

BACKGROUND

The Nogales International Wastewater Treatment Plant provides secondary treatment for wastewater generated in both Nogales, Arizona and Nogales, Sonora. Owned by the United States Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission (USIBWC) and the City of Nogales, Arizona, the plant is operated by the USIBWC. Operating costs are shared by the USIBWC, Mexico, and the City of Nogales, Arizona, making the treatment plant a truly binational endeavor.

The plant has a capacity to treat up to 17.2 million gallons per day of sewage. The wastewater goes through several treatment steps before the disinfected effluent is discharged into the Santa Cruz River. The plant's treated effluent is considered a resource to the community, providing valuable riparian habitat in the river corridor.

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION

In 1889, the U.S. and Mexican governments signed a convention agreeing to establish the International Boundary Commission. Under the Water Treaty of 1944, the commission was reconstituted and designated the International Boundary and Water Commission (IBWC). The IBWC is responsible for applying the boundary and water treaties between the United States and Mexico.

The IBWC consists of a U.S. Section and a Mexican Section. Each is headed by a commissioner appointed by his respective president. The USIBWC operates under the foreign policy guidance of the U.S. Department of State.

The IBWC works on a variety of issues including flood control, maintenance of the international boundary, sanitation, operation of dams, and the division and use of international waters.

The USIBWC has its Headquarters Office in El Paso, Texas while the Mexican Section's Headquarters is just across the Rio Grande in Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua. The IBWC is widely recognized as a model of effective international cooperation which has set a standard for the world.

CONTACT US

International Boundary and Water Commission
United States Section
Nogales Office
865 Rio Rico Industrial Park
Rio Rico, AZ 85648
520-281-1832
fax: 520-281-1565



International Boundary and Water Commission
U.S. Section Headquarters Office
4171 N. Mesa Street, Suite C-100
El Paso, TX 79902-1441
915-832-4100
fax: 915-832-4190

www.ibwc.state.gov

NOGALES INTERNATIONAL WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT Arizona



INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION

United States Section



PROJECT HISTORY

1951 PLANT: The adjacent communities of Nogales, Arizona and Nogales, Sonora are located in a narrow valley with high hills on either side. In 1941, the Government of Mexico began preparations for a sewer system for Nogales, Sonora. However, due to urban development and the slope of the terrain, there was no good site for a treatment plant on the Mexican side of the border. The two countries began discussing construction of an international treatment plant in the United States. In 1945, the IBWC recommended that a plant be built 1.5 miles north of the border with a capacity of 1.6 million gallons per day (mgd). The plant was completed in 1951, with the costs shared equally between the two countries.

1972 PLANT: As the population grew in both cities, the communities recognized an urgent need for a larger plant. At the request of the City of Nogales, Arizona, the new plant, with a capacity of 8.2 mgd, was constructed nine miles north of the boundary at the confluence of the Nogales Wash with the Santa Cruz River. Construction began in 1970 and was completed in 1972.

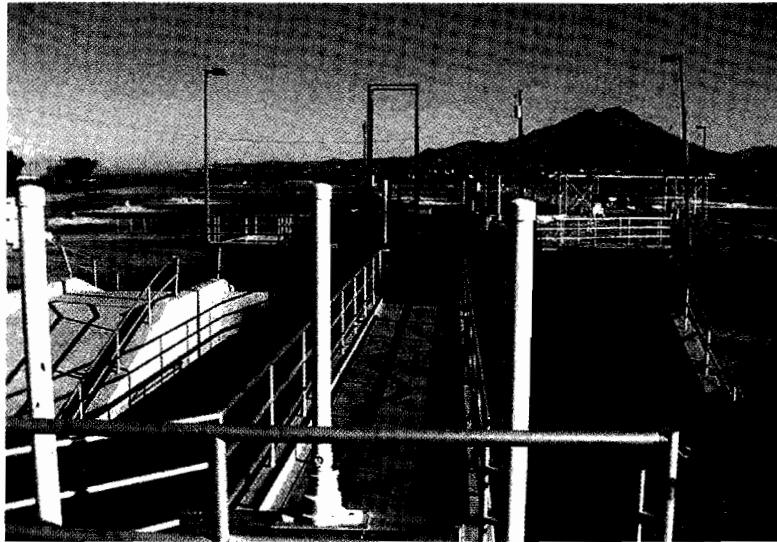
The construction cost of the treatment plant was shared by the United States, Mexico, and the City of Nogales, Arizona. The Mexican participation was based on the cost of enlarging the treatment plant at the site used for the initial 1951 plant. Since the City of Nogales, Arizona required the plant to be located away from the city limits, additional costs of the pipeline, known as the International Outfall Interceptor, were not borne by Mexico.

1992 PLANT: In order to comply with more stringent federal and state regulations, the plant was upgraded in 1992.

FACILITIES

The Nogales International Wastewater Treatment Plant is located at the Rio Rico Industrial Park near Interstate 19, nine miles north of the international boundary. The plant has a dry weather average daily treatment capacity of 15.75 mgd, with 9.9 mgd of that capacity allocated to Mexico. With the use of additional aerators, the plant can treat up to 17.2 mgd.

The headworks have two oversized grit settling basins, an automated screen, manually cleaned bar screen, and two grit pumps. Influent is routed to two complete mix lagoons using up to 18 surface aerators/mixers. Following these are eight partial mix lagoons using up to 16 surface aerators. Treated sewage passes through filters and is then disinfected with chlorine. Dechlorinated effluent is discharged into the Santa Cruz River.



Additionally, the plant has an administrative building, laboratory, electrical panel control room, workshops, storage areas, and other facilities for project personnel. Plant facilities are surrounded by a perimeter fence and a gate, ensuring that only authorized staff and visitors are granted access to the site, in recognition of contemporary security concerns.

OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

From 1972 until 1996, the City of Nogales, Arizona operated and maintained the treatment plant, with oversight provided by the USIBWC. A private company under contract to the USIBWC operated the plant for the next two years. Since October 1, 1998, the U.S. Section has operated the plant with its own personnel. Mexico and the City of Nogales, Arizona reimburse the USIBWC for their share of treatment costs.

FUTURE PLANS

Due to expected growth on both sides of the border and in order to meet more stringent treatment standards, work is underway to upgrade the Nogales International Wastewater Treatment Plant. The project also includes work on the International Outfall Interceptor, which conveys sewage from the border to the treatment plant.

Implementation of the project is a collaborative effort of the International Boundary and Water Commission and the City of Nogales, Arizona.

OTHER PROJECTS

The Nogales Project Office has responsibility for other activities along the eastern part of the Arizona-Sonora border, including boundary demarcation. The IBWC is responsible for maintaining hundreds of monuments and markers that denote the official location of the international land boundary. The IBWC has also been involved in sanitation work at Naco, Sonora.

Additionally, the IBWC has provided for the disinfection of sewage in Nogales Wash, a storm drain that flows northward through the urban areas of Nogales in both countries. This effort reduces the public health risk that occurs when maintenance problems cause sewage to enter the storm drain.

The USIBWC maintains a second Arizona office in Yuma, which works primarily on issues related to the Colorado River.



Boundary Demarcation Monument