Eliminating Syphilis -- Fulton County, GA

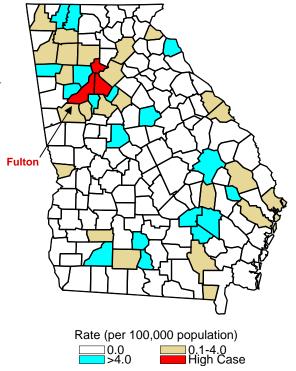
Key features of syphilis in the U.S. in 2003

Syphilis is a preventable and curable sexually transmitted disease (STD). Syphilis disproportionately affects a small percentage of the population and research shows that these are often isolated groups involved in high-risk activities such as illicit drug use, exchanging sex for money or drugs, unprotected sexual intercourse and having multiple sex partners.

- U.S. primary and secondary (P&S) syphilis rate in 2003 was
 2.5 cases/100,000 population (7,177 cases).
- U.S. congenital syphilis rate was 10.3 cases/100,000 live births (413 cases).
- Half of U.S. P&S cases in 2003 were in 19 counties, less than 1% of 3,140 counties.

Key features of syphilis in Fulton County, GA in 2003 Primary and secondary syphilis cases, rates and rank

- Fulton County, GA's 298 cases ranked 4 among 3,140 U.S. counties.
- Fulton County, GA's rate of 36.4 cases/100,000 population ranked 5 among 3,140 U.S. counties.
- Fulton County, GA's rate was 14.6 times the U.S. rate of 2.5 cases/100,000 population.



Georgia County Rates

Male-female ratios (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Fulton County, GA 259 (87%) cases in 2003 were among males, compared to 83% nationally. The rate among males (64.1/100,000) was 15.3 times that of the U.S. male rate (4.2/100,000).
- In Fulton County, GA 39 (13%) cases were among females, compared to 17% nationally. The rate among females (9.4/100,000) was 11.8 times that of the U.S. female rate (0.8/100,000).
- The ratio of male to female rates in Fulton County, GA was 6.8:1.0, higher than than the U.S. ratio of 4.9:1.0.

Racial disparities (primary and secondary syphilis)

- In Fulton County, GA in 2003, the racial distribution of the 298 cases was: White = 98; Black = 179; Hispanics = 10; Asian = 0; American Indian = 1. The race-adjusted rates (per 100,000 population) were: White = 26.6; Black = 52.5; Hispanics = 18.1; Asian = 0.0; American Indian = 65.8.
- 33.9% of cases were among Whites, compared to 42% nationally.
- 62.1% of cases were among Blacks, compared to 39% nationally. The rate among Blacks (52.5) was 2 times that of Whites (26.6).
- 3.4% of cases were among Hispanics, compared to 16% nationally. The rate among Hispanics (18.1) was 0.7 times that of Whites (26.6).
- 0.0% cases were among Asians, compared to 2% nationally. The rate among Asians (0.0) was 0.0 times that of Whites (26.6).
- 0.3% cases were among American Indians, compared to 1% nationally. The rate among American Indians (65.8) was 2.5 times that of Whites (26.6).

Congenital Syphilis

Syphilis can be transmitted from mother to fetus during pregnancy causing stillbirths or congenital syphilis that may result in lifelong health problems.

- Fulton County, GA had 3 congenital syphilis cases born in 2003.
- The congenital syphilis rate in the county was 22.2 cases/100,000 live births.
- The congenital syphilis rate in Fulton County, GA was 2.2 times the U.S. rate of 10.3/100,000.