

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OFFICE OF AUDIT SERVICES 150 S. INDEPENDENCE MALL WEST SUITE 316 PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19106-3499

OCT 16 2003

Report Number: A-03-03-00392

Diane Matuszak, M.D., M.P.H. Director, Community Health Administration Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene 201 West Preston Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201

Dear Dr. Matuszak:

Enclosed are two copies of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Office of Inspector General (OIG) report entitled "State of Maryland's Efforts to Account For and Monitor Sub-Recipients' Use of Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program Funds."

A copy of this report will be forwarded to the action official noted below for her review and any action deemed necessary. Final determination as to actions taken on all matters reported will be made by the HHS action official named below. We request that you respond to the HHS action official within 30 days from the date of this letter. Your response should present any comments or additional information that you believe may have a bearing on the final determination.

In accordance with the principles of the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552, as amended by Public Law 104-23 1), OIG reports issued to the department's grantees and contractors are made available to members of the press and general public to the extent information contained therein is not subject to exemptions in the Act which the department chooses to exercise. (See 45 CFR Part 5.)

Page 2 – Diane Matuszak, M.D., M.P.H.

If you have any questions or comments about this report, please do not hesitate to call me or Leon Skros, Audit Manager, at 215-861-4472 or through e-mail at 1skros@oig.hhs.gov. To facilitate identification, please refer to report number A-03-03-00392 in all correspondence.

Sincerely yours,

Stephen Un

Stephen Virbitsky Regional Inspector General for Audit Services

Enclosures - as stated

Direct Reply to HHS Action Official:

Nancy J. McGinness Director, Office of Financial Policy and Oversight Room 11A55, Parklawn Building 5600 Fishers Lane Rockville, Maryland 20857 **Department of Health and Human Services**

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

STATE OF MARYLAND

EFFORTS TO ACCOUNT FOR AND MONITOR SUB-RECIPIENTS' USE OF BIOTERRORISM HOSPITAL PREPAREDNESS PLANNING PROGRAM FUNDS



OCTOBER 2003 A-03-03-00392

Office of Inspector General

http://oig.hhs.gov/

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In accordance with the principles of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, as amended by Public Law 104-231, Office of Inspector General, Office of Audit Services, reports are made available to members of the public to the extent information contained therein is not subject to exemptions in the Act. (See 45 CFR Part 5.)

OAS FINDINGS AND OPINIONS

The designation of financial or management practices as questionable or a recommendation for the disallowance of costs incurred or claimed as well as other conclusions and recommendations in this report represent the findings and opinions of the HHS/OIG/OAS. Authorized officials of the awarding agency will make final determination on these matters.



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

OBJECTIVE

Our objectives were to determine whether the Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (State agency) properly recorded, summarized and reported bioterrorism preparedness transactions in accordance with the terms and conditions of the cooperative agreements and whether the State agency has established controls and procedures to monitor sub-recipient expenditures of Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) funds. In addition, we inquired as to whether Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program (Program) funding supplanted programs previously provided by other organizational sources.

FINDINGS

Based on our validation of the questionnaire completed by the State agency and our site visit, we determined that the State agency generally accounted for Program funds in accordance with the terms and conditions of the cooperative agreement and applicable departmental regulations and guidelines. However, the State agency did not segregate expenditures by phase, within phase, or by priority area. Although segregation was not required, budget restrictions were specified in the cooperative agreement. The State agency reported that it is possible to separately account for different funding sources, if necessary.

The State agency had a reporting system to track and monitor sub-recipient activities. The State agency contracted with the Maryland Hospital Association, Inc. (Association) to assist in the disbursement of funds awarded by HRSA to Maryland for hospital sub-recipients. The Association was required by the contract to provide the State agency an itemized statement of expenditures, showing how the funds were expended. The State agency developed a site visit component as part of the reporting system. We believe that the site visit component, combined with the reporting system, provides adequate monitoring and oversight of State agency sub-recipients.

In response to our inquiry as to whether the State agency reduced funding to existing public health programs, State agency officials replied that Program funding had not been used to supplant existing State or local programs.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the State agency segregate Program expenditures by phase, within phase, and by priority area.

STATE AGENCY'S COMMENTS

In a written response to our draft report, the State agency concurred with our findings and our recommendation. The State agency's response is included in its entirety as an appendix to this report.

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INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

The Program

Since September 2001, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services has significantly increased its spending for public health preparedness and response to bioterrorism. For FYs 2002 and 2003, the Department awarded amounts totaling \$2.98 billion and \$4.32 billion, respectively, for bioterrorism preparedness. Some of the attention has been focused on the ability of hospitals and emergency medical services systems to respond to bioterrorist events.

Congress authorized funding to support activities related to countering potential biological threats to civilian populations under the Department of Defense and Emergency Supplemental Appropriations for Recovery from and Response to Terrorist Attacks on the United States Act, 2002, Public Law 107-117. As part of this initiative, HRSA made available approximately \$125 million in FY 2002 for cooperative agreements with State, territorial, and selected municipal offices of public health. The Program is referred to as the Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program. The purpose of this cooperative agreement program is to upgrade the preparedness of the Nation's hospitals and collaborating entities to respond to bioterrorism.

HRSA made awards to States and major local public health departments under Program Cooperative Agreement Guidance issued February 15, 2002. These awards provided funds for the development and implementation of regional plans to improve the capacity of hospitals, their emergency departments, outpatient centers, emergency management systems and other collaborating health care entities for responding to incidents requiring mass immunization, treatment, isolation and quarantine in the aftermath of bioterrorism or other outbreaks of infectious disease.

Annual Program Funding

The Program year covered the period April 1, 2002 through March 31, 2003 and the funding totaled \$125 million. It has since been extended to cover the period through March 31, 2004.

Budget Restrictions

During the Program year, the cooperative agreement covered two phases. Phase I, *Needs Assessment, Planning and Initial Implementation*, provided 20 percent of the total award (\$25 million) for immediate use. Up to one-half of Phase I funds could be used for development of implementation plans, with the remainder to be used for implementation of immediate needs. The remaining 80 percent of the total award (\$100 million) was not made available until required implementation plans were approved by HRSA, at which point Phase II, *Implementation*, could begin. Grantees were allowed to roll over unobligated Phase I funds to Phase II. Grantees were required to allocate at least 80 percent of Phase II funds to hospitals and their collaborating entities through contractual awards to upgrade their abilities to respond to bioterrorist events.

Funds expended for health department infrastructure and planning were not to exceed the remaining 20 percent of Phase II funds.

Eligible Recipients

Grant recipients included all 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and the Northern Marianas Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the nation's three largest municipalities (New York, Chicago, and Los Angeles County). Those eligible to apply included the health departments of States or their bona fide agents. Individual hospitals, emergency management systems, health centers and poison control centers work with the applicable health department for funding through the Program.

State Agency Funding

The following table details Program funding for budget year one:

Program Year 1 Amounts					
	Awarded	Expended	Unobligated		
Year 1	\$2,301,890	\$ 2,127,246 ⁽¹⁾	\$	174,644 (1)	

⁽¹⁾ As of February 28, 2003

OBJECTIVE, SCOPE AND METHODOLOGY

Objectives

Our objectives were to determine whether the State agency properly recorded, summarized and reported Program transactions in accordance with the terms and conditions of the cooperative agreements and whether the State agency has established controls and procedures to monitor sub-recipient expenditures of HRSA funds. In addition, we inquired as to whether Program funding supplanted programs previously provided by other organizational sources.

Scope

Our review was limited in scope and conducted for the purpose described above and would not necessarily disclose all material weaknesses. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the system of internal accounting controls. In addition, we did not determine whether costs charged to the Program were allowable.

Our audit included a review of State agency policies and procedures, financial reports, and accounting transactions during the period of April 1, 2002 through March 31, 2003.

Methodology

We developed a questionnaire to address the objectives of the review. The questionnaire covered the areas: (i) the grantee organization, (ii) funding, (iii) accounting for expenditures, (iv) supplanting, and (v) sub-recipient monitoring. Prior to our fieldwork, we provided the questionnaire for the State agency to complete. During our on-site visit, we interviewed State agency staff and obtained supporting documentation to validate the responses on the questionnaire.

Fieldwork was conducted at the State agency offices in Baltimore, Maryland and the HHS Office of Inspector General Regional Office in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania during June 2003. The State agency's comments on the draft report are included in their entirety as an appendix to this report. A summary of the State agency's comments follows the *Findings and Recommendations* section.

Our review was performed in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on our validation of the questionnaire completed by the State agency and our site visit, we determined that the State agency generally accounted for Program funds in accordance with the terms and conditions of the cooperative agreement and applicable departmental regulations and guidelines. However, the State agency did not segregate expenditures by phase, within phase, or by priority area. Although segregation was not required, budget restrictions were specified in the cooperative agreement. The State agency reported that it is possible to separately account for different funding sources, if necessary.

The State agency had a reporting system to track and monitor sub-recipient activities. The State agency contracted with the Association to assist in the disbursement of funds awarded by HRSA to Maryland for hospital sub-recipients. The Association was required by the contract to provide the State agency an itemized statement of expenditures, showing how the funds were expended. The State agency developed a site visit component as part of the reporting system. We believe that the site visit component, combined with the reporting system, provides adequate monitoring and oversight of State agency sub-recipients.

In response to our inquiry as to whether the State agency reduced funding to existing public health programs, State agency officials replied that Program funding had not been used to supplant existing State or local programs.

Accounting for Expenditures

An essential aspect of the Program is the need for the grantee to accurately and fully account for bioterrorism funds. Accurate and complete accounting of Program funds provides HRSA a means to measure the extent the program is being implemented and that the objectives are being met. Although the State agency was not required to segregate expenditures in the accounting system by phase, within phase, or by priority area, there are budgeting restrictions set forth in the

HRSA Program Cooperative Agreement Guidance and Summary Application Guidance for Award and First Allocation. Twenty percent of a grantee's total award will be made available in Phase I. Cooperative Agreement Guidance states that indirect costs will be "limited to 10 percent of the Phase I and Phase II total."

Regarding Phase I funds:

... Up to half of the Phase I funding may be allocated to planning and health department infrastructure to administer the cooperative agreement. At least half (50%) of the Phase I award must be allocated to hospitals and other health care entities to begin implementation of their plans....

Regarding Phase II funds, the Summary Application Guidance for Award and First Allocation states:

...Grantees will be required to allocate at least 80 percent of the Phase II funds to hospitals through written contractual agreements. To the extent justified, a portion of these funds could be made available to collaborating entities that improve hospital preparedness....

Expenditures at the State agency were not segregated in the central accounting system by phase, within phase, or by priority area. Although segregation was not required, budget restrictions were specified in the cooperative agreement. Specifically, expenditures for health department infrastructure and planning were not to exceed 50 percent of Phase I and 20 percent of Phase II funds. We determined that the State agency met these budget restrictions; however, without segregation of funds, the State agency had no assurance that funds expended do not exceed the budgeting restrictions set forth in the cooperative agreement. The State agency reported that it is possible to separately account for different funding sources, if necessary.

Sub-recipient Monitoring

Recipients of Program grant funds are required to monitor their sub-recipients. The PHS Grants Policy Statement requires that "grantees employ sound management practices to ensure that program objectives are met and that project funds are properly spent." It reiterates recipients must:

...establish sound and effective business management systems to assure proper stewardship of funds and activities....

In addition, the Policy Statement states that grant requirements apply to subgrantees and contractors under the grants.

...Where subgrants are authorized by the awarding office through regulations, program announcements, or through the approval of the grant application, the information contained in this publication also applies to subgrantees. The information would also apply to cost-type contractors under grants....

The State agency had a reporting system to track and monitor sub-recipient activities. The State agency contracted with the Association to assist in the disbursement of funds awarded by HRSA to Maryland for hospital sub-recipients and to assist in developing and conducting a hospital needs assessment survey. Hospitals were required to submit to the Association a report accounting for the expenditures made using the HRSA/State agency cooperative agreement funding. The Association, in turn, was required to submit to the State agency a summary of hospital expenditures. The State agency developed a site visit component as part of the reporting system. We believe that the site visit component, combined with the reporting system, provides adequate monitoring and oversight of State agency sub-recipients.

Supplanting

Program funds were to be used to augment current funding and focus on bioterrorism hospital preparedness activities under the HRSA Cooperative Agreement Guidance. Specifically, funds were not to be used to supplant existing Federal, State, or local programs for bioterrorism, infectious disease outbreaks, other public health threats and emergencies, and public health infrastructure within the jurisdiction. Page 4 of the Cooperative Agreement Guidance states:

...Given the responsibilities of Federal, State, and local governments to protect the public in the event of bioterrorism, funds from this grant must be used to supplement and not supplant the non-Federal funds that would otherwise be made available for this activity....

OMB Circular A-87 also states:

...funds are not to be used for general expenses required to carry out other responsibilities of a State or its sub-recipients....

In response to our inquiry as to whether the State agency reduced funding to existing public health programs, State agency officials replied that HRSA funding had not been used to supplant existing State or local programs for bioterrorism, infectious disease outbreaks, other public health threats and emergencies.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the State agency segregate Program expenditures by phase, within phase, and by priority area.

STATE AGENCY'S COMMENTS

In a written response to our draft report, the State agency concurred with our findings and our recommendation. The State agency's response is included in its entirety as an appendix to this report.

APPENDIX



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE Nelson J. Sabatini, Secretary

COMMUNITY HEALTH ADMINISTRATION Diane L. Matuszak, M.D., M.P.H., Director Richard W. Stringer, Deputy Director

September 18, 2003

Leon Skros Audit Manager DHHS-OIG Office of Audit Services 150 S. Independence Mall West, Suite 316 Philadelphia PA 19106

Re: Report Number A-03-00392

Dear Mr. Skros:

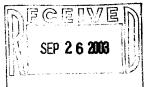
Thank you for allowing the Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to review the draft report (Number A-03-00392) of your Office's audit of the "State of Maryland – Efforts to Account for and Monitor Sub-recipients' Use of Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Planning Program Funds". As you noted in the report, segregation of funds by phase was not required during the first funding period of this program. Consistent with your recommendation and the requirements for the new funding period, the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene is now tracking expenditures by phase, and within phase, by priority area.

Sincerely,

Diane L. Matuszak, MD, MPH

Director Community Health Administration

cc: Julie Casani Arlene Stephenson



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