

Sustainable Financing of MPA Networks

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SAVING THE LAST GREAT PLACES ON EARTH



The Latest in a Long Line....

- 2003
 - ITMEMS 3
 - World Parks Congress
 - Oceans, Coasts and Islands Forum
- 2004
 - CBD COP-7
 - White Water to Blue Water
 - Global Conservation Congress
- 2005
 - Ad Hoc Working Group on Protected Areas
 - 1st International MPA Congress (IMPAC)



Goals for Financial Sustainability

- Meet, on continuing basis, recurrent and investment costs needed to achieve conservation objectives
- Generate tangible and lasting benefits, especially for local communities, national development
- Resilience: avoid reliance on one mechanism or sector



CBD Program of Work on Protected Areas

- Goal 3.4: To ensure financial sustainability of national and regional systems of protected areas
- Target: By 2008, secure sufficient financial, technical and other resources to meet the costs to effectively manage national and regional systems of protected areas
- Develop and begin to implement
 'sustainable financing plans' by 2008

Financial sustainability is...

...not just about getting money.



Ingredients of Financial Sustainability

- 1. Mechanisms to share costs and management responsibilities
- 2. Diverse portfolios of complementary revenue sources
- 3. Administrative and governance systems that generate confidence
- 4. Enabling policies and political support for implementation

1. Mechanisms to share costs and management responsibilities

- Lower costs and engender sense of ownership
- Local communities
 - LMMAs, collaborative management
- Private sector
 - tourism industry
 - private reserves, concessions
- NGOs
 - management, technical resources
- Volunteers
 - education, research, interpretation, fund-raising

2. Diverse portfolios of complementary revenue sources

- Government revenue, grants, trust funds, user fees, access permits, compliance charges/fines, private investment...
- No single source sufficient
- Different kinds of funding needs require different sources
- Even out fluctuations: short term peaks can be detrimental

3. Administrative and governance systems

- Channel resources effectively and accountably
- Generate confidence, especially by funders

Stakeholder input on funding allocations

- Adaptations based on resultsoriented objectives and benchmarks
 Most effective use of scarce funds
 Impacts of funding mechanisms
- Personal skills, institutional capacity

4. Enabling policies and political support for implementation

- Broad-based political support required from political leaders, government agencies at all levels, businesses, communities
- Government policies affect costs
- Government role in promoting funding sources and incentives beyond public revenues



Benefits and Costs



Marine Protected Areas: Benefits and Costs for Islands

www.icran.org



Benefits and Costs

Benefits

- –Ecosystem services and values, especially of MPA *networks*
 - Tools, growing experience, but more...
- -Uses:
 - Manage MPA network to continue generation of values & benefits
 - Engage beneficiaries in MPA network management and funding
 - Build support from key groups, policymakers, donors



Benefits and Costs

- Costs
 - –Direct costs of management
 - –Changes in access to resources often result in costs to some
 - -Both in/around MPAs and upstream
 - Recognize these in management actions aimed at generating benefits and in calculations of financial needs



Scaling up to MPA Networks

- Challenges
 - Retention vs. pooling of resources
 - Allocation of resources
 - Concentration of tourism impacts
 - Collaboration, inter-dependence
- Opportunities
 - Diversification, economies of scale
 - Revenue collection at lowest cost sites
 - System-wide mechanisms, especially ecosystem-based services
 - Include MPAs that generate funding
 Partnerships



ICRI Tools and Resources

- Conservation Finance Guide
- WWF Menu of Options
- IUCN Global Review of Challenges and Options
- User's Guide to CBD Programme of Work on Protected Areas
- Models for estimating costs and business planning, e.g., CCIF



Some Questions

- What have been some innovative ways of generating public sector funding for MPA networks, e.g., from U.S. experience?
- How can we stimulate greater private sector cost sharing of MPA management costs?
- How can we increase our understanding of the benefits of MPAs and networks, and conditions for generating them?
- What are some promising new funding sources/mechanisms at the *network* level, e.g., based on benefits, ecosystem services?



Thank you 🕲



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