	Authorized by Title										

WFMI - Fire Reporting (1202)		FIRESTAT - Fire Reporting (5100-29)		FMIS - Fire Reporting		NFIRS - Wildland Module (version 5.0)			FORS Database		
Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Element Definition	Data Element Name	Module	Data Entity Name	Element Description	Data Element Name
The reason (rationale) used for determining that there will not be a case.	Rationale										
The number assigned to the trespass case associated with a specific human-caused wildland fire (if there is a case). Format: AANN -10- NNNN	Trespass Case Number					Identifies the agency, if any, the incident was referred to for follow-up investigation. The Agency Referred To section reports the Agency Name, Agency Telephone Number, Street Address, City, State, Zip Code, THE AGENCY'S CASE NUMBER, their ORI, their Federal Identifier (FID), and their FDID.	Agency Referred To Section	Arson			
The dollar amount (to the nearest cent) that the responsible party has been billed.	Billed Amount										
The date the bill was sent to the party responsible for the human-caused ignition of the wildland fire.	Billed Month Day Year										
The dollar amount (to the nearest cent) that the responsible party has paid.	Recovered Amount										
The date the responsible party submitted remuneration for the wildland fire.	Recovered Month Day Year										
The dollar amount to the nearest cent) received by the BLM from the responsible party.	Amount Received by BLM										
The date the BLM received remuneration from the party responsible for the wildland fire.	Received Month Day Year										
A pertinent narrative description of the trespass investigation for a specific incident.	Remarks					See basic module remarks section above	Remarks	Arson			
Indicates if this fire was investigated. A value of 1 is Yes; a value of 0 is No.	Was fire investigated?									Indicates if this fire was investigated. Yes or No.	Investigated (Y/N)
Indicates if the identity of the suspect is known (1) or unknown (0).	Suspect Identity										
The general type of suspect.	Suspect Type										