

Management Tools

Allison Castellan
Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management
Coastal Programs Division

Background

- Growing population intent on living near the coast.
- Desire for immediate access to water by private docks.



Background



- Dock authorizations most frequently sought permit from coastal managers.
- Docks permitted per year:

$$\Box$$
 GA = 300+

$$_{\rm J}$$
 FL = 600+

$$^{-}$$
 NC = 900+

$$SC = 700 +$$

Background

To ensure that additional docks:

- Don't unreasonably harm the environment,
- Provide reasonable waterfront access if desired, and
- Don't unreasonably affect public access, navigation or other uses.

Managers want better understanding of:

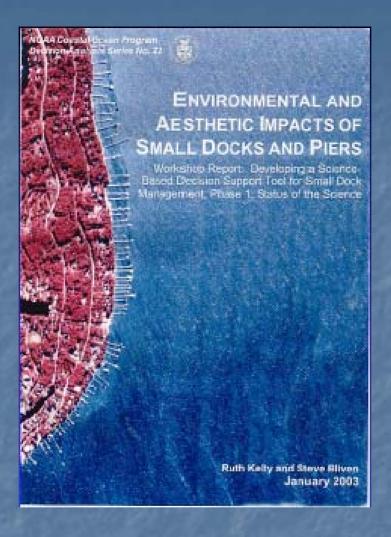
- Individual and cumulative impacts of docks, and
- Suite of regulatory and non-regulatory management techniques they can employ.

Phase I: Science Workshop

(Jan. 22-23, 2003 in Boston, MA)

Purpose:

- Synthesize scientific information on direct, cumulative, and secondary effects of docks on the coastal environment and their users.
- Assess susceptibility of regions to negative impacts associated with docks.
- Identify research gaps.
- Participants:
 - Scientists and coastal managers
- Sponsor: NCCOS



Proceedings from the Science Workshop available at: http://www.nccos.noaa.gov/publications/notables.html

Phase II: Management Workshop

(Nov. 18-19, 2003 in Durham, NH)

Purpose:

- Compile and evaluate available tools (e.g. planning, regulatory, design and construction) for dock and pier management.
- Initiate planning for regional meetings to inform coastal managers and planners about what was learned during national workshops.

Participants:

- Coastal regulatory, planning and outreach staff, engineers
- Sponsors: OCRM, NCCOS, CSC

Regulatory Techniques

- State level
 - Police Power
 - Public Trust
 - Ownership
 - Tax Law
 - Contract Law



- Local Level
 - Zoning Overlays
 - Subdivision Control
 - Building Codes
 - Ordinances
 - Harbor Master Control
 - Dock Registration

Regulatory Techniques

- New ideas for Regulation and Management
 - Incentives (subsidies, tax reduction)
 - Disincentives (displacement/occupancy fees)
 - Heightened Scrutiny (EISs, ACECs)
 - Burdens of Proof (show need for dock)
 - Permits-by-rule (de minimus impacts, standard plans)
 - Density/timing (zoning, seasonal restrictions)
 - Plan Consistency (CZM plan, municipal harbor or coastal plans, local master plan)

- The issue isn't an individual dock or even a handful of docks but the increasing "sprawl" of multiple docks.
- Must consider cumulative impacts (env. and social) of docks if full build out reached.
- The first dock permitted opens the way for many.
- Case-by-case reviews of individual docks don't address "sprawl" or cumulative impacts.

- Need a more comprehensive management scheme with strong planning/zoning approach.
- Planning/Zoning should:
 - Have well-defined boundaries
 - Be based on community values
 - Be fluid and updated/renewed regularly

- Types of Plans:
 - Local CZM Plans
 - Harbor ManagementPlans
 - Regional Plans
 - SAMPs (e.g. Pleasant Bay, MA; Ashley River, SC)



- Plans should:
 - Establish limits for docks and areas where growth is ok.
 - Encourage community docks.
 - Promote marinas as alternative to individual docks.
 - Consider managing groups of docks as "marinas."



Next Steps

Database of Dock Management

Techniques

Outreach

Regional Workshops

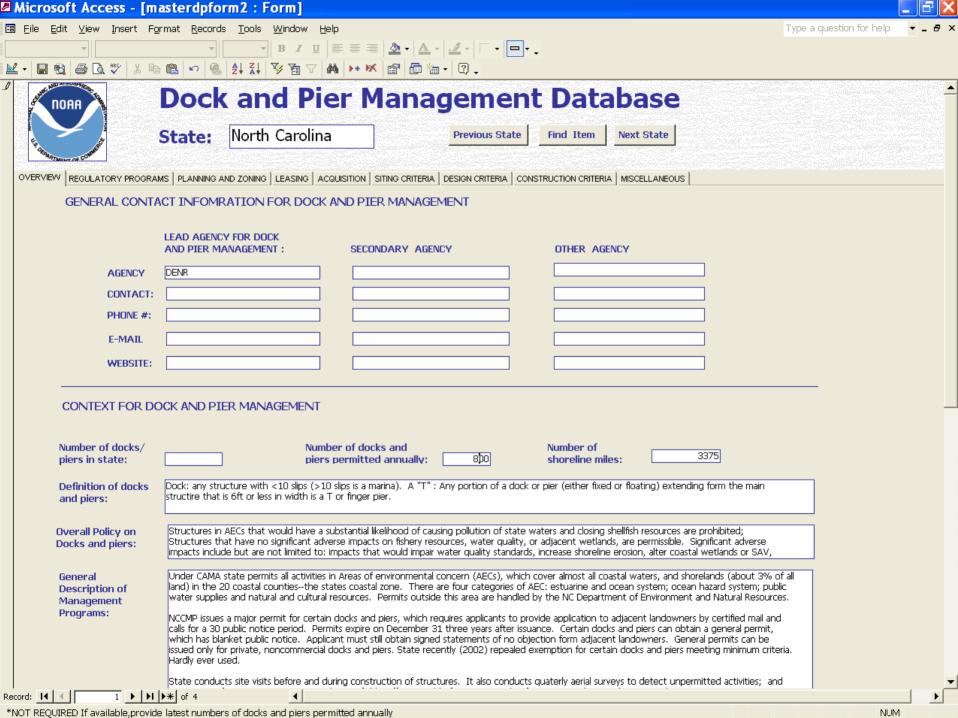
Aesthetics White Paper

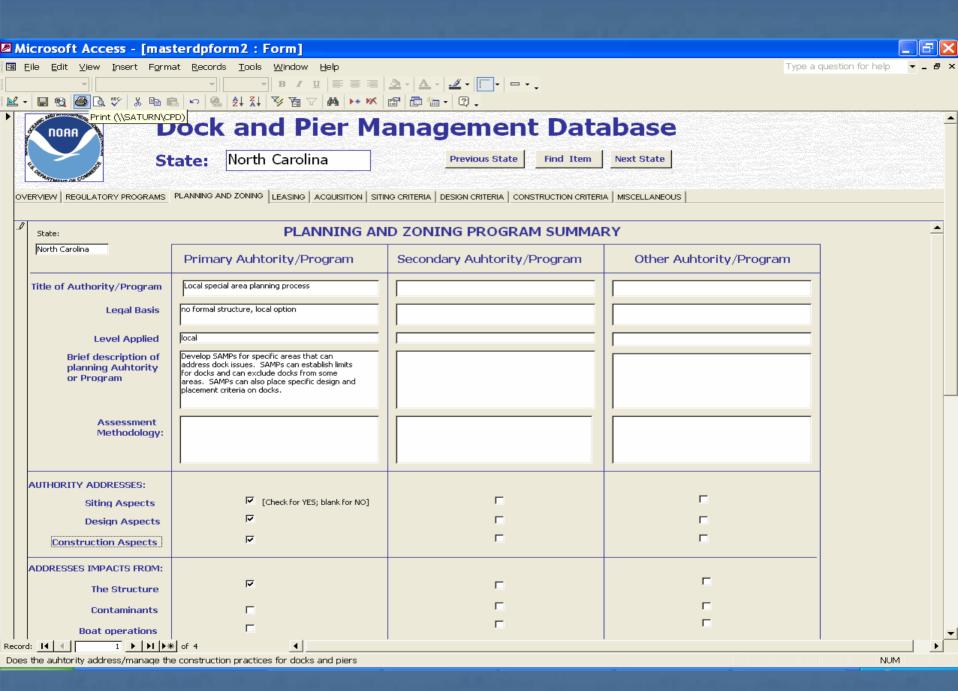


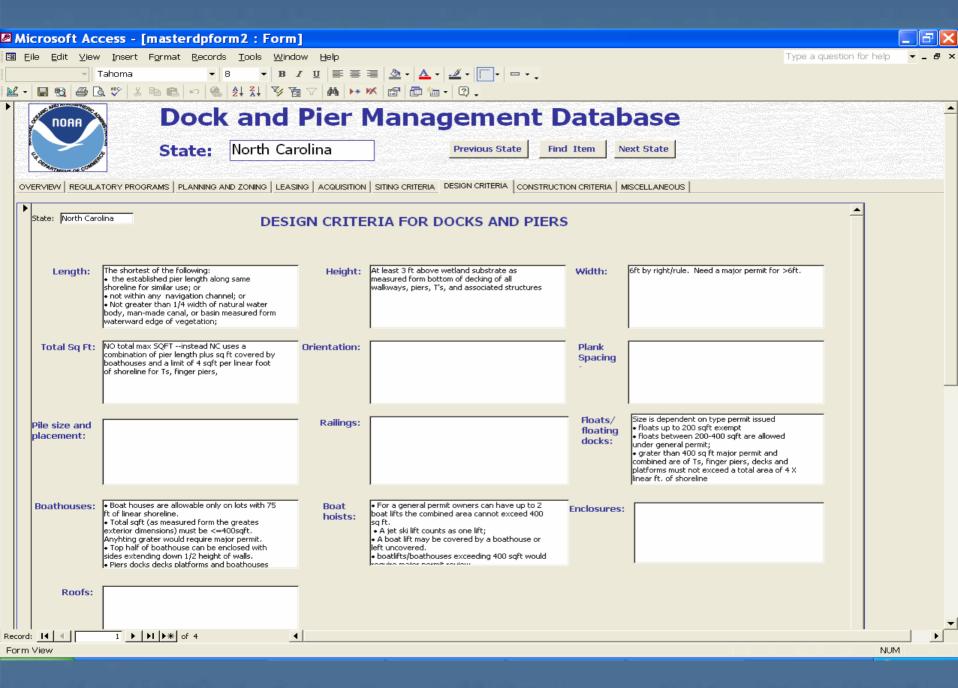
The Database

GOAL: Compile regulatory and nonregulatory techniques for dock and pier management.

Searchable, web-enabled database.







Regional Workshops

Purpose:

- Educate wider audience about information learned during two national workshops.
- Improve communication on dock and pier issues within Region.

Audience:

Mixed where possible (i.e. coastal managers, NGOs, contractors, consultants, decision-makers, public).

Resources:

- NERRs, SeaGrant, CMPs, NEPs
- Model PowerPoint Presentations

Aesthetics White Paper

- Consider aesthetics during permitting and when developing plans/zoning overlays.
- Need to ensure that statutes/regulations address aesthetics.
- White Paper:
 - 1. Where aesthetic standards work best
 - 2. How to research statutory language
 - 3. Existing programs that review aesthetics
 - 4. Analysis techniques/tools
 - Case studies





