Blood, Cellular Therapy Products, Tissues and Organs: Common Patient Safety Concerns

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AABB's Mission

To advance the practice and standards of transfusion medicine and cellular and related biological therapies.



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Human-derived products



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Blood components

- Blood derivatives
- Cellular Therapy Products (HPCs)
 - Bone Marrow
 - Cord blood
 - PBPCs
- Tissue
 - Organs

www.aabb.org

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Common Goals



Donor and patient safety

 Availability (itself a safety issue)

Efficacy



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Common Risks



Infectious

Noninfectious



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Prevalence of Infectious Disease Markers

Percent Confirmed Positive		
Marker	<i>Tissue Donor*</i>	<i>First Time Blood Donor * *</i>
Anti-HIV	.09	.01
HBsAg	.23	.08
Anti-HCV	1.1	.3
Anti-HTLV	.07	.01

* *N=11,391* ** *N=1,630,745*

(Stramer, SL, et., al. Screening of U.S. Blood Donors for HIV-1 and HCV RNA. NEJM, Aug. 2004) (Zou, S, et., al. Probability of Viremia Among U.S. Tissue Donors. NEJM, Aug. 2004

Comparison of Residual Risks

Marker	Tissue Donors	Blood Donors* (000)
HIV *	1:55,000	1:1,900 - 2,400
HBV *	1:34,000	1:250 – 1,500
HCV *	1:42,000	1:1,200 - 1,700
HTLV	1:128,000	1:1,212 - 2,993

* Post – MP NAT

(Stramer, SL, et., al. Screening of U.S. Blood Donors for HIV-1 and HCV RNA. NEJM, Aug. 2004) (Zou, S, et., al. Probability of Viremia Among U.S. Tissue Donors. NEJM, Aug. 2004

Comparison of Prevalence Rates / 10,000 Donations

	Combined Whole Blood	Autologous Whole Blood	Combined HPCs
Anti-HIV	0.30	2.91*	0.36
Anti-HCV	5.10	104.7*	15.40
Anti-HBc	35.61	401.3*	274.4
HBsAg	1.49	14.16	25.44*,**
N =	6.5M	1.1M	139,654

*p<0.05 for one or multiple Comparisons; **Ortho System 3

Transfusion Recipient Fatalities Reported to FDA

CATEGORIES	FY04	FY05	FY06
TRALI	21	30	35
	30.9%	36.6%	50.7%
Non-ABO Hemolytic Reactions	20	25	22
(K, JKa, FYa, etc.)	29.4%	30.5%	31.9%
Bacterial Contamination	6	9	5
	8.8%	11.0%	7.2%
ABO Hemolytic Transfusion	7	5	3
Reaction	10.3%	6.1%	4.3%
Transfusion not Ruled Out	14	13	4
	20.6%	15.9%	5.8%
TOTAL	68	82	69

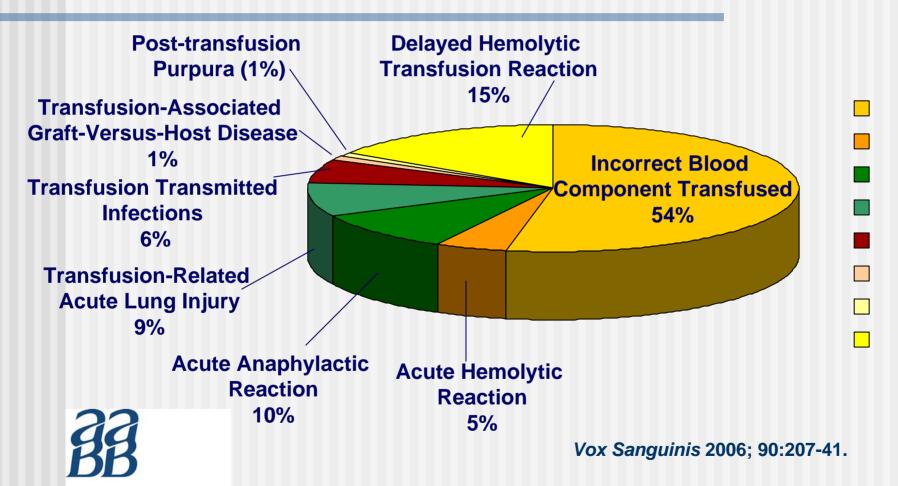
Hemovigilance Networks Partial Listing

Austria Italy **Czech Republic** Norway Denmark Poland Slovak Republic Finland Spain France ropean itzerland Germany The Netherlands Greece Ireland United Kingdom

Brazil Canada/Québec Japan Russia New Zealand South Africa

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What Can Be Learned? Data from Denmark

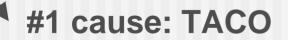


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Learning from the System Recipient Outcomes (SHOT)

Mortality Major morbidity Serious hazard Acute hemolysis

1/250,000 transfusions 1/92,000 1/11,000 1/102,000



www.shotuk.org

Non-infectious Risks: Tissue

Graft failure

- Mechanical
- Non-unions / loosening
- Incorporation
- Immune rejection
- Technical
 - Mis-measurement
 - Mis-labeling

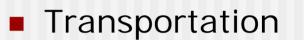
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Non-infectious Risks: Cellular Therapy Products

- Graft failure
- Immune rejection
- GVH
- Technical
 - Counting errors
 - Processing errors
 - Bag breakage
- Mis-labeling
- Administration side effects (e.g., DMSO toxicity)

Common Layers of Safety

- Donor Screening and Eligibility
- Collection
- Infectious Disease Testing
- Processing
- Labeling
- Traceability



- Storage
- Surveillance of Product Quality
- Outcomes Analysis
- Adverse Event
 Surveillance

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Commonalities: Donor Screening and Eligibility

- FDA regulations and private standards apply
- Similar donor history questionnaires
 - Medical/social history
- Donors screened and tested for infectious agents
- Donor counseling (some variation)

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Commonalities: Collection

- Informed consent
- Sterility
- Apheresis (blood and HPCs)
- Allogeneic vs. autologous (blood, PBPCs, bone marrow, tissue)



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Commonalities: Infectious Disease Testing

Blood	CT Products	Tissue
HIV-1/2	HIV-1/2	HIV
HBV	HBV	HBV
HCV	HCV	HCV
HTLV-I/II	HTLV-I/II	HTLV-I/II
Syphilis	Syphilis	Syphilis
CMV (sometimes)	CMV	
WNV (not required)	WNV (not required)	WNV (not required)
Chagas'(not required)	Chagas'(not required)	

Commonalities: In-process Tests

Blood	CT Products	Tissue
ABO group	ABO group	Limited ABO group*
Rh type	Rh type	Limited Rh type*
Unexpected antibodies to RBC antigens	Total nucleated cell count	
Limited HLA typing	HLA typing	
Minimal cell doses	CD34 analysis or comparable assay	Residual moisture (freeze-dried)
Bacterial contamination	Microbial contamination	Microbial contamination
	Cell viability	

* Cardiovascular Tissue

Commonalities: Processing

- Cell separation (except tissue)
- Sometimes cryopreservation
- Storage
- Quarantine
- Specialized labeling



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Commonalities: Labeling

- Uniform system needed
- ISBT 128
 - Blood: implement by 2008
 - CT: standard setting organizations expected to require implementation
 - International Cellular Therapy Coding and Labeling Advisory Council
 - Tissue: North American Tissue Technical Advisory Group investigating application of ISBT 128 to finished allografts

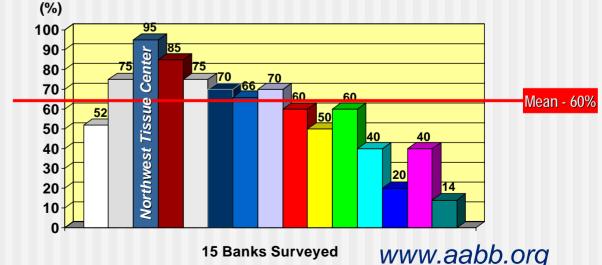


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Commonalities: Traceability

- Identification and traceability of product and related samples from source to final disposition
 - Critical raw materials and equipment included
 - Records

Transplant Record Return Rates





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Commonalities: Transportation

- Limit deterioration, prevent damage and protect quality of products in transport
- Controlled/validated packaging
- Temperature control and monitoring
- Labeled to ensure appropriate handling and allow identification
- Int'l shipping more of an issue for CT products and tissue

Commonalities: Storage

- Temperature control
- Increasingly, more products stored in hospital-based blood banks

Tissue: new TJC standard (QC.5.300 and QC.5.310



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Commonalities: Surveillance of Product Quality

- Blood
 - RBCs: increase in hemoglobin
 - Platelets: increase in platelet count
 - Plasma/cryo: correction of bleeding
- CT products/tissue: engraftment
 Tissue: graft function

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Commonalities: Adverse Event Surveillance

- Donor and patient
- Report to FDA (through different mechanisms)
- Hemovigilance Biovigilance

Public/private initiative



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Adverse Event Surveillance

Blood	CT Products	Tissue
Infectious diseases	Infectious diseases	Infectious diseases
Mis-tx (e.g., wrong ABO)	Mis-transplantation	Mis-transplantation
Bacterial contam.	Bacterial contam.	Bacterial contam.
Febrile Reactions	Febrile Reactions	Febrile Reactions
GVHD	GVHD	Graft failure
Immune reactions	Immune reactions	Immune reactions
TRALI/TACO		

Commonalities: Patient Access

Ensuring an adequate supply key for all products

Fair reimbursement is critical





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Conclusion

Common strategic plan is needed

Public-private initiative

Focus on similarities, taking note of significant differences as well

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