

In the Matter of:

TED AYERS, ARB CASE NO. 06-011

COMPLAINANT, ALJ CASE NO. 2005-STA-15

v. DATE: March 23, 2006

RYDER SYSTEMS, INC.,

RESPONDENT.

BEFORE: THE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW BOARD

FINAL DECISION AND ORDER APPROVING SETTLEMENT AND DISMISSING COMPLAINT WITH PREJUDICE

This case arises under the employee protection provisions of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act (STAA) of 1982, as amended. On October 6, 2005, the Complainant, Ted Ayers, submitted an unopposed Motion to Approve Settlement and Dismiss Proceeding with Prejudice to a Department of Labor Administrative Law Judge (ALJ). Under the regulations implementing the STAA, the parties may settle a case at any time after the filing of objections to the Assistant Secretary's preliminary findings "if the participating parties agree to a settlement and such settlement is approved by the Administrative Review Board . . . or the ALJ." The regulations direct the parties to file a copy of the settlement "with the ALJ or the Administrative Review Board, United States Department of Labor, as the case may be."

When the parties reached a settlement the case was pending before the ALJ. Therefore, the ALJ appropriately reviewed the settlement agreement. On October 25, 2005, the ALJ issued a Recommended Decision and Order Approving Settlement

_

USDOL/OALJ REPORTER PAGE 1

¹ 49 U.S.C.A. § 31105 (West 1997).

² 29 C.F.R. § 1978.111(d)(2) (2005).

 $^{^3}$ Id.

Agreement. According to the STAA's implementing regulations, the Administrative Review Board issues the final decision and order in this case.⁴

The Board issued a Notice of Review and Briefing Schedule apprising the parties of their right to submit briefs supporting or opposing the ALJ's decision.⁵ Neither party responded to the Board's notice.

Review of the agreement reveals that it may encompass the settlement of matters under laws other than the STAA.⁶ The Board's authority over settlement agreements is limited to the statutes that are within the Board's jurisdiction as defined by the applicable statute. Therefore, we approve only the terms of the agreement pertaining to the Complainant's STAA claim.⁷

Furthermore, we construe paragraph 8, the governing law provision, as not limiting the authority of the Secretary of Labor and any Federal court, which shall be governed in all respects by the laws and regulations of the United States.⁸

As so construed, we **APPROVE** the terms of the agreement pertaining to Ayers' STAA claim and **DISMISS** the complaint with prejudice.

SO ORDERED.

M. CYNTHIA DOUGLASS
Chief Administrative Appeals Judge

WAYNE C. BEYER Administrative Appeals Judge

USDOL/OALJ REPORTER PAGE 2

_

⁴ 29 C.F.R. § 1978.109(c)(2); *Monroe v. Cumberland Transp. Corp.*, ARB No. 01-101, ALJ No. 00-STA-50 (ARB Sept. 26, 2001); *Cook v. Shaffer Trucking Inc.*, ARB No. 01-051, ALJ No. 00-STA-17 (ARB May 30, 2001).

⁵ 29 C.F.R. § 1978.109(c)(2).

Settlement Agreement ¶ 3.

⁷ Fish v. H & R Transfer, ARB No. 01-071, ALJ No. 00-STA-56, slip op. at 2 (ARB Apr. 30, 2003).

⁸ See Phillips v. Citizens' Ass'n for Sound Energy, 1991-ERA-25, slip op. at 2 (Sec'y Nov. 4, 1991).