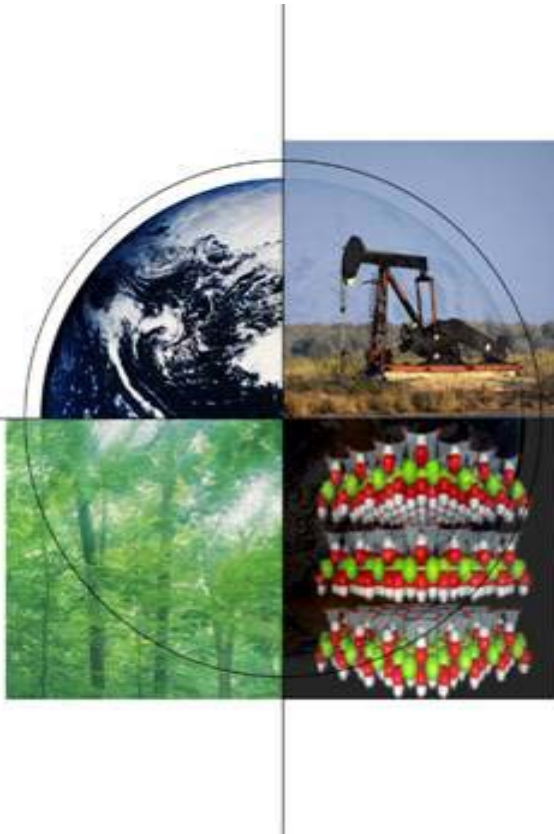


DOE Office of Fossil Energy Carbon Sequestration R&D Portfolio



*Third Annual Conference
on Carbon Sequestration*

May 6, 2004

Rita A. Bajura, Director

National Energy Technology Laboratory



Office of Fossil Energy



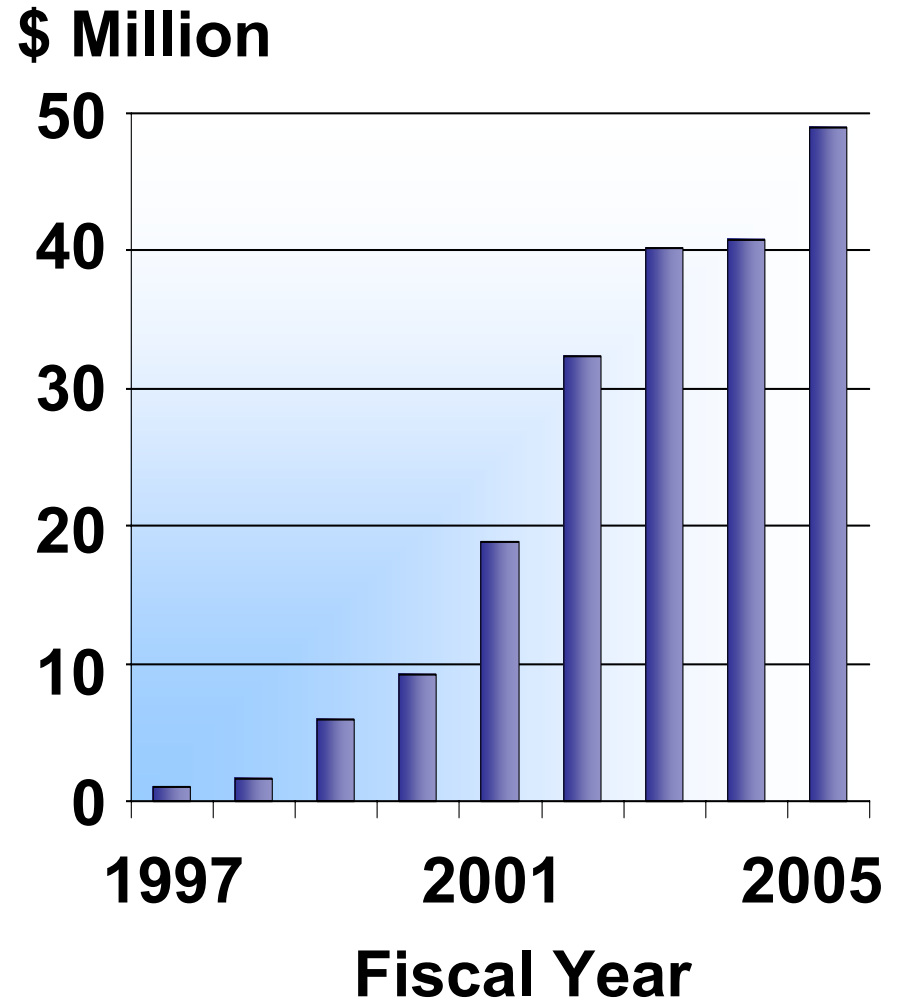
Presentation Outline

- Project portfolio
- Future opportunities
- Observations

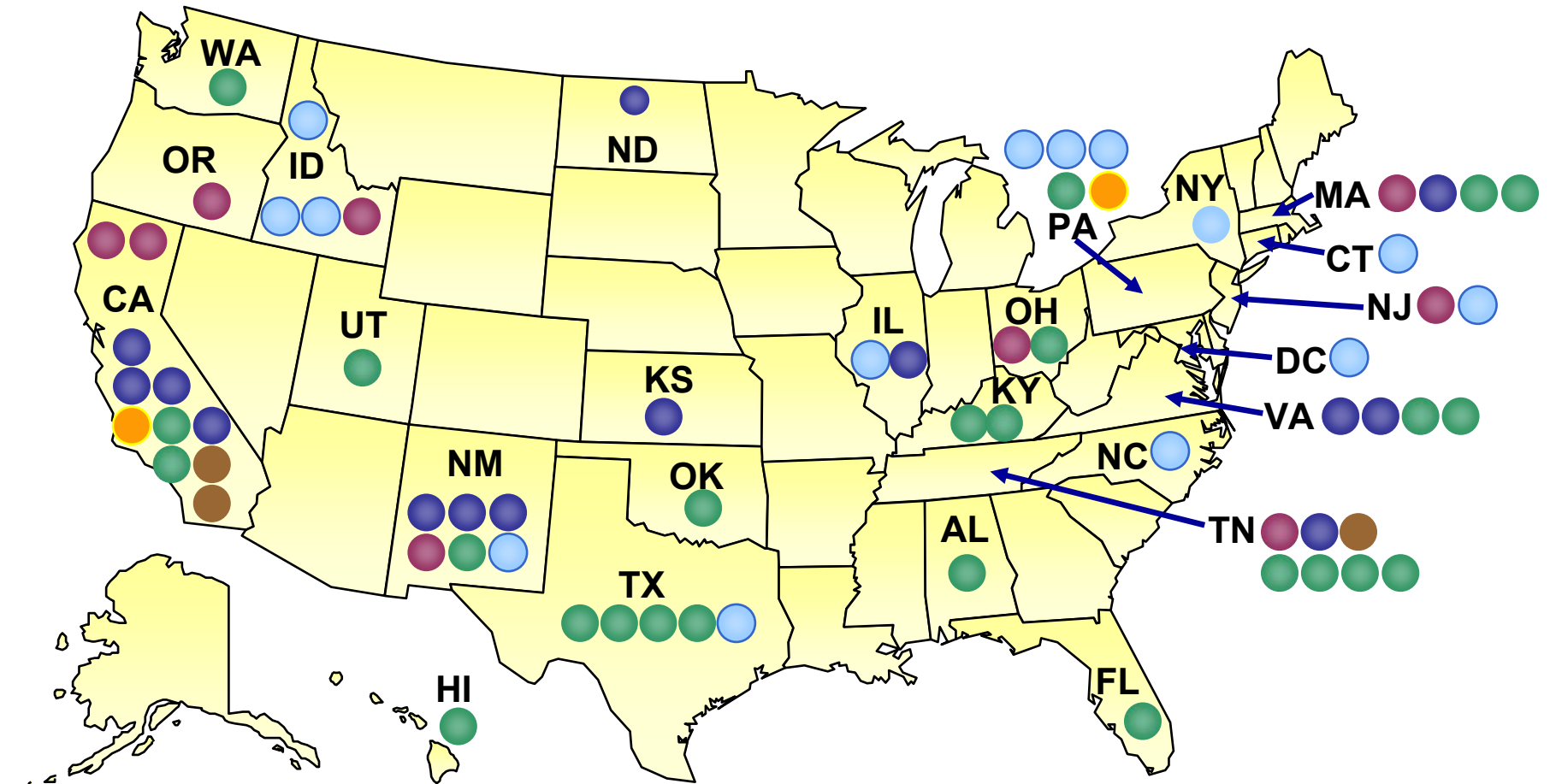





Sequestration: A Dynamic Program

- **Diverse project portfolio**
 - \$140M total value
 - > 60 projects
 - BP & IEA consortia
- **Strong support**
 - Growing DOE budget
 - 36% industry cost share



Sequestration Projects Span Nation



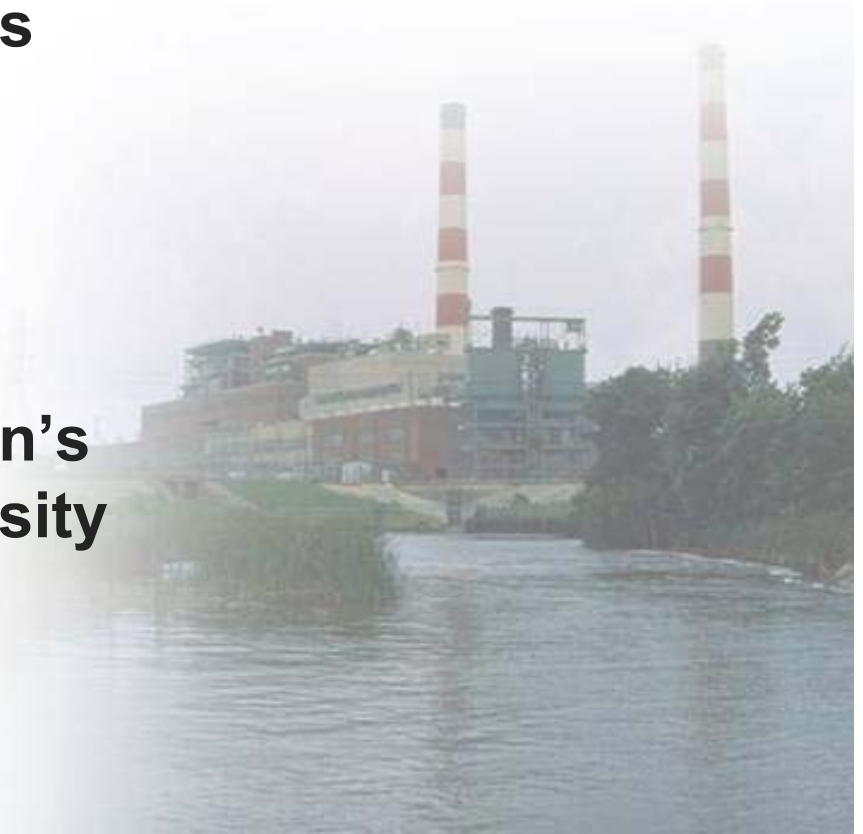
- | | |
|---|--|
|  Capture |  Breakthrough Concepts |
|  MMV |  Non-CO ₂ GHGs |
|  Sequestration |  Sequestration / MMV |



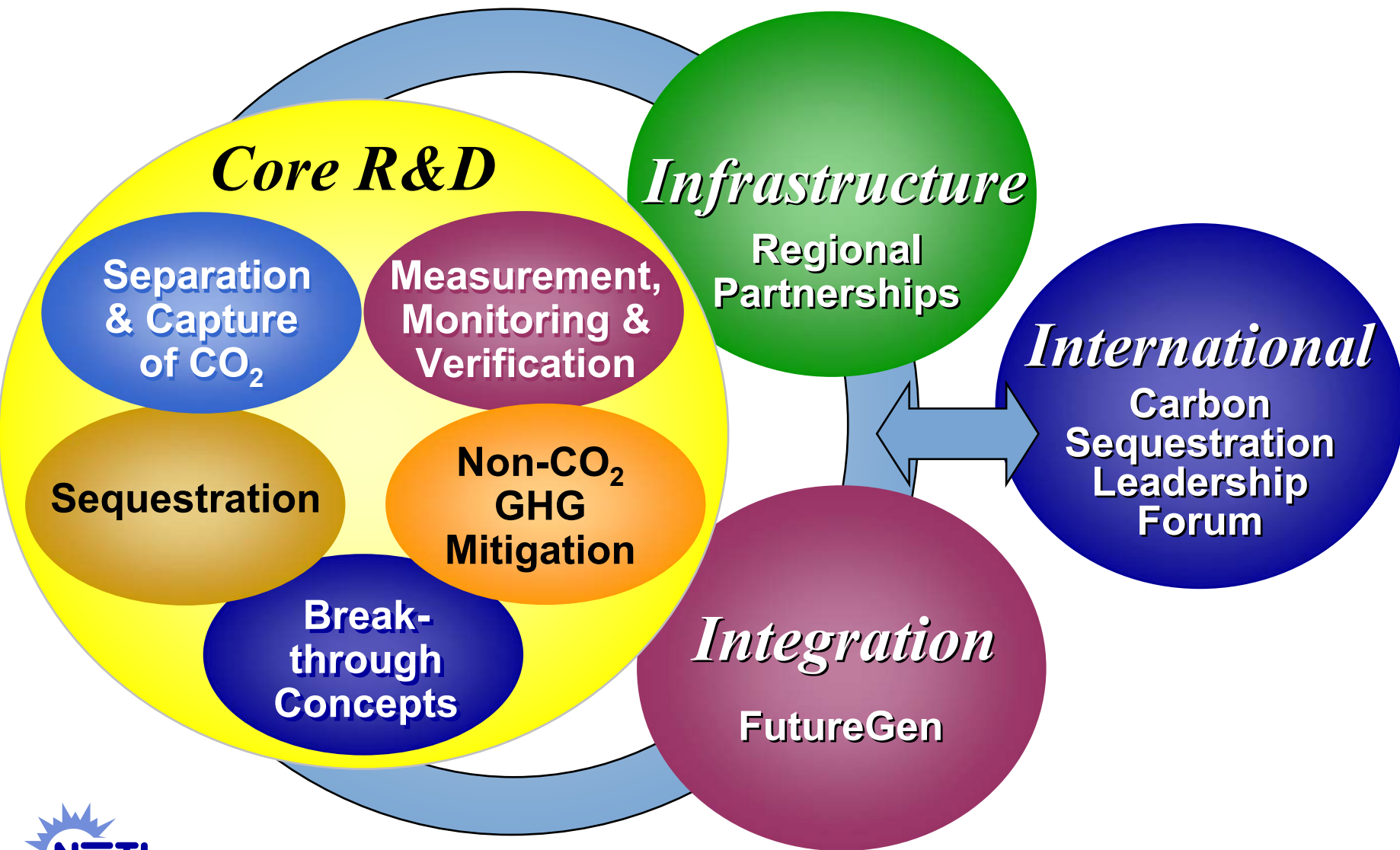
Sequestration Program Goals

By 2012

- Provide commercially ready options that meet cost goals
- Establish measurement, monitoring & verification protocols
- Contribute to Administration's goal of reducing GHG intensity by 18%

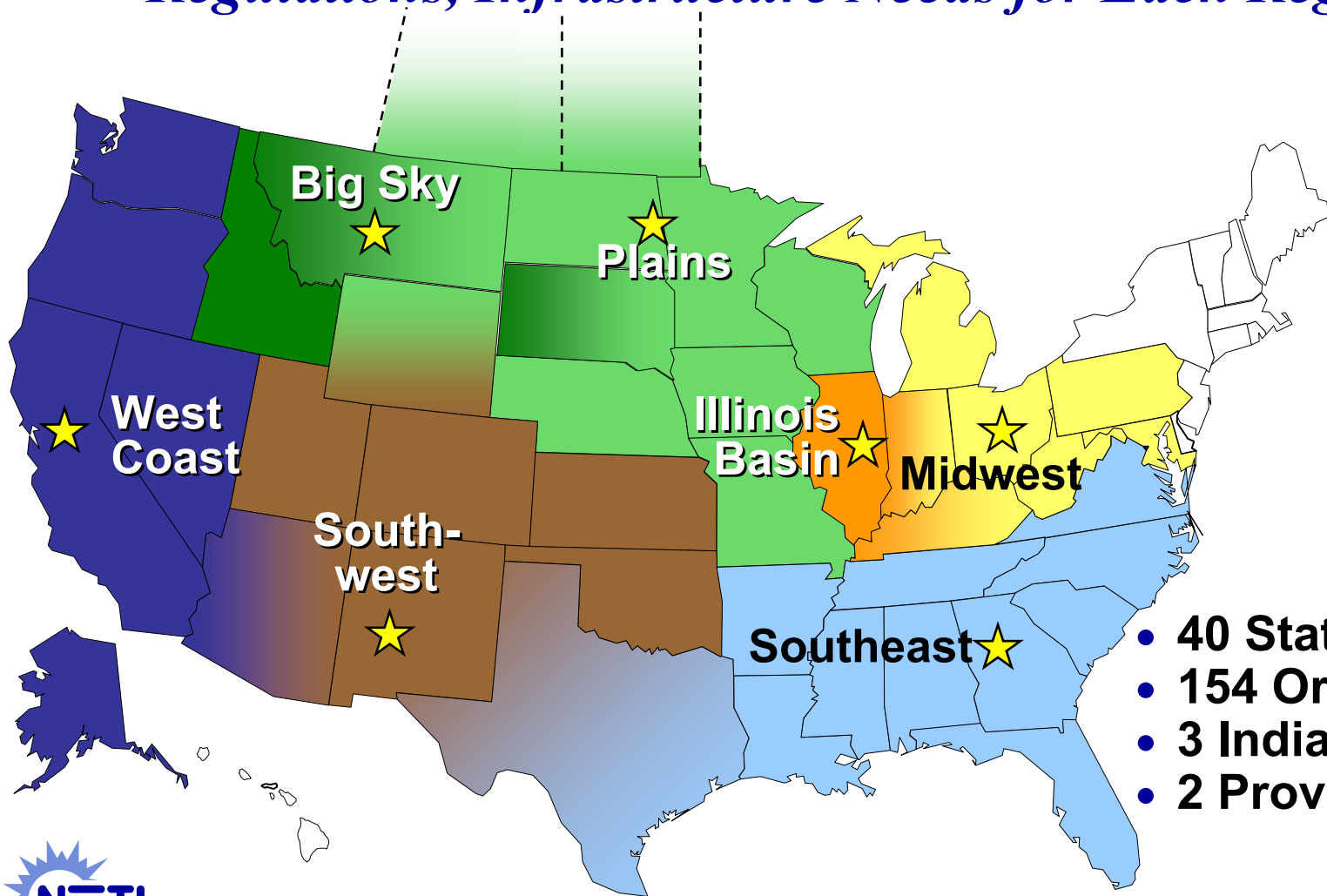


U.S. DOE/ Fossil Energy Program Organization



Seven Regional Partnerships

Network of Partnerships to Determine Technologies, Regulations, Infrastructure Needs for Each Region



- 40 States
- 154 Organizations
- 3 Indian Nations
- 2 Provinces



FutureGen

Sequestration & Hydrogen Research Plant

“ . . . the United States will sponsor a \$1 billion, 10-year demonstration project to create the world's first coal-based, zero-emissions electricity and hydrogen power plant . . . ”

February 27, 2003



Carbon Sequestration Leadership Forum

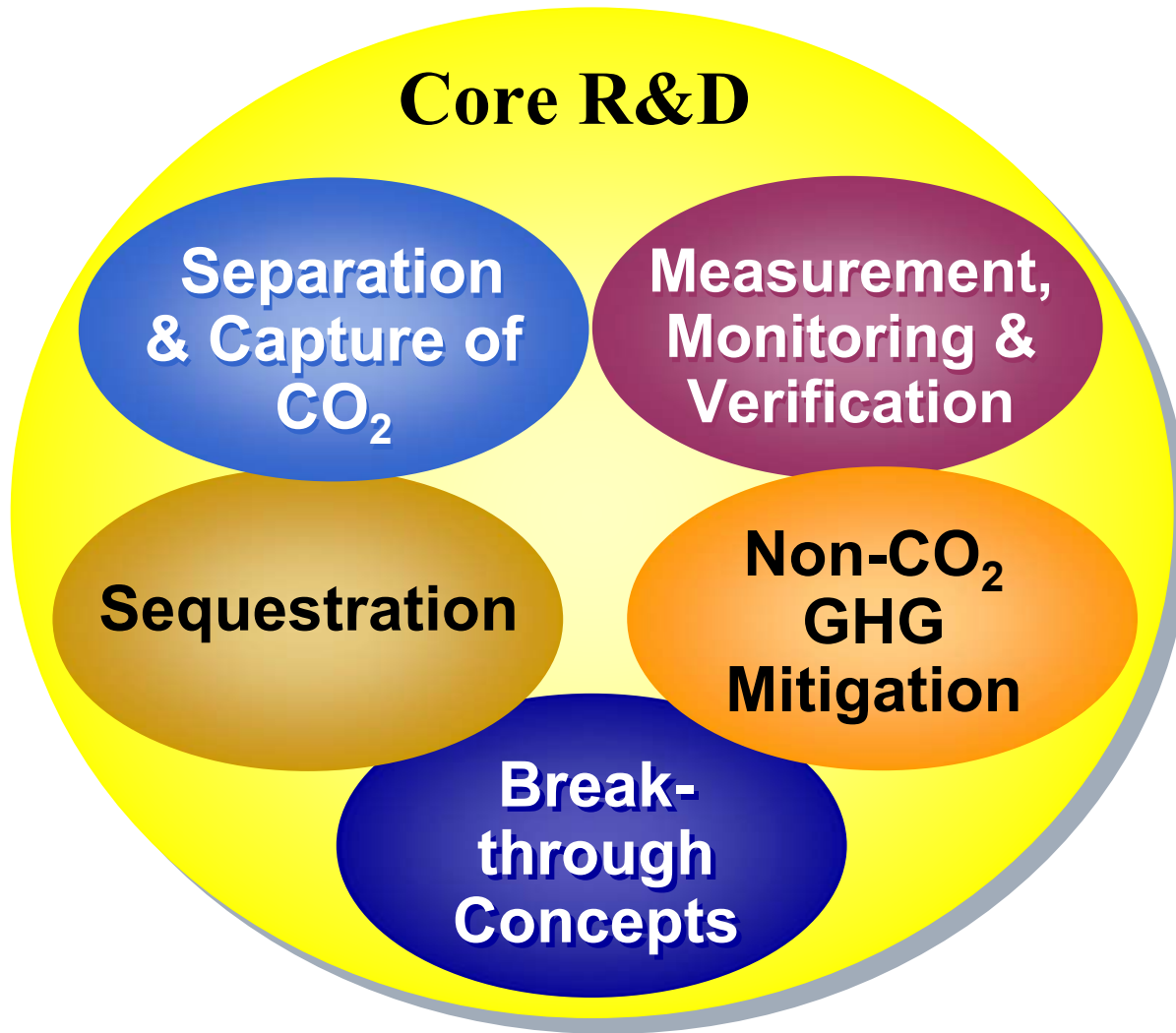
International Climate Change Initiative

- Facilitate development of cost-effective technologies
- Promote technical, political, and regulatory environments to develop such technology



*Charter Signing Ceremony, June 2003
Washington, D.C.*

Elements of Core R&D



Separation & Capture of CO₂

Issue

- Demonstrated technology is costly

Pathways

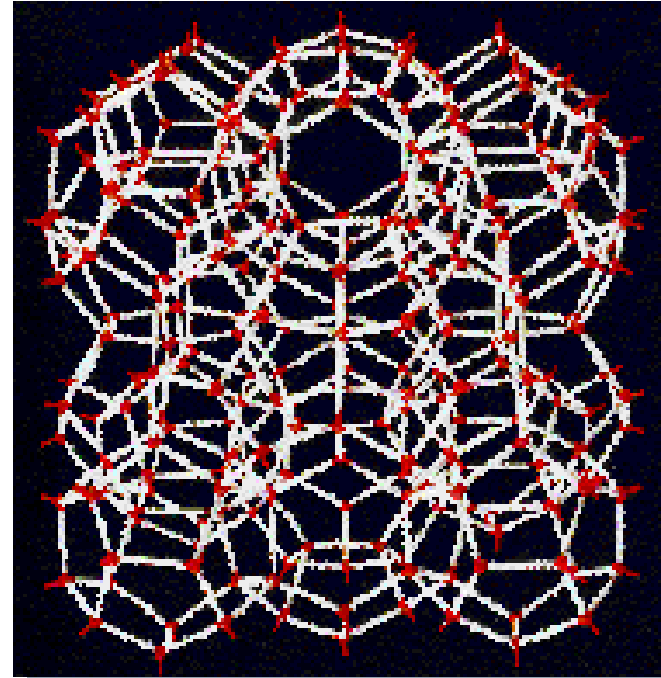
- Pre-combustion capture
- Post-combustion capture
- Oxygen-fired combustion
 - Chemical looping
- Optimized engineering



CO₂ Hydrates Technology

Pre-Combustion Capture

- Removes CO₂ from shifted synthesis gas by forming a hydrate slurry
- Produces a high pressure CO₂ stream
- Preliminary economics promising



CO₂ Hydrate Clathrate Structure

Participants: Nexant, SIMTECHE, LANL

Measurement, Monitoring & Verification

Issue

- Proving CO₂ fate

Pathways

- Surface and subsurface CO₂ leak detection and mitigation tools
- Atmospheric detection systems
- CO₂ fate and transport studies
- Protocols for accounting and permanence



*Digital Aerial Imagery
to Estimate Carbon
Stocks in Above-Ground
Vegetation*

Soil-Carbon Scanning System

- Rapid measurements of below ground carbon without disturbing soil
- Scan large areas
- Determine changes in soil-carbon with time



Components of Future Field Measurement System

Participant: BNL

Sequestration R&D

Issues

- Health, safety, and environmental risks
- Uncertain regulatory framework
- Site selection

Pathways

- Field experiments / demos
- Protocols for identifying amenable storage sites
- Capacity evaluation studies
- Underlying science



Frio Brine Field Sequestration Experiment

- Drill 5,000-foot well
- Inject 3,000 tons CO₂
- Extensively monitor
- Investigate safety, capacity, permanence



Participants:

- *U. Texas Austin BEG*
- *Texas American Resources*
- *BP America*
- *Schlumberger*
- *Sandia*
- *LBNL*
- *LLNL*
- *ORNL*



Non-CO₂ Greenhouse Gas Mitigation

Issue

- Methane a powerful GHG

Pathways

- Technologies to mitigate large fugitive releases
 - Coalbeds
 - Landfill gas
- Collaboration with EPA on best-practice mitigation options



Yolo County Bioreactor Landfill

- Accelerated landfill biodegradation
- Methane recovered for power production or other use

*Filling
Bioreactor
Landfill*



Participants:

- *Yolo County (CA)*
- *Solid Waste Assoc. of N.A.*
- *Inst. of Envir. Management*
- *U. of Delaware*



Breakthrough Concepts

Issue

- Need revolutionary approaches to meet DOE cost goals

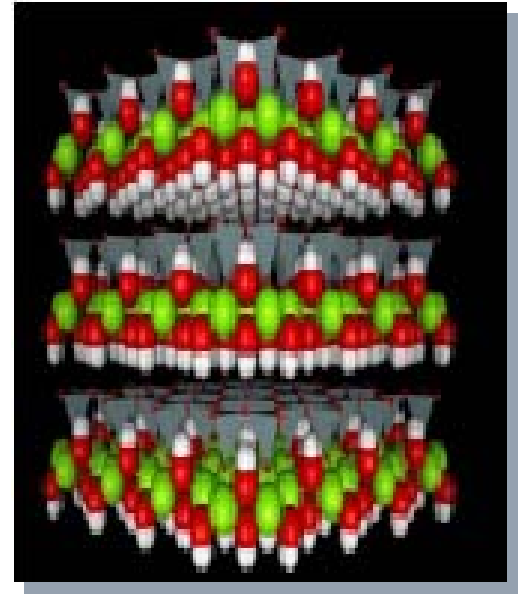
Pathways

- CO₂ conversion to benign, solid forms
- Advanced capture concepts
- Biogeochemical processes



CO₂ Mineralization

- CO₂ can react with minerals to form stable, solid carbonates
 - In plant
 - In-situ
 - Remediation strategy



*Atomic Serpentine
Structure*

Participants: Albany, ASU, LANL, SAIC

Broad Agency Announcement

Anticipate Issuing this Fiscal Year

- **Four areas of interest**
 - Direct capture technologies
 - Indirect capture technologies
 - Technologies for mitigating non-CO₂ GHG emissions
 - Monitoring, verification, and risk assessment for carbon sequestration
- **Anticipate \$1M FY 05 Federal funding**
 - 20% minimum non-Federal cost share



Phase II of Regional Partnerships

Details Still Under Development!

Tasks

- **Establish and implement**
 - Measurement, monitoring & verification protocols
 - Accounting, regulatory & liability action plans
- **Implement outreach mechanisms**
- **Perform proof-of-concept field tests for technology & infrastructure concepts**

The Plans

- **\$3-5 M/year for each of five regions**
- **20% cost share requirement**
- **Open to all completing equivalent of Phase I**

Not a technology development program!



Observation I

**The Sequestration Program Is
a Serious Effort**



A Serious Effort . . .

- **Representatives from industry, environmental community, labs, regulators, high-level government engaged**
- **International in scope**
- **Significant government and industry investment**
- **Multitude of projects underway**
- **Discussions on CO₂ credit trading, regulatory structure, liability**

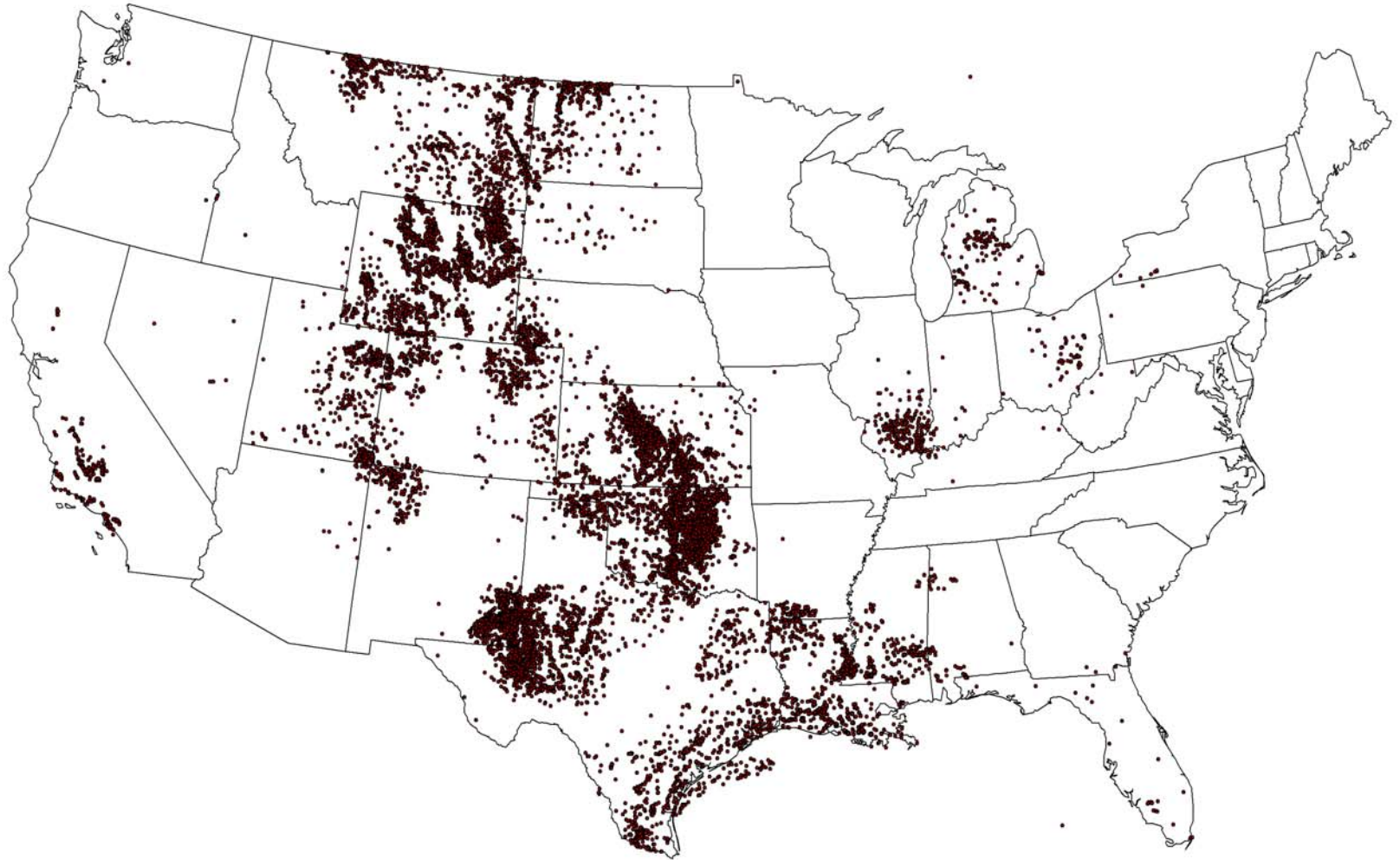


Observation II

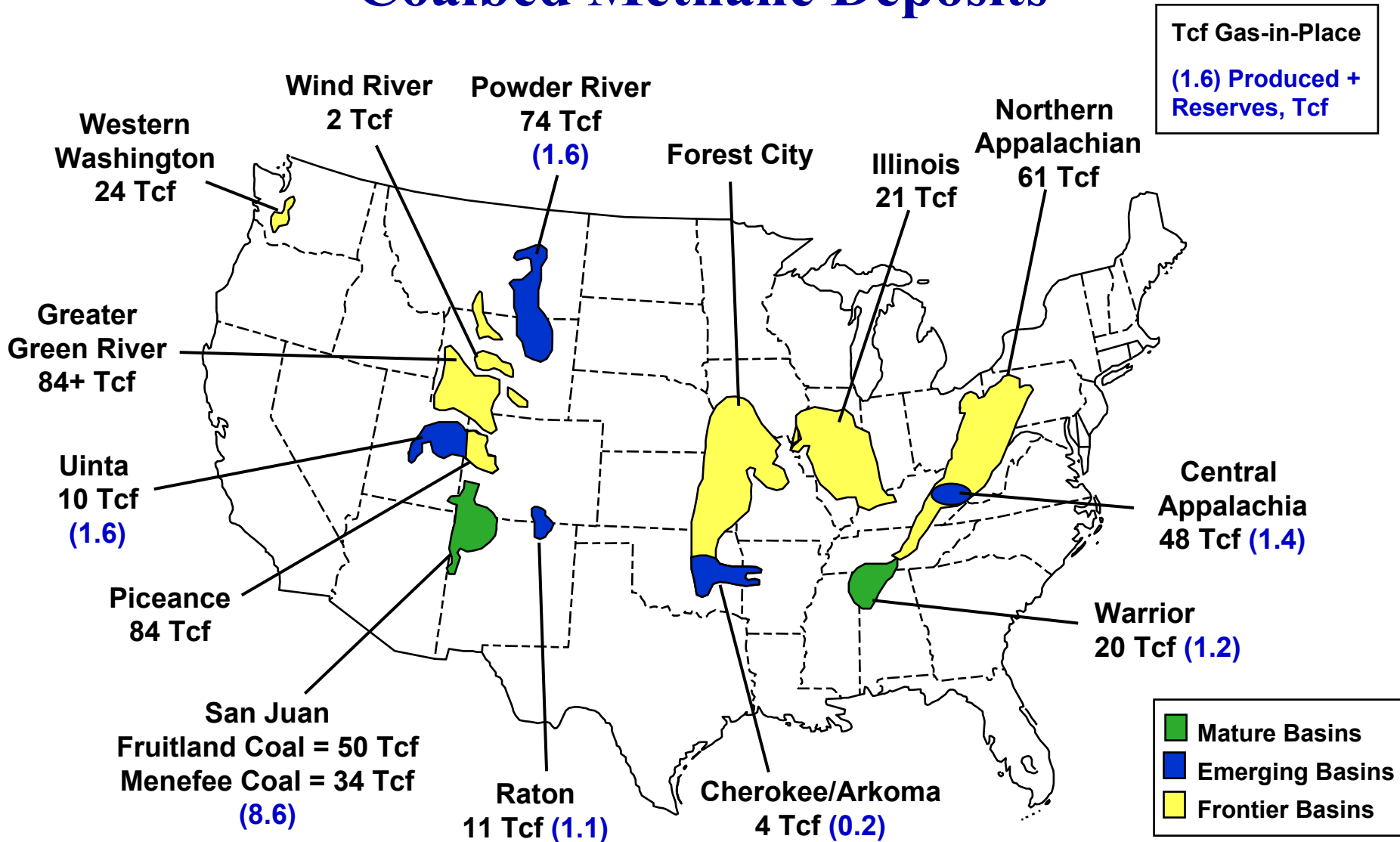
**Our Understanding of
Sequestration Geology, Mechanisms,
Capacity Is Improving**



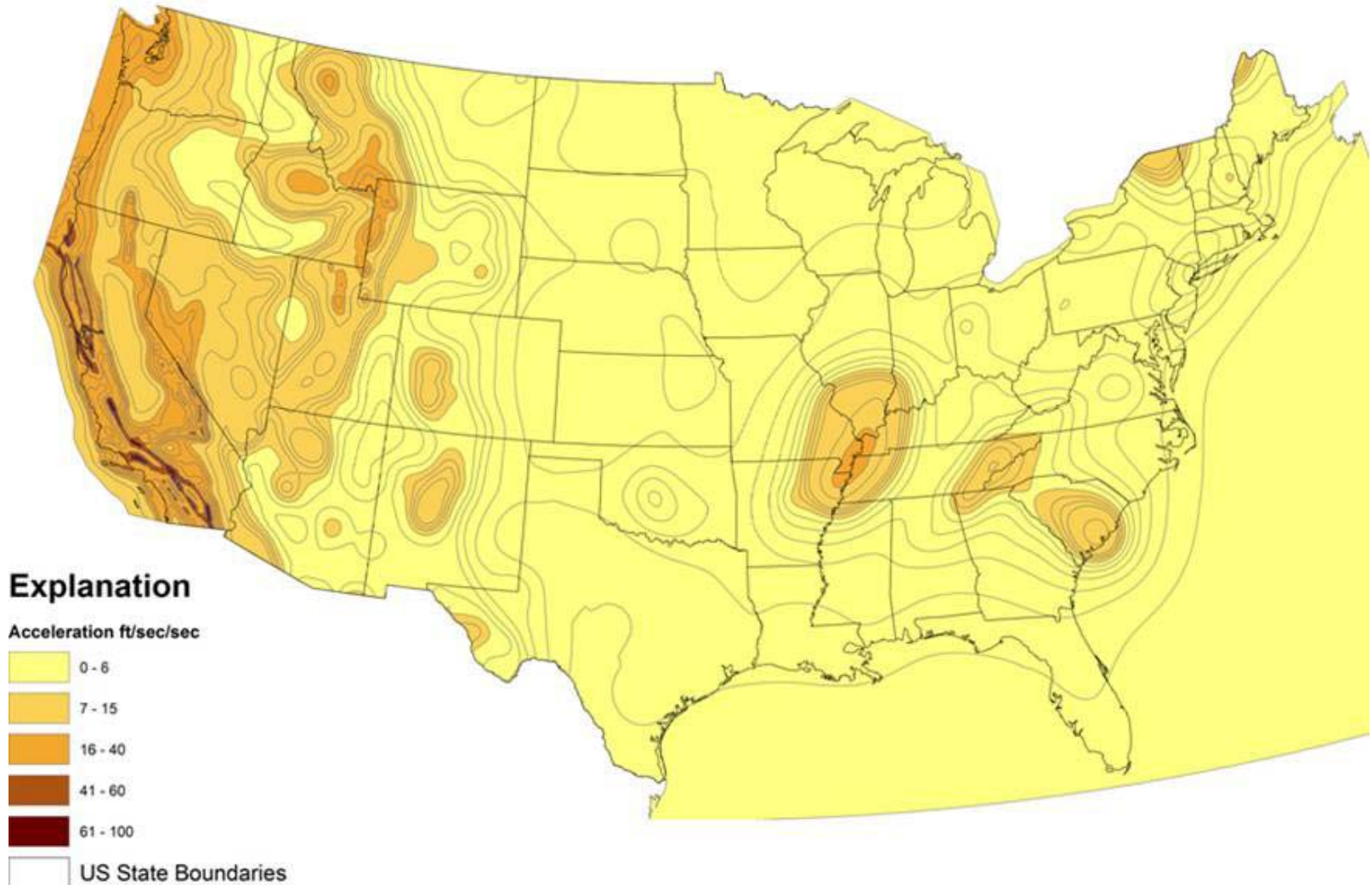
Brine Well Locations



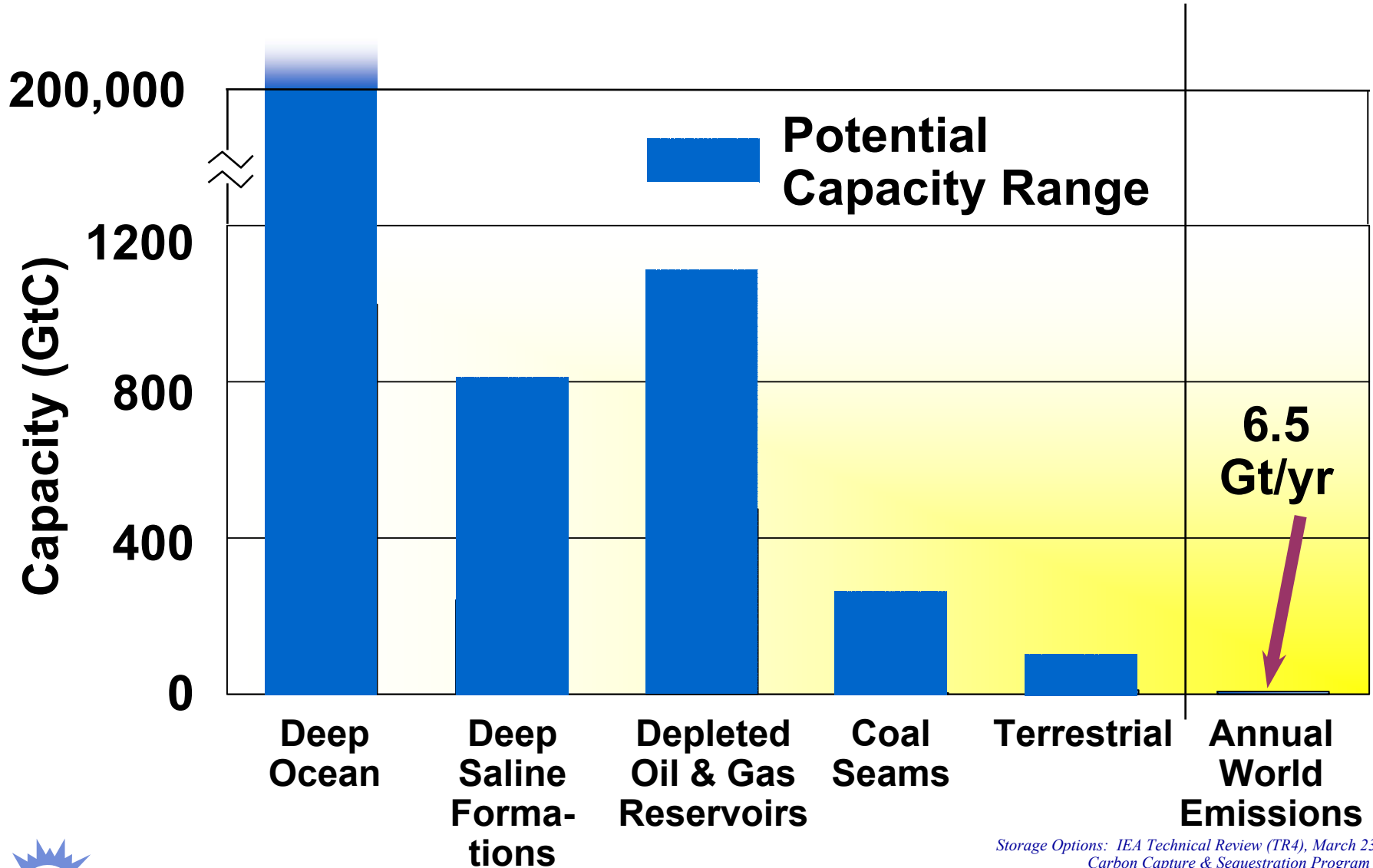
Coalbed Methane Deposits



Seismic Potential



Large Potential Worldwide Storage Capacity



Storage Options: IEA Technical Review (TR4), March 23, 2004
Carbon Capture & Sequestration Program @MIT
World Emissions: DOE/EIA, International Energy Outlook 2003, Table A10

Observation III

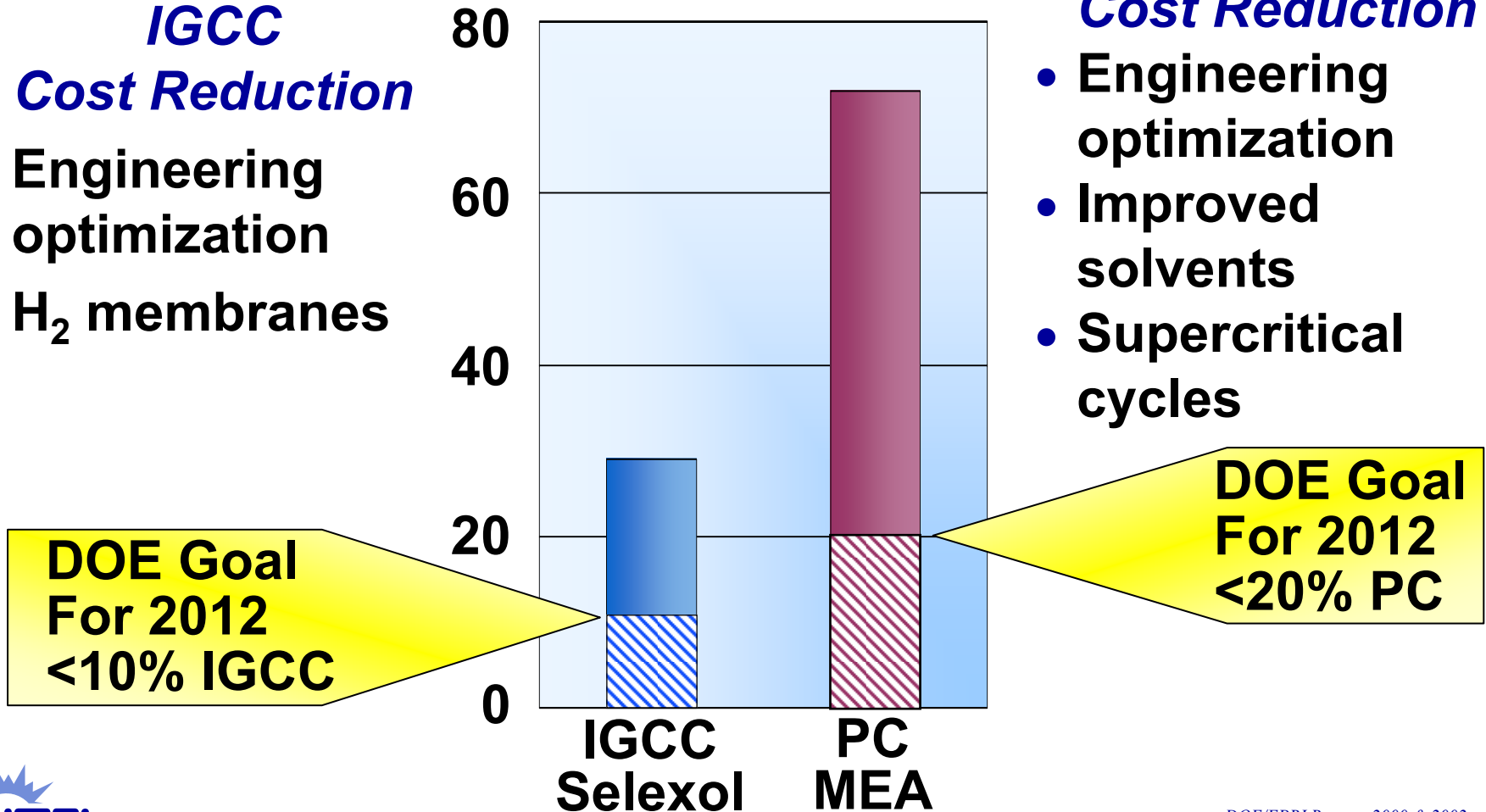
Our Understanding of Cost of Sequestration Is Improving



Percent Increase in COE Due to CO₂ Capture *Greenfield Plants, Circa 2000*

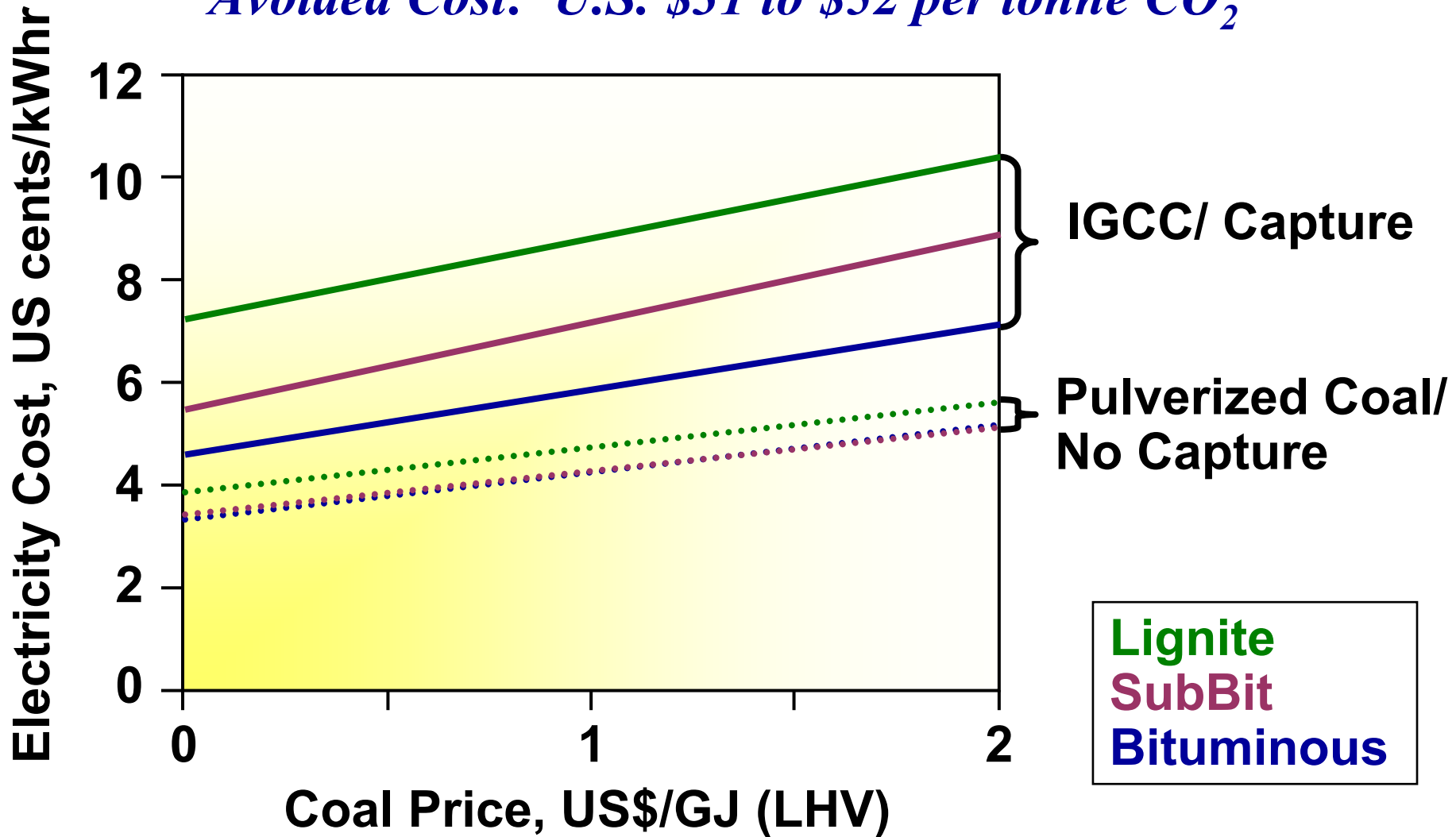
- IGCC**
Cost Reduction
- Engineering optimization
 - H₂ membranes

- PC**
Cost Reduction
- Engineering optimization
 - Improved solvents
 - Supercritical cycles



Sequestration Costs in Greenfield Plants

Avoided Cost: U.S. \$31 to \$52 per tonne CO₂

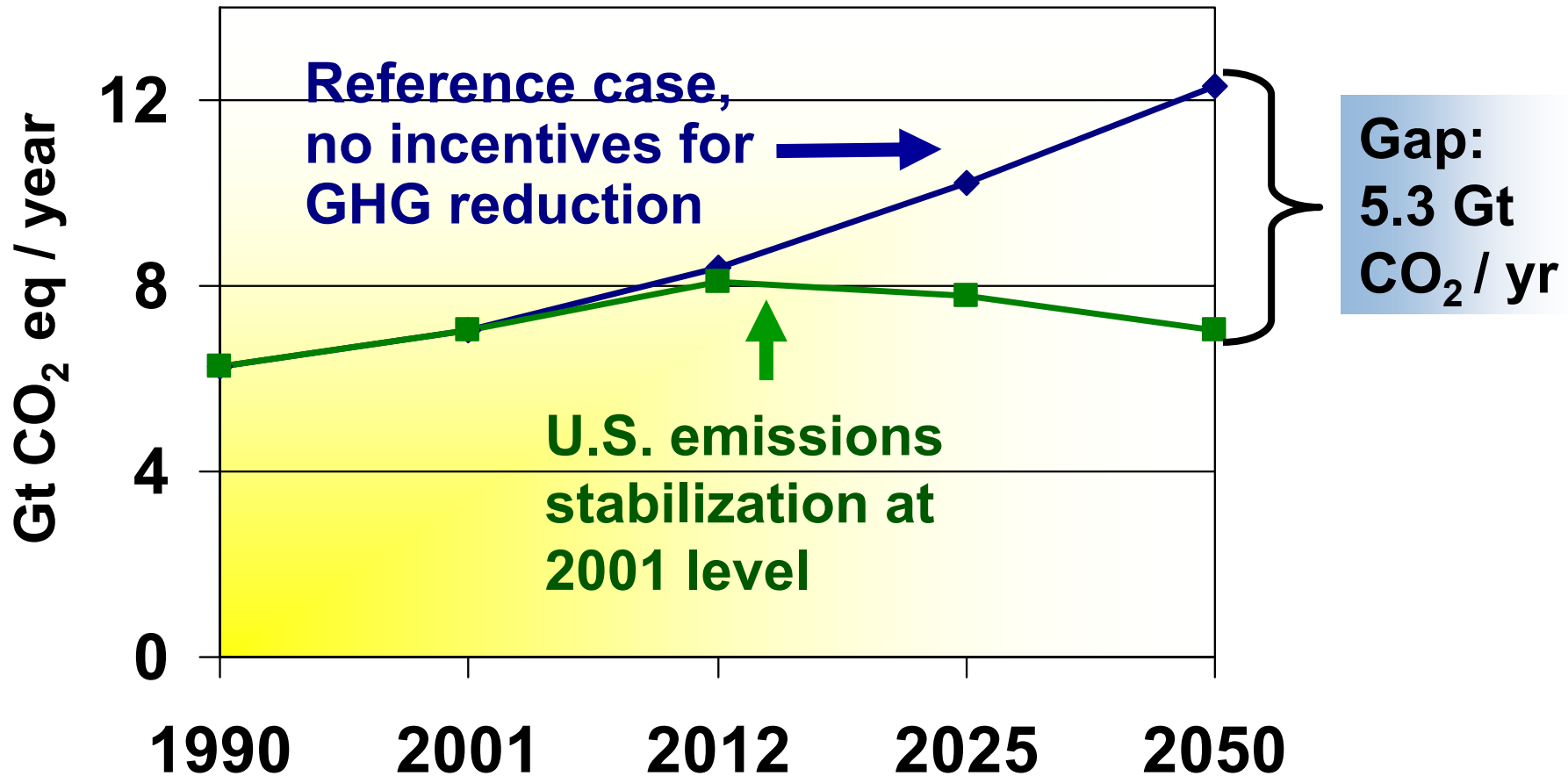


Observation IV

Increased Discussion of Inclusive Pathway to Emission Stabilization

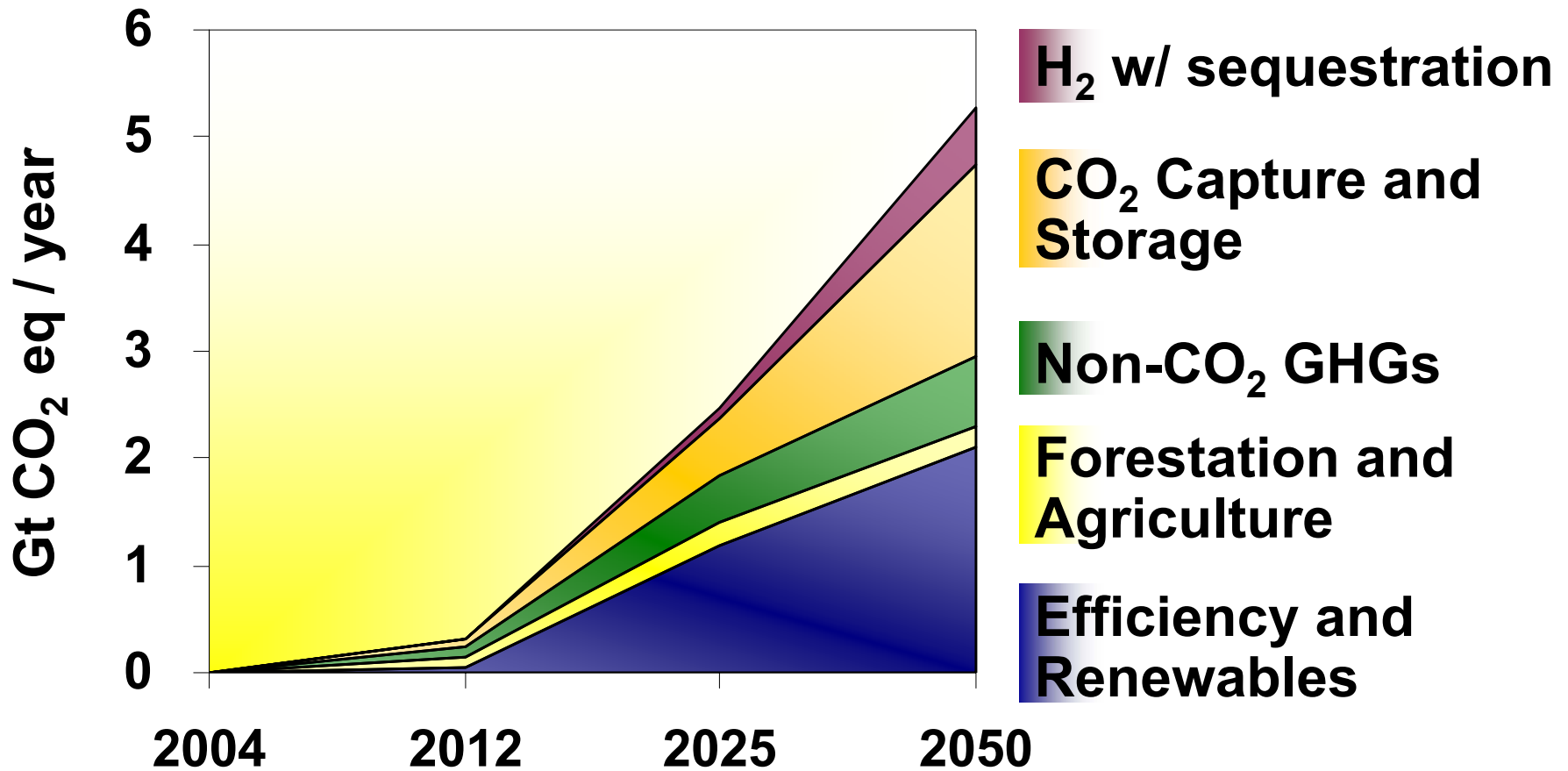


Two Scenarios for U.S. GHG Emissions

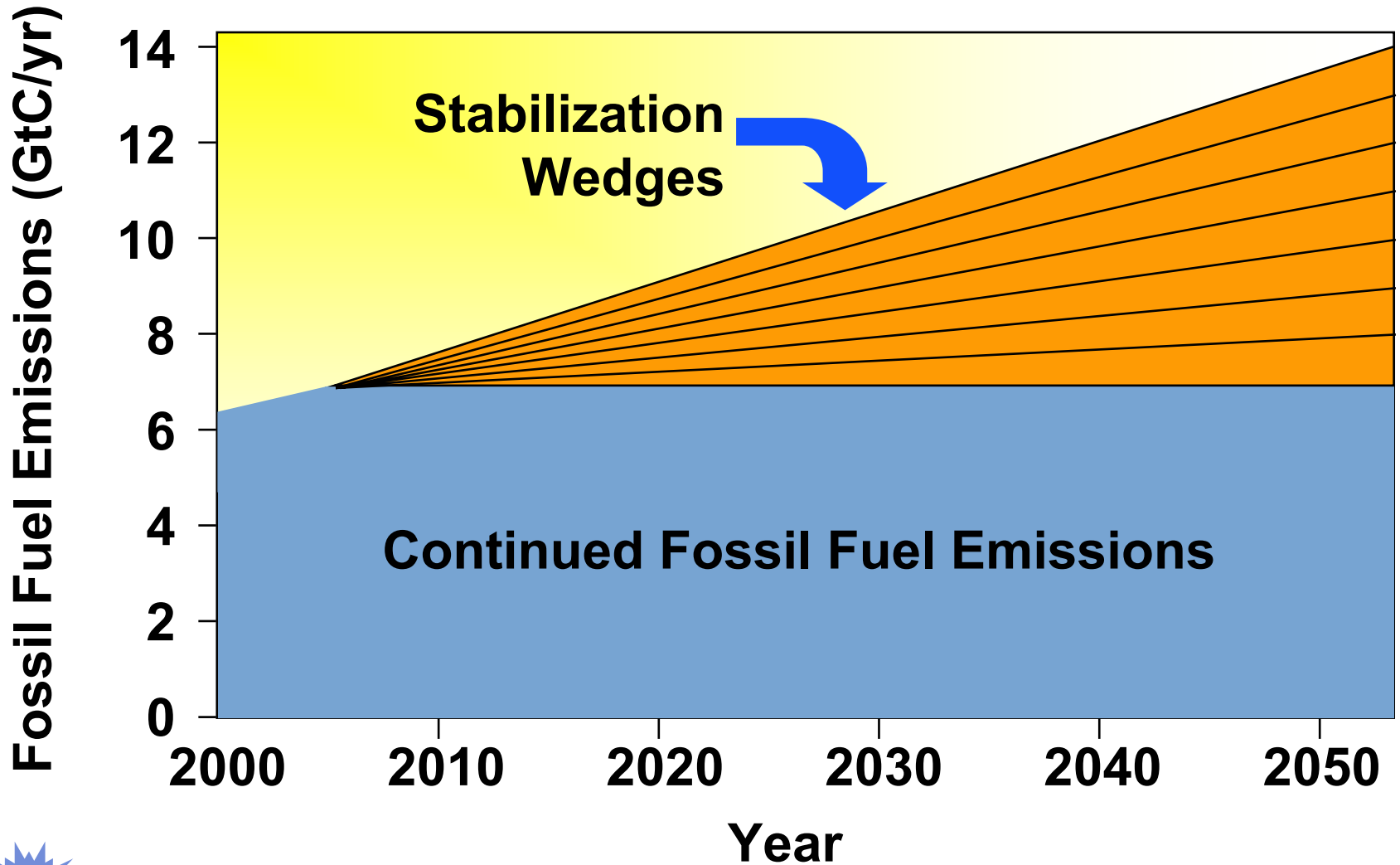


Sequestration Enables Stabilization

Could Account For > 60% of "Gap" in 2050



Professor Socolow's Stabilization "Wedges"



Observation V

**Improved Framing of Our Experience
With Sequestration Analogues Could
Facilitate Public Acceptance**



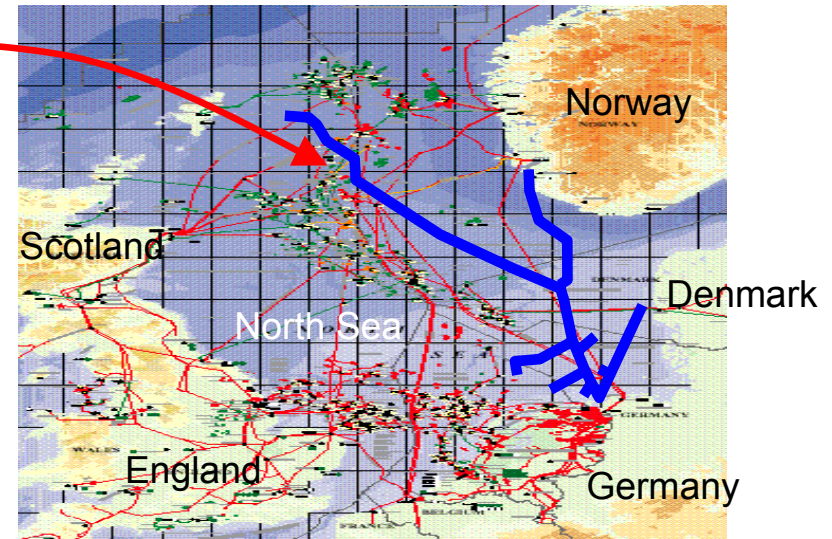
Active U.S. Waste CO₂ EOR Projects

State	Plant Name(s)	Plant Type	CO ₂ Supply (MMcfd)	EOR Fields	Operator
Texas	Mitchell, Gray Ranch, Puckett, Terrell	Gas Processing	250	SCCROC, Crossett	Pennzoil, Altura
Colorado	LaBarge	Gas Processing	150	Rangely	Chevron
Oklahoma	Endid	Fertilizer	35	Purdy	Occidental
Louisiana	Koch	Gas Processing	25	Paradise	Texaco
Total			460		



Kinder Morgan CO₂ Pipeline System

- Cortez, Central Basin, Canyon Reef Carriers Pipelines
- Similar in size to pipeline between Denmark / North Sea
- Compressor stations pump stations, pressure reducing stations, meter stations, two control centers
- Operations began in 1972



Observation VI

We've Come a Long Way!



Themes at Annual Review Meetings

1998-2001	Program justification
2002	Problem identification, Round 1
2003	Project initiation
2004	Project results Problem identification, Round 2
2005	Information synthesis Outreach status

Successful Technologies To Sequester Carbon Will

- Be effective and cost-competitive
- Provide stable long-term storage
- Be environmentally benign
- Be acceptable to the public