

U.S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and Training (BOAT) Manual

Volume II



"Train, Maintain, Operate"

COMDTINST M16114.33



Commandant United States Coast Guard 2100 Second Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20593-0001 Staff Symbol: G-OCS Phone: (202) 267-1313

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COMDTNOTE 16114 JUL 27 2005 CANCELLED: JUL 26 2006

COMMANDANT NOTICE 16114

Subi: CH-2 TO U. S. COAST GUARD BOAT OPERATIONS AND TRAINING (BOAT) MANUAL **VOLUME II, COMDTINST M16114.33**

- 1. PURPOSE. This Notice promulgates change two to U. S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and Training (BOAT) Manual Volume II, COMDTINST M16114.33.
- 2. ACTION. Area and district commanders, commanders of maintenance and logistics commands, commanding officers of headquarters units, assistant commandants for directorates, Judge Advocate General, special staff offices at Headquarters, sectors, activities, group commanders, boat unit commanding officers and officers-incharge shall ensure that the provisions of this Notice are followed. This Change will be distributed in paper copy upon the next revision to subject Manual. Internet release authorized.
- 3. <u>DIRECTIVES EFFECTED</u>. Module 2.4 of Port Security Unit (PSU) Personnel Qualification Standards (PQS), COMDTINST M1540.11 is canceled and will be removed during the next revision.
- 4. SUMMARY OF CHANGES. Part 7 establishes Tactics qualification tasks associated with the Maritime Homeland Security mission. The qualification tasks will ensure Coast Guard boat coxswains have the necessary skills to carry out these Law Enforcement, Homeland Security, and Defense Operations.
- 5. PROCEDURES. Remove and insert the following pages.

Remove Insert

Pages iii through viii A-1 through A-8 B-1 through B-6 Index - 1 through Index - 8

Pages iii through viii Pages 7-1 through 7-14 A-1 through A-11 B-1 through B-6

Index - 1 through Index - 9

R. D. SIROIS /s/ Rear Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard **Assistant Commandant for Operations**

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COMDTNOTE 16114 JUL 7 2004 CANCELLED: JUL 6 2005

COMMANDANT NOTICE

Subj: CH-1 TO U. S. COAST GUARD BOAT OPERATIONS AND TRAINING (BOAT) MANUAL – VOLUME II, M16114.33

- 1. <u>PURPOSE</u>. This Notice promulgates change one to U. S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and Training (BOAT) Manual Volume II, COMDTINST M16114.33.
- 2. <u>ACTION</u>. Area and district commanders, commanders of maintenance and logistics commands, commanding officers of headquarters units, assistant commandants for directorates, Chief Counsel, special staff offices at Headquarters, sectors, activities, group commanders, boat unit commanding officers and officers-in-charge shall ensure that the provisions of this Notice are followed. This Change will be distributed in paper copy upon the next revision to ref (a). Internet release authorized.
- 3. DIRECTIVES EFFECTED. None.
- 4. <u>SUMMARY OF CHANGES</u>. The addition of Section H to ref (a) establishes boat Crew Member qualification tasks associated with the Maritime Homeland Security mission. The qualification tasks will ensure Coast Guard boat crewmembers receive a basic knowledge of Law Enforcement, Homeland Security, and Defense Operations.
- 5. PROCEDURES. Insert the following pages.

Insert

Pages 2-6.1 through 2-6.2 between pages 2-6 and 2-7

Pages 2-72.1 through 2-72.16 between pages 2-72 and 2-73

Pages 2-110.1 through 2-110.8 between pages 2-110 and 2-111

R. D. SIROIS /s/ Rear Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard Assistant Commandant for Operations

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COMDTNOTE 16114

SUBJ: INTERIM CHANGE TO USCG BOAT OPERATIONS AND TRAINING MANUAL

- A. U.S. COAST GUARD BOAT OPERATIONS AND TRAINING (BOAT) MANUAL VOLUME I, COMDTINST M16114.32
- ${\tt B.}$ U.S. COAST GUARD BOAT OPERATIONS AND TRAINING (BOAT) MANUAL VOLUME II, COMDTINST M16114.33
- 1. EFFECT THE FOLLOWING CHANGE TO REF A, PAGE 2-55, C.3. MINIMUM CREW REQUIREMENTS: FOR BOATS 30 FEET AND ABOVE, IF THE BOAT HAS OUTBOARD ENGINES, THE REQUIRED BOAT ENGINEER MAY BE REPLACED WITH AN ADDITIONAL CREW MEMBER. FOR BOATS CONDUCTING LAW ENFORCEMENT, AND MILITARY OPERATIONS (HOMELAND DEFENSE), ONE OF THE REQUIRED CREW (CREW MEMBER ONLY) MAY BE IN A BREAKIN STATUS AS LONG AS THE MEMBER IS A CERTIFIED BOARDING OFFICER OR BOARDING TEAM MEMBER. FOR OCONUS MILITARY OPERATIONS, CREW REQUIREMENTS WILL BE ESTABLISHED BY THE OPERATIONAL COMMANDER BUT WILL NOT BE LESS THAN REQUIRED BY THE SPECIFIC BOAT TYPE OPERATORS HANDBOOK.
- 2. EFFECT THE FOLLOWING CHANGE TO REF A, PAGE 5-41, SEARCH PATTERNS (PRECISION) AND SEARCH PATTERNS (DRIFTING): FREQUENCY SHALL BE ONE DAY AND ONE NIGHT EVERY SIX MONTHS. FOR ATON UNITS, FREQUENCY FOR SEARCH PATTERNS (DRIFTING) SHALL BE THE SAME. HOWEVER, FOR ATON UNITS ONLY, SEARCH PATTERNS (PRECISION) SHALL BE ONE DAY EVERY SIX MONTHS.
- 3. EFFECT THE FOLLOWING CHANGE TO REF A, PAGE 5-43, C.3. TESTS AND EXAMS: THE NOTE SHALL READ "OPEN-BOOK EXAMS DEFINED AS USING A NEW OR CORRECTED, HIGHLIGHTED AND/OR UNDERLINED COPY OF NAVIGATION RULES, INTERNATIONAL INLAND, COMDTINST M16672.2 (SERIES). HOWEVER, THIS COPY MAY NOT BE BOOK MARKED OR INDEXED."
- 4. THE PROFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS LISTED IN REF A, PAGE 5-39 THROUGH 5-41 ARE REQUIRED IN THE CURRENCY CYCLE BEGINNING 1 JULY 2003.
- 5. EFFECT THE FOLLOWING CHANGE TO **REF B, PART 3 (ENGINEER QUALIFICATION)**. CHANGE ALL ENGINEER QUALIFICATION TASKS (ENG-01-01 THROUGH ENG-04-01) FROM "ANY" TO "TYPE". EVERY TASK WILL BE COMPLETED AS IT PERTAINS TO EACH BOAT TYPE.
- 6. EFFECT THE FOLLOWING CHANGE TO **REF B, PAGE 4-57.** TASK COX-06-03-ANY SHALL READ "SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE THE CG INSTITUTES SAR FUNDAMENTALS COURSE OR SEARCH COORDINATION AND EXECUTION COURSE."
- 7. RETAIN A COPY OF THIS MESSAGE IN THE FRONT OF REF A AND B PENDING PROMULGATION OF THE NEXT CHANGES.
- 8. FOR COMMENTS/QUESTIONS, CONTACT CWO J. WHEELER AT (202) 267-2868 OR CWO S. DAWES AT (202) 267-4316.
- 9. INTERNET RELEASE AUTHORIZED.
- 10. RADM J. OLSON, DIRECTOR OPERATIONS CAPABILITY, SENDS. BT

NNNN

Commandant United States Coast Guard

2100 Second Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20593-0001 Staff Symbol: G-OCS Phone: (202) 267-2868

COMDTINST M16114.33 APR 17 2003

COMMANDANT INSTRUCTION M16114.33

Subj: U.S. COAST GUARD BOAT OPERATIONS AND TRAINING (BOAT) MANUAL, VOLUME II

- 1. <u>PURPOSE</u>. This Manual provides standardized performance objectives and guidance for the purpose of training and certifying personnel as crewmembers on Coast Guard boats.
- 2. <u>ACTION</u>. Area and district commanders, commanders of maintenance and logistics commands, commanding officers of headquarters units, assistant commandants for directorates, Chief Counsel, special staff offices at Headquarters, group commanders, boat unit commanding officers and officers-in-charge shall ensure compliance with the provisions of this Manual. Internet release authorized.
- 3. DIRECTIVES AFFECTED. The following directives are cancelled:
 - a. Boat Crew Qualification Guide Vol I Crew Member, COMDTINST M16114.10B
 - b. Boat Crew Qualification Guide Vol II Coxswain, COMDTINST M16114.11A
 - c. Boat Crew Qualification Guide Vol III Engineer, COMDTINST M16114.6B
 - d. Boat Crew Qualification Guide Vol IV Heavy Weather Coxswain, COMDTINST M16114.26
 - e. Boat Crew Qualification Guide Vol V Surfman, COMDTINST M16114.27
- 4. <u>DISCUSSION</u>. The Coast Guard's boat crew training program is performance based. The qualification tasks within this Manual relate to knowledge and skills necessary to meet the challenges in the marine environment. The command must ensure that a trainee possesses the needed attitudes and abilities associated with maturity, sound judgment, and experience.

5. PROCEDURES.

a. A number of directives are combined into this Manual in an effort to ease field burden. Due to significant changes in many facets of prior Coast Guard Boat Force policy, all Coast Guard personnel who shall be guided by this Manual are highly encouraged to become familiar with its contents.

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COMDTINST M16114.33

- b. Personnel assigned to a unit with boats, and already certified in any crewmember position, need not re-certify using this Manual. Any questions should be resolved through discussion with Commandant (G-OCS-1).
- 6. <u>POLLUTION PREVENTION (P2) CONSIDERATIONS</u>. Pollution prevention considerations were examined in the development of the Manual and have been determined to be not applicable.
- 7. FORMS AVAILABILITY. None for this Volume.

D. S. BELZ /s/ Assistant Commandant for Operations



Table of Contents

	LIFICATION		
Section A. Description of Quality	fication	1-2	2
Section B. Sample Task		1-	3
C.6. Performance Criteria		1-	6
C.8. Comments		1-	6
	e		
D.2. Assign the Task		1-	7
D.3. Confirm Completion of the F	Reading Assignment	1-	8
	Trainee		
	e Task		
	mance		
	ance		
D.8. Sign Off the Task		1-	9
D.9. Keep an Accurate Record of	the Training	1-	9
	iew and Check-Ride		
D.11. Recommend Certification		1-	9
Section E. Trainee Guidance		1-1	0
	sk Questions		
	nstrations		
E.3. Complete Walk-Through wit	h Instructor	1-10	0
E.4. Practice the Skill		1-1	0
E.5. Certification Process		1-10	0
PART 2 BOAT CREW MEMBER OF	UALIFICATION	2-	1
_	TT RECORD FOR BOAT CREW MEMBER		
	QUALIFICATION TASKS		
	tors, Risk Factors and Team Coordination		
	v Fatigue		
	ion Sickness		
	n Coordination Training (TCT)		
Section B. Physical Fitness, Fir	st-Aid, and Survival	2-1	2
	onal Physical Fitness and Vision		
	w First-Aid Responsibility		
TASK BCM-02-04-ANY Don TASK BCM-02-05-ANY Don	the Type III PFDthe Type III Flotation Jacket	2 1	4
	Anti-Exposure Coveralls		
	the Boat Crew Dry Suit		
	tify Boat Crew Survival Vest Equipment		
	the Emergency Signaling Mirror		
	nonstrate the Use of the MK-124 Smoke and Illumination Signal		
	nonstrate the Use of the MK-79 Illumination Signal Kit		
	rate the SDU-5/E or CG-1 Strobe Light		
	the Boat Crew Survival Vest		
	the Inflatable PFD		
	lain the Manual Deployment and Boarding Procedures for the Rescue and	2 2	•
	rival Raft	2-2	2



TASK BCM -02-16-ANY	List Survival Procedures in Event of Boat Capsize	2-22
TASK BCM -02-17-ANY	Open Water Survival Skills	
TASK BCM -02-18-ANY	Perform Water Survival Exercise	2-24
Section C. Marlinespike S	eamanship, Boat Nomenclature, Nautical Terminology, and Basic	
Stability		2-25
TASK BCM -03-01-ANY	State Common Boat Nomenclature and Terminology	2-25
TASK BCM -03-02-TYPE	Locate and Identify the Purpose of the Equipment Aboard the Boat	2-26
TASK BCM -03-03-TYPE	Boat Characteristics - Boat Construction	2-26
TASK BCM -03-04-TYPE	Boat Characteristics - Watertight Integrity	2-27
TASK BCM -03-05-TYPE	Stability	2-27
TASK BCM -03-06-ANY	Identify the Different Parts of a Line and the Hitches Used in Line Handling	2-28
TASK BCM -03-07-ANY	Tie Various Knots, Hitches, and Bends	2-29
TASK BCM -03-08-ANY	Secure Lines to Cleats, Bitts, and Posts	2-30
Section D. Boat Handling.		2-31
TASK BCM -04-01-ANY	Rig Fenders to Side of the Boat	
TASK BCM -04-02-TYPE	Make Fast a Boat to a Pier (Bow On Mooring, No Current/Wind)	2-32
TASK BCM -04-03-TYPE	Assist in Anchoring the Boat	
TASK BCM-04-04-TYPE	Assist in Weighing the Boat's Anchor	
TASK BCM -04-05-ANY	Identify the Common Navigation Lights Displayed by Ships and Boats	
TASK BCM -04-06-ANY	Identify the Common Sound Signals Used by Ships and Boats	
TASK BCM -04-07-ANY	Identify and Describe Accepted Maritime Distress Signals	
TASK BCM -04-08-ANY	Stand a Lookout Watch	2-36
TASK BCM -04-09-TYPE	Act as a Helmsman and Steer a Compass Course	2-37
TASK BCM -04-10-TYPE	Get the Boat Away from a Pier/Cutter	2-38
TASK BCM -04-11-TYPE	Moor the Boat to a Pier/Cutter	2-38
TASK BCM -04-12-TYPE	Boat Handling	2-39
Section E. Communication	ls	2-40
TASK BCM -05-01-ANY	Operate a VHF-FM Radiotelephone	
TASK BCM -05-02-ANY	Operate a SSB-HF Transceiver	
TASK BCM -05-03-ANY	Use the VHF-FM Radiotelephone to Give a Operations and Position Report	
Section F. Navigation		
TASK BCM -06-01-ANY	Identify the Symbols, Abbreviations and Basic Parts of a Nautical Chart	
TASK BCM -06-02-ANY	Identify Common Aids to Navigation Used for Inland and Coastal Piloting	
TASK BCM -06-03-ANY	Identify Local Landmarks on a Nautical Chart	
TASK BCM -06-04-ANY	Plot a Position Using Latitude and Longitude	
TASK BCM -06-05-ANY	Plot a Magnetic Course on a Nautical Chart	
TASK BCM -06-06-ANY	Measure Distance on a Nautical Chart	
TASK BCM -06-07-ANY	Compute Time, Speed, and Distance	2-47
TASK BCM -06-08-ANY	Determine the Depth of Water Using a Fathometer	
TASK BCM -06-09-TYPE	Use Radar to Identify Objects	
TASK BCM -06-10-TYPE	Determine the Range and Bearing to Objects Using Radar	
TASK BCM -06-11-TYPE	Use Radar to Obtain and Interpret Relative Bearings and Ranges to a Moving Ta	
	to Determine if Risk of Collision Exists	
TASK BCM -06-12-TYPE	Operate the VHF-FM Direction Finder and Steer on a Signal	
TASK BCM -06-13-TYPE	Obtain a Fix Using GPS/DGPS	
TASK BCM -06-14-ANY	Plot a Position Using LORAN-C TDs	
TASK BCM -06-15-TYPE	Operate the Electronic Charting System	
Section G. Mission-Oriento	ed Operations	
TASK BCM -07-01-TYPE	Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Pointer	
TASK BCM -07-02-TYPE	Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Recovery/Pickup Person	
TASK BCM -07-03-ANY	Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Surface Swimmer	
TASK BCM -07-04-ANY	Stokes Litter	
TASK BCM -07-05-TYPE	Recover a Person-in-the-Water with the Stokes Litter	
TASK BCM -07-06-ANY	Helicopter Operations	
TASK BCM -07-00-71V1	Conduct Helo-Ops	
TASK BCM -07-08-ANY	Fire the MK-127A1 Parachute Illumination Signal	
TASK BCM -07-09-ANY	Bend a Heaving Line to a Bridle and Pass the Heaving Line to Another Boat	
TASK BCM -07-10-TYPE	Pass a Towline to Another Boat	
TASK BCM -07-11-ANY	Connect a Towline to a Trailer Eyebolt Using a Shackle or Skiff Hook	
TASK BCM -07-11-AN1	Secure on Alongoide Tow	2 62 2 62



TASK BCM-07-13-ANY	Prepare the Portable Pump for Operation, Start, and Obtain Suction	2-63
TASK BCM-07-14-ANY	Assist in Passing a Portable Pump Directly to Another Boat	
TASK BCM-07-15-TYPE	Rig and Operate an Eductor to Obtain Suction	
TASK BCM-07-16-ANY	Identify the Different Classes of Fires, State the Fuel Sources, and State the	
	Extinguishing Agents for Each Class of Fire	2-65
TASK BCM-07-17-TYPE	Locate and Identify the Fire Fighting Equipment Carried Onboard the Boat	2-66
TASK BCM-07-18-ANY	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Operation of a CO ₂ Fire Extinguisher	
TASK BCM-07-19-ANY	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Operation of a Dry Chemical Fire Extinguisher.	2-67
TASK BCM-07-20-TYPE	Assemble Equipment for the Boat's Main Fire Fighting System	2-68
TASK BCM-07-21-TYPE	Engage the Boat's Main Fire Pump	2-68
TASK BCM-07-22-ANY	Operate a Vari-Nozzle	2-69
TASK BCM-07-23-TYPE	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Procedures to Combat a Fire in the Engine Space	e 2-70
TASK BCM-07-24-TYPE	Demonstrate the Appropriate Response to the Basic Engineering Casualty Contr	ol
	Exercises (BECCE)	
Section H. Law Enforcement	ent, Homeland Security and Defense Operations	2-72.1
TASK BCM-08-01-ANY	Authority and Jurisdiction, Use of Force	
TASK BCM-08-02-ANY	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) Missions	
TASK BCM-08-03-ANY	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) Definitions	
TASK BCM-08-04-ANY	Threats to Response Boat (RB) Crews	
TASK BCM-08-05-ANY	Tactical Control	
TASK BCM-08-06-ANY	Operational Pre-Brief and DeBrief	
TASK BCM-08-07-ANY	Loss of Communications Procedures	
TASK BCM-08-08-ANY	Vessel on Vessel Use of Force	
TASK BCM-08-09-ANY	Limited Access Area (LAA)	
TASK BCM-08-10-ANY	Security Zones (SZ)	
TASK BCM-08-11-ANY	Escorting a Moving High Value Asset (HVA)	
TASK BCM-08-12-ANY	Protection of Stationary/Anchored HVAs	
TASK BCM-08-13-ANY	Response Boat Duties	
TASK BCM-08-14-ANY	Escorting a Target of Interest (TOI)	
TASK BCM-08-15-ANY	Basic Response Boat Tactics	
TASK BCM-08-16-ANY	Weapons Engagement	
TASK BCM-08-17-ANY	Weapons Command and Control	
TASK BCM-08-18-ANY	Demonstrate Weapons Usage, Command and Control	
TASK BCM-08-19-ANY	Use of Automatic Weapons	
	EMBER TRAINEE STUDY GUIDE	
	ments - Division One	
	ments - Division Two	
	ments - Division Three	
	ments - Division Four	
	ments - Division Five	
	ments - Division Six	
Section G. Reading Assign	ments - Division Seven	2-103
Section H. Reading Assign	ments - Division Eight	2-110.1
	EMBER QUALIFICATION TASKS	
	w Member	
TASK ACM-01-01-ANY	AtoN Procedures	
TASK ACM-01-01-ANY	Roles and Responsibilities of Buoy Deck Crew	
TASK ACM-01-02-AN1 TASK ACM-01-03-ANY	Safety Precaution Fundamentals	
TASK ACM-01-03-ANY	Terminology Fundamentals	
	Rigging Safety Precaution Fundamentals	
TASK ACM-01-05-ANY	Buoy Deck Tool Fundamentals	
TASK ACM 01 07 ANY		
TASK ACM-01-07-ANY	Cutting and Heating with Oxygen Acetylene	
TASK ACM 01 00 TVDE		
TASK ACM 01 10 TYPE	Buoy Deck Limitations and Parameters	
TASK ACM 01-11-TYPE	Use and Application of AtoN Buoy Deck Equipment	
TASK ACM 01-12 TYPE	Buoy Deck Seamanship and Associated Hardware	
TASK ACM 01 12 TYPE	Mooring Maintenance	
TASK ACM-01-13-TYPE	Griping Buoys and Sinkers	2-126



TASK ACM-01-14-ANY	Buoy Maintenance	2-126
TASK ACM-01-15-TYPE	Mooring Evolution	
TASK ACM-01-16-TYPE	Towing a Buoy	2-128
Section B. Boom/Crane C)perator	2-128
TASK ACM-02-01-TYPE	Boom/Crane Operator Safety Fundamentals	
TASK ACM-02-02-TYPE	Boom/Crane Operator Fundamentals	
TASK ACM-02-03-TYPE	Boom/Crane System and Components	
TASK ACM-02-04-TYPE	Boom/Crane Operation	
Section C. Buoy Deck Sur	pervisor (BDS)	
TASK ACM-03-01-TYPE	Buoy Deck Supervisor Safety Fundamentals	2-134
TASK ACM-03-02-TYPE	Buoy Deck Supervisor Fundamentals	
TASK ACM-03-03-TYPE	Buoy Deck Supervisor Rigging Fundamentals	
TASK ACM-03-04-TYPE	Supervise a Buoy Deck Evolution	
	IEMBER TRAINEE STUDY GUIDE	
	nments - Division One	
	nments - Division Two	
	nments - Division Three	
	[CATION	
	PLISHMENT RECORD FOR ENGINEER	
	ALIFICATION TASKS	
Section A. Pre-Operation	al Checks	
TASK ENG-01-01-ANY	Locate Installed Equipment and Fittings on the Boat	3-6
TASK ENG-01-02-ANY	Locate Components and Accessories of the Boat's Propulsion and Electrical	
	Systems	3-8
TASK ENG-01-03-ANY	Locate Components and Accessories of the Boat's Auxiliary System	3-11
TASK ENG-01-04-ANY	Conduct a Pre-Start Checkoff	
TASK ENG-01-05-ANY	List the Disabling Casualties and Restrictive Discrepancies that Prevent the Boa	at from
	Getting Underway	3-15
TASK ENG-01-06-ANY	State the Equipment Casualties That Will Prevent the Boat from Getting	
	Underway	
TASK ENG-01-07-ANY	Energize the Electrical and Electronic Systems	
TASK ENG-01-08-ANY	Set Watertight Integrity	3-17
TASK ENG-01-09-ANY	Draw/List the Boat's Systems	
Section B. Propulsion Sys	stem Start Checks and Casualty Responses	3-19
TASK ENG-02-01-ANY	Start the Boat	
TASK ENG-02-02-ANY	Engine Will Not Turn Over or Start	
TASK ENG-02-03-ANY	Engine Failing to Start with the Starter Turning Over	
TASK ENG-02-04-ANY	Main Engine High Water Temperature	
TASK ENG-02-05-ANY	Loss of Main Engine Lube Oil Pressure	
TASK ENG-02-06-ANY	Loss of Fuel Oil Pressure	
TASK ENG-02-07-ANY	Main Engine High Lube Oil Pressure	
TASK ENG-02-08-ANY	Engine Oil System Failure	
TASK ENG-02-09-ANY	Outboard Failing to Engage Forward or Reverse	
TASK ENG-02-10-ANY	Outboard Motor Vibration or Spun Propeller	
TASK ENG-02-11-ANY	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls	
TASK ENG-02-12-ANY	Loss of Control of Engine RPMs	
TASK ENG-02-13-ANY	Reduction Gear Failure	
TASK ENG-02-14-ANY	Overheating Shaft Packing Gland	
TASK ENG-02-15-ANY	Excessive Shaft Seal Leakage	
TASK ENG-02-16-ANY	Steering Casualty	
	Casualties	
TASK ENG-03-01-ANY	Basic Casualty Response	
TASK ENG-03-02-ANY	Fire in the Engine Room	
TASK ENG-03-03-ANY	Fire Onboard	
TASK ENG-03-04-ANY	Fire in the Auxiliary Machinery Space	
TASK ENG-03-05-ANY	Capsizing	
TASK ENG-03-06-ANY	Flooding	
TASK ENG-03-07-ANY	Collision with a Submerged Object	3-39



Section D. Post-Operation	al Checks	3-40
TASK ENG-04-01-ANY		
CHAPTER 3. ENGINEER TRA	AINEE STUDY GUIDE	
	ments - Division One	
	ments - Division Two	
	ments - Division Three	
	ments - Division Four	
	ICATIONS	
	LISHMENT RECORD FOR COXSWAIN	
	ALIFICATION TASKS	
-	y Factors and Team Coordination	
TASK COX-01-01-ANY	Crew Fatigue Standards	
TASK COX-01-02-ANY	Team Coordination Training (TCT)	
	ristics and Stability	
TASK COX-02-01-TYPE TASK COX-02-02-TYPE	State Basic Construction and Design Features of the Boat	
TASK COX-02-02-11PE	Locate and State the Purpose of Deck Equipment and Fittings Onboard the Boat	
TASK COX-02-04-TYPE	Locate Installed Engineering and Propulsion Equipment and Fittings Onboard	
TASK COX-02-05-TYPE	the BoatLocate Installed Electrical and Electronic Equipment and Fittings Onboard the	4-12
	Boat	
TASK COX-02-06-ANY	Recognize Warning Signs of an Unstable Vessel Before Boarding	4-15
Section C. Boat Handling.		4-16
TASK COX-03-01-ANY	State the Forces that Affect Boat Handling	
TASK COX-03-02-ANY	State the Basic Principles of Boat Handling	
TASK COX-03-03-TYPE	State the Operational Characteristics and Limitations of the Boat	4-18
TASK COX-03-04-TYPE	Locate and State the Characteristics of the Components and Accessories of the	
m	Boat's Propulsion System	
TASK COX-03-05-TYPE	Energize the Electrical and Electronic Systems on the Boat	
TASK COX-03-06-TYPE	Conduct a Pre-Start Checkoff for the Boat	
TASK COX-03-07-TYPE	Start the Boat	
TASK COX-03-08-TYPE TASK COX-03-09-TYPE	Conduct a Pre-Underway Checkoff for the Boat	
TASK COX-03-09-111E	Conduct a Normal Cruising Checkoff	
TASK COX-03-10-111E	Secure the Boat After Operations	
TASK COX-03-11-111E	Get the Boat Away from a Pier	
TASK COX-03-13-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters	
TASK COX-03-14-ANY	Come About in a Narrow Channel.	
TASK COX-03-15-TYPE	Operate the Boat and Apply its Handling Characteristics in a Following Sea	
TASK COX-03-16-TYPE	Maneuver in Heavy Weather	4-32
TASK COX-03-17-TYPE	Maneuver in Rivers	
TASK COX-03-18-TYPE	Identify Heavy Weather Terms	4-33
TASK COX-03-19-TYPE	Correct for Hard Chine Lock-Up	4-33
TASK COX-03-20-TYPE	Moor the Boat	
TASK COX-03-21-TYPE	Anchor the Boat	
TASK COX-03-22-TYPE	Weigh the Boat's Anchor	
	ad	
TASK COX-04-01-ANY	Successfully Complete the Navigation Rules Requirements for both Advancement	
a	Coxswain Certification	
9	nd Navigation	
TASK COX-05-01-ANY	Identify Navigational Publications	
TASK COX-05-02-ANY	Determine a Compass Course from a True Course	4-41
TASK COX-05-03-ANY	Pilot the Boat Using Dead Reckoning (DR) Techniques	4-42
TASK COX-05-04-ANY	Pilot a Boat Using "Seaman's Eye"	4-43
TASK COX-05-05-ANY	Determine the Location of a Boat Using Radar Ranges and Bearings	
TASK COX-05-06-ANY TASK COX-05-07-TYPE	Conn a Boat Using Radar Operate the GPS/DGPS	
TASK COX-05-07-1 YPE	Determine the Location of a Boat Using GPS/DGPS	
1733X COX-03-00-111E	Determine the Location of a Doat Comg Of D/DOI D	, + - + /



TASK COX-05-09-TYPE	Pilot a Boat Using GPS/DGPS	4-48
TASK COX-05-10-TYPE	Operate the GPS/DGPS	
TASK COX-05-11-TYPE	Operate, Determine the Location of, and Pilot a Non-Standard Boat Using GPS/DGPS	4.50
TASK COX-05-12-TYPE	Operate Electronic Charting	
TASK COX-05-12-11PE		
TASK COX-05-13-11PE	Operate the Auto Pilot	4-32
TASK COX-03-14-AN I	Tables	1.52
TASK COX-05-15-ANY	Distance, Speed, and Time	
TASK COX-05-15-ANY	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD)	4-54
1A3K COX-03-10-AN1	Coordinates	4-54
Section F Search and Res	scue (SAR)	
TASK COX-06-01-ANY	Organization and Responsibility	
TASK COX-00-01-ANY	Legal Aspects and USCG Policy	
TASK COX-00-02-ANY	Successfully Complete the CG Institute's SAR Fundamentals Course or Maritime S	
TASK COX-00-03-AIVI	Planning (Resident) Course	
TASK COX-06-04-ANY	Plot the Following Search Patterns: Expanding Square (SS), Sector (VS),	4-37
171611 CO21 00 04 71111	Parallel (PS), Creeping Line (CS), Track Line Non-Return (TSN), and Track Line F	Refurn
	(TSR)	
TASK COX-06-05-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Expanding Square Search (SS) Pattern	
TASK COX-06-06-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Sector Search (VS) Pattern	
TASK COX-06-07-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Parallel Search (PS) Pattern	
TASK COX-06-08-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Creeping Line Search (CS) Pattern	
TASK COX-06-09-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Track Line Non-Return Search (TSN) Pattern	
TASK COX-06-10-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Track Line Return Search (TSR) Pattern	
	sistance	
TASK COX-07-01-TYPE	Recover a Person from the Water Using the Direct Pickup Method	
TASK COX-07-01-TITE	Recover a Life-Like Dummy (Oscar) in 2- to 4-Foot Seas	
TASK COX-07-02-111E	Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with No Way-On, and Transfer	4-07
17.5K COX-07-05-111L	Personnel	4-68
TASK COX-07-04-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with Way-On, and Transfer	+ 00
111511 2011 07 01 11112	Personnel	4-68
TASK COX-07-05-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat Alongside a Ship and Transfer Personnel	
TASK COX-07-06-TYPE	Combat a Boat Fire from the Boat	
TASK COX-07-07-ANY	Use a Portable Pump to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boat	
TASK COX-07-08-TYPE	Use an Eductor to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boat	
TASK COX-07-09-ANY	Attend a Static Display Given by a CG Helicopter Air Crew	
TASK COX-07-10-TYPE	Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Direct Delivery Method	
TASK COX-07-11-TYPE	Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Trail Line Delivery Method	
TASK COX-07-12-TYPE	Participate in a Rescue Swimmer Transfer Using the Rescue Strap	
TASK COX-07-13-TYPE	Demonstrate the Appropriate Responses to the Basic Engineering Casualty Control	
171611 0011 07 13 1112	Exercises (BECCE)	
Section H. Towing and Sal	lvage	
TASK COX-08-01-ANY	State General Towing Safety Precautions	
TASK COX-08-02-ANY	State the Principle Forces that Affect Boat Towing	
TASK COX-08-03-ANY	Inspect the Towline and Associated Hardware	
TASK COX-08-04-ANY	Make Preparations for Taking a Vessel in Tow	
TASK COX-08-05-TYPE	Use a "Heavy Weather" Approach to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow	
TASK COX-08-06-ANY	Use a Shackle or Skiff Hook Assembly Connection to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow	
TASK COX-08-07-ANY	Take a Boat in Stern Tow Using a Bridle Connection	
TASK COX-08-08-TYPE	Take a Boat in Alongside Tow from a Stern Tow	
TASK COX-08-09-TYPE	Moor a Disabled Vessel in Alongside Tow to a Float or Pier	
TASK COX-08-10-TYPE	Take a Vessel at Anchor Near Shoal Water in Tow	4-86



	AINEE STUDY GUIDE	
	ignments - Division One	
Section B. Reading Assi	ignments - Division Two	.4-92
	ignments - Division Three	
	ignments - Division Four	
	ignments - Division Five	
	ignments - Division Six	
	ignments - Division Seven	
	ignments - Division Eight	
DART 5 HEAVY WEATHER	COXSWAIN QUALIFICATION	5 ₋ 1
	LISHMENT RECORD FOR HEAVY WEATHER COXSWAIN	
	HER COXSWAIN QUALIFICATION TASKS	
TASK HW-01-01-ANY	her and Surf Knowledge	
	Identify the Types of Breaking Seas, their Characteristics and Causes Explain the Geographical Causes of Local Surf Conditions	
TASK HW-01-02-ANY TASK HW-01-03-TYPE		3-7
1A3K 11W-01-03-1 11 E	and Surf	5_8
TASK HW-01-04-ANY	Explain the Relationship Between Navigation and Piloting as it Pertains to	5-0
171511111 01 04 71111	Operations in Heavy Seas or Surf	5-9
TASK HW-01-05-ANY	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personnel	5 7
11101111111 01 00 11111	from the Water in Heavy Seas or Surf	5-9
TASK HW-01-06-ANY	Explain the Heavy Weather Towing Approach and Key Elements Related to	
	Towing in Heavy Weather	5-10
TASK HW-01-07-ANY	Explain the Procedure for Passing the Pump or Other Gear in Heavy Seas	5-11
Section B. Emergency I	Procedures or Response in Heavy Weather/Surf	5-12
TASK HW-02-01-ANY	Identify PPE and Safety Equipment for Heavy Weather and Surf Operations	
TASK HW-02-02-ANY	Explain Boat Preparations and Safety Precautions for Operating in Heavy	
	Seas/Surf	
TASK HW-02-03-TYPE		5-14
TASK HW-02-04-ANY	Explain the Procedures for Personal Survival if Lost Overboard in a Heavy	
	Weather or Surf Environment	
	her Operations	
TASK HW-03-01-ANY	Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Heavy Weather Operations	5-17
TASK HW-03-02-TYPE		- 1-
TACK INV 02 02 TVDE	Weather Operations	5-17
TASK HW-03-03-TYPE TASK HW-03-04-TYPE	1	
TASK HW-03-04-1 YPE	J	
TASK HW-03-05-11FE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3-21
1A3K 11W-03-00-1 11 E	Drifting Object) in Heavy Seas	5-22
TASK HW-03-07-TYPE		
171511111 03 07 1112	in Heavy Seas	
TASK HW-03-08-TYPE		
TASK HW-03-09-TYPE	TI THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTR	
TASK HW-03-10-TYPE		
	Use of a Drogue	5-26
TASK HW-03-11-TYPE		
TASK HW-03-12-TYPE	Tow a Vessel Inbound Across an Inlet or Bar in Heavy Weather	5-29
TASK HW-03-13-ANY	Illuminate a Bar, Inlet or Surf Zone at Night Using Pyrotechnics from a Boat and	
	from Shore	
TASK HW-03-14-ANY	Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief	
Section D. Surf Operati	ions (up to 8 feet)	
TASK HW-04-01-ANY	Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Surf Operations	5-33
TASK HW-04-02-TYPE		
	Operations	
TASK HW-04-03-TYPE		5-34
TASK HW-04-04-TYPE		. a -
	Stern-To Methods in Surf up to 8 Feet	5-36



TASK HW-04-05-TYPE	Transit Outbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8 Feet	5-36
TASK HW-04-06-TYPE	Transit Inbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8 Feet	
TASK HW-04-07-TYPE	Lateral Across a Surf Zone Beam to Surf up to 8 Feet	5-39
TASK HW-04-08-TYPE	Enter and Depart a Beach (Shoal Area) Surf Zone in Surf up to 8 Feet	5-40
TASK HW-04-09-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in Surf up to 8 Feet	5-41
TASK HW-04-10-ANY	Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief	5-42
CHAPTER 3. HEAVY WEATHE	R COXSWAIN TRAINEE STUDY GUIDE	5-43
Section A. Reading Assign	nments - Division One	5-44
Section B. Reading Assign	nments - Division Two	5-47
	nments - Division Three	
	nments - Division Four	
	CATION	
CHAPTER 1. TASK ACCOMPLI	SHMENT RECORD FOR SURFMAN	6-3
CHAPTER 2. SURFMAN QUALI	FICATION TASKS	6-5
Section A. Surf Operation	ns (greater than 8 feet)	6-6
TASK SRF-01-01-ANY	Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Surf Operations	
TASK SRF-01-02-TYPE	Conduct Safety Rounds, Vessel Systems Checks, and a Crew Brief Related to Surf	
	Operations	
TASK SRF-01-03-TYPE	Determine the Position of a Boat in 8- to 15-Foot Surf	6-8
TASK SRF-01-04-TYPE	Maintain Stationary Position (Station Keep) in 8- to 15-Foot Surf Using the	
	Bow-To Method	
TASK SRF-01-05-TYPE	Transit Outbound an Inlet or Bar Through 8- to 15-Foot Surf	
TASK SRF-01-06-TYPE	Transit Inbound an Inlet or Bar Through 8- to 15-Foot Surf	
TASK SRF-01-07-TYPE	Lateral Across a Surf Zone Beam to 8- to 15-Foot Surf	
TASK SRF-01-08-TYPE	Depart a Surf Zone Using Only a Single Engine in Surf less than 12 Feet	
TASK SRF-01-09-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in 8- to 15-Foot Surf	6-14
TASK SRF-01-10-ANY	Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief	
	EE STUDY GUIDE	
	nments - Division One	
	ATION TASKS	
	SHMENT RECORD FOR TACTICS	
CHAPTER 2. TACTICS QUALIF	ICATION TASKS	7-3
Section A. Tactical Boat (Operations	
TASK TAC-01-01-ANY	Review Patrol Orders and Participate in Operational Pre-Brief	
TASK TAC-01-02-ANY	Complete Pre-Arrival Enforcement Procedures	7-7
TASK TAC-01-03-TYPE	Screen Boat (SB) Duties - Moving	7-8
TASK TAC-01-04-TYPE	Screen Boat (SB) Duties - Stationary	
TASK TAC-01-05-TYPE	Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB) Duties	
TASK TAC-01-06-TYPE	Vessel on Vessel Use of Force	
TASK TAC-01-07-TYPE	Weapons Employment	7-12
TASK TAC-01-08-ANY	Secure from WSM Mission	
TASK TAC-01-09-ANY	Port Security Unit (PSU), Maritime Safety and Security Team (MSST), and Enhance	
	Maritime Safety and Security Team (EMSST) Specific Tasks	
	NYMS	
INDEX	Ind	ex - 1



Part 1 Introduction to Qualification

Introduction

This Part illustrates the qualification process through the following discussions:

- Description of qualification.
- Sample task.
- Description of tasks.
- Instructor guidance.
- Trainee guidance.

It is imperative that a very high level of professionalism be maintained among all unit instructors. All instructors must ensure that their certification remains current. In addition, instructors must ensure that they retain their proficiency with all installed boat equipment.



This Manual is not meant to be ordered for purposes of obtaining individual qualification tasks in *Parts 2* through *6*. Qualification tasks should be reproduced locally and provided for trainees.

In this Part

This Part contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Description of Qualification	1-2
В	Sample Task	1-3
С	Description of Tasks	1-4
D	Instructor Guidance	1-7
Е	Trainee Guidance	1-10



Section A. Description of Qualification

Introduction

There are five Boat Crew Qualification Parts of this Manual. They are:

• Part 2 - Boat Crew Member

Part 3 - Engineer Part 4 - Coxswain

• Part 5 - Heavy Weather Coxswain

• Part 6 - Surfman

Each Part is made up of three major Chapters:

• Chapter 1 - Task Accomplishment Record

Chapter 2 - Qualification Tasks
 Chapter 3 - Trainee Study Guide

Additional tasks and/or chapters may be included to address specific mission qualification requirements.

Chapter 1 contains a task accomplishment record which allows the instructor to record the trainee's progress throughout the qualification process.

Chapter 2 is made up of the qualification tasks, which are designed to measure the trainee's progress.

Chapter 3 provides guidance for the trainee's reading assignments and is to be removed and retained by the trainee.



Section B. Sample Task

TASK ENG-01-33-ANY	Identify the Breaker Panels	
References	a. 41' UTB Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114.2 (series)	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time aboard any of the unit's standard boats without the use o reference or prompting.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify different parts of the electrical panels.	

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Identify AC breaker panel.	<u>IMU</u>
2.	Identify DC breaker panel.	<u>IMU</u>
3.	Identify shore-tie.	<u>IMU</u>

Instructor	BM1 I. M. UNDERWAY	Date	25 OCT 99
Comments		_	
•			



Section C. Description of Tasks

C.1. Task Designation

Tasks are identified by designation. Below are two examples with explanations of the qualification task designations:

C.1.a. Example 1

COX-02-03-ANY

Task can be accomplished on any boat. ANY tasks are considered transferable from boat to boat and, therefore, need only be done once.

Task designation number

Division designation number

Crewmember designation number – Boat Crew Member (BCM), AtoN Crew Member (ACM), Engineer (ENG), Coxswain (COX), Heavy Weather Coxswain (HWX), Surfman (SRF)

C.1.b. Example 2

COX-02-03-TYPE

Indicates that the task must be done individually for each different boat type for which qualification is desired.

Task designation number

Division designation number

Crewmember designation number – Boat Crew Member (BCM), AtoN Crew Member (ACM), Engineer (ENG), Coxswain (COX), Heavy Weather Coxswain (HWX), Surfman (SRF)

C.2. Task

The task is knowledge or skill objective to be performed.

NOTE &

All tasks shall be completed unless specifically stated otherwise. When situations exist that preclude a member from completing a task (e.g. boat does not carry specific gear) the task may be waived at command discretion.

C.3. References

References are information sources used by the trainee and instructor to obtain the background necessary to enhance task performance.

C.4. Conditions

The conditions are the environmental and physical circumstances under which the tasks must be performed. Any tools or special equipment needed for the completion of the task are listed here. The conditions listed with each task must be met. The following definitions describe the terms found in the conditions and standards:



C.4.a. Heavy Weather

Heavy weather is defined as sea, swell and wind conditions combining to exceed 8 feet and/or winds exceeding 30 knots.

NOTE &

This definition of heavy weather is not intended to define a heavy weather situation for a specific boat type. Heavy weather for each specific boat type may be determined by the coxswain at any time.

C.4.b. Rough Bar

A rough bar is a river entrance or inlet where heavy seas or surf conditions exist. Also, in situations when the coxswain or the CO/OIC is unsure, a rough bar is assumed.

C.4.c. Surf

Surf is defined as the waves or swell of the sea breaking on the shore or a reef.

C.4.d. Boat Operations

Term	Definition	
Slow	Underway and moving ahead at clutch speed or slower	
Underway Not tied to a pier or float and not anchored or moored		

C.4.e. Visibility

Term	Definition	
Restricted	Visibility less than ¼ mile	
Clear	All other states of visibility	

C.4.f. Sea Conditions

Term	Definition	
Calm	Seas less than 4 feet	
Moderate	Seas 4 to 8 feet	
Heavy	Seas greater than 8 feet	
Surf	Waves or swell of the sea breaking on the shore or a reef	

C.4.g. Operational Guidelines for MLB and SPC (HWX) Coxswains

	Sea	Wind	Surf
Coxswain	10 ft	30 kts	None
HW Coxswain	20 ft	40 kts	<8 ft
Surfman	30 ft	50 kts	20 ft

NOTE &

Heavy Weather Coxswains shall not attempt operations in surf unless they have demonstrated the proper skills through satisfactory accomplishment of the surf operations tasks in *Part 5* of this Manual.



NOTE &

During the period a member is qualifying, the minimum sea conditions are just that, minimums. This qualifying period should include demonstration of skills during wind and sea conditions appropriate for the area. The unit commander should consider maximum weather limitations in conjunction with Commandant policies to ensure trainees build confidence and platform proficiency gradually. The trainee must practice in varied conditions within the above ranges and not just the minimums prior to certification.

C.5. Standards

Standards describe the expected outcome of the task. Successful task completion is a function of how well a trainee is able to complete the task without assistance. Generally, the task performance standards are as follows:

C.5.a. Knowledge Tasks

Trainee must be able to cite, from memory, the required information. Instructors may wish to ask questions concerning particular steps for accomplishment in order to measure the trainee's total comprehension of the subject matter.

C.5.b. Skill Tasks

Trainee must be able to perform all performance tasks without prompting or assistance from the instructor. Each task demonstration must follow the correct sequence with little or no hesitation between the steps for accomplishment.

C.6. Performance Criteria

These steps delineate the procedure that is best followed for performing each task. They can be utilized two basic ways:

- Aid in learning the task.
- Serve as a performance check.

C.6.a. Aid in Learning the Task

Some steps for task accomplishment follow exact procedures which are required for performing a particular operation or using a specific piece of equipment, while others serve as general guidelines for task completion.

C.6.b. Serve as a Performance Check

Some task steps can serve as a performance checkoff which can be used by the instructor to measure trainee performance when the trainee performs the task.

C.7. Accomplished

The designated instructor must print his/her name and rate, sign and date this line attesting that the trainee successfully performed the task in accordance with the prescribed standards.

C.8. Comments

The comment section can be used to describe circumstances or conditions which might have a bearing on task completion. Failure to perform any element or unsatisfactory performance of an individual element should be noted in the comments section for the task. If the task is completed under more arduous circumstances than those described, a notation should be made.

NOTE &

Chapter 1 of each qualification Part provides a list of all tasks in that Part with space for the instructor to initial and date when each task has been completed.





Chapter 3 of each qualification Part (as well as Chapter 5 of Part 2, Boat Crew Member Qualification) lists reading assignments for each division followed by a group of questions that should be used by the trainee as a study guide.

Section D. Instructor Guidance

Introduction

Tasks are meant to be learned through constant practice under the instructor's guidance. This is accomplished by following the procedural steps listed below and provided in **Figure 1-1**.

D.1. Give Chapter 3 to the Trainee

Give the trainee the reading assignments and study guide questions. Remove *Chapter 3* from the Part and give it to the trainee to retain.

D.2. Assign the Task

While divisions may at times be done concurrently, the tasks within each division should normally be accomplished in consecutive order.

- Which tasks must be completed depends on the crew position and type of boat for which the trainee is being qualified. Notes specifying task applicability may be found at the beginning of each task if applicable.
- Tasks designated as TYPE are considered to be specific to each boat type.
 These must be completed individually for each desired boat type qualification.
- Tasks designated as ANY are considered general in nature. Completion of these tasks on any boat type is sufficient for the qualification process and need not be repeated when qualification is desired on another boat type.



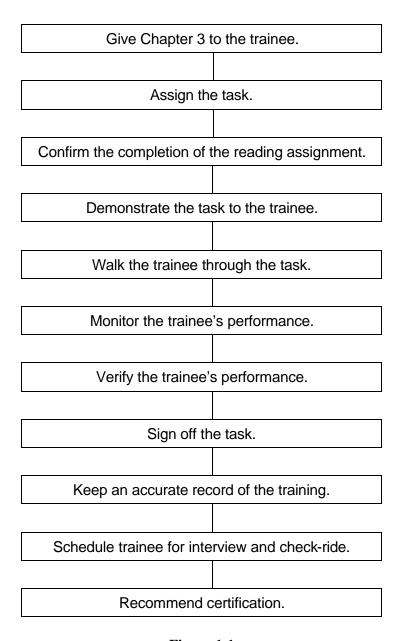


Figure 1-1 Procedure for Guiding Trainees

D.3. Confirm Completion of the Reading Assignment

Care should be taken at this point to clarify any misunderstandings the trainee might have about the material.

D.4. Demonstrate the Task to the Trainee

Demonstrate the steps required to complete the task. During the demonstration, the instructor should narrate the procedures. If the task is one of the few that does not require demonstration, proceed to the next step.



D.5. Walk the Trainee Through the Task

In order to ensure that the trainee understands, the instructor may want to walk the trainee through the steps more than once. There is no limit to the number of times the instructor performs the walk-through, however, trainee understanding must be ensured before continuing.

D.6. Monitor the Trainee's Performance

Trainee performance should be monitored during both training and operations. Qualification does not end with the first successful completion of the task. It is an ongoing process that ends only when successful task completion can be met consistently.

D.7. Verify the Trainee's Performance

Verify that the trainee's performance meets the standard. This includes two parts:

- The trainee must be able to perform the task subject to established conditions and standards delineated for the task.
- The trainee must be able to perform the task with no assistance.

The trainee is expected to perform each task on a consistent basis in accordance with the established standards and conditions.

D.8. Sign Off the Task

The instructor signs the task at the bottom of the page when he/she is confident that the trainee can perform the task consistently, while unsupervised.

D.9. Keep an Accurate Record of the Training

The instructor must ensure that all task completions are documented in this Manual.

NOTE &

As a quick reference of the trainee's progress, the instructor should maintain the task accomplishment record located in *Chapter 1* of each qualification Part. This is accomplished by entering the start date as each task is assigned and then initialing and entering the completion date as each task is completed.

D.10. Schedule Trainee for Interview and Check-Ride

Inform the unit commander when all tasks in this Manual are completed. When the trainee has completed all of the required tasks for the position and boat type, the qualification process is complete. The instructor should inform the Boat Crew Examination Board and schedule the trainee for an interview and certification check-ride.

D.11. Recommend Certification

When the Boat Crew Examination Board is satisfied with the trainee's performance and abilities, they may recommend to the unit commander that the trainee be certified.



Section E. Trainee Guidance

Introduction

It is the trainee's responsibility to proficiently perform the tasks in accordance with the established standards. The tasks that make up *Part 2* through *Part 6* of this Manual represent the skills required to perform in the capacity of a boat crewmember. There are four parts to this learning process:

- Read the assignments and ask questions.
- Pay attention during demonstrations.
- Complete walk-through with instructor.
- Practice the skill.

E.1. Read the Assignments and Ask Questions

First, the trainee must become familiar with each task. All reading assignments must be read carefully. The trainee should seek guidance from the instructor to clear up any uncertainties.

E.2. Pay Attention During Demonstrations

Second, while the task is being demonstrated by the instructor, the trainee must pay close attention.

E.3. Complete Walk-Through with Instructor

Third, the trainee will complete the task the first time with the instructor walking the trainee through the steps.

E.4. Practice the Skill

Fourth, the trainee must practice the skill for consistent success at the task. The instructor will not sign off any task as complete until the trainee can consistently and correctly complete the task unsupervised.

E.5. Certification Process

Once all required qualifications are completed, the certification process can begin.



Part 2 Boat Crew Member Qualification

Introduction

This Part contains a collection of tasks, which must be learned, practiced, and performed by the trainee. These tasks represent the minimum elements of skill and knowledge necessary for safe and effective performance of a Coast Guard boat crew member.

This Manual is not meant to be ordered for purposes of obtaining individual qualification tasks. Qualification tasks should be reproduced locally and provided for trainees.

In this Part

This Part contains the following Chapters:

Chapter	Title	See Page
1	Task Accomplishment Record for Boat Crew Member	2-3
2	Boat Crew Member Qualification Tasks	2-9
3	Boat Crew Member Trainee Study Guide	2-73
4	AtoN Crew Member Qualification Tasks	2-111
5	AtoN Crew Member Trainee Study Guide	2-141





Chapter 1. Task Accomplishment Record for Boat Crew Member

NOTE &	Instructor should remove this chapter and place it in the trainee's training record.		
TRAINEE NAME:		RATE:	
INSTRUCTOR NA	ME:	RATE:	
POSITION/QUALI	FICATION CODE TO BE TRAINED FOR:		
NOTE &	Instructors should line through those tasks not applicable	to this qualification.	

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
BCM-01-01-ANY			
BCM-01-02-ANY			
BCM-01-03-ANY			
BCM-02-01-ANY			
BCM-02-02-ANY			
BCM-02-03-ANY			
BCM-02-04-ANY			
BCM-02-05-ANY			
BCM-02-06-ANY			
BCM-02-07-ANY			
BCM-02-08-ANY			
BCM-02-09-ANY			
BCM-02-10-ANY			
BCM-02-11-ANY			
BCM-02-12-ANY			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
BCM-02-13-ANY			
BCM-02-14-ANY			
BCM-02-15-TYPE			
BCM-02-16-TYPE			
BCM-02-17-ANY			
BCM-02-18-ANY			
BCM-03-01-ANY			
BCM-03-02-TYPE			
BCM-03-03-TYPE			
BCM-03-04-TYPE			
BCM-03-05-TYPE			
BCM-03-06-ANY			
BCM-03-07-ANY			
BCM-03-08-ANY			
BCM-04-01-ANY			
BCM-04-02-TYPE			
BCM-04-03-TYPE			
BCM-04-04-TYPE			
BCM-04-05-ANY			
BCM-04-06-ANY			
BCM-04-07-ANY			
BCM-04-08-ANY			
BCM-04-09-TYPE			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
BCM-04-10-TYPE			
BCM-04-11-TYPE			
BCM-04-12-TYPE			
BCM-05-01-ANY			
BCM-05-02-ANY			
BCM-05-03-ANY			
BCM-06-01-ANY			
BCM-06-02-ANY			
BCM-06-03-ANY			
BCM-06-04-ANY			
BCM-06-05-ANY			
BCM-06-06-ANY			
BCM-06-07-ANY			
BCM-06-08-ANY			
BCM-06-09-TYPE			
BCM-06-10-TYPE			
BCM-06-11-TYPE			
BCM-06-12-TYPE			
BCM-06-13 TYPE			
BCM-06-14-ANY			
BCM-06-15-ANY			
BCM-07-01-TYPE			
BCM-07-02-TYPE			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
BCM-07-03-ANY			
BCM-07-04-ANY			
BCM-07-05-TYPE			
BCM-07-06-ANY			
BCM-07-07-TYPE			
BCM-07-08-ANY			
BCM-07-09-ANY			
BCM-07-10-TYPE			
BCM-07-11-ANY			
BCM-07-12-TYPE			
BCM-07-13-ANY			
BCM-07-14-ANY			
BCM-07-15-TYPE			
BCM-07-16-ANY			
BCM-07-17-TYPE			
BCM-07-18-ANY			
BCM-07-19-ANY			
BCM-07-20-TYPE			
BCM-07-21-TYPE			
BCM-07-22-ANY			
BCM-07-23-TYPE			
BCM-07-24-TYPE			



Section H. Law Enforcement, Homeland Security and Defense Operations

TRAINEE NAMI	3:	RATE:	
INSTRUCTOR N	AME:	RATE:	
POSITION/QUA	LIFICATION CODE TO BE TRAINED FOR:		
NOTE &	Once complete (for qualified personnel), place with trainee's original task accomplishment record in training record. For break-ins, insert within member's task accomplishment record between pages 2-6 and 2-7.		

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
BCM-08-01-ANY			
BCM-08-02-ANY			
BCM-08-03-ANY			
BCM-08-04-ANY			
BCM-08-05-ANY			
BCM-08-06-ANY			
BCM-08-07-ANY			
BCM-08-08-ANY			
BCM-08-09-ANY			
BCM-08-10-ANY			
BCM-08-11-ANY			
BCM-08-12-ANY			
BCM-08-13-ANY			
BCM-08-14-ANY			
BCM-08-15-ANY			
BCM-08-16-ANY			

2-6.1 CH-1



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
BCM-08-17-ANY			
BCM-08-18-ANY			
BCM-08-19-ANY			

CH-1 2-6.2



AtoN Crew Member Qualification Tasks

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
ACM-01-01-ANY			
ACM-01-02-TYPE			
ACM-01-03-TYPE			
ACM-01-04-TYPE			
ACM-01-05-TYPE			
ACM-01-06-TYPE			
ACM-01-07-TYPE			
ACM-01-08-TYPE			
ACM-01-09-TYPE			
ACM-01-10-TYPE			
ACM-01-11-TYPE			
ACM-01-12-TYPE			
ACM-01-13-TYPE			
ACM-01-14-TYPE			
ACM-01-15-TYPE			
ACM-01-16-TYPE			
ACM-02-01-TYPE			
ACM-02-02-TYPE			
ACM-02-03-TYPE			
ACM-02-04-TYPE			
ACM-03-01-TYPE			
ACM-03-02-TYPE			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
ACM-03-03-TYPE			
ACM-03-04-TYPE			



Solution Chapter 2. Boat Crew Member Qualification Tasks

Introduction

The following are the instructions for this Chapter:

- The purpose of this Chapter is to provide guidance on the trainee's progress through the qualification tasks.
- The instructor should present the tasks to the trainee in a logical order using the instructions provided in *Part 1*.
- Tasks should be signed, dated, and placed in the trainee's training record when the instructor is satisfied that the trainee can consistently perform a task in accordance with all standards and conditions.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Crew Efficiency Factors, Risk Factors and Team Coordination	2-10
В	Physical Fitness, First-Aid, and Survival	2-12
С	Marlinespike Seamanship, Boat Nomenclature, Nautical Terminology, and Basic Stability	2-25
D	Boat Handling	2-31
Е	Communications	2-40
F	Navigation	2-43
G	Mission-Oriented Operations	2-54



Section A. Crew Efficiency Factors, Risk Factors and Team Coordination

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division One:

- **Demonstrate** knowledge of the factors that effect crew performance.
- Attend Team Coordination Training.

In this Section

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-01-01-ANY	Crew Fatigue	2-10
BCM-01-02-ANY	Motion Sickness	2-11
BCM-01-03-ANY	Team Coordination Training (TCT)	2-11

TASK BCM-01-01-ANY	Crew Fatigue	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 3, Section B	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.	
Standards	Trainee must demonstrate knowledge of each task to the minimum standards included in each performance step.	

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Describe the situations that may cause fatigue.	
2.	State the crew's responsibility.	
3.	Describe the primary symptoms of fatigue.	
4.	Describe the prevention measures.	
5.	State underway limits for unit's boats.	

Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	
	•	_



TASK BCM-01-02-ANY	Motion Sickness	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte	r 3, Section C
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.	
Standards	Trainee must demonstrate knowledge of each task to the minimum standards incoperformance step.	luded in each
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Explain the causes of motion	on sickness.	
2. List the symptoms of motion	on sickness.	
3. List the prevention and me	dication for motion sickness.	
4. Explain when best to take	anti-motion sickness medication.	
Instructor	Date	
TASK BCM-01-03-ANY	Team Coordination Training (TCT)	
References	a. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST M1541.1 (series)	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.	
Standards	Trainee must attend the training as prescribed in the reference above.	
NOTE &	Attendance at TCT must be recorded in the trainee's Training Record.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Date initial training comple	eted:	
Instructor	Date	
	2	



Section B. Physical Fitness, First-Aid, and Survival

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Two:

- Achieve and maintain the level of physical conditioning necessary to safely and properly carry out the duties of a boat crew member aboard a Coast Guard boat.
- **Identify** and **become** proficient in those skills necessary for coping with open water survival situations.
- Effectively use all standard boat crew signaling and survival equipment.

In this Section

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-02-01-ANY	Personal Physical Fitness and Vision	2-13
BCM-02-02-ANY	Crew First-Aid Responsibility	2-13
BCM-02-03-ANY	Demonstrate Adult, Child, and Infant CPR	2-14
BCM-02-04-ANY	Don the Type III PFD	2-14
BCM-02-05-ANY	Don the Type III Flotation Jacket	2-15
BCM-02-06-ANY	Don Anti-Exposure Coveralls	2-15
BCM-02-07-ANY	Don the Boat Crew Dry Suit	2-16
BCM-02-08-ANY	Identify Boat Crew Survival Vest Equipment	2-16
BCM-02-09-ANY	Use the Emergency Signaling Mirror	2-17
BCM-02-10-ANY	Demonstrate the Use of the MK-124 Smoke and Illumination Signal	2-18
BCM-02-11-ANY	Demonstrate the Use of the MK-79 Illumination Signal Kit	2-19
BCM-02-12-ANY	Operate the SDU-5/E or CG-1 Strobe Light	2-20
BCM-02-13-ANY	Don the Boat Crew Survival Vest	2-20
BCM-02-14-ANY	Don the Inflatable PFD	2-21
BCM-02-15-TYPE	Explain the Manual Deployment and Boarding Procedures for the Rescue and Survival Raft	2-22
BCM-02-16-TYPE	List Survival Procedures in Event of Boat Capsize	2-22
BCM-02-17-ANY	Open Water Survival Skills	2-23
BCM-02-18-ANY	Perform Water Survival Exercise	2-24



TASK BCM-02-01-ANY	01-ANY Personal Physical Fitness and Vision		
References	None.		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Steps may be done at once or over a period of time.		
Standards	Trainee must demonstrate the ability to perform the requirements set forth in the above references based on age and gender.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
Demonstrate normal color	vision using the Farnsworth Lantern Test or the Pseudoisochromatic Plate Test.		
2. Accomplish all physical fi	tness requirements in accordance with this Manual.		
Age:	ender:		
Instructor	Date		
Comments			
TASK BCM-02-02-ANY	Crew First-Aid Responsibility		
TASK BCM-02-02-ANY References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte.	r 5, Section A	
		r 5, Section A	
	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte.		
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte. b. Certifying Organization's Training Manual Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee 	must	
References Conditions	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Certifying Organization's Training Manual Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must complete the American Red Cross, National Safety Council, or American Red Cross, National Safety	must	
References Conditions	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapters b. Certifying Organization's Training Manual Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must complete the American Red Cross, National Safety Council, or An and Health Institute First-Aid Course to receive triennial certification. Performance Criteria	must nerican Safety Completed	
References Conditions Standards	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte. b. Certifying Organization's Training Manual Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must complete the American Red Cross, National Safety Council, or An and Health Institute First-Aid Course to receive triennial certification. Performance Criteria te course completed.	must nerican Safety Completed	
References Conditions Standards 1. Certification Type and Date	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte. b. Certifying Organization's Training Manual Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must complete the American Red Cross, National Safety Council, or An and Health Institute First-Aid Course to receive triennial certification. Performance Criteria te course completed.	must nerican Safety Completed	
References Conditions Standards 1. Certification Type and Data Course:	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte. b. Certifying Organization's Training Manual Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must complete the American Red Cross, National Safety Council, or An and Health Institute First-Aid Course to receive triennial certification. Performance Criteria te course completed. Date:/	must nerican Safety Completed	



TASK BCM-02-03-ANT	Demonstrate Addit, Child, and Illiant CFK	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Cha	pter 5, Section B
	b. Certifying Organization's Training Manual	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Standards	Trainee must complete the American Red Cross, American Heart Association, National Sa Council, or American Safety and Health Institute CPR course to receive certification.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
Certification Type and I	Date course completed.	
Course:	Date:/	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK BCM-02-04-ANY	Don the Type III PFD	
References	a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (serie	s), Chapter 3
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall, without error, don the Type III	PFD.
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
Demonstrate proper don	ning of the Type III PFD and adjust for proper fit.	
2. State when the Type III	PFD is required to be worn.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
•		



TASK BCM-02-05-ANY	CM-02-05-ANY Don the Type III Flotation Jacket		
References	a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), O	Chapter 3	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall, without error, don the Type III flotation jacket.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
Demonstrate proper donni	ing of the Type III flotation jacket and adjust for proper fit.		
2. State when the Type III Pl	FD is required to be worn.		
Instructor	Date		
Comments			
TASK BCM-02-06-ANY	Don Anti-Exposure Coveralls		
References	a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), G	Chapter 3	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.		
Standards	Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee shall, without error, don the anti-exposure coveralls.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
Demonstrate proper donni	ng of the anti-exposure coveralls and adjust for proper fit.		
Demonstrate proper use of the special construction features of the anti-exposure coveralls (i.e. zipper closures; ankle, thigh and wrist straps; pillow; waist belt) and state how these increase hypothermia protection when utilized in the water.			
3. State when the anti-exposi	ure coveralls are required to be worn.		
Instructor Date			
Comments			



TASK BCM-02-07-ANY **Don the Boat Crew Dry Suit**

Reference s

Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.

NOTE &

This task is not required to be performed at units located in District 7, 8, 14, and Activities San Diego.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the proper thermal	protective layers to be worn under the boat crew dry suit.	
WARNING 💖 [Cotton undergarments are not authorized.	
Demonstrate proper don donning of required neop	ning of the boat crew dry suit and adjust for proper fit. Demonstrate proper prene hood.	
3. State the requirements for	or when a boat crew dry suit is to be worn.	
	for inspecting neck and wrist seals as well as general boat crew dry suit condition. s for sizing neck and wrist seals. State problems that would make a boat crew dry	
5. State requirements and p	proper methods for maintenance and stowage of the boat crew dry suit.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK BCM-02-08-ANY	Identify Boat Crew Survival Vest Equipment	
	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte	
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), 	
References Conditions	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Case Should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. 	Chapter 3
References Conditions	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), 	in the steps.
References Conditions	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Case Should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. 	Chapter 3
References Conditions Standards	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Comparison of the performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the objects 	in the steps.
References Conditions Standards 1. State from memory the parameters of the parame	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), of Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the objects Performance Criteria proper location and contents of the boat crew survival vest. the vest and explain its use:	in the steps.
References Conditions Standards 1. State from memory the parameters of the paramet	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), of Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the objects Performance Criteria proper location and contents of the boat crew survival vest. the vest and explain its use:	in the steps.
References Conditions Standards 1. State from memory the parameters of the paramet	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), of Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the objects Performance Criteria proper location and contents of the boat crew survival vest. the vest and explain its use: mirror	in the steps.
Identify each item from a. Emergency signal r b. Signal whistle	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), of Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the objects Performance Criteria proper location and contents of the boat crew survival vest. the vest and explain its use:	in the steps.

Distress signal light Survival knife



Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK BCM-02-09-ANY	Use the Emergency Signaling Mirror	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	r 6, Section D
	b. Manufacturer Guidelines	
	c. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Comparison D	Chapter 3,
Task shall be performed while floating in water deeper than the trainee's he daylight hours. Trainee should be wearing survival gear consistent with the temperature, and a boat crew personnel survival vest. Sunlight should be repredetermined target (boat, location on a wall, etc.). Trainee must accompare prompting or use of a reference.		ther and water ed onto a
Standards	The light rays from the sun must be reflected onto the predetermined object with of trainee receiving a signal from the instructor.	in one minute
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
Locate and break out signa	ıl mirror.	
2. Reflect sunlight from the r	nirror onto a nearby surface (hand, wall, boat).	
3. Bring mirror to eye level, a	and sight target through sighting hole.	
4. Hold mirror close to eye an	nd manipulate so that light spot is on designated target.	
5. Sweep horizon to demonst	rrate attention-attracting technique.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



Comments

TASK BCM-02-10-ANY Demonstrate the Use of the MK-124 Smoke and Illumination Signal References Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section D Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3, Section D **Conditions** Task is accomplished in two parts: Ashore - Trainee identifies the signal ends and describes sequence required to ignite the signal. Identification of signal ends should be done in a well-darkened room. Afloat - In water deeper than the trainee's height, activate the signal. Trainee should wear survival gear consistent with the weather and water temperature, and a boat crew personnel survival kit. Either end of the signal can be activated. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. Standards Trainee must immediately identify the signal. Trainee must be able to distinguish between the day and night ends of the signal by touch alone. Trainee must be able to activate the signal while floating within one minute of receiving a signal from the instructor. Completed Performance Criteria (Initials) Complete the following tasks ashore: Identify and break out signal. Identify day and night ends of the signal by touch alone. Complete the following tasks in the water: Break out signal while floating. Remove cap on end of signal. Extend plastic lever out fully. Hold signal downwind, at arms length, at 45-degree angle from the horizon over the side of the raft or away from dry debris. Pull down on tab to ignite signal. Instructor Date



TA	SK BCM-02-11-ANY	Demonstrate the Use of the MK-79 Illumination Signal Kit	
Ref	erences	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series). b. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (Section D 	•
Co	nditions	Task must be accomplished while afloat in water deeper than the trainee daylight hours. Trainee should wear survival gear consistent with the w temperature, and a boat crew personnel survival vest. Trainee should no directed by the instructor. Trainee must accomplish the task without proreference.	veather and water of fire the cartridge until
Sta	ndards	Trainee must immediately identify the signal. Trainee must be able to lead the launcher and fire, or simulate firing the signal within two minutes of the instructor. All steps must be done in the order listed.	
	NOTE &	The requirement for the trainee to activate the signal may be waived if ad of the signal are not available for training. If this requirement is waived, list in writing the procedures and safety precautions to be followed when 79.	the trainee shall
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Identify and break out MI	C-79 signal kit.	
2.	Break out launcher and ba	ndoleer from plastic envelope.	
3.	Pull trigger screw of launc	ther into safety slot.	
4.	Bend protective tab away	from the signal.	
5.	Load signal cartridge into	launcher and rotate clockwise until signal is seated.	
6.	Hold launcher over head v	vith arm fully extended. Point launcher away from the body on a slight ang	gle.
7.	On command of the instru firing slot.	ctor, fire signal by slipping the trigger screw out of the safety slot and into	the
Ins	tructor	Da	te
Co	mments		



Tether (if carried)

State the requirements for when the boat crew survival vest is to be worn.

TASK BCM-02-12-ANY Operate the SDU-5/E or CG-1 Strobe Light References Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section D Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3, Section D **Conditions** Task must be accomplished while afloat in water deeper than the trainee's height during daylight hours. Trainee should wear survival gear consistent with the weather and water temperature, and a boat crew personnel survival vest. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. **Standards** Trainee must immediately identify the signal. Trainee must be able to break out and activate the signal within one minute of entering the water or being given a signal by the instructor. Completed **Performance Criteria** (Initials) Locate and remove the SDU-5/E or CG-1 strobe light from its case. Activate strobe light. Instructor Date **Comments** TASK BCM-02-13-ANY **Don the Boat Crew Survival Vest** References Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3 **Conditions** Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. **Standards** In response to the instructor, the trainee shall, without error, don the boat crew survival vest. Completed **Performance Criteria** (Initials) Demonstrate proper donning of the boat crew survival vest over the following PFDs and adjust for proper Type III PFD Flotation jacket Anti-exposure coverall Access the following equipment: Strobe light Whistle b. Signal mirror MK-124 day/night signal e. MK-79 signal kit f. Knife Personal EPIRB (if carried) g.



Instructor	Date	
Comments		
-		
·		
TASK BCM-02-14-ANY	Don the Inflatable PFD	
References	a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (see	ries), Chapter 4
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.	
NOTE &	This qualification task is only required at units using inflatable PFDs.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall, without error, don the inflata the policy associated with the attached survival equipment.	ble PFD and explain
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
Complete the Performance	e Qualification Standard for each inflatable PFD type in use at the unit.	
NOTE & Place the orig	inal PQS for the Inflatable PFD in the trainee's Training Record.	
	FD is required to be worn. State the policy associated with carrying required as part of the inflatable PFD outfit in lieu of wearing the boat crew survival	vest.
3. Access the following equi	pment:	
a. Strobe light		
b. Whistle		
c. Signal mirror		
d. MK-124 day/night sig e. MK-79 signal kit	gnal	
e. MK-79 signal kit f. Knife		
g. Personal EPIRB (if ca	arried)	
h. Tether (if carried)		
4. State the requirements and	l proper methods for maintenance and stowage of the inflatable PFD.	
		I
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



TASK BCM-02-15-ANY

Explain the Manual Deployment and Boarding Procedures for the Rescue and Survival Raft

		Raft
N	NOTE 🔑	This qualification task is only required at units using a Rescue and Survival Raft.
References		a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section G
		b. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 5, Section B
Conditions		Task should be performed only for those boats equipped with a life raft. Task may be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or the use of a reference.
Standards		Trainee should be able to identify equipment, and cite steps in the procedures without error. When practical, consideration should be given to deploying the raft for training (i.e. prior to yearly inspection).

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Identify and locate raft and container.	
2.	List and explain procedures for deploying and manning the raft.	
3.	Explain best location to deploy the raft dependent upon environmental conditions.	
4.	Remove raft from rack.	
5.	Place raft in water in best location for boarding.	
6.	Pull the 50-foot painter line from the raft container to inflate raft.	
7.	Board raft from alongside boat, if possible.	

Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	

 TASK BCM-02-16-ANY
 List Survival Procedures in Event of Boat Capsize

 References
 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section H

 Conditions
 Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or the use of references.

 Standards
 Trainee should be able to list all steps in the procedure without error.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State all egress routes.	
2.	Locate nearest exit to open water.	
3.	Inventory survival gear.	
4.	Select best swimmer to exit first carrying line.	
5.	First swimmer exits craft, if necessary, with PFD in hand.	
6.	First swimmer contacts crew still inside by tapping on the hull of the boat.	



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
7.	Rest of crew exits one at	a time.	
8.	Crew stays with the boat	until rescued or boat sinks.	
Ins	tructor	Date	
Cor	nments		
TA	SK BCM-02-17-ANY	Open Water Survival Skills	
Ref	erences	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) b. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), c. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST 1541.1 (series) 	Chapter 3
Cor	nditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.	
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall explain risk-based decisions associwater survival skills.	ated with open
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.		ciated with the different levels of hypothermia protective garments and how they -2 of the <i>Rescue and Survival Systems Manual</i> .	
2.	Explain the factors that a	ccelerate the onset of hypothermia.	
3.	Describe the preventive in survival including method	neasures that can be used to increase the chances for successful open water ds of tethering.	
4.	Explain the benefits for g situations.	etting your body out of the water as much as possible in open water survival	
5.	Explain risk-based decisi	ons associated with swimming in open water survival situations.	
6.	Describe the method for: a. Climbing onto an ov b. Boarding a boat from c. Boarding a life raft.		
	tructor mments	Date	
201			



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Perform Water Survival Exercise

References

- a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)
- b. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Table 3-1

Conditions

This exercise shall be completed by entering water from a height of approximately 3 feet above the surface or from the level of the boat's main deck. Trainee shall wear flotation, hypothermia protective garments and survival equipment consistent with the coldest weather and water temperature experienced at the unit. If this task is completed near a boat or unit docks, ensure the area is free of any dangers (i.e. debris, snags, shoals, excess currents, or biological hazards). An immediate means of response must be available to assist any member that develops trouble during the completion of this task. Trainee shall accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee shall, without error, complete all steps of the water survival exercise

	Sui vivai Cacicise	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Don flotation, hypothermia protective garments and survival equipment, and adjust for proper fit. Personnel wearing dry suits shall don the required neoprene hood after entering the water.	
2.	Enter the water from a height of approximately 3 feet or from the level of the boat's main deck.	
	a. Check surrounding water for debris and depth.	
	b. Look straight ahead when entering water, but maintain awareness of surroundings (i.e. boat movement, wave action, currents).	
	c. Maintain vertical position (body erect) upon entry into water.	
	d. Minimize initial immersion by spreading arms and applying a scissors kick upon entry.	
3.	Adjust flotation, hypothermia protective garments and survival equipment to reduce water intrusion, heat loss, and to improve mobility and buoyancy.	
4.	Swim 100 yards using an energy conserving stroke or movement.	
N	The preferred swim stroke is the resting backstroke.	
5.	Demonstrate the Heat Escape Lessening Position (HELP) for a single person in the water.	
6.	Tether to other survivors and demonstrate the HELP for multiple survivors.	
7.	Access and demonstrate the use of the following equipment:	
	a. Strobe light	
	b. Whistle	
	c. Signal mirror	
	d. MK-124 day/night signal	
	e. MK-79 signal kit	
	f. Knife	
	g. Personal EPIRB (if carried)	
	h. Tether (if carried)	
Ins	tructor Date	
Cor	nments	



Section C. Marlinespike Seamanship, Boat Nomenclature, Nautical Terminology, and Basic Stability

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Three:

- **Identify**, **explain** the use of, and be able to consistently **tie** the basic knots and hitches used aboard Coast Guard boats.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to secure lines of various sizes to several types of deck and dock fittings.
- **Identify** the different parts of a boat's ground tackle and be able to assist in anchoring a boat.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-03-01-ANY	State Common Boat Nomenclature and Terminology	2-25
BCM-03-02-TYPE	Locate and Identify the Purpose of the Equipment Aboard the Boat	2-26
BCM-03-03-TYPE	Boat Characteristics - Boat Construction	2-26
BCM-03-04-TYPE	Boat Characteristics - Watertight Integrity	2-27
BCM-03-05-TYPE	Stability	2-27
BCM-03-06-ANY	Identify the Different Parts of a Line and the Hitches Used in Line Handling	2-28
BCM-03-07-ANY	Tie Various Knots, Hitches, and Bends	2-29
BCM-03-08-ANY	Secure Lines to Cleats, Bitts, and Posts	2-30

TASK BCM-03-01-ANY

State Common Boat Nomenclature and Terminology

References

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section A

Conditions Task should

Task should be performed onboard one of the unit's boats. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify different locations and positions aboard the boat.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Identify bow of the boat.	
2.	On command, move forward on the boat.	
3.	Identify starboard side of boat.	
4.	Identify port side of boat.	
5.	Identify athwartships.	



	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
6. Identify outboard and inbo	pard areas.		
7. Identify stern of the boat.			
8. Identify port quarter.			
9. Identify starboard bow.			
10. Identify windward and lee	eward side of the boat.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-03-02-TYPE	Locate and Identify the Purpose of the Equipment Aboard to	the Boat	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	8, Section D
Conditions	Task should be performed using a simple line diagram of a boa outfit list. Trainee should list the location of each piece of equ must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a referen	ipment on the diag	ckoff or boat ram. Trainee
Standards	Trainee must label and explain the use of installed equipment a	and fittings.	
Standards	1 T		
Standards	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Label each piece of equip	Performance Criteria	Completed	Boat Type
	Performance Criteria	Completed	Boat Type
Label each piece of equips	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Label each piece of equips Instructor	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Label each piece of equips Instructor	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Label each piece of equips Instructor	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Label each piece of equiparts Instructor Comments	Performance Criteria ment or fitting.	Completed (Initials) Date	
1. Label each piece of equiporal linstructor Comments TASK BCM-03-03-TYPE	Performance Criteria ment or fitting. Boat Characteristics - Boat Construction	Completed (Initials) Date 5 (series), Chapter	
1. Label each piece of equiporate to the comments TASK BCM-03-03-TYPE References	Performance Criteria ment or fitting. Boat Characteristics - Boat Construction a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	Completed (Initials) Date 5 (series), Chapter	
1. Label each piece of equiparts Instructor Comments TASK BCM-03-03-TYPE References Conditions	Performance Criteria ment or fitting. Boat Characteristics - Boat Construction a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to	Completed (Initials) Date 5 (series), Chapter	
1. Label each piece of equiparts Instructor Comments TASK BCM-03-03-TYPE References Conditions	Performance Criteria ment or fitting. Boat Characteristics - Boat Construction a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to Trainee must demonstrate knowledge of each task. Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials) Date Date 5 (series), Chapter the unit.	8, Section B



			v v
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
3. Name and define the mos length, freeboard, and dra	at common boat measurements (beam, height, fixed height, aft).		
4. Name the parts of doors a	and hatches that are used to make them watertight.		
5. Name and define the measurements used to define boat displacement			
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-03-04-TYPE	Boat Characteristics - Watertight Integrity		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	· 8, Section C
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to	the unit.	
Standards	Trainee must either demonstrate knowledge of, or perform each	h task.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. State the watertight comp	partments of each boat type.		
2. Describe the factors that and scuttle covers on a da	should be determined before you open watertight doors, hatches, amaged boat.		
3. Open a watertight door an	nd hatch.		
4. Close a watertight door a	nd hatch.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-03-05-TYPE	Stability		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	· 9, Section B
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to	the unit.	
Standards Trainee must either demonstrate knowledge of or perform each task.			



	~~			
	Performance Criteria Completed (Initials)		Boat Type	
1.	State the two primary force	es that affect a vessel's stability.		
2.	Define center of gravity and upon the vessel.	d describe how it changes as weight is added or subtracted		
3.	Define buoyancy.			
4.	4. Define equilibrium and describe how is it changed during rolling, heeling, and listing.			
5.	State the two types of stabi	lity.		
6.	Describe the two types of for	orces that affect stability.		
7.	List the general vessel designation	gn features that influence stability.		
Ins	tructor		Date	
Cor	mments			
	_			
TA	SK BCM-03-06-ANY	Identify the Different Parts of a Line and the Hitches Used	l in Line Handling	
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 and D	4.5 (series), Chapter	7, Sections A
Con	nditions	Task should be performed at any time, ashore or afloat, withour eference.	out prompting or use	e of a
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, i configuration of a line.	identify the differen	t parts and
		Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1.	Define lay of line for:			
	a. Double braid			
	b. Plain laid			
2.	Define line material:			
	a. Polypropylene			
	b. Nylon, including doubc. Natural fiber	ue oraiu		
2	Identify bitter end of line.			
3.				
4.	Identify standing part of lin	e.		
5.	Make bight in the line.			



Performance Criteria					
6. Make overhand loop in th	e line.				
7. Make underhand loop in t	he line.				
8. Make turn around an obje	ect.				
9. Make round turn around a	an object.				
Instructor Date					
Comments					
TASK BCM-03-07-ANY	Tie Various Knots, Hitches, and Bends				
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte	er 7, Section D			
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard one of the unit's boats, cutter, or pier, without prompting or use of a reference.	or at the unit's			
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, tie the following hebends quickly and confidently.	itches, knots and			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)			
1. Tie a square (reef) knot.					
2. Tie bowline in the end of	a mooring line.				
3. Put a temporary eye in to	wline, using a bowline.				
4. Untie knot by "breaking"	the bowline.				
5. Secure line to a rail using	a clove hitch.				
6. Secure clove hitch by usin	ng two half hitches.				
7. Mount fender using a slip	clove hitch.				
8. Attach heaving line to a to hitches.	owline using a sheet bend, snap hook, bowline and/or clove hitch with two half				
9. Add length of mooring line to a towline using a double becket bend.					
10. Secure log, board, or other	r rough surfaced object, by using a timber hitch and two half hitches.				
11. Tie bowline around an ob	ject.				
Instructor Date Comments					



TASK BCM-03-08-ANY	Secure Lines to Cleats, Bitts, and Posts		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 7, Section E		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard one of the unit's boats, cutter, or at the unit's pier, without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate the correct method for securing a line to cleats, bitts and posts.		

	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1.	Locate all standard cleats on boat.		
2.	Place complete round turn around the base of the cleat.		
3.	Lead line over the top of the cleat and around the horns to form a figure eight.		
4.	Secure additional figure eights until the cleat is secured with at least three figure eights.		
5.	Feed eye of the line through the opening in the base of the cleat.		
6.	Loop line back over horns and pull taut.		
7.	Place eye of first mooring line over the cleat.		
8.	Run eye of second mooring line through the eye of the first.		
9.	Place eye of second mooring line over the cleat.		
10.	Identify and locate all bitts on boat.		
11.	Make a complete turn around the near horn.		
12.	Make three or more figure eights around both horns.		
13.	Identify and locate sampson post on boat.		
14.	Make complete round turn around the base of the sampson post.		
15.	Make several figure eights around horns of the post.		
Ins	tructor	Date	
Co	mments		



Section D. Boat Handling

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Four:

- **Define** the common terms used for identification aboard a Coast Guard boat.
- **Identify** and **explain** the purpose or use of the different fittings and equipment located on a Coast Guard boat.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to participate in the common watches performed aboard Coast Guard boats.

In this Section

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-04-01-ANY	Rig Fenders to Side of the Boat	2-32
BCM-04-02-TYPE	Make Fast a Boat to a Pier (Bow On Mooring, No Current/Wind)	2-32
BCM-04-03-TYPE	Assist in Anchoring the Boat	2-33
BCM-04-04-TYPE	Assist in Weighing the Boat's Anchor	2-33
BCM-04-05-ANY	Identify the Common Navigation Lights Displayed by Ships and Boats	2-34
BCM-04-06-ANY	Identify the Common Sound Signals Used by Ships and Boats	2-35
BCM-04-07-ANY	Identify and Describe Accepted Maritime Distress Signals	2-35
BCM-04-08-ANY	Stand a Lookout Watch	2-36
BCM-04-09-TYPE	Act as a Helmsman and Steer a Compass Course	2-37
BCM-04-10-TYPE	Get the Boat Away from a Pier/Cutter	2-38
BCM-04-11-TYPE	Moor the Boat to a Pier/Cutter	2-38
BCM-04-12-TYPE	Boat Handling	2-39



TASK BCM-04-01-ANY Rig Fenders to Side of the Boat a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 7, Sect and Chapter 17, Section C Conditions Task should be performed at any time onboard a unit boat, without prompting or the use reference. Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee must correctly rig fenders to the side of the boat Fenders should be the proper height to avoid damage.				
		14.5 (series), Chapter	er 7, Section D,	
		r the use of a		
		g fenders to the side of the boat.		
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	
1. Tie fenders in place using	g a slip clove hitch.			
2. Position all fenders appro	opriately for width and height of pilings and piers.			
3. Place fenders at contact p	points between boat and pier, dock or another boat.			
Instructor		Date		
Comments				
TASK BCM-04-02-TYPE	Make Fast a Boat to a Pier (Bow On Mooring, No Curren	nt/Wind)		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M161b. Chapman Piloting	14.5 (series), Chapter	· 10, Section D	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard a unit boat w reference. Trainee may be supervised by the coxswain who			
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate, i procedures for securing a boat to a pier using the boats moo		ne correct	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
Place forward spring line	e on pier cleat tended and secure to the boat.	=		
2. Place stern line on pier cl	leat and secure to the boat.	<u> </u>		
3. Place bow line on pier cl	eat and secure to the boat.			
4. Place aft spring line on p	pier cleat and secure to the boat.			
Instructor		Date	1	
Comments				



TASK BCM-04-03-TYPE	SK BCM-04-03-TYPE Assist in Anchoring the Boat			
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section H			
Conditions Task should be performed at any time onboard each assigned boat, without prompting or us a reference.			pting or use of	
Standards	In response to the instructor, trainee must demonstrate, in proper sequence, the correct procedure for anchoring the boat.			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1. State the main parts of the	e anchor.			
2. State the equipment associ	ciated with anchoring.			
3. Establish communication	s with coxswain during the evolution.			
4. Ascertain amount of scop	be needed based on depth of water and type of bottom.			
5. Break out and attach anch	nor line to anchor.			
6. Lower anchor over side, hanchor clear of the side).	nand-over-hand at coxswain's command (on 47' MLB throw			
7. Inform coxswain of direc	tion line tending at all times as anchor line pays out (veers).			
8. Secure anchor line to bitt	at coxswain's command.			
Instructor		Date		
Comments				
TASK BCM-04-04-TYPE	Assist in Weighing the Boat's Anchor			
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114	4.5 (series), Chapter	· 10, Section H	
Conditions Task should be performed at any time onboard each assigned boat, without prompting or us a reference.		pting or use of		
Standards	The trainee must demonstrate, in proper sequence, the proced anchor.	lures for weighing th	he boat's	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1. Establish communication	s with coxswain.			



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
2.	Remove slack from anch	or line as boat moves ahead.		
3.	Stow anchor line below of	deck, away from work area, immediately as it's brought aboard.		
4.	Signal to coxswain when	the anchor line is at short stay (up and down).		
5.		oottom (if anchor does not break free, trainee makes fast anchor in moves the boat ahead to break it free).		
6.	Determine if anchor is cl	ear and clean.		
7.	Haul anchor aboard the b	poat.		
8.	Make up and stow all equ	uipment.	<u> </u>	
Instructor Date				
Co	mments			
TA	SK BCM-04-05-ANY	Identify the Common Navigation Lights Displayed by Ships	and Boats	
Ref	ferences	a. Chapman Piloting		
		b. Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M	16672.2 (series), <i>P</i>	Part C
Con	Task should be performed at night, onboard any unit boat or cutter. Trainee must identify the types of lights when presented with pictures or actual lights by the instructor. The navigation rules used should be those used in the unit's area of operations. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.			e navigation
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, vebelow.	erbally identify the	e lights listed
		Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1.	Identify port side light.			
2.	Identify starboard side li	ght.		
3.	Identify stern light.			
4.	Identify anchor light.			
5.	Identify towing lights.			
6.	Identify sailboat masthea	nd light		

7. Identify bow combination light for boats.



Instructor	Structor Date		
Comments			
TASK BCM-04-06-ANY	Identify the Common Sound Signals Used by Ships and Boats		
References	a. Chapman Piloting		
	b. Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series)	, Part D	
Conditions Task should be performed at any time, onboard any unit boat or cutter. Trainee must the sound signals when presented with examples of the signals. The navigation rules should be those used in the unit's area of operations. Trainee must accomplish the taprompting or use of a reference.		n rules used	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, verbally identify to below.	he signals listed	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1. Identify short blast.			
2. Identify prolonged blast.			
3. Identify danger signal.			
4. Identify signal for intention	on, coming to port (inland).		
5. Identify whistle signal for	r sailing vessels during periods of reduced visibility.		
Instructor	Date		
Comments			
TASK BCM-04-07-ANY	Identify and Describe Accepted Maritime Distress Signals		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chap	ter 11, Section F	
	b. Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series)	, Rule 37	
Conditions	Conditions Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	The trainee must, without error, verbally identify the distress signals listed beloan illustration of each distress signal by the instructor.	ow when given	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1. Red star shells.			
2. Continuous sounding fog	horn.		
3. Orange smoke marker.			



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
4. Dye marker (any color).			
5. Red parachute flare.			
6. Flames on a vessel.			
7. November code flag flow	n over the "Charlie" code flag.		
8. Emergency Position India	cating Radio Beacon (EPIRB).		
9. Orange board with a blac	k square over a black circle.		
10. "MAYDAY" radio broad	least.		
11. Person waving arms.			
12. Black square flag flown of	over a black circle flag.		
13. Radio telephone alarm.			
14. Radio telegraph alarm.			
15. SOS – Morse code signal			
16. Gun fired at intervals of o	one minute.		
17. High intensity white light	t flashing at intervals of 50 to 70 times per minute.		
Instructor Date			
Comments			
TASK BCM-04-08-ANY	Stand a Lookout Watch		
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series), I 		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard any of the unit's boats or cutter. report the range and relative bearing of objects identified by the instructor. Trai accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify objects and bearing and range.	state relative	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1. List the different types of	buoys and their characteristics in the local area and the purpose of each.		
2. Identify three different lo	Identify three different local fixed aids.		
3. Identify and report the range and relative bearing of four different type vessels, common to the local area.			
Identify and report range and relative bearing to deadhead and/or other floating hazard to navigation.			
5. Identify whistle, bell, gor	. Identify whistle, bell, gong, and/or other local audio aids to navigation.		
6. Recognize and report diff	ferent vessel crossing situations.		
7. Recognize and report me	V. Recognize and report meeting situations.		



			~	
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	
8. Recognize and report over	rtaking situations.			
Instructor		Date		
Comments				
TASK BCM-04-09-TYPE	Act as a Helmsman and Steer a Compass Course			
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	14, Section C	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard any of the uni Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of		erway.	
Standards	In response to the coxswain, the trainee must respond, without commands. All courses must be maintained to within five deg			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1. Steer on the course ordered by the coxswain.				
2. Maintain course to within five degrees of ordered course over a ten-minute staged run.				
3. Alter course (at least 35 d	3. Alter course (at least 35 degrees) to new course on coxswain's command.			
4. Steady boat up on new co	urse and hold to within five degrees of ordered course.			
5. Monitor engine gauges.				
6. Keep careful watch of the surrounding area.				
Instructor	Instructor Date			
Comments				



~ ~				
TASK BCM-04-10-TYPE	Get the Boat Away from a Pier/Cutter			
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section D b. Chapman Piloting Task will be performed at any time of day or night in light to moderate winds. The boat may be made fast to either side of the pier or mooring object. All mooring lines must be attached before task is begun. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. 			
Conditions				
Standards	Trainee must perform the task in accordance with the procedu endangering of personnel or boat will cause the task to be secu accomplished.			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
Brief crew on procedure to	to be used and their duties.			
2. Remove mooring lines from	om pier as directed.		<u> </u>	
3. Clear stern of the boat fro	om the pier.			
4. Clear boat of pier.				
Instructor Date				
Comments				
TASK BCM-04-11-TYPE	Moor the Boat to a Pier/Cutter			
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 b. Chapman Piloting		.5 (series), Chapter	10, Section D	
Conditions Task will be performed at any time of the day or night must accomplish the task without prompting or use of			Trainee	
Standards	Trainee must perform the task in accordance with procedures endangering of personnel or boat will cause the task to be secu accomplished.			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
Brief crew on procedure to be used and their duties.				
2. Demonstrate checking engine control (forward and reverse on each engine.)				
3. Approach slowly.				

8. Hold a course while backing the vessel.



			reser
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
4. Apply appropriate power and rudder, use spring line if desired.		=	
5. Bring boat alongside.			
6. Secure lines.			
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-04-12-TYPE	Boat Handling		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M1611	4.5 (series), Chapter	r 10, Section B
Conditions	Task will be performed at any time of the day or night in lig must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a refe		s. Trainee
Standards	Trainee must perform each task to the minimum standards in Any endangering of personnel or boat will cause the task to be accomplished.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Determine the rudder lim	its.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
2. Check engine control acti	on.	=	
3. Move boat forward in a s	traight line.	=	
4. Maintain safe speed for to	rainee's ability and weather conditions.		
5. Adjust speed to ensure w	ake caused no damage or injuries.		
6. Turn the boat with the he	lm.	<u> </u>	
7. Stop the boat in a safe ma	nner.		



	Performance Criteria		Boat Type
9.	Rotate boat about the pivot point.		
10.	Turn boat with a reduced tactical diameter.		

Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	

Section E. Communications

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Five:

- **Demonstrate** the ability to operate a VHF-FM radiotelephone and the SSB-HF transceiver.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to use the radiotelephone to give a position or operations report.

In this Section

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-05-01-ANY	Operate a VHF-FM Radiotelephone	2-40
BCM-05-02-ANY	Operate a SSB-HF Transceiver	2-41
BCM-05-03-ANY	Use the VHF-FM Radiotelephone to Give a Operations and Position Report	2-42

TASK BCM-05-01-ANY	Operate a VHF-FM Radiotelephone
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 11, Sections A and G
	b. Radiotelephone Handbook, COMDTINST 2300.7 (series)
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard one of the unit's boats or cutter. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the different operating parts of the radio and operate the radio.

	Performance Criteria	
1.	. Identify VHF-FM transceiver and speakers.	
2.	. Identify breaker that energizes radio.	



Performance Criteria				
3. Identify power switch and turn radio on.				
4. Identify channel selection	switch or buttons for emergency and working frequencies.			
5. Identify volume controls at	nd adjust volume.			
6. Identify squelch control an	nd adjust to the point where static disappears.			
7. Identify microphone and tr	ransmitting button and obtain a radio check on appropriate working frequency.			
NOTE & No radio che Channel 16.	ecks are permitted on the International VHF distress and calling frequency,			
Instructor	Date			
Comments				
TASK BCM-05-02-ANY	Operate a SSB-HF Transceiver			
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 11 b. Radiotelephone Handbook, COMDTINST M2300.7 (series) c. SSB-HF Transceiver – Operator's Manual		r 11		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard one of the unit's boats or cutter radio onboard. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference of the complex of the complex of the complex of the comp			
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the different parts of the radio and operate the radio.	nt operating		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1. Identify SSB-HF transceiv	er and speakers.			
2. Identify power switch and	turn radio on.			
3. Identify channel selection	switch or buttons and select frequency 2182KHZ.			
Identify and adjust volume control.				
5. Identify and adjust squelch control to just beyond the point where the static disappears.				
6. Identify microphone and o	perating button and demonstrate radio check on appropriate working frequency.			
NOTE Some No radio checks are permitted on the International Medium Frequency (MF) distress and calling frequency 2182KHZ.				
Instructor	Date			
Comments	Comments			

Date



Instructor

Comments

TASK BCM-05-03-ANY		Use the VHF-FM Radiotelephone to Give a Operations and Position Report		
References Conditions		 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 11 b. Radiotelephone Handbook, COMDTINST M2300.7 (series) 		
		Task should be performed at any time, onboard one of the unit's boats or cutter. Message to be sent should be composed by the trainee and the instructor prior to the beginning of the task. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, send a short operations and position report. Task must be accomplished using proper radio telephone procedures, including prowords and phonetic alphabet, in accordance with the above reference.		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	Turn on, tune, and set rad	lio to unit's working frequency.		
2.	. Hail Station using unit's working frequency.			
3.	Ensure that channel 16 (emergency frequency) is being monitored at the same time.			
4.	Send status of operations and position.			
5.	. Sign off using proper prowords at conclusion of the message.			



Section F. Navigation

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Six:

- **Demonstrate** the use of a nautical chart.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to identify navigation and general landmark symbols on a nautical chart.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to plan a voyage by laying down a track line across safe water and through marked channels.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to take a fix and plot a position on a chart.
- **Demonstrate** ability to calculate actual speed of vessel, determine amount of water beneath keel, and recommend adjustments to vessel's course and speed to match voyage plan.

In this Section

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-06-01-ANY	Identify the Symbols, Abbreviations and Basic Parts of a Nautical Chart	2-44
BCM-06-02-ANY	Identify Common Aids to Navigation Used for Inland and Coastal Piloting	2-45
BCM-06-03-ANY	Identify Local Landmarks on a Nautical Chart	2-45
BCM-06-04-ANY	Plot a Position Using Latitude and Longitude	2-46
BCM-06-05-ANY	Plot a Magnetic Course on a Nautical Chart	2-46
BCM-06-06-ANY	Measure Distance on a Nautical Chart	2-47
BCM-06-07-ANY	Compute Time, Speed, and Distance	2-47
BCM-06-08-ANY	Determine the Depth of Water Using a Fathometer	2-48
BCM-06-09-TYPE	Use Radar to Identify Objects	2-49
BCM-06-10-TYPE	Determine the Range and Bearing to Objects Using Radar	2-49
BCM-06-11-TYPE	Use Radar to Obtain and Interpret Relative Bearings and Ranges to a Moving Target to Determine if Risk of Collision Exists	2-50
BCM-06-12-TYPE	Operate the VHF-FM Direction Finder and Steer on a Signal	2-51
BCM-06-13-TYPE	Obtain a Fix Using GPS/DGPS	2-52
BCM-06-14-ANY	Plot a Position Using LORAN-C TDs	2-52
BCM-06-15-ANY	Operate the Electronic Charting System	2-53



TASK BCM-06-01-ANY		Identity the Symbols, Abbrevations and Basic Parts of a Nautical	Chart	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs or punts.		
Ref	ferences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (serie and B	s), Chapter 14, Sections A	
Conditions		Task should be performed ashore or afloat, at any time, using a chart of the local area. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify t nautical chart listed in the steps below.	the different parts of a	
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	Identify the longitude scale			
2.	Identify the latitude scale.			
3.	Identify horizontal and ver	tical clearances of overhead bridges and cables.		
4.	Identify one nautical mile	using the latitude scale.		
5.	5. Identify sounding numbers (feet/fathoms).			
6.	Identify depth curves (cont	cours).		
7.	7. Identify the general information block.			
8.	Identify the scale of a char	t.		
9.	Identify the latitude and lor	ngitude in minutes or seconds.		
10.	Identify different colors an	d stated meaning of each.		
11.	Identify the miles and yard	s scale.		
12.	Identify aids to navigation.			
13.	3. Identify the symbol for prominent local landmarks.			
14.	4. Identify the compass rose and indicate the purpose of each of its prominent parts.			
15.	Identify the symbol for a w	reck, rock, or other submerged object.		
16.	Identify latest changes to the	he chart determined by Notice to Mariners and Local Notice to Mariners		
Ins	tructor	Γ	Date	
Cor	mments			



The Car D Code of the Car	71 de G	
TASK BCM-06-02-ANY	Identify Common Aids to Navigation Used for Inland and Coastal Piloting	
References		
	 b. Nautical Chart Symbols, Abbreviations, and Terms, Chart No. 1 c. The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5 	
Conditions	Task should be performed while underway, using a nautical chart of the unit's lo	cal operating
Conditions	area. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.	cai operating
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the stated a navigation and their corresponding chart symbols.	ids to
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Identify a nun buoy and a	a can buoy.	
2. Identify a preferred chann	nel buoy and state its purpose.	
3. Identify a day beacon.		
4. Identify an intracoastal w	aterways (ICW) buoy and state its markings (if applicable).	
5. Identify ranges and state	their purpose.	
6. While underway, identify the unit's berths.	by type, number, and characteristic the primary aids used for entering and exiting	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK BCM-06-03-ANY	Identify Local Landmarks on a Nautical Chart	
NOTE G	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	· 14, Section B
	b. Nautical Chart Symbols, Abbreviations, and Terms, Chart No. 1	
Conditions	Task should be performed while underway, using a nautical chart of the unit's lo area. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.	cal operating
Standards	In response to the instructor pointing out aids to navigation and prominent landmer trainee must, without error, correctly identify on the chart those objects pointed or	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
Identify all major piers ar	nd docks in the area.	
2. Identify any prominent da	angerous submerged, or semi-submerged rocks, shoals and structures.	
3. Identify all prominent sub	omerged or partially submerged wrecks in the area.	
4. Identify all prominent and	ennas and towers used as navigational landmarks in the area.	
5. Identify all prominent but	ildings and structures used as navigational landmarks in the area.	
6. Identify all prominent lan	dmarks in the area.	



~ ~		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
7. Identify all bridges and the	eir types in the area.	
Instructor	Date	,
Comments		
TASK BCM-06-04-ANY	Plot a Position Using Latitude and Longitude	
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs or punts.	
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. The American Practical Navigator 	r 14, Section D
Conditions	Trainee shall be given a nautical chart and five sets of coordinates expressed in le latitude. Trainee must plot the five coordinates without prompting or use of a ref	
Standards	The trainee must, without error, plot the latitude and longitude coordinates within Positions must be within 100 yards.	n five minutes.
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Plot five different position	ns on the chart within five minutes.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK BCM-06-05-ANY NOTE	Plot a Magnetic Course on a Nautical Chart	
NOIE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs or punts.	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapterb. The American Practical Navigator	⁻ 14, Section C
Conditions	Trainee shall be given a nautical chart (scale 1:80,000 or less), the five positions TASK BCM -06-04-ANY, and five magnetic bearings (one bearing for each posimust accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Standards	The trainee must, without error, plot the courses indicated within five minutes. On the accurate to within three degrees.	Courses must
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Plot five different courses	on the chart.	



Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM	I-06-06-ANY	Measure Distance on a Nautical Chart	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs or punts.	
References		 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. The American Practical Navigator 	14, Section D
Conditions		Trainee shall be given a nautical chart (scale 1:80,000 or less) and the set of five plotted in task BCM -06-04-ANY on the chart (designated A through E). All dist measured using nautical miles or yards as indicated by the task steps. Trainee mutask without prompting or use of a reference.	ances must be
Standards		The trainee must, without error, measure the distances indicated in the task's step minutes. Distance must be accurate to within 200 yards.	s within three
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. The dist	ance from position	A to B is nautical miles.	
2. The dist	ance from position	B to C is yards.	
3. The dist	ance from position	C to D is yards.	
4. The dist	ance from position	D to E is nautical miles.	
5. The dist	ance from position	E to A is nautical miles.	
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM	I-06-07-ANY	Compute Time, Speed, and Distance	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs or punts.	
References		 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. The American Practical Navigator 	14, Section D
Conditions		Trainee shall be given a nautical chart, nautical slide rule, and the positions and d calculated in TASK BCM-06-06-ANY. All answers should be given to the neare hour, knot, or nautical mile as indicated in the step. Trainee must accomplish tas prompting or use of a reference.	est tenth of an
Standards	The trainee must, without error, calculate the answer indicated for each step within five minutes.		in five



NOTE Go The Nautical Slide Rule may not be used for steps 2 and 5. In step 2 the trainee should also use speeds of 12 kts, 6 kts, and 3 kts to demonstrate the 3-minute/6-minute rules.

		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State the 3-minute and 6-r	minute rules.	
2.	Calculate the time, in hou B.	rs, it would take a boat traveling at a speed of 8 knots to get from point A to point	
3.	Calculate the speed, in known	ots, it would take a boat to get from point B to point C in 30 minutes.	
4.	Calculate the speed, in kn	ots, it would take a boat to get from point E to point C in 2 hours.	
5.	Calculate the speed, in kn	ots, it would take a boat to travel 200 yards in 3 minutes.	
6.	Calculate the distance, in	nautical miles, a boat would travel at a speed of 12 knots for 2.4 hours.	
Ins	tructor 	Date	
Coı	nments		
TA	SK BCM-06-08-ANY	Determine the Depth of Water Using a Fathometer	
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	14, Section D
Con	nditions	Task should be performed at any time, while underway, onboard one of the unit' Demonstration should be performed in an area known to have accurate charted so Steps 1 through 3 should be accomplished in water greater than 5 fathoms. Steps should be accomplished in water less than 30 feet. Trainee must accomplish task prompting or use of a reference.	oundings. 4 and 5
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify different pa fathometer and various functions. Soundings should be within 10% (allowing for of the charted depth when working in water less than 30 feet. All other sounding within 2 fathoms of the charted depth.	r range of tide)
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Identify fathometer.		
2.	Turn on fathometer.		
3.	Adjust illumination from '	'Lamp 3 through Off'. (High through Off)	
4.	Demonstrate entering "Of	fset Setup". Set appropriate depth.	
5.	Adjust "Display Contrast"	·.	
6.	State the depth in three dis	fferent positions. Instructor should fix position and verify readings.	
	tructor nments	Date	
201			



				~ ~
TASK BC	M-06-09-TYPE	Use Radar to Identify Objects		
References	•	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	14, Section D
		b. Radar Operator's Handbook		
		c. The American Practical Navigator		
Conditions	\$	Task should be performed at any time, while underway, onboa the objects listed must be identified using the installed radar ar verified by sight. Trainee must accomplish task without promp	nd a local area char	t, and then
Standards		In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, conthe task.	orrectly demonstra	te the steps in
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Turn r	adar power switch o	n and allow unit to warm up.		
2. Turn r	adar for maximum t	arget return.		
3. State the	he use of "gain", "se	ea clutter" and "rain clutter".		
4. Use "g	gain", "sea clutter" a	nd "rain clutter" as necessary.		
5. Recog	nize and visually ve	rify three different prominent landmarks.		
6. Recog	nize and visually ve	rify two different aids to navigation.		
7. Recog	nize and visually ve	rify two different moving targets.		
8. Identif	y a RACON on the	radar screen (if applicable).		
Instructor			Date	
Comments				
TASK BC	M-06-10-TYPE	Determine the Range and Bearing to Objects Using Radar		
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	•	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	14, Section D
		b. Radar Operator's Handbook		
		c. The American Practical Navigator		
Conditions	:	Task should be performed at any time, while underway, onboat Weather should be calm to moderate. All of the steps must be radar and a local area chart, and then verified by sight. Trained prompting or use of a reference.	accomplished usin	g the installed



Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, identify the objects and correctly utilize the VRM and EBL functions to complete tasks two and three.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Turn radar on and tune for	maximum target return.		
2. Report the ranges to three o	lifferent objects.		
3. Report the lines of position	(LOPs) to three different objects.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-06-11-TYPE NOTE	Use Radar to Obtain and Interpret Relative Bearings and F Determine if Risk of Collision Exists Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.	Ranges to a Movin	g Target to
References	a. Knight's Modern Seamanship		
	b. Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M	16672.2 (series)	
	c. Radar Operator's Handbook d. The American Practical Navigator	, ,	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, while underway, onboa Weather should be calm to moderate. All of the steps must be radar and verified by sight. Trainee must accomplish task with reference.	accomplished usin	g the installed
Standards	Trainee must be able to determine the relative motion of the ta amount of time and recommend an adjustment to the boat's co	•	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Identify a moving target on the boat's radar.		
2.	Use the VRM and EBL functions to establish the target range and relative bearing.		
3.	Determine if the target is in a meeting situation or would be passing ahead or astern of the CG boat by monitoring the range and relative bearing.		
4.	Recommend course alteration, if necessary, to avoid the other vessel.		
5.	State the meaning of "Constant Bearing, Decreasing Range".		



Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-06-12-TYPE	Operate the VHF-FM Direction Finder and Steer on a Sign	nal	
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	a. Manufacturer's Operating Manual		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, while underway, onbowill require the use of another radio transceiver at a known lotask without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate the Course should be steered within 5 degrees of the charted LOI		ction finder.
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Identify direction finder	and speakers.		=
2. Identify off/on switch ar	nd turn direction finder on.		
3. Identify front panel indicates a second of the second o	cator and controls.		
4. Identify volume control	and adjust.		
5. Identify squelch control	and adjust to just beyond the point where static disappears.	=	
6. Establish communicatio	ns with another unit using appropriate working frequency.	=	
7. Press the CH key.			
8. Enter the appropriate ch	annel using the numerical keypad, then press ENT.	<u> </u>	
9. State the direction of the	signal.	=	
Instructor		Date	
Comments			



TASK BCM-06-13-TYPE	Obtain a Fix Using GPS/DGPS		
NOTE &	Cutter boats will perform steps 1 and 2 only.		
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. b. GPS Operator's Handbook c. The American Practical Navigator 	5 (series), Chapter	14, Section D
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, while underway, onboa	rd each of the unit'	s boats.
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must correctly demons receiver.	strate the use of the	GPS/DGPS
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Energize set and verify set	receiving a signal.		
2. Read and report latitude ar	nd longitude position to instructor.		
3. Plot latitude and longitude	position on chart.		
4. Demonstrate using "Sailpl	an" and "Reverse Sailplan" (as applicable).		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-06-14-ANY	Plot a Position Using LORAN-C TDs		
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.b. The American Practical Navigator	5 (series), Chapter	14, Section D
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to	the unit.	
Standards	Trainee must either demonstrate knowledge or perform each ta included in each performance step.	sk to the minimum	standards
			Completed

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Describe LORAN-C and its purpose.	
2.	2. Explain Time Difference (TD) and how it is used.	
3.	Use TDs to plot three positions within one-tenth of a nautical mile utilizing the interpolator.	



Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-06-15-TYPE	Operate the Electronic Charting System		
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	a. Electronic Charting System Operation Manual		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to	o the unit.	
Standards	Trainee must either demonstrate knowledge or perform each t included in each performance step.	ask to the minimun	n standards
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Describe the purpose of el-	ectronic charting.		
2. State the specific features	of the electronic charting system.		
3. Describe the information p	provided in the cursor data box.	<u> </u>	
4. Describe the basic purpose	e of the soft keys, dedicated keys, and trackpad.		
5. Perform the basic procedu about objects.	res for changing the chart scale and displaying information		
6. Complete procedure for us	sing quick routes.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			



Section G. Mission-Oriented Operations

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Seven:

- **Demonstrate** actions to take during a man overboard emergency.
- **Demonstrate** procedures to signal an emergency.
- **Demonstrate** procedures for helo hoist operation.
- **Demonstrate** procedures for towing astern and alongside.
- **Demonstrate** procedures for dewatering another vessel.
- **Demonstrate** procedures to combat a fire onboard own vessel or another vessel.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-07-01-TYPE	Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Pointer	2-55
BCM-07-02-TYPE	Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Recovery/Pickup Person	2-56
BCM-07-03-ANY	Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Surface Swimmer	2-56
BCM-07-04-ANY	Stokes Litter	2-57
BCM-07-05-TYPE	Recover a Person-in-the-Water with the Stokes Litter	2-58
BCM-07-06-ANY	Helicopter Operations	2-59
BCM-07-07-TYPE	Conduct Helo-Ops	2-59
BCM-07-08-ANY	Fire the MK-127A1 Parachute Illumination Signal	2-60
BCM-07-09-ANY	Bend a Heaving Line to a Bridle and Pass the Heaving Line to Another Boat	2-60
BCM-07-10-TYPE	Pass a Towline to Another Boat	2-61
BCM-07-11-ANY	Connect a Towline to a Trailer Eyebolt Using a Shackle or Skiff Hook	2-62
BCM-07-12-TYPE	Secure an Alongside Tow	2-62
BCM-07-13-ANY	Prepare the Portable Pump for Operation, Start, and Obtain Suction	2-63
BCM-07-14-ANY	Assist in Passing a Portable Pump Directly to Another Boat	2-64
BCM-07-15-TYPE	Rig and Operate an Eductor to Obtain Suction	2-64
BCM-07-16-ANY	Identify the Different Classes of Fires, State the Fuel Sources, and State the Extinguishing Agents for Each Class of Fire	2-65
BCM-07-17-TYPE	Locate and Identify the Fire Fighting Equipment Carried Onboard the Boat	2-66



Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-07-18-ANY	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Operation of a CO2 Fire Extinguisher	2-66
BCM-07-19-ANY	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Operation of a Dry Chemical Fire Extinguisher	2-67
BCM-07-20-TYPE	Assemble Equipment for the Boat's Main Fire Fighting System	2-68
BCM-07-21-TYPE	Engage the Boat's Main Fire Pump	2-68
BCM-07-22-ANY	Operate a Vari-Nozzle	2-69
BCM-07-23-TYPE	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Procedures to Combat a Fire in the Engine Space	2-70
BCM-07-24-TYPE	Demonstrate the Appropriate Response to the Basic Engineering Casualty Control Exercises (BECCE)	2-71

TASK BCM-07-01-TYPE

Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Pointer

References

Conditions

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A

Task should be performed during the day and at night, while underway onboard each of the unit's boats. Where possible, this task should be performed with an actual person in the water. When not possible due to weather conditions or water temperature, a life-like dummy, (180 pounds dry) or Oscar must be used. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must move to his/her correct Station and perform the task steps without hesitation.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Keep PIW in sight continuously and sound alarm.		
2.	Proceed immediately to assigned position.		
3.	Keep coxswain continuously informed of PIW position both vocally and by pointing.		
4.	Upon command, move to assigned position, and assist with pickup of PIW.		

Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	



TASK BCM-07-02-TYPE Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Recovery/Pickup Person

References

Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A

Conditions

Task should be performed during the day and at night, while underway onboard each of the unit's boats. Where possible, this task should be performed with an actual person in the water. When not possible due to weather conditions or water temperature, a life-like dummy, (180 pounds dry) Oscar may be used. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must move to his/her correct Station and perform the

		tas	k steps without hesitation.		•
		P	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Proceed immediately to from screws).	assigne	d position (should be lowest point of free board away		
2.	Prepare a rescue heaving	g line, if	PIW is conscious.		
3.	On command, throw a re	escue he	aving line to PIW, if PIW is conscious.		
4.	Pull PIW alongside the b	ooat, if l	PIW is conscious.		
5.	Pull the PIW aboard using	ng two j	persons.		
Ins	tructor			Date	
Co	mments				
TA	SK BCM-07-03-ANY	Par	ticipate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Surface Sv	vimmer	
Ref	ferences	a.	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M 1611	4.5 (series), Chapter	r 16, Section A
		b.	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M		
		с.	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States Nation (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime St. COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)		• •

Conditions

Task should be performed during daylight hours in calm sea conditions, while underway onboard one of the unit's boats. This task must be done with a life-like dummy, (180 pounds dry) Oscar in the water. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must perform the task steps without hesitation. Review the policy outlined in references (b) and (c).

NOTE &

The intent of this task is to ensure crew member can remove another person from the water. Task may need to be modified, depending upon equipment carried as part of boat outfit.



			~ ~
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State the surface swimmer	policy as outlined in the above references.	
2.	Don necessary rescue equipment/PPE.		
3. On command, enter the water feet first.			
4. Hold PIW in cross shoulder position, while pulled back to boat by tender.			
5.	Place PIW in stokes litter ((only if person is seriously injured and seas are calm).	
6.	Assist while PIW hauled o	nboard.	
Ins	tructor	Date	
Co	mments		
TA	SK BCM-07-04-ANY	Stokes Litter	
Re	ferences	a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series	, Chapter 2
Co	nditions	Task should be performed at any time at facilities available to the unit.	
Sta	ndards	Trainee must either demonstrate knowledge or perform each task to the minim included in each performance step.	um standards
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Review stokes litter policy COMDTINST M10470.10	and guidelines provided in the <i>Rescue and Survival Systems Manual</i> , 0 (series).	
2.	State what type of stokes l	itter is authorized for Coast Guard use.	
3. State procedures necessary for securing a patient in the litter.			
4.	State flotation kit requiren	nents.	
Instructor Date		,	
Co	mments		



Comments

TASK BCM-07-05-TYPE	Recover a Person-in-the-Water with the Stokes Litter		
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A b. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series) 		
Conditions	Task should be performed during daylight hours, in calm sea onboard one of the unit's boats. This task must be done with a Oscar, or unit personnel in the water. Trainee must accomplis of a reference.	conditions, while us a lifelike dummy (1	80 pounds),
Standards	In response to the instructor the trainee must perform the task the policy outlined in the <i>Boat Crew Seamanship Manual</i> , CO and the <i>Rescue and Survival Systems Manual</i> , COMDTINST	MDTINST M1611	4.5 (series)
NOTE &	The intent of this task is to ensure crew member can remove are Task may need to be modified, depending upon equipment care		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Make ready stokes litter n	nanila tending lines and patient securing straps.		
2. Place stokes litter in water	and tend with assistance of another crew member.		
3. Place patient or Oscar in l	itter and attach all straps in correct order.		
4. Assist while patient is hau	led onboard (head first).	==	
5. Check the patient to asses	s their physical condition and give first-aid as needed.		
6. Assist in carrying stokes l	itter with patient from the boat to the shore.		
Instructor		Date	



		200	
TASK BCM-07-06-ANY	Helicopter Operations		
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte			19
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time at facilities available to the unit.		
Standards	Trainee must either demonstrate knowledge or perform each task to the included in each performance step.	minimum	standards
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
Review air operations cl	napter of the Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (seri	ies).	
2. State delivery and hoisti	ng methods.		
3. State safety precautions	associated with delivery and hoisting.		
Instructor Comments	Da	nte	
TASK BCM-07-07-TYPE	Conduct Helo-Ops		
NOTE &	Task ONLY applies to boats 30' and above.		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)	, Chapter I	19, Section B
Task should be performed while underway during daylight hours, in fair weather conditions All crew members should be wearing gloves, helmets, goggles, PFDs or appropriate expense gear and boat crew personnel survival vests. Rescue device and/or line must not become entangled or otherwise attached to the boat at any time. Rescue device must be grounded boat before crew members handle it. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or of a reference.			te exposure ecome ounded to the
NOTE G	If no helicopter training is available, this task may be deferred. Task mulearliest possible time.	st be comp	leted at the
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee should perform the tasks in acc listed below.	ordance wi	ith the steps
		pleted tials)	Boat Type
Secure loose gear before	operations. —		
2. Ground rescue device us	ing a deadman stick.		
3. Bring rescue device onto	the boat's deck by hand or by using a tag line.		

Tend rescue device as it is lifted from boat and hoisted to helicopter.



Instructor	Date		
Comments			
			
TASK BCM-07-08-ANY	Fire the MK-127A1 Parachute Illumination Signal		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	· 6, Section F	
Conditions Task should be performed at night, ashore or underway. Trainee must accomprompting or use of a reference.		sh task without	
Standards	Trainee must break out, prepare, and launch the MK-127A1 signal.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1. Remove signal from its c	container.		
2. Hold signal in left hand	with red band facing up.		
3. Withdraw firing cap from	n lower end.		
4. Inspect cork sealing disc	for looseness. If disc is loose, flare should not be fired.		
5. Point ejection end, oppos	site the red band, away from body and other people or objects.		
6. Push firing cap slowly or	nto primer end until cap is aligned with the lower edge of the red band.		
7. Position signal so that fir	ring end is perpendicular to the deck with the firing cap facing downward.		
8. Fire signal by striking fire	ring cap bottom with the palm of the right-hand.		
9. Keep the arm rigid and p	pointed straight up.		
Instructor	Date		
Comments			
·			
TASK BCM-07-09-ANY	Bend a Heaving Line to a Bridle and Pass the Heaving Line to Another Boat		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	· 17, Section D	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard one of the unit's boats. Heaving line used should be at least 75 feet long. The target boat must be at least 40 feet away from the boat at the time of the toss. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must pass the line to the target boat, in at the steps listed below, on two out of three throws. The heaving line should pass boat, but not hit it.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1. Wet down heaving line t	o relieve stiffness.		



			v v		
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)		
	2. Bend one heaving line onto the bridle eye using a bowline and second onto the throat using a clove hitch with two half hitches, or a snap hook.				
3. Make heaving line into tig	3. Make heaving line into tight coils.				
4. Place two-thirds of coil in	casting hand.				
5. Instruct people on other bo	oat to take cover.				
6. On command, throw heavi	ng line over the target boat and tend.				
Instructor Date Comments					
TASK BCM-07-10-TYPE	Pass a Towline to Another Boat				
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114				
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard any of the uniboat in tow. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting				
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, in accordance veriform all line handling related to passing a tow line.	vith the procedures	listed below,		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1. Using heaving lines, pass t	towline to the boat to be towed.				
2. Tend towline while people	on other vessel make attachment.				
3. Place a proper working tur	n around the towing bitt and pay out the line, as directed.				
4. On command, secure towl	ine to the towing bitt.				
5. On command, break towing bitt down to a working turn, pay towline out.					
6. On command, make up bit	tt.				
Instructor	Instructor Date				
Comments					



TASK BCM-07-11-ANY

Connect a Towline to a Trailer Eyebolt Using a Shackle or Skiff Hook

References

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time, onboard any of the unit's boats, while taking another boat in tow. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must, in accordance with the procedures listed below, perform all line handling related to connecting a towline to a boat's trailer eyebolt.

		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1.	Prepare towing line with sl	kiff hook assembly or shackle attached.			
2.	Connect towline to eyebol	t using skiff hook assembly or shackle, while disabled boat is off either quarter.			
3.	Tend towline from towing	boat with proper working-turn around the tow bitt.			
4.	On command, secure towl	ine to the tow bitt.			
5.	On command, break down	the tow bitt to a working turn, and pay out towline.			
6.	On command, make up to	w bitt.			
Con	TASK BCM-07-12-TYPE Secure an Alongside Tow				
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.			
Re	ferences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte	er 17, Section D		
Co	Conditions Task should be performed at any time, onboard each of the unit's boats. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Sta	Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without prompting, correctly tend and secure the towline and side lines in accordance with the procedures listed below.				

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Rig fenders and set up lines on the side where tow will be secured.		
2.	If using stern towline, upon command, walk towline forward and fake out excess line on deck, out of the way.		
3.	If using stern towline, upon command, lead tow line forward and use as the bow line.		
4.	Secure other lines as directed by the coxswain.		
5.	Explain the purpose of each line (bow, stern, towing strap, back spring).		



Instructor	Date			
Comments				
TASK BCM-07-13-ANY	Prepare the Portable Pump for Operation, Start, and Obtain Suction			
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.			
References	a. Dewatering Pump Manufacturer's Instructions			
	b. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series)			
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, ashore, afloat or onboard one of the unit's Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.	boats.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, prepare and start the accordance with the procedures listed below. The pump must take suction in ord to be considered successful.	pump in ler for this task		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1. Open and remove pump from	om pump can.			
2. Check oil. Fill if needed.				
3. Mount and connect fuel tan	ak (if applicable).	-		
4. Connect and unroll discharge	ge hose.			
5. Connect suction hose.				
6. Place suction hose strainer	in water.			
7. Prime pump.				
8. Start pump engine within s	ix pulls.			
9. Take suction and discharge	e water from the pump.			
10. Drain, flush out with fresh	water, clean up and secure pump.			
Instructor Comments				



TASK BCW-07-14-ANT	Assist in Fassing a Fortable Fump Directly to Another Boat		
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	18, Section I
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard one of the unit two-man team. Trainee must accomplish task without prompti		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate pass the procedures listed below.	sing the pump in ac	cordance with
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1. Attach mooring line to pun	np can handle.		
2. Secure heaving line to moo	oring line using bowline or double becket bend.		
3. Attach mooring line to other	er handle.		
4. Pass heaving line to other b	boat.		
5. Tend pump can using moon the water around the boats	ring line while people on other boat haul it in (lines never allowe).	ed to lay slack in	
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-07-15-TYPE	Rig and Operate an Eductor to Obtain Suction		
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	18, Section I
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, pierside or underway, or eductor equipment. Task should be performed using the instal Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a re	led pump onboard	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must prepare the educ accordance with the procedures listed below. The eductor must task to be considered successful.	tor and put it into c st take suction in or	peration in der for this
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Connect eductor supply ho	se to pump outlet using 25-foot length of hose.		
2. Connect 1½-inch supply ho	ose to the eductor.		

	Performance Criteria	(Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Connect eductor supply hose to pump outlet using 25-foot length of hose.		
<u> </u>			
2.	Connect 1½-inch supply hose to the eductor.		
3.	Connect 2½-inch discharge hose to the eductor.		
4.	Submerge eductor in the water to be pumped.		



			~ ~
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
5. Engage pump engine.			
6. Observe suction and dischoverboard.	arge water through the eductor. Ensure discharge flowing		
7. Secure pump.		<u> </u>	
8. Drain, flush out with fresh	water, clean up and secure pump.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-07-16-ANY	Identify the Different Classes of Fires, State the Fuel Sourc Agents for Each Class of Fire	es, and State the I	Extinguishing
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. C and D	.5 (series), Chapter	· 18, Sections
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time ashore or afloat. Trained prompting or use of a reference.	ee must accomplish	task without
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error states below.	ate, the answers cal	lled for in the
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
State most common fuels to	for Class A fires, and state the primary extinguishing agent for a	Class A fire.	
2. State most common fuels t	for Class B fires, and state the primary extinguishing agent for a	Class B fire.	
3. State most common source	e for Class C fires, and state the primary extinguishing agent for a	a Class C fire.	
4. State most common fuels	for Class D fires, and state the primary agents for containing a Cl	ass D fire.	
Instructor		Date	
Comments			



TASK BCM-07-17-TYPE Locate and Identify the Fire Fighting Equipment Carried Onboard the Boat

References

a. Boat outfit or daily checkoff list for the boat

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time, onboard the type boat being qualified on. Only those items carried on the boat need to be identified. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must identify all of the fire fighting equipment carried on the boat, and state the purpose of each piece.

	on the boat, and state the purpose of each piece.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Identify and state the purpose of the installed fire pump and controls.		
2.	Identify and state the purpose of the portable fire pump(s).		
3.	Identify and state the purpose of all fire hoses.		
4.	Identify and state the purpose and capabilities of the nozzle.		
5.	Identify and state the purpose of all tri-gates and hose fittings.		
6.	Identify and state the purpose of the fire monitor and controls.		
7.	Identify and state the purpose of all spanner wrenches.		
8.	Identify and state the purpose of the fixed extinguishing system.		
9.	Identify and state the purpose of all CO ₂ fire extinguishers.		
10.	Identify and state the purpose of all dry chemical extinguishers.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Ins	tructor	Date	
Con	mments		

TASK BCM-07-18-ANY

Demonstrate Knowledge of the Operation of a CO₂ Fire Extinguisher

References

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time, ashore or afloat. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate the use of a CO₂ fire extinguisher in accordance with the guidelines listed below.



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Carry extinguisher in uprig	ght position.	
2. Identify the locking pin and	d explain its removal from the valve.	
3. Ground cylinder by placing	g it on deck.	
4. Point horn at target and ex	plain how to activate the extinguisher.	
5. Direct CO_2 at the base of the	he fire (simulate).	
Instructor	Date	
TASK BCM-07-19-ANY	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Operation of a Dry Chemical Fire Extinguis	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte	er 18
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, ashore or afloat. Trainee must accompli prompting or use of a reference.	sh task without
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate the use of a dry chem extinguisher in accordance with the guidelines listed below.	ical fire
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Check fill cap for tightness	3.	
2. Identify and explain remov	val of the locking pin from the cutter assembly.	
3. Explain how puncture leve	er is pushed down, and why this is done.	
4. Approach fire from the win	ndward side.	
5. Remain at least 8 feet from	the fire.	
6. Point extinguisher at base	of fire, explain discharge procedure.	
Instructor Comments	Date	



TASK BCM-07-20-TYPE Assemble Equipment for the Boat's Main Fire Fighting System References Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section F Conditions Task should be performed at any time, acting as a member of a team, onboard the specified boat type. Only those steps applicable to the boat type need to be accomplished. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. **Standards** In response to the instructor, the trainee must correctly connect those pieces of equipment necessary to use the boat's fire fighting equipment for fighting a fire. Demonstration should be completed within 15 minutes. Completed **Performance Criteria Boat Type** (Initials) Mount fire monitor, if applicable. Connect tri-gate to the firemain. 3. Connect fire monitor to tri-gate with 2½-inch x 30-foot hose. Connect 1½-inch hose to tri-gate and attach vari-nozzle. Place correct gates of the tri-gate in open position. Charge fire hose. Instructor Date **Comments** TASK BCM-07-21-TYPE **Engage the Boat's Main Fire Pump** References Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series) **Conditions** Task should be performed at any time, onboard the specific boat type. Task need only be done for those boats with an installed fire fighting system, or a semi-attached portable pump used for fire fighting. Only those steps applicable to the boat type should be done. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. **Standards** In response to the instructor, the trainee must correctly demonstrate the use of the boat's fire pump in accordance with the guidelines listed below. Task must be completed within ten minutes.

Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Place engine in neutral.		



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
2.	Open firemain sea suction	n valve.		
3.	Energize fire pump.			
4.	Break out and rig portable	e pump.		
5.	Connect all gates and hos	es.		
6.	Open discharge valve.			
7.	Open air vent valve.			
8.	Start pump engine (if sepa	arate).	<u> </u>	
9.	Engage and charge system	n.		
Inst	tructor 		Date	
Cor	mments			
TA	SK BCM-07-22-ANY	Operate a Vari-Nozzle		
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114	.5 (series), Chapter	18, Section F
Con	nditions	Task should be performed at any time, onboard any of the unicharged and water discharged. Trainee must accomplish task vereference.		
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate the accordance with the guidelines listed below. Task should be determined to the contract of the		
		Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1.	Connect nozzle to 1½-inc	ch hose.		
2.	Man nozzle and open noz	zle.		
3.	Demonstrate wide-angle f	îog.		
4.	Demonstrate narrow angle	e fog (power cone).		
5.	Demonstrate straight strea	am.		
-	Demonstrate flush feeture			



Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK BCM-07-23-TYPE	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Procedures to Combat a Fir	e in the Engine Sp	oace
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	M16114 (series)	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, acting as a member of a boat type. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must demonstrate the system and the procedures for fighting engine space fires in aclisted below. The demonstration must be accomplished in five	cordance with the	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Sound alarm to other crew	members by shouting: "FIRE, FIRE, FIRE."		
2. Secure engines.		=	
3. Secure air supply to engine	e space (if possible).		
4. Simulate and explain activ	ating fixed fire fighting system, if available.		
5. Aim fire extinguisher, if us	sed, at base of the fire simulating fighting the fire.		
Instructor		Date	



TASK BCM-07-24-TYPE	Demonstrate the Appropriate Response to the Basic Engineering Casualty Control Exercises (BECCE)	
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E b. Manufacturers Operator's Manual and Technical Publication 	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard each of the unit's boats, including non-standard boats, without the use of any references or prompting.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, demonstrate the steps taken for each of the BECCEs listed, as stated in the above reference.	

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Fire in the engine room.		
2.	Loss of steering. (cable/hydraulic)		
3.	Loss of steering. (jammed rudder)		
4.	Accidental grounding.		
5.	Collision with submerged object.		
6.	Reduction gear failure.		
7.	Main engine high water temperature.		
8.	Loss of main engine lube oil pressure.		
9.	Loss of fuel oil pressure.		
10.	Loss of control of engine RPM.		
11.	General starting difficulties, including engine not starting and emergency starting procedures.		
12.	Cooling system casualties.		
13.	Propeller damage and excessive cavitation.		
14.	Immersed outboard.		
15.	Loss of electrical power.	<u> </u>	



Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	



Law Enforcement, Homeland Security and Defense Section H. **Operations**

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Eight:

- **Explain** the Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) mission.
- **Define** common terminology used in the MHS mission.
- **Explain** MHS operational and tactical control.
- **Explain** response boat duties while conduction MHS operations.
- Explain response boat operations within a Limited Access Area (LAA) both moving and stationary.
- Explain basic response boat tactics.
- **Explain** response boat procedures for escorting a Target of Interest (TOI).
- Explain weapons command and control.
- **Demonstrate** weapons usage, command and control.

NOTE & Section H tasks are to be completed by all boat force units.

For units that do not have or carry weapons, tasks BCM-08-16-ANY through BCM-08-19-ANY may be deferred.

> 2 - 72.1CH-1



In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
BCM-08-01-ANY	Authority and Jurisdiction, Use of Force	2-72.3
BCM-08-02-ANY	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) Missions	2-72.3
BCM-08-03-ANY	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) Definitions	2-72.4
BCM-08-04-ANY	Threats to Response Boat (RB) Crews	2-72.5
BCM-08-05-ANY	Tactical Control	2-72.5
BCM-08-06-ANY	Operational Pre-Brief and De-Brief	2-72.6
BCM-08-07-ANY	Loss of Communications Procedures	2-72.6
BCM-08-08-ANY	Vessel On Vessel Use of Force	2-72.7
BCM-08-09-ANY	Limited Access Areas (LAA)	2-72.7
BCM-08-10-ANY	Security Zones (SZ)	2-72.8
BCM-08-11-ANY	Escorting a Moving High Value Asset (HVA)	2-72.9
BCM-08-12-ANY	Protection of Stationary/Anchored HVAs	2-72.10
BCM-08-13-ANY	Response Boat Duties	2-72.10
BCM-08-14-ANY	Escorting a Target of Interest (TOI)	2-72.11
BCM-08-15-ANY	Basic Response Boat Tactics	2-72.12
BCM-08-16-ANY	Weapons Engagement	2-72.12
BCM-08-17-ANY	Weapons Command and Control	2-72.13
BCM-08-18-ANY	Demonstrate Weapons Usage, Command and Control	2-72.14
BCM-08-19-ANY	Use of Automatic Weapons	2-72.15



TASK BCM-08-01-ANY	Authority and Jurisdiction, Use of Force	
References	 a. Boarding Officer/Boarding Team Member Personal Qualification Standard (PQS), COMDTINST M16247.3 (series) 	
	b. Maritime Law Enforcement Manual, COMDTINST M16247.1 (series)	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference.	ut prompting or
Standards	Task must be accomplished in accordance with the above reference.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
	Boarding Team Member tasks:	
a. 1-03 Authority andb. 1-04 Use of Force 0		
2. Complete the following		
a. 2-01 Authority and	Jurisdiction (Numbers 1 and 2 only)	
Instructor	Instructor Date	
Comments		
TASK BCM-08-02-ANY	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) Missions	
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Introduction	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state MHS mission areas.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the primary missio	n areas within Maritime Homeland Security (MHS).	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
		

2-72.3 CH-1



TASK BCM-08-03-ANY	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) Definitions	
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series)	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting use of a reference.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall define terms.	

		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Def	ine the following terms:	
	a.	Captain of the Port (COTP)	
	b.	Disabling Fire	
	c.	Escort	
	d.	Field of Fire	
	e.	High Value Asset (HVA)	
	f.	Intercept Zone (IZ)	
	g.	Landside Security	
	h.	Limited Access Area (LAA)	
	i.	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS)	
	j.	Maritime Security (MARSEC)	
	k.	Non-Compliant Vessel	
	1.	Operational Control (OPCON)	
	m.	Operational Security (OPSEC)	
	n.	Port Waterways and Coastal Security (PWCS)	
	o.	Reaction Zone (RZ)	
	p.	Response Boat (RB)	
	q.	Screen Boat (SB)	
	r.	Security Zone (SZ)	
	s.	Self Defense (Individual and Unit)	
	t.	Tactical Control (TACON)	
	u.	Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB)	
	v.	Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (TTP)	
	w.	Target of Interest (TOI)	
	X.	Vessel Posing an Imminent Threat (VPIT)	

Instructor	Date	
Comments		



TASK BCM-08-04-ANY	Threats to Response Boat (RB) Crews	
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, Co M16601.7 (series) Chapter 1, Section A	OMDTINST
	b. Weapons of Mass Destruction and Catastrophic Hazardous Material Released COMDTINST 3400.3	ases,
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the most likely terrorist threa may encounter, potential consequences, and procedures.	nts a boat crew
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the types of threats	s a boat crew may encounter and the -potential consequences of each.	
State procedures for a W PPE and decontamination	Veapons of Mass Destruction or hazardous material release including appropriate on.	
TTE and decontainmant	Instructor Date	
	Date	
	Date	
Instructor Comments	Tactical Control	
Instructor Comments TASK BCM-08-05-ANY		OMDTINST
TASK BCM-08-05-ANY	Tactical Control a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, Co	
TASK BCM-08-05-ANY References Conditions	Tactical Control a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, Control M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without	ut prompting or
TASK BCM-08-05-ANY References Conditions	Tactical Control a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, Control M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference. In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the relationship between TAC	ut prompting or
TASK BCM-08-05-ANY References Conditions Standards	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, Co. M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the relationship between TACRB coxswain.	CON and the
TASK BCM-08-05-ANY References Conditions Standards	Tactical Control a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, Control M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference. In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the relationship between TACRB coxswain. Performance Criteria	CON and the

2-72.5 CH-1



TASK BCM-08-06-ANY	Operational Pre-Brief and De-Brief	
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, CC M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section B	OMDTINST
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the components and importan Brief and De-Brief.	ce of a Pre-
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the reasons for and i	mportance of the Operational Pre-Brief.	
2. State the type of informati	ion that should be contained within the Operational Pre-Brief.	
3. State the reasons for and i	mportance of the Operational De-Brief.	
4. State the type of informati	ion that should be contained within the Operational De-Brief.	
Instructor	Instructor Date	
Comments		
		
TASK BCM-08-07-ANY	Loss of Communications Procedures	
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, CC M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section C	OMDTINST
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference.	t prompting or
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the Loss of Communication Procedures.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the five (5) steps for	Loss of Communication.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



TASK BCM-08-08-ANY	Vessel On Vessel Use of Force	
References	. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 3	
	b. Maritime Law Enforcement Manual, COMDTINST M16247.1 (series) Cha	upter 4
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference.	t prompting or
Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state principles and policy with regard to on Vessel Use of Force while assigned to MHS duties.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
State the two principles operations.	when force may be applied from CG vessels conducting LAA enforcement	
2. Discuss key consideration	ons when enforcing LAAs in congested ports and waterways.	
3. State the four steps and t	actics involved in stopping a non-compliant vessel.	
4. State the difference in us and a Vessel Posing Imr	se of force policies/procedures between stopping a Non-Compliant Vessel (NCV) ninent Threat (VPIT).	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK BCM-08-09-ANY	Limited Access Areas (LAA)	
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, CO M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4, Section B	OMDTINST
Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prouse of a reference.		t prompting or
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the five LAAs typically used for security purposes.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the five types of L.	AAs typically used during MHS operations.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		

2-72.7 CH-1



		Security Zones (SZ)		
		a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4		
Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the use of a reference.		Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference.	sk without prompting or	
Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee shall answer the following question Security Zones.		In response to the instructor, the trainee shall answer the following questions wit Security Zones.	h regard to	
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	State why the CG routine	ly establishes Security Zones.		
2.	State why a SZ is an effect	ctive tool for controlling movements and limiting access to sensitive areas.		
3.	State who may establish a	ı SZ.		
4.	State and describe the five	e tactical areas of a security zone.		
5.	State the difference between a Naval Vessel Protection Zone (NVPZ) and a security zone.			
6.	State who may authorize movement within the NVPZ.			
7.	State the reasons why you conduct waterway, bridge and pier inspections.			
8.	State procedures for cond	ucting a Route Inspection prior to the escort of an HVA.		
Inst	nstructor Date			
Coı	nments			



TASK BCM-08-11-ANY	Escorting a Moving High Value Asset (HVA)		
References a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDT M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4, Section D		OMDTINST	
Conditions Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without pronuse of a reference.		t prompting or	
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the appropriate procedures fo moving HVA.	r escorting a	
	Performance Criteria Complete (Initials		
State positioning and re	State positioning and responsibilities of RBs in a:		
a. Four-Boat Escort			
b. Three-Boat Escort			
c. Three-Boat Restric	eted Channel Escort		
d. Two-Boat Escort			
e. Single Boat Escort			
f. Escort with Differe	ent Assets		
2. State the additional secu	State the additional security options that should be considered when conducting a single boat escort.		
Instructor	nstructor Date		
Comments			

2-72.9 CH-1



TASK BCM-08-12-ANY Protection of Stationary/Anchored HVAs		
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4, Section D	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference.	ut prompting or
Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state the appropriate procedure patrolling of stationary/anchored HVAs.		or protection and
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
State positioning and resp	consibilities of RBs in a:	
a. Multi-Boat Patrol		
b. Two-Boat Patrol		
c. Single-Boat Patrol		
d. Anchored HVA		
2. State the additional secur	ity options that should be considered when conducting a single boat patrol.	
Instructor	Date	-
Comments		
TASK BCM-08-13-ANY	Response Boat Duties	
TASK BCM-08-13-ANY References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A	OMDTINST
	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C	
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without the second section of the second seco	ut prompting or
References Conditions	 a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. 	ut prompting or
References Conditions	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly answer the below questions Performance Criteria	ut prompting or
References Conditions Standards 1. What are the duties of the	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly answer the below questions Performance Criteria	ut prompting or
References Conditions Standards 1. What are the duties of the 2. What are the duties of the	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly answer the below questions Performance Criteria e Screen Boat (SB)?	ut prompting or
References Conditions Standards 1. What are the duties of the 2. What are the duties of the	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly answer the below questions Performance Criteria e Screen Boat (SB)? e Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB)?	ut prompting or
References Conditions Standards 1. What are the duties of the 2. What are the duties of the 3. What are the duties of the	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly answer the below questions Performance Criteria e Screen Boat (SB)? e Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB)? e Command and Control Vessel?	ut prompting or
References Conditions Standards 1. What are the duties of the 2. What are the duties of the 3. What are the duties of the Instructor	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task withouse of a reference. In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly answer the below questions Performance Criteria e Screen Boat (SB)? e Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB)? e Command and Control Vessel?	ut prompting or

CH-1 2-72.10



TASK BCM-08-14-ANY Escorting a Target of Interest (TOI)			
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section B		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly explain the proper techniques in escorting a TOI.		
Performance Criteria Completed (Initials)			
Explain the purpose for escorting a TOI.			
2. Explain Switching Sectors.			
3. Explain Loitering Hand-Off.			
4. Explain Drop Back Hand	4. Explain Drop Back Hand-Off.		
Instructor Date			
Comments			

2-72.11 CH-1



TA	SK BC	CM-08-15-ANY	Basic Response Boat Tactics	
References a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section C Conditions Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task with use of a reference.		MDTINST		
		ıs	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference.	prompting or
Sta	ındard	S	In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly explain the Shadow, Intercept Shouldering tactics.	, Herding, and
			Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	List t	he four basic respon	nse boat tactical maneuvers.	
2.	Expla	nin the following for	r each tactic:	
	a.]	Procedure		
	b.]	Benefit		
	c.	When the tactic sho	uld be used	
	d.	Potential dangers to	the boat crew	
	e.	Cautions		
Ins	structo	r	Date	
Co	mment			
TA	SK BC	CM-08-16-ANY	Weapons Engagement	
Re	ference	es	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, CO M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6	MDTINST
Co	ndition	ıs	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference.	prompting or
Sta	andard	S	In response to the instructor, trainee shall correctly identify RB constraints with response engagement.	egard to
			Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State	the factors that will	constrain an RB in their ability to engage hostile targets.	
2.	Unde	r what circumstance	es can a target be engaged without a prearranged clear field of fire?	
3.	Who	can approve a Field	of Fire?	
Ins	structo	•	Date	
Co	mment	······································		

CH-1 2-72.12



TA	TASK BCM-08-17-ANY Weapons Command and Control			
References		ces	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6, Section B	
Co	nditi	ons	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Sta	ndar	rds	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall define standard weapons command authorize the command and state the appropriate response to each command.	ls, who can
			Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.		fine the following wear conse to each comman	apons commands, who can authorize the command and state the appropriate and if applicable:	
	a.	Weapons Tight		
	b.	Weapons Free		
	c.	Weapons Stowed		
	d.	Weapons Ready		
	e.	Surface/Air Action,	Port/Starboard	
	f.	Open Fire		
	g.	Check Fire		
	h.	Cease Fire		
Ins	truct	or	Date	
Co	Comments			

2-72.13 CH-1



TASK BCM-08-18-ANY Demonstrate Weapons Usage, Command and Control			
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, CO M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6, Section B	res (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST	
Conditions	Task must be performed in an RB and location designated by the CO/OIC or Operational Commander. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. Live ammunition will not be used unless appropriate policy and procedures are utilized.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall demonstrate standard weapons usage to weapons commands.	ge in response	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
Demonstrate appropriate each command if applica	e actions to the following weapons commands and state the appropriate response to able:		
a. Weapons Tight			
b. Weapons Free			
c. Weapons Stowed			
d. Weapons Ready			
e. Surface/Air Action,	Port/Starboard		
f. Open Fire			
g. Check Fire			
h. Cease Fire			
Instructor	Date		
Comments			

CH-1 2-72.14



TASK BCM-08-19-ANY	Use of Automatic Weapons			
a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINS M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6, Section C		MDTINST		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.			
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee shall state how automatic weapons shall associated safety concerns.	be used and		
Performance Criteria Completed (Initials)				
1. State how and why an auto	State how and why an automatic weapon should be fired.			
2. State how the "roll" of the RB should be utilized in firing an automatic weapon.				
3. State the safety concerns a	State the safety concerns associated with ricochet from an automatic weapon.			
4. State the relation between RB speed and sea state regarding mounted weapon stability.				
Instructor Date				
Comments				

2-72.15 CH-1



CH-1 2-72.16



Solution Chapter 3. Boat Crew Member Trainee Study Guide

Introduction

This Chapter should be removed and given to the trainee to keep. Its purpose is to provide guidance for the trainee's reading assignments and is not a part of the training record.

The trainee should read the appropriate reading assignment and answer the related questions prior to beginning training in each new task. The instructor should then discuss the trainee's answers to ensure understanding of the subject matter prior to beginning instruction for each new task.

NOTE &

If there is no reading assignment assigned for a specific task, then the task will not have a page number to reference.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Reading Assignments - Division One	2-74
В	Reading Assignments - Division Two	2-76
С	Reading Assignments - Division Three	2-84
D	Reading Assignments - Division Four	2-88
Е	Reading Assignments - Division Five	2-95
F	Reading Assignments - Division Six	2-97
G	Reading Assignments - Division Seven	2-103



Section A. Reading Assignments - Division One

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-01-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5, (series), Chapter 3, Section B	2-75
BCM-01-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 3, Section C	2-75
BCM-01-03-ANY	None assigned	



TASK BCM-01-01-ANY: Crew Fatigue

1.	1. Mental and physical fatigue is among the during rough	n weather operations.
2.	2. The primary symptoms of fatigue are:	
	a.	
	b.	
	c.	
	d.	
	e.	
	f.	
3.	3. Some preventive measures are:	
	a.	
	b.	
	c.	
	d.	
	e.	
	f.	
4.	4. Some other environmental conditions that also promote fatigue are:	
	a.	
	b.	
	c.	
	d.	
ΤA	TASK BCM-01-02-ANY: Motion Sickness	
1.	Motion sickness occurs when there is an imbalance betweenimages and the portionwhich senses motion.	n of the
2.	2. Reading chart work, or other tasks that require close attention, willmotion	ı sickness.
3.	3. Antimotion Sickness Medications, COMDTINST M6710.15 (series), restricts medication use. Significant given under the following circumstances:	Specifically, it must not be
	given under the following encumstances.	
	a.	



Section B. Reading Assignments - Division Two

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-02-01-ANY	None Assigned	
BCM-02-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 5	2-78
BCM-02-03-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 5	2-79
BCM-02-04-ANY	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3	2-79
BCM-02-05-ANY	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3	2-79
BCM-02-06-ANY	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3	2-80
BCM-02-07-ANY	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3	2-80
BCM-02-08-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section D	2-80
	• Rescue and Survival Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3	
BCM-02-09-ANY	None assigned	
BCM-02-10-ANY	None assigned	
BCM-02-11-ANY	None assigned	
BCM-02-12-ANY	None assigned	
BCM-02-13-ANY	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3	2-81
BCM-02-14-ANY	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 4	2-81



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-02-15-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section G	2-81
	Rescue and Survival Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 5, Section B	
BCM-02-16-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section H	2-82
BCM-02-17-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)	2-82
	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3	
	Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST 1541.1 (series)	
BCM-02-18-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)	2-83
	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Table 3-1	



TASK BCM-02-02-ANY: Crew First-Aid Responsibility

1.	What are dressings and bandages used for?
2.	What is the first step in caring for bleeding wounds?
3.	What should you do if you think a victim has serious internal bleeding?
4.	What should you do for someone who is suffering from a heat-related illness?
5.	What should you do if you find someone with a piece of glass sticking out of their arm?
6.	Why should you cover burns with a clean or sterile dressing?



TASK BCM-02-03-ANY: Demonstrate Adult, Child, and Infant CPR

1.	In a life-threatening situation, what is the most important thing you can do to help?
2.	What is a signal of breathing difficulty?
3.	What should you do to determine whether or not a victim requires rescue breathing?
4.	What should you do for a conscious adult who is choking and cannot cough?
5.	When should you stop CPR?
6. 7.	One cycle of CPR for an adult includes compressions and breath(s). Where on an adult victim should you feel for a pulse?
8.	Where do you check for a pulse on an infant?
9.	How often should you give rescue breaths to a child who is not breathing, but does have a pulse?
10.	One cycle of CPR for a child includes compressions and breath(s).
ΤA	ASK BCM-02-04-ANY: Don the Type III PFD
1.	The Type III PFD is normally worn aboard boats when is required.
2.	True or False. The Type III PFD will turn a crew member face up if they fall overboard and are rendered unconscious.
3.	The Type III PFD has a tendency to on the wearer in the water.
TA	SK BCM-02-05-ANY: Don the Type III Flotation Jacket
1.	The waist straps on the Type III flotation jacket should be adjusted to a before entering the water.
2.	The Type III flotation jacket has flotation characteristics.
3.	True or False. Zippers on the Type III flotation jacket should be open before entering the water to create air pockets for additional flotation.



TASK BCM-02-06-ANY: Don Anti-Exposure Coveralls

1.	True or False. Wearing a Type I or III PFD over an anti-exposure coverall may be dangerous in certain situations.		
2.	The anti-exposure coveralls have straps located at the,, and which should be tightened before entering the water.		
3.	The anti-exposure coveralls is ideal for cold weather operations with cockpit boats.		
TA	ASK BCM-02-07-ANY: Don the Boat Crew Dry Suit		
1.	The dry suit shall be worn in cockpit boats when the water temperature is below °F and the air temperature is below °F.		
2.	The dry suit has watertight seals at the, and		
3.	To afford the maximum protection from hypothermia, the dry suit must be worn with the		
4.	True or False. The dry suit must never be worn over regular clothing.		
5.	A must be worn over a dry suit at all times.		
TA	ASK BCM-02-08-ANY: Identify Boat Crew Survival Vest Equipment		
1.	The boat crew survival vest was designed to aid personnel to in hazardous situations.		
2.	The survival knife is used to yourself if you become entangled.		
3.	The emergency signaling mirror is used to attract the attention of passing, or boats.		
4.	Reflected light from the emergency signal mirror can be seen at a from the point of origin.		
5.	It does this by light at them.		
6.	To use the mirror, you should face a point about between the sun and the object you wish to signal.		
7.	The night end of the MK-124 smoke and illumination signal produces a		
8.	The day end of the signal produces smoke.		
9.	Two prominent bands around the circumference identify the end.		
10.	After the seal has been broken, the signal is activated by a pull on the		
11.	The signal should be held downwind and overhead at adegree angle flame.		
12.	The signal in the MK-79 kit can be fired to an altitude of 250 feet to feet.		
13.	The second step in preparing the signal for launching is to move the screw into the safety slot.		
14.	The protective tab should be bent from the signal.		
	The signal should be mated to projector and rotated until the signal is seated.		
16.	When firing, the arm should be extended		
17.			
18.	The SDU-5/E or CG-1 strobe light emits a high visual distress signal visible for great distances.		
19.	The light is intended to omit approximately flashes per minute.		
	If the light, with a new battery, does not operate within limits, the light from service.		



TASK BCM-02-13-ANY: Don the Boat Crew Survival Vest

1.	The Type III PFD is normally worn when the water temperature is greater than °F.
2.	The Type III PFD has a minimum of pounds of buoyancy.
3.	The flotation jacket provides a minimum ofpounds of buoyancy.
4.	True or False. The flotation jacket provides minimal protection against hypothermia.
5.	The flotation characteristics of the anti-exposure coveralls is similar to those of a TypePFD.
6.	The anti-exposure coveralls have an orally inflatedfor better flotation angle.
7.	True or False. The anti-exposure coveralls are the same as a dry suit.
8.	True or False. The Boat Crew Survival Vest should only be worn under a PFD.
TA	ASK BCM-02-14-ANY: Don the Inflatable PFD
1.	The inflatable type PFD uses as the inflating agent.
2.	True or False. The inflatable type PFD should be inflated before entering the water.
3.	The inflatable type PFD will probably have a and attached to it.
4.	To maintain the buoyancy of the inflatable PFD, an tube is provided.
TA	ASK BCM-02-15-TYPE: Explain the Manual Deployment and Boarding Procedures for the Rescue and Survival Raft
1.	The raft may be inflated either or automatically.
2.	The raft may be inflated manually by completely pulling the line from the raft container.
3.	The raft should be considered as a means of persons stranded in areas where a boat cannot go.
4.	If practical, the raft should be directly from the boat - avoid entering the
5.	After boarding the raft, you should try to remain in the same general area as the
6.	Food and water should be



TASK BCM-02-16-TYPE: List Survival Procedures in Event of Boat Capsize

1.	While capsizing, personnel should something sturdy.	
2.	If trapped in or under a boat, personnel should seek out an	near the
3.	Before attempting to escape, an inventory should be made of all taken along.	that might be
4.	Because air will eventually leak or run out, every effort should be made to	_•
5.	Sometimes it is necessary to your PFD in order to exit. If necessary, it sha so it can be after exiting.	ould be attached to
6.	If the engines are still running, you should the stern.	
7.	When trapped in an open cockpit, you should exit by swimming the gunwales and alongside the boat.	
8.	If trapped in an enclosed cabin, you must remember that all exits are we capsizes.	hen the boat
9.	If line is available, the swimmer should exit first taking an end of the line with him/her.	
10.	If no line is available, the swimmer should go out first, followed by the swimmers, and lastly by a swimmer.	
11.	When free, the first swimmer out should contact the people inside by	·
TA	ASK BCM-02-17-ANY: Open Water Survival Skills	
1.	State the four types of hypothermia clothing used by the Coast Guard.	
	a. b.	
	c. d.	
2.	clothing robs the body of heat by breaking down the thermal protection of insulated clothing.	
3.	If a dry suit is worn, boat crew members must wear a at all times.	
4.	The anti-exposure coveralls are TypePFD.	
5.	True or False. If possible, board the life raft from the sinking vessel to avoid entering the water.	
6.	The length of time a person can stay alive in cold water depends on three factors. What are these three fa	ctors ?
7.	True or False. It is best to climb on an overturned boat hull from the windward side.	
8.	If a Coast Guard boat is greater thanfeet, it will normally carry a survival raft.	
9.	If trapped under an inverted boat, seek out an near the top.	
10.	True or False. When swimming out from under an inverted boat, a PFD should be worn at all times.	



TASK BCM-02-18-ANY: Perform Water Survival Exercise

1.	The bright light spot on the signal mirror is used to the mirror.
2.	Where can directions for use of the signal mirror be easily found?
3.	The use of a whistle is especially helpful to rescuers during periods of
4.	A signal whistle's audible sound may be heard up to yards.
5.	The MK-124 day/night pyrotechnic device produces colored smoke for daytime conditions and colored flare as a night signal.
6.	Each end of the MK-124 will burn for about seconds.
7.	In the dark, the night end of the MK-124 is identifiable by on the night end.
8.	Each MK-79 signal kit contains cartridge type aerial flares and pencil type projector.
9.	The aerial flares in the MK-79 signal kit can attain an altitude of to feet and remain illuminated for about seconds.
10.	The strobe light is designed to emit about flashes per minute and is capable of flashing hours if used continuously.
11.	Define the acronym HELP in regards to water survival.
12.	True or False. Swimming in cold water will warm you up and increase your chances for survival.



Section C. Reading Assignments - Division Three

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-03-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section A	2-85
BCM-03-02-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section D	2-85
BCM-03-03-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8	2-86
BCM-03-04-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8	2-86
BCM-03-05-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 9, Section B	2-87
BCM-03-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 7, Sections A and D	2-87
BCM-03-07-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 7, Section D	2-87
BCM-03-08-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 7, Section E	2-87



TASK BCM-03-01-ANY: State Common Boat Nomenclature and Terminology

1.	The front end of the boat is the
2.	When proceeding toward the bow, you are going
3.	The right side of the bow is the bow.
4.	The central or middle area of the boat is
5.	The left center side of the boat is the
6.	The rear of the boat is the
7.	The left rear section of the boat is the port
8.	A line running from one side of the boat to the other is said to be
9.	From the center line toward either side is referred to as
10.	From either side toward the centerline is called
11.	The side of the boat against a dock is also called
12.	If you go down inside the boat, you are going
13.	If you are up into the rigging of the boat, you are going
TA	SK BCM-03-02-TYPE: Locate and Identify the Purpose of the Equipment Aboard the Boat
1.	A is used to allow the anchor line to spin freely.
2.	75' and 100' are used for passing the towline when maneuverability is restricted.
3.	A is used to attach a towline to a trailer eyebolt on boats.
4.	When securing chafing gear to a line, you should use
5.	Ring are used during man overboard emergencies.



TASK BCM-03-03-TYPE: Boat Characteristics – Boat Construction

1.	The three basic types of hull forms based on vessel speed are,, and semi-displacement.
2.	A displacement hull boat pushes away (displaces) water allowing the to into the water.
3.	Heavy displacement hulls cannot exceed a speed of times the of their waterline length without requiring excessive power.
4.	Once "on top," the skims along the of the water, whereas the displacement hull always forces water around it.
5.	The semi-displacement hull is a combination of characteristics of the hull and the hull. Many boats are this type.
6.	The is the backbone of the boat.
7.	are attached to the keel, which extend athwartships. The of the boat is attached to the frames.
8.	controls the direction of the boat and may vary widely in size, design, and method of construction.
9.	The three rudder types are,, and
10.	is the distance a propeller advances in revolution with no slip.
11.	frames provide hull strength along the of the hull.
12.	A is a seagoing floor and provides strength to the by reinforcing the transverse and deck beams.
13.	If decks are seagoing floors, then hatches are seagoing
14.	are small openings.
15.	Watertight doors are designed to resist as much as the through which they provide access.
TA	SK BCM-03-04-TYPE: Boat Characteristics – Watertight Integrity
1.	doors are designed to resist as much pressure as the bulkheads through which they provide access.
2.	If are seagoing floors, then are seagoing doors.
3.	Watertight closures must have clean, bright, unpainted, smooth for gaskets to press against.
4.	Scuttles must be secured for at all times except when they are open for inspection, cleaning, or painting.
5.	The interior of a boat is compartmentalized into bulkheads, decks, and hatches. The hatches are actually "doors" though the bulkheads. With the hatches closed, the space between them becomes watertight and is called a



TASK BCM-03-05-TYPE: Stability

1.	The tendency to remain upright is its (the vessel's)
2.	and are the two primary forces acting upon a floating vessel
	that affect stability.
3.	Theis the point at which the weight of the boat acts vertically downwards.
4.	Theis the upward force of water displaced by the hull.
5.	When a boat is at rest, the center of buoyancy acting upward/vertically is below the center of gravity acting downwards. A boat is considered to be in
6.	A boat has two principal types of stability: and
7.	The two principal forces that affect stability are andforces.
8.	General vessel design features that influence stability include:
	a.
	b.
TA	ASK BCM-03-06-ANY: Identify the Different Parts of a Line and Hitches Used in Line Handling
1.	The running or free end of a line is called the
2.	The long, unused, or belayed end is called the
3.	An overhang loop is made by crossing the over the standing part.
4.	A bight is a formed by turning the line back on itself.
5.	A is a single turn and a is two complete turns around an object.
TA	SK BCM-03-07-ANY: Tie Various Knots, Hitches, and Bends
1.	The advantage of a bowline is that it does not
2.	The best all-around hitch for securing a line to a ring, spar, or other round or near round object is the
3.	Timber hitches are used to secure a line to logs, planks, or other objects.
4.	are used to lengthen one line by bending one to another.
TA	ASK BCM-03-08-ANY: Secure Lines to Cleats, Bitts, and Posts
1.	Deck fittings permit easy handling of lines and reduce and friction on lines.
2.	When securing a line to a cleat, bitt, or post, you should first take a around the deck fitting.
3.	You should finish securing the line by forming several figure and securing them with a half over each horn.
4.	To facilitate speed and safety, the dipping the method should be used when two mooring lines have to be placed on the same cleat.



Section D. Reading Assignments - Division Four

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-04-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section C	2-90
BCM-04-02-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section D Chapman Piloting, 61 st edition, Pages	2-90
	200-201	
BCM-04-03-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COM DTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section H	2-90
BCM-04-04-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section H	2-90
BCM-04-05-ANY	• Chapman Piloting, 61 st Edition, Chapter 7	2-91
	Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series), Part C	
BCM-04-06-ANY	• Chapman Piloting, 61 st Edition, Chapter 6	2-91
	Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series), Part D	
BCM-04-07-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 11, Section F	2-92
	Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series), Rule 37	
BCM-04-08-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1, Section C	2-92
	Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series), Rule 5	
BCM-04-09-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1, Section C, and Chapter 14, Section C	2-92



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-04-10-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section D	2-93
	• Chapman Piloting, 61 st Edition, Page 207	
BCM-04-11-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section D	2-93
BCM-04-12-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Sections A and B	2-94



TASK BCM-04-01-ANY: Rig Fenders to Side of the Boat

1.	When docking or taking another boat alongside, you should always rig fenders to prevent damage.			
2.	Fenders should be adjusted to cushion points of			
3.	Fenders should be secured using a or			
4.	Fenders should be secured to a stanchion, a, bitt, or cleat.			
TA	ASK BCM-04-02-TYPE: Make Fast a Boat to a Pier			
1.	All fenders should be rigged and should be broken out and ready before reaching the dock.			
2.	The of the mooring line should be secured to the dock before the bitter end is fixed to the boat cleat.			
3.	Normally the after spring line is secured first.			
4.	The order in which the lines are attached depends on the evaluation of the situation.			
TA	TASK BCM-04-03-TYPE: Assist in Anchoring the Boat			
1.	Most Coast Guard boats use a type anchor.			
2.	The of the anchor are the parts that dig into the bottom to provide holding power.			
3.	The anchor line, or chafing chain, is secured to the			
4.	A is used to attach the chain so that the anchor line can spin freely.			
5.	Never stand in the of an anchor line.			
6.	The anchor line should be tended directly from thelocker if possible.			
7.	The anchor should be over the side, never			
8.	The anchor line should always form an angle of or less with the bottom.			
TASK BCM-04-04-TYPE: Assist in Weighing the Boat's Anchor				
1.	Slack in the anchor line should be as the boat is moved ahead.			
2.	As the line is brought aboard, it should be faked on deck or stowed below			
3.	If the anchor refuses to break free, the line should be around the forward bitt while the coxswain moves ahead a few feet to break it free.			



TASK BCM-04-05-ANY: Identify the Common Navigation Lights Displayed by Ships and Boats

1.	The purpose of navigational lights is to vessels of the presence or approach of another vessel.				
2.	Navigational lights also aid in determining the of the vessel.				
3.	Lights must be used from to and in times of restricted visibility.				
4.	A green sidelight means you are looking at a vessel's side.				
5.	A red sidelight means you are looking at a vessel's side.				
6.	If you see both a red and green sidelight, it means you are looking at the vessel				
7.	A power-driven vessel 50 meters or more in length must display red and sidelights, a masthead light, a stern light, and a light.				
8.	A power-driven vessel less than 50 meters in length must display red and sidelights, a masthead light, and a light.				
9.	A power-driven vessel less than 7 meters and whose maximum speed does not exceed 7 knots only has to show an light.				
10.	Sailing vessels less than 12 meters (international) or 20 meters (inland) in length must display red and green sidelights, or a red and green light, along with a stern light.				
11.	On sailboats and rowboats less than 7 meters in length, if regular running lights are unavailable, they may display or torch.				
TA	TASK BCM-04-06-ANY: Identify the Common Sound Signals Used by Ships and Boats				
1.	A short blast is a blast of about second(s) duration.				
2.	A prolonged blast is from to seconds in duration.				
3.	Vessels 12 meters in length or more must carry a along with a whistle.				
4.	If you hear a gong, you know the vessel is at least meters long.				
5.	Vessels under 12 meters in length are required to				
6.	A power-driven vessel underway in conditions of reduced visibility sounds				
7.	Sailing vessels during periods of reduced visibility sound				
8.	Bells and gongs are used by vessels that are				



TASK BCM-04-07-ANY: Identify and Describe Accepted Maritime Distress Signals

1.	MAYDAY, MAYDAY is the	priority of urgency call.	
2.	A gun fired at intervals of about	minute(s) may be used as an emergency signal.	
3.	Rockets, shells, or flares should be of a	color to indicate an emergency.	
4.	A square flag above a	_ also can be a distress signal.	
5.	Two lights in a broken down.	line may be used to indicate that a vessel is	
6.	Slowly and	outstretched arms indicates an emergency.	
7.	The signal ··· means	and indicates an situation.	
TASK BCM-04-08-ANY: Stand a Lookout Watch			
1.	It is the lookout's job to report everything	or to the boat coxswain.	
2.	When making reports, the lookout should first	the object and than give the direction in to the object.	
3.	Lookouts should always remain at their Station	n until	
4.	If a report to the coxswain is not acknowledge	d, it should be	
5.	When looking for a person or object in the wat	er, a scanning technique should be used.	
6.	Dark adaptation requires	or more, but may be destroyed in less than	
TASK BCM-04-09-TYPE: Act as a Helmsman and Steer a Compass Course			
1.	The arc of the compass card is divided into	degrees.	
2.	A reading of 000 degrees on the compass card	should point towardNorth.	
3.	The is in lir	ne with the boat's centerline and indicates the boat's	
4.	To ensure understanding, the helmsman should	d always all orders given to him/her by the coxswain.	
5.	The helmsman should attempt to maintain a co	ourse within degrees.	
6.	The helmsman should not execute any orders u	inless by the coxswain.	



TASK BCM-04-10-TYPE: Get the Boat Away From a Pier

Single-Screw Boats	While leaving a pier, when in the clear, the coxswain moves ahead, and applies right or left rudder	
	2.	The pivot point is normally of the way aft of the bow.
	3.	When clearing a pier, against a current, the coxswain should go ahead slowly, then put the rudder over toward the
	4.	When the stern is clear, the bow should be cast off and the coxswain should shift the rudder and back away.
Twin-Screw Boats	5.	The screws are arranged so that the top of each blade moves
	6.	The starboard screw is right-handed and the port screw ishanded.
	7.	With the starboard screw astern and the port screw stopped, the stern of the boat will move to
	8.	With the starboard screw ahead and the port screw astern, the boat will in a leftward direction.
	9.	When clearing a pier, port side to, against the wind or current, the coxswain should go ahead on the engine and astern on the with full rudder, until the stern clears.
TASK BCM-04	I-11	-TYPE: Moor the Boat
		When mooring port side to, with a wind or current from astern, the approach should be made using an approximatelydegree angle.
	2.	When mooring port side to, against the wind or current, the approach should be made on an angle, as the wind will tend to throw the out.
	3.	When mooring port side to, against the wind or current, after the bow spring line is secured, the coxswain should use full rudder and kick the engine
	4.	When mooring starboard side to, with no wind or current, the approach angle should be as as possible.
Twin-Screw Boats	5.	When mooring port side to, the approach should be made slowly at an approximatelydegree angle.
	6.	When mooring port side to, after securing the bow line, the coxswain should applyfull rudder and go ahead on the engine.



TASK BCM-04-12-TYPE: Boat Handling

Environmental Forces	1. 2.	The acts on the hull, topsides, and, on smaller boats, the crew. affect the boat handling in various ways, depending on their height and direction and the particular vessel's characteristics.
	3.	A one-knot may affect a vessel to the same degree as 30 knots of wind. Strong will easily move a vessel upwind.
Vessel Generated Forces	4.	When rotating to move in a forward direction, a draws its supply of water from every direction forward of and around the blades.
	5.	Regardless of whether the propeller is turning to go ahead or astern, the water flow pattern in the propeller's arc of rotation is called
	6.	In addition to the thrust along the shaft axis, another effect of propeller rotation is
	7.	The speed of the water flowing past the greatly enhances the force.
	8.	When a hull moves forward through the water, the effective moves forward.
	9.	In single-screw vessels, propeller side force presents a major obstacle to in the direction you want.



Section E. Reading Assignments - Division Five

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-05-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 11, Sections A and G	2-96
BCM-05-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 11 SSB-HF Transceiver – Operator's Manual	2-96
BCM-05-03-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 11	2-96



TASK BCM-05-01-ANY: Operate a VHF-FM Radiotelephone

1.	The effective range of the VHF-FM radio is up to miles.		
2.	The squelch control should be turned counterclockwise until just beyond the point where thedisappears.		
3.	The CG VHF-FM radios will automatically monitor channel		
4.	156.65 MHz, channel 13 is the vessel to frequency.		
5.	156.8 MHz, channel is the international VHF-FM calling and distress frequency.		
ΤA	SK BCM-05-02-ANY: Operate a SSB-HF Transceiver		
1.	Most Coast Guard boats carry an AM radio as a communications system.		
2.	The noise limiter should be as necessary to reduce noise (static) while receiving.		
3.	The international distress and calling frequency is KHz.		
4.	2670 KHz is designated a frequency, and use by other Stations is restricted to communications with them.		
TA	SK BCM-05-03-ANY: Use the VHF-FM Radiotelephone to Give a Position or Operations Report		
1.	Every transmission should be ended with the words or		
2.	Message should be sent so that the receiving party will have a chance to copy the entire message.		
3.	The microphone should not be until you are ready to speak.		
4.	Unofficial conversations should/should not be transmitted.		
5.	Only prowords or abbreviations should be used.		
6.	The alphabet is used to spell difficult words, which are hard to understand over a radio.		



Section F. Reading Assignments - Division Six

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-06-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Sections A and B	2-99
	Nautical Chart Symbols Abbreviations and Terms Chart No. 1	
BCM-06-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 13	2-99
	Nautical Chart Symbols Abbreviations and Terms Chart No. 1	
	The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
BCM-06-03-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section B	2-100
	Nautical Chart Symbols Abbreviations and Terms Chart No. 1	
BCM-06-04-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	2-100
	The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
BCM-06-05-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section C	2-100
	The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
BCM-06-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section B	2-100
	The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
BCM-06-07-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	2-100
	The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-06-08-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	2-101
	• Fathometer Operator's Handbook	
BCM-06-09-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	2-101
	• The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
BCM-06-10-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	2-101
	• The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
BCM-06-11-TYPE	Knights Modern Seamanship; Eighteenth Edition, Pages 611-616	2-102
	• The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
BCM-06-12-TYPE	Manufacturer's Operating Manual	2-102
BCM-06-13-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	2-102
	• The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
BCM-06-14-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	2-102
	• The American Practical Navigator, Chapter 5	
BCM-06-15-ANY	None assigned	



TASK BCM-06-01-ANY: Identify the Symbols, Abbreviations and Basic Symbols of a Nautical Chart

1.	One degree is equal to minutes.			
2.	One minute of is equal to one nautical mile.			
3.	of latitude are normally indicated by lines running from side to side.			
4.	Latitude scales are normally indicated along the margins.			
5.	The meridian that passes through Greenwich, England is designated as(o).			
6.	All meridians intersect at the			
7.	Charts are oriented with at the top.			
8.	Any location on a chart can be expressed in terms of and			
9.	True direction is printed around the of the compass rose.			
10.	The sounding numbers show the water level at tide.			
11.	The scale of a chart is a ratio of a distance on the chart and the actual distance on the			
12.	A buoy's type is indicated by the printed with it.			
13.	The color of a buoy symbols print indicates the of the buoy.			
14.	The symbol for a lighthouse or other fixed light is a black with a magenta			
15.	Ranges are indicated by the symbol for lights and a indicating the direction.			
16.	Day beacons are indicated by small			
17.	Coastlines are viewed at both and water.			
TASK BCM-06-02-ANY: Identify Common Aids to Navigation Used for Inland and Coastal Piloting				
1.	When steering on a range, if the top and bottom marks are in line, it means you are of the center of the channel.			
2.	A cylindrical buoy that tapers to a blunt point at the top is called a buoy.			
3.	Channel buoys that are painted green should be taken on the side of the boat when entering a harbor.			
4.				
	Permanent navigation aids positioned the same as a buoy arebeacons.			



TASK BCM-06-03-ANY: Identify Local Landmarks on a Nautical Chart

1.	Prominent landmarks such as towers, smoke stacks, and flagpoles are pinpointed by a standard symbol of a dot surrounded by a			
2.	All symbols and abbreviations found on a nautical chart are defined in			
3.	How are piers, jetties, and wharves displayed on a nautical chart?			
TA	SK BCM-06-04-ANY: Plot a Position Using Latitude and Longitude			
1.	They (lines) are parallel to the Equator and known as			
2.	To measure latitude, put one point of a pair of dividers on thenearest the object.			
3.	To measure longitude, put one point of a pair of dividers on thenearest the object.			
4.	For latitude, use thescale.			
5.	For longitude, use thescale.			
TA	ASK BCM-06-05-ANY: Plot a Magnetic Course on a Nautical Chart			
1.	Direction, generally referred to as a bearing, is measured in degrees through			
2.	In boat navigation you will usually use courses and bearings.			
3.	When measuring magnetic direction using a parallel rule, place the rule so the edge passes through the of the compass rose and the bearing number on the inner ring.			
TA	TASK BCM-06-06-ANY: Measure Distance on a Nautical Chart			
1.	In piloting distance is measured in or			
2.	The mile is used for measurement on most navigable waters.			
3.	One nautical mile is approximately yards.			
4.	Distance should be measured using the latitude scale to the latitude where the distance is being measured.			
5.	When the distance to be measured is greater than the span of the dividers, the dividers should be set at a given number of minutes and then used to off the distance between the points to be measured.			
TASK BCM-06-07-ANY: Compute Time, Speed, and Distance				
1.	In working time, distance, and speed problems when piloting a boat, the distance is always measured in, and the time in			
2.	Distance should be expressed to the nearest of a nautical mile, speed to the nearest of a knot, and time to the nearest			
3.	The nautical was designed to solve time, distance, and speed problems.			
4.	By setting any two of the values on their opposite scales, the third can be read from the appropriate			



TASK BCM-06-08-ANY: Determine the Depth of Water Using a Fathometer

1.	Because the transducer for the fathometer is normally mounted above the low point of the hull, the difference must be from the reading in order for the reading to be accurate.
2.	Water depth is indicated by a on the video screen per digital readout.
3.	The fathometer is turned on by turning the switch.
4.	The fathometer can be set to measure either or
TA	ASK BCM-06-09-TYPE: Use Radar to Identify Objects
1.	Radar navigation depends on the operator's with radar operation and knowledge of the operating area.
2.	The advantages of radar are:
	a. Can be used at night or periods of visibility.
	b. Fixes can be obtained
	c. Fixes are available at greater distances fromthan from most other methods of piloting.
3.	The disadvantages of radar are:
	a. It is subject to mechanical and failure.
	b. There are both and range limitations.
	c. Charts do not always give information necessary for the of radar echoes.
4.	The brilliance control should be set so that the sweep is barely
5.	The control adjusts the receiver for best reception.
6.	The selects the operating range and marker interval.
7.	The plan position indicator indicates bearing of a target and presents a representation of the area around the boat.
8.	The center of the screen represents the position of your
9.	Sandy spits, mud flats, and sandy beaches return the and echoes.
10.	Buoys with radar reflectors will appear to their actual size.
TA	ASK BCM-06-10-TYPE: Determine the Range and Bearing to an Object Using Radar
1.	The bearing of a target is represented by the direction of its from the center of the screen and the range is represented by its
2.	Radar bearings are measured the same as you would visual bearings.
3.	When reading bearings, the cursor line is placed over the target and the bearing is read where the cursor crosses the ring.
4.	When obtaining target ranges, must be used between rings.
5.	If the radar has a range marker, the ranges can be read directly.



TASK BCM-06-11-TYPE: Use Radar to Obtain and Interpret Relative Bearings and Ranges to a Moving Target to Determine if Risk of Collision Exists

1.	When two power-driven vessels are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, the vessel which has the other on her own side shall keep out of the way and shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing of the other vessel.
2.	Unless otherwise agreed, when two power-driven vessels are meeting onor nearlycourses so as to involve risk of collision, each shall alter her course to starboard so that each shall pass on theside of the other vessel.
3.	Just as is true of a visual bearing, the radar bearing of an approaching vessel that remains fairly (with a decreasing), is indicative of a collision course and requires immediate and substantial action.
4.	Assumptions shall not be made on the basis of, especially scanty radar information.
TA	ASK BCM-06-12-TYPE: Operate the VHF-FM Direction Finder and Steer on a Signal
1.	The VHF-FM homer allows you to zero in on the of FM radio signal you are receiving.
2.	The direction is shown on a display screen.
3.	The source must continue to as you track it.
4.	After tuning the set, the boat is swung in the direction of the pointer until it itself.
5.	After centering, the boat's head should be swungdegree to be sure the source is ahead, not aft.
TA	SV DCM 00 42 TVDF. Obtain a Fix Hain a CDC/DCDC
.,	ASK BCM-06-13-TYPE: Obtain a Fix Using GPS/DGPS
1.	GPS is a radio navigation system of satellites operated by the
	<u> </u>
1.	GPS is a radio navigation system of satellites operated by the
1. 2.	GPS is a radio navigation system of satellites operated by the It is available hours per day, , in all weather conditions. In a process called " ", a GPS receiver on the boat uses the signal to determine the distance between it and
1. 2. 3.	GPS is a radio navigation system of satellites operated by the It is available hours per day,, in all weather conditions. In a process called ", a GPS receiver on the boat uses the signal to determine the distance between it and the satellite. Once the receiver has computed the range for at least satellites, it processes a three-dimensional position that is
1. 2. 3. 4.	GPS is a radio navigation system of satellites operated by the It is available hours per day,, in all weather conditions. In a process called ", a GPS receiver on the boat uses the signal to determine the distance between it and the satellite. Once the receiver has computed the range for at least satellites, it processes a three-dimensional position that is accurate to about meters. GPS provides two levels of service (SPS) for civilian users, and
1. 2. 3. 4.	GPS is a radio navigation system of satellites operated by the It is available hours per day,, in all weather conditions. In a process called ", a GPS receiver on the boat uses the signal to determine the distance between it and the satellite. Once the receiver has computed the range for at least satellites, it processes a three-dimensional position that is accurate to about meters. GPS provides two levels of service (SPS) for civilian users, and (PPS) for military users.
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	GPS is a radio navigation system of satellites operated by the It is available hours per day,, in all weather conditions. In a process called ", a GPS receiver on the boat uses the signal to determine the distance between it and the satellite. Once the receiver has computed the range for at least satellites, it processes a three-dimensional position that is accurate to about meters. GPS provides two levels of service (SPS) for civilian users, and (PPS) for military users. ASK BCM-06-14-ANY: Plot a Position Using LORAN-C TDs



Section G. Reading Assignments - Division Seven

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-07-01-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A	2-105
BCM-07-02-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A	2-105
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
BCM-07-03-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A	2-105
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series)	
BCM-07-04-ANY	None assigned	
BCM-07-05-TYPE	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series)	2-105
BCM-07-06-ANY	None assigned	
BCM-07-07-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 19	2-106
BCM-07-08-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6, Section F	2-106
BCM-07-09-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section D	2-106
BCM-07-10-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section D	2-107



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-07-11-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17	2-107
BCM-07-12-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section D	2-107
BCM-07-13-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section I	2-107
BCM-07-14-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section I	2-108
BCM-07-15-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section I	2-108
BCM-07-16-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Sections C and D	2-108
BCM-07-17-TYPE	None assigned	
BCM-07-18-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18	2-108
BCM-07-19-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18	2-109
BCM-07-20-TYPE	None assigned	
BCM-07-21-TYPE	None assigned	
BCM-07-22-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section F	2-109
BCM-07-23-TYPE	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	2-109
BCM-07-24-TYPE	None assigned	



TASK BCM-07-01-TYPE: Participate in a Man Overboard Evolution as a Pointer

1.	The first crew member to observe a followed by either "			elling "man"	
2.	The pointer should	proceed to	his/her	Station.	
3.	The pointer will keep the victim in _	and con	ntinuously	to the victim's position.	
TÆ	ASK BCM-07-02-TYPE:	Participate in a Recovery/Pick		ard Evolution as a	
1.	The recovery/pickup person prepare	s theh	eaving line for castin	g to the victim.	
2.	After the victim has been brought al		overy/pickup person	should	
TÆ	ASK BCM-07-03-ANY:	Participate in a Swimmer	Man Overbo	ard Evolution as a Surface	
1.	A rescue swimmer is designated who	en the man overboard is	or	·	
2.	The rescue swimmer must wear a and a helmet.	or wet	, with a PFD, a sw	immers,	
TA	ASK BCM-07-04-TYPE:	Recover a Pers	son-in-the-Wa	ter with the Stokes Litter	
1.	The stokes litter will float upright at	a angle	with the foot submers	ged.	
2.	The stokes litter isrighti	ng.			
3.	Five restraining straps and mesh net		int. The strap colors	are,,,	
4.	The strap goes fi	rst, under the patient's a	rms and over the che	st.	
5.	Secure the remaining restraint aroun	d the patient working fro	om to	·	
6.	The litter may be a on	e-piece or	_ two-piece design.		



TASK BCM-07-06-TYPE: Conduct Helo-Ops

1.	Emergency exits on USCG helicopters are marked with and lettering.
2.	There are emergency exits on the HH3F.
3.	The basket should be before being touched by any crew member.
4.	Trail line, basket slings, or hoisting cables should never be to the boat during the operation.
5.	The hoisting cable and trail lines should be at all times.
6.	During breakaway procedures, the crew member is responsible for the litter or basket, line, and loose cable over the side.
TΑ	SK BCM-07-07-ANY: Fire the MK-127A1 Parachute Illumination Signal
1.	Upon ignition, the MK-127A1 produces a star.
2.	The MK-127A1 can climb to an altitude of to feet.
3.	The flare will provide illumination for approximately seconds.
ΤΛ	SK BCM-07-08-ANV: Rend a Heaving Line to a Bridle and Pass the Heaving
	SK BCM-07-08-ANY: Bend a Heaving Line to a Bridle and Pass the Heaving Line to Another Boat
1.	A minimum of turns of towline should always be kept on the reel.
	Line to Another Boat
1. 2.	A minimum of turns of towline should always be kept on the reel. For offshore work, it is recommended that a minimum of feet of towline be carried. You cannot tow beyond the design characteristics of any towing boat simply by the line
1. 2. 3.	A minimum of turns of towline should always be kept on the reel. For offshore work, it is recommended that a minimum of feet of towline be carried. You cannot tow beyond the design characteristics of any towing boat simply by the line size. Thimbles are used to load on the eye and provide maximum protection to the inner top of the
1. 2. 3. 4.	A minimum of turns of towline should always be kept on the reel. For offshore work, it is recommended that a minimum of feet of towline be carried. You cannot tow beyond the design characteristics of any towing boat simply by the line size. Thimbles are used to load on the eye and provide maximum protection to the inner top of the eye from abrasion and wear. The towline should be inspected frequently for damage resulting from cutting,, fusing, and
1. 2. 3. 4.	A minimum of turns of towline should always be kept on the reel. For offshore work, it is recommended that a minimum of feet of towline be carried. You cannot tow beyond the design characteristics of any towing boat simply by the line size. Thimbles are used to load on the eye and provide maximum protection to the inner top of the eye from abrasion and wear. The towline should be inspected frequently for damage resulting from cutting,, fusing, and snagging. A towing bridle should be used in cases where a attachment point is not
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	A minimum of turns of towline should always be kept on the reel. For offshore work, it is recommended that a minimum of feet of towline be carried. You cannot tow beyond the design characteristics of any towing boat simply by the line size. Thimbles are used to load on the eye and provide maximum protection to the inner top of the eye from abrasion and wear. The towline should be inspected frequently for damage resulting from cutting,, fusing, and snagging. A towing bridle should be used in cases where a attachment point is not available on the boat to be towed. The message line is simply a length of light line, which can be, propelled, or floated further than the



TASK BCM-07-09-TYPE: Pass a Towline to Another Boat

1.	Where conditions permit and the towing boat can maneuver enough, the towline should be passed to one of the people on the other boat.		
2.	Before attaching the towline, make certain the fitting attachment it to the deck with through bole		
3.	When attaching to tow bow cleats	or bitts, a	should be used.
4.	Single leg bridles are generally use	d in towing	
T	ASK BCM-07-10-ANY:	Connect a Towli or Skiff Hook	ne to a Trailer Eyebolt Using a Shackle
1.	The trailer eyebolt is normally loca	ated on the	
2.	Skiff hook assemblies breaking structure.	ength should be	or greater than the breaking strength of the
3.	Connecting the towline with a shace	kle should only be done in _	or moderate weather conditions.
4.	After tightening the shackle	, it s	hould be moused.
1. 2.	When taking a boat alongside, the		takes the strain of forward movement takes the strain of backing down.
3.	Always rig	-	-
4.	When shortening the tow, you shot along side.	ıld	in the slack from the towline to bring the disabled vessel
5.	When securing the vessel alongside	e, you should lead the	forward to use as the bow line.
T	ASK BCM-07-12-ANY:	Prepare Portable Suction	e Pump for Operation, Start, and Obtain
1.	Pull the handle to release a	on the storag	e container.
2.	Connect a discharge hose and lay i	t out on deck so there are no	or
3.	A pump can run dry for	, but it was de	esigned to be started only after suction has been taken.
4.	The engine will run approximately	hours on o	ne tank of fuel, depending on conditions.
5.	A pump watch must be alert for for	around the straine	er and must ensure the strainer remains Watch



TASK BCM-07-13-ANY: Assist in Passing a Portable Pump Directly to Another Boat

1.	The bridle should be attached to the	container handles.
2.	Awater.	line should be rigged to control the movement of the pump after the pump is in the
3.	After passing the heaving line, the _other boat are directed to	is lowered over the side and the people on the in on the line.
TA	ASK BCM-07-14-TYPE:	Rig and Operate an Eductor to Obtain Suction
1.	Dewatering, using an eductor, is per the disable	formed when weather conditions permit your boat tod boat safely.
2.	After rigging, the eductor is	in the flooded area.
3.	Vacuum, or	pulls the water up through the suction hose and out the discharge hose.
TA	ASK BCM-07-15-ANY:	Identify the Different Classes of Fires and State the Fuel Sources; State the Primary Extinguishing Agents for Each Class of Fire
1.	Fire is a chemical	known as combustion.
2.	The four elements of a fire are oxyg	en, heat,, and chain reaction.
3.	Fires fueled by common combustible extinguishing agent for this class fire	e materials, such as wood, cloth, or paper, are classified as Class fires. The best e is
4.		stible liquids, flammable gases, or similar material are classified as Class fires. this class fire is
5.		, with fuel sources such as sodium, potassium, or magnesium, are classified as pre-green representation of the street represent
6.	Fires involving energized fires.	equipment, such as conductors or appliances, are classified as Class
7.	The principle remedy for these type	fires is to secure the and to apply to the fire.
TA	ASK BCM-07-17-ANY:	Demonstrate Knowledge of the Operation of a CO ₂ Fire Extinguisher
1.	The standard CO ₂ fire extinguisher	ised on Coast Guard boats is the pound.
2.	The range of the extinguisher is app	coximately feet.
3.	The CO ₂ is released in the form of a	fine white
4.	Be careful not to let the extinguishe	's discharge touch your
5.	When using the extinguisher, the cy	inder should be kept



TASK BCM-07-18-ANY: Demonstrate Knowledge for the Operation of a Dry Chemical Fire Extinguisher

1.	The effective range for a dry chemical fire extinguisher is feet.
2.	When using dry chemical approach the fire from the side of the fire.
3.	The dry chemical should be pointed at the of the fire and use a motion.
TA	ASK BCM-07-21-ANY: Operate a Navy Vari-Nozzle
1.	Straight stream is employed when and penetrating power are critical.
2.	Wide-angle fog can cool a muchsurface than a steady stream.
3.	The vari-nozzle has different positions.
4.	When the handle is forward the nozzle is in the position.
5.	To change patterns youthe black tip.
6.	When the handle is back, the nozzle is in the position.
TA	ASK BCM-07-22-TYPE: Demonstrate Knowledge of the Procedures to Combat a Fire in the Engine Space
1.	The first thing to do in the case of an engine space fire is to secure the(s).
2.	Some of the causes of engine space fires are electrical, line leaks, and lube oil line leaks.
3.	The quickest most likely way to attack an engine space fire is with CO ₂ and extinguishers.
4.	After all fire extinguishers have been expended, and if possible, the supply to the space should be secured.





Section H. Reading Assignments

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-08-01-ANY	Maritime Law Enforcement Manual, COMDTINST M16247.1 (series)	2-110.3
	Boarding Officer/Boarding Team Member Personal Qualification Standard (PQS), COMDTINST M16247.3 (series)	
BCM-08-02-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Introduction	2-110.3
BCM-08-03-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series)	2-110.3
BCM-08-04-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 1, Section A	2-110.3
BCM-08-05-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section A	2-110.3
BCM-08-06-ANY	• Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section B	2-110.4
BCM-08-07-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 2, Section C	2-110.4
BCM-08-08-ANY	• Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 3	2-110.4
	Maritime Law Enforcement Manual, COMDTINST M16247.1 (series) Chapter 4	
BCM-08-09-ANY	• Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4, Section B	2-110.4

2-110.1 CH-1



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
BCM-08-10-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4	2-110.5
BCM-08-11-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4, Section D	2-110.5
BCM-08-12-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 4, Section D	2-110.6
BCM-08-13-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section A	2-110.6
BCM-08-14-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section B	2-110.6
BCM-08-15-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 5, Section C	2-110.7
BCM-08-16-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6	2-110.7
BCM-08-17-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6, Section B	2-110.7
BCM-08-18-ANY	• Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6, Section B	2-110.7
BCM-08-19-ANY	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) Chapter 6, Section C	2-110.8

CH-1 2-110.2



TASK BCM-08-01-ANY:	Authority and Jurisdiction, Use of Ford	ce
None.		
TASK BCM-08-02-ANY:	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) Mis	ssions
1. The four major mission areas wi		
TASK BCM-08-03-ANY:	Maritime Homeland Security (MHS) De	finitions
None.		
TASK BCM-08-04-ANY:	Threats to Response Boat (RB) Crews	
•	at crew may encounter are:	
TASK BCM-08-05-ANY:	Tactical Control	
TACON is responsible for	as well as	
2. For larger operations, TACON n scene organization.	nay designate a	to handle on-

2-110.3 CH-1



TASK BCM-08-06-ANY:	Operational Pre-Brief and De-Brief	
1. The operational pre-brief is desig	ned to	to security forces.
2. Items to discuss at the de-brief in	clude	
		and
TASK BCM-08-07-ANY:	Loss of Communications Procedu	es
1. 2. 3. 4.	reestablishing/reporting lost communications is:	
TASK BCM-08-08-ANY:	Vessel on Vessel Use of Force	
enforcement are:	ay be applied from Coast Guard vessels conducting	
2. When enforcing LAAs in conges	ted ports and waterways, there is, and	and
Step 2: Step 3:	-compliant vessel are:	
4. Herding and shouldering are cons	sidered tactic	S.
TASK BCM-08-09-ANY:	Limited Access Areas (LAA)	
1. The five types of LAA typically to the five types of LAA typically types of LAA typicall		

CH-1 2-110.4



TASK BCM-08-10-ANY: Security Zones (SZ)		
Prior to the escort of a High Value Asset (HVA), the planned transitand		_ for
2. Throughout the HVA's port stay, the by both	should be re-inspected patrols.	
3. The Coast Guard routinely establishes security zones to	such as an, or other	or
4. Security zones may only be established by: • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
5. Security zones are either or 6. The five tactical areas of a security zone are: 1 2 3 4 5		
TASK BCM-08-11-ANY: Escorting a Moving High	h Value Asset (HVA)	
An HVA escort should normally not be conducted with less than	detachmen	t.
2. Should a Target of Interest (TOI) enter the security zone, the the TOI while a second to act as the	will maneuver into the	
3. In the event of an aggressive movement by a TOI, the screen boat wi from the	ill as far as pos	ssible

2-110.5 CH-1



TASK BCM-08-12-ANY:	Protection of	Stationary/Anchore	ed HVAs
Coxswains should always maneu and the	ver their response box	ats so as to maintain a posit	tion between the
2. Fields of fire shall be pre-approved deployed.	ed by	and	for each specific weapon
3. If the screen boat is unable to eng the tactical reaction boat's zone to back up the		. The screen boat then mo	and eves to the
4. Use of the HVA as a to investigate is a	a way to	to identify incoming	and vector within the security zone.
TASK BCM-08-13-ANY:	Response Boa	at Duties	
Response boats assigned to prote	ct an HVA (moving c	or stationary) will assume o	one of the following roles:
2. The is is	the response boat in	charge of intercepting an ir	ncoming vessel to
3. The when it is security zone.	is ch	arged with backing up thea	entering the
TASK BCM-08-14-ANY:	Escorting a Ta	arget of Interest (TC	OI)
The purpose for escorting a TOI also	through a security zon a tr		while
2. The three methods of escorting a		ferent sectors are:	

CH-1 2-110.6



TASK BCM-08-15-ANY: **Basic Response Boat Tactics** 1. The four basic tactical boat maneuvers are: 2. The _____ is a method of showing force by physically the TOI to or . TASK BCM-08-16-ANY: **Weapons Engagement** 1. Response boats will be constrained in their ability to engage a vessel posing an imminent threat (VPIT) by a number of factors including: TASK BCM-08-17-ANY: Weapons Command and Control 1. The two weapons commands that are ordered by TACON authority only are: 2. When the command, "Weapons Stowed" is given, the weapons are loaded and the chambers are 3. When the weapon command, "Check Fire" is given, the gunner momentarily ______ of fired rounds. Gunner will ______ if the target continues to _____. TASK BCM-08-18-ANY: **Demonstrate Weapons Usage, Command and Control** None

2-110.7 CH-1



TASK BCM-08-19-ANY: Use of Automatic Weapons

1. The use of weapons, when authorized by the Coa	st Guard, requires t	total awareness of ,	_
, and	1	by the response boat crews and shore-based	
security forces.			
2. Coxswains should make every attempt to maneuv	ver their craft so as	s to target	
while bringing	to bar on the TOI.	I	
3. Coxswains shall determine their most stable	and	for employing weapons.	

CH-1 2-110.8



Chapter 4. AtoN Crew Member Qualification Tasks

Introduction

In addition to the crew member qualification tasks, personnel assigned to Aids to Navigation units will complete the following Sections.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Buoy Deck Crew Member	2-112
В	Boom/Crane Operator	2-128
С	Buoy Deck Supervisor (BDS)	2-134



Section A. Buoy Deck Crew Member

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division One:

• **Demonstrate** knowledge of the factors that effect crew performance.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
ACM-01-01-ANY	AtoN Procedures	2-113
ACM-01-02-TYPE	Roles and Responsibilities of Buoy Deck Crew	2-113
ACM-01-03-TYPE	Safety Precaution Fundamentals	2-114
ACM-01-04-TYPE	Terminology Fundamentals	2-116
ACM-01-05-TYPE	Rigging Safety Precaution Fundamentals	2-117
ACM -01-06-TYPE	Buoy Deck Tool Fundamentals	2-120
ACM-01-07-TYPE	Cutting and Heating with Oxygen Acetylene	2-120
ACM -01-08-TYPE	Hand Signal Fundamentals	2-122
ACM-01-09-TYPE	Buoy Deck Limitations and Parameters	2-123
ACM-01-10-TYPE	Use and Application of AtoN Buoy Deck Equipment	2-123
ACM-01-11-TYPE	Buoy Deck Seamanship and Associated Hardware	2-124
ACM-01-12-TYPE	Mooring Maintenance	2-125
ACM-01-13-TYPE	Griping Buoys and Sinkers	2-126
ACM-01-14-TYPE	Buoy Maintenance	2-126
ACM-01-15-TYPE	Mooring Evolution	2-127
ACM-01-16-TYPE	Towing a Buoy	2-128

AtoN Procedures

TASK ACM-01-01-ANY



TASK ACMI-UT-UT-ANY	Aton Procedures			
References	a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)			
	b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)			
	c. Short Range AtoN Servicing Guide, COMDTINST M16500.19 (series)			
Conditions	Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.			
Standards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below. Task mu accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.	st be		
NOTE &	Completion of task does not lead to an AtoN technician qualification code.			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1. Assemble and install a 155	i-mm lantern.			
2. Demonstrate ability to tim	e a flasher insuring the proper flash characteristic.			
3. Charge and install solar ba	tteries.			
4. Explain proper protective	equipment that is worn while handling AtoN batteries.			
5. Explain battery tracking pr	rocedures.			
6. Assemble and install solar	panels.			
7. Conduct a blocking diode	test and determine the condition.			
8. Take voltage readings before	ore and after load testing a battery and determine the condition.			
9. Take megohmeter reading	s on power cable and determine condition.			
10. Conduct a routine inspecti	on and determine the condition of the lighting equipment.			
11. Explain/demonstrate proce	edures for conducting air tests on buoys.			
12. Troubleshoot and correct p	problems in lighting and power equipment.			
Instructor Comments	Date			
TASK ACM-01-02-ANY	Roles and Responsibilities of Buoy Deck Crew			
References	 a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21(se. b. United States Coast Guard Regulations 1992, COMDTINST M5000.3 (see 			
Conditions Task will be performed onboard underway. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		hout prompting		
Standards Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.				



	-/					
	Performance Criteria					
1.	. Explain the roles and relationship of the buoy deck crew:					
	a. Buoy deck crew member					
	b. Boom/crane operator					
	c.	Buoy deck superviso	r			
	d.	Coxswain				
2.	Exp	plain the importance of	the evolution pre-brief and the assignment of personnel.			
3.	Ob	serve a minimum of fiv	ve AtoN evolutions from the pilothouse.			
Ins	truct	tor	Date			
Cor	mme	ents				
TA	SK A	ACM-01-03-ANY	Safety Precaution Fundamentals			
Ref	eren	ices	a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21(series)		
			b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)			
			c. Coast Guardsman Manual			
			d. Knights Modern Seamanship			
			e. Naval Ships Technical Manual (as applicable)			
Con	nditi	ons	Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accomplish task without use of a reference.	out prompting		
Sta	ndar	rds	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.			
			Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1.	Dis	scuss the following safe	ety equipment and describe when and how it is to be used:			
	a.	Hard hats with prope	r chin straps to include proper color designations.			
	b.	Proper eye protection	for specific situations.			
	c.	Proper types of perso	onal flotation devices and their associated equipment.			
	d.	Proper use of safety l	pelts and harnesses.			
	e.	Explain why knives a	are to be worn by all buoy deck personnel.			
	f.	Proper clothing and f operations.	ootwear during buoy deck evolutions to include clothing required for foul weather			
	g.	Boat's eye wash stati	ons.			
	h.	Situations when hear	ing protection is to be worn to include types of hearing protection.			
	i.	Situations and danger	rs that require gloves to be worn.			
	 j. Appropriate safety markings for the buoy deck and associated equipment (e.g. trip hazards, lifting hooks, etc.). 					
2.		te the minimum distandaches, and chocks.	ce that personnel should remain clear of fairlead blocks, bitts, cleats, deck			
3.	3. Explain why personnel should remain clear of a bight of line, wire and chain.					



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
4.	Explain why line and wire must be handled hand-over-hand.	
5.	Explain the proper method for fairleading cross deck winches.	
6.	Discuss why and how suspended hooks must be tended.	
7.	Discuss the importance of minimizing noise during buoy deck operations.	
8.	For each of the following, identify the associated hazards and what safety precautions apply: a. Working near suspended or moving loads b. Cleaning buoys c. Painting buoys d. Handling/working near AtoN batteries e. Working on/near buoys with sound signals f. Working with hand tools g. Working with electric tools and electricity h. Working with pneumatic tools and compressed air i. Entering/leaving the buoy deck j. Working in foul weather k. Working atop a buoy (servicing, hot packing) l. Working around open hatches and unguarded openings m. Hoisting loads from the water or over the stern n. Working with hazardous material in general o. Working on an icy or unusually slippery deck p. Working with pressure washing equipment q. Wearing jewelry during buoy deck evolutions PROHIBITED r. Handling wire s. Overloading of load handling equipment	
9.	Identify and explain the danger zones associated with the following: a. Line handling b. Wire rope c. Running rigging d. Snatch blocks e. Hoisting and moving loads f. Pulling and faking chain g. Deck boxes and handrails	



Performance Criteria				Completed (Initials)
10.	Ider a. b. c. d. e. f.	ntify and explain esca Line handling Wire rope Running rigging Snatch blocks Hoisting and movin Pulling and faking o		
11.	Dis a. b. c. d. e. f. g.	Adverse weather Roll Boat control difficult Pitch Fouled mooring List Current	ng external forces affect buoy deck operations:	
	Instructor Comments Date			
	TASK ACM-01-04-ANY Terminology Fundamentals a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series) b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series) c. Coast Guardsman Manual d. Knights Modern Seamanship e. Naval Ships Technical Manual (as applicable)			
Conditions Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accomplish task without prorouse of a reference.			out prompting	
Standards Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below. Performance Criteria			Completed (Initials)	
Define the following terms and explain how the terms pertain to the buoy deck evolutions:				



		Performance Criteria	Complete (Initials)
a.	Avast	aa. Hook	
b.	Bale/bail	bb. Hoist (whip)	
c.	Bight	cc. Lead line	
d.	Bitts	dd. Lifeline	
e.	Bitter end	ee. Line	
f.	Block	ff. Link	
g.	Boat hook	gg. Live chain	
h.	Boom/crane	hh. Master link	
i.	Bull chain	ii. Marker buoy	
j.	Chain stopper	jj. Padeye	
k.	Chain hook	kk. Saddle	
1.	Check	ll. Safety chain	
m.	Chock (closed)	mm. Safe working load (SWL)	
n.	Cross deck	nn. Slack	
o.	Cleat	oo. Sounding pole	
p.	Deck load	pp. Snatch block	
q.	Dor-Mor® anchors	qq. Stand by	
r.	Dunnage	rr. Stow	
s.	Ease	ss. Strain	
t.	Fender	tt. Tag line	
u.	Grapnel hook	uu. Tension	
v.	Hand-over-hand	vv. Two-block	
w.	Head block	ww. Winch	
X.	Heave around	xx. Wire rope	
у.	Hold	yy. Wire drag	
z.	Horse collar	zz. Working load limit (WLL)	

Instructor	Date
Comments	

TASK ACM-01-05-ANY Rigging Safety Precaution Fundamentals			
References	 a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series) b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series) c. Knights Modern Seamanship 		
Conditions	Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.		



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Discuss safety precautions and rigging requirements in preparing to load/off-load buoy deck.	
2.	Explain how and why routine visual inspections are conducted prior to use of the following equipment: a. Bull chain (1) Slings (2) Wire rope (3) Chain b. Synthetic fiber c. Gripe chains d. Chain stopper e. Horse collar f. Modeer shackle g. Aircraft tie-downs h. Steamboat jacks i. Snatch blocks j. Blocks, sheaves, pins k. Hooks (assorted types) l. Shackles (assorted types) m. Lines n. Padeyes o. Wire rope p. Pelican hook q. Tag lines & snap hooks	
3.	Discuss what to do with load handling equipment that is found to be defective.	
4.	Define SWL and WLL. Explain the importance of knowing the WLL or SWL following rigging equipment: a. Wire rope b. Slings (1) Wire rope (2) Chain (3) Synthetic fiber c. Steamboat jacks d. Hooks e. Shackles f. Lines g. Padeyes h. Gripe chains i. Snatch blocks	
5.	Snatch blocks Discuss why it is necessary to know the weight of the load to be lifted.	



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
6.	Discuss why the landing area must be clear before lifting the load.	
7.	Explain the use of tag lines when moving a load.	
8.	Explain how to properly attach slings to a load.	
9.	Discuss the possible consequences of attempting to hoist a load with improperly rigged slings.	
10.	Explain the proper care and stowage of rigging equipment.	
11.	Explain the importance of properly reeving hooks into bales, padeyes and chains.	
12.	Explain the importance of setting the chain in the stopper after every pull.	
13.	Explain how to properly attach slings to a load: a. Wire rope clip b. Chain (open link) c. Deck load d. End fitting e. Fairlead f. Bridle g. Pigtail h. Mechanical advantage	
14.	Explain the proper use of dunnage.	
15.	Identify the various sizes and classes of buoys serviced.	<u> </u>
16.	Identify the size of chain serviced.	
Instructor Date Comments		
COL		



TASK ACM-01-06-TYPE Buoy Deck Tool Fundamentals

References

- a. Aids to Navigation Manual Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)
- b. Aids to Navigation Manual Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)

Conditions

Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting

or use of a reference.

		or use of a reference.		
Star	ndards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Identify and discuss how	to use the following tools:		
	a. Anvil (heat and bea	t)		
	b. Bars (crow, wrecking	ng, cheater)		
	c. Chain hook			
	d. Hacksaw			
	e. Hammer (sledge, pi	n, split key 30 and 45 degree)		
	f. Hatchet (axe)			
	g. Pliers			
	h. Buoy scraper			
	i. Screwdrivers (assor	ted sizes and types)		
	j. Tape measure			
	k. Calipers			
	l. Wrench			
	m. Boat hook			
	n. Knives			
	o. Reeving line device	(happy hooker)		
	p. Marlinespike			
Inst	ructor		Date	
Con	nments		<u> </u>	
COI				
.				
IAS	SK ACM-01-07-ANY	Cutting and Heating with Oxygen Acetylene		
Ref	erences	a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship	, COMDTINST M16500.21 (serie	s)
		b. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINS	T M9000.6 (series)	
Con	nditions	Task will be performed ashore or underway. To or use of a reference.	rainee must accomplish task with	out prompting
Standards		Trainee must complete the task in accordance accomplished so as not to endanger either the		e



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Ide	ntify and explain the following:	
	a.	Oxygen	
	b.	Acetylene	
	c.	Torch handle	
	d.	Cutting tip	
	e.	Oxygen cylinder	
	f.	Acetylene cylinder	
	g.	Rosebud tip	
	h.	Check valves	
	i.	Cutting goggles/face shield	
	j.	Flashback arrestors	
	k.	Tip cleaning tool	
	1.	Oxy/acetylene hoses	
	m.	Striker	
	n.	Regulators	
2.	Dis	cuss the following safety related items:	
	a.	Personal protective equipment (e.g. eye protection, hot work gloves, etc.).	
	b.	Inspection of hoses and torch.	
	c.	Operation of flashback arrestors and check valves.	
	d.	Inspection of regulators.	
	e.	Proper sequence for lighting torch.	
	f.	Dangers of excessive acetylene pressure.	
	g.	Presence of flammables in cutting/slag area.	
	h.	Protecting deck and adjacent compartments.	
	i.	Dangers of cutting on concrete sinkers.	
	j.	Incompatibility of petroleum products and oxygen.	
	k.	Security of cylinders in rack.	
	1.	Dangers of cutting on metal painted with lead, chromate or vinyl based paints.	
	m.	Dangers of heating or cutting around buoy battery pocket vent lines.	
	n.	Importance of keeping acetylene cylinders upright prior to and during use.	
	0.	Fire watch requirements during and after hot work.	
	p.	Hazards of conducting hot work on galvanized metals.	
	q.	Emergency shutdown procedures.	
3.	Exp	plain hazards of cutting or heating buoy hulls.	
4.	Cut	and heat with oxygen-acetylene outfit as follows:	
	a.	Select proper size cutting tip and/or rosebud tip.	
	b.	Select proper regulator settings.	
	c.	Cut various chain and shackles.	
	d.	Perform heat and beat installation.	



	~~				
			Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
5.		orch as follows:			
		it off torch.			
		cure gas bottles.			i
		cure hoses and reg	ulators.		i
	d. Sto	w all gear.			1
Instructor Date					
Co	mments				
TA	SK ACM	-01-08-ANY	Hand Signal Fundamentals		
Re	ferences		a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M165	500.21 (series	s)
			b. Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1		
Co	nditions		Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accompli or use of a reference.	ish task witho	out prompting
Sta	ındards		Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.		
			Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1.	Discuss/	identify and dem	onstrate the following hand signals used during buoy deck evolutions:		
	a. Boo	om/crane forward			
	b. Boo	om/crane aft			l
	c. Rai	se/lower port whi	p		l
	d. Rai	se/lower starboard	d whip		l
		se/lower both wh			l
		ave around on the	cross deck		l
	0	se the cross deck			l
		om/crane aft/ease			l
	i. Boo	om/crane forward	/heave around on the cross deck		
Ins	structor			Date	
Co	mments				



TASK ACM-01-09-TYPE Buoy Deck Limitations and Parameters					
References	a. 49' Buoy Utility Stern Loading (BUSL) Boat Operator's M16114.22 (series)				
	b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST	M16500.21 (series)			
	c. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M	I16500.3 (series)			
	d. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (sea	ries)			
Conditions	Task will be performed onboard each boat type. Trainee mus prompting or use of a reference.	t accomplish task without			
Standards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps b	elow.			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials) Boat Type			
1. State the WLL of the boo	m/crane and cross decks.				
2. State the maximum deck	2. State the maximum deck load (weight).				
3. State the WLL of the bull	3. State the WLL of the bull chain padeyes.				
4. State the WLL of the rece	ssed tie-down padeyes.				
Instructor		Date			
Comments					
TASK ACM-01-10-TYPE	Use and Application of AtoN Buoy Deck Equipment				
References a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)					
	b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)				
Conditions	Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Standards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps b accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.				



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Rig and demonstrate the property of the p			
a. Choker	•		·
b. Synthetic slings			
c. Hammer locks			
d. Grapnel hook			
e. Come-along			
f. Aircraft tie-downs			
g. Steam boat jacks			
h. Snatch blocks			
i. Horse collar			
j. Calipers			
k. Sounding pole/lead lin	ne		
l. Marker float			
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK ACM-01-11-TYPE	Buoy Deck Seamanship and Associated Hardware		
References	a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST	M16500.21 (series	3)
	b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M	[16500.3 (series)	
Conditions	Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accor use of a reference.	omplish task witho	ut prompting
Standards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.		e
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Identify the use and applic	ation of the following types/classes of shackles:		
a. Screw pin			
b. Heat and beat (rivet p	in)		
c. Split key			
2. Identify the types/classes of	of swivels.		
3. Identify and determine the size of chain.			
4. Identify different types of	buoy bridles.		
5. Identify the different sizes	of sinkers.		



		~ ~
Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
6. Identify the types/sizes of Dor-Mor anchors and their holding power.		
7. Demonstrate the ability to perform the following:		
a. Split a split key shackle.		
b. Install a heat and beat.		
c. Mouse hooks to lifting bails (NO WEATHER HITCHES).		
d. Attach a swivel to a mooring bail.		
e. Attach chain to a sinker.		
f. Install a buoy bridle or mooring pendant (5x9).		
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
·		
TASK ACM-01-12-TYPE Mooring Maintenance		
References a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST	M16500.21 (series	s)
b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M	16500.3 (series)	
Conditions Task will be performed onboard each boat type. Trainee must prompting or use of a reference.	accomplish task v	vithout
Standards Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.		e
Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Conduct mooring maintenance as follows:		
a. Check personal equipment.		
b. Break the buoy.		
c. Hook up the buoy.		
d. Determine chain wear.		
e. Hook up a sinker.		
f. Inspect bridle and swivel.		
g. Secure equipment after use.		
Instructor Date		
Comments		



TASK ACM-01-13-TYPE **Griping Buoys and Sinkers** References Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series) Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series) b. **Conditions** Task will be performed onboard each boat type. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Standards Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below. Task must be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew. Completed **Performance Criteria Boat Type** (Initials) Gripe down buoys and sinkers as follows: Check personal equipment. Set up deck. Position saddle under buoy. d. Set headblock. e. Gripe buoy. Gripe sinker. Position dunnage. g. Secure equipment after use. h. Instructor Date Comments TASK ACM-01-14-ANY **Buoy Maintenance** References Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series) Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series) **Conditions** Task will be performed ashore or underway. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. **Standards** Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below. Task must be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew. Completed **Performance Criteria Boat Type** (Initials) Perform buoy maintenance as follows: Check personal equipment. b. Lay out AtoN equipment. Scrape and paint a buoy. c. Inspect and replace retro as needed. e. Inspect and replace vent valves as needed. f. Prepare buoy for recharge.

Rig buoy for air testing. Secure equipment after use.



Instructor Date					
Cor	nme	nts			
TA	SK A	ACM-01-15-TYPE	Mooring Evolution		
Ref	eren	ices	a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST	M16500.21 (serie	s)
			b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M	116500.3 (series)	
Coı	ıditi	ons	Task will be performed onboard each boat type. Trainee mus prompting or use of a reference.	t accomplish task v	vithout
Sta	ndar	ds	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps b accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew		e
			Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Par	ticipate in a mooring e	volution as follows:		
	a.	Check personal equip	pment.		
	b.	Rig bull chain.			
	c.	Rig pelican hooks.			
	d.	Rig horse collar.			
	e.	Rig tagline.			
	f.	Rig modeer shackle/	nipper chain/shackle.		
	g.	Hookup for hoist.			
	h.	Seat chain in stopper	•		
	i.	Fake chain on deck.			
	j.	Tie rotten stops.			
	k.	Strike horse collar.	41 (64 11 2)		
	1.		the "Stand by" command.		
	m. n.	Secure equipment af	n the "Set the buoy" command.		
2.	Ma	ke proper reports to the	e coxswain on how the chain tends throughout the evolution.		
Inst	ruct	or		Date	
Cor	nme	nts			
		-			



TASK ACM-01-16-TYPE To

Towing a Buoy

References

- a. Aids to Navigation Manual Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)
- b. Aids to Navigation Manual Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)

Conditions

Task will be performed onboard each boat type. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below. Task must be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Rig the deck for towing a buoy.		
2.	Rig buoy for towing.		
3.	Set tow watch.		

Instructor	Date	
Comments		

Section B. Boom/Crane Operator

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Two:

• **Demonstrate** knowledge of the factors that effect crew performance.

In addition to the crew member and AtoN crew member qualification tasks, personnel assigned to aids to navigation units will complete the following section, if applicable.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
ACM-02-01-TYPE	Boom/Crane Operator Safety Fundamentals	2-129
ACM -02-02-TYPE	Boom/Crane Operator Fundamentals	2-130
ACM -02-03-TYPE	Boom/Crane System and Components	2-131
ACM -02-04-TYPE	Boom/Crane Operation	2-132



TASK ACM-02-01-T	YPE Boom/Crane Operator Safety Fundamentals		
References	 a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST b. Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1 c. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (ser 	·	s)
Conditions	Task will be performed onboard each boat type upon complete Part. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use	on of <i>Chapter 4, S</i>	ection A of this
Standards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.		e
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Discuss the follo	wing safety topics:		
a. When tag lin	nes are required on lifts.		
b. The maximum prior to lifting	um height a load should be lifted and why landing area shall be clear ng the load.		
c. The dangers	of shock-loading the boom/crane.		
d. Why the boo	om/crane operator must follow the buoy deck supervisor's hand signals.		
e. The special independent	or emergency situations when the boom/crane operator should take action.		
f. The warning heavy strain	s that may be seen or heard from faulty equipment or equipment under .		
g. The precaut boom/crane.	ions necessary when lifting loads near the rated capacity of the		
h. Why excess equipment.	ive speed and sudden starts or stops should be avoided on lifting		
i. Describe the	minimum number of turns required on wire rope drums.		
j. The dangers	of exceeding limits when boom/craning forward and aft.		
k. How externs	al factors such as roll, pitch and wind affect boom/crane operations.		
l. Explain the	importance of exercising the boom/crane.		
m. Explain imp	ortance of evenly distributing the deck load.		
Instructor		Date	



TASK ACM-02-02-TYPE Boom/Crane Operator Fundamentals

References a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)

b. Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1

c. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)

Conditions

Task will be performed onboard each boat type upon completion of TASK ACM -02-01-TYPE. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	State the lifting limits of the boom/crane and the whips.		
2.	Identify the following blocks and tackles (as applicable): a. Single whip b. Wire rope snatch blocks		
3.	Explain the following characteristics of wire rope: a. Wire rope diameter b. Wire rope construction c. Types of wire rope cores d. Wire rope grade e. Explain how to determine serviceability f. Discuss restrictions on use		=
4.	Discuss the importance of and procedures for wire rope lubrication and maintenance.		
5.	Explain the inspection standards for each of the following conditions which would cause the removal of wire rope from service: a. Crushing b. Broken wires/strands c. Kinks d. Loss of diameter e. Corrosion f. Excessive wear of outer wires		<u> </u>
6.	Identify and discuss the following relating to daily inspections prior to boom/crane operation: a. Wire rope spooling b. Wire rope lubrication c. Wire rope condition d. Condition of hooks and swivels e. Condition of end fittings f. Cotter pins and keepers g. Lubrication of fittings h. Operation of controls prior to energizing boom/crane i. Condition of blocks and sheaves		



Performance	Criteria Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
7. Discuss the indications of improper operation boom/crane is being exercised:	n for each of the following when the	
a. Boom/crane controls		
b. Emergency shutoffs		
c. Swivels		
d. Rough or unsmooth operation		
e. Blocks		
f. Sheaves		
Instructor	Date	•
Comments	_	
TASK ACM-02-03-TYPE Boom/Crane Sy	stem and Components	
References a. 49' Buoy Utility Stern Loading (BUSL) Boat Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST		

TASK ACM-02-03-TYPE	Boo	m/Crane System and Components
References	a.	49' Buoy Utility Stern Loading (BUSL) Boat Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114.22 (series)
	b.	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)
	c.	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)
	d.	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1
	e.	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)
Conditions		sk will be performed onboard each boat type upon completion of TASK ACM -02-02 -TYPE. ninee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.
Standanda	Т	:

Standards Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.

		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Discu	uss the following boom/crane system components applicable to the boom/crane:		
	a.	Controls		
	b.	Whip hoist		
	c.	Winches		
	d.	Brakes		
	e.	Drum		
	f.	Winch motor		
	g.	Rams		
	h.	Wire rope		
	i.	Limit cutoff switch		
2.	Disci	uss the following electrical system components associated with the boom/crane:		
		Circuit breakers		



Performance Criteria Completed (Initials) Boat Ty					
3.	Discuss the following hydia. Generator PTO b. Hydraulic pump c. Hydraulic motor d. Relief valve e. Temperature gauge f. Directional control vi g. Reservoir h. Filters i. Pressure gauge				
4.	Explain how to properly 6	energize boom/crane hydraulics.			
5.	State the pressure and ten	nperature operating parameters.			
6. Discuss the effects of contaminants/air in hydraulic systems.				<u> </u>	
7.	7. Discuss the identification of fluid leaks and the procedure for correcting leaks.				
Ins	tructor	Date			
Co	mments				
TA	SK ACM-02-04-TYPE	Boom/Crane Operation			
Ref	References a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series) b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series) c. Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1 d. Naval Ships Technical Manual (as applicable) e. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)				
Conditions Task will be performed onboard each boat type upon completion of TASK ACM -02-03-7 Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.				-02-03-TYPE.	
Sta	Standards Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below. Task must be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.				
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1.	Conduct a pre-exercise in	spection of boom/crane and cross deck.			
2.	Exercise the boom/crane	<u> </u>			



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
3.	Operate the boom/crane with no load to limits of arc following hand signals from BDS.		
4.	Load/offload sinkers, chain, and unlighted buoys.		
5.	Load/offload lighted buoys.		
6.	Load/offload general cargo.		<u> </u>
7.	U/W work unlighted buoys and moorings.		
8.	U/W work lighted buoys and moorings.		
9.	Retrieve mudded/sanded in sinker.		
10.	Retrieve fouled mooring.		
11.	Retrieve a mooring with paper-clipped chain.		
Ins	tructor	Date	
Con	mments		



Section C. Buoy Deck Supervisor (BDS)

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Two:

• **Demonstrate** knowledge of the factors that effect crew performance.

In addition to the crew member and AtoN crew member qualification tasks, personnel assigned to aids to navigation units will complete the following section, if applicable.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
ACM-03-01-TYPE	Buoy Deck Supervisor Safety Fundamentals	2-134
ACM -03-02-TYPE	Buoy Deck Supervisor Fundamentals	2-136
ACM-03-03-TYPE	Buoy Deck Supervisor Rigging Fundamentals	2-138
ACM -03-04-TYPE	Supervise a Buoy Deck Evolution	2-139

TASK ACM-03-01-TYPEBuoy Deck Supervisor Safety FundamentalsReferencesa. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)c. Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1d. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)ConditionsTask will be performed onboard each boat type upon completion of Chapter 4, Sections A and B of this Part. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.

		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Dis	cuss the following safety topics:		
	a.	When tag lines are required on lifts.		
	b.	The maximum height a load should be lifted and why landing area shall be clear prior to lifting the load.		
	c.	The dangers of shock loading the boom/crane.		
	d.	Why the boom/crane operator must follow the buoy deck supervisor's hand signals.		
	e.	The special or emergency situations when the boom/crane operator should take independent action.		
	f.	The warnings that may be seen or heard from faulty equipment or equipment under heavy strain.		
	g.	The precautions necessary when lifting loads near the rated capacity of the boom/crane.		
	h.	Why excessive speed and sudden starts or stops should be avoided on lifting equipment.		
	i.	Describe the minimum number of turns required on wire rope drums.		



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
	j.	The dangers of exceeding limits when boom/craning forward and aft.		
	k.	How external factors such as roll, pitch and wind affect boom/crane operations.		
	1.	Explain importance of evenly distributing the deck load.		
	m.	Explain air testing requirements and safety precautions.		
2.	Exp	plain the coordination required between the buoy deck supervisor and coxswain.		
3.	Ex	plain the importance of the evolution pre-brief and the assignment of personnel.		
4.	Dis	scuss how the following external forces affect buoy deck operations:		
	a.	Adverse weather		
	b.	Roll		
	c.	Boat control difficulties		
	d.	Pitch		
	e.	Fouled mooring		
	f.	List		
	g.	Current		
5.	Ex	plain the importance of conducting operational pre-checks.		
6.	Ex	plain the importance of exercising the boom/crane.		<u> </u>
7.	Ex	plain what actions a BDS should take to ensure safety in the following situations.		
	a.	Operating with a full deck load		
	b.	Swinging load		
	c.	Fouled tagline		
	d.	Two-blocked		
	e.	Loss of power during:		
		(1) Hoisting a buoy		
		(2) Pulling chain		
		(3) Setting the buoy		
		(4) Hanging the sinker		
		(5) Pulling the sinker		
	f.	Parting the whip, during:		
		(1) Hoisting a buoy		
		(2) Pulling chain		
		(3) Setting the buoy		
		(4) Hanging the sinker		
		(5) Pulling the sinker		
	g.	Loss of main engines during:		
		(1) Hoisting a buoy		
		(2) Pulling chain		
		(3) Setting the buoy		
		(4) Hanging the sinker		
		(5) Pulling the sinker		



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
	h. Loss of cross deck control (1) Hoisting a buoy (2) Setting the buoy (3) Hanging the sinker (4) Pulling the sinker i. Loose buoy on deck			
8.	Define shock load and identi	fy what safety precautions to take to prevent it.		
9.	Discuss the following abnorma. Retrieving a sunken but b. Working in ice c. Knotted chain d. Fouled mooring e. Inverted buoy f. Mudded/sanded-in sinking. Working a buoy with did h. Working a diving buoy i. Towing buoys on to State.	er vers		
Instructor			Date	
Co	mments			
TA	SK ACM-03-02-TYPE I	Buoy Deck Supervisor Fundamentals		
References a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series) b. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series) c. Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1 d. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series) Conditions Task will be performed onboard each boat type upon completion of TASK ACM-Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Sta	ndards	Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps b	elow.	
Performance Criteria			Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	1. State the lifting limits of the boom/crane and whips.			
2.	Identify the following blocks and tackles (as applicable):a. Single whip.b. Wire rope snatch blocks.			



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
3.	Exp	plain the following characteristics of wire rope:		
	a.	Wire rope diameter		
	b.	Wire rope construction		
	c.	Types of wire rope cores		
	d.	Wire rope grade		
	e.	How to determine serviceability		
	f.	Restriction on use		
4.	Dis	cuss the importance of and procedures for wire rope lubrication and maintenance.		
5.		plain the inspection standards for each of the following conditions which would cause removal of wire rope from service:		
	a.	Crushing		
	b.	Broken wires/strands		
	c.	Kinks		
	d.	Loss of diameter		
	e.	Corrosion		
	f.	Excessive wear of outer wires		
6.		ntify and discuss the following relating to daily inspections prior to boom/crane eration:		
	a.	Wire rope spooling		<u></u> -
	b.	Wire rope lubrication		
	c.	Wire rope condition		
	d.	Condition of hooks and swivels		
	e.	Condition of end fittings		
	f.	Cotter pins and keepers		
	g.	Lubrication of fittings		
	h.	Operation of controls prior to energizing boom/crane		
	i.	Conditions of hangers, blocks, straps, and sheaves		
7.		cuss the indications of improper operation for each of the following when the om/crane is being exercised:		
	a.	Boom/crane controls		
	b.	Emergency shutoffs		
	c.	Swivels		
	d.	Rough or unsmooth operation		
	e.	Blocks		
	f.	Sheaves		
Instructor Comments		Date		
201				



TASK ACM-03-03-TYPE Buoy Deck Supervisor Rigging Fundamentals

References

- a. Aids to Navigation Manual Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)
- b. Aids to Navigation Manual Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)
- c. Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1
- d. Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)

Conditions

Task will be performed onboard each boat type upon completion of TASK ACM -03-02 -TYPE. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Define SWL and WLL. Explain the importance of knowing the WLL or SWL and how to determine it on the following rigging equipment: a. Wire rope b. Slings (1) Wire rope (2) Chain (3) Synthetic c. Steamboat jacks	<u></u>	
2.	Explain horizontal sling angles.		
3.	Discuss the authorized method for lifting compressed gas cylinders.		
4.	Describe two-blocking and the dangers involved.		
5.	Explain the importance of loads being level prior to lifting.		
6.	Explain the importance of establishing and maintaining a proper lead to control loads.		
7.	Explain the danger involved with point loading of hooks.		
8.	Explain the requirements for rated capacity tags on slings.		
9.	Discuss the safety considerations for towing buoys on to Station.		
10.	Discuss the safety considerations for retrieving stray buoys.		
11.	Explain how to drag a sinker on Station.		
12.	State the weight of the various types of buoys, sizes of chains and bridles serviced.		



Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
13.	State the weight of the variable flooded.	arious types of buoys serviced by your unit when they are		
14.	Describe the boom/crane	position for the following evolutions:		
	a. Hooking a buoy			
	b. Pulling chain			
	c. Bringing the sinker	onboard		
	d. Hanging the sinker			
	e. Setting the buoy			
	f. Loading and off-loa	ding		
	g. Moving loads on de			
15.	Discuss the required freq for the following equipm	uencies and conduct rigging inspections and weight/load testing lent:		
	a. Boom/crane			
	b. Whips			
	c. Hooks			
	d. Cross decks			
	e. Chain stop			
	f. Recessed padeyes			
	g. Pelican hook			
	h. Gripe down chains			
	i. Slings			
	j. Wire rope			
16.	Slush wire rope			
Instructor Date				
Cor	nments			
TA	SK ACM-03-04-TYPE	Supervise a Buoy Deck Evolution		
References		a. Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINSTb. Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M		s)
Conditions Task will be performed onboard each boat type upon completion of TASK ACM -03-03-T Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		-03-03-TYPE.		
Sta	Standards Trainee must complete the task in accordance with the steps below. Task must be accomplished so as not to endanger either the boat or its crew.			e
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Conduct a pre-exercise in	nspection of boom/crane and cross deck.		



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
2.	Exercise the boom/crane and cross decks with no load to limits of arc using proper hand signals.		
3.	Supervise loading/offloading sinkers, chain, and unlighted buoys.		
4.	Supervise loading/offloading lighted buoys.		
5.	Supervise loading/offloading general cargo.		
6.	Supervise hanging and setting various unlighted buoys used in unit operational area (OPAREA).		
7.	Supervise hanging and setting various lighted buoys used in unit OPAREA.		
8.	Supervise servicing lighted and unlighted buoys on deck.		
9.	Retrieve mudded/sanded in sinker.		
10.	Retrieve fouled mooring.		
11.	Retrieve a mooring with paper-clipped chain.		
12.	Explain procedures for retrieval of a flooded buoy.		
13.	Explain procedures for retrieval of a sunken buoy by dragging.		
14.	Supervise retrieving, servicing and deploying lighted and unlighted buoys in adverse weather conditions.		
15.	Supervise towing buoys onto Station.		
16.	Supervise the retrieving of a stray buoy.		
17.	Conduct post buoy operation debriefs.		
18.	Explain procedures of a man overboard drill while at AtoN Stations.		
Instructor Date Comments			



Chapter 5. **AtoN Crew Member Trainee Study Guide**

Introduction

This Chapter should be removed and given to the trainee to keep. Its purpose is to provide guidance for the trainee's reading assignments and is not a part of the training record.

The trainee should read the appropriate reading assignment and answer the related questions prior to beginning training in each new task. The instructor should then discuss the trainee's answers to ensure understanding of the subject matter prior to beginning instruction for each new task.



NOTE of [If there is no reading assignment assigned for a specific task, then the task will not have a page number to reference.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Reading Assignments - Division One	2-142
В	Reading Assignments - Division Two	2-152
С	Reading Assignments - Division Three	2-155



Section A. Reading Assignments - Division One

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ACM-01-01-ANY	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-144
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Short-Range Aids to Navigation Servicing Guide, COMDTINST M16500.19 (series)	
ACM -01-02-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-144
	United States Coast Guard Regulations 1992, COMDTINST M5000.3 (series).	
ACM-01-03-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-145
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Coast Guardsman Manual	
	Knights Modern Seamanship	
	Naval Ships Technical Manual (as applicable)	
ACM -01-04-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-146
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Coast Guardsman Manual	
	Knights Modern Seamanship	
	Naval Ships Technical Manual (as applicable)	
ACM-01-05-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-147
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Knights Modern Seamanship	
ACM-01-06-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-147
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ACM -01-07-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-148
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM -01-08-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-148
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
ACM -01-09-TYPE	49' BUSL Boat Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114.22 (series)	2-149
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM-01-10-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-149
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
ACM -01-11-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-149
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
ACM-01-12-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-150
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
ACM-01-13-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-150
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
ACM-01-14-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-150
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
ACM-01-15-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-151
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
ACM-01-16-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-151
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	



TASK ACM-01-01-ANY: AtoN Procedures

1.	Most lighted shore aids usemm lanterns and watt solar panels.
2.	A is used to check the buoy battery power cables prior to installation of a new battery.
3.	When looking at the schematic symbol for a diode, what denotes the direction of current flow?
4.	Why are air tests conducted on buoys, and state the pressure normally applied and the allowable pressure loss?
5.	The and charger should be checked for proper operation after a new battery is installed.
6.	Where are the critical gaskets and weather seals located when assembling a lantern?
7.	What are the correct disposal techniques for AtoN batteries that are no longer serviceable?
8.	Name at least four external forces which affect buoy deck operations.
TA	SK ACM-01-02-TYPE: Roles and Responsibilities of Buoy Deck Crew
1.	Who is in charge of all evolutions when handling buoys or other aids to navigation?
2.	On some craft, the boom/crane operator may also be the
3.	The most important item to be accomplished during the evolution pre-brief is
4.	State at least two ways the buoy deck supervisor may communicate with the boom/crane operator.
	a.
	b.



TASK ACM-01-03-TYPE: Safety Precaution Fundamentals

1.	List at least five pieces of safety equipment or apparel that must be worn on the buoy deck during buoy handling evolutions.
2.	Define a "bight" in reference to line, wire or chain and explain its apparent danger to personnel.
3.	Wire and line must be handled hand-over-hand to prevent
4.	State the location of eye wash station on your assigned boat.
5.	From how many points (minimum) should loads on suspended hooks be tended?
6.	What is the minimum distance that buoy deck crew members should remain clear of cross deck winch cables when under load?
7.	What jewelry can be worn by personnel on the buoy deck during buoy deck evolutions?
8.	What four external forces (there are more than four) effect buoy deck operations?



TASK ACM-01-04-TYPE: Terminology Fundamentals

1.	What is the difference between SWL and WLL?
2.	What is dunnage?
3.	Define the term "live chain".
4.	What is a sounding pole?
5.	What is the difference between an open chock and a closed chock?
6.	What is a head block?
7.	Define the term "lead line".
8.	Explain how a snatch block might be used during the lifting or lowering of a buoy.
9.	What is a tag line normally used for?
10.	Explain the difference between a cleat and a padeye.



TASK ACM-01-05-TYPE: Rigging Safety Precaution Fundamentals

1.	What is a steamboat jack used for?
2.	Line should never be stored while or
3.	Explain the term 6 x 37 wire rope.
4.	The WLL of wire rope used in slings is based on a to safety factor.
5.	Blocks are classified by the number of
6.	What size and class buoys can be safely serviced by the 49' BUSL?
7.	When should buoy handling equipment (boom/crane, hydraulic pumps and motors, cross deck winches) be inspected?
TA	ASK ACM-01-06-TYPE: Buoy Deck Tools Fundamentals
T #	ASK ACM-01-06-TYPE: Buoy Deck Tools Fundamentals During buoy handling evolutions, where should tools be stowed that are not required for the evolution?
	·
1.	During buoy handling evolutions, where should tools be stowed that are not required for the evolution?



TASK ACM-01-07-TYPE: Cutting and Heating with Oxygen Acetylene

1.	What color(s) are normally used to identify industrial oxygen containers?
2.	What safety equipment is essential when using an oxygen-acetylene torch?
3.	Where are the oxygen-acetylene bottles stowed?
4.	Explain the difference (function and description) between a rosebud tip and a cutting tip?
5.	Explain the fire watch requirements when conduction hot work?
6.	The greatest hazard when cutting or heating a buoy hull is
7.	The danger of cutting or heating around buoy battery vents is the presence of
TA	ASK ACM-01-08-TYPE: Hand Signal Fundamentals
1.	The buoy deck supervisor shall only give signals to the or appointed
2.	If the deck supervisor has his arms bent upward at the elbows and fists clenched, it is the signal for
3.	
	What is the hand signal for the deck supervisor transfer?
4.	



TASK ACM-01-09-TYPE: Buoy Deck Limitations and Parameters

1.	What is the safe working load for the boom/crane and the cross deck winches?
2.	What is the safe working load of the tow bull chain tie-downs on the BUSL buoy deck?
3.	What is the safe working load of the fourteen tie-downs on the BUSL buoy deck?
TÆ	ASK ACM-01-10-TYPE: Use and Application of AtoN Buoy Deck Equipment
1.	Describe and define the use of the following buoy deck equipment: a. Snatch blocks
	b. Grapnel hook
	c. Lead line
	d. Horse collar
	e. Come-along
TÆ	ASK ACM-01-11-TYPE: Buoy Deck Seamanship and Associated Hardware
1.	The three most common types of shackles are,, and
2.	The most common sinker weights are and pounds.
3.	Most sinkers havebails, one onand one on the
4.	Swivels are necessary to of the load.
5.	What are the types and sizes of Dor-Mor anchors and state each of their holding power?
6.	What terms are used to identify the type and size of chain?



TASK ACM-01-12-TYPE: Mooring Maintenance

1.	. When percent of the bar diameter has been worn away, the chain must be replaced.		
2.	What is meant by the term break the buoy?		
2	State all the personnel protective gear that must be worn during mooring maintenance.		
3.	State an the personner protective gear that must be worn during mooring maintenance.		
4.	Buoy moorings consists of a bridle which is short lengths of, connected by an		
	·		
TΔ	ASK ACM-01-13-TYPE: Griping Buoys and Sinkers		
.,	tort Atom of 10 111 E. Criping Budyo and Chinore		
1.	A headblock is used in conjunction with a		
2.	What is meant by the term gripe in relation to buoy handling evolutions?		
2.	what is meant by the term gripe in relation to buoy handling evolutions:		
3.	Where are the deck lockers located in relation to the buoy deck?		
TA	ASK ACM-01-14-TYPE: Buoy Maintenance		
	·		
1.	When handling buoys, it is advisable to keep the load and handle it		
2.	What is the purpose for air testing a buoy?		
3.	What is the function of the vent valve in a buoy?		
4.	What is one of the primary safety hazards when recharging a buoy battery?		



TASK ACM-01-15-TYPE: Mooring Evolution

1.	A rotten stop is a int	end to	•
2.	What is meant by the command strike the horse coll	ar?	
3.	A nipper chain is a section of chain with	on both ends.	
4.	A modeer shackle is a 1- or 2-inch shac	kle with a	_ type pin.
5.	What is a tag line used for?		
TΔ	ASK ACM-01-16-TYPE: Towing a	Ruov	
1,7	AON AOM OF TO TITE. TOWING a	Buoy	
1.	Never attempt to tow a buoy unless you know the _ mooring.	of the sinker and the size,	and of
2.	Always tow from the of th	e buoy.	
3.	When attempting to tow a buoy with the 49' BUSL,	it is recommended that the	tie-downs be used.



Section B. Reading Assignments - Division Two

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ACM -02-01-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-153
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM -02-02-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-153
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM -02-03-TYPE	49' BUSL Boat Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114.22 (series)	2-154
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM -02-04-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-154
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
	Naval Ships Technical Manual (as applicable)	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	



TASK ACM-02-01-TYPE: Boom/Crane Operator Safety Fundamentals

1.	Why are hand signals so important to the boom/crane operator during buoy handling operations?
2.	Tag lines are required to
3.	On a 49' BUSL, what is the maximum sea state for buoy operations?
4.	In pounds, what is the maximum hoisting capacity (buoy safe working load) for the 49' BUSL?
5.	The minimum number of turns required on a wire rope drum is turns.
6.	All hand signals during boom/crane operations should originate from the
TA	SK ACM-02-02-TYPE: Boom/Crane Operator Fundamentals
1.	The A-frame winches contain feet ofinch steel wire rope.
2.	The line speed of each A-frame winch is 0 to feet per minute.
3.	The cross deck winches contain feet ofinch steel wire rope.
4.	From how many different locations may the A-frame and cross deck winches be operated?
5.	What is the size of the lanyard attached to the chain stopper?
6.	What are at least four inspection items that are used to determine the serviceability of wire rope?
	a.
	b.
	c.
	d.
7.	What will support the load on the boom/crane if hydraulic pressure fails during a lifting operation?
8.	How can the load be lowered to the deck if suspended and there is no hydraulic pressure?



TASK ACM-02-03-TYPE: Boom/Crane System and Components

1.	What is the function of the A-frame actuators on the 49' BUSL?
2.	What is the function of the quick disconnect fittings at each A-frame and cross deck winch?
3.	What is the function of the chain stopper, chain guard and release assembly on the transom of the BUSL?
4.	Where is the buoy handling system hydraulic fluid heat exchanger located?
5.	How many disposable oil filters are located in the BUSL buoy handling hydraulic system?
6.	If pressure in the buoy handling system drops below PSI or the temperature of the fluid exceeds °F. an alarm will sound in the pilothouse.
7.	What drives the hydraulic pump for buoy operation on the 49' BUSL?
TA	SK ACM-02-04-TYPE: Boom/Crane Operation
1.	The 49' BUSL can relieve floating aids up to and including a by foot lighted buoy, up to a class lighted buoy, a sinker up to pounds and up to ainch chain can be handled.
2.	The must be in operation to perform power on pre-start check to the buoy handling equipment.
3.	List four topside components associated with buoy handling equipment that should be inspected for hydraulic leaks when the system is static and operating.
	a.
	b.
	c.
	d.
4.	The will provide hand signals to the boom/crane operator during all buoy handling operations.
5.	Before bringing a lighted buoy on deck attach a and to prevent the buoy from swinging.



Section C. Reading Assignments - Division Three

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ACM-03-01-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-156
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM -03-02-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-157
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM -03-03-TYPE	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	2-158
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	
	Boatswain Mate 3 & 2, NAVEDTRA10121-G1	
	Naval Engineering Manual, COMDTINST M9000.6 (series)	
ACM -03-04-TYPE	49' BUSL Boat Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114.22 (series)	2-158
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Seamanship, COMDTINST M16500.21 (series)	
	Aids to Navigation Manual - Technical, COMDTINST M16500.3 (series)	



TASK ACM-03-01-TYPE: Buoy Deck Supervisor Safety Fundamentals

1.	Why are tag lines required when lifting loads?
2.	The deck supervisor must conduct inspection of the buoy handling equipment if use is anticipated.
3.	What are the minimum number dead wraps on the drum for the deck winches and A-frame winches on the 49' BUSL?
4.	How does the buoy deck supervisor relay commands for buoy lifting and lowering operations to the boom/crane operator/coxswain?
5.	What will happen if hydraulic power is lost and a buoy is suspended on the boom/crane?
6.	What is the most inherent danger if the whip should part during any buoy handling operation?
7.	The buoy deck supervisor should conduct a briefing prior to beginning buoy deck operations. The following topics should be included:
	a.
	b.
	c.
	d.
8.	What operating indications will the buoy deck supervisor observe if a buoy is being raised and the mooring in fouled?



TASK ACM-03-02-TYPE: Buoy Deck Supervisor Fundamentals

1.	What are the safe working load limits for the cross deck winches and A-frame winches on the assigned buoy boat?
2.	What is the size, material, and length of the wire rope installed on the deck winches and A-frame winches on the assigned buoy boat?
3.	What is the difference between strands and wire when expressing the size and serviceability of wire rope?
4.	What are five physical inspection standards that should be observed when visually inspecting wire rope?
	a.
	b.
	c.
	d.
	e.
5.	Daily inspection and of buoy handling equipment fittings is essential to maintain equipment serviceability.
6.	If the boom/crane/A-frame is being exercised and the operation is rough or erratic with audible noise in the hydraulic fluid flow, it is most likely an indication of in the
7.	Where are the manual release features located on your boat to safely lower a load if hydraulic pressure fails?
8.	What is meant by slushing a wire rope?



TASK ACM-03-03-TYPE: Buoy Deck Supervisor Rigging Fundamentals

1.	What is the danger of horizontal sling angles during any lifting operation?		
2.	What is the normal safety factor required when testing slings and where can the last load test date of a sling be located?		
3.	True or False. It is never a good practice to tow or drag a buoy from the chain stopper.		
4.	The deck winches on the 49' BUSL have a WLL of pounds each.		
5.	A sinker of lbs and a chain up toinches can be handled by the 49' BUSL.		
6.	What is meant by the term two-blocking and what must be done if this situation occurs?		
7.	For buoy handling operations, the line size used for rotten stops is determined by the and of the		
TA	ASK ACM-03-04-TYPE: Supervise a Buoy Deck Evolution		
1.	What action might the BDS recommend the coxswain take if a sinker is mudded or sanded-in?		
2.	The AtoN boat can relieve up to a class unlighted buoy.		
3.	What is the function of the A-frame limit switch and where is it located on the 49' BUSL?		
4.	Do not use to mouse the hooks when lifting or lowering loads.		
5.	Explain at least four items that should be included in the safety brief prior to buoy deck operations.		
	a.		
	b.		
	c.		
	d.		
6.	The bridle is normally connected to the buoy with shackles.		
7.	If the throat opening of a hook has been enlarged greater than percent, then it should be replaced.		
8.	What safety gear must be worn by any buoy deck personnel that is engaged in battery maintenance?		



Part 3 Engineer Qualification

Introduction

This Part contains a collection of tasks, which must be learned, practiced, and performed by the trainee. These tasks represent the minimum elements of skill and knowledge necessary for safe and effective performance of a Coast Guard engineer.

NOTE &

This Manual is not meant to be ordered for purposes of obtaining individual qualification tasks. Qualification tasks should be reproduced locally and provided for trainees.

In this Part

This Part contains the following Chapters:

Chapter	Title	See Page
1	Task Accomplishment Record for Engineer	3-3
2	Engineer Qualification Tasks	3-5
3	Engineer Trainee Study Guide	3-43





Chapter 1. Task Accomplishment Record for Engineer

NOTE GS	Instructor should remove this chapter and place it in the tra-	inee's training record.	
TRAINEE NAME:		RATE:	
INSTRUCTOR NA	ME:	RATE:	
POSITION/QUALIFICATION CODE TO BE TRAINED FOR:			
NOTE & Instructors should line through those tasks not applicable to this qualification.			

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
ENG-01-01-ANY			
ENG-01-02-ANY			
ENG-01-03-ANY			
ENG-01-04-ANY			
ENG-01-05-ANY			
ENG-01-06-ANY			
ENG-01-07-ANY			
ENG-01-08-ANY			
ENG-01-09-ANY			
ENG-02-01-ANY			
ENG-02-02-ANY			
ENG-02-03-ANY			
ENG-02-04-ANY			
ENG-02-05-ANY			
ENG-02-06-ANY			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
ENG-02-07-ANY			
ENG-02-08-ANY			
ENG-02-09-ANY			
ENG-02-10-ANY			
ENG-02-11-ANY			
ENG-02-12-ANY			
ENG-02-13-ANY			
ENG-02-14-ANY			
ENG-02-15-ANY			
ENG-02-16-ANY			
ENG-03-01-ANY			
ENG-03-02-ANY			
ENG-03-03-ANY			
ENG-03-04-ANY			
ENG-03-05-ANY			
ENG-03-06-ANY			
ENG-03-07-ANY			
ENG-04-01-ANY			



Chapter 2. Engineer Qualification Tasks

Introduction

The following are the instructions for this Chapter:

- The purpose of this Chapter is to provide guidance on the trainee's progress through the qualification tasks.
- The instructor should present the tasks to the trainee in a logical order using the instructions provided in *Part 1*.
- Tasks should be signed, dated, and placed in the trainee's training record when the instructor is satisfied that the trainee can consistently perform a task in accordance with all standards and conditions.

Prerequisites

A prospective Engineer must:

• Be a certified crew member on the boat type for which they are seeking this higher level of qualification.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Pre-Operational Checks	3-6
В	Propulsion System Start Checks and Casualty Responses	3-19
С	Boat Disabling Casualties	3-33
D	Post-Operational Checks	3-40



Section A. Pre-Operational Checks

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division One:

- **Demonstrate** the knowledge of the casualties and discrepancies that would prevent a boat from getting underway.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to perform Engineering Casualty Control on a boat.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
ENG-01-01-ANY	Locate Installed Equipment and Fittings on the Boat	3-6
ENG-01-02-ANY	Locate Components and Accessories of the Boat's Propulsion and Electrical Systems	3-8
ENG-01-03-ANY	Locate Components and Accessories of the Boat's Auxiliary System	3-11
ENG-01-04-ANY	Conduct a Pre-Start Checkoff	3-13
ENG-01-05-ANY	List the Disabling Casualties and Restrictive Discrepancies that Prevent the Boat from Getting Underway	3-15
ENG-01-06-ANY	State the Equipment Casualties That Will Prevent the Boat from Getting Underway	3-16
ENG-01-07-ANY	Energize the Electrical and Electronic Systems	3-16
ENG-01-08-ANY	Set Watertight Integrity	3-17
ENG-01-09-ANY	Draw/List the Boat's Systems	3-18

TASK ENG-01-01-ANY

Locate Installed Equipment and Fittings on the Boat

References

- a. Applicable Outfit Lists
- b. Applicable Technical Manuals
- c. Boston Whaler Manual
- d. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)

Conditions

This task may be performed when the boat is out of the water. The task will be performed during normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations.

Standards

Aboard the boat, without reference material, the trainee must locate and describe the operation or purpose of each installed piece of equipment and fittings as listed below.



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Loc	ate and state the purpose of the following:	
	a.	Deck fittings (cleats, chocks, bitts).	
	b.	Anchor and anchor rope components.	
	c.	Mooring and towing gear.	
	d.	Navigation lights.	
	e.	Spotlight and/or blue light.	
	f.	Hoisting, trailer, or tie-down points.	
	g.	Bilge access plate.	
	h.	Forward drain plug.	
	i.	Forward lift rings.	
	j.	Compass sending unit.	
	k.	Main deck/deck storage:	
		(1) Escape hatch.	
		(2) Portable dewatering pump sea suction.	
		(3) Window wash reservoir and pump.	
		(4) Shore-tie receptacle.	
		(5) Heat, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) raw water discharge ports.	
		(6) Portable dewatering pump.	
		(7) Fuel tank vent.	
		(8) Fuel fill/sounding rod.	
		(9) Bilge pump discharge ports.	
2.	Loc	ate and describe the functions of the following:	
	a.	Compass.	
	b.	Radios.	
	c.	Fathometer.	
	d.	GPS/DGPS.	
	e.	Radar.	
	f.	Loudhailer.	
	g.	Battery switches.	
	h.	Main circuit breakers.	
	i.	12-volt accessories switch panel.	
	j.	Start/stop switches.	
	k.	Kill switch.	
	l.	Battery parallel switch.	
	m.	Engine air shutdown pull handles.	



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
3. 1	Reduction Gear Space:		
ä	a. Transducer.		
1	b. Propeller shaft seal	s.	
(c. Bilge pumps and w	ater level switches.	
(Fuel stripping port. 		
•	e. Speed log.		
f	f. Cardan shaft seals.		
8	g. Fuel tank inspection		
1	 h. HVAC overboard d 		
i	i. All outfitted equip	nent.	
4.]	Lazarette:		
ä	a. Bilge pump and wa	ter sensor switch.	
1	b. Standpipes.		
(c. Servo/power cylind		
(d. Rudder feedback u		
(e. Bilge pump overbo	ard discharge.	
1	f. Rudder post glands		
8	g. Tie rod.		
1	h. Vents.		
j	i. Emergency tiller.		
Instr	uctor	1	Date
Com	ments		
Com			
TASI	K ENG-01-02-ANY	Locate Components and Accessories of the Boat's Propulsion and	Electrical Systems
Refe	rences	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	
		b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (serie	es)
		c. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M161	
Cond	litions	This task will be performed pierside, while normal unit training and le pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable should be followed by related underway exercises.	
Standards		Aboard the boat, without reference material, the trainee must locate c accessories of the propulsion and electrical systems following the step	



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Loc	eate the main engines and ship's service generator (if installed), and state the following:	
	a.	Make and model.	
	b.	Horsepower of each engine.	
	c.	Cruising and maximum engine RPMs.	
	d.	Rotation of each engine.	
	e.	Lube oil capacity and type of oil of each engine.	
	f.	Describe the Airsep system.	
	g.	Generator rating (kW), as applicable.	
2.	Des	scribe the fuel oil system:	
	a.	State the location of the fuel tank.	
	b.	State the capacity of the fuel tank.	
	c.	State the usable capacity of the tank.	
	d.	Locate the fill tube, sounding rod and fuel gauge.	
	e.	Locate the fuel tank vent.	
	f.	Locate the manual emergency shutoff valves.	
	g.	Locate the primary filters, secondary filters, generator fuel filters, priming pump and stripping port.	
	h.	Locate the fuel pump, ECM cooler plate and fuel cooler.	
	i.	Locate and state the size and purpose of the restricted orifice.	
	j.	Locate the primer bulb.	
3.	Des	scribe the engine cooling system:	
	a.	State the type of system used.	
	b.	Locate the sea suction valves and the sea strainers.	
	c.	State how the propulsion and generator engines are cooled.	
	d.	State how the reduction gears are cooled.	
	e.	State how the exhaust gases are cooled.	
	f.	State how the raw water system is protected from corrosion.	
	g.	Locate and state the purpose of the raw water pump, restrictor plate and shaft seal.	
	h.	State the jacket water capacity of the propulsion and generator engines.	
	i.	Locate the jacket water pump, oil cooler, aftercooler, thermostats, coolant expansion tank and hot start, as applicable on propulsion and generator engines.	
4.	Sta	te the following parameters for idle and cruising:	
	a.	Engine and generator water temperature.	
	b.	Engine and generator lube oil pressure.	
	c.	Reduction gear clutch apply pressure.	
	d.	Reduction gear lube oil temperature.	
5.	Loc	cate and state the purpose of the following engine stop systems:	
	a.	Engine stop buttons (switches).	
	b.	Emergency fuel cutout valves.	
	c.	Emergency air shutdowns.	



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
6.	Locate the marine gears and state the following:	
	a. Make, model and configuration of gear box.	
	b. Gear ratio in forward and reverse.	
	c. Oil dipstick and where oil is added.	
	d. Oil capacity of the gears and what type of oil is used.	
7.	Describe the boat shafts and propellers, stating the following:	
	a. Diameter of shaft.	
	b. Purpose of the shaft seal.	
	c. Propeller diameter and pitch.	
	d. Number of blades.	
	e. Direction of rotation in forward and reverse.	
8.	Describe and state the purpose of the compressed air system:	
	a. Locate the air compressor and state the PSI.	
	b. Locate the air tank and state capacity.	
	c. Pressure gauge and bleed valve.	
	d. Cut in/out pressure.	
	e. Relief valve setting.	
9.	Describe the fixed fire fighting and installed eductor systems:	
	a. Locate the fire pump.	
	b. State the pressure range of the fire pump.	
	c. State the output of the fire pump in gallons per minute.	
	d. State the maximum engine RPMs with the fire pump engaged.	
	e. Locate and state the purpose of the installed eductor and isolation valves.	
10.	Describe the hydraulic steering system:	
	a. Locate the steering pump.	
	b. Locate and state the capacity of the oil reservoir.	
	c. State the type of oil used.	
	d. Locate and state the purpose of the flow divider.	
	e. Locate and state the purpose of the relief valve.	
11.	Locate and state the purpose of the fixed fire extinguishing system:	
	a. Type of agent.	
	b. Cylinder and state the PSI.	
	c. Engine shutdown cylinders.	
	d. Thermal sensors and at what temperature the alarm will sound.	
	e. State what will happen when the cylinder is discharged.	
12.	Describe the engine alarm system:	
	a. State the purpose of the engine alarm system and at what temperature or pressure the alarm is activated.	
	b. State the purpose of the alarm cutoff switch.	
	- *	L



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
13.	Locate the following DC p	power equipment:	
	a. Batteries.		
	b. Alternators.		
	c. DC power panels and	their voltages.	
	d. Main breakers.		
	e. Battery cutout switch	es.	
	f. Voltage regulators.		
	g. Multi-battery isolator	rs.	
	h. Shore-tie battery char	ger.	
14.	Locate the following AC p	power equipment:	
	a. Shore-tie box.		
	b. AC power panel.		
	c. Generators.		
	d. Main breaker.		
15.	State the power output and	l purpose of the alternators and generators.	
16.	Explain how the batteries a	are connected.	
17.	State when the batteries are	e paralleled.	
18.	Explain the purpose of the batteries.	start batteries. Describe the results of a battery failure or low voltage in the start	
19.	Explain the purpose of the service batteries.	service batteries. Describe the results of a battery failure or low voltage in the	
20.	Explain the purpose and fu improperly installed multi-	unction of the multi-battery isolators. Describe the results of a failed or battery isolator.	
21.	Describe the operation of t	the battery charging system.	
Inst	ructor	Date	
Con	nments		
TAS	SK ENG-01-03-ANY	Locate Components and Accessories of the Boat's Auxiliary System	
Ref	erences	a. Applicable Technical Manual	
		b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Cor	ditions	This task will be performed pierside, while normal unit training and lecture prog pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the piersi should be followed by related underway exercises.	
Star	ndards	Aboard the boat, without reference material, the trainee must locate components accessories of the auxiliary systems following the steps listed below.	and



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Loc	cate and state the purpose of the following hydraulic steering system components:	
	a.	Steering pumps.	
	b.	Reservoir/filter/cooler assembly.	
	c.	Steering control valve.	
	d.	Auto pilot pump.	
	e.	Helm unit.	
	f.	Jog levers.	
	g.	Servo/power cylinder.	
	h.	Steering feedback units.	
	i.	Steering pressure alarm and components.	
	j.	State the capacity and what type fluid is used in the steering system.	
	k.	Describe the two hydraulic circuits that are used in the steering system.	
	l.	State the head pressure of the system.	
	m.	State the relief pressure of the steering system and of the servo/power cylinder.	
2.	Loc	cate and state the purpose of the following HVAC system components:	
	a.	Sea suction valve.	
	b.	Sea strainer.	
	c.	Raw water pumps.	
	d.	HVAC raw water piping.	
	e.	HVAC units.	
	f.	HVAC control panel.	
	g.	HVAC system circuit breakers/switches.	
	h.	Explain how the HVAC unit both cools and heats.	
	i.	Locate and describe the 47' MLB ventilation intakes and ducting.	
3.	Loc	cate and state the purpose of the fire detection and suppression system components:	
	a.	Mechanical actuators/nitrogen bottles.	
	b.	Agent.	
	c.	Siren.	
	d.	Pressure switches.	
	e.	Engine room air inlet damper.	
	f.	30-second delay bottle.	
	g.	Strobe light.	
	h.	System status panel.	
	i.	Discharge nozzle.	
	j.	Fire alarm warning lights.	
	k.	Smoke and heat detector.	
	1.	Explain how the system works when actuated.	
4.	Loc	cate and state the purpose of the fixed dewatering system components:	
	a.	Bilge pumps.	
	b.	Water sensor switches.	
	c.	Bilge pump control and alarm panel.	
	d.	Bilge pump overboard discharge points.	
	e.	Engine room dewatering standpipe.	



		Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
5.	Loc	ocate and state the purpose of the emergency window release system c	components:	
	a.	Compressor and reservoir assembly.		
	b.	System parameters.		
	c.	Latch assembly.		
	d.	Water sensor switches.		
	e.	System test switch.		
	f.	CO ₂ backup actuator.		
6.	Loc	ocate and state the purpose of the gray water system components (if ins	stalled):	
	a.	Gray water tank.		
	b.	Gray water pump.		
	c.	Grease trap.		
	d.	Deck connection and inport discharge hose.		
	e.	Controls and control switches.		
	f.	Alarms.		
7.	Loc	ocate and state the purpose of the potable water system (if installed):		
	a.	Potable water tank.		
	b.	Potable water pump.		
	c.	Deck connections and fill hose.		
	d.	Controls and control switches.		
	e.	Hot water tank.		
	f.	Alarms.		
8.	Loc	ocate and state the purpose of the sewage system (if installed):		
	a.	Sewage tank.		
	b.	Sewage discharge pump.		
	c.	Macerator pump.		
	d.	Controls and control switches.		
	e.	Deck connection and inport discharge hose.		
	f.	Alarms.		
Inst	truct	etor	Date	
Cor	nme	ents		
TA	SK I	ENG-01-04-ANY Conduct a Pre-Start Checkoff		
References		a. Applicable Technical Manuals		
		b. NSB Manufacturer Manuals		
		c. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbo	ook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Cor	nditi			training and
Conditions		lecture programs pertaining to boat operation instructions should be followed by related to	ons are being conducted. Where pract	



Standards

The trainee must properly complete all steps below in order to successfully complete this task.

Performance Criteria			
1. Sound fuel tank with sounding rod. Fuel should be at or near 95 percent.			
2. Secure and disconnect shore power electrical cable as appropriate.			
3. Secure battery charger and jacket water heater, as applicable.			
CAUTION! Never start or run the engines with the battery charger energized. Damage to the alternator may occur.			
NOTE GO Coolant level must be rechecked after the engine warms up and when the boat stops to take on fuel.			
NOTE A Reduction gear oil will normally be above the H mark when the reduction gear is not turning. The reduction gear oil level must be checked again with the engine running at low idle. At low idle, the level must be between the L and the H marks on the dipstick.			
4. Ensure HVAC system raw water cooling valve is open.			
5. Check compartments and deck for unsecured or loose gear.			
6. Check bilges for water, fuel, and oil.			
7. Check that bilge drain plugs are in place (transom) and overboard discharge scuppers are clear.			
8. Check the marine gear and engine oil levels.			
CAUTION! Do not open the coolant expansion tank cap on a hot engine.			
9. Check steering fluid level.			
10. Visually check sea strainer for debris. Clean if necessary.			
11. Open sea suction valve.			
12. Check for proper valve alignment of fuel system.			
13. Check engine controls for free movement.			
14. Check belts for proper tension (no greater than ⁷ / ₁₆ inch per foot of span).			
15. Inspect bilges for excessive amounts of water. Look for signs of spilled fuel or oils. Pump and clean as necessary.			
16. Check coolant by removing cap and looking into the expansion tank, it should be full. The fluid recovery tank should be ¼ to ½ full.			
17. Ensure air intake is clear and machinery space ventilation flapper is open.			
18. Ensure all breakers on 120-VAC power panel are on.			
19. Ensure all breakers on all 12- or 24-VDC power panels are on.			
20. Visually inspect the bottom of the fuel oil filter bowl for the presence of water and sediment. Drain and dispose of as required.			
21. Check steering and steering fluid levels.			



Inst	ructor	Date	
Cor	nments		
TAS	SK ENG-01-05-ANY	List the Disabling Casualties and Restrictive Discrepancies that Prevent the I Getting Underway	Boat from
Ref	erences	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
		b. Unit Instructions or Policy	
Cor	nditions	This task will be performed pierside, while normal unit training and lecture progression pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the piersid should be followed by related underway exercises.	
Star	ndards	With reference material and without error, the trainee must state the equipment the casualty or discrepancy occur, will prevent the boat from getting underway for armission. The trainee must know the difference between disabling casualties and critical casualties. The trainee must know what steps must be followed when a confidence of the discrepancy is found.	n operational mission
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	"make the boat not servi Guard Boat Operations	plems or symptoms that would constitute disabling casualties. Each of these would ceable" as defined in <i>Part 4, Readiness and Standardization</i> , of the <i>U.S. Coast and Training (BOAT) Manual, Volume I</i> , COMDTINST M16114.32 (series). We taken if the disabling casualty is found while underway and at dockside.	
2.	would "restrict the opera safely" as defined in <i>Pan</i> <i>Training (BOAT) Manua</i>	plems or symptoms that would constitute restrictive discrepancies. Each of these ations of the boat such that it can perform some missions, but not all missions at 4, Readiness and Standardization, of the U.S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and al, Volume I, COMDTINST M16114.32 (series). Describe the actions to be taken if by is found while underway and at dockside.	
3.	important maintenance i as defined in <i>Part 4</i> , <i>Red</i> <i>Training (BOAT) Manua</i>	oblems or symptoms that would constitute major discrepancies. These are ssues that "degrade the effectiveness of the boat to perform one or more missions" adiness and Standardization, of the U.S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and al, Volume I, COMDTINST M16114.32 (series). These must be documented and erwise restrict the boat's service or impact safety of the crew.	
4.		ondition listed in the Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST astitutes a disabling casualty.	
5.		ondition listed in the Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST nstitutes a restrictive or major discrepancy.	
Inst	Instructor Date		
Cor	nments		



TASK ENG-01-06-ANY

State the Equipment Casualties That Will Prevent the Boat from Getting Underway

References

- a. Boston Whaler Manual
- b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)
- c. Unit Standing Orders

Conditions

This task will be performed at any time, while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, classroom instruction should be followed by related underway exercises.

Standards

With reference material and without error, the trainee must state the equipment that, should a casualty or discrepancy occur, will prevent the boat from getting underway for an operational mission.

Performance Criteria			Completed (Initials)
1.		te the equipment that, should a casualty occur, will prevent a boat from getting underway on an rational mission:	
	a.	Radar.	
	b.	Engine.	
	c.	Steering system.	
	d.	VHF-FM radio.	
	e.	Depth finder.	
	f.	Compass.	
	g.	GPS/DGPS.	

Instructor	Date	
Comments		

TASK ENG-01-07-ANY

Energize the Electrical and Electronic Systems

References

a. Applicable Technical Manuals

b. Boston Whaler Manual

Conditions

This task will be performed on a boat when making preparations for getting underway, under direct supervision of the engineer, or while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. All power switches must be in the off position, both at the power panels and on the equipment, before energizing the main breaker.

Standards

The trainee must properly complete all steps below in order to successfully complete this task.

	Performance Criteria		
1.	Stat	te the purpose of the boat alternators or generator and explain how the charging system works.	
2.	2. Describe the functions of the electrical systems on the boat:		
	a.	Port engine battery switch services the port engine and ship's service loads.	
	b.	AUX battery switch services power for electronics and communications equipment.	
	c.	Starboard engine battery switch services the starboard engine and the electric bilge pumps.	
	d.	AC generator (if installed).	



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
	of the battery parallel system onboard the boat. In the event the engine fails to start due to ge of the batteries, the parallel system will allow the available power from both batteries to ge starting.	
da sw Tr	ever turn the battery switches to the off position when the engine is running. Serious mage to the engine's electrical system may result. When using emergency battery parallel itch, release the switch once the engine has started or if the engine starter is not cranking e parallel solenoid is designed for momentary use only and will be damaged if used ntinuously.	
4. State the purpose	of the battery charger (if installed).	
5. State the procedu	res for removing shore power (if applicable).	
6. Conduct pre-star	checks and start the AC generator (if applicable).	
 a. Console pool b. Main circuit c. VHF radio. d. Radar. e. Navigation f. Blue lights. g. Fathometer. 		
TASK ENG-01-08-A	NY Set Watertight Integrity	
TASK ENG-01-08-A References	NY Set Watertight Integrity a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series) This task will be performed pierside, while normal unit training and lecture programmer pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the piersid	e instructions ompartments,



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
2.	State the number and lo boat:	cation of the following watertight closure devices and compartments aboard the	
	a. Watertight hatches		
	b. Quick-acting water		
	c. Watertight compar	rtments.	
3.	Set watertight integrity		
Ins	tructor	Date	
Co	mments		
	-		
TA	SK ENG-01-09-ANY	Draw/List the Boat's Systems	
Ref	ferences	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	1
Co	nditions	This task will be performed pierside. Trainee must accomplish task without proof a reference.	ompting or use
Sta	ndards	The trainee must correctly trace out and draw the following systems and list all communications and navigation systems.	
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Trace out and draw the	following systems:	
	a. Fuel oil system.		
	b. Engine cooling wa		
	c. Potable water syste		
	d. Hydraulic steering	system.	
	e. Lube oil system.		
	f. Fixed fire fighting		
	g. Installed dewatering		
	h. Reduction gear lub		
	i. Buoy handling sysj. Gray water and sev		
	j. Gray water and sevk. Electrical charging	-	
	Steering system.	g system.	
	m. DC electrical system	em	
	n. AC electrical syste		
2.	-	1 77	+
۷.	List an communication	s and navigation systems.	
Ins	tructor	Date	
Co	mments		



Section B. Propulsion System Start Checks and Casualty Responses

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Two:

- **Demonstrate** the knowledge of the casualties and discrepancies that would prevent a boat from getting underway.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to perform Engineering Casualty Control on a boat.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
ENG-02-01-ANY	Start the Boat	3-20
ENG-02-02-ANY	Engine Will Not Turn Over or Start	3-21
ENG-02-03-ANY	Engine Failing to Start with the Starter Turning Over	3-22
ENG-02-04-ANY	Main Engine High Water Temperature	3-22
ENG-02-05-ANY	Loss of Main Engine Lube Oil Pressure	3-24
ENG-02-06-ANY	Loss of Fuel Oil Pressure	3-24
ENG-02-07-ANY	Main Engine High Lube Oil Pressure	3-25
ENG-02-08-ANY	Engine Oil System Failure	3-26
ENG-02-09-ANY	Outboard Failing to Engage Forward or Reverse	3-26
ENG-02-10-ANY	Outboard Motor Vibration or Spun Propeller	3-27
ENG-02-11-ANY	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls	3-27
ENG-02-12-ANY	Loss of Control of Engine RPMs	3-28
ENG-02-13-ANY	Reduction Gear Failure	3-29
ENG-02-14-ANY	Overheating Shaft Packing Gland	3-30
ENG-02-15-ANY	Excessive Shaft Seal Leakage	3-30
ENG-02-16-ANY	Steering Casualty	3-31



TASK ENG-02-01-ANY

Start the Boat

References

- a. Applicable Technical Manuals
- b. Applicable Manufacturer Manuals
- c. Boston Whaler Manual
- d. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)

Conditions

This task will be performed when the boat is out of the water while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related underway exercises.

Standards

The trainee must properly complete all steps below in order to successfully complete this task.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Energize the battery switches, main switch/breaker and all required switches/breakers for start.	
2.	Ensure engine kill switches are in place and properly set.	
3.	Ensure throttles are in the neutral position.	
4.	Ensure fuel system is primed and properly aligned for start.	
5.	Squeeze the primer bulbs, if installed, until they become firm.	
6.	Ensure outboards or outdrive units are in water and trimmed properly.	
7.	Depress the starter button (or key) and hold until engine starts. Repeat for other engine. If an engine does not start within 15 seconds, let it stand for 30 seconds before further attempt.	
8.	Check raw water overboard discharge, as applicable.	
9.	Energize and inspect all electrical equipment.	
10.	Check engine for fuel oil, jacket water, exhaust, raw water, and oil leaks, or other abnormal conditions.	
N	Diesel engines are best warmed up under load. When practical, get underway as soon as checkoff procedures are completed.	
11.	Check propeller shaft packing gland or other through hull fitting for leakage.	
	Monitor gauges on console for correct engine operating parameters.	
12.	Monitor gauges on console for correct engine operating parameters. AUTION! Do not depress both starter buttons simultaneously. Start engines one at a time.	
12. C A	AUTION! Do not depress both starter buttons simultaneously. Start engines one at a time. The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection:	
12. C A	AUTION! Do not depress both starter buttons simultaneously. Start engines one at a time. The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges:	
12. C A	AUTION! Do not depress both starter buttons simultaneously. Start engines one at a time. The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges.	
12. C A	The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges. (2) Marine gear lube oil pressure gauges.	
12. C A	AUTION! Do not depress both starter buttons simultaneously. Start engines one at a time. The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges. (2) Marine gear lube oil pressure gauges. (3) Main engine jacket water temperature gauges.	
12. C A	AUTION! Do not depress both starter buttons simultaneously. Start engines one at a time. The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges. (2) Marine gear lube oil pressure gauges. (3) Main engine jacket water temperature gauges. (4) Alternator or voltmeter.	
12. C A	The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges. (2) Marine gear lube oil pressure gauges. (3) Main engine jacket water temperature gauges. (4) Alternator or voltmeter. b. Check the following items for discrepancies, and correct and report:	
12. C A	The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges. (2) Marine gear lube oil pressure gauges. (3) Main engine jacket water temperature gauges. (4) Alternator or voltmeter. b. Check the following items for discrepancies, and correct and report: (1) Jacket water system and raw water system for leaks.	
12.	The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges. (2) Marine gear lube oil pressure gauges. (3) Main engine jacket water temperature gauges. (4) Alternator or voltmeter. b. Check the following items for discrepancies, and correct and report: (1) Jacket water system and raw water system for leaks.	
12.	The following procedures must be performed in the post-start inspection: a. Check the following gauges: (1) Main engine lube oil gauges. (2) Marine gear lube oil pressure gauges. (3) Main engine jacket water temperature gauges. (4) Alternator or voltmeter. b. Check the following items for discrepancies, and correct and report: (1) Jacket water system and raw water system for leaks. (2) Main engine and marine ge ar for lube oil leaks.	



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
marks o	e main engine at idle, the oil level of the marine gear must be between the L and H in the dipstick. If additional oil is required, the main engine for the affected marine UST be secured before adding the oil.	
CAUTION! If pro	oper oil pressure is not evident, immediately secure engine and investigate.	
14. Complete the following	g steps prior to getting underway:	
a. Close (turn on) al	l of the remaining breakers on the 24-volt DC and 12-volt DC power panels.	
b. Energize and test	all installed electronic components.	
c. Test throttle oper	ation in forward and reverse.	
d. Ensure gear is pro	operly stowed and watertight integrity is set.	
e. Inform coxswain underway.	on the status of all engineering and electronic systems and if the boat is ready to get	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK ENG-02-02-ANY	Engine Will Not Turn Over or Start	
TASK ENG-02-02-ANY References	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	
	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	being derway
References	 a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during dawhile normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with 	being nderway h the casualty
References Conditions	 a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct p 	being derway h the casualty rocedures,
References Conditions Standards	 a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct p following the steps listed below. 	being derway h the casualty rocedures,
References Conditions Standards 1. Ensure kill switch or k	 a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct p following the steps listed below. Performance Criteria 	being derway h the casualty rocedures,
References Conditions Standards 1. Ensure kill switch or k 2. Ensure main power sw	a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related unexercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct perfollowing the steps listed below. Performance Criteria till switch lanyard is in proper position.	being derway h the casualty rocedures,
References Conditions Standards 1. Ensure kill switch or k 2. Ensure main power sw 3. Check battery voltage.	a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct perfollowing the steps listed below. Performance Criteria fill switch lanyard is in proper position.	being derway h the casualty rocedures,
References Conditions Standards 1. Ensure kill switch or k 2. Ensure main power sw 3. Check battery voltage.	a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related unexercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct proceeding the steps listed below. Performance Criteria The trainee in proper position. The trainee is applicable. The trainee is applicable.	being derway h the casualty rocedures,
References Conditions Standards 1. Ensure kill switch or k 2. Ensure main power sw 3. Check battery voltage. 4. Check battery and star 5. Ensure throttle is in ne	a. Applicable Technical Manuals b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related unexercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct proceeding the steps listed below. Performance Criteria The trainee in proper position. The trainee is applicable. The trainee is applicable.	being derway h the casualty rocedures,



Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK ENG-02-03-ANY	Engine Failing to Start with the Starter Turning Over	
References	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	
Conditions	This task will be performed on a boat while making preparations for getting unde daylight hours, in calm or moderate weather conditions. The instructor will simu casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. The trainee will be Engineer.	late the
Standards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct pr following the steps listed below.	ocedures,
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Inspect fuel hoses.		
2. Inspect fuel filter and house	ing.	
3. Check engine main circuit	breaker.	
4. Check fuel system priming	bulbs.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
		
TASK ENG-02-04-ANY	Main Engine High Water Temperature	
References	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	
	b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Conditions	This task will be performed while underway. The instructor will simulate the case providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.	sualty by
Standards	The instructor will ask the trainee to state the proper jacket water temperature rar temperature the alarm will sound. The trainee must state the correct temperatures given the casualty symptoms, the trainee will simulate and state correct procedure	. Upon being
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Reduce RPMs.		
2. Identify affected engine.		
3. Notify crew of casualty.		



CAUTION! While the engine is secured and the fuel stop is in the up position, to prevent seizure until the engine cools, periodically rotate the engine with the starter. 5. Check overboard discharge. 6. Engineer: Check engine to assess the situation. 7. Crew member: If necessary, rig the anchor. 8. Ensure sea suction valves are open. 9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers. 10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Instructor Date	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
CAUTION! While the engine is secured and the fuel stop is in the up position, to prevent seizure until the engine cools, periodically rotate the engine with the starter. 5. Check overboard discharge. 6. Engineer: Check engine to assess the situation. 7. Crew member: If necessary, rig the anchor. 8. Ensure sea suction valves are open. 9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers. 10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. 19. Date	cooled naturally. If the pressure is released when extremely hot by removing the expansion tank cover, the coolant will either flash to steam or boil with a serious	
until the engine cools, periodically rotate the engine with the starter. 5. Check overboard discharge. 6. Engineer: Check engine to assess the situation. 7. Crew member: If necessary, rig the anchor. 8. Ensure sea suction valves are open. 9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers. 10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	4. If steam is present or if the temperature is 205 °F or above, secure the engine(s).	
6. Engineer: Check engine to assess the situation. 7. Crew member: If necessary, rig the anchor. 8. Ensure sea suction valves are open. 9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers. 10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Instructor Date		
7. Crew member: If necessary, rig the anchor. 8. Ensure sea suction valves are open. 9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers. 10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation.	5. Check overboard discharge.	
8. Ensure sea suction valves are open. 9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers. 10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE will offen set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	6. Engineer: Check engine to assess the situation.	
9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers. 10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Coll alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation.	7. Crew member: If necessary, rig the anchor.	
10. Check bilges. 11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Coll alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	8. Ensure sea suction valves are open.	
11. Check cooling lines. 12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	9. Check sea strainers. If necessary, shift strainers.	
12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line. 13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	10. Check bilges.	
13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled. 14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	11. Check cooling lines.	
14. If applicable, check the jacket water level. NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Will alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	12. Check raw water pump with back of hand or telltale cooling water line.	
NOTE Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes. 15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	13. Check expansion tank after engine has cooled.	
15. Check lube oil for proper quantity and quality. NOTE Oil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	14. If applicable, check the jacket water level.	
NOTE Coll alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms. 16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris. 17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	NOTE & Anti-freeze is poisonous. Do not inhale the fumes.	
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17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge. 18. Notify Station of situation. Date	NOTE (See Dil alarms and sensors are directly related to engine temperature. An overheating engine will often set off lube oil alarms.	
18. Notify Station of situation. Instructor Date	16. If applicable, secure and trim up affected motor. Inspect seawater suction for debris.	
Instructor Date	17. If applicable, trim down motor, start up, and check discharge.	
	18. Notify Station of situation.	
Comments	Instructor Date	
Commonw	Comments	



TASK ENG-02-05-ANY

Loss of Main Engine Lube Oil Pressure

References

a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)

Conditions

This task will be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.

Standards

The instructor will ask the trainee to state the proper oil pressure range and at what pressure the alarm will sound. The trainee must state the correct pressures. Upon being given the casualty symptoms, the trainee will simulate and state correct procedures to be taken. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will simulate and state the correct procedures, following the steps listed below:

		the steps listed below:	
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.		s and identify which engine has a loss of lube oil pressure. Shut down the affected inless circumstances warrant continued operation due to safety of the crew.	
W	ARNING 🖑	If engine oil pressure gauge reads zero, SECURE engine immediately.	
2.	Notify crew of casua	lty.	
3.	Ensure fire extinguis	ners are on scene.	
4.	Verify the oil level w	then the affected engine has been shut down.	
5.	Check the cooling sy	stem recovery bottle for contamination.	
6.	If applicable, check l	ube oil for quality and quantity.	
7.	Notify Station of situ	ation.	
8.	Return to Station if c	ause cannot be determined or repaired.	
	mments	Date	
Cor		Loss of Fuel Oil Pressure	
TA	mments		
TA Ref	SK ENG-02-06-ANY	Loss of Fuel Oil Pressure	the casualty by
TA Ref Con	SK ENG-02-06-ANY	Loss of Fuel Oil Pressure a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series) This task will be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate to	
TA Ref Con	SK ENG-02-06-ANY ferences	Loss of Fuel Oil Pressure a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series) This task will be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate to providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct p	

	Performance Criteria	(Initials)
1	. The coxswain should reduce RPMs and determine which engine has lost power and inform the crew.	
2	2. Check the emergency fuel cutout valves to ensure that they are open.	
3	3. Check the primary fuel filter for accumulated sediment and water in the bowls. Replace if suspect. Reprime the system.	



		200
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
4. Check the entire	fuel system for obvious leaks; check fuel tank level.	
5. Restart the engin	ne and check for proper operation.	
6. If the problem s	till persists, secure the engine.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK ENG-02-07-A	ANY Main Engine High Lube Oil Pressure	
References	a. Applicable Information Book	
Conditions	This task will be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate the providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.	ne casualty by
Standards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct pr following the steps listed below.	ocedures,
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
If lube oil pressi investigate cause	are exceeds normal range after engine is at operating temperature, reduce speed and e.	
	Vater intrusion in the engine will cause high lube oil pressure. Leaky engine hatch gaskets heavy seas or rain can lead to water intrusion at the engine air intakes.	
NOTE &	is necessary to shut the engine down to obtain a correct lube oil level reading.	
a. If oil has m	ostick for milky appearance. ilky appearance, there is water in the lube oil. Secure the engine. o water in the oil, suspect internal mechanical problem. Monitor engine and engine lube oil osely.	
3. Notify Station o	f situation.	-
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



TASK ENG-02-08-ANY

Engine Oil System Failure

References

a. Applicable Technical Manuals

Conditions

This task will be performed on the boat while underway, during daylight hours, in calm or moderate weather conditions. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. The trainee will be assigned as Engineer.

Standards

The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct procedures, following the steps listed below.

		following the steps listed below.	
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Identify the symptoms for	engine oil system failure:	
	a. System check.		
	b. S.L.O.W.		
2.	Note engine RPMs.		
3.	Bring throttles to neutral/io	dle.	
4.	Secure engine.		
5.	Check oil levels.		
6.	Inspect oil distribution mapump.	nifold and oil lines along with connections around variable ratio oiler (VRO)	
7.	Prime oil system using pri	ming bulb.	
8.	Check water around lower	r unit for oil sheen or visual oil leaks.	
9.	Restart engine.		
	nments	Date	
TA	SK ENG-02-09-ANY	Outboard Failing to Engage Forward or Reverse	
Ref	erences	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	
Con	This task will be performed on a boat both dockside and while underway, during daylight hours, in calm or moderate weather conditions. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. The trainee will be assigned as Engineer.		casualty by
Sta	ndards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct profollowing the steps listed below.	rocedures,
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Check if propeller is spinn	ing.	
2.	Check shift linkage at the	console.	
3.	Check shift linkage at the	engine.	



Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK ENG-02-10-ANY	Outboard Motor Vibration or Spun Propeller	
References	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	
Conditions	This task will be performed on a boat while underway, during daylight hours, in moderate weather conditions. The instructor will simulate the casualty by provious with the casualty symptoms. The trainee will be assigned as engineer.	
Standards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct p following the steps listed below.	rocedures,
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Note engine RPMs.		
2. Bring throttles to neutral	and note vibration.	
3. Secure the engine.		
4. Trim up outboard. Inspe	ect propeller and lower unit condition.	
5. Trim down outboard and	restart. Note vibration.	
Instructor	Date	
Instructor Comments	Date	
	Date	
	Date	
	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls	
Comments		
TASK ENG-02-11-ANY	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls	being derway
TASK ENG-02-11-ANY References	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls a. Applicable Technical Manuals This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during da while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with	being derway n the casualty
TASK ENG-02-11-ANY References Conditions	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls a. Applicable Technical Manuals This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during da while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct programs are conducted.	being derway n the casualty
TASK ENG-02-11-ANY References Conditions Standards	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls a. Applicable Technical Manuals This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during da while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct problems of the steps listed below.	being derway in the casualty rocedures,
TASK ENG-02-11-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. Ensure fuel stop "T hand	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls a. Applicable Technical Manuals This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct problems following the steps listed below. Performance Criteria	being derway in the casualty rocedures,
TASK ENG-02-11-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. Ensure fuel stop "T hand	Engine Running Uneven or Stalls a. Applicable Technical Manuals This task will be performed when the boat is in the cradle or underway during day while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related un exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct profollowing the steps listed below. Performance Criteria Ille" is in the run position. is open and fuel system correctly aligned.	being derway in the casualty rocedures,



	~~		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
4.	Check level of fuel t	ank.	
5.	Check fuel supply li	nes for air leaks, repair and bleed if necessary.	
6.	Check intake air sys	tem for restrictions.	
7.	Check fuel filter(s) f	or contamination.	
8.	If actions above do r	not solve casualty, call unit for assistance.	
	tructor 	Date	
Cui			
TA	SK ENG-02-12-ANY	Loss of Control of Engine RPMs	
Re	ferences	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Co	nditions	This task will be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate the providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.	e casualty by
Sta	ndards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct profollowing the steps listed below.	ocedures,
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	If applicable, ensure	the active light is lit for the throttle control station in use.	
2.	Bring the engine cor	atrol back to idle.	
3.	If this fails to contro take control.	l the engine RPMs, switch to a different control station, if applicable, and attempt to	
4.	If this fails, push and	hold down the engine stop button for the affected engine.	
5.	If the engine fails to allow the engine to r	secure, the engineer should pull the fuel cutoff valve handle for the affected engine and un out of fuel.	
6.		w for the affected engine to run out of fuel, or if the fuel cutoff fails to secure the a should pull the emergency air shutdown for the affected engine.	
7.	Do not restart the en	gine until the problem has been corrected.	
W	ARNING 🖔	Do not use the CO ₂ or Halon system to secure the engine. Depleting the fire fighting capabilities of the boat can be dangerous.	
Ins	tructor	Date	
Co	mments		



References a. Applicable Technical Manuals Conditions This task will be performed when the boat is underway during daylight hours, while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related underway exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. In instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. In instructor following the steps listed below. Performance Criteria Completed (Initials) 1. Bring engine control to the neutral position. Check marine gear lube oil pressure. If there is no pressure, secure engine immediately. a. If pressure is in the normal range for idle; place control in clutch ahead. If pressure rises to the clutched in range, but doesn't engage, bring control back to neutral and secure the engine. Maffunction is internal. b. If pressure does not rise to the normal clutched in range, check linkage in the control head and at the selector valve. NOTE Even though the controls and linkage may be actuating the selector valve, mis-adjustment of the linkage may be preventing the gear from engaging. Perform the steps listed below to eliminate faulty linkage or linkage adjustment as the cause of the casualty. 2. The engineer should check throttle control system breakers on the power panel to ensure the breakers have not tripped. 3. Ensure cables are attached to reduction gear controls. 4. Check the reduction gear lube oil level. 5. Request permission from the coxswain to manually engage the marine gear. a. Disconnect linkage at selector valve and shift lever into forward position. If the marine gear will not engage using this method, secure engine and notify Station of situation. b. If the marine gear engages, the problem is in the linkage adjustment or cable clamps in the control head or at the marine gear. Adjust/repair as necessary to obtain positive engagement in forward and rever	TASK ENG-02-13-ANY	Reduction Gear Failure	
This task will be performed when the boat is underway during daylight hours, while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related underway exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct procedures, following the steps listed below. Performance Criteria			
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in the forward station and proceed to port for repairs. Date	7. Attempt to take throttle	control at each of the remaining throttle control stations.	
Comments	Instructor	Date	
	Comments		



Overheating Shaft Packing Gland TASK ENG-02-14-ANY References Applicable Technical Manuals Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) b. **Conditions** This task can be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. Standards The trainee, after being given the casualty symptoms, must accurately identify the casualty and perform the correct procedures, following the steps listed below. Completed **Performance Criteria** (Initials) Reduce speed, but do not secure the engine or shaft. Cool down the shaft and packing gland with raw water. Evenly back off hex nuts on gland to loosen packing until enough leakage is obtained to keep shaft and gland cool (normally 6-10 drops of water per minute). **CAUTION!** Use caution when working in the vicinity of a rotating shaft. Adjust and recheck as needed to obtain normal shaft and packing gland temperatures throughout the entire speed range. If above actions do not solve the casualty, call unit for assistance. Instructor Date **Comments**

TASK ENG-02-15-ANY	Excessive Shaft Seal Leakage
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)
Conditions	This task can be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.
Standards	The trainee, after being given the casualty symptoms, must accurately identify the casualty and perform the correct procedures, following the steps listed below.

Performance Criteria	Complete d (Initials)
1. The engineer should inform the crew of the casualty.	
2. The coxswain should place throttles to neutral and secure the affected engine.	
CAUTION! De-energize the start switch in the engine room to prevent inadvertent starting of the engine while working around the shaft.	
3. The engineer should realign the seal assembly and check to see if the seal clamp has backed off.	



	Performance Criteria	Complete of
4 ICA 1		(Initials)
	s tight, restart the engine after realignment and roll the shaft. If excessive water the seal, secure the engine and shaft.	
The engineer should then the seal bellows.	n loosen the seal clamp ring and reposition it in a position that properly compresses	
6. Restart the engine and ro	ll the shaft. If the seal continues to leak excessively, secure the engine.	
7. Is applicable, secure the	shaft cooling water pump.	
8. Secure the affected shaft control to slow the rate of	with line to prevent rotation and subsequent damage. Perform required damage f leakage.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments	<u> </u>	
TASK ENG-02-16-ANY	Steering Casualty	
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Conditions	This task will be performed while underway. The instructor will simulate the caproviding the trainee with the casualty symptoms.	asualty by
Standards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct p following the steps listed below.	rocedures,
	Performance Criteria	Complete (Initials)
1. The following procedure:	s must be performed if a steering hose is broken:	
	gine throttle controls to the neutral or minimum steerage clutch position if in a	
	put the seas on the bow.	
b. Notify crew of casu		
	th engines, if needed.	
0 0	ecessary, rig the anchor.	
	nove emergency tiller from stowage bracket.	
g. Place engines in neu		
h. Carefully mount the		
	rudders using the emergency tiller.	
	replaced using the emergency union. In the property and the content of the property and the proper	
	about until the rudder arm position indicates the rudders are amidship.	
•	eparately to reduce propeller thrust on the rudder blades and emergency tiller.	
	ne RPMs at a minimum to reduce strain on the crew tending the emergency tiller.	
	give standard steering commands to the crew members tending the rudder.	
a. Notify Station of sit		
	wer source for steering.	
Cl. 1		

p. Check system from stern to helm for cause of casualty (e.g. low fluid).



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
2.	Gain control of rudders using the tiller located in the lazarette.	
3.	The following procedures must be performed to regain control with a jammed rudder:	
	a. Reduce RPMs on both engines. Bring both main engine throttle controls to the neutral or minimum steerage clutch position if in a running sea. Try to put the seas on the bow.	
	b. Notify crew of casualty.	
	c. Coxswain: Steer with engines, if needed.	
	d. Engineer: Investigate the casualty.	
	e. Crew Member: If necessary, rig the anchor.	
	f. Crew Member: Remove emergency tiller from stowage bracket.	
	g. Place engines in neutral.	
	h. Carefully install emergency tiller, mounting it on the port rudder post. Maintain positive control.	
	i. Detach release pin on starboard rudder post to disconnect steering cable/hydraulic ram.	
	j. Turn steering wheel to isolate cable/ram damage.	
	k. Reinstall steering cable/hydraulic ram release pin.	
	l. Maintain control of the port rudder with the tiller and the starboard rudder with the steering wheel.	
	m. Engineer: If necessary, carefully remove the tie rod bar connecting the port and starboard rudder posts.	
	n. Use caution while exercising each rudder to determine which rudder is jammed. Determine the cause, if possible (i.e., debris, damage, etc.).	
N	OTE (Fig. 1) If the port rudder is jammed, lash the emergency tiller/rudder arm with mooring lines to the stern cleats to prevent movement. If the starboard rudder is jammed, keep the ram attached to prevent movement.	
	o. If unable to free the jammed rudder (using attempts to rack it back and forth with the emergency tiller or by clearing any debris), secure it, as soon as possible, to prevent movement.	
	p. After securing the jammed rudder, adjust the opposite rudder to gain the greatest steerage. Use main engines, throttles shafts, and propellers, to regain and maintain steerage.	
	q. Keep main engine RPMs at a minimum to reduce stress on the crew tending the emergency tiller.	
	r. The coxswain shall give standard steering commands to the crew members tending the rudder.	
W	To prevent injury, man the tiller at all times while it is installed on a rudder post. Backing down produces a heavy surge on the rudder. If sternway is necessary, do not exceed 1000 RPM.	
	s. Notify Station of situation.	
Ins	tructor Date	
C		
CO	mments	



Section C. **Boat Disabling Casualties**

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Three:

- Demonstrate the knowledge of the casualties and discrepancies that would prevent a boat from getting underway.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to perform Engineering Casualty Control on a boat.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
ENG-03-01-ANY	Basic Casualty Response	3-33
ENG-03-02-ANY	Fire in the Engine Room	3-35
ENG-03-03-ANY	Fire Onboard	3-35
ENG-03-04-ANY	Fire in the Auxiliary Machinery Space	3-36
ENG-03-05-ANY	Capsizing	3-37
ENG-03-06-ANY	Flooding	3-38
ENG-03-07-ANY	Collision with a Submerged Object	3-39

TASK ENG-03-01-ANY **Basic Casualty Response** References Applicable Technical Manuals **Conditions** This task will be performed when the boat is underway during daylight hours, while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related underway exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms. **Standards**

The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct procedures, following the steps listed below:

		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Res	spond to a loss of steering casualty.	
	a.	Maintain heading or control with engines keeping the seas on the bow if possible.	
	b.	Inspect steering gear or system for damage or fouling.	
	c.	Demonstrate use of any emergency steering system if applicable.	
	d.	Test steering for complete range and function after repair.	
2.	Res	spond to striking a submerged object or temporary grounding casualty.	
	a.	Maneuver to safe water.	
	b.	Inspect hull, bilges and compartments for leaks or damage.	
	c.	Test steering system for damage or restrictions.	
	d.	Test propulsion system (each engine individually) by running up slowly to check for damage or vibrations.	
	e.	Tilt each outboard or outdrive unit up and inspect lower unit and propeller for damage.	



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
3.	Respond to engine high water temperature (overheating) casualty.	
	a. Reduce engine RPMs and observe changes.	
	b. Check for overboard discharge.	
	c. Check for fouling of the cooling water intake.	
	d. Check cooling system integrity and coolant level. Check quantity and quality of coolant.	
4.	Respond to a loss of oil pressure casualty.	
	a. Bring throttles to neutral/idle.	
	b. Secure effected engine.	
	c. Check oil level. Check quantity and quality of oil for signs of contamination (milky).	
	d. Check water around lower unit for oil sheen or visual oil leaks.	
	e. Check bilges for signs of oil leaks.	
5.	Respond to engine vibration, outboard motor vibration or damaged propeller.	
	a. Note engine RPM.	-
	b. Bring throttles back to neutral and check for vibration.	
	c. Secure engine(s) and trim up outboard or outdrive to inspect propeller and lower unit.	
	d. Trim down outboard or outdrive and restart.	
	e. Check each engine individually by engaging into forward and reverse gears and bringing up RPMs slowly. Note vibration.	
6.	Respond to loss of shift control casualty (engine fails to engage in forward or reverse).	
	a. Bring throttle controls to neutral/idle.	
	b. Check if propeller is turning.	
	c. Secure engine if necessary.	
	d. Check shift linkage at console.	
	e. Check shift linkage at engine.	
7.	Respond to a fire onboard.	
	a. Unit and other vessels in vicinity notified of situation.	
	b. Bring throttle controls to neutral/idle, then secure.	
	c. Secure electrical power (if situation warrants).	
	d. Use onboard fire extinguishers and any other means available to extinguish fire.	
	e. Consider risk versus gain of abandoning boat.	
8.	Unit notified and kept informed during all of the above casualty response scenarios.	
9.	Demonstrate rigging and deploying anchor as appropriate in any of the above casualty scenarios.	
Ins	tructor Date	
Car	mmonts —	
(0)	mments	



TASK ENG-03-02-ANY Fire in the Engine Room Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) References Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series) Conditions This task can be performed while underway or pierside. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the symptoms to the trainee. Given a boat with required fire fighting equipment and installed systems, take corrective action. Trainee shall demonstrate proper methods of controlling and extinguishing an engine room fire Standards too large to be combated with only the portable fire extinguishers aboard, in accordance with the steps listed below: Completed Performance Criteria (Initials) NOTE & Ensure power to one VHF-FM radio is maintained for communications. The coxswain should secure the engines and generator, if applicable, and inform all crewmembers. 2. Secure all sources of DC electrical power except those required to operate VHF radios. The engineer should proceed to the machinery space and ensure the engine room watertight door is tightly closed, then secure the fuel oil by pulling the emergency fuel cutout valves. The engineer should try to determine size and source of fire by looking through the portlight in the watertight door. If fire is observed or cause of smoke cannot be determined, discharge the installed fire extinguishing system. Ensure that crewmembers are aware of the installed fire fighting agent (CO₂ or WARNING 💖 Halon). Notify the unit once the situation is under control. Keep the engine room secured until towed ashore and secured. It is extremely dangerous to enter a compartment during or after a fire. After the **WARNING** \heartsuit engine room has been flooded with CO₂, extensive ventilation is necessary to ensure safety when entering, however, any introduction of oxygen into the compartment may ignite a fire reflash. Keep the space sealed until towed ashore and secured. As much as possible, stay off of the after deck as the heat may have caused structural damage. Instructor Date **Comments** TASK ENG-03-03-ANY Fire Onboard References Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series) **Conditions** This task will be performed on a boat dockside during daylight hours in calm or moderate weather conditions. Where practicable, the dockside training should be followed up by underway exercises. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the

casualty symptoms. The trainee will be assigned as engineer.



Standards

The trainee will demonstrate the proper methods of controlling and extinguishing a fire onboard without prompting or use of a reference, following the steps listed below:

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. If underway, ensure	throttles brought to neutral on both engines, then secured.	
2. Notify unit of situati	ion, if possible.	
3. Secure electrical por	wer, if situation warrants.	
4. Use fire extinguishe	rs and any other means available to extinguish fire.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK ENG-03-04-ANY	Fire in the Auxiliary Machinery Space	
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Conditions	This task will be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate the providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.	ne casualty by
Standards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct pr following the steps listed below:	ocedures,
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. The coxswain shoul	d secure the engines, inform all crew members and notify the Station.	
2. The engineer should port forward bulkhe.	proceed to the survivor's compartment and secure the battery cutout switches on the ad.	
3. Ensure that the water	rtight doors leading to the auxiliary machinery space are closed.	
4. Keep the auxiliary n	nachinery space sealed until towed to safe moorage and secured.	
WARNING *	In the event of a fire in the space, do not enter the auxiliary machinery space compartment under any circumstances. There is not an installed fire fighting system for this compartment.	
WARNING *	Do not hook up the shore-tie. Complete inspection of the electrical system should be made once the compartment has been deemed safe to enter.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



TASK ENG-03-05-ANY	Capsizing
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)
Conditions	This task will be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.
Standards	The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct procedures, following the steps listed below:

	following the steps listed below:	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Upon re-righting, check to see if both engines are running and if the coxswain has engine and steering control. Assist coxswain in regaining control of the boat. Take precautions if operating in surf.	
2.	Check the crew to ensure no one was lost overboard or injured.	
3.	When in safe water and upon direction of the coxswain, the boat engineer should go below to check for damage.	
4.	Investigate the condition of the engine room by looking through the window in the watertight door. The engine room may be coated with water and oil, presenting a fire hazard.	
5.	Begin dewatering the vessel by energizing all of the installed electric pumps. If the flooding is too severe to be handled by the electric bilge pumps, rig the portable dewatering pump on the aft deck and connect the suction line to the engine room suction standpipe.	
6.	Once dewatering is complete, check the oil in both main engines (engines must be secured to ensure an accurate reading). Add oil as necessary.	
N	Engines should be shut down to check oil level; if circumstances make securing the engines inappropriate, wait to check the oil levels until the situation has further stabilized. In the mean time, keep a close eye on the engine oil pressure.	
7.	Closely check the material condition of each compartment. Report results to the coxswain.	
8.	After damage has been assessed, determine whether it is safe to proceed with the mission or whether to return to the unit.	
9.	Upon returning to the Station, all electronic and electrical equipment must be tested and cleaned. When applicable, electronic or electrical components will be replaced.	
N	A backup means of communications is critical after a capsizing or knockdown. A portable VHF/FM radio is the best means of passing critical situation reports immediately following this type of situation.	
W	PARNING Do not hook up the shore-tie. Electronic equipment in all below-deck spaces may be soaked with water.	
N	All compartments must be inspected for water intrusion and damage. Each compartment should be thoroughly wiped or washed down as appropriate. All wiring must be cleaned, dried and inspected. Once complete, all electrical equipment must be tested thoroughly. The engine room must be washed down and all insulation material in the survivor's compartment must be inspected. All fluids and associated filters, such as reduction gear, hydraulic system, and main engine oil should be replaced whenever the possibility of contamination has occurred.	



Instructor	Structor Date		
Comments			
TASK ENG-03-06-ANY	Flooding		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series))	
Conditions	This task can be performed pierside or underway. The instructor will simulate providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.	the casualty by	
Standards	The trainee, after being given the casualty symptoms, must accurately identify perform the correct procedures, following the steps listed below:	the casualty and	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1. The engineer or coxswain Push the RESET button to	will check the control panel to identify the space where flooding is indicated. silence the alarm.		
space	e event of engine room flooding, secure the generator set before entering the e. If flooding is detected in other spaces, secure the power panels that feed the es before entering.		
NOTE & A sounding	of the alarm will indicate water in the bilge space.		
2. The engineer and a crew member will proceed to the flooded space indicated by the control panel, look through the portlight in the watertight door, and report status to coxswain. If directed, enter the space to investigate.			
3. The engineer shall report stop the flooding.	to the coxswain the extent, cause and corrective actions necessary to control or		
4. The crew will prepare to a dewatering pump as requi	apply basic casualty control procedures, making ready the damage control kit and red.		
5. The crew shall check the i	material condition of each compartment, then report the results to the coxswain.		
After damage has been assessed, the coxswain shall determine whether it is safe to proceed with the mission or return to the unit.			
EMERO EMERO	ge flooding alarm system is designed to notify the crew of an onboard GENCY underway as well as dockside. This system should be confirmed and prior to and upon return from any missions or sorties.		
Instructor	Date		
Comments			



TA	SK ENG-03-07-ANY	Collision with a Submerged Object	
References a		a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Conditions		This task can be performed while underway. The instructor will simulate the casualty by providing the trainee with the casualty symptoms.	
Star	Standards The trainee, upon being given the casualty symptoms, will perform the correct pr following the steps listed below:		ocedures,
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Reduce engine RPMs thro	ottles to neutral, and try to determine what the boat hit; inform the rest of the crew.	
2.	2. Check for flooding. Verify status of bilge alarms and physically check areas below the waterline.		
3.	The engineer and a crew member should proceed to the machinery space to check shafting for damage.		
4.	For outboard or outdrive equipped crafts, stop engines, trim/tilt engines up and investigate propeller, lower unit or outdrive.		
5.		check all forward compartments for damage. The engineer should check the for damage. Make reports to the coxswain.	
6.	Individually bring up the engine RPMs to determine range and severity of vibration. Also, check shaft seals for leakage.		
7.	Maintain engine RPMs, 200 RPM below range of vibration. If vibration is too severe, place that shaft into neutral or secure engine.		
N	OTE & If possible, vibration.	the boat should be hoisted to determine extent of damage, especially if there is a	
8.	Conduct steering check by to-stop.	y turning helm hard port and starboard. Check for normal rudder movement stop-	
Inst	Instructor Date		
Cor	nments		



Section D. Post-Operational Checks

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Four:

• **Demonstrate** the ability to secure a boat after operations.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
ENG-04-01-ANY	Secure the Boat After Operations	3-40

TASK ENG-04-01-ANY	Secure the Boat After Operations	
References	a. Applicable Technical Manuals	
	b. Applicable Manufacturer Manuals	
	c. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
Conditions	This task will be performed when the boat is out of the water, while normal unit training and lecture programs pertaining to boat operations are being conducted. Where practicable, the instructions should be followed by related underway exercises.	

Standards The trainee must properly complete all steps below in order to successfully complete this task:

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Allow the engines to idle 4-5 minutes; especially if recently run at high RPM.	
2.	Secure all electrical gear with the exception of the main switch.	
3.	Shut down the engine. Allow associated alarm to activate, then secure alarm.	
4.	If equipped, trim/tilt outboard engine or outdrive into storage position as appropriate.	
5.	Shift electrical load from ship to shore power.	
6.	Secure all breakers in the 24-VDC power panel in the machinery space except for those required to maintain fire, flooding, and lighting systems.	
7.	Secure start system battery cutout switch.	
8.	Secure fuel supply valves to engine.	
9.	Close generator seawater suction valve.	
10.	Check all machinery fluid levels and refill as necessary.	
C	AUTION! Do not check engine coolant levels until temperature has dropped to 140 °F or below.	
No	It may be necessary to wait 30 minutes to obtain an accurate reading on engine lube oil levels.	
11.	Conduct a visual inspection of the engine room bilges for any obvious abnormalities.	
12.	Close all doors, windows, hatches and scuttles.	



Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	

Part 3 – Engineer Qualification





Chapter 3. Engineer Trainee Study Guide

Introduction

This Chapter should be removed and given to the trainee to keep. Its purpose is to provide guidance for the trainee's reading assignments and is not a part of the training record.

The trainee should read the appropriate reading assignment and answer the related questions prior to beginning training in each new task. The instructor should then discuss the trainee's answers to ensure understanding of the subject matter prior to beginning instruction for each new task.

NOTE &

If there is no reading assignment assigned for a specific task, then the task will not have a page number to reference.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Reading Assignments - Division One	3-44
В	Reading Assignments - Division Two	3-55
С	Reading Assignments - Division Three	3-62
D	Reading Assignments - Division Four	3-66



Section A. Reading Assignments - Division One

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ENG-01-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section D	3-46
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-01-02-ANY	Applicable Technical Manuals	3-48
	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section D	
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-01-03-ANY	None assigned	
ENG-01-04-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1, Appendix 1-A and Chapter 8, Section D	3-51
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-01-05-ANY	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	3-52
ENG-01-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-52
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
ENG-01-07-ANY	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	3-53
ENG-01-08-ANY	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	3-53



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ENG-01-09-ANY	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	3-54



1. State the location of the following items:

TASK ENG-01-01-ANY: Locate Installed Equipment and Fittings on the Boat

	a.	Weapons mount
	b.	Bilge pump access plate
	a.	Anchor locker
	c.	Forward drain plug
	d.	Battery parallel switch(es)
	e.	Loudhailer control
	f.	Start/Stop switch
	g.	Engine circuit breakers
	h.	Kill switch
	i.	Main circuit breakers
	j.	Depth finder transducer
2.	Loca	ate and state the purpose of the following:
	a.	Navigation lights (color and location)
	b.	Spotlights or soorchlights
	В.	Spotlights or searchlights
	c.	Deck fittings (cleats, chocks, bitts, lifting eyes)
	d.	Anchor, anchor line, tow line (if equipped)
	e.	Lanyard for engine kill switch
	f.	Electric and manual bilge pumps
		Zietute and mandan onge pumps
	g.	Inflatable collar fittings (if equipped)
	h.	Weapons and ammunition stowage



		ethical control of the control of th
3.	Des	cribe the location and purpose of the following communications/navigation equipment:
	a.	GPS or DGPS
	b.	Surface radar
	c.	Fathometer (location of transmitter)
	C.	rationieter (location of transmitter)
	d.	Loudhailer control and speakers
	e.	UHF radios
	f.	VHF radios
	g.	Installed onboard intercom system (if equipped)
	h.	EPIRB
	i.	Standby compass (magnetic compass)
		Standoy compass (magnetic compass)
1.	The	installed bilge pump system is a system.
5.	It w	ill require approximately of water in a bilge space to activate the bilge pumps when set in the
ó.	The	craft's cooling water (raw water) system is used for



TASK ENG-01-02-ANY: Locate Components and Accessories of the Boat's Propulsion and Electrical Systems

1.	The main engines are State make and model.
2.	The AC generator is State make and model (if installed).
3.	State the following specifications for the engines: a horsepower b stroke c cylinder
4.	d cooled State the following specifications for the AC generator set engine (if installed): a horsepower b stroke c cylinder d cooled e kW rating
5.	rotation standing aft looking forward
6.	The boat's fuel (diesel) is carried in agallon tank located in the
7.	Operating fuel pressure at RPM should be between PSI.
8.	Direct cooling of the engines is done by a freshwater system.
9.	The engine alarm system is operated by thevolt electrical system and consists of: a. b. c. d. e.
10.	Normal clutch-apply pressure is to PSI.
11.	State the location of the fuel tank(s) and capacity at 95 percent, the location of the filler neck, vent valve and if applicable, primer bulb.
12.	State the location of the following components on the engine:
	a. Alternator
	b. Freshwater reservoir/expansion tank
	c. Oil level dipstick
	d. Fuel pump
	e. Throttle control connection
	f. Oil fill cap



	g.	Raw water (seawater) pump
	h.	Oil filter
	i.	Fuel filter(s)
	j.	Glow plugs (if installed)
	k.	Hot start system (if installed)
	l.	Engine coolant heat exchanger
	m.	Turbocharger (if installed)
	n.	Oil cooler (if installed)
	0.	Intercooler (if installed)
13.	State	e the location of the following gauges:
	a.	Oil level gauge
	,	
	b.	Trim level gauge
	c.	Tachometers
	d.	Water temperature
14	State	e the idle and cruising readings for the following gauges:
14.		e the idle and cruising readings for the following gauges: Engine lube oil pressure
14.	a.	Engine lube oil pressure
14.		
14.	a. b.	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed)
14.	a. b. c.	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed)
	a.b.c.d.e.	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed)
	a.b.c.d.e.	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising e the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves.
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising et the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising e the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves.
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising et the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising et the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising et the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located cribe the DC electrical system on your craft and state the location of the following components:
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State The Desc	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising e the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located cribe the DC electrical system on your craft and state the location of the following components: Batteries
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising et the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located cribe the DC electrical system on your craft and state the location of the following components:
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State The Desc	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising e the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located cribe the DC electrical system on your craft and state the location of the following components: Batteries
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State The Desc	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising e the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located cribe the DC electrical system on your craft and state the location of the following components: Batteries Battery charger
15.	a. b. c. d. e. State The Description a. b.	Engine lube oil pressure Engine coolant temperature Marine gear oil pressure (if installed) Boost pressure (if installed) Engine RPM at idle/cruising e the location of installed seawater strainers and seachest suction valves. cooling system suction is located and the cooling system weep hole is located cribe the DC electrical system on your craft and state the location of the following components: Batteries



d. Battery switch and indicat	y switch and indicate	and	switch	Battery	d.
-------------------------------	-----------------------	-----	--------	---------	----

	e. Essential breakers and switches
18.	The engine stop controls are located
19.	Batteries are located
20.	Compassing sending unit is located
21.	Describe the boat's steering system. Include all major components. State how to fill and purge the system.
22.	Describe the cathodic protection system installed in the assigned boat.
23	State the type of coolant, oil or lubricant required for the engine, outdrive, outboard and steering system.
23.	State the type of coorant, on or fuoricant required for the engine, outdrive, outdoard and steering system.
24.	State the function of the engine kill switch.
25	Describe the gray water system (if installed) on the assigned boat.
-2.	2 events the gray water system (it instance) on the assigned south
26.	Describe the sewage system (if installed) on the assigned boat.
27.	Describe the potable water system (if installed) on the assigned boat.



TASK ENG-01-04-ANY: Conduct a Pre-Start Checkoff

1.	The fuel tanks should be at or near percent during pre-start checks.
2.	State the correct procedure for disconnecting the shore power cable.
3.	State the coolant, fluid, lubricant or lubricating oil level that must be checked prior to operation.
4.	Check engine drive belt tension. No greater thaninch deflection per foot of span is allowed.
5.	The engine steering and throttle controls should be checked for
6.	Visually inspect the filter for the presence of sediment and water.
7.	Ensure the suction valve is open.
8.	With the engine cool or cold, state the location and level for the engine coolant system.
9.	State why the engine should not be operated with the shore power system energized.
10.	State the location (side of engine, near) of the engine oil dipstick.
11.	State in what position the battery switch(es) should be for starting.
12.	When the engine is secured, the marine gear oil level should be above the mark on the dipstick.
13.	The marine gear oil level must be rechecked after the engine is and to confirm the correct level on the
14.	Never start or the engines with the power energized. Damage to the may occur.
15.	Ensure all electrical power switches are in the position.
16.	When the engine is secured, the marine gear oil level should be above the mark on the dipstick.
17.	The marine gear oil level must be rechecked after the engine is and to confirm the correct level on the



TASK ENG-01-05-ANY: List the Disabling Casualties and Restrictive Discrepancies that Prevent the Boat from Getting Underway

A disabling casualty is a casualty th	at makes the boat
Define the term restrictive discrepa	ncy.
Describe what actions must be taken	n if a disabling casualty occurs while underway.
Give some examples of major discr	epancies for an assigned boat.
State what must be done if a restrict	tive discrepancy occurs while underway or dockside.
List three restrictive discrepancies f	or an assigned boat.
a. b. c.	
List three disabling casualties for ar	assigned boat.
a. b. c.	
The Operational Commander will b	e notified immediately or within hours after the casualty has been discovered.
If the casualty cannot be repaired w	ithin 48 hours, a shall be sent within hours.
SK ENG-01-06-ANY:	State the Equipment Casualties That Will Prevent the Boat from Getting Underway
List the eight pieces of equipment the	hat, should a casualty occur, would prevent the boat from getting underway.
a.	
b.	
c.	
	Define the term restrictive discrepant Describe what actions must be taker Give some examples of major discress that what must be done if a restrict List three restrictive discrepancies of a. b. c. List three disabling casualties for an a. b. c. The Operational Commander will be the casualty cannot be repaired we ask ENG-01-06-ANY: List the eight pieces of equipment that a. b.



TASK ENG-01-07-ANY: Energize the Electrical and Electronic Systems

1.	What is the purpose of the boat stators?
2.	The port engine battery switch serves the and loads.
3.	The AUX battery switch supplies power to
4.	The starboard engine battery switch serves the and the
5.	What is the function of the battery parallel system?
T/	ASK ENG-01-08-ANY: Set Watertight Integrity
.,	tert into the continuity and integrally
1.	How many watertight compartments are aboard the boat?
2.	
	Name them and list fore and aft bulkheads:
	Name them and list fore and aft bulkheads:
3.	Name them and list fore and aft bulkheads: The following are secondary watertight compartments which aid in self-righting the craft in event of a capsize:
3.	
3.	The following are secondary watertight compartments which aid in self-righting the craft in event of a capsize:
3.	The following are secondary watertight compartments which aid in self-righting the craft in event of a capsize: a.



TASK ENG-01-09-ANY: Draw the Boat's Systems

1.	Dra	w the following systems and label all components:
	a.	Fuel oil system (tank to engine)
	b.	Raw water (seawater) cooling system
	c.	Freshwater cooling system
	d.	Steering system
	e.	Electrical system(s), AC and DC (include shore power interface)



Section B. Reading Assignments - Division Two

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ENG-02-01-ANY	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	3-57
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-02-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-57
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
ENG-02-03-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-58
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
ENG-02-04-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-58
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-02-05-ANY	Applicable Technical Manuals	3-58
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-02-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-59
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-02-07-ANY	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	3-59



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ENG-02-08-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-59
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
ENG-02-09-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-59
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
ENG-02-10-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-59
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
ENG-02-11-ANY	Applicable Technical Manuals	3-60
	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	
ENG-02-12-ANY	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	3-60
ENG-02-13-ANY	Applicable Technical Manuals	3-60
	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-02-14-ANY	Applicable Technical Manuals	3-61
	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	
	 Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series) 	
ENG-02-15-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-61
	 Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series) 	
ENG-02-16-ANY	Applicable Technical Manuals	3-61
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbooks, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	



TASK ENG-02-01-ANY: Start the Boat

1.	State the location and purpose of the engine kill switch (if equipped).
2.	The throttle should be in prior to engaging the starter.
3.	The start button should be depressed for seconds. If the engine fails to start, release the button and wait seconds before attempting another start.
4.	State the location of the raw water (seawater) overboard discharge for engine cooling.
5.	At idle, the oil pressure gauge should read at or above PSI.
6.	At idle, the engine RPM should be approximately RPM.
7.	State what visual checks should be conducted on the engine prior to getting the boat underway.
8.	State any procedures for energizing the installed communications/navigation equipment.
10.	Do not depress both starter buttons Start enginesat a time. With the main engines at idle, the oil levels of the marine gear should between and on the dipstick.
	If proper oil pressure is not evident, and investigate.
	At idle the water temperature should be °F and the water pressure PSI.
	The primer bulb should be squeezed
14.	List the possible causes for an engine that will not start:
ΤÆ	ASK ENG-02-02-ANY: Engine Will Not Turn Over or Start
1.	The engine/throttle should be in the
2.	Depress the engine button and hold until the engine starts. If an engine does not start within seconds, release the button and let stand minutes, and repeat starting procedures.
3.	State the location of the engine kill switch and in what position it should be prior to start.
4.	What is the normal battery voltage for the assigned craft and where can it be read?
5.	Where is the engine starter located?
6.	
	Describe (if applicable) how to prime the engine fuel system for the assigned craft.



TASK ENG-02-03-ANY: Engine Failing to Start with the Starter Turning Over

1.	Check the switch
2.	Check the condition of the fuel system bulbs.
3.	Check the fuel system, in particular the system and the and housing.
4.	Check the engine main
т/	ASK ENG-02-04-ANY: Main Engine High Water Temperature
1.7	NON ENG-02-04-ANT. Main Engine mgir Water Temperature
1.	What is the normal operating range for the water temperature?
2.	State the six corrective actions to be taken for engine high water temperature:
	a.
	b.
	c.
	d. e.
	f.
3.	What procedure should be followed to keep an engine from seizing?
4.	If steam is present or engine temperature is above °F, engine.
5.	Removing while engine is hot may cause coolant to flash to steam causing
6.	If the strainers are clean, check the pump cover lightly with the of the for coolness.
7.	If the is burned up, the cover will be very hot.
1 /	ASK ENG-02-05-ANY: Loss of Main Engine Lube Oil Pressure
1.	If engine oil pressure gauge reads, engine immediately.
2.	Check the following for possible problems:
	a.
	b.
	c.
	d.
	e. f.
3.	The operating parameters are min max at idle min max at cruising.



TA	ASK ENG-02-06-ANY:	Loss of Fuel Oil Pressure
1.	The engineer should request that the	ne coxswain reduce the engine RPMs to
2.	Check the primary	for and/or
3.	Verify the	levels.
4.	If necessary	the fuel system.
TA	ASK ENG-02-07-ANY:	Main Engine High Lube Oil Pressure
1.	Water in the engine w	rill cause pressure.
2.	Leaky engine hatch gaskets in intakes.	or can lead to water intrusion at the
TA	ASK ENG-02-08-ANY:	Engine Oil System Failure
1.	If an engine experiences no/low oil	pressure, the throttles should be placed in and the engines secured.
2.	Perform a quick	and if oil pressure continues to decrease the
3.	The oil system should be	using the bulb.
4.	Once the engine is secured, check	for an around the lower unit.
5.	State what S.L.O.W. means in regard	ards to an engine oil failure casualty.
T	ASK ENG-02-09-ANY:	Outboard Failing to Engage Forward or Reverse
1.	Check the linkage at the	and the
2.	With the engine operating, verify t	hat theis
T	ASK ENG-02-10-ANY:	Outboard Motor Vibration or Spun Propeller
1.	Note the at which the	vibration occurs.
2.	Bringing throttles to no	ote any change in vibration.
3.	Secure the engine and	the outboard to inspect the and .



TASK ENG-02-11-ANY: Engine Running Uneven or Stalls

1.	Check the fuel system alignment if the engine runs uneven or stalls.
2.	Check the for visual contamination.
3.	Check the linkage for security and worn or missing hardware.
4.	Verify the level.
5.	Verify the intake system for obstructions.
T	ASK ENG-02-12-ANY: Loss of Control of Engine RPMs
1.	Bring the engine back to
2.	If the engine fails to secure, the engineer should proceed to the and pull the fuel for the affected and allow the engine to
3.	DO NOT use the system to secure the engine.
TA	ASK ENG-02-13-ANY: Reduction Gear Failure
1.	Ensure that the light is lit at the control station in use.
2.	Check thevolt power p anel for tripped breakers.
3.	Check that the are attached to the reduction gear controls.
4.	Check oil level and restart the engine and check the clutch apply pressure, should be to PSI.
5.	The valve on the reduction gear allows for operation.
6.	When the clutch is engaged, the clutch-apply pressure should bePSI.
7.	Using the free wheel feature, fill the marine gear with oil.
8.	List the steps that need to be accomplished after you free wheel for over 8 hours of operation.
	T
	a.



TASK ENG-02-14-ANY: Overheating Shaft Packing Gland

1.	If there is no water coming	from the shaft packing gland , immediately take the fo	d to	drops per and the	box
	a.	, ininiculatory take the re	showing times consective as	ctions.	
	u.				
	b.				
	C.				
2.	Do not place a	near the turning	until you bring the	to clutch speed.	
т,	ACK ENG 00 4E AN	V. F	Shoft Cool Lookow	-	
I A	ASK ENG-02-15-AN	Y: Excessive S	Shaft Seal Leakag	е	
1.	The engineer should realign	the assembly and	I check to see if the	has backed off.	
2.	If after alignment excessive	water continues to leak from	n the seal, the engineer sho	uld recommend	·
3.	If after alignment the seal c	ontinues to leak, stop the en	gine, the a	ffected shaft with	•
TA	ASK ENG-02-16-AN	Y: Steering Ca	sualty		
1.	List the four likely causes of	f stooring loss:			
1.	a.	of steering loss.			
	b.				
	c.				
	d.				
2.	If the helm turns fitti	without any effect on the ng.	, suspect a bro	ken	_, air in the
3.	oil is used in the stee	ering system.			
4.	Where is the emergency till	er located on the boat?			



Section C. Reading Assignments - Division Three

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ENG-03-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E, and Chapter 18	3-63
ENG-03-02-ANY	 Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section E Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 	3-64
	(series)	
ENG-03-03-ANY	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	3-64
ENG-03-04-ANY	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	3-64
ENG-03-05-ANY	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	3-64
ENG-03-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Sections I and K	3-65
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
ENG-03-07-ANY	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	3-65
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	



TASK ENG-03-01-ANY: Basic Casualty Response

1.	State three actions that should be taken in the event of a steering casualty.
	a.
	b.
	c.
2.	State three actions that must be taken if the boat strikes a submerged object or runs temporarily aground.
	a.
	b.
	c.
3.	Check for actions that should be taken in response to the following casualties:
	a. High cooling water (freshwater) temperatureb. Loss of engine oil pressure
	 c. Unusual engine outdrive or outboard vibration d. Loss of engine control (fails to engage in forward or reverse)
4.	State all the actions that must be taken and considerations that must be evaluated if a fire occurs onboard.
5.	If equipped, demonstrate the rigging and deploying of the anchor if required by any casualty.
6.	Describe what action should be taken in regards to restarting the boat if the coxswain of the boat falls overboard or is ejected from the craft.



TASK ENG-03-02-ANY: Fire in the Engine Room

1.	The most logical and best action is to remain and take early action when fire conditions are observed.
2.	The fixed fire extinguishing system has the capacity to extinguish and for its use are followed carefully.
3.	If at any there is doubt as to the ability to and extinguish and fire, or if it is determined to be the capability of the portable fire extinguishers, use the fire extinguishing system.
4.	The fixed Halon 1301 fire extinguishing system is operated.
5.	The fixed CO ₂ fire extinguishing system must be operated.
6.	How long should the compartment be ventilated?
TA	ASK ENG-03-03-ANY: Fire Onboard
1.	Bring the to neutral and the
2.	Notify the
3.	If required by the location/type of fire, secure the
TA	ASK ENG-03-04-ANY: Fire in the Auxiliary Machinery Space
1.	True or False - There are no fire or smoke detectors in the auxiliary machinery space.
2.	The engineer should proceed to the survivor's compartment and secure the on the on the
TA	ASK ENG-03-05-ANY: Capsizing
1.	The average time under water will be approximately to seconds.
2.	Once dewatering is complete, check the in both main engines.
3.	Do not hook up the Electronic equipment in all below deck spaces may be soaked with and



TASK ENG-03-06-ANY: Flooding

1.	The engineer will check the to identify the space where flooding is indicated.
2.	What is the bilge flooding alarm system designed for?
3.	The central alarm panel located will provide and audible and visual indication of flooding.
4.	When is it required to verify the operation of the bilge alarm system?
5.	The engineer should proceed to the space with the flooding alarm and report to the coxswain the, and
6.	List the location of the installed electric bilge pump(s).
TA	ASK ENG-03-07-ANY: Collision with a Submerged Object
1.	List the four actions that the crew should take after striking a submerged object:
1.	List the four actions that the crew should take after striking a submerged object: a. b. c. d.
 2. 	a. b. c.
	 a. b. c. d. If engine vibration is noted after striking a submerged object, the engine RPM should be kept at RPM below



Section D. Reading Assignments - Division Four

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
ENG-04-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 (series), Chapter 8, Section E	3-67
	Boston Whaler Manual/Applicable Technical Manuals	
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	



TASK ENG-04-01-ANY: Secure the Boat After Operations

1.	The engine should be allowed to idle to minutes prior to securing.	
2.	Prior to stopping the engine, secure all except for the main DC pow	ver switch.
3.	Once the engine is stopped, trim or tilt the outdrive into the position.	
4.	Refill the fuel tank(s) to percent.	
5.	Once shore power is energized, the and and	_ should be turned on.
6.	Inspect all compartments and all hatches and	
7.	If necessary, when the boat is installed in a trailer or boat davit cradle, it may be necessary to	the engine(s).

Part 3 – Engineer Qualification





Part 4 **Coxswain Qualification**

Introduction

This Part contains a collection of tasks, which must be learned, practiced, and performed by the trainee. These tasks represent the minimum elements of skill and knowledge necessary for safe and effective performance of a Coast Guard coxswain.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} NOTE @ \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} This Manual is not meant to be ordered for purposes of obtaining individual qualification tasks. \end{tabular}$ Qualification tasks should be reproduced locally and provided for trainees.

In this Part

This Part contains the following Chapters:

Chapter	Title	See Page
1	Task Accomplishment Record for Coxswain	4-3
2	Coxswain Qualification Tasks	4-7
3	Coxswain Trainee Study Guide	4-89





Chapter 1. Task Accomplishment Record for Coxswain

NOTE & Instructor should remove this chapter and place	e it in the trainee's training record.
TRAINEE NAME:	RATE:
INSTRUCTOR NAME:	RATE:
POSITION/QUALIFICATION CODE TO BE TRAINED FOR:	
NOTE Go Instructors should line through those tasks not	applicable to this qualification.

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
COX-01-01-ANY			
COX-01-02-ANY			
COX-02-01-TYPE			
COX-02-02-TYPE			
COX-02-03-TYPE			
COX-02-04-TYPE			
COX-02-05-TYPE			
COX-02-06-ANY			
COX-03-01-ANY			
COX-03-02-ANY			
COX-03-03-TYPE			
COX-03-04-TYPE			
COX-03-05-TYPE			
COX-03-06-TYPE			
COX-03-07-TYPE			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
COX-03-08-TYPE			
COX-03-09-TYPE			
COX-03-10-TYPE			
COX-03-11-TYPE			
COX-03-12-TYPE			
COX-03-13-TYPE			
COX-03-14-TYPE			
COX-03-15-TYPE			
COX-03-16-TYPE			
COX-03-17-TYPE			
COX-03-18-TYPE			
COX-03-19-TYPE			
COX-03-20-TYPE			
COX-03-21-TYPE			
COX-03-22-TYPE			
COX-04-01-ANY			
COX-05-01-ANY			
COX-05-02-ANY			
COX-05-03-ANY			
COX-05-04-ANY			
COX-05-05-ANY			
COX-05-06-ANY			
COX-05-07-TYPE			
COX-05-08-TYPE			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
COX-05-09-TYPE			
COX-05-10-TYPE			
COX-05-11-TYPE			
COX-05-12-TYPE			
COX-05-13-TYPE			
COX-05-14-ANY			
COX-05-15-ANY			
COX-05-16-ANY			
COX-06-01-ANY			
COX-06-02-ANY			
COX-06-03-ANY			
COX-06-04-ANY			
COX-06-05-ANY			
COX-06-06-ANY			
COX-06-07-ANY			
COX-06-08-ANY			
COX-06-09-ANY			
COX-06-10-ANY			
COX-07-01-TYPE			
COX-07-02-TYPE			
COX-07-03-TYPE			
COX-07-04-TYPE			
COX-07-05-TYPE			
COX-07-06-TYPE			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
COX-07-07-ANY			
COX-07-08-TYPE			
COX-07-09-ANY			
COX-07-10-TYPE			
COX-07-11-TYPE			
COX-07-12-TYPE			
COX-07-13-ANY			
COX-08-01-ANY			
COX-08-02-ANY			
COX-08-03-ANY			
COX-08-04-ANY			
COX-08-05-TYPE			
COX-08-06-ANY			
COX-08-07-ANY			
COX-08-08-TYPE			
COX-08-09-TYPE			
COX-08-10-TYPE			
COX-09-01-ANY			



Chapter 2. Coxswain Qualification Tasks

Introduction

The following are the instructions for this Chapter:

- The purpose of this Chapter is to provide guidance on the trainee's progress through the qualification tasks.
- The instructor should present the tasks to the trainee in a logical order using the instructions provided in *Part 1*.
- Tasks should be signed, dated, and placed in the trainee's training record when the instructor is satisfied that the trainee can consistently perform a task in accordance with all standards and conditions.

Prerequisites

A prospective Coxswain must:

• Be a certified crew member.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Crew Efficiency Factors and Team Coordination	4-8
В	Boat Characteristics and Stability	4-9
С	Boat Handling	4-16
D	Rules of the Road	4-38
Е	Boat Piloting and Navigation	4-40
F	Search and Rescue (SAR)	4-55
G	Rescue and Assistance	4-65
Н	Towing and Salvage	4-78
I	Law Enforcement, Homeland Security and Defense Operations	4-88



Section A. Crew Efficiency Factors and Team Coordination

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division One:

- **Demonstrate** knowledge of the crew fatigue standards.
- Attend team coordination training (TCT) training.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-01-01-ANY	Crew Fatigue Standards	4-8
COX-01-02-ANY	Team Coordination Training (TCT)	4-8

TASK COX-01-01-ANY	Crew Fatigue Standards			
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 3, Sect.				
	b. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)			
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit.		
Standards	Trainee must demonstrate knowledge of each task to the minimum standards included in each performance step.			
	Performance Criteria	Complete d (Initials)		
1. State the crew fatigue gu	tidelines as listed in the above references.			
Instructor	Date			
Comments				
TASK COX-01-02-ANY	Team Coordination Training (TCT)			
TASK COX-01-02-ANY References	Team Coordination Training (TCT) a. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)			
References	a. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series)			

	Performance Criteria	
1.	Date initial training completed:	



Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	

Section B. Boat Characteristics and Stability

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Two:

- **Identify** and **describe** the structural features of a Coast Guard boat.
- Locate and explain the use of all equipment and accessories.
- **Perform** those tasks necessary for preparing and getting the boat underway.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-02-01-TYPE	State Basic Construction and Design Features of the Boat	4-9
COX-02-02-TYPE	State the Characteristics of, and Set Watertight Integrity Aboard the Boat	4-10
COX-02-03-TYPE	Locate and State the Purpose of Deck Equipment and Fittings Onboard the Boat	4-11
COX-02-04-TYPE	Locate Installed Engineering and Propulsion Equipment and Fittings Onboard the Boat	4-12
COX-02-05-TYPE Locate Installed Electrical and Electronic Equipment and Fittings Onboard the Boat		4-13
COX-02-06-ANY Recognize Warning Signs of an Unstable Vessel Before Boarding		4-15

TASK COX-02-01-TYPEState Basic Construction and Design Features of the BoatReferencesa. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section B
b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)ConditionsTask should be performed at any time onboard each boat type. Trainee must accomplish the
task without prompting or use of a reference.StandardsIn response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, point out and state the basic
construction features of the boat as outlined in the steps listed below.

Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	State hull construction material.		
2.	State interval between the hull frames.		
		-	
			



Contribution (Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
3. State cabin/superstructure	construction material.				
4. Point to the highest fixed	point of the boat and state its height in feet and inches.				
5. Point to the highest unfixed	ed point of the boat and state its height in feet and inches.				
6. State length of the boat in	feet and inches.				
7. State beam of the boat at	its widest point in feet and inches.				
8. State amount of freeboard	d at the bow in feet and inches.				
9. State amount of freeboard	d at the lowest point in feet and inches.	<u> </u>			
10. State full load displacement	ent of the boat in pounds.	<u> </u>			
11. State draft of the boat in f	eet and inches.				
12. State location of deepest	draft.				
Instructor		Date			
Comments					
TASK COX-02-02-TYPE	State the Characteristics of, and Set Watertight Integrity A	board the Boat			
Referenœs	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Sections B and C				
	b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	Γ M16114 (series)			
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard each boat type. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, point out and state the basic watertight characteristics of the boat and secure the boat's watertight fittings as outlined in the steps listed below.				
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
State number of watertight	nt compartments.				



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
2. Locate all watertight hat	. Locate all watertight hatches.				
3. Locate all scuttles and st					
4. Locate all through hull d	=				
5. Locate all vents and state					
6. Set and check watertigh					
Instructor	Date				
TASK COX-02-03-TYPE References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINS 	4.5 (series), Chapter			
Conditions Task should be performed using a simple line diagram of each boat type and the boat's checkoff or outfit list. Trainee should list the location of each piece of equipment on the diagram. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.					
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, luse of installed equipment and fittings as outlined in the steps		purpose and		
	Completed				
	Performance Criteria	(Initials)	Boat Type		



	Performan	a	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
a.	Anchors	t.	Sluice valve		
b.	Anchor line reel and line	u.	T-handle wrench		
c.	Cap cover with hook	v.	Fire monitor		
d.	Bull nose	w.	Freshwater jug/tank		
e.	Key wrench	X.	EMT kit		
f.	Dry chemical extinguisher	у.	First-aid kit		
g.	Bilge inspection port	z.	Scuttle		
h.	Battle lantern	aa.	Vents		
i.	Marine toilet	bb.	4- or 6-man life raft		
j.	Clock	cc.	Safety belt pad eyes		
k.	Bell	dd.	Air horn pull handle		
1.	CO ₂ fire extinguisher	ee.	Sink		
m.	Emergency tiller	ff.	Sink drain valve		
n.	Stokes litter	gg.	Compass		
0.	Air horn	hh.	Towline and reel		
p.	Wheel	ii.	Tow/taff rail		
q.	Chart table	jj.	Main fire valve		
r.	Portable pump	kk.	Towing bitt		
s.	Windshield wiper speed control	11.	Leadline		

Instructor	Date					
Comments						
TASK COX-02-04-TYPE	Locate Installed Engineering and Propulsion Equipment an	d Fittings Onboa	d the Boat			
Reference	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	M16114 (series)				
Conditions	Tasks should be performed at any time onboard each boat type. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.					
Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, point out engineering and propulsion system components as outlined in the steps listed below.						
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type			
1. Locate the following equi						



	Performan	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
a.	Fuel tank sounding tubes	1.	Fuel tank vent pipe		
b.	Fuel tank fill pipe	m.	Fuel sounding rod		
c.	Freshwater fill pipe	n.	Freshwater tank		
d.	Installed Halon/CO ₂ fire system	0.	Sea chest, sea suction cutoff valves		
e.	Power take-off	p.	Air compressor		
f.	Rudder arm	q.	Air compressor bleeder valve		
g.	Engine controls	r.	Engine neutral throttles		
h.	Tachometers	s.	Windshield wiper bottle		
i.	Hot water supply lines	t.	Hydraulic steering pump		
j.	Pressurized hydraulic fluid hose	u.	Hydraulic ram and pin		
k.	Rudder stock	v.	Steering cable		

Instructor		Date				
Comments						
TASK COX-02-05-TYPE	Locate Installed Electrical and Electronic Equipment and F	Fittings Onboard t	he Boat			
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	T M16114 (series)				
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard each boat type task without prompting or use of a reference.	. Trainee must acco	omplish the			
Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, point out electrical and electrical system components as outlined in the steps listed below.						
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type			
1. Locate the following equipment:						



	Performan	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
a.	Underway heater switch	w. Underway compartment heater		
b.	Shore power compartment heater	x. Shore-tie receptacle		
c.	DC circuit breaker panel	y. AC power panel		
d.	Alarm cut out switch	z. Volt meter		
e.	Amp meter	aa. GPS/DGPS receiver		
f.	SSB-HF transceiver	bb. VHF-FM direction finder receiver		
g.	SSB-HF transceiver antenna	cc. VHF-FM radio antenna		
	coupler	dd. VHF-FM direction finder		
h.	VHF-FM radio converter	ee. Radio and loudhailer speakers		
i.	SSB-HF transceiver antenna	ff. Loudhailer		
j.	VHF-FM radio	gg. Digital fathometer display		
k.	GPS/DGPS antennas	hh. Radar power supply		
l.	Radar set	ii. Radar wave guide		
m.	Radar antenna	jj. Digital fathometer display		
n.	Depth finder	kk. Electric horn button		
o.	Sidelights	ll. Hand-held portable search light		
p.	Searchlight switch	mm. Masthead lights (2)		
q.	Anchor light	nn. Deck floodlight		
r.	Towing lights (2)	oo. Law enforcement light switch		
s.	Stern light	pp. Auto pilot		
t.	All interior lights	qq. Electronic compass		
u.	Auxiliary machinery fan	rr. Hot starts		
v.	Battery charger			

Instructor	Date	
Comments	-	



TAS	5K COX-02-06-ANY	Recognize Warning Signs of an Unstable Vessel Before Boarding				
Refe	erences	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 9 Task should be performed underway observing other vessels in various situations (i.e. towing, trawling, etc.) and weather conditions. 				
Con	ditions					
Stan	dards	The o	bserver must note:			
			Listing			
		•	Setting high or low in the water			
		•	Trimming bow up or down			
		•	• Wind/sea conditions			
		•	Your boat's reaction to the sea compared with that of the d	listressed ves	sel	
			Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	
1.	Determine if other vessel	is listing.				
2.	Determine if other vessel	is riding	high or low in the water.			
3.	Determine if other vessel	l is down	by the bow or the stern.			
4.	Determine wind and sea	conditions	3.			
5.	Compare own boat's righ	nting mon	nent with other vessels in the area.		-	
6.	Determine if other vessel	is damag	ed.			
7.	State the causes and effect	cts of the f	following:		-	
	a. Free surface effect				İ	
	b. Downflooding				İ	
	c. Topside icing				<u> </u>	
Inst	ructor			Date		
Con	aments					



Section C. Boat Handling

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Three:

- **Define** and **state** the principal forces that effect boat handling.
- Handle a boat proficiently during various common maneuvers.
- State the different safety aspects involved in boat handling.

In this section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-03-01-ANY	State the Forces that Affect Boat Handling	4-17
COX-03-02-ANY	State the Basic Principles of Boat Handling	4-18
COX-03-03-TYPE	State the Operational Characteristics and Limitations of the Boat	4-18
COX-03-04-TYPE	Locate and State the Characteristics of the Components and Accessories of the Boat's Propulsion System	4-20
COX-03-05-TYPE	Energize the Electrical and Electronic Systems on the Boat	4-21
COX-03-06-TYPE	Conduct a Pre-Start Checkoff for the Boat	4-22
COX-03-07-TYPE	Start the Boat	4-24
COX-03-08-TYPE	Conduct a Pre-Underway Checkoff for the Boat	4-25
COX-03-09-TYPE	Shifting Steering and Throttle Stations	4-26
COX-03-10-TYPE	Conduct a Normal Cruising Checkoff	4-27
COX-03-11-TYPE	Secure the Boat After Operations	4-27
COX-03-12-TYPE	Get the Boat Away from a Pier	4-28
COX-03-13-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters	4-29
COX-03-14-ANY	Come About in a Narrow Channel	4-30
COX-03-15-TYPE	Operate the Boat and Apply its Handling Characteristics in a Following Sea	4-31
COX-03-16-TYPE	Maneuver in Heavy Weather	4-32
COX-03-17-TYPE	Maneuver in Rivers	4-32
COX-03-18-TYPE	Identify Heavy Weather Terms	4-33
COX-03-19-TYPE	Correct for Hard Chine Lock-Up	4-33
COX-03-20-TYPE	Moor the Boat	4-34
COX-03-21-TYPE	Anchor the Boat	4-35
COX-03-22-TYPE	Weigh the Boat's Anchor	4-37



TAS	TASK COX-03-01-ANY State the Forces that Affect Boat Handling						
References		a.	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 9 and Chapter 10				
		b.	Chapman Piloting				
		c.	Knight's Modern Seamanship				
Cor	ditions		k should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the upomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	ınit. Trainee n	nust		
Star	ndards		esponse to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the thandling as outlined in the steps listed below.	ne basic forces	that affect		
			Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)		
1.	State the two types of stab	oility.					
2.	State the meaning of the te	erm "fo	orce of buoyancy".				
3.	State the meaning of the te	erm "ri	ghting moment".				
4.	State the meaning of the word "set" as related to current and drift.						
5.	5. State the meaning of the word "drift" as related to current.						
6.	6. State the effect of an ebb tide on a bar or entrance.						
7.	State the effect of running	with a	current.				
8.	State the effect of running	again	et a current.				
9.	State the effects of leeway	у.					
10.	State the effects of wind b	lowing	out an entrance.				
11.	State the causes of cavitati	ion.					
12.	State the effects of slip.						
13.	State the effects of dynam	ic prop	peller thrust.				
14.	4. State the effects of "unequal blade thrust".						
15.	State the effects of "side fo	orce".					
	Instructor Date Comments						



2362					
TASK COX-03-02-ANY	State the Basic Principles of Boat Handling				
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	10		
	b. Chapman Piloting				
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available to the unit. Steps 1 through 5 are for single screw boats and steps 6 through 8 are for twin screw boats. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, st handling as outlined in the steps listed below.	ate the basic princi	ples of boat		
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)		
1. State the reaction of the b	oat with sternway on and the rudder amidships.				
2. State the reaction of the boat with sternway on and the rudder left.					
3. State the reaction of the b	oat with headway on and the rudder left.				
4. State the reaction of the b	oat with the headway on and the rudder right.				
5. State the reaction of the b	oat when commencing forward motion from no way-on.				
6. State the reaction of a twi reverse.	n screw boat when the port screw is placed ahead and the starboar	d screw in			
7. State the reaction of a twin screw boat with the port screw ahead, the starboard screw in reverse, and the rudders to the right.					
8. State the reaction of a twi rudders to the left.	n screw boat with the port screw ahead, the starboard screw in rev	erse, and the			
Instructor		Date			
Comments					
TASK COX-03-03-TYPE	State the Operational Characteristics and Limitations of the	e Boat			
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	M16114 (series)			
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplisuse of a reference.	sh the task without	prompting or		
NOTE Gover If boat type is an MLB or SPC (surf), trainee should perform step 14.					
Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the basic principles of boat handling as outlined in the steps listed below.					
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1. State the maximum speed	of the boat in knots.				
2. State the most economical cruising RPMs.					



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
3.	State the maximum range of the boat at cruising RPMs in nautical miles.		
4.	State the minimum crew size of the boat.		
5.	State the maximum endurance of the boat at cruising RPMs.		
6.	State the maximum number of people that can be carried on the boat.	<u> </u>	
7.	State the maximum following seas in which the boat may operate.		
8.	State the maximum wind speed in which the boat may operate.		
9.	State the maximum size vessel, in gross tons, that the boat may tow.		
10.	State the maximum size vessel, in feet, that the boat may tow.	_	
11.	State whether the boat may be used to break ice, and if so, how thick.	_	
12.	State whether or not the boat may be operated in breaking surf or bar conditions.		
13.	State the maximum size surf the boat can take abeam without capsizing.		
14.	State at what RPMs and under what conditions the boat will experience dynamic instability or "caught on the hard chine". [MLB or SPC (surf) only]		
15.	State the equipment that must be onboard and/or operative before the boat can get underway.		<u> </u>
Inst	ructor	Date	
Con	nments		



TASK COX-03-04-TYPE

Locate and State the Characteristics of the Components and Accessories of the Boat's Propulsion System

References

a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time onboard each boat type. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, point out and state the characteristics of the boat's propulsion system components as outlined in the steps listed below.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	State the model number of the engine(s).		
2.	State the horsepower of each engine.		
3.	State the direction of the shaft rotation for each engine.		
4.	State the maximum shaft RPMs for each engine.		
5.	Locate the gauges and state the normal readings for each engine at idle and cruising speeds: a. Water temperature in degrees Fahrenheit. b. Lube oil pressure in pounds. c. Marine gear oil pressure in pounds.	==	
6.	Locate and state the purpose of the emergency engine stop control.		
7.	State the type of fuel used in the engine(s).		
8.	Locate and state the maximum capacity of the fuel tank(s) in gallons.		
9.	State the usable capacity of the fuel tank(s) as a percentage of maximum.		
10.	State the capacity of the lube oil system in quarts.		
11.	Locate and state the type of cooling system used on the engine(s).		
12.	Locate and state the reason why the simplex/duplex strainer(s) must be cleaned one at a time.		
13.	Locate and state the purpose of the engine control module on the 47' MLB.		<u> </u>
14.	State the freshwater capacity of each engine in gallons.		
15.	State the purpose of the engine alarm system.	=	=



	Performance Criteria Completed (Initials) Boat Type				
16. Locate and state the type a	and model number of the marine gear used on the boat.				
17. State the ratio of the forward	17. State the ratio of the forward gear.				
18. State the ratio of the rever	se gear.				
19. State the diameter of the p	propellers in inches.				
20. State the number of blade	s on the propeller(s).				
NOTE & Steps 21 a	nd 22 are not applicable to the 47' MLB.				
21. Locate the fire pump and					
22. State the maximum engine					
23. Locate and state the purpose of the installed bilge pump(s).					
Instructor		Date			
Comments					
TASK COX-03-05-TYPE	Energize the Electrical and Electronic Systems on the Boat				
References	a. Electrical/Electronic Operator's Manuals				
	b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	M16114 (series)			
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard each boat type task without prompting or use of a reference.	Trainee must acco	omplish the		
Standards	Trainee must energize the boat's electrical and electronic systematics below.	ems following the s	teps listed		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1. Locate AC shore-tie panel	and de-energize the following power switches:	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>		
a. Battery charger	d. Engine heaters (hot starts)				

	Performance Criteria				(Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Locate AC shore-tie panel and de-energize the following power switches:					
		D 1				
	a.	Battery charger	d.	Engine heaters (hot starts)		
	b.	Shore-tie power breaker	e.	Electric space heaters/HVAC		
	c.	Electronic test receptacle	f.	Engine room receptacle		
2.	Secu	re shore-tie power pierside.				



		Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
3.	Ensure all power switche individual electrical and	es are in the off position, both at the power panels and on the electronic units.		
4.	Locate and energize the to boat type:			
	a. Main breakers	c. Starter motors		
	b. General lighting	d. Engine alarm system		
5.	Notify Coxswain/Engine that the main engines can	eer that the power switches listed above have been energized so in be started.		
6.	Energize the following p	ower switches, as applicable:		
	a. Engine space lights	g. Searchlights		
	b. Blue lights	h. Individual electronics equipment		
	c. Towing lights	i. Compass and all gauge lights		
	d. Siren/loudhailer	j. Cabin heaters/HVAC		
	e. Hot cups	k. Other interior lights		
	f. Sidelights	l. Normal running lights		
7.	Locate and energize the	following power switches on the DC power panel:		
	a. Loudhailer			
	b. Dock lights			
	c. All radios			
8.	Energize and check pow proper operation.	er switches at the individual electronic and electric units for		
Ins	tructor		Date	
Co	mments			
TA	SK COX-03-06-TYPE	Conduct a Pre-Start Checkoff for the Boat		
Ref	ferences	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	M16114 (series)	
Co	Conditions Task should be performed at any time onboard each boat type accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.			ainee must
Sta	Standards Task steps must be completed, without error and in sequential to the boat type.			eps applicable
Performance Criteria			Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	1. Secure shore power at pierside.			
2.	2. Secure shore power at the boat's p ower panel.			



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
3.	Disconnect shore-tie cable.		
4.	Ensure that all electrical power switches are in the off position both at the power panel and on individual units.		
5.	Energize main breaker at the circuit breaker panel.		
6.	Energize general lighting at the circuit breaker panel.		
7.	Check bilges for excessive fuel or water.		
8.	Locate dipsticks and check engine and gear oil levels.		
9.	Check engine coolant level.		
10.	Open sea suction valves and check sea strainers for cleanliness.		
11.	Check and open fuel line valves and return valves.		
12.	Sound fuel tanks using the sounding rod.		
13.	Check drain valve on the primary strainer of filter for water.		
14.	Check all belts for proper tension.		
15.	Check air intake on turbo chargers for cleanliness.		
16.	Ensure engine room is free of all loose gear.		
Ins	tructor	Date	•
Cor	mments		



TA	ASK COX-03-07-TYPE Start the Boat					
Ref	erenœs	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)				
Conditions		Task should be performed at any time onboard each boat type while pierside. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Sta	ndards	Trainee must, without error, start the engine(s) on the applicable boat type in accordance with the steps listed below.				
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1.	Conduct pre-start checker energized.	off, ensuring that main breaker and general lighting systems are				
2.	Place throttles in neutral	position.				
3.	Throw switches to energ	ize starting systems.				
4.	Push down engine shutde	own cables (T Handles).				
5.	Depress starter button(s)					
6.	Check for overboard disc	charge.				
7.	Wait thirty seconds and a	repeat the procedure in steps 4 and 5 if engine does not start.				
8.	State likely causes for an	engine not starting.				
9.	State recommended engi engine).	ne temperature readings before applying a load (engaging the				
10.	Check correct oil and fue	el pressures and temperature, while engines are warm.				
11.	Check for external water	or oil leaks, or any other abnormal conditions.				
Inst	ructor		Date	I		
Cor	nments					



TASK COX-03-08-TYPEConduct a Pre-Underway Checkoff for the BoatReferencesa. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1, Appendix A
b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)ConditionsTask should be performed at any time onboard each boat type while pierside. Trainee must
accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.StandardsTrainee must, without error, conduct a pre-underway checkoff for the boat. Procedure should
be accomplished in accordance with the steps listed below applicable to the boat.

	Performance Criteria				Boat Type
1.	Conduct daily boat checkoff using the check	coff list	provided.		
2.	2. Brief the crew, fully covering the following items: a. Purpose of the mission b. Any special circumstances concerning the mission c. Working radio frequency to be used for the mission d. Plan of action at destination e. Route to be taken to destination Expected weather and sea conditions g. Risk assessment with crew using green-amber-red (GAR)/severity- probability-exposure (SPE) or similar applicable models				
3.	3. Set watertight integrity.				
4.	4. Secure boat for sea (no loose gear).				
5.	5. Ensure all equipment necessary to the mission, including the complete boat's outfit, is onboard (using daily boat checkoff).				
6.	Ensure crew members are wearing required s	survival	gear.		
7.	Receive engineering report from the boat's e	engineer	, including the following:		
	a. Fuel onboardb. Oil levels – engine and marine gears	g. h.	Electrical and electronic systems status Navigational lights (night or		<u> </u>
	c. Cooling water level		reduced visibility) status		
	d. Hydraulic steering oil	i.	Shore-tie status		
	e. Sea suction openf. Engine and marine gear oil pressure	j.	Overboard discharge		
8.	Test the following electronic equipment:				
	a. Radio	c.	Radar		
	b. Depth sounder	d.	All navigation systems		
N	NOTE Coxswain must take throttle control at the appropriate conning station on a 47' MLB.				



1000			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
9. Test engine controls for bodirections.	oth forward and astern propulsion; note the reaction for both		
Instructor	Instructor Date		
Comments			
			
TASK COX-03-09-TYPE	Shifting Steering and Throttle Stations		
References	a. 47' Motor Lifeboat Operator's Handbook, COMDTINS	T 16114.25 (series)	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard the unit's boat task without prompting or use of a reference.	t. Trainee must acc	omplish the
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, or to be taken to shift steering and throttle stations.	explain and demons	strate the steps
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Activate one of the three the	hrottle stations after engine start-up.		
2. Place throttle station in ne	utral for engine warm-up.		
3. Energize all steering station	ons.		
4. State steering default locat	ion.		
5. Shift steering and throttle	stations while not making way.		
6. Shift steering and throttle	stations while making way.		
7. Energize and operate emer	rgency backup throttle station.		
8. Place throttle station in lov	w idle.		
9. Place throttle station in sync mode.			<u> </u>
Instructor Date			
Comments			



TASK COX-03-10-TYPE					
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1, Appendix B				
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard each boat type while pierside. The boat's complete outfit and daily checklist is required. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference, other than the daily boat checklist.				
Standards Checkoff must be completed using the unit's daily boat check that all boat equipment is in its proper place, and in serviceable the task, the boat should be ready for operations.					
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1. Properly post and brief loc	okouts.				
2. Stow all boat equipment p	properly.				
3. Check propulsion machinery and associated instruments.					
4. Check all electronic gear.			<u> </u>		
5. Note and correct all discrepancies.					
Instructor		Date			
Comments					
TASK COX-03-11-TYPE	Secure the Boat After Operations				
References	a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	M16114 (series)			
Conditions	Task should be performed while pierside after each boat type I of forty-five minutes. Trainee will conduct all of the procedur after operations. Trainee must accomplish the task without pro	res necessary to sec	cure the boat		
Standards Trainee must, without error, secure the boat after operations. Task must be accompliorder of presentation.		mplished in the			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1. Allow engines to idle for 4	4 to 5 minutes.				
2. Place all power switches is electronic units and at the	n the off position, both at the individual electrical and power panels.				
3. Shut down engine(s) by pulling up on the engine stops or securing the ignition system.					



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
4. Secure main breaker and	l starter motor switches.			
5. Reconnect shore-tie and	energize pierside power.			
6. Energize shore-tie panel (hot starts) power switch	main power breaker and place battery charger and engine heater nes in the on position.			
7. Conduct the following e	ngineering checks:			
a. Sound and record for	uel tanks.			
b. Top off fuel tank(s)).			
c. Check oil levels in	the engines, marine gears, and add if necessary.			
d. Check hydraulic ste	eering oil and add if necessary.			
	shore-side equipment and wipe down engines.			
f. Make a visual check	k of all hoses, wiring, belts, and other items subject to wear.			
8. Stow all gear in accorda	nce with the boat's daily checkoff list.			
9. Activate bilge alarm sys	tems.			
10. Set watertight integrity.				
11. Secure all doors and win	dows.			
12. Wash boat down with fr	eshwater.			
Instructor		Date		
Comments				
TASK COX-03-12-TYPE	Get the Boat Away from a Pier			
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	· 10, Section D	
	b. Chapman Piloting	- · · · · · · · ·		
Conditions	Task will be performed onboard each boat type at any time of must equal a speed of at least fifteen knots and be setting the be must be sitting port side to the pier or mooring object. All mo before task is begun. Trainee must accomplish the task without reference.	ooat against the pie oring lines must be	er. The boat attached	
Standards	Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel or steps listed below. Task must be accomplished within five min			



	Performance Criteria Completed (Initials) Boat Type				
1.	State the expected effects of	of the wind and current on the movement of the boat described.			
2.	Brief crew on the procedur	e to be used and their duties.			
3.	3. Take in all mooring lines except the bow spring line.				
4.	Clear stern of the boat by §	oing ahead slowly and springing the stern out.			
5.	Take in bow spring line wh	nen stern is well clear of the pier.			
6.	Back boat down until clear	with room to move ahead.			
Ins	Instructor Date				
Con	mments				
TA	SK COX-03-13-TYPE NOTE	Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters Task MAY BE DEFERRED for cutter boats operating in oper	n waters.		
Ref	erences .	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. b. Chapman Piloting		10	
Conditions Task should be performed onboard each boat type at any time, in any type of weather conditions. Task must be accomplished within the confines of a slip or other area where maneuverability is limited. At the beginning of the task, the boat must be facing into the sl Trainee will bring the boat completely about and out of the slip. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		where into the slip.			
Sta	Standards Trainee must turn the boat 180 degrees within the confines of the slip or other limited area in accordance with the steps listed below. Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel or boat.				
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1.	Describe expected effects of	of the wind and current during maneuvering of the boat.			
2.	Brief crew on procedure to	be used and their duties.			
_	Maneuver away from pier	d d .11 d			



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
4. Engage engine(s) and apply	rudder in order to bring the stern around.				
5. Back boat as far as possible	5. Back boat as far as possible before moving ahead.				
6. Shift rudder and move boat ahead, bringing the boat out of the confined area.					
Instructor Date					
Comments					
TASK COX-03-14-ANY Come About in a Narrow Channel					
NOTE &	NOTE GO Task MAY BE DEFERRED for cutter boats operating in open waters.				
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M1611	4.5 (series), Chapter	10, Section G		
Conditions	Task will be performed onboard each boat type at any time, in any type of weather conditions. Task must be accomplished within the confines of a narrow channel, river, or harbor entrance with limited maneuverability. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Standards	Trainee must turn the boat 180 degrees within the confines of entrance in accordance with the steps listed below. Trainee casualty to personnel or boat.				
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)		
1. Brief crew on procedure to	be used and their duties.				
2. Maintain a position in the c	enter of the channel for at least three minutes.				
3. Bring boat around in the ch	annel from an into the current position to a with the current po	sition.			
4. Bring boat around in the ch	annel from a with the current position to an into the current po	sition.			
Instructor Date					
Comments					



TASK COX-03-15-TYPE	Operate the Boat and A	Apply its Handling Characteristics in	a Following Sea	
References		<i>nship Manual</i> , COMDTINST M16114. e Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST		10, Section F
Conditions	For MLB, UTB and SPC (surf):	Task will be performed while underw knot winds, and following seas of not than 6 feet.		
	For all others:	Task will be performed while underw knot winds, and following seas of not		
	Trainee must accomplis	sh the task without prompting or use of	a reference.	
NOTE &	Surf, breaking bars, and	adverse inlets are to be avoided while d	loing this task.	
Standards	Trainee must perform t steps listed below.	he task without casualty to personnel or	r boat in accordance	e with the
	Performance Criter	ia	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Describe expected effects of	of a following sea upon th	ne handling characteristics of the boat.		
2. State operational limitation	ns of the boat pertaining to	o the following conditions:		
 a. Following seas in ope 	n water			
b. Following seas in surf				
c. Towing in following s	seas			
d. Maximum wind				
3. Brief crew on procedure to	be used and their duties l	before beginning operations.		
4. Keep boat's stern square to	t he seas to prevent broac	hing.		
5. Steer into any tendency of	the stern to slip sideways		<u> </u>	
6. Ride on the back of the swe	ells and avoid allowing th	ne boat to ride on the face of a swell.		
7. Slow down, when necessar	ry, to allow overtaking sea	as to pass beneath the boat.		
Instructor			Date	
Comments				



TASK COX-03-16-TYPEManeuver in Heavy WeatherReferencesa. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section FConditionsTask should be performed onboard each boat type at any time, during heavy weather.

Standards	Trainee must demonstrate knowledge of and perform the task accordance with the steps listed below.	to the minimum sta	andards in
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Demonstrate knowledge o	f vessel motions to maintain stability.		
2. Approach seas at correct a	ngles to keep propellers and rudders working.		
Demonstrate the ability to avoid damage to the vessel	keep the vessel in the water to prevent injury to the crew and	<u> </u>	
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
·			
TASK COX-03-17-TYPE	Maneuver in Rivers		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114	.5 (series), Chapter	· 10, Section G
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, on a river within the un	nit's area of respons	sibility (AOR).
Standards	Trainee must perform the task to the minimum standards in ac below.	ecordance with the	steps listed
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Prevent sheering by control	lling bank cushion and suction.		
2. Demonstrate "Hug the Poi	nt" maneuver.		
3. Demonstrate "Stay in the I	Bend" maneuver.		
4. Demonstrate "Proceed on	the Bend Side, Middle of the Channel" maneuver.	==	
Instructor		Date	
Comments			



TASK COX-03-18-TYPE	Identify Heavy Weather Terms		estada.	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum			
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, at facilities available t	o the unit.		
Standards	Trainee must demonstrate knowledge of and perform the task accordance with the steps listed below.	to the minimum sta	andards in	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1. State definition of surf.				
2. Discuss the effects of w	ind on waves.			
3. Determine wave height	using height of eye on freeboard.			
4. Determine wave height	by comparing with floating structures.			
5. Determine wave height	by comparing with fixed structures.			
6. Determine wave height	using a depth sounder.			
7. Identify the types of brea	aking waves.			
8. Identify windows, wave	saddles, close outs, and the high and low side of a wave.			
Instructor		Date	,	
Comments				
TASK COX-03-19-TYPE	Correct for Hard Chine Lock-Up			
References	a. 47' Motor Lifeboat Operator's Handbook, COMDTINSb. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114			
Conditions	Task should be performed while underway in moderate to he	avy weather.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, to be taken if hard chine lock-up occurs.	explain and demons	strate the steps	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1. State the sea conditions	that will put the 47' MLB in hard chine lock-up.			

Date



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
2.	State the corrective action for hard chine lock-up.		
3.	State action to be taken to prevent hard chine lock-up.		
4.	Inform crew of possibility of hard chine lock-up.		
			_

Comments		
TASK COX	-03-20-TYPE	Moor the Boat
References		a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10

Conditions

Instructor

Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10

Task will be performed onboard each boat type at any time of day or night. Wind and current must equal a speed of at least fifteen knots and be setting the boat away from the pier. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel or boat in accordance with the steps listed below. Mooring must be accomplished cleanly without extended maneuvering for position correction within five minutes of beginning the evolution.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	State expected effects of the wind and current on the mooring of the boat.		
2.	Brief crew on procedure to be used and their duties.		
3.	Instruct one crew member to stand by on the bow with a fender.		
4.	Approach pier slowly on an angle.		
5.	Ensure crew member secures the bow spring line when the bow is alongside the intended mooring point on the pier.		
6.	Apply full rudder away from the pier, spring or pivot stern toward the pier.		
7.	Secure stern line, bowline, and aft spring line.		



Instructor		Date
Comments		
TASK COX-03-21-TYPE	Anchor the Boat	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship	Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section H
Conditions	Instructor should provide the	oard each boat type while underway, at any time of the day or night. e trainee with a general location for anchorage. Trainee should lacing the anchor. Trainee must accomplish the task without nce.
	For MLB and SPC (surf):	Task will be performed while underway during daylight, in 15- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but not greater than 8 feet.
	For UTB:	Task will be performed while underway during daylight, in 10- to 20-knot winds, and seas of not less than 3 feet but not greater than 6 feet.
	For all others:	Task will be performed while underway during daylight, in 0- to 15-knot winds, and seas not greater than 4 feet.
Standards		sk without casualty to personnel or boat in accordance with the st be anchored with room to swing. Scope of anchor line should be nidelines:
	Calm to moderate seas:	3 to 5 times the water depth
	Heavy seas:	5 to 7 times the water depth

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Select and plot position for placement of the anchor; note the depth of water, bottom contours, and characteristics.		
2.	Brief crew on procedures to be used and establish crew hand signals.		
3.	Pilot boat into the selected position.		
4.	State expected effects of wind and current on the boat.		
5.	Determine scope of anchoring by checking the depth of water and the room available for boat swing.		
6.	Ensure crew rigs the anchor.		
7.	Approach anchorage keeping the boat headed into the wind and/or current.		



8. Check boat's headway at the charted anchoring position.		
9. Ensure crew puts the anchor over the side; hand over hand, without throwing it.		<u> </u>
NOTE GC Line is not tended from storage reel on 47' MLB.		
10. Ensure crew lowers the anchor to the bottom with a round turn around the bitt.		
11. Back boat down slowly, away from the anchor with the crew slowly veering (paying out) the line until the anchor is held.		
12. Veer line until proper scope is reached.		
13. Ensure crew makes line fast to the forward bitt with at least three figure eights.		
14. Notify unit that boat is anchored and give position.		
15. Fix actual position and visual anchor bearings (minimum of 3), or establish and record radar ranges.	=	
16. Check and record water depth using depth finder.		
17. Ensure the anchor is not dragging.		
18. Set anchor watch, brief crew members on responsibilities.		<u>=</u>
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



TASK COX-03-22-TYPE	Weigh the Boat's Anchor		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	.5 (series), Chapter	· 10, Section H
Conditions	Task will be performed onboard each boat type upon complet Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of		-03-21-TYPE.
Standards	Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel o steps listed below.	r boat in accordance	e with the
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Brief crew on procedure to	be used and establish communications.		
2. Move boat ahead slowly, t	using the engines.		
3. Ensure crew takes up the	slack in the anchor line and fakes it on deck out of the way.		
4. Make line off when ancho	or is at short stay.		
5. Ensure crew breaks loose	the anchor.		
6. Make the anchor line arou anchor does not free.	nd the forward bitt and advance the boat in a wide circle if the		
7. Ensure the anchor line doe	es not approach the boat's screw(s).		
8. Ensure crew brings ancho	r onboard, tending line at all times.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			



Section D. Rules of the Road

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Four:

 Display competence in the knowledge and use of the International-Inland Rules of the Road.

In this Section

This Section contains the following task:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-04-01-ANY	Successfully Complete the Navigation Rules Requirements for both Advancement and Coxswain Certification	4-38

TASK COX-04-01-ANY

Successfully Complete the Navigation Rules Requirements for both Advancement and Coxswain Certification

NOTE &

Task **DOES NOT** apply to cutter boat trainees who will only operate within sight of the cutter. Certification letters must state coxswain's operating limitations.

NOTE &

Members not completing this task will be **ineligible** for the coxswain insignia.

References

- a. Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series)
- b. U.S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and Training (BOAT) Manual, Volume I, COMDTINST M16114.32 (series)

Conditions

Task may be performed at any time in a manner prescribed by the above references and the course or examination issuing authority.

Standards

Trainee must either successfully complete an approved Merchant Marine Rules of the Road Exam or receive a passing score on the CG Institute NAVRULS End-of-Course Test, Deck Watch Officer Examination, or the Merchant Marine Rules of the Road Exam.

Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	
1.	Receive pass	ing score on the CG Institute NAVRULS End-of-Course Test.	
	OR		
2.	Receive pass	ing score on the Deck Watch Officer Examination.	
	OR		
3.	Receive pass	ing score on the Merchant Marine Rules of the Road Exam (Module 054XX)	
NO	OTE &	Successful completion of this requirements must be reported by forwarding a copy of the final test results or completion letter to CG INST (NRT), 5900 SW 64 th Street, Oklahoma City, OK 73169-6990.	
	OR		
4.	•	complete an approved Rules of the Road course listed at www.uscg.mil/hq/g-xamques/rules.pdf .	



Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
NOTE &	Successful completion of this requirements must be reported by forwarding a copy of the final test results or completion letter to CG INST (NRT), 5900 SW 64 th Street, Oklahoma City, OK 73169-6990.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



Section E. Boat Piloting and Navigation

NOTE &

The tasks within this Section **DO NOT** apply to cutter boat trainees who will only operate within sight of the cutter. Certification letters must state coxswain's operating limitations.

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Five:

- **Identify** and **state** the use of various common navigational references.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to pilot using the installed electronic navigational equipment found on U.S. Coast Guard boats.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to pilot a U.S. Coast Guard boat using dead reckoning (DR) techniques.
- **Demonstrate** knowledge of the local operations area.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-05-01-ANY	Identify Navigational Publications	4-41
COX-05-02-ANY	Determine a Compass Course from a True Course	4-41
COX-05-03-ANY	Pilot the Boat Using Dead Reckoning (DR) Techniques	4-42
COX-05-04-ANY	Pilot a Boat Using "Seaman's Eye"	4-43
COX-05-05-ANY	Determine the Location of a Boat Using Radar Ranges and Bearings	4-43
COX-05-06-ANY	Conn a Boat Using Radar	4-44
COX-05-07-TYPE	Operate the GPS/DGPS	4-45
COX-05-08-TYPE	Determine the Location of a Boat Using GPS/DGPS	4-47
COX-05-09-TYPE	Pilot a Boat Using GPS/DGPS	4-48
COX-05-10-TYPE	Operate the GPS/DGPS	4-49
COX-05-11-TYPE	Operate, Determine the Location of, and Pilot a Non-Standard Boat Using GPS/DGPS	4-50
COX-05-12-TYPE	Operate Electronic Charting	4-51
COX-05-13-TYPE	Operate the Auto Pilot	4-52
COX-05-14-ANY	Pilot a Boat Using All Electronic Equipment, a Navigation Kit, Charts, and Tables	4-53
COX-05-15-ANY	Distance, Speed, and Time	4-54
COX-05-16-ANY	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coordinates	4-54



TASK COX-05-01-ANY	Identify Navigational Publications	
References	a. Coast Pilot	
	b. Light List	
	c. Nautical Charts of Local Area	
	d. Nautical Chart Symbols, Abbreviations and Terms, Chart No. 1	
	e. Navigation Rules International-Inland, COMDTINST M16672.2 (series)	
	f. Notice to Mariners/Local Notice to Mariners	
	g. The American Practical Navigator	
	h. Tide Tables/Tidal Current Tables	
Conditions	Task may be completed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without puse of any further reference.	prompting or
Standards	Trainee must identify, without error, the commonly used navigational publication and state the use of each one. Trainee must specify those volumes or chapters of publications that pertain to the local operating area.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State and identify Na	vigation Rules and their use.	
2. Identify and state the	use of the Coast Pilot and the appropriate entries for local area.	
3. Identify and state the	use of the Light List and the appropriate entries for local area.	
4. Identify and state the	use of the Local Notice to Mariners.	
5. Identify and state the	use of the Tide Tables and the appropriate entries for the local area.	
6. Identify and state the	use of the Tidal Current Tables and the appropriate entries for the local area.	
7. Identify all Nautical Charts for Local Area.		
8. Identify and state the	use of Chart No. 1.	
9. Identify and state the	use of The American Practical Navigator.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK COX-05-02-ANY	Determine a Compass Course from a True Course	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapterb. The American Practical Navigator	· 14, Section C
Conditions Task should be performed at any time, given a chart of the local area and a deviation any unit boat. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference to the conditions.		
Standards	Trainee must, without error, convert given true courses into compass courses for in accordance with the steps listed below.	the boat used
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
Identify magnetic var	riation and the annual change for the local area.	



	~ ~		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
2.	Plot and la	abel from five positions provided by the instructor.	
3.	Connect t	he five positions with true courses.	
4.	Determine	e and list magnetic and compass course for each true course.	
Ins	tructor _	Date	
Co	mments _		
TA	SK COX-0	5-03-ANY Pilot the Boat Using Dead Reckoning (DR) Techniques	
Re	ferences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	14, Section D
		b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series)	
		c. The American Practical Navigator	
Co	nditions	Task must be performed while underway, day or night, in calm to moderate weath using only the installed compass, speed/engine RPM curve, stopwatch, navigation charts found on the boat. The course to be run must be at least five miles long wittens. All courses and speeds to turn points are to be given to the trainee by the i Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	nal kit, and ith at least four
Sta	ndards	All turn point locations must be within one quarter of a nautical mile. All plotting must be done using proper chart notation and symbols. All locations must be ver a simultaneous sounding using the fathometer (if available). The instructor should locations using the boat's installed navigation systems.	ified by taking
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Lay out co	ompass course on the chart indicating predicted turns.	
2.	Predict es	timated time of arrival (ETA) to first turn point.	
3.	Pilot boat stopwatch	to the first predicted position using only the boat's compass, speed/engine RPM curve, and	
4.	Predict E7	A to next turn point with course and correct speed to make good to second position.	
5.	Pilot boat stopwatch	to the next predicted position using only the boat's compass, speed/engine RPM curve, and .	
6.	Repeat ste	ps 4 and 5 until voyage is complete.	
	tructor —	Date	
Co	mments _		
	_		



TASK COX-05-04-ANY Pilot a Boat Using "Seaman's Eye" Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14 References Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator **Conditions** Task must be performed while underway, day or night, in calm to moderate weather conditions. Task should be run over a course provided by the instructor of at least 3 nautical miles and containing at least 8 course changes, using only a local chart of the area, local knowledge of the area, aids to navigation, terrestrial landmarks, and "Seaman's Eye". Visibility must be at least 1 nautical mile. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. Standards Courses must be steered directly without wandering or requiring any stopping or back tracking in order to stay on course or within any channels. At no time may the vessel or crew be put in Completed Performance Criteria (Initials) Lay out and label courses on the chart. 2. Clear the pier and start boat on course. 3. Identify terrestrial landmark or aids to navigation to be used to steer to first turn point. 4. Steer boat directly to first turn point. Turn boat upon reaching first turn point. 6. Identify terrestrial landmark or aids to navigation to be used to steer to second turn point. 7. Steer boat directly to next turn point. 8. Repeat steps 5 through 7 until voyage is complete. Instructor Date **Comments** TASK COX-05-05-ANY **Determine the Location of a Boat Using Radar Ranges and Bearings** References Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. Radar Operator's Handbook The American Practical Navigator **Conditions** Task must be performed while underway, at night or during a period of restricted visibility, in calm to moderate weather, using only the installed radar, compass, fathometer, navigation kit, and charts found on the boat. The charts used should be harbor charts or some other larger scale charts (no smaller than 1:80,000). Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. Standards All fixed positions must be accurate to within one-tenth of a nautical mile using two radar LOPs. All plotting on charts should be done using proper chart notation and symbols. All locations should be verified by taking a simultaneous sounding using the fathometer.



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
Activate and properly tune radar set.				
2. Determine position of the boat within standards while underway, but with no way -on.				
3. Determine position of th	e boat within standards while underway at slow speed.			
4. Take two or more fixes of	over a course of at least three miles.			
5. Verify all positions by u	tilizing the fathometer to check the soundings.			
Instructor	Date			
Comments				
TASK COX-05-06-ANY	Conn a Boat Using Radar			
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte.	r 14, Section D		
	b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series)			
	c. Radar Operator's Handbook			
Conditions	Task must be performed while underway, at night or during periods of restricted visibility, in calm weather. Task should be run over a course provided by the instructor of at least 3 nautical miles and containing at least 5 course changes (of 10 degrees or more), using only a local chart of the area, local knowledge of the area, aids to navigation, terrestrial landmarks, and the boat's radar. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. Courses must be steered directly without wandering or requiring any stopping or back tracking in order to stay on course or within any channels. Two or more fixes must be taken over a course of at least 3 nautical miles. At no time may the vessel or crew be put in danger.			
Standards				
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1. Activate and properly tu	ne radar set.			
2. Correctly lay out course	s on the chart.			
3. Steer boat directly to turn	n point using proper helm commands.			
4. State range to closest po	int of land.			
5. State range and bearing to	5. State range and bearing to local hazards to navigation.			
6. Use proper commands to	6. Use proper commands to steer boat directly to first turn point.			
7. Plot turn bearing correct	7. Plot turn bearing correctly and utilize for turn.			
8. Repeat steps 3 through 7	8. Repeat steps 3 through 7 until voyage is completed.			
9. Identify contacts and tak	9. Identify contacts and take avoidance, if necessary.			
10. Take two or more fixes of	over a course of at least 3 nautical miles.			
11. Determine speed over gr	ound using the radar.			



Instructor	Date
Comments	
-	
TASK COX-05-07-TYPE	Operate the GPS/DGPS
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D
	b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series)
	c. GPS/DGPS Operator's Handbook
	d. The American Practical Navigator
Conditions	Task should be performed onboard each boat type while underway or moored, day or night, under any weather conditions, using only the installed GPS/DGPS. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, perform the steps listed below. Each step should be completed within 5 minutes.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Identify and state the use of the soft, special, and function keys.		
2.	Identify the three "traffic lights" and state the meaning of each.		
3.	Energize the GPS/DGPS.		<u>-</u>
4.	Adjust screen for daytime and nighttime viewing.		
5.	Demonstrate entering Setup (Presentation 1:1).		
6.	Determine: a. Range in nautical miles b. Speed, drift in knots c. Antenna height in feet d. 24-hour time selected e. Navigation in rhumb line		
7.	Enter boat data (Setup 2:1). a. Ensure appropriate boat type. b. Ensure appropriate antenna height.		
8.	Enter geographical location (Setup 4:1). a. Ensure appropriate time and time offset. b. Ensure appropriate datum selected, referencing local charts.	=	
9.	Demonstrate entering Sailplan 2 (Waypoint Bank).		



Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
10. Enter a minimum of 5 waypoints into the waypoint bank using posinstructor. Name each waypoint either by text information or number.		
11. Demonstrate creating a sailplan utilizing the waypoints previously waypoint bank.	entered in the	
12. Demonstrate creating a route utilizing previously entered waypoint	s	_
13. Demonstrate entering appropriate waypoint pass criteria (recomme	nd using "D").	
14. Demonstrate soft key proficiency in Sailplan 2 (Waypoint Bank).		
15. Enter PLOTTER and demonstrate proficiency.		
16. Demonstrate clear track.		
17. Demonstrate activating the man overboard (MOB) function.		
18. Locate MOB position in the Waypoint Bank.		
19. Demonstrate re-enabling the MOB function.		
20. Enter ALARM LIMITS, Alarm 1.		
Demonstrate appropriate alarm activation. a. X-track error limit b. Waypoint, approach distance		
22. Set appropriate alarm limits.		
23. Enter WARNING AREAS, Alarm 3.		
24. Program warning areas (minimum of 2).		
25. Enter WARNINGS, Alarm 4. Check display.		<u> </u>
26. Enter ALARM STATUS, Alarm 5. Acknowledge all active alarms		<u> </u>
27. Enter DGPS Control, GPS 3.		
28. Activate DGPS mode (if installed).		



				-0.00 (1.00
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
29.	Enter SETUP, Accessorie Output.	es, National Marine Electronics Association (NMEA) Data		
30.	30. Ensure NMEA 1 and NMEA 2 are displaying proper configurations while in DGPS mode.			
31. Locate DGPS icon.			<u> </u>	
32.	Power off unit.			
Ins	tructor		Date	
Cor	mments			
TA	SK COX-05-08-TYPE	Determine the Location of a Boat Using GPS/DGPS		
Ref	ferences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M35		· 14, Section D
		b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M35c. GPS/DGPS Operator's Handbook	550.2 (series)	
		d. The American Practical Navigator		
Coi	nditions	Task must be performed on each boat type while underway, of conditions, using only the installed GPS/DGPS, navigation kit Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting of use of	t, and local charts o	
Sta	ndards	The location must be within 100 yards. All plotting on charts chart notation and symbols.	s should be done usi	ng proper
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Energize GPS/DGPS.			
2.	Enter GPS 2 (GPS Status tracked.) and verify quality of satellite signal and number of satellites		
3.	Plot position of boat using GPS/DGPS.	g latitude and longitude coordinates obtained from the boat's	<u> </u>	
Ins	tructor		Date	
Cor	mments			



TASK COX-05-09-TYPE

Pilot a Boat Using GPS/DGPS

References

- a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D
- b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series)
- c. GPS/DGPS Operator's Handbook
- d. The American Practical Navigator

Conditions

Task must be performed onboard each boat type while underway, day or night, under any weather conditions. Task must be run over a course provided by the instructor of at least 3 nautical miles and containing at least 4 course changes, using only the installed GPS/DGPS, a stopwatch or clock, navigation kit, and local charts of the area. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

The boat must remain within one-tenth of a nautical mile of the intended course. All turns must be made within 50 yards of the turn point. Times must be within one minute (plus or minus) of the estimated time of turn and speeds must be within one knot. Course must be completed within 5 minutes (plus or minus) of the ETA to the final destination. Two or more fixes are required on legs of at least 3 nautical miles. All chart plotting must be accomplished using proper notation and symbols. The instructor should verify positions and speeds using the available navigational instruments.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Activate the GPS/DGPS.		
2.	Clear Sailplan 1.		
3.	Determine and lay out courses and waypoints for turns on the chart.		
4.	Predict boat's speed and ETA to first turn point.		
5.	Enter waypoints into the GPS/DGPS.		
6.	Insert waypoints into a sailplan.		
7.	Enter Navigate mode (Navigate 2), and reset cross track error (XTE) function. (XTE reset only at beginning of run).		
8.	Activate the waypoint function on the radar.		
9.	Clear boat from pier and start on course.		
10.	Determine boat's speed using the GPS/DGPS, stopwatch, or clock.		
11.	Steer boat directly to first turn point.		
12.	Continue until voyage is complete.		<u> </u>



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
13. Demonstrate "Reverse S	ailplan" for return trip.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK COX-05-10-TYPE	Operate the GPS/DGPS		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M161	14.5 (series), Chapter	r 14, Section D
	b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M.	3530.2 (series)	
	c. GPS/DGPS Operator's Handbook		
	d. The American Practical Navigator		
Conditions	Task should be performed while underway or moored, day conditions, using only the installed GPS/DGPS. Trainee m prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error	, perform the steps li	sted below.

Sia	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, perform the steps listed below. Each step should be completed within 5 minutes.			
	Performance	e Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Energize GPS/DGPS unit.			
2.	Adjust contrast/back lighting.			
3.	Determine signal status.			
4.	Demonstrate the following functions: a. Waypoint b. Event c. Position d. Course Deviation Variance (CDV) e. Route	f. MOBg. Alarmh. Navigationi. GOTO		=
5.	Determine horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP) quality.		
6.	Enter setup menu and ensure the following a a. Map datum b. Variation c. Time	d. DGPS selected, if installed e. Date		



Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK COX-05-11-TYPE	Operate, Determine the Location of, and Pilot a Non-Standa	ard Boat Using Gl	PS/DGPS
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M35. c. GPS/DGPS Operator's Handbook 		· 14, Section D
Conditions	Task must be performed while underway, day or night, under must be run over a course of 3 nautical miles, using only an in stopwatch or clock, navigation kit, and local charts of the area task without prompting or use of a reference.	stalled or handheld	GPS/DGPS,
Standards	The boat must remain within one-tenth of a nautical mile of th minutes of the ETA when the final destination is reached.	e intended course,	and within 3
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Determine and lay out co	urses and waypoints on the chart.		
2. Predict boat's speed and	ETA.		
3. Enter waypoints into the	GPS/DGPS properly.		
4. Clear docks and start on c	course.		
5. Steer boat directly to fina	l destination.		
6. Determine boat's speed u	tilizing GPS/DGPS.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			



TASK COX-05-12-TYPE	Operate Electronic Charting	
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. RAYCHART Plotter Operator's Handbook 	
Conditions	Task should be performed while underway or moored, day or night, under any weather conditions, using only the installed chart plotter. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Standards In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, perform the steps listed beloe Each step should be completed within 5 minutes.		

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Energize the chart plotter unit.		
2.	Adjust contrast/backlighting.		
3.	Determine signal status.		
4.	Operate cursor to identify objects/symbols.		
5.	Demonstrate the use of the track pad.		
6.	Demonstrate the MOB function.		
7.	Demonstrate the mark function.		
8.	Demonstrate the event function.		
9.	Demonstrate the display function.		
10.	Demonstrate the range function.		
11.	Explain the function of clear and enter.		=
12.	Enter the main menu and demonstrate the following functions: a. Enter, edit, and delete a waypoint b. Start, edit, and delete tracks c. Alarm/timers d. Set up and use a route	=	=



~~			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
13. Enter setup menu and ens	sure the following are correct:		
a. Map datum			
b. Variation			
c. Date/time			
d. Nautical miles and knots selected			
d. Nautical fillies and k	nots selected		
14. Demonstrate how to insta	ll/remove chart cards.		
15. Turn unit off.			
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK COX-05-13-TYPE	Operate the Auto Pilot		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114	.5 (series), Chapter	· 14, Section D
	b. RAYCHART Plotter Operator's Handbook		
C 1142	_ 	* 14 1	- 41
Conditions	Task should be performed while underway or moored, day or conditions, using only the installed chart plotter. Trainee mus prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, packed and the step should be completed within 5 minutes.	perform the steps lis	sted below.
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Adjust backlighting.			
Explain and demonstrate	the compass mode		
2. Explain and demonstrate	the compass mode.		
Explain and demonstrate	the navigation mode.		
2. Zipiani ana demonstrate			
4 5 1:			
4. Explain and demonstrate	the power steer mode.		
5. Identify and explain all of	f the alarms.		
6 Locate the installed CDC/	DGPS providing navigational information.		
6. Locate the installed GPS/	oo o providing navigadonal information.		



Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK COX-05-	-14-ANY Pil	ot a Boat Using All Electronic Equipment, a Navigation Kit, Charts,	, and Tables
References	a.	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), C	Chapter 14
	b.	Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series)	
Conditions	ru ch co	ask must be performed while underway at night, under any weather condition over a course provided by the instructor of at least 10 miles and contain the anges (of 10 degrees or more), using only the installed GPS/DGPS, rada ompass, a stopwatch or clock, navigation kit, and appropriate charts of the complish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	ning at least 5 course ar, fathometer,
Standards	be th ac	the boat must remain within one-tenth of a nautical mile of the intended of the made within 50 yards of the turn point. Times must be within one min the estimated time of turn and speeds must be within one knot. All chart percomplished using proper notation and symbols. The instructor should vertically using the available navigational instruments.	ute (plus or minus) of plotting must be
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Determine a	and lay out courses	for turns on the chart.	
2. Predict boat	t's speed and ETA	for each turn point.	
3. Compute ru	nning time in minu	ites for each leg at desired speed.	
4. Activate and	d tune GPS/DGPS,	radar, and fathometer.	
5. Clear pier a	nd start on course.		
6. Determine b	ooat's speed using t	he GPS/DGPS.	
7. Steer boat d	lirectly to first turn	point.	
8. Take two or	more fixes on each	n leg.	
9. Steer boat d	irectly to each turn	point using proper helm commands.	
10. Continue ur	ntil voyage is comp	lete.	
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
·			



TASK COX-05-15-ANY	Distance, Speed, and Time		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D		
	b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series)		
	c. The American Practical Navigator		
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard the boat. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the basic concavigation as outlined in the steps listed below.	epts related to	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1. State the importance of o	computing distance, speed, and time.		
2. State units of measurement	ents and formulas for distance, speed, and time.		
3. State understanding of n	autical slide rule.		
4. Complete 5 distance, spe	eed and time problems provided by the instructor.		
5. Demonstrate the 3-minu	tte rule.		
6. Demonstrate the 6-minu	tte rule.		
Instructor Date			
Instructor	Date		
Instructor Comments	Date		
	Date		
	Date		
	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coo	ordinates	
Comments			
TASK COX-05-16-ANY	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coo		
TASK COX-05-16-ANY	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte		
TASK COX-05-16-ANY	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series)	r 14, Section E	
TASK COX-05-16-ANY References	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator Task should be performed at any time, given a LORAN-C overprinted chart, only Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. The	ooard the boat.	
TASK COX-05-16-ANY References Conditions	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator Task should be performed at any time, given a LORAN-C overprinted chart, only Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. The provide the time difference figures. Trainee must plot the time difference coordinates utilizing the LORAN-C Interpretation.	ooard the boat.	
TASK COX-05-16-ANY References Conditions	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator Task should be performed at any time, given a LORAN-C overprinted chart, only Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. The provide the time difference figures. Trainee must plot the time difference coordinates utilizing the LORAN-C Interprositions must be accurate to within one-tenth of a nautical mile. Performance Criteria	poard the boat. instructor will colator. All	
TASK COX-05-16-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. Define LORAN-C time	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator Task should be performed at any time, given a LORAN-C overprinted chart, only Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. The provide the time difference figures. Trainee must plot the time difference coordinates utilizing the LORAN-C Interprositions must be accurate to within one-tenth of a nautical mile. Performance Criteria	poard the boat. instructor will colator. All	
TASK COX-05-16-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. Define LORAN-C time 2. Demonstrate plotting LC	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator Task should be performed at any time, given a LORAN-C overprinted chart, ont Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. The provide the time difference figures. Trainee must plot the time difference coordinates utilizing the LORAN-C Interpositions must be accurate to within one-tenth of a nautical mile. Performance Criteria difference.	poard the boat. instructor will colator. All	
TASK COX-05-16-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. Define LORAN-C time 2. Demonstrate plotting LC 3. State time difference pos	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coda. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator Task should be performed at any time, given a LORAN-C overprinted chart, only Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. The provide the time difference figures. Trainee must plot the time difference coordinates utilizing the LORAN-C Interpresitions must be accurate to within one-tenth of a nautical mile. Performance Criteria difference. DRAN-C time difference using the interpolator on a LORAN-C overprinted chart. sition from latitude and longitude.	poard the boat. instructor will colator. All	
TASK COX-05-16-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. Define LORAN-C time 2. Demonstrate plotting LC	Demonstrate Plotting a Position Using LORAN-C Time Difference (TD) Coo a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series) c. The American Practical Navigator Task should be performed at any time, given a LORAN-C overprinted chart, only Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference. The provide the time difference figures. Trainee must plot the time difference coordinates utilizing the LORAN-C Interprositions must be accurate to within one-tenth of a nautical mile. Performance Criteria difference. DRAN-C time difference using the interpolator on a LORAN-C overprinted chart.	poard the boat. instructor will colator. All	



Section F. **Search and Rescue (SAR)**

NOTE Go The tasks within this Section **DO NOT** apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Six:

- **Demonstrate** knowledge of SAR organization and responsibility.
- **Demonstrate** knowledge of SAR fundamentals.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to plot and execute commonly used search patterns.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-06-01-ANY	Organization and Responsibility	4-56
COX-06-02-ANY	Legal Aspects and USCG Policy	4-56
COX-06-03-ANY	Successfully Complete the CG Institute's SAR Fundamentals Course or Maritime SAR Planning (Resident) Course	4-57
COX-06-04-ANY	Plot the Following Search Patterns: Expanding Square (SS), Sector (VS), Parallel (PS), Creeping Line (CS), Track Line Non-Return (TSN), and Track Line Return (TSR)	4-58
COX-06-05-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Expanding Square Search (SS) Pattern	4-58
COX-06-06-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Sector Search (VS) Pattern	4-59
COX-06-07-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Parallel Search (PS) Pattern	4-60
COX-06-08-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Creeping Line Search (CS) Pattern	4-61
COX-06-09-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Track Line Non-Return Search (TSN) Pattern	4-62
COX-06-10-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Track Line Return Search (TSR) Pattern	4-63



TASK COX-06-01-ANY	Organization and Responsibility	
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.	
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Comparison of the U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Research COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)		ue Supplement
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard the boat. Trainee must accomplis without prompting or use of a reference.	h the task
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the basic conceorganization and responsibility as outlined in the steps listed below.	epts related to
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the four primary geog	graphic divisions of responsibility for U.S. SAR.	
2. State the two geographic a	reas of Coast Guard responsibility for SAR.	
3. State the three general obje	ectives that provide guidance for the SAR program.	
4. State the two SAR program	n goals.	
Comments	Date	
NOIE 60	Legal Aspects and USCG Policy Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.	
References	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. District SOP c. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Resc (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue M COMDTINST M16130.2 (series) 	ue Supplement
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time onboard the boat. Trainee must accomplis without prompting or use of a reference.	h the task
Standards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the basic concelegal aspects and USCG policy as outlined in the steps listed below.	epts related to
	Performance Criteria	Completed

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State an understanding of the statutory authority for the SAR program.	
2.	State an understanding of "SAR agreements".	
3.	State which distress beacon the CG endorses.	
4.	State the response policy for distress beacons.	



	Performance Criteria			
5.	State the response policy for flare incidents.			
6.	State the definition of a false alarm.			
7.	State the definition of a ho	ax.		
8.	State an understanding of	the policy for closing hoax and false alarm cases.		
9.	State an understanding of	the CG Maritime SAR Assistance policy.		
10.	State an understanding of	the CG General Salvage policy other than towing.		
11.	State an understanding of	CG fire fighting activities.		
12.	State an understanding of	the policy for persons trapped in capsized vessels.		
13.	State an understanding of	the District SAR policy on the above topics.		
	ructor	Date		
Con	nments			
TAS	SK COX-06-03-ANY	Successfully Complete the CG Institute's SAR Fundamentals Course or Man Planning (Resident) Course	ritime SAR	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.		
Ref	erences	a. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431		
Cor	nditions	None.		
Star	ndards	None.		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	Successfully complete the	SAR Fundamentals Course or Maritime SAR Planning (Resident) Course.		
Inst	ructor	Date		
Con	nments			



TASK COX-06-04-ANY

Plot the Following Search Patterns: Expanding Square (SS), Sector (VS), Parallel (PS), Creeping Line (CS), Track Line Non-Return (TSN), and Track Line Return (TSR)

NOTE &

Task **DOES NOT** apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.

References

- a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Sections E and F
- b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431
- c. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time onboard the boat. Instructor will provide the trainee with a Search Action Plan, including area description, pattern description, commence search point (CSP), track spacing, major axis, minor axis, and search speed. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

Commence search point must be accurate to within 100 yards, track lines must be within 3 degrees, and times to run within 60 seconds.

	Performance Criteria	
1.	Lay out search pattern correctly on chart with CSP in the proper location and orient the first leg in the correct direction for each pattern.	
2.	Calculate time to complete the search and time to turn for each search leg for the designated pattern.	

Instructor	Γ	Date	
Comments		-	

TASK COX-06-05-ANY

Execute a Single Unit Expanding Square Search (SS) Pattern

NOTE &

Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.

References

- a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section E
- b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431
- c. GPS Operator's Handbook
- d. Radar Operator's Handbook
- e. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)

Conditions

Trainee will be given a CG boat with operational GPS, radar, radio, compass, corrected chart of the operating area, and a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations. Instructor will provide the trainee with a Search Action Plan, including area description, pattern description, CSP, track spacing, major axis, minor axis, and search speed. Task will be performed while underway, day or night, in calm to moderate weather.

Standards

Trainee must plot the search pattern in accordance with TASK COX-06-04-ANY. The pattern will be run for a minimum of 5 legs, all turns must be 90 degrees to the right and within 50 yards of the predetermined turning points. The search pattern shall be completed within 5 minutes of the calculated completion time.



Performance Criteria				
1.	Brief crew on mission.			
2.	Arrive within 100 yards of plotted CSP.			
3.	Deploy datum marker buoy at CSP.			
4.	Report on-scene weather a	nd start time of pattern to SMC.		
5.	Run first leg of pattern in c	lirection of drift.		
6.	State speed over ground (S	OG).		
7.	Utilize fathometer to verify	y depth.		
8.	Complete turns within 50 y	vards of their plotted positions.		
9.	Navigate vessel in accorda	nce with rules of the road.		
10.	Identify and utilize aids to	navigation.		
11.	Use illumination without c	ompromising night vision, if task is conducted at night.		
12.	Pass final position of datur	n to SMC.		
	ructor	Date		
Cor	nments			
TAS	SK COX-06-06-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Sector Search (VS) Pattern		
		_		
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.		
Ref	erences	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431 	· 15, Section E	
		c. GPS Operator's Handbook		
		d. Radar Operator's Handbook	G 1 .	
		e. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Resc (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue M COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)		
Cor	nditions	Trainee will be given a CG boat with operational GPS, radar, radio, compass, con the operating area, and a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations. It provide the trainee with a Search Action Plan, including area description, pattern CSP, track spacing, major axis, minor axis, and search speed. Task will be perfounderway, day or night, in calm to moderate weather.	Instructor will description,	
Star	ndards	The trainee must plot the search pattern in accordance with TASK COX-06-04-A shall be 120 degrees to the right and within 15 seconds of the estimated time. The pattern shall be completed within 5 minutes of the calculated completion time.		
Performance Criteria Comple (Initial				
1.	Brief crew on mission.			



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
2.	Arrive within 100 yards of	plotted CSP.	
3.	Deploy datum marker buoy at CSP.		
4.	Advise SMC of on-scene v	weather and start time of pattern.	
5.	Run first leg of pattern in o	lirection of drift.	
6.	Adjust the 3 rd , 6 th and 9 th le	egs to pass through datum.	
7.	State SOG.		
8.	Utilize fathometer to verify	y depth.	
9.	Complete turns within 50 y	yards of their plotted positions.	
10.	Navigate vessel in accorda	nce with rules of the road.	
11.	Identify and utilize aids to	navigation.	
12.	Use illumination without c	ompromising night vision, if task is conducted at night.	
13.	Pass final position of datur	n to SMC.	
	ructor 	Date	
TAS	SK COX-06-07-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Parallel Search (PS) Pattern	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.	
Ref	erences	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431 c. GPS Operator's Handbook d. Radar Operator's Handbook e. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue M COMDTINST M16130.2 (series) 	ue Supplement
Con	ditions	Trainee will be given a CG boat with operational GPS, radar, radio, compass, conthe operating area, and a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations. It provide the trainee with a Search Action Plan, including area description, pattern CSP, track spacing, major axis, minor axis, and search speed. Task will be perfounderway, day or night, in calm to moderate weather.	nstructor will description,
Star	adards	Trainee must plot the search pattern in accordance with TASK COX-06-04-ANY boat shall commence search within 100 yards of the CSP. All turns shall be 90 d within 50 yards of plotted turn points. The search pattern shall be run for a minin The search pattern shall be completed within 5 minutes of the calculated complete.	egrees and num of 5 legs.
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Brief crew on mission.		



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
2. Enter all turns into GPS a	as waypoints.	
3. Arrive within 100 yards of	of plotted CSP.	
4. Adjust course and speed	to stay on track line.	
5. Complete turns within 50	yards of plotted positions.	
6. Utilize XTE function.		
7. Utilize SOG function.		
8. Utilize ETA function.		
9. Utilize fathometer to veri	fy water depth.	
10. Navigate vessel in accord	lance with rules of the road.	
11. Identify and utilize aids to	o navigation.	
12. Use illumination without	compromising night vision, if task is conducted at night.	
13. Advise SMC of completi	on time of pattern.	
Comments		
TASK COX-06-08-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Creeping Line Search (CS) Pattern Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.	
TASK COX-06-08-ANY NOTE GS	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	er 15, Section E
TASK COX-06-08-ANY NOTE GS	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	er 15, Section E
TASK COX-06-08-ANY NOTE GS	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431 c. GPS Operator's Handbook	er 15, Section E
TASK COX-06-08-ANY NOTE GS	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts. a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	scue Supplemen
TASK COX-06-08-ANY NOTE & References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431 c. GPS Operator's Handbook d. Radar Operator's Handbook e. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue in	scue Supplemen Manual, orrected chart of Instructor will on description,
TASK COX-06-08-ANY NOTE &	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431 c. GPS Operator's Handbook d. Radar Operator's Handbook e. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue I COMDTINST M16130.2 (series) Trainee will be given a CG boat with operational GPS, radar, radio, compass, conthe operating area, and a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations. provide the trainee with a Search Action Plan, including area description, patter CSP, track spacing, major axis, minor axis, and search speed. Task will be perfectly to the content of the co	orrected chart of Instructor will in description, formed while Y. The CG degrees and imum of 5 legs.



- 100	* *		Completed
		Performance Criteria	(Initials)
2.	Enter all turns into GPS as	waypoints.	
3.	Arrive within 100 yards of	plotted CSP.	
4.	Adjust course and speed to	stay on track line.	
5.	Complete turns within 50 y	vards of plotted positions.	
6.	Utilize XTE function.		
7.	Utilize SOG function.		
8.	Utilize ETA function.		
9.	Utilize depth sounder to ve	rify water depth.	
10.	Navigate vessel in accorda	nce with rules of the road.	
11.	Identify and utilize aids to	navigation.	
12.	Use illumination without c	ompromising night vision, if task is conducted at night.	
13.	Advise SMC of completion	n time of pattern.	
Inst	ructor	Date	
Con	nments		
TAS	SK COX-06-09-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Track Line Non-Return Search (TSN) Pattern	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.	
Dof	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	. 15 Section F
KCI	erences	b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	13, Section E
		c. GPS Operator's Handbook	
		d. Radar Operator's Handbook	
		e. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Resc (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue M COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
Cor	ditions	Trainee will be given a CG boat with operational GPS, radar, radio, compass, con the operating area, and a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations. It provide the trainee with a Search Action Plan, including area description, pattern CSP, track spacing, major axis, minor axis, and search speed. Task will be perfounderway, day or night, in calm to moderate weather.	Instructor will description,
Star	ndards	Trainee must plot the search pattern in accordance with TASK COX-06-04-ANY boat shall commence search within 100 yards of the CSP. All turns shall be mad yards of plotted turn points. The search pattern shall be run in its entirety. The s shall be completed within 5 minutes of the calculated completion time.	e within 50
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Brief crew on mission.		



		Performance Criteria	Completed
			(Initials)
2.	Enter all turns into GPS as	18	
3.	Arrive within 100 yards of		
4.	Advise SMC of on-scene v	weather and start time of pattern.	
5.	Adjust course and speed to	stay on track line.	
6.	Complete turns within 50 y	yards of plotted positions.	
7.	Utilize XTE function.		
8.	Utilize SOG function.		
9.	Utilize ETA function.		
10.	Utilize depth sounder to ve	erify water depth.	
11.	Navigate vessel in accorda	nce with rules of the road.	
12.	Identify and utilize aids to	navigation.	
13.	Use illumination without c	compromising night vision, if task is conducted at night.	
14.	Advise SMC of completion	n time of the pattern.	
	nments	Date	
TA	SK COX-06-10-ANY	Execute a Single Unit Track Line Return Search (TSR) Pattern	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats, skiffs and punts.	
Ref	erences	 a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapte b. Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431 c. GPS Operator's Handbook d. Radar Operator's Handbook e. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Resent (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search Addendary Maritime Search	cue Supplement
	nditions ndards	Trainee will be given a CG boat with operational GPS, radar, radio, compass, conthe operating area, and a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations. provide the trainee with a Search Action Plan, including area description, pattern CSP, track spacing, major axis, minor axis, and search speed. Task will be perfounderway, day or night, in calm to moderate weather. Trainee must plot the search pattern in accordance with TASK COX-06-04-AN	Instructor will n description, ormed while
Sia	nuar us	boat shall commence search within 100 yards of the CSP. All turns shall be may yards of plotted turn points. The search pattern shall be run in its entirety. The shall be completed within 5 minutes of the calculated completion time.	de within 50



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	Brief crew on mission.		
2.	Enter all turns into GPS as waypoints.		
3.	Arrive within 100 yards of plotted CSP.		
4.	Advise SMC of on-scene weather and start time of pattern.		
5.	Adjust course and speed to stay on track line.		
6.	Complete turns within 50 yards of plotted positions.		
7.	Utilize XTE function.		
8.	Utilize SOG function.		
9.	Utilize ETA function.		
10.	Utilize depth sounder to verify water depth.		
11.	Navigate vessel in accordance with rules of the road.		
12.	Identify and utilize aids to navigation.		
13.	Use illumination without compromising night vision, if task is conducted at night.		
14.	Advise SMC of completion time of pattern.		
Ins	Instructor Date		
Comments			



Section G. Rescue and Assistance

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Seven:

- **Demonstrate** the ability to rescue personnel in various distress situations.
- **Demonstrate** the ability to deliver personnel or equipment to vessels in distress.
- **Demonstrate** the knowledge and ability to use standard U.S. Coast Guard boat salvage equipment.
- **Demonstrate** the knowledge and ability to transfer personnel safely between different types of units.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-07-01-TYPE	Recover a Person from the Water Using the Direct Pickup Method	4-66
COX-07-02-TYPE	Recover a Life-Like Dummy (Oscar) in 2- to 4-Foot Seas	4-67
COX-07-03-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with No Way-On, and Transfer Personnel	4-68
COX-07-04-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with Way-On, and Transfer Personnel	4-68
COX-07-05-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat Alongside a Ship and Transfer Personnel	4-69
COX-07-06-TYPE	Combat a Boat Fire from the Boat	4-70
COX-07-07-ANY	Use a Portable Pump to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boat	4-71
COX-07-08-TYPE	Use an Eductor to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boat	4-72
COX-07-09-ANY	Attend a Static Display Given by a CG Helicopter Air Crew	4-73
COX-07-10-TYPE	Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Direct Delivery Method	4-74
COX-07-11-TYPE	Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Trail Line Delivery Method	4-75
COX-07-12-TYPE	Participate in a Rescue Swimmer Transfer Using the Rescue Strap	4-76
COX-07-13-TYPE	Demonstrate the Appropriate Responses to the Basic Engineering Casualty Control Exercises (BECCE)	4-76



Brief crew on pickup.

9. Notify Station.

Recover MOB within 3 minutes.

7. Base approach to MOB on prevailing weather conditions.

6.

-	200					
TA	SK COX-07-01-TYPE	Recover a Person from the Water Using the Direct Pickup	Method			
Re	ferences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	16, Section A		
Conditions		Given an operational CG boat and a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations, trainee will pick up a live person or a life-like dummy (Oscar) from the water. Task will be performed while underway, during daylight hours, in fair weather conditions and calm seas. The MOB shall wear a helmet, PFD, boat crew survival vest, and if conditions warrant, a wet suit or dry suit. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Sta	ndards	Task must be completed without placing the MOB in any danger and should be completed within 3 minutes of the time the initial warning was given.				
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1.	Coxswain receives report	t of MOB.				
2.	Boat comes about toward	the side from which the MOB fell or in a safe manner.				
3.	Pointer is assigned and po	ositioned, and coxswain is informed of MOB's position.				
4.	Deploy life ring and strob	pe light correctly, if able.				
5.	Depress MOB button on	the GPS/DGPS.				

Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	



TASK COX-07-02-TYPE	Recover a Life-Like Dummy	(Oscar) in 2- to 4-Foot Sea
FASK COX-07-02-TYPE	Recover a Life-Like Dummy	(Oscar) in 2- to 4-Foot Se

	NOTE	Geral Task DOES NOT apply to skiffs and punts.					
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M161	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A				
Conditions		Given an operational CG boat and a certified crew operatin trainee will recover a life-like dummy (Oscar) from the wa underway, during daylight hours, with a minimum sea heig accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference	ter. Task will be perfetter, the term of 4 feet. Trainee	ormed while			
Standards		Task must be completed without placing the simulated MC completed within 3 minutes of the time the initial warning		ld be			
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type			
1.	Coxswain receives	report of MOB.	<u> </u>				
2. Boat comes about toward the side from which the MOB fell or in a safe manner.							
3.	Pointer is assigned a	and positioned, and coxswain is informed of MOB's position.					
4. Correctly deploy life ring and strobe light.							
5.	Depress MOB butto	on on the GPS/DGPS.					
6. Brief crew on pickup.							
7.	Base approach to M	OB on prevailing conditions.					
8. Recover MOB within 3 minutes.							
9.	Notify Station.						
Inst	ructor		Date				
Con	nments						



TASK COX-07-03-TYPE

Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with No Way-On, and Transfer Personnel

References

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section E

Conditions

Given an operational CG boat, a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations, and another boat underway but with no way-on, trainee will safely transfer personnel from the CG boat to the other boat with no way-on. Task will be performed while underway, during daylight hours, in fair weather conditions and calm seas.

Standards

Task must be completed without placing the personnel of either boat in danger. Task should be performed in a controlled manner and without unnecessary maneuvering.

	performed in a conducted manner and without unnecessary maneuvering.				
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.				
2.	Establish communications with the other boat.				
3.	Brief personnel on the other boat.				
4.	Rig all fenders. Roving fender is available if needed.				
5.	Make approach to other boat.				
6.	Bring CG boat alongside other boat.				
7.	Transfer personnel to other boat.				
8.	Maneuver CG boat away from other boat.				
	tructor	Date			
Co					

TASK COX-07-04-TYPE

Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with Way-On, and Transfer Personnel

References

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section E

Conditions

Given an operational CG boat, a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations, and another boat underway with way -on, trainee will safely transfer personnel from the CG boat to the other boat with way -on. Task will be performed while underway, during daylight hours, in fair weather conditions and calm seas.

Standards

Task must be completed without placing the personnel of either boat in danger. Task should be performed in a controlled manner and without unnecessary maneuvering.



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign dutie	es.		
2.	Establish communications	with the other boat.		
3.	Brief personnel on the oth	er boat.		
4.	Rig all fenders. Roving fe	nder is available if needed.		
5.	Make approach to other be	oat.	<u> </u>	
6.	Bring CG boat alongside of	other boat.		
7.	Transfer personnel to other	er boat.		
8.	Maneuver CG boat away 1	from other boat.		
Ins	Instructor Date			
Cor	Comments			
TA	SK COX-07-05-TYPE	Maneuver the Boat Alongside a Ship and Transfer Personne	el	
	NOTE &	Task ONLY applies to cutter boats.		
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.b. Knight's Modern Seamanship	5 (series), Chapter	10, Section E
Coi	nditions	Given an operational CG boat, a certified crew operating withis ship or large vessel with an accommodation ladder, Jacob's lac safely transfer personnel from the CG boat to the ship or large while underway, during daylight hours, in fair weather condition	lder, or cargo net, t ves sel. Task will l	rainee will
Sta	ndards	Task must be completed without placing the personnel of eithe be performed in a controlled manner and without unnecessary		Task should
	NOTE &	Accomplishment of this task depends on the availability of a shi geographical location of a unit prevents practical demonstration until an opportunity presents itself. Task should be accomplished	of this task, it may	be postponed
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign dutie	es.		



Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
2. Establish communications with the other vessel.		
3. Brief shipboard personnel and determine method of transfer.		
4. Rig all fenders. Roving fender is available if needed.		
5. Obtain permission from ship CO to come alongside.		
6. Make approach to ship using a 15- to 30-degree angle.		
7. Receive sea painter and secure to an inboard cleat just aft of the bow, if applicable.		
8. Hold boat at desired position alongside the ship.		
9. Transfer personnel to the ship.		
10. Request and receive permission to maneuver away from the ship.	<u> </u>	
11. Maneuver CG boat away from the ship.	<u> </u>	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		

TASK COX-07-06-TYPE

Combat a Boat Fire from the Boat

NOTE &

Task DOES NOT APPLY to cutter boats.

References

- a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section A
- b. U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)

Conditions

Given an operational CG boat, a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations, and another boat with a simulated fire onboard, trainee will combat the fire on the other boat. Task will be performed while underway, during daylight hours, in fair weather conditions and calm seas.

NOTE &

It is not necessary to actually place water on the drill boat for this task. All of the equipment must be activated, but in order to minimize salt spray on the drill boat the fire fighting steps may be simulated.



Standards

Task must be completed without placing the personnel of either boat in danger. Task should be performed in a controlled manner and without unnecessary maneuvering.

		<u></u>		T
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign dutie	s.		
2.	Approach distressed boat f	rom upwind.		
3.	Account for all persons fro	m the distressed boat upon arrival.		
4.	Prepare fire fighting equip	ment for use.		
5.	Engage fire pump and start	portable pump.		
6.	Rescue any persons in extre	emis and address medical needs.		
7.	Fight fire keeping CG boat	upwind.		
8.	Make preparations to dewa	ter distressed vessel.		
9.	Dewater distressed vessel i	f able to do so safely.		
10.	Keep SMC advised of statu	is.		
Inst	tructor		Date	
Cor	nments			
TA	SK COX-07-07-ANY	Use a Portable Pump to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boa	at	
	NOTE &	Task DOES NOT APPLY to cutter boats.		
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114	5 (series), Chapter	· 18, Section I
Con	nditions	Given an operational CG boat, a certified crew operating within another boat simulating taking on water, trainee will dewater the pump. Task will be performed while underway, during daylight conditions and calm seas.	ne other boat using	g a portable
Sta	ndards	Task must be completed without placing the personnel of eithe maintain positive control over both boats during the dewatering controlled manner and without unnecessary maneuvering	r boat in danger. 7 g. Task should be	Γrainee should performed in a



WARNING 🎨 Do not use a drop/portable pump to dewater a boat with fuel contamination in its bilges.

Performance Criteria					
Brief crew and assign dutie	es.				
2. Account for all persons fro	2. Account for all persons from the distressed boat upon arrival and remove them from the boat if necessary.				
3. Rescue any persons in extremis and address medical needs.					
4. Make portable pump ready	4. Make portable pump ready for use.				
5. Conduct risk assessment be	efore placing CG personnel onboard distressed vessel.				
6. Start portable pump and ob	otain/maintain suction.				
7. Dewater distressed vessel.					
8. Determine if flooding was	controlled.				
9. Safely identify source of flo	ooding.				
10. Safely reduce or stop flood	ling.				
11. Set flood watch.					
12. Keep SMC advised of state	us.				
Instructor Date					
Comments					
TASK COX-07-08-TYPE	Use an Eductor to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boat				
NOTE &	Task DOES NOT APPLY to cutter boats.				
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5	(series), Chapter	18, Section I		
Conditions	Given an operational CG boat, a certified crew operating within prescribed limitations, and another boat simulating taking on water, trainee will dewater the other boat using an eductor. Task will be performed while underway, during daylight hours, in fair weather conditions and calm seas.				
Standards	Standards Task must be completed without placing the personnel of either boat in danger. Trainee should maintain positive control over both boats during the dewatering. Task should be performed in a controlled manner and without unnecessary maneuvering.				
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
Brief crew and assign dutie	es.				
Account for all persons fro boat, if necessary.	om the distressed boat upon arrival and remove them from the				
<u> </u>					



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
3.	Rescue any persons in extr	emis and address medical needs.			
4.	Make eductor ready for us	2.			
5.	Conduct risk as sessment b	efore placing CG personnel onboard distressed vessel.			
6.	Start fire pump and obtain/	maintain suction.			
7.	Dewater distressed vessel.				
8.	Determine if flooding is co	ntrolled.			
9.	Safely identify source of fl	ooding.			
10.	Safely reduce or stop flood	ing.			
11.	Set flood watch.				
12.	Keep SMC advised of stat	1S.			
Instructor Date					
Coı	nments				
TA	SK COX-07-09-ANY	Attend a Static Display Given by a CG Helicopter Air Crew	•		
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter C and D				· 19, Sections	
Cor	Conditions Task will be performed at any time with both helicopter types on deck for a static display, prior to conducting helicopter operations.				
	NOTE GOVE Task MAY BE DEFERRED if no helicopter training is available. Task must be completed at the earliest possible time. For cutter boats, task only applies to flight-deck equipped cutters.				
Sta	ndards	Task must be completed in accordance with the steps listed be	low.		
		Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	
1.	Attend static display given	by a CG helicopter aircrew prior to conducting helicopter operate	tions.		
2.	Identify tow points for eac	h type of helicopter.			



	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)		
3. Ide	3. Identify all emergency exits for each type of helicopter.				
4. Di	iscuss emergency breakaway procedures with the helicopter aircrew.				
	Instructor Date Comments				
Commi					
	-				
TASK	COX-07-10-TYPE Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Direct Delivery NOTE (COX-07-10-TYPE) Task ONLY applies to boats 30' and above.	y Method			
Refere	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M1 and B	6114.5 (series), Chapter	· 19, Sections A		
Condit	Task will be performed while underway, during daylight Task should be accomplished during a scheduled helicop crew members should be wearing helmets, PFDs or wet kits. Trainee must accomplish the task without promptin NOTE AMAY BE DEFERRED if no helicopter training is a at the earliest possible time.	ter operations training s suits, and boat crew per- g or use of a reference.	ession. All sonnel survival		
Standa	Task must be performed so as not to endanger any crew and/or cable must not become entangled or otherwise att must be grounded to the boat before crew members hand	ached to the boat at any			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1. Br	rief crew and assign duties.				
2. Es	stablish communications with the helicopter.	=			
3. Ag	gree on breakaway procedures between helicopter and boat.				
4. Sta	ate number of persons onboard (POBs) on helicopter and boat.				
5. Es	stablish and maintain boat heading and speed.				
6. Br	ring basket onto CG boat by hand.				
7. Lit	ift basket from CG boat and hoist up to helicopter.				



Comments					
TASK COX-07-11-TYPE Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Trail Line Delivery M	ethod				
NOTE GOVE Task ONLY applies to boats 30' and above.					
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 and B	(series), Chapter	19, Sections A			
Task will be performed while underway, during daylight hours, in fair weather condit Task should be accomplished during a scheduled helicopter operations training session crew members should be wearing helmets, PFDs or wet suits, and boat crew personne kits. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.					
NOTE GATE Task MAY BE DEFERRED if no helicopter training is available the earliest possible time.	le. Task must be	completed at			
	and/or cable must not become entangled or otherwise attached to the boat at any time. Basket				
Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type			
Brief crew and assign duties.					
2. Establish communications with the helicopter.	_				
Agree on breakaway procedures between helicopter and boat.					
State number of POBs on helicopter and boat.					
5. Establish and maintain boat heading and speed.					
6. Bring basket onto CG boat using the trail line.					
7. Lift basket from CG boat and hoist up to helicopter.					
	I				
Instructor	Date				



TASK COX-07-12-TYPE	Participate in a Rescue Swimmer Transfer Using the Rescue Strap			
NOTE &	Task ONLY applies to boats 30' and above.			
References	References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 19, Section and B			
Task will be performed while underway, during of Task should be accomplished during a scheduled crew members should be wearing helmets, PFDs kits. Trainee must accomplish the task without p		helicopter operations training session. All or wet suits, and boat crew personnel survival ompting or use of a reference.		
NOTE &	Task MAY BE DEFERRED if no helicopter training is available the earliest possible time.	ible. Task must be	completed at	
Standards	Task must be performed so as not to endanger any crew members or the helicopter. Rescue strap and/or cable must not become entangled or otherwise attached to the boat at any time. The cable must be grounded to the boat before crew members handle it.			
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
Brief crew and assign dutie	es.			
2. Establish communications	with the helicopter.			
3. Agree on breakaway proce				
4. State number of POBs on helicopter and boat.				
5. Establish and maintain boat heading and speed.				
6. Transfer rescue swimmer t				
7. Hoist rescue swimmer back	c to helicopter.	<u> </u>		
Instructor		Date		
Comments				
-				
TASK COX-07-13-TYPE Demonstrate the Appropriate Responses to the Basic Engineering Casualty Control Exercises (BECCE)				

References

a. Manufacturers' Operator's Manual and Technical Publications

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time onboard each of the unit's boats, including non-standard boats, without the use of any references or prompting.



Standards

In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, demonstrate the steps taken for each of the BECCEs listed, as stated in reference (a) above.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type			
1.	Fire in the engine room.					
2.	Loss of steering (cable/hydraulic).					
3.	Loss of steering (jammed rudder).					
4.	Accidental grounding.					
5.	Collision with submerged object.					
6.	Reduction gear failure.					
7.	Main engine high water temperature.					
8.	Loss of main engine lube oil pressure.					
9.	Loss of fuel oil pressure.					
10.	Loss of control of engine RPMs.	<u> </u>				
11.	General starting difficulties including engine not starting and emergency starting procedures.					
12.	Cooling system casualties.					
13.	Propeller damage and excessive cavitation.					
14.	Immersed outboard.					
15.	Loss of electrical power.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Inst	Instructor Date					
Cor	Comments					



Section H. Towing and Salvage

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Eight:

- **Define** and **state** the static and dynamic forces that come into play during various towing evolutions.
- **Demonstrate** the procedures used when preparing to take a vessel in tow.
- **Demonstrate** the procedures for inspecting both fixed and running towing gear.
- **Demonstrate** the procedures for taking a boat in tow using different approaches.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-08-01-ANY	State General Towing Safety Precautions	4-79
COX-08-02-ANY	State the Principle Forces that Affect Boat Towing	4-79
COX-08-03-ANY	Inspect the Towline and Associated Hardware	4-80
COX-08-04-ANY	Make Preparations for Taking a Vessel in Tow	4-80
COX-08-05-TYPE	Use a "Heavy Weather" Approach to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow	
COX-08-06-ANY	Use a Shackle or Skiff Hook Assembly Connection to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow	4-83
COX-08-07-ANY	Take a Boat in Stern Tow Using a Bridle Connection	4-84
COX-08-08-TYPE	Take a Boat in Alongside Tow from a Stern Tow	4-85
COX-08-09-TYPE	Moor a Disabled Vessel in Alongside Tow to a Float or Pier	4-86
COX-08-10-TYPE	Take a Vessel at Anchor, Near Shoal Water in Tow	4-86



TA	SK COX-08-01-ANY	State General Towing Safety Precautions		
References		a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Appendix 17-A		
Conditions Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without use of a reference.		t prompting or		
Standards		In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the basic policy precautions taken during towing evolutions as outlined in the steps listed below.		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	State the precautions rega	rding removal of personnel from disabled boats.		
2.	State the policy regarding	wearing of PFDs by persons onboard the disabled boats.		
3.	State the precautions rega	rding the throwing of heaving lines.		
4.	State the policy regarding	establishing and maintaining communications.		
5.	State the precautions rega	rding personnel around the towline.		
6.	State the precautions rega	rding the breaking strength of shackles used.		
7.	State the precautions rega	rding the towed boat's hull capability and speed.		
	tructor	Date		
Cor	nments			
TA	SK COX-08-02-ANY	State the Principle Forces that Affect Boat Towing		
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	17, Section B	
Coı	Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.			
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the principle fo boat towing as outlined in the steps listed below.	rces effecting	
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	State the causes and effec	ts of static forces.		
2.	2. State the types, causes, and effects of dynamic forces.			
3.	3. State the cause of towline strain.			
4. State the cause and effect of shock load.				
5.	State the effect that length	nening the towline has on shock load.		
Inst	Instructor Date			
Cor	nments			



TASK COX-08-03-ANY

Inspect the Towline and Associated Hardware

References

Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section C

Conditions

Task will be performed dockside during daylight hours. All hawsers, bridles, shackles, hooks, and other gear carried aboard the boat and associated with towing will be inspected. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

Standards

All gear should be inspected in accordance with the above reference and as outlined in the steps

Suiraurus	listed below.	to inspected in decordance with the above reference and as odding	ned in the steps
	Perfo	rmance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Inspect the towline and s	state the warning signs	s for wear or defective condition.	
2. Inspect the double-braid	ed bridles and state th	e warning signs for wear or defective condition.	
3. Inspect the shackles and	kicker/skiff hook and	state the warning signs for defective condition.	
4. Inspect wire rope bridles	and state the warning	g signs for wear or defective condition.	
5. Inspect bitts, cleats, choo	cks, and the towline st	torage reel and state the warning signs for defective condition.	
Instructor		Date	
-			
TASK COX-08-04-ANY	Make Preparatio	ons for Taking a Vesselin Tow	
References	References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section II and Appendix 17-A		
Conditions	Conditions Task will be performed while underway for training or towing operations during daylight:		
	For MLB:	20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but not feet.	greater than 8
	For UTB:	20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 4 feet but not feet.	greater than 8
	For all others:	10- to 20-knot winds, and seas of not less than 2 feet.	
A messenger should be used for passing the towline, and a bridle may be used for hookup Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.			or hookup.
Standards Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel or boat in accosteps listed below. Proper radio procedure and prowords shall be used during communications.		w. Proper radio procedure and prowords shall be used during all	
	Perfo	rmance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Establish communication	Establish communications using a Coast Guard working frequency.		
2. Determine material condition of the vessel to be towed.			

Performance Criteria	(Initials)
1. Establish communications using a Coast Guard working frequency.	
2. Determine material condition of the vessel to be towed.	
3. Determine physical condition of the people onboard the vessel to be towed.	



		Perfo	ormance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
4. Direct p	people onboard the	vessel to be towed	to don life preservers.	
5. Bend he	Bend heaving line to towline for passing to the vessel to be towed.			
the follo a. Ho b. Lin c. Sa	lowing: ookup procedure ine handling afety	sel to be towed regar For towing line or bri	rding the hookup and towing procedure to be used, including	
	reakaway procedur			
		(steering behind, etc	c.)	
	owing approach	s schadula to ba folk	owed for the duration of the tow.	
	sh backup emergen		owed for the duration of the tow.	
			sel understands the above procedures.	
- Bilgure	That the operator o	T the distressed (ess	or anothern are according to	
Instructor			Date	
TASK COX	X-08-05-TYPE		eather" Approach to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Char	oter 17. Section D
TASK COX		a. Boat Crew S	eather" Approach to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chap formed while underway for training or towing operations duri	
TASK COX		a. Boat Crew S	Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chap	ng day light in:
TASK COX		a. Boat Crew S Task will be perf	Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapformed while underway for training or towing operations duri 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but in	ng day light in:
TASK COX		a. Boat Crew S Task will be perf For MLB:	Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapformed while underway for training or towing operations duri 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but 1 feet. 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 4 feet but 1	ng day light in:
FASK COX		a. Boat Crew S Task will be perf For MLB: For UTB: For all others: A messenger sho	Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapformed while underway for training or towing operations duri 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but 1 feet. 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 4 feet but 1 feet.	ng day light in: not greater than 8 not greater than 8
TASK COM		a. Boat Crew S Task will be perf For MLB: For UTB: For all others: A messenger sho Trainee must acc Trainee must per steps listed below	Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chap formed while underway for training or towing operations duri 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but 1 feet. 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 4 feet but 1 feet. 10- to 20-knot winds, and seas of not less than 2 feet. bull be used for passing the towline and a bridle may be used	ng day light in: not greater than 8 not greater than 8 for hookup.
TASK COM		a. Boat Crew S Task will be perf For MLB: For UTB: For all others: A messenger sho Trainee must acc Trainee must per steps listed below	Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chap formed while underway for training or towing operations duri 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but 1 feet. 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 4 feet but 1 feet. 10- to 20-knot winds, and seas of not less than 2 feet. buld be used for passing the towline and a bridle may be used complish the task without prompting or use of a reference. If orm the task without casualty to personnel or boat in accord w. Towline must be passed on the first pass without resorting of fouling the towline.	ng day light in: not greater than 8 not greater than 8 for hookup. ance with the to backing down
References Conditions Standards		a. Boat Crew S Task will be perf For MLB: For UTB: For all others: A messenger sho Trainee must acc Trainee must per steps listed below and with no risk of	Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chap formed while underway for training or towing operations duri 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 6 feet but r feet. 20- to 30-knot winds, and seas of not less than 4 feet but r feet. 10- to 20-knot winds, and seas of not less than 2 feet. puld be used for passing the towline and a bridle may be used complish the task without prompting or use of a reference. If orm the task without casualty to personnel or boat in accord w. Towline must be passed on the first pass without resorting of fouling the towline. Criteria Completed	ng day light in: not greater than 8 not greater than 8 for hookup. ance with the to backing down



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
2.	Make preparations for taking a boat in tow in accordance with TASK COX-08-04-ANY, including the establishment of the best place to attach a line and the rigging of a bridle if one is to be used.				
3.	Maneuver boat onto the same heading as the disabled vessel and stop astern of it.				
4.	Determine vessel's relative rate of drift by observing which vessel drifts to leeward faster.				
5.	Make approach into predominate weather/seas.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
6.	Keep boat stationed in optimal position.				
7.	Ensure crew member passes the heaving line to the disabled vessel.				
8.	Pay out and tend line away from boat's screws.				
9.	Place working turn on tow bitt after towline is secured on disabled vessel.				
10.	Set initial course.				
11.	Pay out appropriate length of towline.				
12.	Make up tow bitt.				
13.	Adjust scope of towline to put towed vessel in step.				
14.	Set and maintain tow watch.				
15.	Display proper lights and sound signals given for the weather conditions present.				
16.	Install chafing gear as needed.				
17.	Maintain safe towing speed.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
18.	Check status of towed vessel.				
Inst	ructor	Date			
Cor	Comments				



TEA		Use a Charlet on Chiff Healt Assembly Compaction to Take a Vessel in Comp	
	SK COX-08-06-ANY	Use a Shackle or Skiff Hook Assembly Connection to Take a Vessel in Ster	
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chap	ter 17
Conditions		Task will be performed while underway for training or towing operations, during daylight, in calm to moderate weather conditions. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.	
Sta	ndards	Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel or boat in accordance steps listed below.	ance with the
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Brief crew on assigned du	ities.	
2.	Make preparations for tak	king a boat in tow in accordance with TASK COX-08-04-ANY.	
3.	Begin approach from off	the bow and downwind of the disabled vessel.	
4.	Maneuver boat to position	n in front of the disabled vessel.	
5.	Ensure crew member pass	ses the shackle or attaches the skiff hook to the disabled vessel.	
6.	Pay out and tend line awa	y from boat's screws.	
7.	Place working turn on tov	w bitt after towline is secured on disabled vessel.	
8.	Set initial course.		
9.	Pay out appropriate length	h of towline.	
10.	Make up tow bitt.		
11.	Adjust scope of towline to	o put towed vessel in step.	
12.	Set and maintain tow wat	ch.	
13.	Display proper lights and	sound signals given for the weather conditions present.	
14.	Install chafing gear as nee	eded.	
15.	Maintain safe towing spec	ed.	
16.	Check status of towed ves	ssel.	
Inst	ructor	Date	
Cor	nments		



TASK COX-08-07-ANY Take a Boat in Stern Tow Using a Bridle Connection Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17 References **Conditions** Task will be performed while underway for training or towing operations, during daylight, in calm to moderate weather conditions. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

Stan dards

Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel or boat in accordance with the steps listed below. Towline must be passed on the first pass without resorting to backing down

	and with no risk of fouling the towline.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	Brief crew on assigned duties.		
2.	Make preparations for taking a boat in tow in accordance with TASK COX-08-04-ANY including establishment of the best place to rig a bridle.	g the	
3.	Maneuver boat onto the same heading as the disabled vessel and stop astern of it.		
4.	Determine vessel's relative rate of drift by observing which vessel drifts to leeward faster.		
5.	Make approach into predominate weather/seas.		
6.	Keep boat stationed in optimal position.		
7.	Ensure crew member passes the heaving line to the disabled vessel.		
8.	Pay out and tend line away from boat's screws.		
9.	Place working turn on tow bitt after towline is secured on disabled vessel.		
10.	Set initial course.		
11.	Pay out appropriate length of towline.		
12.	Make up tow bitt.		
13.	Adjust scope of towline to put boat-towed vessel in step.		
14.	Set and maintain tow watch.		
15.	Display proper lights and sound signals given for the weather conditions present.		
16.	Install chafing gear as needed.		
17.	Maintain safe towing speed.		
18.	Check status of towed vessel.		
	Instructor Date Comments		

iisti uctoi	Date	
Comments		



TAS	SK COX-08-08-TYPE	Take a Boat in Alongside Tow from a Stern Tow		
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	· 17
Conditions		Task will be performed while underway for training or towing operations, during daylight, in calm weather conditions. The disabled vessel should be at least ¾ the length of the towed boat. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Star	ndards	Trainee must perform the task without casualty to personnel or steps listed below. Towline must not be placed near the screw		e with the
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew on assigned du	ities.		
2.	Brief vessel to be towed of	on procedures to be used.		<u> </u>
3.	Prepare deck for alongsid	e tow.		
	a. Rig fenders on appro	opriate side of towing vessel.		
	b. Make alongside line	s ready.		
4.		and shorten tow if needed. Maintain positive control of the tow and appropriate relative position while shortening tow.		
5.	Break down tow bitt, hau deck).	l slack towline aboard, and fake out of the way (clear of well		
6.	Drop towline of disabled	vessel or properly execute backdown approach.		
7.	Move towline to the #1 li	ne position.	<u> </u>	
8.	Pass and secure tow strap tow.	to disabled vessel ensuring the stern of the boat is aft of the	<u> </u>	
9.	Secure aft spring line and	stern line.		
10.	Energize appropriate navi	gation lights as needed.		
11.	Attach forward spring line	2.		
Inst	ructor		Date	
Cor	nments			



TASK COX-08-09-TYPE

Moor a Disabled Vessel in Alongside Tow to a Float or Pier

NOTE	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M10	6114.5 (series), Chapter	r 17
Conditions	Task will be performed while underway for training or to calm weather conditions. Trainee must accomplish the tareference.		
Standards	Trainee must perform the task without casualty to person steps listed below. Towline must not be placed near the moored on the first try with a minimum of maneuvering.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. State the expected of	effects of the wind and current on the mooring of the boat.		
2. Brief crew on the p	rocedure to be used and assign duties.		
3. Brief towed boat or	n mooring method, location, and procedures.		
4. Brief bow pointer a	and position in effective location.		
5. Approach pier slow	ly, at an angle.		
6. Safely moor vessel	(s).		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK COX-08-10-TY	PE Take a Vessel at Anchor, Near Shoal Water in Tow		
NOTE	Task DOES NOT apply to cutter boats.		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M1	6114.5 (series), Chapter	r 17
Conditions	Task will be performed while underway for training or to calm to moderate weather conditions. Trainee must accouse of a reference.	wing operations, during mplish the task without	daylight, in prompting or
Standards	Trainee must perform the task without casualty to person	nel or boat in accordant	ce with the

steps listed below. Towline must be passed on the first pass with no risk of fouling the towline.



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew on assigned duties.		
2.	Make preparations for taking a boat in tow in accordance with TASK COX-08-04-ANY including the establishment of the best place to rig a bridle.		
3.	Identify nearest hazard and adjust approach as necessary.		
4.	Maneuver towed boat to safest position where heaving line can be passed.		
5.	Keep station while heaving line and pass towline/bridle to disabled vessel.		
6.	Direct crew to tend line with no strain until connection is completed.		
7.	Recover anchor of disabled boat or cut anchor line		
8.	Tend bitt while boat and tow move clear of restricted waters.		
9.	Pay out appropriate length of line for size and type of boat being towed.		
10.	Adjust speed accordingly for the type of boat and conditions.		
11.	Adjust scope of towline to put boat and towed vessel in step.		
12.	Set tow watch.		
13.	Display proper navigational lights and sound signals for the current weather conditions.		
Inst	ructor	Date	
Cor	nments		



Section I. Law Enforcement, Homeland Security and Defense **Operations**

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Nine:

Complete the following Boarding Officer and Boarding Team Member PQS.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
COX-09-01-ANY	Law Enforcement, Homeland Security and Defense Operations	4-88

TASK COX-09-01-ANY

Law Enforcement, Homeland Security and Defense Operations

References

Boarding Officer/Boarding Team Member Personal Qualification Standard (PQS), COMDTINST M16247.3 (series)

Conditions

Task should be performed at any time. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of a reference.

NOTE This task **MUST** be accomplished by **ALL** coxswain trainees.

Standards

Task must be completed in accordance with the above reference.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Complete the following Boarding Team Member tasks:	
	a. 1-04 Authority and Jurisdiction	
	b. 1-05 Use of Force Continuum	
2.	Complete the following Boarding Officer tasks:	
	a. 2-01 Authority and Jurisdiction	
	b. 2-10 Use of Force Against Non-Compliant Vessels	
3.	Complete the following specialty and optional task:	
	a. 3-07 Less than Lethal Delivery Systems	

Instructor	Date	
Comments	•	



Chapter 3. Coxswain Trainee Study Guide

Introduction

This Chapter should be removed and given to the trainee to keep. Its purpose is to provide guidance for the trainee's reading assignments and is not a part of the training record.

The trainee should read the appropriate reading assignment and answer the related questions prior to beginning training in each new task. The instructor should then discuss the trainee's answers to ensure understanding of the subject matter prior to beginning instruction for each new task.

NOTE &

If there is no reading assignment assigned for a specific task, then the task will not have a page number to reference.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Reading Assignments - Division One	4-90
В	Reading Assignments - Division Two	4-92
С	Reading Assignments - Division Three	4-94
D	Reading Assignments - Division Four	4-101
Е	Reading Assignments - Division Five	4-102
F	Reading Assignments - Division Six	4-105
G	Reading Assignments - Division Seven	4-112
Н	Reading Assignments - Division Eight	4-118
I	Reading Assignments - Division Nine	4-122



Section A. Reading Assignments - Division One

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-01-01-ANY	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	4-91
COX-01-02-ANY	None assigned	



TASK COX-01-01-ANY: Crew Fatigue Standards

1.	The crew fatigue standards are based on a period.
2.	A shall be sent when a station reaches crew fatigue.
3.	The maximum crew underway time in seas greater then four feet is hours.



Section B. Reading Assignments - Division Two

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-02-01-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Section B	4-93
COX-02-02-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8, Sections B and C	4-93
COX-02-03-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 8	4-93
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
COX-02-04-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-02-05-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-02-06-ANY	None assigned	



TASK COX-02-01-TYPE: State Basic Construction and Design Features of the Boat

1.	The hull consists of a framework and a skin or shell plating.	
2.	As a displacement hull moves through the water, the water at the bow and then closes behind it.	
3.	With enough speed, the planing hull is up onto the surface of the water.	
4.	Once the boat is planing, the power must be decreased to move the boat from the planing mode to the displacement mode.	
5.	The is the backbone of the boat.	
6.	Transverse frames extend and are perpendicular to the keel.	
7.	With the hatches shut, the space between bulkheads becomes	
8.	Net tons refer to the capacity of the boat expressed in tons of 100 cubic feet.	
TA	ASK COX-02-02-TYPE: State the Characteristics of, and Set Watertight Integrity Aboard the Boat	
1.	A boat may sustain heavy damage and remain, provided watertight integrity is maintained.	
2.	Doors, hatches, and scuttle covers must be while the boat is underway and while it is moored and unattended by crew members.	
3.	Watertight closures must have clean, bright, unpainted, smooth for the gaskets to press against.	
4.	Small openings to water and fuel tanks, as well as void spaces, are called	
5.	Watertight doors and hatches, having individually opened dogs, should be opened starting with the dog the hinges.	
TA	ASK COX-02-03-TYPE: Locate and State the Purpose of Deck Equipment and Fittings Onboard the Boat	
1.	The complete list of each piece of equipment required onboard a boat is contained in a document called the	
2.	Chafing chain assists in preventing chafing of the on the bottom.	
3.	Chafing gear is used to protect theline.	
4.	Personnel survival kits are used by in the event of capsizing or man overboard.	



Section C. Reading Assignments - Division Three

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-03-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 9, Section B, and Chapter 10, Section A	4-96
COX-03-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Sections A and B	4-96
COX-03-03-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-04-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-05-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-06-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-07-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-08-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1, Appendix A	4-97
	 Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series) 	
COX-03-09-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-10-TYPE	None as signed	
COX-03-11-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-12-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Sections C and D	4-97
COX-03-13-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10	4-97
COX-03-14-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10	4-97
	Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)	
COX-03-15-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section F	4-98
COX-03-16-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section F	4-98



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-03-17-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section G	4-98
COX-03-18-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum	4-99
COX-03-19-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-03-20-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10	4-99
COX-03-21-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section H	4-100
COX-03-22-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section H	4-100



TASK COX-03-01-ANY: State the Forces that Affect Boat Handling

1.	A boat has two principle types of stability, and		
2.	The center of gravity is fixed for stability and does not shift unless weight is,		
3.	A moment is the force tending to return the boat to an even keel.		
4.	The characteristic of a boat depends upon the hull shape.		
5.	When a tidal current is going out, it is called the; it will build up a sea when running across a bar.		
6.	Currents are movements of water.		
7.	When running against the current maneuverability, the closer the current is on the bow.		
8.	The direction toward which a current flows is called the		
9.	The speed of a current expressed in knots is called the		
10.	An eddy is a motion of water in or beside the main current.		
11.	Waves are generated as a result of the moving over the water's surface.		
12.	Breaking waves are the most kind of waves encountered in boat operations.		
13.	The difference between the distance a propeller should advance a vessel in one revolution and the distance it actually travels is called		
14.	The flow of water caused by the propeller is called current.		
1.	On a single screw boat, with sternway on and the rudder amidships, the stern will back to		
2.	On a single screw boat, when commencing forward motion with no way on, the side force will throw the stern to		
3.	Boats are usually under better control with		
4.	High freeboard causes a boat to be susceptible to the of the wind.		
5.	The distance the boat will travel after the engine has been disengaged is called .		
6.	Whenever possible, for control, approach a dock into the wind and on the side of the dock.		
7.	On a twin screw boat, the starboard screw ishanded and the port screw ishanded.		
8.	On a twin screw boat, with the port screw astern and the starboard screw stopped, the stern will go to		
9.	On a twin screw boat, with the port screw astern and the starboard screw ahead, the boat will pivot in a direction.		
10.	On a twin screw boat, the effects of a leeway can be overcome by increasing the RPMs of the engine.		



TASK COX-03-08-TYPE: Conduct a Pre-Underway Checkoff for the Boat

1.	When briefing the crew, the coxswain should explain the of the mission.		
2.	Before getting underway, the coxswain should ensure that all gear is secured and the boat is secured for sea.		
3.	All necessary for the mission should be onboard.		
4.	The engineer should make checks and report the results to the		
5.	Engine controls should be tested in both and, and the reaction time should be noted.		
T	ASK COX-03-12-TYPE: Get the Boat Away from a Pier		
1.	When clearing with a single screw boat and no wind or current, the coxswain puts the engine ahead with the rudder at amidships, moves ahead slowly, and applies right or left rudder		
2.	When clearing with a single screw boat while being set against the dock, and after the stern is clear, the coxswain should cast off the spring line and shift the rudder.		
3.	When clearing with a twin screw boat, port side to, and no wind or current, go ahead on the starboard engine and on the port with full rudder until the stern clears the dock.		
	When clearing with a twin screw boat, starboard side to, while being set against the dock, and after the stern is clear, the spring line is cast off.		
4.			
	spring line is cast off.		
	spring line is cast off. ASK COX-03-13-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters With a single screw boat moored port side to, after throwing the stern out, the coxswain should pull the throttle into		
1. 2.	SK COX-03-13-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters With a single screw boat moored port side to, after throwing the stern out, the coxswain should pull the throttle into		
1. 2.	spring line is cast off. ASK COX-03-13-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters With a single screw boat moored port side to, after throwing the stern out, the coxswain should pull the throttle into and the rudder to right full. The basic process should be until clear.		
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1. 2. T//	spring line is cast off. ASK COX-03-13-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters With a single screw boat moored port side to, after throwing the stern out, the coxswain should pull the throttle intoandthe rudder to right full. The basic process should beuntil clear. ASK COX-03-14-TYPE: Come About in a Narrow Channel The effect of current that causes the boat to veer off from the near bank when traveling in a straight line is calledcushion.		
1. 2. T// 1. 2. 2.	spring line is cast off. ASK COX-03-13-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat in Tight Quarters With a single screw boat moored port side to, after throwing the stern out, the coxswain should pull the throttle into the rudder to right full. The basic process should be until clear. ASK COX-03-14-TYPE: Come About in a Narrow Channel The effect of current that causes the boat to veer off from the near bank when traveling in a straight line is called cushion. The force that has the effect of moving the stern into the bank is called bank The combined effect of bank cushion and bank suction may cause a boat to veer off toward the		



TASK COX-03-15-TYPE: Operate the Boat and Apply Its Handling Characteristics in a Following Sea

1.	The average sea runs to knots.
2.	If white water is gaining astern, the coxswain must either gain before the water reaches the boat or get the into it with headway.
3.	With an MLB, the coxswain should take care to steer any tendency of the stern to slip sideways.
TA	SK COX-03-16-TYPE: Maneuver in Heavy Weather
1.	The is the up and down motion of the bow or stern.
2.	The is the side-to-side motion as each side goes up and down.
3.	The vertical motion the entire boat makes is the
4.	Look and drive for the path of
5.	Keep one hand constantly on the
6.	Try to avoid the gusts.
7.	Maneuver only to keep a aspect to the weather.
TA	SK COX-03-17-TYPE: Maneuver in Rivers
1.	Bank cushion occurs only when operating in to the bank.
2.	is the horizontal flow or movement of water in a river.
3.	In extremely narrow channels where bank cushion and bank suction are expected, proceed at a very
4.	, and are factors that affect a boat's turn in a sharp bend or narrow channel.



TASK COX-03-18-TYPE: Identify Heavy Weather Terms

1.	In heavy weather, is the key to running the safest operations possible.			
2.	The factors which determine the characteristics of wind waves are:			
	a			
	b			
	c			
3.	The period in a wave system is the safest time to transit a bar, inlet, or shoal area in heavy seas/surf.			
4.	The four methods of estimating wave height are:			
	a. Compare with floating structures/vesselsb			
	c. Compare with fixed structures			
_				
5.	The is defined as the section of a wave that carries the most potential energy.			
6.	It is preferable to drive a boat in the if possible, thus avoiding the			
7.	occur when a wave breaks from the ends toward the middle, or two waves forward of each other.			
8.	Driving on the can be particularly useful in a narrow surf zone because it allows you to drive very close to a break relatively safely.			
TA	SK COX-03-20-TYPE: Moor the Boat			
1.	If the wind or current is from astern, a spring line is used instead of a bow spring line.			
2.	When mooring a single screw boat, with no wind or current, the coxswain should make his approach using an angle of approximately			
3.	When mooring a single screw boat from leeward, against the current, the coxswain should make his approach using a angle.			
4.	When mooring a twin screw boat, the coxswain should use as an angle as safely possible.			
5.	Wind will cause the bow of the boat to off.			



TASK COX-03-21-TYPE: Anchor the Boat

1.	When selecting an anchorage, shallow water is preferred became and reduce the	
2.	When approaching the anchorage, if possible, head	the wind or current.
3.	The scope of the anchor line used should be to	times the depth of the water to be anchored in calm water.
4.	When letting go, the anchor line should be tended directly from	m the
5.	While anchored, keep a posted at	all times.
ΙA	ASK COX-03-22-TYPE: Weigh the Boat	's Anchor
1.		
	When approaching the anchor, the slack in the line should be	taken up to prevent
1.	When approaching the anchor, the slack in the line should be fouling the screw(s).	taken up to prevent, the anchor will normally break free from the bottom.



Section D. Reading Assignments - Division Four

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page	
COX-04-01-ANY	None assigned		



Section E. Reading Assignments - Division Five

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-05-01-ANY	None assigned	
COX-05-02-ANY	• Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section C	
COX-05-03-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	4-103
COX-05-04-ANY	None assigned	
COX-05-05-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	4-103
COX-05-06-ANY	None assigned	
COX-05-07-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-05-08-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-05-09-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-05-10-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-05-11-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-05-12-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-05-13-TYPE	None assigned	
COX-05-14-ANY	None assigned	
COX-05-15-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 14, Section D	4-104
COX-05-16-ANY	None assigned	



TASK COX-05-02-ANY: Determine a Compass Course from a True Course

1.	The compass reading must be corrected for	and	
2.	Variation is the difference in degrees between the poles.	directions to the	and true north
3.	The amount the compass is deflected by magnetic influences of the boat itself is called		
4.	Deviation varies for different	you steer.	
5.	To apply compass error, eitherdirection.		
6.	Apply to the compas to the magnetic co	s course to get the magnetic course and thourse to get the true course.	ien apply
7.	When correcting you must add	errors and	westerly errors.
		Boat Using Dead Reckoni	
1.	Dead reckoning is the process of determining a bo	at s position by applying its course, speed	i, and time from its
2.	The key elements of dead reckoning are the course current, wind, or other external forces.	e steered and the distance traveled withou	t to
3.	Only courses	are used to determine a DR.	
4.	DR plots should be labeled at least every change.	and at every	or
5.	A new course should be plotted from every	as it has been determined the	nus starting a new DR plot.
TA	ASK COX-05-05-ANY: Determine and Bea	ne the Location of a Boat Urings	Jsing Radar Ranges
1.	The line of is c		
2.	If you have a single LOP, you know you are	on that line.	
3.	An ideal fix is one having or mo	ore LOPs.	
4.	LOPs should always be taken on objects close to t distance from the object.	he boat as minor errors are magnified as y	you your
5.	Radar fixes, no matter how they are determined, a fixes.	re plotted in the same manner as	
6.	Care should be taken when using radar	information only	y.



TASK COX-05-15-ANY: Distance, Speed, and Time

1.	calculations.	_ and	are critical elements in navigational
2.	Distance is measured in	·	
3.	Speed is measured in		
4.	Time is measured in		



Section F. Reading Assignments - Division Six

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-06-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section A	4-108
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
COX-06-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section B	4-108
	 District SOPs U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series) 	
COX-06-03-ANY	None assigned	
COX-06-04-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Sections E and F	4-110
	Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-06-05-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section E	4-110
	Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	
	GPS Operator's Handbook	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
COX-06-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section E	4-110
	Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	
	GPS Operator's Handbook	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
COX-06-07-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section E	4-111
	Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	
	GPS Operator's Handbook	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	



Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-06-08-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section E	4-111
	Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	
	GPS Operator's Handbook	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
COX-06-09-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section E	4-111
	Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	
	GPS Operator's Handbook	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	
COX-06-10-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 15, Section E	4-111
	Coast Guard Institute SAR Fundamentals Course 0431	
	GPS Operator's Handbook	
	Radar Operator's Handbook	
	U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series)	



TASK COX-06-01-ANY: Organization and Responsibility

1.	The U.S. Coast Guard Addendum to the United States National Search and Rescue Supplement (NSS) to the International Aeronautical and Maritime Search and Rescue Manual, COMDTINST M16130.2 (series) establishes primary geographical divisions of responsibility for U.S. SAR, each with its own
2.	The three geographical divisions are:
	a
	b
	c
3.	The Coast Guard is responsible for SAR.
4.	The Air Force is responsible for SAR.
5.	Maritime SAR is divided into areas, the maritime area, and the maritime area.
6.	The three general objectives that provide direction for the SAR program are to minimize loss of, and; to minimize and
	during SAR missions; and to maintain and and during SAR
	missions, and to maintain a position in maritime SAR.
7.	The two program goals are to save at least of those people at risk of death and to prevent the loss of at least of the property that is at risk of destruction.
TA	SK COX-06-02-ANY: Legal Aspects and USCG Policy
1.	The CFR states that the CG shall develop, establish, maintain and operate SAR facilities, and render aid to on and under the high seas.
2.	"SAR Agreements" are formal agreements and should resolve coordination problems.
3.	is one of the most important tools available to SAR authorities.
4.	Because of their high false alert and alarm rates, 121.5/243 MHz first alerts initiate the phase.
5.	The CG endorses the as the preferred beacon type.
6.	SAR resources can reasonably be dispatched upon receipt of a first alert.
7.	Flare incidents must be treated as a and unless available information indicates otherwise.
8.	Unresolved red or orange flares require
9.	In a case, the reporting source did not deliberately act to deceive.
10.	A case where information is conveyed with the intent to deceive is a
11.	When the source of a hoax or false alarm has been confirmed, the case can be
12.	Only the can suspend or downgrade an unresolved hoax or false alarm case.
13.	The Coast Guard's primary concern in a SAR situation is that and be provided.
14.	The SMC may use all sources of assistance in a without concern for with private enterprise.
15.	Reasonable time on scene by a commercial provider is generally considered to be
16.	Coast Guard resources will not with private enterprise.
17.	Reserve and personnel are not to be used in any capacity that might give rise to the perception of a



18.	A Marine Assistance Request Broadcast (MARB) will be made to solicit the of anyone who can assist the mariner.
19.	Coast Guard or auxiliary vessels may be directed to respond if no intent to respond to a MARB is heard within a period of time. A guideline of is recommended.
20.	In cases involving towing by the CG or Auxiliary, the vessel being towed will be taken to the nearest
21.	Coast Guard units should engage in salvage other than towing only when limited salvage operations can prevent a or of the vessel.
22.	Any salvage operations shall be performed at the discretion of the unit
23.	The District Commander may modify the policy to provide for refloating a grounded boat which is not in peril of further damage or loss if CG units are of rendering the assistance; the owner the assistance and agrees to the to be made; and CG units and personnel are not by the operation.
24.	are primarily responsible for maintaining necessary fire fighting capabilities in U.S. ports and harbor.
25.	During marine fire fighting situations, CG units shall adopt a response posture and shall focus their attentions on those traditional CG activities not requiring unit personnel to enter into a
26.	Rescue of persons trapped below the surface of the water must fully consider proper and
27.	The shall ensure guidance is in place so that experienced supervisors, not the decide how to proceed with rescue attempts.
28.	A Coast Guard swimmer is not to go or enter a or object.
29.	A unit CO may request the assistance of other divers, certified divers or similarly highly trained method is local police divers, through appropriate channels.
30.	A unit CO may consider using personnel with diving qualifications, including diving qualifications, who services, if faced with a life-threatening situation and no other resources are reasonably available. The volunteers may be CG personnel or civilians.



TASK COX-06-04-ANY:

Plot the Following Search Patterns: Expanding Square (SS), Sector (VS), Parallel (PS), Creeping Line (CS), Track Line Non-Return (TSN), and Track Line Return (TSR)

1.	The Coast Guard is responsible for sea	rch and rescue in the region.	
2.	The	is responsible for coordinating and controlling a	
	specific SAR mission at the scene of t		
3.	The most important items of informati	on to initially record are the nature of distress and its	
4.	Theaboard the vessel.	phase is assigned anytime apprehension exists for the safety of a vessel or the people	
5.	The term moment of time.	refers to the probable location of the distressed craft corrected for drift at any	
6.	As time progresses, datum must be	to account for wind and current.	
7.	The search area must be large enough	to ensure that survivors are in it.	
8.	A search description, using the corner	method, gives the latitude and longitude of each	
9.	A search description, using thetwo or more landmarks as boundaries	for the search method, uses	
10.	Sweep width is a function of the envir	commental conditions in the search area and how those conditions affect	
11.	Track spacing is the	between adjacent search tracks.	
12.	. The search pattern is used when the last known position is established within close limits with a high degree of accuracy.		
13.	The confidence and the search target is dif	search pattern is used when datum is established with a high degree of ficult to detect.	
14.	The pattern used when the only inform	nation available is the intended track of the target is the pattern.	
TA		Execute a Single Unit Expanding Square Search (SS) Pattern	
1.	The has a high degree of accuracy, the sear	is used when the last known position of a search object ch area is small, and a concentrated search is desirable.	
2.	In the SS Pattern, the first leg is normal degrees to starboard.	lly in the direction of the search object's drift and all turns are made	
TΑ	ASK COX-06-06-ANY:	Execute a Single Unit Sector Search (VS) Pattern	
1.	The VS Pattern is used by a	boat.	
2.	The first leg begins in the	direction that the search object is drifting toward.	



TASK COX-06-07-ANY: **Execute a Single Unit Parallel Search (PS) Pattern** The PS search pattern is used when the search area is _____ and there is equal probability of the target being anywhere in the ___ The search legs are ______ to the search area's ______. **Execute a Single Unit Creeping Line Search (CS)** TASK COX-06-08-ANY: Pattern The CS pattern is used when the ____ _____ of the search object has been determined to be more likely at one end of the search area than at the other end. 2. CS patterns are the same as parallel patterns with the exception that the ______ are run parallel to the short side. TASK COX-06-09-ANY: **Execute a Single Unit Track Line Non-Return Search** (TSN) Pattern 1. A TSN search is used when the only information is the search targets _____ or ___ 2. The TSN is usually the first search action since the _____ may be near its _____ and will be easily seen. TASK COX-06-10-ANY: **Execute a Single Unit Track Line Return Search (TSR)** Pattern

2. In darkness or extremely low visibility, surface search vessels should periodically stop their engines at a selected point in the

1. TSR is used to search when the only information available on the missing vessel is the ______

___ of the search object.

search area and conduct a ______



Section G. Reading Assignments - Division Seven

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-07-01-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A	4-113
COX-07-02-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A	4-113
COX-07-03-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A	4-113
COX-07-04-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 16, Section A	4-114
COX-07-05-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section E	4-114
COX-07-06-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 10, Section E	4-114
COX-07-07-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section H	4-71
COX-07-08-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 18, Section I	4-115
COX-07-09-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 19, Sections A and B	4-116
COX-07-10-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 19, Sections A and B	4-116
COX-07-11-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 19, Sections A and B	4-117
COX-07-12-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 19, Sections A and B	4-117
COX-07-13-TYPE	None assigned	



TASK COX-07-01-TYPE: Recover a Person From the Water Using the Direct Pickup Method

1.	The first person to realize someone has fallen overboard should spread the			
2.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should depress the MOB button on the receiver.			
3.	A with a strobe light should be dropped over the side.			
4.	The coxswain should normally turn the boat in the the man fell overboard.			
5.	Another option, particularly in a restricted waterway, is to stop, and, then return to the person in water (PIW).			
6.	If weather conditions permit, a should position himself at the cabin window.			
7.	A crew member will be assigned to prepare to retrieve the person from the water.			
8.	There are two basic approaches: a approach and a approach.			
9.	Generally, the coxswain will maneuver the boat to the side of the PIW so that the boat will be set the PIW.			
10.	The coxswain should slow the boat as the approach is made so that it will be nearly when the person overboard comes abeam.			
11.	The determining conditions for selecting a recovery method is whether the PIW is conscious,, or,			
12.	In heavy weather or surf conditions, the approach should be made heading the seas.			
TΛ	TASK COX-07-02-TYPE: Recover a Life-Like Dummy (Oscar) in 2- to 4-Foot Seas			
174				
1.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or receiver.			
	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or			
1.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or or receiver.			
1.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or receiver. A with a strobe light should be thrown over the side towards the person in the water.			
1. 2. 3.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or receiver. A with a strobe light should be thrown over the side towards the person in the water. A should be positioned on or near the bow of the boat.			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or receiver. A with a strobe light should be thrown over the side towards the person in the water. A should be positioned on or near the bow of the boat. There are two basic approaches: a approach and a approach. Another option, particularly in a restricted waterway, is to stop, and, then			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or receiver. A with a strobe light should be thrown over the side towards the person in the water. A should be positioned on or near the bow of the boat. There are two basic approaches: a approach and a approach. Another option, particularly in a restricted waterway, is to stop, and, then return to the PIW. ASK COX-07-03-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with No			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or receiver. A with a strobe light should be thrown over the side towards the person in the water. A should be positioned on or near the bow of the boat. There are two basic approaches: a approach and a approach. Another option, particularly in a restricted waterway, is to stop, and, then return to the PIW. ASK COX-07-03-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with No Way-On, and Transfer Personnel When determining approach, consider prevailing and, location,			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	After "Man Overboard" is called, the coxswain should then push the memory button on the or			



TASK COX-07-04-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat Alongside Another Boat, with Way-On, and Transfer Personnel

1.	Conditions permitting, match your to the other vessel, then start closing in from the side.		
2.	Close at a todegree angle to the vessel's heading.		
3.	Make contact with the section of your boat.		
4.	Minimize alongside.		
5.	Never when clearing alongside, parallel to another vessel that is making way.		
TA	ASK COX-07-05-TYPE: Maneuver the Boat Alongside a Ship and Transfer Personnel		
1.	A may be used in coming alongside a larger vessel underway. The sea painter is a line used to a boat clear of a ship's side and occasionally to hold a boat alongside a ship in order to or personnel.		
2.	The sea painter leads from the vessels deck, well forward of where the boat will come alongside.		
3.	Never secure the sea painter to the boat's or to the side of the boat away from the ship. If secured to the outboard side of the boat, could result.		
4.	Riding a sea painter helps maintain and control of the boat.		
TASK COX-07-06-TYPE: Combat a Boat Fire from the Boat			
1.	As a boat crew member, your primary responsibility in emergency assistance is		
2.	Boat crew members must work together as a to minimize any or immediate jeopardy for both casualties and themselves.		
3.	Fire is the greatest single potential for on a boat. The possibility of fire can never be completely and is always a threat to watch for and guard against.		
4.	Coxswains must always stay well clear of rising from a fire because they greatly reduce visibility and can pose a hazard.		
5.	Coast Guard personnel shall not engage in fire fighting operations except to save a or in the early stages of a fire, where they may avert a threat without undue risk.		



TASK COX-07-07-ANY: Use a Portable Pump to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boat

1.	A coxswain should always brief crew members on whatvessel.	to follow before beginning to dewater a disabled			
2.	of the crew is the first priority.				
3.	Once a source of flooding has been determined, crewmembers may take steinto the boat.	eps to			
4.	The distressed vessel should not be boarded if it seems	and could possibly			
5.	How to dewater a vessel depends onthat exist at the	scene.			
6.	Dewatering with a drop pump is done with the pump placed on the	boat.			
7.	When secured in its watertight container, a another.	can easily be passed from one boat to			
8.	Dewatering pumps will not be used to pump	<u>.</u>			
TA	TASK COX-07-08-TYPE: Use an Eductor to Dewater a Sinking or Swamped Boat				
1.	Dewatering with an eductor can be performed only whensafely come alongside a disabled vessel and remain close to it.	permit your boat to			
2.	An eductor is used in conjunction with the	on your boat.			
3.	The eductor is submerged, either or	, in the flooded area to be dewatered.			
4.	Boat crew must always make certain that a is placed in the flooded areas of a dis				



TASK COX-07-09-ANY: Attend a Static Display Given by a CG Helicopter Air Crew

1.	Helicopters are flexible, capable of recovering victims from a wide variety of distributions on land or water.	ess			
2.	Maximum endurance of the HH-65A Dolphin with a crew of two pilots and one crew member is approximately				
3.	The HH-65A Dolphin can carry a maximum of passengers or survivors in addition to its crew of three.				
4.	The HH-65A Dolphin will not land on the water except in an It will float if it is not badly and the flotation bags are				
5.	Maximum endurance of the HH-60J Jayhawk with a crew of two pilots and two crew members is approximately	_			
6.	The HH-60J Jayhawk will not land in the water except in an emergency. Even with, it will stay afloat only long enough for the crew to exit. It is not				
7.	The multi-jointed (MJ) is the primary device for hoisting survivors from land or sea during helicopter rescue operations.	g			
8.	Theis used to transfer an injured or unconscious person in any weather condition	ons.			
9.	The is used only to rescue persons familiar with its proper use.				
10.	10. Use of a minimizes the time a pilot must maintain a precise stable hover without having a reference point.				
TA	SK COX-07-10-TYPE: Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Direct Deliver Method	у			
1.	Boat-helicopter operations require team effort, alertness, and cooperation among crew members aboard both the and the				
2.	Ensure all is properly worn, including head, eye, hearing, and hand protection	n.			
3.	Stow or secure all on deck.				
4.	Lower and secure all antennas, booms, rigging, and				
5.	Designate one boat crewmember to give to the hoist operator.				
6.	Brief the crew and to be regarding the type of hoist to be expected.				
7.	Always allow the rescue device to contact the boat, water, or, before touching it.				



TASK COX-07-11-TYPE: Participate in a Basket Hoist Using the Trail Line Delivery Method

1.	The rescue device will be lowered from the side of the aircraft.		
2.	The pilot will normally direct the coxswain to assume a certain course and speed with a relative wind speed of to knots and 35 to 45 degrees off the bow.		
3.	Boat crew members will tend the trail line by method, exerting enough strain to guide the rescue device to the on the deck.		
4.	A second crew member should act as backup and the		
5.	Once the trail line is cast off, the coxswain will maneuver to and away from the helicopter.		
6.	If either the coxswain or pilot feels the operation is unsafe, then a should be conducted.		
TA	SK COX-07-12-TYPE: Participate in a Rescue Swimmer Transfer Using the Rescue Strop		
1.	The strop will only be used to transfer trained, uninjured personnel in fair weather.		
2.	2. When the person to be hoisted positions the collar under the armpits, a must ensure the safety strap s are fastened.		



Section H. Reading Assignments - Division Eight

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

Task Numbe r	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-08-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Appendix 17-A	4-119
COX-08-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section B	4-119
COX-08-03-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section C	4-120
COX-08-04-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17, Section D	4-120
COX-08-05-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17	4-120
COX-08-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17	4-121
COX-08-07-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17	4-121
COX-08-08-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17	4-121
COX-08-09-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17	4-121
COX-08-10-TYPE	None assigned	



TASK COX-08-01-ANY: State General Towing Safety Precautions

1.	All from the disabled boat should be removed if necessary.					
2.	The coxswain should ensure that all people onboard the boat to be towed have donned their					
3.	Heaving lines should be thrown the disabled boat.					
4.	should be established and maintained.					
5.	Personnel on both boats should be kept clear of the					
6.	Towlines should be tended before securing and never secured using hitches.					
7.	The breaking strength of all shackles used should be to or than the breaking strength of the towline.					
8.	Towlines should always be kept clear of the boat's					
9.	Boats beyond the capability of the towing vessel should be towed.					
10.	Boats should never be towed at speeds beyond the of the craft.					
11.	When towing, sudden and should be avoided.					
12.	A can be used to prevent yawing of the tow.					
13.	If practical, someone on the towed craft should man the					
14.	A constant towing should be maintained.					
TA	TASK COX-08-02-ANY: State the Principle Forces that Affect Boat Towing					
1.	Static forces can be minimized by beginning the tow					
2.	Speed should be increased slowly and in the direction as the disabled vessel is heading.					
3.	Dynamic forces are caused by the force resulting from the boat through the water, the and direction of the wind, and the and direction of the seas.					
4.	Friction is created by the movement of the layer through the water.					
5.	With a deep draft boat, a high rate of puts severe strain on the deck fittings and the towline.					
6.	Shock loading can be reduced by decreasing or increasing the					



TASK COX-08-03-ANY: Inspect the Towline and Associated Hardware

1.	A minimum of turns should always be kept on the towline reel.
2.	The towline should be inspected frequently for damage resulting from, abrasion, fusing, and snagging.
3.	Heavily used towlines will indicate reduced strength and overloading by its becoming or hard.
4.	The two types of bridles which should not be routinely used are the cabin and the bridles.
5.	To determine wear on wire rope, the coxswain must know (1) the original diameter of the wire rope, (2) the present diameter of the wire rope, and (3) the diameter of a wire in one of the of the wire rope.
6.	Bitts, cleats, and chocks should be inspected frequently for,, and working surface smoothness.
TA	ASK COX-08-04-ANY: Make Preparations for Taking a Vessel in Tow
1.	In determining towing speed, the primary factor to be considered is the of the boat and its occupants.
2.	To determine the maximum towing speed of a displacement hull boat, use the formula Speed (in knots) = 1.34 times the square root of the at the water line.
3.	Safe towing speed is maximum towing speed decreased by at least%.
4.	The recommended towing speed for planing hulls is the as for a displacement hull.
5.	All equipment should be assembled and checked for
6.	If boat-to-boat communications cannot be established through installed radio equipment, provide a radio to someone on the distressed craft.
7.	Persons aboard the distressed craft should be directed to their PFDs.
8.	The people on the other board should be on the procedures to be used.
TA	ASK COX-08-05-TYPE: Use a "Heavy Weather" Approach to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow
1.	The "heavy weather" approach is used when there is a sea or when the disabled boat's rate of speed is rapid.
2.	The towing boat crosses the disabled boat's bow on a heading to it.
3.	This heading should be the seas and wind whenever possible.



TASK COX-08-06-ANY: Use a Shackle or Skiff Hook Assembly Connection to Take a Vessel in Stern Tow

1.	The trailer eyebolt is generally located on the	, or near the	of the boat.
2.	To reduce the hazard of injuries to personnel aboard both with a, is used to make to	boats during hookup, a skiff hook assen he connection.	nbly, used in conjunction
3.	The skiff hook assembly is only used with small	type boats.	
4.	Shackles should only be used in or	weather conditions.	
5.	After tightening the shackle pin, it should be		
T/	ASK COX-08-07-ANY: Take a Boat	in Stern Tow Using a Brid	le Connection
1.	leg bridles are gener	rally used for towing sailboats.	
2.	Ashould be	assigned to the sailboat to assist in the rig	gging.
3.	The should be visually insp	ected to ensure it will be able to withstan	d the stress of towing.
4.	The crew member on the sailboat should take one	turn around the mast and then	the bridle to the
1. 2. 3. 4.	waters. The tow strap and the backing line reduce the amount of should always	, which can occur between be rigged to prevent hull damage. It is the towed boat	boats.
5.	Back down slowly to remove the slack from the	strap.	
TA	ASK COX-08-09-TYPE: Moor a Disak Pier	oled Vessel in Alongside 1	ow to a Float or
1.	When docking, the coxswain should of the towed vessel.	speed as slowly as p	possible to maintain control
2.	Factors such as wind velocity, current, and height of tide of approach and the side of the		he best
3.	For control approach,mooring.	the wind and current and moor on the p	rotected side of the



Section I. Reading Assignments - Division Nine

Introduction

The reading assignment(s) should be read prior to beginning instruction of each task.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
COX-09-01-ANY	None Assigned	



Part 5 Heavy Weather Coxswain Qualification

Introduction

This Part contains a collection of tasks, which must be learned, practiced, and performed by the trainee. These tasks represent the minimum elements of skill and knowledge necessary for safe and effective performance of a Coast Guard heavy weather coxswain.

This Manual is not meant to be ordered for purposes of obtaining individual qualification tasks. Qualification tasks should be reproduced locally and provided for trainees.

In this Part

This Part contains the following Chapters:

Chapter	Title	See Page
1	Task Accomplishment Record for Heavy Weather Coxswain	
2	Heavy Weather Coxswain Qualification Tasks	5-5
3	Heavy Weather Coxswain Trainee Study Guide	5-43





Chapter 1. Task Accomplishment Record for Heavy Weather Coxswain

NOTE &	Instructor should remove this chapter and place it in the trainee's training record.			
TRAINEE NAME:		RATE:		
INSTRUCTOR NA	ME:	RATE:		
POSITION/QUALIFICATION CODE TO BE TRAINED FOR:				
NOTE G	Instructors should line through those tasks not applicable to	this qualification.		

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
HW-01-01-ANY			
HW-01-02-ANY			
HW-01-03-TYPE			
HW-01-04-ANY			
HW-01-05-ANY			
HW-01-06-ANY			
HW-01-07-ANY			
HW-02-01-ANY			
HW-02-02-ANY			
HW-02-03-TYPE			
HW-02-04-ANY			
HW-03-01-ANY			
HW-03-02-TYPE			
HW-03-03-TYPE			
HW-03-04-TYPE			



Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
HW-03-05-TYPE			
HW-03-06-TYPE			
HW-03-07-TYPE			
HW-03-08-TYPE			
HW-03-09-TYPE			
HW-03-10-TYPE			
HW-03-11-TYPE			
HW-03-12-TYPE			
HW-03-13-ANY			
HW-03-14-ANY			
HW-04-01-ANY			
HW-04-02-TYPE			
HW-04-03-TYPE			
HW-04-04-TYPE			
HW-04-05-TYPE			
HW-04-06-TYPE			
HW-04-07-TYPE			
HW-04-08-TYPE			
HW-04-09-TYPE			
HW-04-10-ANY			



Chapter 2. Heavy Weather Coxswain Qualification Tasks

Introduction

The following are the instructions for this Chapter:

- This Chapter is to be kept by the instructor or in the trainee's training record. Its purpose is to provide guidance on the trainee's progress through the qualification tasks.
- The instructor should present the tasks to the trainee in a logical order using the instructions provided in *Part 1*.
- Tasks should be signed, dated and placed in the trainee's training record when the instructor is satisfied that the trainee can consistently perform a task in accordance with all standards and conditions.

Prerequisites

A prospective Heavy Weather Coxswain must:

- Be assigned to an operational unit with a surf capable boat attached, and
- Be a certified coxswain on the boat type for which they are seeking this higher level of qualification.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Heavy Weather and Surf Knowledge	5-6
В	Emergency Procedures or Response in Heavy Weather/Surf	5-12
С	Heavy Weather Operations	5-16
D	Surf Operations (up to 8 feet)	5-32



Section A. Heavy Weather and Surf Knowledge

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division One:

• **Demonstrate** knowledge of heavy weather and surf conditions and operating boats under these conditions.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
HW-01-01-ANY	NY Identify the Types of Breaking Seas, their Characteristics and Causes	
HW-01-02-ANY	Explain the Geographical Causes of Local Surf Conditions	5-7
HW-01-03-TYPE	Explain the Forces Effecting a Surf Capable Boat Operating in Heavy Weather and Surf	5-8
HW-01-04-ANY	-ANY Explain the Relationship Between Navigation and Piloting as it Pertains to Operations in Heavy Seas or Surf	
HW-01-05-ANY	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personnel from the Water in Heavy Seas or Surf	5-9
HW-01-06-ANY	Explain the Heavy Weather Towing Approach and Key Elements Related to Towing in Heavy Weather	5-10
HW-01-07-ANY	Explain the Procedure for Passing the Pump or Other Gear in Heavy Seas	5-11

TASK HW-01-01-ANYIdentify the Types of Breaking Seas, their Characteristics and CausesReferencesa. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 12, Section B, and Heavy Weather Addendum, Section Ab. Bowditch
c. Chapman Pilotingc. Chapman PilotingConditionsTask performed at any time or place with the aid of visual reference. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting.StandardsThe trainee must identify, without error, the types of breaking seas while observing actual conditions or referring to photo examples.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State differences between deep-water waves and near shore breaking waves.	
2.	Identify and describe types of breakers (plunging, spilling, surging).	
3.	State causes of each type of breaker.	



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
4.	State effects of bottom cor	ntour, jetties, islands, and obstructions.	
5.	State effects of winds on se	ea conditions.	
6.	Explain the effects of curre	ent and tidal conditions on breaking seas.	
7.	State the definition for the	following terms:	
	a. Closeout		
	b. Window		
	c. Saddled. Shoulder		
	d. Shouldere. Low/high side		
	c. Low/ingir side		
Ins	tructor	Date	
Cor	nments		
			
TA	SK HW-01-02-ANY	Explain the Geographical Causes of Local Surf Conditions	
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), He Addendum, Section A	avy Weather
Conditions Task performed at any time or place with use of visual reference. Trainee mu task without prompting.		nust accomplish	
Sta	ndards	The trainee must state, without error, the local surf conditions, causes, areas preferred training areas.	to be avoided, and
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State description of local s	urf conditions.	
2.	State causes of each type.		
3.	State affects of local conto	our, jetties, islands and obstructions.	
4.	State effects of winds.		
5.	5. State effects of local tides and currents.		
6.	6. State local surf areas to be avoided.		
7. State characteristics (depths, shoaling areas, local names) for typical surf zones in operating area.			
8.	State effects of local weath	her systems and patterns.	
	Instructor Comments Date		



TASK HW-01-03-TYPE		Explain the Forces Effecting a Surf Capable Boat Operating in Heavy Weather and Surf		
References		a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E		
Cor	nditions	Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish of a reference.	task without proi	npting or use
Star	ndards	The trainee must state, without error, the forces effecting a sur weather and surf.	f capable boat ope	rating in heavy
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	State how various wind various	velocities effect boat operations with the bow, stern and beam to		
2.	State how different types and beam to the element.	of sea/swell patterns effect boat operations with the bow, stern	<u> </u>	
3.	State effects of aerated w	rater on rudders and propellers.		
4.	State effects of shallow v	water on maneuverability.		
5.	State how each type of be the element.	reaker effects boat operations with the bow, stern, and beam to		
6.	State effects of meeting s when meeting a breaker.	surf with all power ranges and the effects of excessive speed		
7.	State effects of meeting a quartering, square).	a breaker at varying angles to the boat (i.e. bow to, stern to,		
8.	Describe wave avoidance	e techniques.		
9.	State cause of rollover or	knockdown.		
10.	State cause of pitchpoling	2 .		
11.	State cause of broaching.			
12.	State effects of changes i	n center of gravity.		
Inst	ructor		Date	
Cor	nments			



TASK HW-01-04-ANY	Explain the Relationship Between Navigation and Piloting as it Pertains to O Heavy Seas or Surf	perations in		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E			
	b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards Manual, COMDTINST M3530.2 (series	s)		
Conditions	Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pron of a reference.	Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	The trainee must explain, without error, the difficulties encountered when piloting in heavy seas and/or surf. The trainee must explain the methods used to overcom difficulties that would allow the coxswain to be assured of the boat's position and	e these		
	Performance Criteria	Complete d (Initials)		
State the definition for nav	rigation and piloting.			
2. State the safe surf working	g areas by use of ranges, points of reference, or radar ranges and fathometer.			
3. State the use of shore-side	(tower/beach) lookouts to keep track of the MLB's position.			
4. Explain the importance of would be more appropriat	frequent operational status communications and when a 15-minute position check e than 30 minutes.			
5. State the advantages and d weather.	isadvantages of using the enclosed bridge versus the open bridge in heavy			
6. State the effects of aerated	water on the accuracy of the fathometer.			
Instructor	Date			
				
Comments				
Comments				
Comments				
TASK HW-01-05-ANY	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf	el from the		
	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn			
TASK HW-01-05-ANY	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy W	Veather		
TASK HW-01-05-ANY References	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Wandlendum, Section E Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pron	Veather		
TASK HW-01-05-ANY References Conditions	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Wandendum, Section E Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without promof a reference. The trainee must state, without error, the proper procedure for recovery of personness.	Veather		
TASK HW-01-05-ANY References Conditions Standards	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Wandlendum, Section E Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pron of a reference. The trainee must state, without error, the proper procedure for recovery of person water in heavy weather or surf.	Veather Inpting or use Innel from the Completed		
TASK HW-01-05-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. State the importance of en	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Waddendum, Section E Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pronof a reference. The trainee must state, without error, the proper procedure for recovery of person water in heavy weather or surf. Performance Criteria	Veather Inpting or use Innel from the Completed		
TASK HW-01-05-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. State the importance of ending the standards of the standard of the standards of the	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Waddendum, Section E Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pron of a reference. The trainee must state, without error, the proper procedure for recovery of person water in heavy weather or surf. Performance Criteria ssuring that proper PPE is used.	Veather Inpting or use Innel from the Completed		
TASK HW-01-05-ANY References Conditions Standards 1. State the importance of ending 2. State the importance of sed 3. State when to have person	Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personn Water in Heavy Seas or Surf a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Waddendum, Section E Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pronof a reference. The trainee must state, without error, the proper procedure for recovery of person water in heavy weather or surf. Performance Criteria Issuring that proper PPE is used. Itting up down-swell and using the appropriate steering station.	Veather Inpting or use Innel from the Completed		



them.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
6. State first-aid proceed	lures and where to place recovered personnel.	
7. State the differences	between recovery techniques used for a conscious vice unconscious person.	
8. Discuss the use of life rings, throw bags, and boat hooks.		
9. State the risks inhere	ent in recovering personnel from the water and methods used to minimize them.	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK HW-01-06-ANY	Explain the Heavy Weather Towing Approach and Key Elements Related to Heavy Weather	Towing in
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter	r 17
Conditions	Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without proposed a reference.	npting or use
Standards	The trainee must state, without error, the heavy weather approach.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the importance	of setting up down-swell/down-current and using the appropriate steering station.	
2. State the importance disabled vessel (set a	of being aware of the effect that the wind and seas have on the MLB in relation to the and drift).	
3. State the definition of	f optimum position, danger area, and maneuvering zone.	
4. State the procedures	for maintaining safe distance while station keeping (opening and closing).	
5. State the importance	of crew control and assigning duties.	
6. State the standard co	exswain/crew communications expected during each of the following phases:	
a. Set-up		
b. Approach		
c. Hook-upd. Paying out		
e. In tow		
	w rigs available and the advantages of each.	
	nock loading and how to correct them.	-
5. State the eauses of si	sock following and now to correct menn.	_
9. State the purpose, de	eployment procedures and proper use of the drogue as it relates to towing in heavy seas.	

10. State the risks or safety concerns inherent in taking a vessel in stern tow and methods used to minimize



Instructor	Date	
Comments		
TASK HW-01-07-ANY	Explain the Procedure for Passing the Pump or Other Gear in Heavy Seas	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy W Addendum, Section E	⁷ eather
Conditions	Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pror of a reference.	npting or use
Standards	The trainee must state, without error, the proper procedure for passing a pump or heavy seas.	other gear in
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. State the importance of t	using a proper heavy weather approach to the lowest part of the disabled vessel.	
2. State proper equipment s messengers.	setup to pass gear in heavy weather including use of tending lines, extra flotation, or	
3. State the importance of s	station keeping until all gear is delivered.	
4. State the risks inherent in	n passing equipment in heavy seas and methods used to minimize them.	
Instructor Date		
Comments		



Section B. Emergency Procedures or Response in Heavy Weather/Surf

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Two:

- **Demonstrate** an understanding of the PPE and safety equipment to be used for heavy weather/surf operations.
- **Demonstrate** an understanding of the emergency procedures for operating in heavy weather/surf.

NOTE &

Instructors must ensure that trainees reassess risk at appropriate intervals during evolutions, communicate to the crew, and use the results in decision-making.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
HW-02-01-ANY	Identify PPE and Safety Equipment for Heavy Weather and Surf Operations	5-12
HW-02-02-ANY	Explain Boat Preparations and Safety Precautions for Operating in Heavy Seas/Surf	5-13
HW-02-03-TYPE	Explain the Procedures to be Taken for a Rollover or Knockdown	5-14
HW-02-04-ANY	Explain the Procedures for Personal Survival if Lost Overboard in a Heavy Weather or Surf Environment	5-15

TASK HW-02-01-ANY Identify PPE and Safety Equipment for Heavy Weather and Surf Operations References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6 b. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series) Conditions Task performed on the boat at any time. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Standards The trainee must state, without error, the safety precautions and safety equipment for heavy weather and surf operations.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	State current policies and references for use of PPE and safety equipment on boats.	
2.	State use of safety belts and seat belts.	
3.	State the attachment points for the safety belts.	
4.	State use of helmets.	
5.	State use of dry suits, anti-exposure coveralls, hypothermia undergarments, gloves, and other protective garments including requirements for wear of each. Include explanation on the dangers of improper attire, such as cotton clothing, non-waterproof gloves, caps, comfort rings, etc.	



Inst	ructor	Date			
Con	nments				
TAS	SK HW-02-02-ANY	Explain Boat Preparations and Safety Precautions for Operating in Heavy So	eas/Surf		
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Utilization Guidelines, COMDTINST 5312.16 (series)			
		b. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series)			
Cor	nditions	Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without pror of a reference.	npting or use		
Star	ndards	The trainee must state, without error, preparations and safety precautions for ope heavy seas or surf.	rating a boat in		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1.		ated to conducting safety rounds on the boat prior to heavy weather or surf integrity, typical missile hazards, equipment stowage, systems checks).			
2.	State disabling casualties or surf.	or restrictive discrepancies that would effect decisions to operate in heavy weather			
3.	Explain the need for a bac	kup radio and alternatives for communication.			
4.	State when it is necessary	to increase the frequency of ops and position checks (i.e. every 15 minutes).			
5.	State maximum training co	onditions.			
6.	State maximum operations	al conditions.			
7.	State affects of fatigue and	l hypothermia on crew.			
8.	State procedures for reduc	ringbody stress.			
9.	Explain the boat crew fatig	gue standards.			
10.	State concept of offshore	crew management (extended sortie, underway rest/relief alternatives).			
11.	Explain coxswain/surfmar points).	n level decision criteria related to prosecution of the mission sortie (i.e. Go-No Go			
12.	State procedures for condu	acting underway rounds during or after operations in heavy weather or surf.			
13.	Explain how risk assessme	ents are conducted and used to manage inherent risks.			
Inst	Instructor Date				
Con	Comments				



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TASK HW-02-03-TYPE		Explain the Procedures to be Taken for a Rollover or Knockdown			
References		a. Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST	M16114 (series)		
Conditions		Task performed at any time onboard boat. Trainee must accorduse of a reference.	nplish task withou	t prompting or	
Sta	ndards	In response to the instructor, the trainee must, without error, state the crew procedures when a boat rolls or is caught by the force of a breaker.			
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1.	State the actions of crew	in the event a breaker strikes the boat.			
2.	State force to be expecte	d and effects on crew and boat.			
3.	State expected length of	time for rollover or knockdown.			
4.	State immediate coxswai control of the boat.	in/surfman actions including assessment of crew condition and			
5.	State post rollover/knock	kdown casualty control procedures.			
6.	State likely conditions of	f antennas, mast, electronics, windows, and superstructure.		<u> </u>	
7.	State likely condition of	engine room and other compartments.			
8.	State potential damage corollover or knockdown.	ontrol efforts or assistance that may be required as a result of a			
9.	State the effect flooding maneuvering.	in various compartments will have on boat stability and			
10.	State precedence for second	uring of electrical system breakers if necessary.			
11.	State essential information communicating status.	on to be reported to operational command and alternatives for			
12.	State deciding factors (i.e. or return.	e. reassessed risk) to determine whether to proceed with mission			
13.	State potential actions to	be performed by the backup safety boat (when available).			
14.	State immediate dockside	e procedures.			
Ins	tructor		Date	l	
Coı	nments				



TASK HW-02-04-ANY	Explain the Procedures for Personal Survival if Lost Overboard in a Heavy Surf Environment	Weather or	
Reference	a. Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series)		
Conditions	Task performed at any time or place. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	The trainee must state, without error, procedures for personal survival if lost ove area heavy weather or surf conditions.	rboard in local	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
Discuss local area hazards (i.e. cold water, warm water, ice), rescue response (from where), signaling, and survival choices (i.e. swim to beach, stay with boat).			
	r swimming in beach surf areas and hazards that may be encountered (i.e. wave hore currents, shoals, debris).		
3. Explain reasons for use of Guard response.	f a beach (shore-side) rescue party including limitations and alternatives to Coast		
4. Explain emergency proce swimmers.	dures (as established locally) and emergency signals to be used by rescue		
5. Discuss notification of other units or agencies, as appropriate, to ensure timely support resources are available. (potential cross-training opportunity)			
Instructor Date			
Comments			



Section C. Heavy Weather Operations

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division Three:

- **Demonstrate** ability to properly plan for heavy weather operations.
- **Demonstrate** ability to operate boat(s) in heavy weather conditions, during various missions.

NOTE &

Instructors must ensure that trainees reassess risk at appropriate intervals during evolutions, communicate to the crew, and use the results in decision-making.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
HW-03-01-ANY	Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Heavy Weather Operations	5-17
HW-03-02-TYPE	Conduct Safety Rounds, Vessel Systems Checks, and Crew Brief Related to Heavy Weather Operations	5-17
HW-03-03-TYPE	Operate a Boat in Heavy Seas	5-19
HW-03-04-TYPE	Pilot a Boat in Heavy Seas	5-20
HW-03-05-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in Heavy Seas	5-21
HW-03-06-TYPE	Maintain a Stationary Position (Station Keep) Relative to Another Vessel (or Drifting Object) in Heavy Seas*	5-22
HW-03-07-TYPE	Conduct a Direct Pass of Equipment (Drogue, Pump, Radio, etc.) to Another Vessel in Heavy Seas*	5-23
HW-03-08-TYPE	Take a Boat in Tow in Heavy Seas Using Heavy Weather Approach (Bow-to Seas)*	5-24
HW-03-09-TYPE	Take a Boat in Tow in Heavy Seas Using "Stern-to Seas" Approach*	5-25
HW-03-10-TYPE	Counteract Shockloading During Tow of a Vessel in Heavy Seas and Demonstrate Use of a Drogue*	5-26
HW-03-11-TYPE	Shorten Tow in Heavy Seas*	5-28
HW-03-12-TYPE	Tow a Vessel Inbound Across an Inlet or Bar in Heavy Weather*	5-29
HW-03-13-ANY	Illuminate a Bar, Inlet or Surf Zone at Night Using Pyrotechnics from a Boat and from Shore	5-30
HW-03-14-ANY	Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief	5-31

^{*} Task must be accomplished with another vessel



TASK HW-03-01-ANY		Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Heavy Weather O	perations		
References		a. Operational Risk Management, COMDTINST 3500.3 (series)			
		b. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST 1541.1 (serie	es)		
Cor	nditions	Task performed prior to getting underway. Trainee must according use of a reference.	mplish task withou	t prompting or	
Standards		Trainee must coordinate all mission planning and establish objust lead the shore-side pre-mission safety brief to include all watchstander, boat crews, tower watch, beach party).			
		Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)	
1.	Identify safe operating are	a and hazards.			
2.	Evaluate sea/surf conditions sortie.	ns, tides, currents, winds, and anticipated changes that may occur	during the		
3.	Brief crew on sortie objec	tives and the area where operations will be conducted.			
4.	Brief crew on communica discussion of backup radio	tions plan encompassing boat-to-boat, boat-to-shore, shore-to-boat ouse and location.	at. Include		
5.	Brief crew on principle us boats.	e of tower watch/beach party in providing critical information to t	he participating		
6.	Solicit and evaluate safety	concerns including knockdown/rollover brief and proper use of F	PPE.		
7. Conduct risk assessment for sortie using appropriate risk management tools (SPE, GAR or other) from TCT/ORM and include discussion of risk as part of crew briefs.					
Inst	ructor		Date		
Cor	nments				
TAS	SK HW-03-02-TYPE	Conduct Safety Rounds, Vessel Systems Checks, and Crew I Weather Operations	Brief Related to H	eavy	
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1			
Conditions		Task performed on boat prior to leaving protected waters and upon return to protected waters. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.			
Standards		Trainee must complete a visual safety round prior to getting underway. Trainee must check operation of the boat key systems and brief crew prior to leaving protected waters. Trainee must coordinate safety rounds of the boat after returning to protected waters.			
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
1.		through all compartments prior to getting underway (i.e. watertight integrity, leaks or signs of system problems).			
Monitor conditions and hazards in operating area.					



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
3.	Check engines and controls for full power ahead and astern (both open bridge stations on 47' MLB).			
4.	Check steering system for full, even rudder control port and starboard (both open bridge stations on 47' MLB).			
5.	Ensure engineer made round of engine room prior to leaving protected waters.			
6.	Assign crew positions and check PPE and all safety equipment.			
7.	Brief crew on methods to be used in moving about the deck, if necessary, and who will authorize movement.			
8.	Brief crew on natural ranges, points of reference, radar ranges, and depth of water to be used.			
9.	Brief crew on knockdown/rollover procedures.			
10.	Brief crew on procedure in the event the coxswain becomes incapacitated.			
11.	Brief crew on procedure to remain together and use appropriate signaling device in the event that they have fallen overboard.			
12.	Check communications with backup safety boat and/or shore party.			
13.	Coordinate safety rounds of boat after safely returning to protected waters.			
14.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.			
15.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat.			
16.	Brief crew on risk assessment results.			
Inst	Instructor			
Cor	mments			

Operate a Boat in Heavy Seas

TASK HW-03-03-TYPE

References



References		Weather Addendum, Section B				
Conditions		Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot seas. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must also demonstrate vessel control in high wind conditions with gusts greater than 30 knots. During single engine operations for the simulated engine casualty, the second engine will remain on line.				
Sta	ndards	Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat bow to, stern to, and beam to seas while both making way and				
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1.	Brief crew and assign dution	es.				
2.	Test engine and steering co	ontrols prior to departing protected waters.				
3.	Observe sea conditions and	d evaluate.				
4.	Identify safe operating are	a and hazards.				
5.	Avoid breaking waves, if I	possible.				
6.	Use proper power to meet	seas when required.				
7.	Maintain proper communi	cations between coxswain and crew.				
8.	Maintain full control of bo	oat while transiting with bow to seas.				
9.	Maintain full control of bo	eat while transiting with stern to seas.				
10.	Adjust speed and/or angle	to the seas to allow a stable, comfortable ride for conditions.				
11.	Maintain full control of bo	at while station keeping.				
12.	Maintain full control of bo	at while maneuvering in winds gusting to greater than 30				
13.	Maintain full control of bo than 10 degrees off heading	at while backing (minimum of 500 yards without yawing more g).				
14.	Maintain full control while engine casualty.	e operating/maneuvering with one engine, during a simulated				

Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 1, and Heavy



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Instructor	Date		
Comments			
TASK HW-03-04-TYPE	Pilot a Boat in Heavy Seas		
References	.5 (series), Heavy V	Veather	
	b. Coast Guard Navigation Standards Manual, COMDTIN	ST M3530.3 (series	s)
Conditions	Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot seas. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards	Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat be accomplished prior to getting underway or leaving protecte least eight miles with all installed navigation equipment used	ed waters. Boat mu	st be piloted at
	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
Brief crew and assign du		<u> </u>	
		<u> </u>	

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Conduct pre-launch preparations including plotting of dead reckoning positions, track lines, ranges, and waypoints.		
3.	Inspect boat ensuring all loose gear is stowed and watertight integrity is maintained.		
4.	Assign crew positions and check PPE and all safety equipment.		
5.	Observe sea conditions and evaluate safest course against planned dead reckoning plot.		
6.	Identify safe operating area and hazards and pilot boat with adjustments for surrounding dangers.		
7.	Consistently determine speed over ground and actual course made good.		
8.	Demonstrate awareness of the effects of current, swell, and wind on the boats heading.	=	
9.	Adjust heading and/or speed to compensate for set and drift as needed to maintain safe transit.	=	
10.	Integrate information from all available electronics to consistently determine position.		
11.	Demonstrate advantages and shortcomings of all available electronics.	<u> </u>	
12.	Promote continuous communication and use of crew as integral part of piloting effort.		



			The state of the s
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
13. Maintain situational awa	3. Maintain situational awareness and crew control throughout evolution.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments		_	
TASK HW-03-05-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in Heavy S	Seas	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 Addendum, Section D		Weather
Conditions	Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot seas. Traine prompting or use of a reference. A life-like dummy (Oscar) w training sortie.		
Standards	Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat method must be used. Task must be accomplished without in person (life-like dummy) in the water.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
Brief crew and assign duties.			
Station pointer on open steering station or nearby coxswain to effectively communicate.			
3. Throw life ring if approp	priate to assist PIW.		
4. Maneuver boat down sea	a into position for final approach.		
5. Make ready appropriate	standard retrieval equipment.		
6. Position crew for recove	ry ensuring safe movement and clear communications.	<u> </u>	
7. Conduct recovery from 1	recess port or well-deck only.		
8. Maneuver boat into safe position for recovery with regard to crew and PIW.		<u> </u>	
9. Properly use sea and win	nd conditions in adjusting approach during pickup.	<u> </u>	
10. Complete safe recovery	of PIW.		



	Performance Criteria Completed (Initials) Boat Type					
11. Move PIW from recess pelements.	port or well-deck to position of safety and protection from					
12. Ensure clear communica	tions and coordination among crew.					
13. Maintain situational awa	reness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.	=				
Instructor		Date				
Comments						
TASK HW-03-06-TYPE Maintain a Stationary Position (Station Keep) Relative to Another Vessel (or Drifting Object) in Heavy Seas						
References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 Addendum, Section B		4.5 (series), Heavy Weather				
Conditions Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot seas. Trainee must accomplish tas prompting or use of a reference. Use of another vessel is preferred as a relative targ suitable drifting object may be substituted.						
Standards Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Boat must restationary position for at least five minutes with limited movement relative to the ot (object). Boat must maintain bow/stern to the seas attitude at all times except when movement is necessary. The task must be accomplished without endangering the of (object) and without getting close enough for the vessels to collide.			other vessel en lateral			
	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type				
Brief crew and assign du						
2. Identify safe operating at						
3. Use proper helm and three	3. Use proper helm and throttle control to establish a safe position near the other vessel.					
4. Use swells and/or wind t						

3.	Use proper helm and throttle control to establish a safe position near the other vessel.	
4.	Use swells and/or wind to assist in maneuvering and holding position.	
5.	Use appropriate steering station.	
6.	Maintain position within 75 feet of the other vessel or drifting object for 5 minutes with bow/stern to seas.	
7.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew.	



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
8. Maintain situational aw	areness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK HW-03-07-TYPE	Conduct a Direct Pass of Equipment (Drogue, Pump, Rac Heavy Seas	dio, etc.) to Another	· Vessel in
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M161	14.5 (series), Chapte	r 18
Conditions	Task performed while underway for training in daytime in 8 accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.	- to 15-foot seas. Tr	rainee must
Standards	nat or crew. The task The boat must main of the equipment mu	ntain a safe	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Brief crew and assign de	uties.	=	
2. Evaluate condition of d	isabled boat.		
3. Establish communication	ons with disabled boat.		
Set up to pass standard equipment using messenger, tending, or recovery lines as appropriate.			
5. Evaluate relative rates of	of drift.		
6. Identify safest transfer p	point on MLB and receiving point on disabled boat.	<u> </u>	
7. Make proper approach to disabled boat.		<u> </u>	
8. Maintain relative position with drifting vessel.		<u> </u>	
9. Ensure crew maintains of	control of gear during pass to disabled boat.	<u> </u>	
10. Ensure clear communication	ations and coordination among crew.		

Date



Instructor

11. Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
	11. Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
<u></u> <u></u>			

Comments		
TASK HW-03-08-TYPE	Take a Boat in Tow in Heavy Seas Using Heavy Weather Approach (Bow-to Seas)	
References	 a. 47' MLB Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114.25 (series), Chapter 6 b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17 	
Conditions	Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot seas. Trainee must accomplish task with prompting or use of a reference.	
Standards	Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Boat must take another boat in stern tow and maintain tow for at least fifteen minutes.	

	Performance Crite ria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Observe sea conditions and evaluate.		
3.	Establish communications with disabled boat.		
4.	Evaluate condition of disabled vessel.		=
5.	Describe evolution and safety procedures to disable vessel.		<u> </u>
6.	Locate towing appendages and evaluate for strength.		<u> </u>
7.	Use appropriate towing equipment for vessel type, vessel size, and sea conditions.		<u> </u>
8.	Evaluate relative rates of drift while station keeping near disabled vessel.		<u> </u>
9.	Make heavy weather approach to disabled vessel while keeping bow square to seas.		<u> </u>
10.	Safely pass towline while station keeping in optimum position relative to vessel.		
11.	Transition into stern tow after towline is safely made fast to the vessel and the crew has control at the tow bitt.		



	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
12. Smoothly and slowly pay of			
	during pay out) to provide safest working conditions for crew equipment and appendages.		
14. Adjust length of tow, speed			
15. Maintain consistent comm			
16. Ensure clear communication	ons and coordination among crew.		
17. Maintain situational aware	ness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
18. Tow disabled boat for min	imum of fifteen minutes.		
Instructor	Date		
Comments			
-			
TASK HW-03-09-TYPE Take a Boat in Tow in Heavy Seas Using "Stern-to Seas" Approach			
References	a. 47' MLB Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114.	25 (series), Chapte	r 6
	b. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	.5 (series), Chapter	17
Conditions Task performed while underway in 8- to 12-foot seas. Trainee must accomplish task of prompting or use of a reference.		task without	
Standards Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Boat must take anothe boat in stern tow and maintain tow for at least fifteen minutes.			
	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
Brief crew and assign duties.		<u> </u>	
2. Observe sea conditions and evaluate.			
3. Establish communications			
4. Evaluate condition of disa	bled boat.		
5. Describe evolution and saf	ety procedures to disable vessel.		



		Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
6.	Locate towing appendage	s and evaluate for strength.	<u> </u>		
7.	Use appropriate towing ed	quipment for vessel type, vessel size, and sea conditions.			
8.	Evaluate relative rates of	drift while station keeping near disabled vessel.			
9. Make heavy weather approach to disabled boat while keeping stern square to seas.					
10.	Safely pass towline while	station keeping in optimum position relative to vessel.			
11.	Transition into stern tow a control at the tow bitt.	after towline is safely made fast to the vessel and the crew has			
12.	Smoothly and slowly pay	out towline without shockloading.			
13. Choose angle to the seas (during pay out) to provide safest working conditions for crew and least strain on towing equipment and appendages.					
14. Adjust length of tow, speed, and final course to give disabled vessel the safest/best ride.					
15.	Maintain consistent comm	nunications with disabled vessel to verify status.			
16. Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew.					
17. Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.					
18.	Tow disabled boat for fift	een minutes.			
Instructor Date					
Comments					
TAS	TASK HW-03-10-TYPE Counteract Shockloading During Tow of a Vessel in Heavy Seas and Demonstrate Use of a Drogue				
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	.5 (series), Chapter	17	
Cor	Conditions Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot seas in open waters. Task performed after safely taking a vessel in stern tow.			rmed after	



Standards

Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Task will be performed utilizing standard equipment and procedures. Vessel must be towed for at least 15 minutes without excessive strain on the towing appendages or shockloading of the towline.

	Performance Criteria	(Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Evaluate conditions with relation to sea state, towed vessel, towing rig, intended destination, and expected changes or hazards.		
2.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
3.	Brief towed vessel on procedures and intended actions.		
4.	Demonstrate proper method to counteract shockloading based on conditions (i.e. course change, adjust speed, use of a drogue, adjust scope of towline).		
5.	State the appropriate method for passing a drogue and the best time to accomplish it.		
6.	State safety precautions to be observed when selecting and using a drogue.		
7.	Explain where a drogue should be secured when towing in a heavy following sea.		
8.	Explain how a vessel is affected when being towed with a drogue.		
9.	State how to judge the proper scope of drogue line to be used in various sea states.		
10.	State when to have towed vessel recover drogue and what actions will be taken.		
11.	Demonstrate use of a drogue.		
12.	Maintain consistent communications with disabled vessel to verify status.		
13.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew.		
14.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
15.	Tow disabled vessel for fifteen minutes.		
Inst	ructor	Date	
Cor	nments		



TASK HW-03-11-TYPE

Shorten Tow in Heavy Seas

References

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17

Conditions

Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot seas in open waters.

Standards

Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Task must be accomplished without allowing either the towed vessel or the MLB to be set over the towline at any time.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Brief towed vessel on procedures and intended actions.		<u> </u>
3.	Select appropriate heading approximately quartering the seas based on wind conditions.		
4.	Slow both vessels to a stop (no headway).		
5.	Square into the seas with towed vessel down swell.		
6.	Set up to recover towline off the windward quarter.		
7.	Ensure tow bitt is broke and line is tended by crew off the quarter.		
8.	Back square to the seas with appropriate power until desired amount of towline is recovered.		
9.	Ensure bight of towline does not get forward of the coxswain.		
10.	Safely take excess towline aboard to length established by coxswain.		
11.	Make tow bitt and tend towline as necessary.		
12.	Maneuver to transition back into stern tow.		
13.	Explain precautions when towing across a bar/inlet at short tow.		
14.	Maintain consistent communications with disabled vessel to verify status.		
15.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew.		
16.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.	<u> </u>	



Instructor		Date			
Comments					
-					
TASK HW-03-12-TYPE	Tow a Vessel Inbound Across an Inlet or Bar in Heavy Wes	ather			
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17				
Conditions	Task performed while underway in heavy weather. Maximum sea state will be at command discretion based on area of operation but not to exceed 15 feet (swells or wind generated chop, no surf). Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.				
Standards	Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Task must be accomplished with minimum shock loading of the towline. The MLB must maintain control over the towed vessel throughout the transit.				
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1. Brief crew and assign dut	ies.				
2. Brief towed vessel of crossing and safety procedures prior to evolution.					
3. Explain precautions when	Explain precautions when towing across a bar/inlet at short tow.				
4. Discuss risk control alternatives (i.e. safety backup boat, tower manned, beach party).					
5. Discuss safety concerns (i.e. loss of tow, taking on water, MOB, break on the stern, tow overtaking towline).					
6. State and demonstrate appropriate procedures and standard equipment to counteract shockloading when towing a vessel across a bar or inlet.					
7. Successfully transit bar/inlet with tow.					
8. Maintain consistent communications with disabled vessel to verify status.					
9. Ensure clear communicat	ions and coordination among crew.				
10. Maintain situational awar	reness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.				
Instructor		Date	<u> </u>		
Comments					



TASK HW-03-13-ANY		Illuminate a Bar, Inlet or Surf Zone at Night Using Pyrotechnics from a Boat Shore	and from	
References		a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 6		
Conditions		Task performed while underway during a period of darkness in 8- to 15-foot seas. The MLB (or surf capable boat) may be inside or outside the bar/inlet at the commencement of the operation. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
Standards		Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. The trainee must coordinate the necessary resources to illuminate an area adequately for nighttime MLB (or surf capable boat) operations.		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	
1.	Conduct unit pre-mission individual roles and response	brief including safety procedures, risk management issues, position assignments, onsibilities.		
2.	Explain the reasons and techniques that may be used for illuminating an area such as a bar, inlet, or surf zone at night in order to improve safety of operations.			
3.	Identify safe operating area and hazards.			
4.	Determine whether backup safety boat or helo support was necessary to ensure safety.			
5.	Coordinate resources to ensure all equipment and personnel were on scene prior to commencement of operations.			
6.	Establish communications between all resources involved including shore-side party.			
7.	Brief crew and assign duties.			
8.	Maintain a stable platform during launch of pyrotechnics for illumination.			
9.	Keep bow or stern square to the seas as appropriate for conditions.			
10.	Coordinate illumination of the operating area to allow clear observations from boat and/or shore.			
11.	. Determine if conditions were safe for transit into or through the bar, inlet or surf zone.			
12.	. Provide clear, accurate assessment of sea conditions in area and report to unit.			
13.	Use safety backup boat (if applicable) or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as appropriate.			
14.	. Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.			
15.	. Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat.			
16.	16. Conduct unit post-mission debrief including lessons learned and recommendations to command related to improvement in unit response strategy for near shore operations.			
Inst	ructor	Date		
Cor	Comments			



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TASK HW-03-14-ANY		Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief		
References		a. Operational Risk Management, COMDTINST 3500.3 (series)		
		b. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST 1541.1 (series)		
Conditions		Task performed after underway for heavy weather operations. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		
		Trainee must lead the shore-side post-mission safety debrief to include all involve comms watchstander, boat crews, tower watch, beach party).	ed crew (i.e.	
Performance Criteria C				
1.	Stand down all unit resources involved with heavy weather operations and ensure safe return to unit.			
2.	Ascertain condition of participating crews.			
3.	Ascertain condition of unit boats and ensure they remained fully mission capable (any disabling or restrictive discrepancies report to command).			
4.	Ascertain condition of an continued readiness.	y other resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear) and ensure their		
5.	Coordinate and lead unit post-mission debrief in appropriate setting.			
6.	Debrief crew, encouraging input from juniors first (least experienced), seniors last (most experienced).			
7.	Review objectives, communications, lessons learned, safety issues observed, ideas for improvement, and reinforcement of good seamanship practices and teamwork.			
8.	Provide lessons learned and recommendations to command related to improvement in unit response strategy for near shore operations.			
9.	Determine if the lessons learned or the actions during the mission warrant further reporting via the boat mishap reporting system.			
10.	Discuss crew's ability to	react to changes in risk levels encountered during debrief.		
Instructor Date Comments				



Section D. Surf Operations (up to 8 feet)

Introduction

The tasks in this section are not required for certification as heavy weather coxswain. Unit commands that have surf (up to 8 feet) in their respective areas of responsibility shall use these tasks to prepare coxswains and heavy weather coxswains for missions in or near these areas. Coxswains and heavy weather coxswains shall not attempt operations in surf unless they have demonstrated the proper skills through satisfactory accomplishment of these tasks.

These are the objectives for this section:

- **Demonstrate** ability to properly plan for surf operations.
- **Demonstrate** ability to operate boat(s) in surf conditions up to 8 feet, during various missions.



Instructors must ensure that trainees reassess risk at appropriate intervals during evolutions, communicate to the crew, and use the results in decision-making.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
HW-04-01-ANY	Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Surf Operations	5-33
HW-04-02-TYPE	Conduct Safety Rounds, Vessel Systems Checks, and Crew Brief Related to Surf Operations	5-33
HW-04-03-TYPE	Determine the Position of a Boat in Surf up to 8 Feet	5-34
HW-04-04-TYPE	Maintain Stationary Position ("Station Keep") Using Both the Bow-To and Stern-To Methods in Surf up to 8 Feet	5-36
HW-04-05-TYPE	Transit Outbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8 Feet	5-36
HW-04-06-TYPE	Transit Inbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8 Feet	5-38
HW-04-07-TYPE	Lateral Across a Surf Zone Beam to Surf up to 8 Feet	5-39
HW-04-08-TYPE	Enter and Depart a Beach (Shoal Area) Surf Zone in Surf up to 8 Feet	5-40
HW-04-09-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in Surf up to 8 Feet	5-41
HW-04-10-ANY	Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief	5-42



TASK HW-04-01-ANY	Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Surf Operations		
References	References a. Operational Risk Management, COMDTINST 3500.3 (series)		
	b. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST 1541.1 (seri	ies)	
Conditions Task performed prior to getting underway. Trainee must accomplish task without use of a reference.			t prompting or
Standards	Trainee must coordinate all mission planning and establish ob must lead the shore-side pre-mission safety brief to include all watchstander, boat crews, tower watch, beach party).		
	Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1. Identify safe operating ar	ea and hazards.		
2. Evaluate surf conditions,	tides, currents, winds, and anticipate changes that may occur during	ng the sortie.	
3. Brief crew on sortie obje	ctives and the area where operations will be conducted.		
	ations plan encompassing boat-to-boat, boat-to-shore, shore-to-boated discussion of backup radio use and location.	at, reporting	
5. Brief crew on principle u boats.	se of tower watch/beach party in providing critical information to	the participating	
6. Solicit and evaluate safet	y concerns including knockdown/rollover brief and proper use of	PPE.	
Comments		Date	
TASK HW-04-02-TYPE	Conduct Safety Rounds, Vessel Systems Checks, and Crew Operations	Brief Related to S	urf
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. Weather Addendum, Section E	.5 (series), Chapter	1 and Heavy
Conditions	Task performed on boat prior to entering and immediately after must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		e. Trainee
Standards	Trainee must complete a visual safety round prior to getting un operation of the boat key systems and brief crew prior to enter coordinate safety rounds of the boat after exiting the surf zone	ring surf zone. Tra	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initial s)	Boat Type
	Conduct visual inspection through all compartments prior to getting underway (i.e. stowage, missile hazards, watertight integrity, leaks or signs of system problems).		
Monitor conditions and hazards in operating area.			
2. Worker conditions and is	azards in operating area.		



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initial s)	Boat Type
4.	Check steering system for fu stations on 47' MLB).	ıll, even rudder control port and starboard (both open bridge		
5.	Ensure engineer made round	d of engine room prior to entering the surf zone.		
6.	Assign crew positions and c	heck PPE and all safety equipment.		
7.	Brief crew on methods to be authorize movement.	used in moving about the deck if necessary and who will		
8.	Brief crew on natural ranges used.	s, points of reference, radar ranges, and depth of water to be		
9.	Brief crew on knockdown/ro	ollover procedures.		
10.	Brief crew on procedure in t	he event the surfman becomes incapacitated.		
11.	Brief crew on procedure to a event that they have fallen o	remain together and use appropriate signaling device in the verboard.		
12.	Check communications with	n backup safety boat and/or shore party.		
13.	Coordinate safety rounds of	boat after safely exiting the surf zone.		
14.	Ensure clear communication	ns and coordination among crew and other resources.		
15.	Maintain situational awaren	ess and total control of the boat.		
16.	Brief crew on risk assessme	nt results.		
Inst	ructor		Date	
Coı	nments			
TA	SK HW-04-03-TYPE	Determine the Position of a Boat in Surf up to 8 Feet		
Ref	erences	a. Coast Guard Navigation Standards Manual, COMDTINS	ST M3530.2 (series	s)
Coı	- nditions	Task performed while underway in surf up to 8 feet. Trainee reprompting or use of a reference.	must accomplish ta	sk without



Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Using local knowledge, available electronics and seaman's eye, trainee must determine boat's position relative to the closest hazards with an accuracy of 100 yards. Trainee must maintain a safe distance from known hazards at all times. Task must be accomplished while station keeping in the surf zone.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Ensure safety rounds and checks were complete.		
3.	Assign crew positions and check PPE and all safety equipment.		
4.	Brief crew on natural ranges, points of reference, radar ranges, and depth of water to be used.		
5.	Identify safe operating area and hazards and pilot boat with adjustments for surrounding dangers.		
6.	Observe sea and surf conditions and evaluate safest course through surf zone.		
7.	Demonstrate awareness of the effects of current, swell, and wind on the boat's heading and movements.		
8.	Avoid breaking waves (when possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.		
9.	Choose safe position in which to station keep with relation to depth of water, hazards, and useful ranges.		<u> </u>
10.	Determine boat's position in relation to known hazards using available electronics.	<u> </u>	
11.	Demonstrate advantages and shortcomings of all available electronics.	<u> </u>	
12.	Determine boat's position using fixed geographical references and seaman's eye.	<u> </u>	
13.	Use other available resources to assist in determining position (i.e. tower, beach party, other boats, aircraft, watchstander).		
14.	Pass accurate position to operational command and verify by shore-side plotting.		=
15.	Promote continuous communication and use of crew as integral part of piloting effort.		
16.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat.		
Inst	ructor	Date	
Cor	nments		



		Maintain Stationary Position ("Station Keep") Using Both Methods in Surf up to 8 Feet	the Bow-To and S	tern-To		
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 Addendum, Section E	Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather ndum, Section E			
Co	nditions	Task performed while underway in surf up to 8 feet. Trainee prompting or use of a reference.	must accomplish ta	sk without		
Standards		Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat stationary position for at least five minutes with limited move bow-to/stern-to attitude at all times except when lateral move necessary, boat must meet breakers squarely and with enough through/over the wave.	ment. Boat must ment is necessary.	naintain square When		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1.	Brief crew and assign du	ities.	_			
2.	Identify safe operating a	rea and hazards.				
3.	Maintain square bow-to/	/stern-to aspect while station keeping in surf.				
4.	Use proper amount of po	ower to meet breakers and hold position.	<u> </u>			
5.	Use proper helm, throttle	e commands to achieve a bow/stern position to the seas.	<u> </u>			
6.	Use small swells and sur	rf to maneuver and hold position.				
7.	Ensure clear communica	ntions and coordination among crew and other resources.				
8.	Maintain situational awa	reness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.				
9.	Maintain position for 5 i	minutes.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Ins	tructor		Date			
Coı	mments					
TA	SK HW-04-05-TYPE	Transit Outbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8	3 Feet			
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 Addendum, Section E	.5 (series), Heavy V	Veather		
Co	nditions	Task performed while underway in surf up to 8 feet. Trainee prompting or use of a reference.	must accomplish ta	ask without		



Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. If possible, transit through the surf zone should be accomplished without meeting a breaker. When necessary, boat must meet breakers squarely and with enough power to get the boat through/over the wave.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type		
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.				
2.	Identify safe operating area and hazards.				
3.	Provide accurate bar report to operational command concerning existing conditions.				
4.	Time series to transit through surf zone on the lull.				
5.	Avoid breaking waves (when possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.				
6.	Use appropriate, safe speed without launching.				
7.	Meet breakers with appropriate power.				
8.	Identify the high/low sides and maneuver toward the low side.				
9.	Use safety backup boat or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as appropriate.				
10.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.				
11.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.				
Inst	Instructor Date				
Cor	mments				



References

Standards

TASK HW-04-06-TYPE Transit Inbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8 Feet

a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E

ConditionsTask performed while underway in surf up to 8 feet. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.

Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Maximum effort should be taken to keep the boat from being overtaken by a breaker. Boat must be maneuvered in adequate time to avoid a breaker on the stern.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Identify safe operating area and hazards.		
3.	Provide accurate bar report to operational command concerning existing conditions.		
4.	Time series to transit through surf zone on the lull.		
5.	Avoid breaking waves (when possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.		
6.	Use appropriate, safe speed to avoid overtaking the crest of a swell or breaker.		
7.	Evaluate overtaking surf and avoid taking a breaker on the stern.		
8.	Use proper technique and timing to turn and meet breakers squarely when needed.		
9.	Meet breakers with appropriate power.		
10.	Use proper techniques to avoid getting caught on the face of a swell and avoid being caught on a hard chine.		
11.	Identify the high/low sides and maneuver toward the low side.		
12.	Use safety backup boat (if applicable) or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as appropriate.	<u> </u>	
13.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.		
14.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.	<u> </u>	



Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK HW-04-07-TYPE	Lateral Across a Surf Zone Beam to Surf up to 8 Feet		
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114. Addendum, Section E	5 (series), Heavy W	Veather
Conditions	Task performed while underway in surf up to 8 feet. Trainee prompting or use of a reference.	must accomplish ta	sk without
Standards	Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat overtaken by a breaker on the beam. When necessary, boat must enough power to get the boat through/over the wave.		
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1. Brief crew and assign dut	ies.		
2. Identify safe operating are	ea and hazards.		
3. Identify and used natural	ranges, reference points or radar ranges.		
4. Avoid breaking waves (w	hen possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.		
5. Use appropriate, safe spec	ed.		
6. Evaluate approaching sur	f, avoid or meet squarely as appropriate.		
7. Time series and transit or	n the lull.		
8. Use safety backup boat of appropriate.	r shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as		
9. Ensure clear communicat	ions and coordination among crew and other resources.		=
10. Maintain situational awar	reness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
Instructor		Date	
Comments			



TASK HW-04-08-TYPEEnter and Depart a Beach (Shoal Area) Surf Zone in Surf up to 8 FeetReferencesa. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section EConditionsTask performed while underway for in surf up to 8 feet. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.StandardsTask must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Boat must not be overtaken by a breaker on the beam. When necessary, boat must meet breakers squarely and with enough power to get the boat through/over the wave. Boat must station keep shoreward of

the surf zone (if possible).

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Identify and evaluate effects of shore currents and rips.		
3.	Identify and use natural ranges reference points or radar ranges.		
4.	Time series and make shoreward approach turn during lull.		
5.	Use appropriate, safe speed without launching or moving over the crest of a swell onto the face.		
6.	Evaluate approaching surf, avoid or meet as appropriate.		
7.	Meet breakers with appropriate power.		
8.	Avoid breaking waves if possible.		
9.	Maintain bow/stern aspect in surf using appropriate technique or power.		
10.	Consistently monitor depth and do not allow boat to go aground or touch bottom.		
11.	Safely hold position inside or shoreward of surf zone (long enough to accomplish a PIW recovery if needed).		
12.	Use safety backup boat or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as appropriate.		
13.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.		
14.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		



Inst	tructor		Date	
Cor	nments			
				
				
TA	SK HW-04-09-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in Surf up	to 8 Feet	
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 Addendum, Section D	.5 (series), Heavy V	Veather
Coı	nditions	Task performed while underway in surf up to 8 feet. Trainee prompting or use of a reference. A life-like dummy (Oscar) w		ask without
Star	ndards	Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat method must be used. Task must be accomplished without injury person (life-like dummy) in the water.		
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign du	ties.		
2.	Station pointer appropria	ately to communicate effectively.		<u> </u>
3.	Throw life ring if approp	riate to assist PIW.		
4.	Use lulls, shoulders, win	dows, and saddles for maneuvering and turns.		
5.	Maneuver boat down sea	into position for final approach.		
6.	Make ready appropriate	standard retrieval equipment.		
7.	Position crew for recover	ry ensuring safe movement and clear communications.		<u> </u>
8.	Conduct recovery from r	ecess port or well-deck only.		
9.	Maneuver boat into safe	position for recovery with regard to crew and PIW.		
10.	Use Iulis between series	of breakers for making final approach.		
11	Enguro hoat is stone - 1	ad kant square while DIW is recovered		
11.	Ensure boat is stopped at	nd kept square while PIW is recovered.		
12	Safely recover PIW/Osca	nr		
14.	Salety recover FTW/OSC	u.		
13	Use safety backup boat o	or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as		
13.	appropriate.	a shore stac surery which to provide additional information as		



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
14.	14. Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew.			
15.	Maintain situational awar	eness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		<u> </u>
Inst	tructor		Date	
Cor	nments			
TA	SK HW-04-10-ANY	Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief		
Ref	erences	a. Operational Risk Management, COMDTINST 3500.3 (seeb. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST 1541.1 (seri		
Con	nditions	Task performed after underway for surf operations. Trainee m prompting or use of a reference.		sk without
Sta	ndards	Trainee must lead the shore-side post-mission safety debrief to comms watchstander, boat crews, tower watch, beach party).	o include all involv	ed crew (i.e.
				Completed
		Performance Criteria		Completed (Initials)
1.	Stand down all unit resou	Performance Criteria rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit.		
1.	Stand down all unit resou Ascertain condition of par	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit.		
	Ascertain condition of par	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disablin	ng or restrictive	
2.	Ascertain condition of par Ascertain condition of un discrepancies reported to	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disablin		
2.	Ascertain condition of par Ascertain condition of un discrepancies reported to Ascertain condition of any continued readiness.	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disablin command).		
 3. 4. 	Ascertain condition of par Ascertain condition of un- discrepancies reported to Ascertain condition of any continued readiness.	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disablin command). y other resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear)	and ensure their	
 2. 3. 4. 	Ascertain condition of paradiscrepancies reported to Ascertain condition of any continued readiness. Coordinate and lead unit published crew, encouraging Review objectives, communication of paradiscrepancies reported to	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disablin command). y other resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear) post-mission debrief in appropriate setting.	and ensure their perienced).	
 2. 3. 4. 6. 	Ascertain condition of particles and condition of undiscrepancies reported to a scertain condition of any continued readiness. Coordinate and lead unit properties and condition of any continued readiness. Coordinate and lead unit properties are couraging a series of commentation of good series and conditions of the condition	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disabling command). y other resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear) post-mission debrief in appropriate setting. g input from juniors first (least experienced), seniors last (most experienced), lessons learned, safety issues observed, ideas for impramanship practices or teamwork. Indirecommendations to command related to improvement in unit	perienced).	
 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 	Ascertain condition of particles and lead unit processing to the discrepancies reported to a scertain condition of any continued readiness. Coordinate and lead unit processing the discrepancies and lead unit processing the discrepancies are discrepancies. The discrepancies are discrepancies and the discrepancies are discrepancies and the discrepancies are discrepancies and the discrepancies are discrepancies and the discrepancies are discrepancies and the discrepancies are discrepancies and the discrepancies are discrepancies and the discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepancies and discrepancies are discrepancies and discrepanci	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disabling command). y other resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear) post-mission debrief in appropriate setting. g input from juniors first (least experienced), seniors last (most experienced), lessons learned, safety issues observed, ideas for impramanship practices or teamwork. Indirecommendations to command related to improvement in unit	and ensure their perienced). rovement, and response strategy	
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Ascertain condition of paradiscrepancies reported to Ascertain condition of any continued readiness. Coordinate and lead unit publication of good search of good search or near shore operations. Determine if the lessons lemishap reporting system.	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disabling command). y other resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear) post-mission debrief in appropriate setting. g input from juniors first (least experienced), seniors last (most experienced), seniors last (most experienced), seniors last operations, lessons learned, safety issues observed, ideas for impromanaship practices or teamwork. Indirecommendations to command related to improvement in unit	and ensure their perienced). rovement, and response strategy	
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Ascertain condition of paradiscrepancies reported to Ascertain condition of any continued readiness. Coordinate and lead unit publication of good search of good search or near shore operations. Determine if the lessons lemishap reporting system.	rces involved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit. rticipating crews. it boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (any disabling command). y other resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear) post-mission debrief in appropriate setting. g input from juniors first (least experienced), seniors last (most experienced), seniors last (most experienced), seniors last (most experienced), radios, lessons learned, safety issues observed, ideas for impromanship practices or teamwork. Indirect many command related to improvement in unit searned or the actions during the mission warrant further reporting	and ensure their perienced). rovement, and response strategy	



Chapter 3. Heavy Weather Coxswain Trainee Study Guide

Introduction

This Chapter should be removed and given to the trainee for keeping. Its purpose is to provide guidance for the trainee's reading assignments and is not a part of the training record.

The trainee should read the appropriate reading assignment and answer the related questions prior to beginning training in each new task. The instructor should then discuss the trainees answers to ensure understanding of the subject matter prior to beginning instruction for each new task.



If there is no reading assignment assigned for a specific task, then the task will not have a page number to reference.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Reading Assignments - Division One	5-44
В	Reading Assignments - Division Two	5-47
С	Reading Assignments - Division Three	5-50
D	Reading Assignments - Division Four	5-52



Section A. Reading Assignments - Division One

Introduction

The reading assignments in this section are designed to aid the trainee in developing the knowledge and skills to adequately fulfill the requirement.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
HW-01-01-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 12, Section B and Heavy Weather Addendum, Section A	5-45
HW-01-02-ANY	None Assigned	
HW-01-03-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 12, Section B and Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-45
HW-01-04-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section C	5-45
HW-01-05-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section D	5-46
HW-01-06-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Chapter 17	5-46
HW-01-07-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-46



TASK HW-01-01-ANY: Identify the Types of Breaking Seas, their Characteristics and Causes

1.	There are three basic types of breaking waves. They are, and
2.	By understanding how form and behave, coxswains know what to expect and how to minimize the danger to both boat and crew.
3.	gives the curl of breakers its tremendous force.
4.	is the unobstructed distance over which the wind blows across the surface of the water.
5.	breakers are the most dangerous kind of wave for boat operations.
6.	breakers result from waves of low steepness moving over a gentle sloping ocean floor.
7.	waves result when there is a sudden lack of water ahead of the wave, such as in a steep rise of the ocean floor.
8.	A surging break occurs on very beaches.
TA	ASK HW-01-03-TYPE: Explain the Forces Effecting a Surf Capable Boat Operating in Heavy Weather and Surf
1.	An or current running across a bar builds up a more intense sea than the or current.
2.	currents run parallel to the shore and inside the breakers.
3.	When crossing the current to compensate for the set, a boat may be put into a, i.e., the boat may be forced off course by the current or wind.
4.	Operation in very shallow water can be complicated by serious effect on a boat's
5.	The primary external force for surf operations is the itself.
6.	The shifting of or inside a boat can have a great effect on stability and handling.
TA	ASK HW-01-04-ANY: Explain the Relationship Between Navigation and Piloting as it Pertains to Operations in Heavy Seas or Surf
1.	The wise coxswain "" the boat during fair weather so that he or she can acquire the skills to navigate in poor weather without fear or nervous strain.
2.	The primary tool to ensure success in any piloting evolution is
3.	Have the right for every mission.
4.	One of the most under used methods of piloting is
5.	If you have predetermined laid out, you will be able to see at a glance how far left or right of track you are, well before you reach the D.R. position.
6.	and ranges are also critical in computing speed over ground using the three-minute rule and its variations.
7.	If the urgency of the case puts you on a boat heading to sea in heavy weather, take time to your chart so that it is useable.
8.	If a is not below plotting and relaying information to the coxswain, then the coxswain is either below where he cannot the crew, or he is working the radar and cannot the plots.



TASK HW-01-05-ANY:

Explain the Procedures and Safety Concerns Related to Recovery of Personnel from the Water in Heavy Seas or Surf

2. If needed, the turn to run down swell and approach will be planned differently in	1.	The coxswain will a safe distance from the man overboard and until the opportunity to turn presents itself.
4. Ideally, the boat should be with the man overboard at arm's length from the recovery area. 5. On a CG standard boat, the crew must stay out of the area until the turn is completed, the bow is back into the swell, and the coxswain gives the command. TASK HW-01-06-ANY: Explain the Heavy Weather Towing Approach and Key Elements Related to Towing in Heavy Weather 1. A is deployed from the stern of the towed vessel to help control the towed vessel's motions. 2. For the drogue towline, use feet ofinch double-braided nylon. 3. When deploying a drogue, of the tow is more important than 4. Though optimal to make your approach from down wind and down sea, the and of the distressed vessel may determine the approach. 5. The most common towing technique is to tow the distressed vessel from of the rescue vessel. 6. The is the location that allows the crew of the towing vessel to maximize use of the best deck work area on the vessel for passing and working the tow rig. 7 maintains the position and heading relative to the weather and seas, outside of the danger zone. 8. To moor an alongside tow safely and skillfully, make the approach into and if possible. TASK HW-01-07-ANY: Explain the Procedure for Passing the Pump or Other Gear in Heavy Seas 1 is necessary to hold position while waiting for a window or a lull, or holding position prior to and during recovery of a person in the water. 2. There are several techniques to deal with breaking seas on the beam is still the preferred technique. 3. In addition to present surf conditions, consider the of the water before entering the surf.	2.	If needed, the turn to run down swell and approach will be planned differently in
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TASK HW-01-06-ANY: Explain the Heavy Weather Towing Approach and Key Elements Related to Towing in Heavy Weather 1. A	4.	Ideally, the boat should be with the man overboard at arm's length from the recovery area.
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3. In addition to present surf conditions, consider the of the water before entering the surf.	1.	
	2.	There are several techniques to deal with breaking seas on the beam is still the preferred technique.
4. A or is never routine, but always possible in heavy seas.	3.	In addition to present surf conditions, consider the of the water before entering the surf.
	4.	A or is never routine, but always possible in heavy seas.



Section B. Reading Assignments - Division Two

Introduction

The reading assignments in this section are designed to aid the trainee in developing the knowledge and skills to adequately fulfill the requirement.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number		
HW-02-01-ANY		
	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	
	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3, Section A	
HW-02-02-ANY	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-48
	Boat Crew Utilization, COMDTINST 5312.16, Enclosures 1 and 2	
	U.S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and Training (BOAT) Manual, Volume I, COMDTINST M16114.32 (series)	
HW-02-03-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-49
HW-02-04-ANY	Rescue and Survival Systems Manual, COMDTINST M10470.10 (series), Chapter 3, Chapter 6, and Chapter 7	5-49
HW-02-05-TYPE	None Assigned	



TASK HW-02-01-ANY: Identify PPE and Safety Equipment for Heavy Weather and Surf Operations

1.	When can the uniform be worn under a PFD	?		
2.	When must a dry suit be worn?			
3.	First layer hypothermia protective clothing n	nust moi	sture away from the body.	
4.	The is responsible for en	nsuring all require	d equipment is worn and worn correctly.	
5.	When seated in a seat, the belt.	for the	seat must be worn in addition to the	safety
TA	<u>-</u>		eparations and Safety Precary Seas/Surf	autions for
1.	Pre-surf checks should include: True or Fa	lse		
	a. Stow all gear	True	False	
	b. Engine room	True	False	
	c. Steering	True	False	
	d. Tow line	True	False	
	e. Searchlights	True	False	
	f. Throttle and reduction gear	True	False	
2.	communications (hand radio is damaged.	held VHF) should	be aboard the boat in case the antennas ar	e lost, or the main
3.	While underway, boats will provide position intervals not to exceed minutes.	reports and opera	tions normal reports to the Station at	
4.	Environmental limits for surf training are set greater than NM and or		ess than feet, winds less than	_kts, visibility
5.	Maximum underway limits are set atlhours for heavy weather.	hours for seas less	than 4 feet, hours for seas greater tha	an 4 feet and
6	Some factors contributing to fatigue are	loss exposi	ire to extremes and mo	ntion sickness



TASK HW-02-03-TYPE: Explain the Procedures to be Taken for a Rollover or Knockdown

1.	A 20-foot breaker can drop tons of water on the boat, and exert a force of up toPSI.
2.	Immediately upon re-righting, the situation, as you are still in the surf and must take quick action to the next wave correctly or you may roll again.
3.	your crew to ensure that no one was lost overboard or seriously injured.
4.	Once in, the engineer should go below to check for damage.
5.	The shifting of fuel or inside a boat can have a great effect on stability and handling.
6.	Any situation that places the center of gravity over the center of can result in a roll.
7.	The following factors should be considered in determining whether to continue or return after a roll over. Condition of the crew members, overall material and operating condition of engines, condition of electronics, particularly, urgency of mission, and availability of backup
	urgency of finission, and availability of backup
TA	ASK HW-02-04-ANY: Explain Procedures for Personal Survival if Lost Overboard in a Heavy Weather or Surf Environment
T A	ASK HW-02-04-ANY: Explain Procedures for Personal Survival if Lost
	ASK HW-02-04-ANY: Explain Procedures for Personal Survival if Lost Overboard in a Heavy Weather or Surf Environment Units may issue either the
1.	ASK HW-02-04-ANY: Explain Procedures for Personal Survival if Lost Overboard in a Heavy Weather or Surf Environment Units may issue either the suit or the to unit personnel. One or the other is required to be issued.



Section C. Reading Assignments - Division Three

Introduction

The reading assignments in this section are designed to aid the trainee in developing the knowledge and skills to adequately fulfill the requirement.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
HW-03-01-ANY	None Assigned	
HW-03-02-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-03-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section A & Section B	5-51
HW-03-04-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section C	5-51
HW-03-05-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section D	5-51
HW-03-06-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-07-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-08-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-09-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-10-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-11-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-12-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-03-13-ANY	None Assigned	
HW-03-14-ANY	None Assigned	



TASK HW-03-03-TYPE: Operate a Boat in Heavy Seas

1.	The factors that determine the characteristics of wind waves are:, and
2.	The three basic motions that a boat experiences while operating are,, and
3.	is caused by a wave lifting up one side of the boat, rolling under the boat and dropping that side then lifting the other side and dropping it in turn.
4.	is caused when the boat is operating in following seas.
5.	occurs when the boat is running bow into the waves.
6.	Running stern-to in heavy seas requires, as steering corrections must be made the instant you feel the stern of the boat being lifted by the oncoming swell.
7.	Wind affects the boat the swell.
8.	If you keep your bow to the swell of the most predominate force and use proper amounts of for different situations, the boats can be handled without a lot of difficulty.
TA	ASK HW-03-04-TYPE: Pilot a Boat in Heavy Seas
1.	Using or chartlets makes them easy to correct.
2.	If you have ranges laid out, you will be able to see at a glance how far left or right of track you are, well before you reach the dead reckoning position.
3.	Take the time to develop your piloting kit. Coast Guard standard boats are required to have all the necessary in the chart box as per the type manual, but think of this as gear.
TA	ASK HW-03-05-TYPE: Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in Heavy Seas
1.	If needed, the turn to run down swell and approach will be planned differently in
2.	The Coxswain will push ahead a distance from the man overboard and until the opportunity to turn presents itself.
3.	Do not allow any of the crew to go at any time during this evolution. It puts them in great danger and the crew's ability to communicate.
4.	Once down swell, turn and avoid getting caught broadside to the surf/swell.
5.	Ideally, the boat should be stopped with the man overboard at from the recovery area.



Section D. Reading Assignments - Division Four

Introduction

The reading assignments in this section are designed to aid the trainee in developing the knowledge and skills to adequately fulfill the requirement.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
HW-04-01-ANY	None Assigned	
HW-04-02-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-04-03-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-04-04-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-53
HW-04-05-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-53
HW-04-06-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-53
HW-04-07-TYPE	Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum, Section E	5-53
HW-04-08-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-04-09-TYPE	None Assigned	
HW-04-10-ANY	None Assigned	



TASK HW-04-04 TYPE: Maintain Stationary Position ("Station Keep") Using Both the Bow-To and Stern-To Methods in Surf up to 8 Feet

1.	Never allow the boat to be caught a breaking wave. Either allow it to break before it reaches you, or get to the top it falls on you.
2.	Use only enough to maintain position and counteract the force of the oncoming wave.
3.	Keep the bow asto the seas as possible.
4.	Environmental factors such as surf, wind, or currents can make station-keeping, and good backing skill and proper application of are essential.
TA	SK HW-04-05-TYPE: Transit Outbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8 Feet
1.	The operator should practice wave avoidance by picking a course through the and, if available, minimizing risk to the boat and crew.
2.	Any breakers that cannot be avoided should be taken Slow down and allow your to carry you through. Do not meet breakers at speed or you may plow into the face, or launch off the back, risking injuries or boat damage.
TA	SK HW-04-06-TYPE: Transit Inbound on an Inlet or Bar Through Surf up to 8 Feet
1.	It is preferable to transit the surf during any period that may exist.
2.	The operator should attempt to work through the surf zone by driving through and, thus avoiding the majority of the breakers.
3.	If operating in an area of limiting maneuverability, such as a narrow inlet or bar, the operator may have to rely strictly on the waves and make the transit during periods.
4.	Reducing speed after the wave has already picked up the boat will likely result in a loss of and/or must be reduced before the wave arrives.
5.	a breaker is an advanced emergency procedure which can easily result in personnel injures or boat damage. It is a last resort maneuver for operators.
TA	SK HW-04-07-TYPE: Lateral Across a Surf Zone Beam to Surf up to 8 Feet
1.	In the absence of lulls, great care and patience must be exercised, because you will be dealing with nearly constant surf, and the boat is very in the position.
2.	Speed may be to allow waves to pass ahead of the boat, or to avoid a breaker.
3.	Good, and ability to read several waves back are critical.
4.	Any significant waves that cannot be avoided must be taken





Part 6 Surfman Qualification

Introduction

This Part contains a collection of tasks, which must be learned, practiced, and performed by the trainee. These tasks represent the minimum elements of skill and knowledge necessary for safe and effective performance of a Coast Guard surfman.

NOTE &

This Manual is not meant to be ordered for purposes of obtaining individual qualification tasks. Qualification tasks should be reproduced locally and provided for trainees.

In this Part

This Part contains the following Chapters:

Part	Title	See Page
1	Task Accomplishment Record for Surfman	6-3
2	Surfman Qualification Tasks	6-5
3	Surfman Trainee Study Guide	6-17





Chapter 1. Task Accomplishment Record for Surfman

NOTE GS	Instructor should remove this chapter and place it in the tra	inee's training record.
TRAINEE NAME:		RATE:
INSTRUCTOR NA	ME:	RATE:
POSITION/QUALII	FICATION CODE TO BE TRAINED FOR:	
NOTE &	Instructors should line through those tasks not applicable to	this qualification.

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
SRF-01-01-ANY			
SRF-01-02-TYPE			
SRF-01-03-TYPE			
SRF-01-04-TYPE			
SRF-01-05-TYPE			
SRF-01-06-TYPE			
SRF-01-07-TYPE			
SRF-01-08-TYPE			
SRF-01-09-TYPE			
SRF-01-10-ANY			

Part 6 – Surfman Qualification





Chapter 2. Surfman Qualification Tasks

Introduction

The following are the instructions for this Chapter:

- The purpose of this Chapter is to provide guidance on the trainee's progress through the qualification tasks.
- The instructor should present the tasks to the trainee in a logical order using the instructions provided in *Part 1*.
- Tasks should be signed, dated, and placed in the trainee's training record when the instructor is satisfied that the trainee can consistently perform a task in accordance with all standards and conditions.

Prerequisites

A prospective Surfman must:

- Be assigned to an operational unit with a surf capable boat attached;
- Be at an operational unit that has been designated as a surf station by Commandant (G-OCS);
- Be a certified heavy weather coxswain on the boat type for which they are seeking this higher level of qualification; and
- Have completed the surf tasks in the heavy weather coxswain guide (related to operations in surf up to 8 feet) or accomplish those skill-based tasks as a step toward completing similar tasks in the higher risk environment of larger surf as required for the surfman standards.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Surf Operations (greater than 8 feet)	6-6



Section A. Surf Operations (greater than 8 feet)

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division One:

- **Demonstrate** ability to properly plan for surf operations.
- **Demonstrate** ability to operate boat(s) in surf conditions, during various missions.

NOTE &

Instructors must ensure that trainees reassess risk at appropriate intervals during evolutions, communicate to the crew, and use the results in decision-making.

In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
SRF-01-01-ANY	Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Surf Operations	6-7
SRF-01-02-TYPE	Conduct Safety Rounds, Vessel Systems Checks, and a Crew Brief Related to Surf Operations	6-7
SRF-01-03-TYPE	Determine the Position of a Boat in 8- to 15- Foot Surf	6-8
SRF-01-04-TYPE	Maintain Stationary Position (Station Keep) in 8- to 15-Foot Surf Using the Bow-To Method	6-10
SRF-01-05-TYPE	Transit Outbound an Inlet or Bar Through 8- to 15-Foot Surf	6-10
SRF-01-06-TYPE	Transit Inbound an Inlet or Bar Through 8- to 15-Foot Surf	6-11
SRF-01-07-TYPE	Lateral Across a Surf Zone Beam to 8- to 15- Foot Surf	6-13
SRF-01-08-TYPE	Depart a Surf Zone Using Only a Single Engine in Surf less than 12 Feet	6-13
SRF-01-09-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in 8- to 15-Foot Surf	6-14
SRF-01-10-ANY	Conduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief	6-16



TASK SRF-01-01-ANY		Conduct Pre-Mission Sortie Planning for Surf Operations			
References		 a. Operational Risk Management, COMDTINST 3500.3 (series) b. Team Coordination Training, COMDTINST 1541.1 (series) 			
Coı	nditions	Task performed prior to getting underway. Trainee must accouse of a reference.	mplish task withou	t prompting or	
Sta	ndards	Trainee must coordinate all mission planning and establish obj must lead the shore-side pre-mission safety brief to include all watchstander, boat crews, tower watch, beach party).			
Performance Criteria					
1.	Identify safe operating are	a and hazards.			
2.	Evaluate surf conditions, t	ides, currents, winds, and anticipated changes that may occur dur	ing the sortie.		
3.	Brief crew on sortie object	ives and the area where operations will be conducted.			
4.		ions plan encompassing boat-to-boat, boat-to-shore, shore-to-boat discussion of backup radio use and location.	at reporting		
5.	Brief crew on principle use participating boats.	e of tower watch/beach party in providing critical information to	the		
6.	Solicit and evaluate safety	concerns including knockdown/rollover brief and proper use of l	PPE.		
7.	. Conduct risk assessment for sortie using appropriate risk assessment tools (SPE, GAR or other) from TCT/ORM and include discussion of risk as part of crew briefs.				
Inst	Instructor Date				
Cor	nments				
TA	SK SRF-01-02-TYPE	Conduct Safety Rounds, Vessel Systems Checks, and a Crev Operations	v Brief Related to	Surf	
Ref	erences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.	5 (series), Chapter	1	
Conditions		Task performed on boat prior to entering and immediately after exiting a surf zone. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.			
	nditions				
Sta	ndards		nderway. Trainee ring surf zone. Tra	e. Trainee	
Star		must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must complete a visual safety round prior to getting ur operation of the boat key systems and brief crew prior to enter	nderway. Trainee ring surf zone. Tra	e. Trainee	
Star	ndards Conduct visual inspection	must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. Trainee must complete a visual safety round prior to getting ur operation of the boat key systems and brief crew prior to enter coordinate safety rounds of the boat after exiting the surf zone	nderway. Trainee ring surf zone. Trainee	e. Trainee nust check inee must	



		Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
3.	Check engines and control 47' MLB).	s for full power ahead and astern (both open bridge stations on		
4.	Check steering system for stations on 47' MLB).	full, even rudder control port and starboard (both open bridge		
5.	Ensure engineer made rou	nd of engine room prior to entering the surf zone.		<u> </u>
6.	Assign crew positions and	check PPE and all safety equipment.		
7.	Brief crew on methods to authorize movement.	be used in moving about the deck if necessary and who will		
8.	Brief crew on natural rang water.	es, point of reference and radar ranges to be used and depth of		
9.	Brief crew on knockdown/	rollover procedures.		
10.	Brief crew on procedure in	the event the surfman becomes incapacitated.		
11.	Brief crew on procedure to event that they have fallen	o remain together and use appropriate signaling device in the overboard.		
12. Check communications with backup safety boat and/or shore party.				
13.	Coordinate safety rounds of	of boat after safely exiting the surf zone.		
14.	Ensure clear communication	ons and coordination among crew and other resources.		
15.	Maintain situational aware	eness and total control of the boat.		
16.	Brief crew on risk assessm	ent results.		
Ins	tructor		Date	
Coı	nments			
TA	SK SRF-01-03-TYPE	Determine the Position of a Boat in 8- to 15-Foot Surf		
Ref	erences	a. Coast Guard Navigation Standards Manual, COMDTINS	ST M3530.3 (series	s)
Con	nditions	Conditions Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot surf. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference.		



Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Using local knowledge, available electronics and seaman's eye, trainee must determine boat's position relative to the closest hazards with an accuracy of 100 yards. Trainee must maintain a safe distance from known hazards at all times. Task must be accomplished while station keeping in the surf zone.

Brief crew and assign duties.				
2. Ensure safety rounds and checks are complete.				
3. Assign crew positions and check PPE and all safety equipment.				
4. Brief crew on natural ranges, point of reference and radar ranges to be used and depth of water.				
5. Identify safe operating area and hazards and pilot boat with adjustments for surrounding dangers.				
6. Observe sea and surf conditions and evaluate safest course through surf zone.				
7. Demonstrate awareness of the effects of current, swell, and wind on the boats heading and movements.				
8. Avoid breaking waves (when possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.				
9. Choose safe position in which to station keep with relation to depth of water, hazards, and useful ranges.				
10. Determine boat's position in relation to known hazards using available electronics.				
11. Demonstrate advantages and shortcomings of all available electronics.	<u> </u>			
12. Determine boat's position using fixed geographical references and seaman's eye.				
13. Use other available resources to assist in determining position (i.e. tower, beach party, other boats, aircraft, watchstander).				
14. Pass accurate position to operational command and verify by shore-side plotting.				
15. Promote continuous communication and use of crew as integral part of piloting effort.				
16. Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat.				
Instructor Comments				



TASK SRF-01-04-TYPE		Maintain Stationary Position (Station Keep) in 8- to 15-Fo Method	ot Surf Using the l	Bow-To
References		a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum		
Co	nditions	Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot surf. Traine prompting or use of a reference.	ee must accomplish	task without
Standards		Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boa stationary position for at least five minutes with limited move bow-to attitude at all times except when lateral movement is breakers squarely and with enough power to get the boat thro	ement. Boat must m necessary. Boat mu	naintain square
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign du	ties.		
2.	Identify safe operating as	rea and hazards.		
3.	Maintain square bow to	aspect while station keeping in surf.		
4.	Use proper amount of po	ower to meet breakers and hold position.		
5.	Use proper helm throttle	commands to achieve a bow-to position to the seas.	=	
6.	Use swells and surf to m	aneuver and hold position.	=	
7.	Ensure clear communica	tions and coordination among crew and other resources.		
8.	Maintain situational awa	reness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.	=	
9.	Maintain position for 5 r	ninutes.	<u> </u>	
Ins	tructor		Date	
Co	mments			
				
TA	SK SRF-01-05-TYPE	Transit Outbound an Inlet or Bar Through 8- to 15-Foot S	Surf	
Ref	ferences	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 Addendum		Weather
Conditions Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot surf. Trainee must accomplish task prompting or use of a reference.		task without		



Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. If possible, transit through the surf zone should be accomplished without meeting a breaker. Boat must meet breakers squarely and with enough power to get the boat through/over the wave.

	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type	
Brief crew and assign duti	ies.		
2. Identify safe operating are	ea and hazards.		
3. Provide accurate bar repo	rt to operational command concerning existing conditions.		
4. Time series to transit thro	ugh surf zone on the lull.		
5. Avoid breaking waves (w	hen possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.		
6. Use appropriate, safe spec	ed without launching the MLB.		
7. Meet breakers with appro	priate power.		
8. Identify the high/low side			
9. Use safety backup boat (i information as appropriat			
10. Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.			
11. Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.			
Instructor		Date	
Comments			
TASK SRF-01-06-TYPE	Transit Inbound an Inlet or Bar Through 8- to 15-Foot Sur	rf	
References	a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114 Addendum	.5 (series), Heavy V	Veather
Conditions	Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot surf. Trained prompting or use of a reference.	e must accomplish	task without
Standards Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Maximum effort should be taken to keep the boat from being overtaken by a breaker. Boat must be maneuvered in adequate time to avoid a breaker on the stern, if possible.			



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Identify safe operating area and hazards.		
3.	Provide accurate bar report to operational command concerning existing conditions.		
4.	Time series to transit through surf zone on the lull.		
5.	Avoid breaking waves (when possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.	<u> </u>	
6.	Use appropriate, safe speed careful to avoid overtaking the crest of a swell or breaker.	<u> </u>	
7.	Evaluate overtaking surf to avoid taking a breaker on the stern unless intended.		
8.	Use proper technique and timing to turn and meet breakers squarely bow-to when needed.		
9.	Maintain control when taking a breaker on the stern if it is unavoidable.		
10.	Meet breakers with appropriate power.		
11.	Use proper techniques to avoid getting caught on the face of a swell and avoid being caught on a hard chine.		
12.	Follow proper recovery procedures if knocked down or rolled by a swell or breaker.		
13.	Identify the high/low sides and maneuver toward the low side.		
14.	Use safety backup boat (if applicable) or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as appropriate.		
15.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.		
16.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
Inst	ructor	Date	
Cor	nments		



TAS	SK SRF-01-07-TYPE	Lateral Across a Surf Zone Beam to 8- to 15-Foot Surf		
References Conditions Standards		a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum		
		Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot surf. Trainer prompting or use of a reference.	e must accomplish	task without
		Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Boat must not be overtaken by a breaker on the beam. When necessary, boat must meet breakers squarely and with enough power to get the boat through/over the wave.		
		Performance Crite ria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign du	ties.		
2.	Identify safe operating as	rea and hazards.		
3.	Identify and use natural 1	ranges, reference points or radar ranges.		
4.	Avoid breaking waves (v	when possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.		
5.	Use appropriate, safe spe	eed.		
6.	Evaluate approaching su	rf, avoid or meet squarely as appropriate.		
7.	Time series and transit o	n the lull.		
8.	Use safety backup boat (information as appropria	if applicable) or shore-side safety watch to provide additional te.		
9.	Ensure clear communica	tions and coordination among crew and other resources.		
10.	Maintain situational awa	reness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
Inst	ructor		Date	
Con	nments			
TAS	SK SRF-01-08-TYPE	Depart a Surf Zone Using Only a Single Engine in Surf less	s than 12 Feet	
Ref	erences	a. None		
Cor	Task performed while underway for training in daytime in surf less than 12 feet. Trainee must accomplish task without prompting or use of a reference. During single engine operations for the simulated engine casualty, the second engine will remain on line.			



Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. Trainee must safely maneuver out of the surf zone on the designated single engine without resorting to use of both engines for control.

CAUTION! Coxswain will apply power to both engines in the event of a possible knockdown/rollover situation.

		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Identify safe operating ar	ea and hazards.		
2.	Brief crew, Station, towe	r/beach party, and safety backup boat (if applicable) of situation.		
3.	Maintain square bow/ster	rn aspect while station keeping in surf.	<u> </u>	
4.	Time series and exit the s	surf zone during a lull.		
5.	Avoid breaking waves (v	when possible) using windows, saddles, and shoulders.		
6.	Safely exit the surf zone.			
7. Use safety backup boat (if applicable) or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as appropriate.				
8.	8. Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew and other resources.			
9. Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat.				
Ins	tructor		Date	
Co	mments			
TA	SK SRF-01-09-TYPE	Conduct a Person-in-the-Water (PIW) Recovery in 8- to 15-	Foot Surf	
Ref	References a. Boat Crew Seamanship Manual, COMDTINST M16114.5 (series), Heavy Weather Addendum			Veather
Con	nditions	Task performed while underway in 8- to 15-foot surf. Trainee prompting or use of a reference. A life-like dummy (Oscar) w training sortie.		
Sta	Standards Task must be accomplished without excessive risk to the boat or crew. The direct pickup method must be used. Task must be accomplished without injury or excessive risk to the person (life-like dummy) in the water.			



	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Brief crew and assign duties.		
2.	Station pointer on open steering station or nearby coxswain to effectively communicate.		
3.	Throw life ring if appropriate to assist PIW.		
4.	Use lulls, shoulders, windows, and saddles for maneuvering and turns.		
5.	Maneuver boat down sea into position for final approach.		
6.	Make retrieval equipment ready as necessary (i.e. boat hook, throw bag).		
7.	Position crew for recovery ensuring safe movement and clear communications.		
8.	Conduct recovery from recess port/well-deck only.		
9.	Maneuver boat into safe position for recovery with regard to crew and PIW.		
10.	Use lulls between series of breakers for making final approach.		
11.	Ensure MLB is stopped and kept square while PIW is being recovered.		
12.	Safely recover PIW/Oscar.		
13.	Use safety backup boat (if applicable) or shore-side safety watch to provide additional information as appropriate.		
14.	Ensure clear communications and coordination among crew.		
15.	Maintain situational awareness and total control of the boat throughout evolution.		
Inst	ructor	Date	
Cor	mments		



TASK SRF-01-10-ANY		Con	nduct a Post-Mission Standdown and Crew Debrief			
References		a. b.				
Conditions Standards			sk performed after underway for surf operations. Trainee must accomplish tas ompting or use of a reference.	sk without		
			Trainee must lead the shore side post-mission safety debrief to include all involved crew (i.e. comms watchstander, boat crews, tower watch, beach party).			
			Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)		
1.	Stand down all unit reso	urces in	volved with surf operations and ensure safe return to unit.			
2.	Ascertain condition of p	articipa	ting crews.			
3.	Ascertain condition of unit boats and ensure they remain fully mission capable (report any disabling or restrictive discrepancies to command).					
4.	Ascertain condition of a continued readiness.	ny other	r resources utilized (i.e. tower, vehicles, radios, safety gear) and ensure their			
5.	Coordinate and lead uni	t post-m	nission debrief in appropriate setting.			
6.	Debrief crew, encouragi	ng inpu	t from juniors first (least experienced), seniors last (most experienced).			
7.	Discuss crew's ability to	react to	o changes in risk levels encountered during debriefs.			
8.	Review objectives, communications, lessons learned, safety issues observed, ideas for improvement, and reinforcement of good seamanship practices or teamwork.					
9.	Provide lessons learned and recommendations to command related to improvement in unit response strategy for near shore operations.					
10.	Determine if the lessons mishap reporting system		l or the actions during the mission warrant further reporting via the boat			
Inst	tructor		Date			
Cor	nments					



Chapter 3. Surfman Trainee Study Guide

Introduction

This Chapter should be removed and given to the trainee for keeping. Its purpose is to provide guidance for the trainee's reading assignments and is not a part of the training record.

The trainee should read the appropriate reading assignment and answer the related questions prior to beginning training in each new task. The instructor should then discuss the trainee's answers to ensure understanding of the subject matter prior to beginning instruction for each new task.



If there is no reading assignment assigned for a specific task, then the task will not have a page number to reference.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Reading Assignments - Division One	6-18



Section A. Reading Assignments - Division One

Introduction

The reading assignments in this section are designed to aid the trainee in developing the knowledge and skills to adequately fulfill the requirement.

In this Section

This Section contains the following reading assignments:

Task Number	Reading Assignment	See Page
SRF-01-01-ANY	None Assigned	
SRF-01-02-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-03-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-04-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-05-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-06-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-07-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-08-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-09-TYPE	None Assigned	
SRF-01-10-ANY	None Assigned	



Part 7 Tactics Qualification Tasks

Introduction

This Part contains a collection of tasks, which must be learned, practiced, and performed by the trainee. These tasks represent the minimum elements of skill and knowledge necessary for safe and effective performance of Coast Guard Tactics.

NOTE &

This Manual is not meant to be ordered for purposes of obtaining individual qualification tasks. Qualification tasks should be reproduced locally and provided for trainees.

In this Part

This Part contains the following Chapters:

Chapter	Title	See Page
1	Task Accomplishment Record for Tactics	7-2
2	Tactics Qualification Tasks	7-3

7-1 CH-2



Chapter 1. Task Accomplishment Record for Tactics

NOTE & Instructor should remove this chapter and place	Instructor should remove this chapter and place it in the trainee's training record.				
TRAINEE NAME:	RATE:				
INSTRUCTOR NAME:	RATE:				
POSITION/QUALIFICATION CODE TO BE TRAINED FOR:					
NOTE & Instructors should line through those tasks not applicable to this qualification.					

Task	Date Started	Date Completed	Instructor's Initials
TAC-01-01-ANY			
TAC-01-02-ANY			
TAC-01-03-TYPE			
TAC-01-04-TYPE			
TAC-01-05-TYPE			
TAC-01-06-TYPE			
TAC-01-07-TYPE			
TAC-01-08-ANY			
TAC-01-09-ANY			



Chapter 2. Tactics Qualification Tasks

Introduction

The following are the instructions for this Chapter:

- The purpose of this Chapter is to provide guidance on the trainee's progress through the qualification tasks.
- The instructor should present the tasks to the trainee in a logical order using the instructions provided in *Part 1*.
- Tasks should be signed, dated, and placed in the trainee's training record
 when the instructor is satisfied that the trainee can consistently perform a
 task in accordance with all standards and conditions.

Prerequisites

A Coxswain must be a certified on the boat type for which they are completing these qualifications. Trainee must also be assigned to one of the following units:

- Port Security Unit (PSU)
- Maritime Safety and Security Team (MSST)
- Enhanced Maritime Safety and Security Team (EMSST)
- Units that have been designated by their Area or District Commander.

In this Chapter

This Chapter contains the following Sections:

Section	Title	See Page
A	Tactical Boat Operations	7-4

7-3 CH-2



Section A. Tactical Boat Operations

Introduction

The following are objectives of Division One:

- Prepare for a Waterside Security Mission (WSM).
- Complete pre-arrival enforcement procedures.
- Demonstrate duties of a Screen Boat (SB).
- Demonstrate duties of a Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB).
- Demonstrate Vessel on Vessel Use of Force or Rules of Engagement as appropriate.
- Employ weapons from a Response Boat (RB).
- Secure from a Waterside Security Mission (WSM).

NOTE &

Instructors must insure that trainees reassess risk at appropriate intervals during evolutions, communicate to the crew, and use the results in decision-making.

WARNING!

EXTREME CAUTION SHOULD BE USED WHEN PRACTICING AND DEMONSTRATING THESE TACTICS!

A boat's speed and operating distance between platforms during these evolutions should always be within the capabilities of all individuals and under the direct supervision of the training supervisor. It is recommended that these tactics be practiced at incremental speeds and distances – not to exceed the operational limits of the boat.

When employing the **Intercept** tactic, the RB will maneuver as quickly as possible between the oncoming Target of Interest (TOI) and the High Valued Asset (HVA) and the course should be as close to bow on as possible.

The **Herding** and **Shouldering** Tactics are Step II Tactics under the vessel-on-vessel use of force (UOF) policy for non-compliant vessels. Adherence to the four-step checklist for stopping non-compliant vessels should always be followed when deciding to employ the **Herding** and **Shouldering** Tactics.

The unique nature of these tactics is recognized and specifically called-out within the Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series). As such, the Coxswain should be proficient in the **Intercept**, **Herding** and **Shouldering** tactics as part of this qualification.



In this Section

This Section contains the following tasks:

Task Number	Task	See Page
TAC-01-01-ANY	Review Patrol Orders and Participate in Operational Pre-Brief	7-6
TAC-01-02-ANY	Complete Pre-Arrival Enforcement Procedures	7-7
TAC-01-03-TYPE	Screen Boat (SB) Duties - Moving	7-8
TAC-01-04-TYPE	Screen Boat (SB) Duties - Stationary	7-9
TAC-01-05-TYPE	Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB) Duties	7-10
TAC-01-06-TYPE	Vessel on Vessel Use of Force/Rules of Engagement	7-11
TAC-01-07-TYPE	Weapons Employment	7-12
TAC-01-08-ANY	Secure from Waterside Security Mission (WSM)	7-13
TAC-01-09-ANY	Port Security Unit (PSU), Maritime Safety and Security Team (MSST), and Enhanced Maritime Safety and Security Team (EMSST) Specific Tasks	7-14

7-5 CH-2



TASK TAC-01-01-ANY Review Patrol Orders and Participate in Operational Pre-Brief Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST References M16601.7 (series) Maritime Law Enforcement Manual (MLEM), COMDTINST M16247.1 (series) **Conditions** Task should be preformed at anytime. Job aids and references are authorized. **Standards** Trainee must complete the task prior to getting underway for Waterside Security Mission IAW Ref (a) and the approved Operational Commander's mission plan. Reference (a) Chapter 2 Section B discusses a lengthy list of sample information that should be included in Patrol Orders and briefings. The below Performance Criteria NOTE & represents the tasks critically important and necessary regardless of mission scenario. Completed **Performance Criteria** (Initials) **Identify** Chain of Command. Authenticate OPCON Authenticate TACON Authenticate PATCOM d. Identify participating agencies Verify Mission Contingency Plan. Pre-diversion risk assessment Confirm SAR responsibility b. Confirm asset backup Verify Communications Procedures. Confirm primary communications method Confirm secondary communications method b. Confirm communications contingency plan Confirm Use of Force or Rules of Engagement Guidelines. Confirm approval to use weapons (where and when) (required during pre-brief) Verify status (delegation) of the Statement of No Objection (SNO) authority for warning shots and disabling fire Review each step of the non-compliant vessel framework and account for each applicable tactic for each step Review field of fire assignments d. Instructor **Date Comments**

TASK TAC-01-02-ANY



References		a.	Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, C M16601.7 (series)	OMDTINST	
Conditions			Task shall be performed both day and night within operating parameters of the response boat. Job aids and references are authorized.		
Sta	ndar	rds	Tra	inee must complete the task prior to commencing HVA escort/patrol IAW r	ef (a).
				Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1.	Est	ablish Communications	S.		
	a.	Establish communicati	ions v	with PATCOM (as applicable)	
	b.	Establish communicati	ions v	with HVA (as applicable)	
2.	Ins	pect Route.			
	a.	Identify any suspicious	s acti	vity	
	b.	Identify any underwate	er haz	zards	
	c.	Report to chain of com	ıman	d	
3.	Ins	pect Pier (Final Destina	tion I	Point).	
	a.	Perform a surface insp	ectio	n	
	b.	Identify potential threa	ats		
	c.	Report to chain of com	ıman	d	
4.	Co	mplete pre-escort Sweep	p.		
	a.	Identify potential threa	ats		
	b.	Report to chain of com	ıman	d	
Instructor			Date		
Comments					
				·	

Complete Pre-Arrival Enforcement Procedures

7-7 CH-2



TASK TAC-01-03-TYPE References a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, COMDTINST M16601.7 (series) b. Maritime Law Enforcement Manual (MLEM), COMDTINST M16247.1 (series) Conditions Task shall be performed while underway both day and night within operating parameters of the response boat. Task must be accomplished without prompting, job aids, references, and casualty to personnel or boat.

Standards

Trainee must perform the duties of the Screen Boat and maintain zone integrity during the escort of an HVA IAW ref (a).

NOTE &

Screen Boat (SB) duties are performed in a variety of scenarios (Four-boat, Three-boat, Two-boat, etc.) With the exception of zone and sector positioning, the core SB duties for a moving HVA remain the same. It is not expected that the Coxswain demonstrate proficiency in each scenario – rather the core SB duties represented below. This approach requires complete understanding of the various scenarios and zone/sector variations. This understanding is demonstrated with successful completion of Part 2, Section H of this manual.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Patrol Intercept Zone.		
	a. Maneuver in assigned intercept zone		
	b. Perform sector switching		
	c. Maintain communications		
	d. Assume role the Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB) when required (refer to TASK TAC-01-05-TYPE).		
2.	Escort a compliant Target of Interest (TOI) through a SZ.		
	a. Assume tactical position		
	b. Switch sectors		
	c. Loitering hand-off		
	d. Drop back hand-off		
3.	Shadow TOI.		
	a. Maintain (tactical advantage) position between TOI and protected HVA		
	b. Remain in the SZ		
4.	Intercept TOI that encroaches the SZ.		
	a. Maneuver (as quickly as possible) between incoming TOI and HVA		
	b. Communicate existence of SZ		
	c. Classify TOI (compliant, non-compliant, VPIT)		
5.	Remove non-compliant TOI from the Security Zone (refer to TASK TAC-01-06-TYPE).		
6.	Herd TOI.		



		~ ~	
7. Shoulder TOI.			
NOTE &			
8. Take a vessel posing a 07-TYPE).	an imminent threat (VPIT) under fire (refer to TASK TAC-01-		
Instructor		Date	
Comments		<u> </u>	
TASK TAC-01-04-TYPE	Screen Boat (SB) Duties - Stationary		
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-T M16601.7 (series)	TP) Manual, COMDTINST	
	b. Maritime Law Enforcement Manual (MLEM), COMDTINS	ST M16247.1 (series)	
Conditions	Task shall be performed while underway both day and night wit response boat. Task must be accomplished without prompting, casualty to personnel or boat.		
Standards Trainee must perform the duties of the Screen Boat and maintain zone integrity while protecting a stationary HVA IAW ref (a).			
NOTE &	Screen Boat (SB) duties are performed in a variety of scenario Two-boat, etc.) With the exception of zone and sector position stationary HVA remain the same. It is not expected that the C proficiency in each scenario – rather the core SB duties representations of the various scenarios and control of the va	ning, the core SB duties for a oxswain demonstrate ented below. This approach	

requires complete understanding of the various scenarios and zone/sector variations. This understanding is demonstrated with successful completion of Part 2, Section H of this manual.

	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Patrol Intercept Zone.		
	a. Maneuver in assigned intercept zone		
	b. Perform zone switching		
	c. Maintain communications		
	d. Assume role of the TRB (when required)		
2.	Escort a compliant Target of Interest (TOI) through a SZ.		
	a. Assume tactical position		
	b. Switch sectors		
	c. Loitering hand-off		
	d. Drop back hand-off		
3.	Shadow TOI.		
	a. Maintain tactical position between TOI and protected HVA		
	b. Remain in the SZ		

7-9 CH-2



		-	
4. Intercept TOI that encroa	ches the SZ.		
a. Maneuver (as quickly	as possible) between incoming TOI and HVA		
 b. Communicate exister 	nce of SZ		
c. Classify TOI (compli	ant, non-compliant, VPIT)		
5. Remove non-compliant T	OI from the Security Zone (refer to TASK TAC-01-06-TYPE).		
or mon compliant	01 11 11 11 01 01 01 11 2).		
6. Herd TOI.			
7. Shoulder TOI.			
A . 11	to be a second to the second more of		
	boat-to-boat contact during shouldering (between the TOI and be simulated for training/qualification purposes.		
SB) WIII	to simulated for training quantication purposes.		
8. Take a Vessel Posing an	Imminent Threat (VPIT) under fire (refer to TASK TAC-01-		
07-TYPE).	imminent Tineat (VIII) under me (leter to TASK TAC-01-		
,			
Instructor		Date	
		<u> </u>	
Comments			
TASK TAC-01-05-TYPE	Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB) Duties		
References	 a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB- M16601.7 (series) 	TTP) Manual, CON	IDTINST
	b. <i>Maritime Law Enforcement Manual (MLEM)</i> , COMDTIN	IST M16247 1 (sori	ac)
Conditions	Task shall be performed while underway both day and night w		
	response boat. Task must be accomplished without prompting casualty to personnel or boat.	g, job aids, reference	s, and
C411			
Standards	Trainee must perform the duties of the Tactical Reaction Boat while protecting an HVA IAW ref (a).	and maintain zone i	megnty
	white protecting an 11/11/11/11/10/(a)/		
NOTE &	Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB) duties are performed in a vari		
	Three-boat, Two-boat, etc.) With the exception of zone and		
	TRB duties for a stationary HVA remain the same. It is not		
	demonstrate proficiency in each scenario – rather the core T This approach requires complete understanding of the vario		
	variations. This understanding is demonstrated with success		
	Section H of this manual.	•	•



		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Patrol the Reacti	ion Zone (RZ).		
	a. Maintain zo	ne integrity		
	b. Maintain Co	ommunications		
	c. Keep TOI u	nder observation		
	d. Maintain po	sition between TOI (in the SZ) and the HVA		
2.	Intercept TOI th	at has moved past the Screen Boat.		
		as quickly as possible) between incoming TOI and HVA		·
	b. Communica	te existence of SZ		
	c. Classify TO	I (compliant, non-compliant, VPIT)		
3.	Remove non-cor	npliant TOI from the Security Zone (refer to TASK TAC-01-06-TYPE).		
4.	Herd TOI.			
5.	Shoulder TOI.			
		Actual boat-to-boat contact during shouldering (between the TOI and		
N	OTE 🏎	SB) will be simulated for training/qualification purposes.		
6.	Take a vessel po	sing an imminent threat (VPIT) under fire (refer to TASK TAC-01-		
	07-TYPE)			,
				, <u> </u>
Ins	tructor		Date	
Co	mments			
TA	SK TAC-01-06-T	YPE Vessel on Vessel Use of Force/Rules of Engagement		
Ref	erences	 Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB- M16601.7 (series) 	TTP) Manual, CO	MDTINST
		b. Maritime Law Enforcement Manual (MLEM), COMDTIN	IST M16247.1 (sei	ries)
Co	nditions	Task shall be performed while underway both day and night w response boat. Task must be accomplished without prompting casualty to personnel or boat.		
Sta	ndards	Trainee must demonstrate the duties of the Tactical Reaction E while protecting an HVA IAW ref (a).	oat and maintain z	one integrity
		Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)	Boat Type
1.	Determine (Class	sify) Intent of TOI.		
	a. Compliant v	vessel		
	b. Non-compli	ant vessel		
	c. Vessel posii	ng imminent threat (VPIT)		



2. (Compel	compliance from	n a non	on-c	-co	mpl	lian	nt ve	essel	el.														
a	a. Den	onstrate Comm	and Pre	rese	sen	nce																		
t	o. Emp	loy Low-level 7	actics	s																				
c	e. Emp	loy Higher-leve	l Tactio	tics	S																			
Ċ	d. Emp	loy Warning sh	ots and	d D	Dis	sabl	ling	g fire	e (S	See N	NOTE	Ξ).												
		i. Deter	mine v	whe	her	re S	SNO) Au	utho	ority	resid	les												
		ii. Obtai	n perm	miss	ssi	ion 1	for v	war	rning	ng sho	ots a	nd/o	or disa	abling	g fire	:								
			te warr																					_
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NO	TE &	The actual training/q dependan Qualificate Personal (ualification to	cation loc	tioi oca ire	n pu al po the	urpo olicy wea	oses cy. eapo	s. T	The u	use o be det	of bla	ank a	mmuı)							
3. I	Defend s	elf, unit or other	s from	n a '	a V	/PIT	Γ (re	efer	r to T	TAS	SK T	AC-0	01-07	7-TYI	PE).									
Instru	uctor																		Dat	te				
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	K TAC-(1-07-TYPE	Wea	1	Re	espo	onse	е Ва	oat '	Tact	etics, T	Tech	nique	es, an	nd Pr	ocedu	res (RE	3-TTI	P) Mar	nual, C	OM	1DT	INST	
		1-07-TYPE		1	Re M	espo 1166	onse 601.	e Bo	oat '	Tacti			_										INST	
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Refer	rences litions	1-07-TYPE	a. b. c. Tas resp cas	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Ro M M O onstalt	Tespo 1166 Marii Drdno hall hall ise b ty to	onse 601. time ance l be j coat. co per	e Bo .7 (s e La ce M peri t. Ta erson	Coat Zeserie Serie Saw E Manu Task Task Task Task Task	Tacties) Enformal, (med a musel or better)	COM Whilest be boat.	MDTI e und acco	Manı TINST derw ompli	ual (M Γ M80 ray bo	MLEA 3000.2 oth da with	M), CC 2 (serie ay and aout pr	es) night v	NST withing, jo	m oper	247.1 (s	arai nce	es) mete	ers of	
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Cond Stand 1. I	ences litions lards Determin	ne field of fire.	a. b. c. Tas resp cas Tra (VI	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Ro M O k sl constalt	Pesper 1166 Marit Ordno hall ise b ty to e m	onse 601. ftime nance l be j poat. o per	e Ba .7 (s e La ce M peri t. Ta erson den	Coat Z (serie aw E Manu rform rask onnel mons	Tacties) Enformation, (mad, comment of the comment	COM While st be boat. ate the	MDTI e und acco	Manı TINST derw ompli	ual (M Γ M80 ray bo	MLEA 3000.2 oth da	M), CC 2 (serie ay and aout pr	oMDTI es) night v	withing, jo	n oper b aids	ating p, refere	arai nce	metees, ar	ers of and	reat



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4. Control Weapo	ons Employment (See NOTE).						
a. Communicate standard commands							
b. Receive ap	propriate response from gunner						
NOTE &	The actual firing of weapons will be simulated for						
1,012 00	training/qualification purposes. The use of blank ammunition is dependant upon local policy.						
	adependant upon local poncy.						
	Qualification to fire the weapon will be determined through separate						
	Personal Qualification Standards (PQS).						
5. Communicate	with TACON.						
To other other	Dodo.						
Instructor	Date						
Comments							
TASK TAC-01-08-	ANY Secure from WSM Mission						
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, CC M16601.7 (series)	OMDTINST					
Conditions	Task should be preformed at anytime. Job aids and references are authorized.						
Standards	Trainee must complete the task upon completion of a Waterside Security Mission and the approved Operational Commander's mission plan.	n IAW Ref (a)					
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)					
1. Secure RB.							
a. Moor IAW	existing procedures						
b. Secure we	apons						
2. Conduct De-br	ief.						
3. Complete Nece	essary Reports.						
a. After Action	on Reports						
b. Incident R							
Instructor	Date						
Comments							

7-13 CH-2



TASK TAC-01-09-ANY	Port Security Unit (PSU), Maritime Safety and Security Team (MSST), and Maritime Safety and Security Team (EMSST) Specific Tasks	Enhanced
References	a. Response Boat Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures (RB-TTP) Manual, CC M16601.7 (series)	OMDTINST
	b. Marine Safety Manual, Volume VII, Port Security, COMDTINST M16000.	12 (series)
	c. Ordnance Manual, COMDTINST M8000.2 (series)	
Conditions	Task should be performed at any time, in any type of weather conditions not exceptatform limits. Trainee must accomplish the task without prompting or use of Live fire exercise will be completed IAW ref C.	
Standards	Trainee must perform the tasks without casualty to personnel or boat.	
	Performance Criteria	Completed (Initials)
1. Demonstrate anti-swimme	er/submersible/swimmer delivery vehicle (SDV) techniques.	
2. Conn platform during an u	underway M240B and/or M2 live fire exercise.	
3. Follow vectoring instruction	ons from Tactical Action Officer (TAO).	
4. Demonstrate safe deployr	ment of MK3A2 concussion grenades from port security platform. (PSU ONLY)	
Instructor	Date	
Comments		



Appendix A. Glossary

Introduction This Appendix contains a list of terms that may be useful when reading this Manual.

In this Appendix This Appendix contains the following information:

Торіс	See Page
Glossary	A-3



U.S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and Training (BOAT) Manual, Volume II



TERM	DEFINITION
Aids to Navigation Team	An Aids to Navigation Team is a Coast Guard shore facility with an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a Group, Section or Activity command, or District Commander (in the case of D17).
Air Station	An Air Station is a Coast Guard shore facility with an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a Group, Section or Activity command, or District Commander (in the case of D17).
Auxiliary- Operated Station (Small)	An Auxiliary-Operated Station (small) is a Station (small) that relies on auxiliary members for its primary duty section staffing for three or more months a year is considered to be an "auxiliary operated" unit. Auxiliary operated Units may or may not have an active duty command cadre (i.e., OIC).
Boat Crew	Includes the coxswain, boat engineer, crewmen, and all other personnel required onboard a boat acting in an official capacity.
Boat Crew Examination Board (BCEB)	A group of certified boat crew members, consisting of experienced surfmen, heavy weather coxswains, boat coxswains, engineers, and crew members, as applicable, selected by the unit commander and organized to examine and evaluate boat crew candidates. BCEB is designated in writing.
Boat Outfit/Stowage Plans	The configuration requirements for standard boat outfits and equipment stowage plans are set forth in the applicable Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series).
Captain-of-the- Port (COTP)	Within their jurisdiction, these Coast Guard officers enforce port safety, security, and marine environmental protection regulations, including, without limitation, regulations for the protection and security of vessels, harbors, and waterfront facilities, anchorages, warning zones, security zones, regulated navigation areas, deep-water ports, water pollution, and ports and waterways safety.
Certification	Formal command verification that an individual has met all requirements and is authorized to perform the boat crew duties at a specific level aboard a particular boat type.
Command Cadre	The CO or OIC, the Executive Officer or Executive Petty Officer, the Engineering Petty Officer and senior Boatswain's Mate (at units with COs) are a unit's command cadre.
Crew Rest	Time during which alert crews do not engage in any Station work or operations. Crews are allowed to recreate and sleep.



TERM	DEFINITION
Crew Underway Time	Begins when the crewmember reports to the designated place to prepare for a specific boat mission. Computation of such time ends when the mission is complete. Crew underway time includes time spent accomplishing pre-mission and post-mission boat checks.
Current	A current crewmember is certified and has all recurring training requirements completed and up to date. Currency is maintained by completing the regularly scheduled minimum proficiency requirements of their current crew position.
Cutter	A Cutter, to which a cutter boat is assigned, contains an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a Group, Section or Activity command, or District Commander.
Disabling Fire	The firing of ordnance at a vessel with the intent to disable, with minimum injury to personnel or damage to the vessel. Disabling fire as practiced by the Coast Guard does not constitute the use of deadly force. Such fire is a special method of stopping a vessel.
Engineering Changes (ECs)	These are the only authorized modifications to a standard boat. No one other than Commandant (G-SEN) is authorized to approve ECs to standard boats. The Specific Boat Type Operator's Handbook, COMDTINST M16114 (series) provides amplifying details on the EC process.
	NOTE & Engineering Changes (ECs) were formerly known as BOATALTS.
Escort	A protective screen of naval or law enforcement vessels and aircraft used to protect a high valued asset(s) from enemy attack.
Fatigue	A condition of impaired mental and physical performance brought about by extended periods of exertion and stress which reduces the individual's capability to respond to external stimuli. Some factors contributing to fatigue are sleep loss, exposure to temperature extremes (hypothermia and heat stress), motion sickness, changes in work and sleep cycles, physical exertion, workload, illness, hunger, and boredom. While an individual or crew may be considered to be fatigued at any time, at a minimum, they are considered to be fatigued when they exceed the underway or alert posture standards in this section.
Fatigue Waiver	A waiver to crew rest or rest-recovery requirements granted by a Group Commander.
Field of Fire	The area in which a weapon or a group of weapons may cover effectively with fire from a given position.



TERM	DEFINITION
Heavy Weather	Heavy weather is defined as sea, swell and wind conditions combining to exceed 8 feet and/or winds exceeding 30 knots.
	NOTE & This definition of heavy weather is not intended to define a heavy weather situation for a specific boat type. Heavy weather for each specific boat type may be determined by the coxswain at any time.
Herding	Tactical boat maneuver where an RB purposely maneuvers towards a TOI (there is no physical contact) in an attempt to force it away from the protected asset.
High Value Asset (HVA)	Any landside or waterside asset that is of high value. HVA may include military and commercial vessels, waterfront facilities, military facilities, submarines, or commercial vessels carrying CDC.
Intercept Zone (IZ)	The outermost area of a security zone (SZ). Normally extends from the outer edge of the RZ away from the HVA an additional 1000 yards.
Jurisdiction	The government's right to exercise legal authority over its persons, vessels, and territory. Within the context of MLE, jurisdiction is comprised of three elements: substantive law, vessel status/flag, and location.
Limited Access Area (LAA)	Areas defined in the port, facility, terminal area, or activity boundaries and used to restrict or control movement of vessels, vehicles, persons, or objects within these areas. The establishment of any LAA requires public rulemaking and publication in the Federal Register.
Maritime Homeland Security (MHS)	A Federal law enforcement mission carried out by domestic law enforcement authorities, including the Coast Guard, and conducted in accordance with settled law enforcement procedures, the <i>Maritime Law Enforcement Manual (MLEM)</i> , COMDTINST M16247.1 (series), and other applicable law enforcement policies. Department of Defense (DoD) personnel may assist non-DoD law enforcement authorities with MHS law enforcement missions in accordance with Federal law and applicable DoD and Coast Guard regulations and policies. MHS does not include the physical security of Coast Guard units and property, which shall be conducted in accordance with the <i>Physical Security and Force Protection Program</i> , COMDTINST M5530.1 (series).
Marine Safety Offices (MSO)	An MSO is a Coast Guard shore facility with an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a District Commander.



TERM	DEFINITION
Maritime Safety and Security Teams (MSST)	An MSST is a Coast Guard shore facility with an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a Group, Section or Activity command, or District Commander (in the case of D17).
Naval Vessel Protection Zone (NVPZ)	As described in 33 CFR 165, Subpart G, an NVPZ is a 500-yard regulated area of water, including a 100-yard exclusion zone, surrounding large U.S. naval vessels, including MSC vessels, in effect at all times in the navigable waters of the U.S. (out to 3NM), whether the large naval vessel is underway, anchored, moored, or within a floating dry dock, except when the large naval vessel is moored within a restricted area or within a naval defensive sea area.
Night	Night is defined as ½ hour after nautical sunset and ½ hour before nautical sunrise.
Non-Compliant Vessel	A vessel subject to examination that refuses to heave to after being legally ordered to do so.
Non-Pooled Station (Small)	A Non-Pooled Station (small) is a Station (small) with permanently assigned personnel. These units will be assigned an Operating Facility (OPFAC) number, unit boat allowance and OIC.
Operational Commander	For the purpose of this instruction, Operational Commanders are defined as commanders of Groups, Activities, Air Stations and Greater Antilles Section, who exercise direct operational control of a subordinate unit with a standard boat or non-standard boat assigned. This definition specifically does not include Station COs/OICs exercising operational control of a Station (small).
Operational Control (OPCON)	Transferable command authority that may be exercised by commanders at any echelon at or below the level of Area Commander. OPCON is inherent in area command (command authority). OPCON may be delegated and is the authority to perform those functions of command over subordinate forces involving organizing and employing commands and forces, assigning tasks, designating objectives, and giving necessary authoritative direction necessary to accomplish the mission. See also tactical control.
Operational Order (OPORD)	A directive issued by a commander to subordinate commanders for the purpose of effecting the coordinated execution of an operation.



TERM	DEFINITION
Operation Plan (OPLAN)	A plan for a single or series of connected operations to be carried out simultaneously or in succession. It is usually based upon stated assumptions and is the form of directive employed by higher authority to permit subordinate commanders to prepare supporting plan and orders. The designation "plan" is usually used instead of "order" in preparing for operations well in advance. An OPLAN should be put into effect at a prescribed time, or on signal, and then become an OPORD.
Operations	Time spent on pre-mission planning, underway, and post mission reporting or follow-up.
Parent Station	A parent Station is a unit with one or more subordinate Stations (small/s). Its command cadre allowance may be different from that of a typical unit to account for the increased responsibility associated with the assignment of subordinate Stations (small/s).
Pooled Station (Small)	The Pooled Station (small) is essentially a "remote operating location". A Pooled Station (small) appears in the <i>Operating Facilities (OPFAC) of the U. S. Coast Guard</i> , COMDTINST M5440.2 (series), but will not have an assigned OPFAC number, assigned unit boat allowance, personnel, or an OIC. The parent unit for this Pooled Station (small) has additional personnel to operate a boat from the physical location of the Station (small).
Port Security Unit (PSU)	A PSU is a Coast Guard shore facility with an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a Group, Section or Activity command, or District Commander (in the case of D17).
Ports, Waterways, and Coastal Security (PWCS)	Protection of the U.S. Maritime Domain and the U.S. Marine Transportation System from internal and external threats, such as destruction or loss or injury from terrorism, sabotage, or other subversive acts.
Qualification	The satisfactory completion of the appropriate qualification tasks.
Reaction Zone (RZ)	Area within a SZ immediately adjacent to the HVA. Normally extends 1000 yards from the HVA.
Readiness	The ability of a boat to perform the functions and missions for which it was designed.



TERM	DEFINITION
Ready for Operations Team (RFO Team)	A minimum of three members, the RFO team consists of members designated by the Operational Commander. Teams conduct annual assessment visits to ensure the goals of the Readiness and Standardization Program are achieved.
Recertification Process	The steps a crew member takes to regain command authorization to be assigned boat crew duties when prior certification has lapsed due to permanent change of station (PCS) transfer, failure to meet semi-annual/annual currency requirements, or revocation.
Reserve Augmented Unit	A Reserve Augmented Unit is a unit that relies on reserve personnel for at least one third of its primary duty section staffing for three or more months a year.
Response Boat (RB)	The term "response boat" refers mainly to the Coast Guard's smaller, quicker, and more maneuverable craft (47' Motor Life Boat, 41' Utility Boat, 25' Response Boat – Homeland Security (RB-HS), Response Boat – Small (RB-S), and similar style craft). While larger Coast Guard assets (patrol boats (PBs), buoy tenders, high/medium endurance cutters) work in conjunction with these smaller craft, they are considered to fill the Escort/Command and Control Vessel role rather than that of the RB.
Risk Assessment	An analysis of the probability that an asset will sustain damage from an attack.
Rough Bar	A rough bar is a river entrance or inlet where heavy seas or surf conditions exist. Also, in situations when the coxswain or the CO/OIC is unsure, a rough bar is assumed.
Safety Zone	A designated water or shore area to which access is limited to persons, vehicles, vessels, or objects authorized by the COTP. It may be stationary and described by fixed limits or it may be described as a zone around a vessel in motion.
	A safety zone may be established by regulation under the authority of the Port and Waterways Safety Act (PWSA) (33 U.S.C. 1221) within which vessel traffic controls and operating restrictions may be imposed.
Screen Boat (SB)	A boat interposed between the HVA and the threat.
Security Zone (SZ)	Security zones are designated areas of land, water, or land and water established for such time as the COTP deems necessary to prevent damage or injury to any vessel or waterfront facility; to safeguard ports, harbors, territories, or waters of the United States; or to secure the observance of the rights and obligations of the United States.



TERM	DEFINITION	
Senior Boatswain's Mate	The senior Boatswain's Mate permanently assigned, other than the OIC or XPO. For purposes of Boat Crew Training, this individual is considered a member of the command cadre whose primary function is to lend experience to the unit training program, and assist in the training and mentoring of subordinate personnel.	
Shadow	Tactical boat maneuver where an RB inside an SZ maintains a position between a transiting TOI outside the SZ and the protected HVA.	
Shoulder	Tactical boat maneuver where an RB purposely maneuvers into a TOI in an attempt to physically force it away from the protected asset.	
Sleep Period	A period of time available for an individual to devote to sleeping that is not interrupted by official responsibilities.	
Standardization Team (Stan Team)	A three to five member deployable evaluation team that consists of highly trained and experienced professionals specializing in the operational/deck and engineering aspects of each standard boat platform. Each team conducts biennial assessment visits to ensure the goals of the Readiness and Standardization Assessment (outlined in this Manual) are achieved. These teams act as a deployable asset to the centers of excellence (UTBSC/NMLBS/NATON) for each standard boat platform, and in addition to providing field units with technical information, they support the centers by providing guidance and feedback to improve school training and program functions.	
Standing Rules of Engagement (SROE)	Guidance on the use of force (UOF) for the accomplishment of non-law enforcement missions, unit self-defense, and national self-defense. SROE also establish fundamental policies and procedures governing action to be taken by U.S. force commanders during military operations and contingencies.	
Station	A Station is a Coast Guard shore facility with an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a Group, Section or Activity command, or District Commander (in the case of D17).	
Station (Small)	A Station (small) is a minimally staffed and resource constrained unit that receives operational direction, command, and support from its parent unit.	
Station Aids to Navigation Team (STANT)	A STANT is a Coast Guard shore facility with an OPFAC, command cadre, and permanently assigned dutystanders, unit boat allowance, and equipment, which reports to a Group, Section or Activity command, or District Commander (in the case of D17).	



TERM	DEFINITION
Station Work	Activities that constitute normal unit work which are not directly associated with duty, boat operations, pre-mission planning, or post-mission reporting and follow-up. Ex: boat maintenance, Station cleanup, non-mission administrative tasks.
Structural Configuration Characteristics	This applies to the fit, form, and function of structural vessel parts. Watertight closures, vessel coatings, and mounted equipment locations are managed by structural configuration requirements.
Surf	Surf is defined as the waves or swell of the sea breaking on the shore or a reef.
Tactical Control (TACON)	Command authority over assigned or attached forces or commands, made available for tasking, that is limited to the detailed and, usually, local direction and control of movements or maneuvers necessary to accomplish missions of tasks assigned. TACON is inherent in OPCON. TACON may be delegated to, and exercised at any level at or below the area commander.
Tactical Reaction Boat (TRB)	The tactical reaction boat (TRB) is charged with backing up the SB when it is intercepting/investigating a TOI entering the SZ.
Target of Interest (TOI)	Any contact (vessel or aircraft) that poses a possible threat to a law enforcement unit or protected asset.
Task	A separate training step learned in order to perform a particular job skill.
Task Code	A four-element code used to identify the applicability of tasks listed in this Manual.
Type	A particular class of boat, such as 41' UTB, 49' BUSL, or 47' MLB.
Unit Commander	A CO or OIC of a unit with a standard or non-standard boat assigned.
Unit Self-Defense	A commander has the inherent authority and obligation to use all necessary means available and to take all appropriate action to defend that commander's unit and other U.S. forces in the vicinity from a hostile act or hostile intent. Force used should not exceed that which is necessary to decisively counter the hostile act or intent and ensure the continued safety of U.S. forces or other persons and property they are ordered to protect. U.S. forces may employ such force in self-defense only so long as the hostile force continues to present an imminent threat.
Urgent Operations	A mission of sufficient importance that the District Commander elects to execute it with a fatigued boat crew.
Urgent SAR	A mission which involves the probable loss of life unless the Coast Guard intervenes.



TERM	DEFINITION
Vessel-on-Vessel UOF TTPs	The tactics, techniques, and procedures for stopping <u>non-compliant vessels</u> . The procedures follow a gradual escalation in intensity, from non-harmful means up to and including the possible use of disabling fire. While some vessel-on-vessel TTPs have the potential for causing serious damage, injury, or death, they do not include TTPs that are intended to be applied as deadly force.
Vessel Posing an Imminent Threat (VPIT)	Any vessel whose actions pose an imminent threat of death or serious physical injury to any person.
Waterside Security	Measures or actions taken to prevent or guard against the use of a waterside approach to a waterfront facility or vessel by persons or vessels intent on theft, sabotage, terrorism, and/or belligerent acts.
Zone	A geographic boundary or geographic area of jurisdiction such as a Captain-of-the-Port zone, marine inspection zone, safety zone, security zone, tactical security zone or tactical reaction zone.



Appendix B. List of Acronyms

Introduction This Appendix contains a list of acronyms used throughout the manual.

In this Appendix This Appendix contains the following information:

Торіс	See Page
List of Acronyms	B-3



U.S. Coast Guard Boat Operations and Training (BOAT) Manual, Volume II



ACRONYM	DEFINITION	
AOR	Area of Responsibility	
BCEB	Boat Crew Examination Boards	
BCM	Boat Crew Member	
BDCM	Buoy Deck Crew Member	
BDS	Buoy Deck Supervisor	
BECCE	Basic Engineering Casualty Control Exercises	
BM	Boatswain's Mate	
ВО	Boom/Crane Operator	
BUSL	Buoy Utility Stern Loading	
CDV	Course Deviation Variance	
CGUOFP	Coast Guard Use of Force Policy	
СО	Commanding Officer	
CO/OIC	Commanding Officer/Officer-in-Charge	
COMDTINST	Commandant Instruction	
СОТР	Captain-of-the-Port	
CS	Creeping Line Search	
CSP	Commence Search Point	
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning System	
DHS	Department of Homeland Security	
DR	Dead Reckoning	
EBL	Electronic Bearing Line	
EC	Engineering Change	
ECM	Electronic Control Module	
EMSST	Enhanced Maritime Safety and Security Team	
EMT	Emergency Medical Technician	
EPIRB	Emergency Position Indicating Radio Beacon	
ETA	Estimated Time of Arrival	
GAR	Green-Amber-Red	
GPS	Global Positioning System	
HELP	Heat Escape Lessening Position	
HDOP	Horizontal Dilution of Precision	
HVA	High Value Asset	
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning	
ICW	Intracoastal Waterway	
IZ	Intercept Zone	
LAA	Limited Access Area	



ACRONYM	DEFINITION
LOP	Line of Position
LORAN-C	Long Range Aid to Navigation
MARB	Marine Assistance Request Broadcast
MARSEC	Maritime Security
MHS	Maritime Homeland Security
MLB	Motor Lifeboat
MLC	Maintenance and Logistics Command
MOB	Man Overboard
MSO	Marine Safety Office
MSST	Maritime Safety and Security Team
NAVRULS	Navigation Rules
NMEA	National Marine Electronics Association
NMLBS	National Motor Lifeboat School
NSB	Non-Standard Boat
NVPZ	Naval Vessel Protection Zone
OIC	Officer-in-Charge
OPAREA	Operational Area
OPCON	Operational Control
OPFAC	Operating Facility
OPLAN	Operation Plan
OPORD	Operational Order
PATCOM	Patrol Commander
PCS	Permanent Change of Station
PFD	Personal Flotation Device
PIW	Person-in-the-Water
POB	Person Onboard
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
PPS	Precise Positioning Service
PQS	Personnel Qualification Standard
PS	Parallel Search
PSU	Port Security Unit
PTO	Power Take-Off
PWCS	Ports, Waterways, and Coastal Security
RB	Response Boat
RFO	Ready for Operations



ACRONYM	DEFINITION	
ROE	Rules of Engagement	
RZ	Reaction Zone	
SAR SB	Search and Rescue Screen Boat	
SMC	SAR Mission Coordinator	
SOG	Speed Over Ground	
SOP	Standard Operating Procedures	
SPC (HWX)	Heavy Weather Special Purpose Craft	
SPE	Severity-Probability-Exposure	
SPE/GAR	Severity-Probability-Exposure/Green-Amber-Red	
SPS	Standard Positioning Service	
SROE	Standing Rules of Engagement	
SS	Square Search	
SSB-HF	Single Side Band-High Frequency	
STANT	Station Aids to Navigation Team	
SWL	Safe Working Load	
SZ	Security Zone	
TACON	Tactical Control	
TCT	Team Coordination Training	
TD	Time Difference	
TOI	Target of Interest	
TRB	Tactical Reaction Boat	
TSN	Track Line Non-Return Search	
TSR	Track Line Return Search	
TTP	Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures	
UOF	Use of Force	
U/W	Underway	
UPH	Unaccompanied Personnel Housing	
UTB	Utility Boat	
UTBSC	Utility Boat Systems Center	
UTM	Utility Boat Medium	
VPIT	Vessels Posing an Imminent Threat	
VRM	Variable Range Marker	
VRO	Variable Ratio Oiler	
VS	Sector Search	



ACRONYM	DEFINITION
WLL	Working Load Limit
XPO	Executive Petty Officer
XTE	Cross Track Error



Index

A

aids to navigation, 2-36, 2-43, 2-44, 2-45, 2-49, 2-99, 2-111, 2-113, 2-114, 2-116, 2-117, 2-120, 2-122, 2-123, 2-124, 2-125, 2-126, 2-127, 2-128, 2-129, 2-130, 2-131, 2-132, 2-134, 2-136, 2-138, 2-139, 2-142, 2-143, 2-144, 2-152, 2-155, 4-43, 4-44, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64, A-3 alongside a ship, 4-65, 4-69, 4-114 alongside another boat, 4-65, 4-68, 4-113, 4-114 alongside tow, 2-54, 2-62, 2-107, 4-78, 4-85, 4-86, 4-121, 5-46 anchor, 2-33, 2-34, 2-85, 2-90, 3-7, 3-23, 3-31, 3-32, 3-34, 3-46, 3-63, 4-12, 4-14, 4-16, 4-35, 4-36, 4-37, 4-87, 4-100 anchoring the boat, 2-31, 2-33, 2-90 anti-exposure coveralls, 2-12, 2-15, 2-80, 2-81, 2-82, 5-12 AOR, 4-32, B-3 area of responsibility, 4-32, B-3 associated hardware, 2-112, 2-124, 2-149, 4-78, 4-80, 4-120 AtoN, 1-4, 2-1, 2-7, 2-111, 2-112, 2-113, 2-114, 2-115, 2-123, 2-126, 2-128, 2-134, 2-140, 2-141, 2-144, 2-149, 2-158 AtoN buoy deck equipment, 2-112, 2-123, 2-149 AtoN procedures, 2-112, 2-113, 2-144 authority and jurisdiction, 2-72.2, 2-72.3 automatic weapons, 2-72.2, 2-72.15 auto pilot, 3-12, 4-14, 4-40, 4-52 auxiliary, 3-6, 3-11, 3-36, 3-64, 4-14, 4-109, A-3 auxiliary system, 3-6, 3-11 away from a pier, 2-31, 2-38, 4-16, 4-28, 4-97

B

bar, 1-5, 2-150, 3-32, 4-17, 4-19, 4-31, 4-96, 4-99, 5-16, 5-28, 5-29, 5-30, 5-32, 5-36, 5-37, 5-38, 5-45, 5-53, 6-6, 6-10, 6-11, 6-12, A-6 basic casualty response, 3-33, 3-63 basic engineering casualty control exercise, 2-55, 2-71, 4-65, 4-76, B-3 basket hoist, 4-65, 4-74, 4-75, 4-116, 4-117 BCEB, A-3, B-3 BCM, 1-4, 2-3, 2-4, 2-5, 2-6, 2-10, 2-11, 2-12, 2-13, 2-14, 2-15, 2-16, 2-17, 2-18, 2-19, 2-20, 2-21, 2-22, 2-23, 2-24, 2-25, 2-26, 2-27, 2-28, 2-29, 2-30,

2-31, 2-32, 2-33, 2-34, 2-35, 2-36, 2-37, 2-38, 2-39, 2-40, 2-41, 2-42, 2-43, 2-44, 2-45, 2-46, 2-47, 2-48, 2-49, 2-50, 2-51, 2-52, 2-53, 2-54, 2-55, 2-56, 2-57, 2-58, 2-59, 2-60, 2-61, 2-62, 2-63, 2-64, 2-65, 2-66, 2-67, 2-68, 2-69, 2-70, 2-71, 2-74, 2-75, 2-76, 2-77, 2-78, 2-79, 2-80, 2-81, 2-82, 2-83, 2-84, 2-85, 2-86, 2-87, 2-88, 2-89, 2-90, 2-91, 2-92, 2-93, 2-94, 2-95, 2-96, 2-97, 2-98, 2-99, 2-100, 2-101, 2-102, 2-103, 2-104, 2-105, 2-106, 2-107, 2-108, 2-109, B-3 BDCM, B-3 BDS, 2-111, 2-133, 2-134, 2-135, 2-158, B-3 BECCE, 2-55, 2-71, 4-65, 4-76, B-3 bend a heaving line, 2-54, 2-60, 2-106 bilge flooding, 3-65 bitts, 2-25, 2-30, 2-87, 2-107, 2-114, 2-117, 3-7, 3-46, 4-80, 4-120 BM, B-3 BO, B-3 boarding team, 4-88 boarding team member, 4-88 boat construction, 2-25, 2-26, 2-86 boat crew dry suit, 2-12, 2-16, 2-80 boat crew examination board, 1-9, A-3, B-3 boat crew member, 1-2, 1-4, 2-1, 2-3, 2-9, 2-12, 2-73, 2-82, 4-114, 4-117, A-3, B-3 boat crew survival vest, 2-12, 2-16, 2-20, 2-21, 2-80, 2-81, 4-66 boat crew survival vest equipment, 2-12, 2-16, 2-80 boat crew training, A-6 boat handling, 2-9, 2-31, 2-39, 2-94, 4-7, 4-16, 4-17, 4-18, 4-96 boat in tow, 2-61, 2-62, 4-78, 4-82, 4-83, 4-84, 4-87, 5-16, 5-24, 5-25 boat nomenclature, 2-9, 2-25, 2-85 boat operations, 1-5, 3-6, 3-8, 3-11, 3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-20, 3-21, 3-27, 3-29, 3-33, 3-40, 4-38, 4-96, 5-8, 5-45, 5-47, A-6 boat piloting, 4-7, 4-40 boat preparations, 5-12, 5-13, 5-20, 5-48 boom/crane, 2-111, 2-114, 2-117, 2-122, 2-123, 2-128, 2-129, 2-130, 2-131, 2-132, 2-133, 2-134, 2-135, 2-135, 2-136, 2-137, 2-139, 2-140, 2-144, 2-147, 2-148, 2-149, 2-153, 2-154, 2-156, 2-157, B-3 boom/crane operator, 2-111, 2-114, 2-128, 2-129, 2-130, 2-134, 2-144, 2-153, 2-154, 2-156, B-3 bow on mooring, 2-31, 2-32 bow-to, 5-16, 5-24, 5-32, 5-36, 5-53, 6-6, 6-10, 6-12 bow-to method, 6-6, 6-10

bow-to seas, 5-16, 5-24

breaking seas, 5-6, 5-7, 5-45, 5-46, 5-48



bridle, 2-54, 2-60, 2-61, 2-106, 2-108, 2-119, 2-125, 2-150, 2-158, 4-78, 4-80, 4-81, 4-82, 4-84, 4-87, 4-121 bridle connection, 4-78, 4-84, 4-121 buoy boat, 2-157 buoy deck crew, 2-111, 2-112, 2-113, 2-114, 2-144, 2-145, B-3 buoy deck crew member, 2-111, 2-112, 2-114, 2-145, B-3 buoy deck limitations and parameters, 2-112, 2-123,

2-149

buoy deck seamanship, 2-112, 2-124, 2-149 buoy deck supervisor, 2-111, 2-114, 2-129, 2-134, 2-135, 2-136, 2-138, 2-144, 2-148, 2-156, 2-157, 2-

buoy deck supervisor fundamentals, 2-134, 2-136, 2-157

buoy deck tool fundamentals, 2-112, 2-120 buoy maintenance, 2-112, 2-126, 2-150 buoy operations, 2-153

Buoy Utility Stern Loading Boat, 2-123, 2-131, B-3 BUSL, 2-123, 2-131, 2-143, 2-147, 2-149, 2-151, 2-152, 2-153, 2-154, 2-155, 2-156, 2-158, A-7, B-3

C

capsizing, 2-12, 2-22, 2-82, 3-33, 3-37, 3-53, 3-64, 4-19, 4-93, 5-49 CDV, 4-49, B-3 certification, 1-1, 1-8, 1-9, 1-10, 2-13, 2-14, 4-38, 5-32, A-3, A-5 CG-1 strobe light, 2-12, 2-20, 2-80 channel, 2-41, 2-42, 2-45, 2-51, 2-96, 2-99, 4-16, 4-30, 4-32, 4-97, 4-98 check-ride, 1-8, 1-9 classes of fires, 2-54, 2-65, 2-108 cleats, 2-25, 2-30, 2-87, 2-107, 2-114, 3-7, 3-46, 4-80, 4-120 CO, 1-5, 4-70, 4-109, A-3, A-6, A-7, B-3 CO/OIC, 1-5, A-6, B-3 CO₂ fire extinguisher, 2-55, 2-66, 2-108 collision with a submerged object, 3-33, 3-39, 3-65 combat a fire in the engine space, 2-55, 2-70, 2-109 command and control vessel, 2-72.10 command cadre, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6 commence search point, 4-58, B-3 compass course, 2-31, 2-37, 2-92, 4-40, 4-41, 4-42, compute time, speed, and distance, 2-43, 2-47, 2-100 course deviation variance, 4-49, B-3

creeping line search, 4-55, 4-58, 4-61, 4-110, 4-111,

crew brief, 5-16, 5-17, 5-32, 5-33, 6-6, 6-7 crew debrief, 5-16, 5-31, 5-32, 5-42, 6-6, 6-16 crew efficiency factors, 2-9, 2-10, 4-7, 4-8 crew fatigue, 2-10, 2-75, 4-8, 4-91, 5-13 crew first-aid responsibility, 2-12, 2-13, 2-78 CS, 4-55, 4-58, 4-61, 4-110, 4-111, B-3 CSP, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64, B-3 cutting, 2-106, 2-112, 2-120, 2-121, 2-148

D

dead reckoning, 4-40, 4-42, 4-103, 5-20, 5-51, B-3 de-brief, 2-72.2, 2-72.6 deck equipment, 2-149, 4-9, 4-11, 4-93 deck watch officer, 4-38 defense operations, 4-7, 4-88 depart a surf zone, 6-6, 6-13 depth of water, 2-33, 2-43, 2-48, 2-101, 4-35, 5-18, 5-34, 5-35, 6-8, 6-9 description of tasks, 1-1, 1-4 determine the position of a boat, 5-32, 5-34, 6-6, 6-8 dewatering, 2-54, 2-63, 2-108, 3-7, 3-12, 3-18, 3-37, 3-38, 3-64, 4-65, 4-71, 4-72, 4-73, 4-115 DGPS, 3-47, 4-46, 4-47, 4-49, B-3 direct pass of equipment, 5-16, 5-23 direct pickup method, 4-65, 4-66, 4-113, 5-21, 5-41, 6-14 disabling casualties, 3-5, 3-15, 3-33, 3-52, 5-13 disabling fire, 7-6, 7-12 DO. 3-60 DR, 4-40, 4-42, 4-103, B-3 drifting object, 5-16, 5-22 drogue, 5-10, 5-16, 5-23, 5-26, 5-27, 5-46 dry chemical fire extinguisher, 2-55, 2-67, 2-109 dummy, 2-55, 2-56, 2-58, 4-65, 4-66, 4-67, 4-113, 5-21, 5-41, 6-14 duty section, A-3, A-6

\mathbf{E}

EBL, 2-50, B-3 EC, A-4, B-3 eductor, 2-64, 2-65, 2-108, 3-10, 4-65, 4-72, 4-73, 4-115 electrical charging system, 3-18 electrical system, 2-131, 3-6, 3-8, 3-16, 3-18, 3-48, 3-49, 3-54, 5-14 electronic bearing line, B-3 electronic charting system, 2-43, 2-53 electronic control, 3-29, B-3 electronic control module, B-3 electronic equipment, 3-64, 4-9, 4-13, 4-25, 4-40, 4-

B-3

CPR, 2-12, 2-14, 2-79



electronic systems, 3-6, 3-16, 3-21, 3-53, 4-16, 4-21, Emergency Medical Technician, 4-12, B-3 emergency procedures or response in heavy weather/surf, 5-5, 5-12 emergency signaling mirror, 2-12, 2-17, 2-80 EMSST, 7-3 engine failing to start with the starter turning over, 3-19, 3-22, 3-58 engine high water temperature, 3-34, 3-58 engine oil failure, 3-59 engine running uneven or stalls, 3-19, 3-27, 3-60 engine will not turn over or start, 3-19, 3-21, 3-57 engineering petty officer, A-3 enhanced maritime safety and security team, 7-3 enter and depart a beach, 5-32, 5-40 escort, 2-72.4, 2-72.8, 2-79.9, 2-110.5, 7-8 escorting, 2-72.2, 2-72.9, 2-72.11 estimated time of arrival, 4-42, B-3 ETA, 4-42, 4-48, 4-50, 4-53, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64, B-3 evaluation team, A-6 excessive shaft seal leakage, 3-19, 3-30, 3-61 expanding square, 4-55, 4-58, 4-110 extinguishing agents, 2-54, 2-65, 2-108

F

fathometer, 2-43, 2-48, 2-98, 2-101, 3-7, 3-17, 3-47, 4-14, 4-42, 4-43, 4-44, 4-53, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 5-9 fatigue, 2-10, 2-75, 5-13, 5-48, A-4 field of fire, 2-72.4, 2-72.12, 7-6, 7-12 fire, 2-19, 2-54, 2-55, 2-60, 2-65, 2-66, 2-67, 2-68, 2-69, 2-70, 2-71, 2-106, 2-108, 2-109, 2-121, 2-148, 3-10, 3-12, 3-18, 3-24, 3-33, 3-34, 3-35, 3-36, 3-37, 3-40, 3-63, 3-64, 4-12, 4-13, 4-21, 4-57, 4-65, 4-70, 4-71, 4-73, 4-77, 4-109, 4-114 fire in the auxiliary machinery space, 3-33, 3-36, 3fire in the engine room, 2-71, 3-33, 3-35, 3-64, 4-77 fire onboard, 2-54, 3-33, 3-34, 3-35, 3-36, 3-64, 4-70 first-aid, 2-9, 2-12, 2-13, 2-58, 4-12, 5-10 fittings, 2-25, 2-26, 2-31, 2-66, 2-87, 2-130, 2-137, 2-154, 2-157, 3-6, 3-7, 3-46, 4-9, 4-10, 4-11, 4-12, 4-13, 4-93, 4-119 flooding, 3-33, 3-37, 3-38, 3-39, 3-40, 3-65, 4-72, 4-73, 4-115, 5-14 following sea, 4-16, 4-19, 4-31, 4-55, 4-58, 4-98, 4-110, 5-27, 5-51 fuel sources, 2-54, 2-65, 2-108

G

GAR, 4-25, 5-17, 6-7, B-3 generator set, 3-48 global positioning system, B-3 G-OCS, 6-5 GPS, 2-43, 2-52, 2-102, 3-7, 3-16, 3-47, 4-14, 4-40, 4-45, 4-46, 4-47, 4-48, 4-49, 4-50, 4-52, 4-53, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64, 4-66, 4-67, 4-106, 4-107, B-3 GPS/DGPS, 2-43, 2-52, 2-102, 3-7, 3-16, 4-14, 4-40, 4-45, 4-47, 4-48, 4-49, 4-50, 4-52, 4-53, 4-66, 4-67 green-amber-red, 4-25, B-3, B-4 griping buoys, 2-112, 2-126, 2-150

Η

hand signal fundamentals, 2-112, 2-122, 2-148 hard chine lock-up, 4-16, 4-33, 4-34 HDOP, 4-49, B-3 heat escape lessening position, 2-24, B-3 heat stress, A-4 heating, 2-112, 2-120, 2-121, 2-148, B-3 heavy seas, 1-5, 4-35, 4-99, 5-6, 5-9, 5-10, 5-11, 5-12, 5-13, 5-16, 5-20, 5-21, 5-22, 5-23, 5-24, 5-25, 5-26, 5-28, 5-46, 5-48, 5-51, A-6 heavy seas or surf, 1-5, 5-6, 5-9, 5-13, 5-46, A-6 heavy weather, 1-2, 1-4, 1-5, 4-16, 4-32, 4-33, 4-78, 4-81, 4-95, 4-98, 4-99, 4-113, 4-120, 5-1, 5-3, 5-5, 5-6, 5-7, 5-8, 5-9, 5-10, 5-11, 5-12, 5-13, 5-15, 5-16, 5-17, 5-19, 5-20, 5-21, 5-22, 5-24, 5-26, 5-29, 5-31, 5-32, 5-33, 5-36, 5-38, 5-39, 5-40, 5-41, 5-43, 5-44, 5-45, 5-46, 5-47, 5-48, 5-49, 5-50, 5-52, 6-5, 6-10, 6-11, 6-13, 6-14, A-3, A-4, B-4 heavy weather approach, 5-10, 5-11, 5-16, 5-24, 5-26 heavy weather operations, 5-5, 5-16, 5-17, 5-31 heavy weather towing, 5-6, 5-10, 5-46 helicopter air crew, 4-65, 4-73, 4-116 helicopter operations, 2-54, 2-59, 4-73, 4-74, 4-75, 4-76, 4-116 helmsman, 2-31, 2-37, 2-92 helo-ops, 2-54, 2-59, 2-106 HELP, 2-24, 2-83, B-3 herd, 7-8, 7-10, 7-11 herding, 2-72.12, 2-110.4, 7-4 high value asset, 2-79.2, 2-72.4, 2-72.9 higher-level tactics, 7-12 hitches, 2-25, 2-28, 2-29, 2-61, 2-87, 4-119 homeland security, 4-7, 4-88 horizontal dilution of precision, 4-49, B-3 HVA, 2-79.2, 2-72.4, 2-72.9, 2-72.10, 7-7, 7-8, 7-9, 7-10, 7-11, HVAC, 3-7, 3-8, 3-12, 3-14, 4-21, 4-22, B-3



Ι

ICW, 2-45, B-3 illuminate a bar, inlet or surf zone, 5-16, 5-30 inflatable PFD, 2-12, 2-21, 2-81 inland and coastal piloting, 2-43, 2-45, 2-99 inlet, 1-5, 3-12, 4-99, 5-16, 5-28, 5-29, 5-30, 5-32, 5-36, 5-38, 5-53, 6-6, 6-10, 6-11, A-6 instructor guidance, 1-1, 1-7 intercept, 2-72.12, 7-4, 7-8, 7-10, 7-11 intercept zone, 2-72.4, 7-8 intracoastal waterway, 2-45, B-3

J

jammed rudder, 2-71, 3-32, 4-77

K

knockdown, 5-8, 5-12, 5-14, 5-17, 5-18, 5-33, 5-34, 5-49, 6-7, 6-8 knots, 1-5, 2-25, 2-29, 2-48, 2-87, 2-91, 2-94, 4-18, 4-28, 4-34, 4-45, 4-52, 4-96, 4-98, 4-117, 4-120, 5-19, A-4

 \mathbf{L} LAA, 2-72.2, 2-72.4, 2-72.7 lateral across a surf zone beam, 5-32, 5-39, 5-53, 6-6, 6-13 legal aspects, 4-55, 4-56, 4-108 limited access area, 2-72.2, 2-72.4, 2-72.7 line handling, 2-25, 2-28, 2-61, 2-62, 2-87, 2-115, 2-116, 4-81 line of position, B-3 list the disabling casualties and restrictive discrepancies, 3-6, 3-15, 3-52 local surf conditions, 5-6, 5-7 locate components and accessories, 3-6, 3-8, 3-11, 3-48 locate installed equipment and fittings, 3-6, 3-46 long range aid to navigation, B-3 lookout watch, 2-31, 2-36, 2-92 LOP, 2-51, 4-103, B-3 LORAN-C, 2-43, 2-52, 2-102, 4-40, 4-54, B-3 LORAN-C TDs, 2-43, 2-52, 2-102 loss of communications, 2-72.2, 2-72.6 loss of control of engine RPM, 2-71, 3-19, 3-28, 3-60, 4-77 loss of fuel oil pressure, 2-71, 3-19, 3-24, 3-59, 4-77 loss of main engine lube oil pressure, 2-71, 3-19, 3-24, 3-58, 4-77 loss of steering, 2-71, 3-33, 4-77 lost overboard, 3-37, 5-12, 5-15, 5-49

low-level tactics, 7-12 lube oil pressure, 3-9, 3-19, 3-20, 3-24, 3-25, 3-29, 3-49, 3-59, 4-20

\mathbf{M}

magnetic course, 2-43, 2-46, 2-100, 4-103 main engine, 2-71, 2-135, 3-9, 3-19, 3-20, 3-22, 3-25, 3-31, 3-32, 3-37, 3-48, 3-57, 3-58, 3-59, 3-64, 4-22, 4-77 main engine high water temperature, 2-71, 3-19, 3-22, 3-58, 4-77 main fire pump, 2-55, 2-68 maintenance and logistics command, B-3 make fast a boat to a pier, 2-31, 2-32, 2-90 man overboard, 2-54, 2-55, 2-56, 2-85, 2-105, 2-140, 4-46, 4-93, 4-113, 5-46, 5-51, B-3 man overboard evolution, 2-54, 2-55, 2-56, 2-105 manual deployment, 2-12, 2-22, 2-81 MARB, 4-109, B-3 marine assistance request broadcast, 4-109, B-3 marine safety office, A-4, B-3 maritime distress signals, 2-31, 2-35, 2-92 maritime homeland security, 2-72.2, 2-72.3, 2-72.4 maritime safety and security team, 7-3 maritime SAR planning, 4-55, 4-57 marlinespike seamanship, 2-9, 2-25 mishap report, 5-31, 5-42, 6-16 mission planning, 5-17, 5-33, 6-7, A-5, A-6 MK-124 smoke and illumination signal, 2-12, 2-18, MK-127A1, 2-54, 2-60, 2-106 MK-79 illumination signal kit, 2-12, 2-19 MLB, 1-5, 2-33, 3-12, 4-19, 4-20, 4-31, 4-33, 4-35, 4-80, 4-81, 4-98, 5-9, 5-10, 5-18, 5-23, 5-24, 5-25, 5-28, 5-29, 5-30, 5-33, 5-34, 6-8, 6-11, 6-15, A-7, B-3 MLC, B-3 MOB. 4-46, 4-49, 4-51, 4-66, 4-67, 4-113, 5-29, B-3 moor, 2-31, 2-38, 2-93, 4-16, 4-34, 4-78, 4-86, 4-99, 4-121, 5-46 moor the boat to a pier, 2-31, 2-38 mooring evolution, 2-112, 2-127, 2-151 mooring maintenance, 2-112, 2-125, 2-150 motion sickness, 2-10, 2-11, 2-75, 5-48, A-4 Motor Lifeboat, 4-26, 4-33, B-3 moving target, 2-43, 2-49, 2-50, 2-102 MSO, A-4, B-3 MSST, 7-3, A-4, B-3

N

national marine electronics association, 4-47, B-4



national motor lifeboat school, B-4 nautical chart, 2-43, 2-45, 2-46, 2-47, 2-97, 2-99, 2-100, 4-41 nautical terminology, 2-9, 2-25 naval vessel protection zone, 2-72.8 navigation and piloting, 5-6, 5-9, 5-45 navigation kit, 4-40, 4-43, 4-47, 4-48, 4-50, 4-53 navigation lights, 2-31, 2-34, 2-91, 3-7, 3-17, 3-46, 4navigation rules, 2-34, 2-35, 2-36, 2-50, 2-88, 4-38, 4-41, B-4 navigational publications, 4-40, 4-41 NAVRULS, 4-38, B-4 NMEA, 4-47, B-4 NMLBS, A-6, B-4 no current/wind, 2-31, 2-32 non-compliant, 7-8, 7-10, 7-11, 7-12 non-standard boat, 2-71, 4-40, 4-50, 4-76, A-5, A-7, B-4 NSB, 3-13, B-4 NVPZ, 2-72.8

O

obtain a fix, 2-43, 2-52, 2-102 obtain suction, 2-54, 2-63, 2-64, 2-107, 2-108 OIC, A-3, A-5, A-6, A-7, B-4 OPAREA, 2-140, B-4 OPCON, 2-72.4, 7-6 open water survival skills, 2-12, 2-23, 2-82 operate a boat in heavy seas, 5-16, 5-19, 5-51 operating facility, A-5, B-4 operating in heavy weather and surf, 5-6, 5-8, 5-45 operational area, 2-140, B-4 operational characteristics, 4-16, 4-18 operational risk management, 5-17, 5-31, 5-33, 5-42, 6-7, 6-16 operations in heavy seas or surf, 5-6, 5-9, 5-45 operations report, 2-40, 2-96 OPFAC, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, B-4 ORM, 5-17, 6-7 Oscar, 2-55, 2-56, 2-58, 4-65, 4-66, 4-67, 4-113, 5-21, 5-41, 6-14, 6-15 outboard motor vibration or spun propeller, 3-19, 3-27, 3-59 overheating shaft packing gland, 3-19, 3-30, 3-61

P

packing gland, 3-30 parachute illumination signal, 2-54, 2-60, 2-106

oxygen acetylene, 2-112, 2-120, 2-148

parallel, 2-100, 3-7, 3-17, 3-46, 3-53, 4-55, 4-58, 4-60, 4-110, 4-111, 4-114, 5-45, B-4 parallel search, 4-55, 4-60, 4-111, B-4 parts of a line, 2-25, 2-28, 2-87 parts of a nautical chart, 2-43, 2-44 pass a towline to another boat, 2-54, 2-61, 2-107 pass the heaving line, 2-54, 2-60, 2-106 passengers, 4-116 passing the pump, 2-64, 5-6, 5-11, 5-46 PATCOM, 7-6, 7-7 PCS, A-5, B-4 permanent change of station, A-5, B-4 personal qualification standard, 4-88, 7-12 personal survival, 5-12, 5-15, 5-49 person-in-the-water, 2-54, 2-58, 2-105, 5-16, 5-21, 5-32, 5-41, 5-51, 6-6, 6-14, B-4 petty officer, A-3, B-5 PFD, 2-21, 2-22, 2-80, 2-81, 2-82, 2-105, 4-66, 5-48, B-4 physical fitness, 2-9, 2-12, 2-13 pier, 1-5, 2-29, 2-30, 2-32, 2-38, 2-93, 4-28, 4-29, 4-34, 4-43, 4-48, 4-53, 4-78, 4-86, 4-121 PIW, 2-55, 2-56, 2-57, 4-113, 5-16, 5-21, 5-22, 5-32, 5-40, 5-41, 5-51, 6-6, 6-14, 6-15, B-4 plot a position, 2-43, 2-46, 2-52, 2-100, 2-102 POB, B-4 pointer, 2-54, 2-55, 2-102, 2-105, 4-66, 4-67, 4-86, 5-21, 5-41, 6-15 port security unit, 7-3, 7-5, 7-14 portable pump, 2-54, 2-63, 2-64, 2-68, 2-69, 2-107, 2-108, 4-12, 4-65, 4-71, 4-72, 4-115 post-mission standdown, 5-16, 5-31, 5-32, 5-42, 6-6, posts, 2-25, 2-30, 2-87, 3-32 power take-off, 4-13, B-4 PPE, 2-57, 5-9, 5-12, 5-17, 5-18, 5-20, 5-33, 5-34, 5-35, 5-48, 6-7, 6-8, 6-9, B-4 PPS, 2-102, B-4 PQS, 4-88, 7-12, B-4 pre-arrival enforcement procedures, 7-5 pre-brief, 2-72.2, 2-72.6, 7-5, 7-6 precise positioning service, B-4 pre-mission sortie planning, 5-16, 5-17, 5-32, 5-33, 6-6, 6-7 pre-start checkoff, 3-6, 3-13, 3-51, 4-16, 4-22, 4-24 propulsion equipment, 4-9, 4-12 propulsion system, 3-5, 3-19, 3-33, 4-12, 4-16, 4-20 PS, 4-55, 4-58, 4-60, 4-110, 4-111, B-4 PSU, 7-3, 7-5, 7-14 PTO, 2-132, B-4 pyrotechnics, 5-16, 5-30



Q

qualification task, 1-2, 1-4, 2-1, 2-7, 2-9, 2-111, 2-128, 2-134, 3-1, 3-5, 4-1, 4-7, 5-1, 5-5, 6-1, 6-5, A-5

R

radio, 2-36, 2-40, 2-41, 2-42, 2-51, 2-96, 2-102, 3-16, 3-17, 4-14, 4-25, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-80, 4-120, 5-13, 5-16, 5-17, 5-23, 5-33, 5-48, 6-7. B-3 range and bearing, 2-43, 2-49, 2-101, 4-44 RB, 2-72.2, 2-72.4, 2-72.5 reaction zone, 2-72.4, 7-11 readiness and standardization, 3-15, A-5, A-6 ready for operations team, A-5 recertification, A-5 recovery of personnel from the water, 5-6, 5-9, 5-46 recovery/pickup person, 2-54, 2-56, 2-105 reduction gear failure, 2-71, 3-19, 3-29, 3-60, 4-77 relative bearings, 2-43, 2-50, 2-102 rescue and assistance, 4-7, 4-65 rescue and survival raft, 2-12, 2-22, 2-81 rescue strop hoist, 4-117 rescue swimmer transfer, 4-65, 4-76, 4-117 response boat, 2-72.2, 2-72.4, 2-72.5, 2-72.10, 2-72.12 restrictive discrepancies, 3-15, 3-52, 5-13, 5-31, 5-42, rig and operate an eductor, 2-54, 2-64, 2-108 rig fenders, 2-31, 2-32, 2-62, 2-90, 4-85 rigging fundamentals, 2-134, 2-138, 2-158 risk assessment, 4-25, 4-72, 4-73, 5-13, 5-17, 5-18, 5-34, 6-7, 6-8 risk factors, 2-9, 2-10 risk management, 5-17, 5-30 risk of collision, 2-43, 2-50, 2-102 rivers, 4-16, 4-32, 4-98 rollover, 5-8, 5-12, 5-14, 5-17, 5-18, 5-33, 5-34, 5-49, 6-7, 6-8 rough bar, 1-5, A-6 rules of the road, 4-7, 4-38, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64

S

safe working load, 2-117, 2-149, 2-153, 2-157, B-4 safety equipment, 2-114, 2-145, 2-147, 2-148, 5-12, 5-18, 5-20, 5-34, 5-35, 5-48, 6-8, 6-9 safety precaution fundamentals, 2-112, 2-114, 2-117, 2-145, 2-147

safety precautions, 2-59, 2-115, 2-118, 2-135, 2-136, 4-78, 4-79, 4-119, 5-12, 5-13, 5-27, 5-48 safety rounds, 5-13, 5-16, 5-17, 5-18, 5-32, 5-33, 5-34, 5-35, 6-6, 6-7, 6-8, 6-9 salvage, 4-7, 4-57, 4-65, 4-78, 4-109 sample task, 1-1, 1-3 SAR, 4-7, 4-55, 4-56, 4-57, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-105, 4-106, 4-107, 4-108, 4-110, A-7, SAR fundamentals course, 4-55, 4-57, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-105, 4-106, 4-107 SB, 2-72.10, 7-4, 7-5, 7-8 screen boat, 2-72.10, 7-4, 7-5, 7-8 SDU-5/E, 2-12, 2-20, 2-80 sea conditions, 1-5, 2-56, 2-58, 4-15, 4-25, 4-33, 5-7, 5-19, 5-20, 5-24, 5-25, 5-26, 5-30 search and rescue, 2-56, 2-103, 4-7, 4-8, 4-55, 4-56, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-70, 4-90, 4-105, 4-106, 4-107, 4-108, 4-110, B-4 search pattern, 4-55, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-110, 4-111 sector, 4-55, 4-58, 4-59, 4-110, B-5 sector search, 4-55, 4-59, 4-110, B-5 secure the boat, 3-40, 3-67, 4-10, 4-16, 4-27 security zone, 2-72.2, 2-72.4, 2-72.8, 7-8, 7-10, 7-11 set watertight integrity, 3-6, 3-17, 3-18, 3-53, 4-9, 4-10, 4-25, 4-28, 4-93 severity-probability-exposure, 4-25, B-4 shackle, 2-54, 2-62, 2-107, 2-118, 2-125, 2-127, 2-151, 4-78, 4-83, 4-121 shadow, 2-72.12, 7-8 shaft packing gland, 3-20, 3-61 shaft seal, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-39 shoal area, 4-99, 5-32, 5-40 shoal water, 4-78, 4-86 shockloading, 5-16, 5-25, 5-26, 5-27, 5-29 shorten tow, 4-85, 5-16, 5-28 shoulder, 7-9, 7-10, 7-11 shouldering, 2-72.12, 2-110.4, 7-4 single engine, 5-19, 6-6, 6-13, 6-14 sinkers, 2-112, 2-121, 2-124, 2-126, 2-133, 2-140, 2-149, 2-150 sinking boat, 2-82, 4-65, 4-71, 4-72, 4-115, 5-49 skiff hook, 2-54, 2-62, 2-107, 4-78, 4-80, 4-83, 4-121 SMC, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64, 4-71, 4-72, 4-73, 4-108, B-4 SNO, 7-6, 7-12 SOG, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64, B-4 SOP, 4-56, B-4 sound signals, 2-31, 2-35, 2-91, 2-115, 4-82, 4-83, 4-84, 4-87 SPC, 1-5, 4-19, 4-31, 4-35, B-4 SPC (HWX), 1-5, B-4

RZ, 7-11



SPC (surf), 4-19, 4-31, 4-35 SPE, 4-25, 5-17, 6-7, B-4 SPE/GAR, B-4 speed, 1-5, 2-39, 2-43, 2-48, 2-86, 2-87, 2-91, 2-94, 2-100, 2-129, 2-134, 2-153, 3-8, 3-25, 3-30, 3-61, 4-12, 4-18, 4-19, 4-28, 4-34, 4-40, 4-42, 4-44, 4-45, 4-48, 4-50, 4-53, 4-54, 4-58, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64, 4-74, 4-75, 4-76, 4-79, 4-82, 4-83, 4-84, 4-85, 4-87, 4-93, 4-96, 4-103, 4-104, 4-117, 4-119, 4-120, 4-121, 5-8, 5-19, 5-20, 5-25, 5-26, 5-27, 5-37, 5-38, 5-39, 5-40, 5-45, 5-53, 6-11, 6-12, 6-13, B-4 SPS, 2-102, B-4 square search, B-4 SS, 4-55, 4-58, 4-110, B-4 SSB-HF, 2-40, 2-41, 2-95, 2-96, 4-14, B-4 stability, 2-9, 2-25, 2-27, 2-28, 2-87, 4-7, 4-9, 4-17, 4-32, 4-96, 5-14, 5-45, 5-49 standard boat, 1-3, 2-12, 5-46, 5-51, A-3, A-4, A-5, standard positioning service, B-4 standardization team. A-6 STANT, A-6, B-4 statement of no objection, 7-6 state the equipment casualties, 3-6, 3-16, 3-52 static display, 4-65, 4-73, 4-116 station aids to navigation team, A-6, B-4 station keep, 5-10, 5-11, 5-16, 5-19, 5-22, 5-24, 5-26, 5-32, 5-35, 5-36, 5-40, 5-53, 6-6, 6-9, 6-10, 6-14 stationary position, 5-16, 5-19, 5-22, 5-32, 5-36, 5-53, 6-6, 6-10 steer on a signal, 2-43, 2-51, 2-102 steering, 2-99, 3-10, 3-12, 3-14, 3-16, 3-18, 3-19, 3-31, 3-32, 3-33, 3-37, 3-39, 3-50, 3-51, 3-54, 3-61, 3-63, 4-13, 4-16, 4-25, 4-26, 4-28, 4-81, 5-9, 5-10, 5-18, 5-19, 5-21, 5-22, 5-34, 5-48, 5-51, 6-8, 6steering casualty, 3-19, 3-31, 3-61, 3-63 stern to seas, 5-19, 5-22 stern tow, 2-62, 4-34, 4-78, 4-81, 4-83, 4-84, 4-85, 4-120, 4-121, 5-10, 5-24, 5-25, 5-26, 5-28 stern-to, 5-16, 5-25, 5-32, 5-36, 5-51, 5-53 stokes litter, 2-54, 2-57, 2-58, 2-105, 4-12 striking a submerged object, 3-33, 3-65 supervise a buoy deck evolution, 2-134, 2-139, 2-158 surf, 1-5, 3-37, 4-19, 4-31, 4-33, 4-99, 4-113, 5-5, 5-6, 5-7, 5-8, 5-9, 5-12, 5-13, 5-15, 5-17, 5-29, 5-30, 5-32, 5-33, 5-34, 5-35, 5-36, 5-37, 5-38, 5-39, 5-40, 5-41, 5-42, 5-45, 5-46, 5-48, 5-49, 5-51, 5-53, 6-5, 6-6, 6-7, 6-8, 6-9, 6-10, 6-11, 6-12, 6-13, 6-14, 6-16, A-7 surf capable boat, 5-5, 5-6, 5-8, 5-30, 5-45, 6-5 surf less than 12 feet, 6-13

surf operations, 5-5, 5-12, 5-13, 5-32, 5-33, 5-42, 5-45, 5-48, 6-5, 6-6, 6-7, 6-16 surf station, 6-5 surface swimmer, 2-54, 2-56, 2-57, 2-105 survival, 2-9, 2-12, 2-14, 2-15, 2-16, 2-17, 2-18, 2-19, 2-20, 2-21, 2-22, 2-23, 2-24, 2-56, 2-57, 2-58, 2-59, 2-63, 2-76, 2-77, 2-80, 2-82, 2-83, 2-103, 4-25, 4-74, 4-75, 4-76, 4-93, 5-12, 5-15, 5-47 swamped boat, 4-65, 4-71, 4-72, 4-115 SWL, 2-117, 2-118, 2-138, 2-146, B-4 symbols, 2-43, 2-44, 2-45, 2-97, 2-99, 2-100, 4-41, 4-42, 4-43, 4-47, 4-48, 4-51, 4-53 SZ, 2-72.2, 7-8, 7-9, 7-10, 7-11

T

tactical action officer, 7-14 tactical boat operations, 7-3, 7-4 tactical control, 2-72.2, 2-72.5 tactics qualification tasks, 7-1, 7-2, 7-3 tactical reaction boat, 2-72.10, 7-4, 7-5, 7-8, 7-10 tactics, 2-72.2, 2-72.12 TACON, 2-72.4, 2-72.5, 7-6 TAO, 7-14 target of interest, 2-72.2, 2-72.11, 7-8 task designation, 1-4 TCT, 2-10, 2-11, 4-8, 5-17, 6-7, B-4 TD, 2-52, 4-40, 4-54, B-4 team coordination, 2-9, 2-10, 2-11, 2-23, 2-77, 4-7, 4-8, 5-17, 5-31, 5-33, 5-42, 6-7, 6-16, B-4 team coordination training, 2-10, 2-11, 2-23, 2-77, 4-8, 5-17, 5-31, 5-33, 5-42, 6-7, 6-16, B-4 terminology fundamentals, 2-112, 2-116, 2-146 threats, 2-72.5 throttle stations, 4-16, 4-26 tight quarters, 4-16, 4-29, 4-97 time, 2-52, 4-40, 4-49, 4-54, 4-104, 5-37, 5-38, 5-39, 5-40, 6-11, 6-12, 6-13, 6-14, A-3, A-5, B-4 time difference, 2-52, 4-40, 4-54, B-4 TOI, 2-72.2, 2-72.11, 7-8, 7-9, 7-10, 7-11 tow a vessel inbound, 5-16, 5-29 towing, 2-34, 2-54, 2-61, 2-62, 2-106, 2-107, 2-112, 2-128, 2-136, 2-138, 2-140, 2-151, 3-7, 4-7, 4-12, 4-14, 4-15, 4-22, 4-31, 4-57, 4-78, 4-79, 4-80, 4-81, 4-82, 4-83, 4-84, 4-85, 4-86, 4-109, 4-119, 4-120, 4-121, 5-6, 5-10, 5-24, 5-25, 5-26, 5-27, 5-28, 5-29, 5-46 towing a buoy, 2-112, 2-128, 2-151 towing in heavy weather, 5-6, 5-10, 5-46 towline, 2-29, 2-54, 2-61, 2-62, 2-85, 2-106, 2-107, 4-12, 4-78, 4-79, 4-80, 4-81, 4-82, 4-83, 4-84, 4-85, 4-86, 4-87, 4-119, 4-120, 5-24, 5-25, 5-26, 5-

27, 5-28, 5-29, 5-46



track line non-return search, 4-55, 4-58, 4-62, 4-110, 4-111, B-4 track line return search, 4-55, 4-58, 4-63, 4-110, 4-111. B-4 trail line delivery method, 4-65, 4-75, 4-117 trailer eyebolt, 2-54, 2-62, 2-85, 2-107, 4-121 trainee guidance, 1-1, 1-10 transfer personnel, 4-65, 4-68, 4-69, 4-70, 4-113, 4-114 transit inbound, 5-32, 5-38, 5-53, 6-6, 6-11 transit outbound, 5-32, 5-36, 5-53, 6-6, 6-10 TRB, 2-72.10, 7-4, 7-5, 7-10 true course, 4-40, 4-41, 4-42, 4-103 TSN, 4-55, 4-58, 4-62, 4-110, 4-111, B-4 TSR, 4-55, 4-58, 4-63, 4-110, 4-111, B-4 type III flotation jacket, 2-12, 2-15, 2-79 type III PFD, 2-12, 2-14, 2-15, 2-20, 2-79, 2-81

U

underway limits, 2-10, 5-48 unit training program, A-6 unstable vessel, 4-9, 4-15 UPH, B-4 use of force, 2-72.2, 7-6 UTB, 1-3, 4-31, 4-35, 4-80, 4-81, A-7, B-5 Utility Boat, B-5 UTM, B-5

V

variable range marker, B-5 variable ratio oiler, 3-26, B-5 vari-nozzle, 2-55, 2-68, 2-69, 2-109 vessel at anchor, 4-78, 4-86 vessel on vessel use of force, 2-72.2, 2-72.7, 7-4, 7-5, vessel posing an imminent threat, 7-9, 7-10, 7-11, 7-12 vessel systems checks, 5-16, 5-17, 5-32, 5-33, 6-6, 6-VHF-FM direction finder, 2-43, 2-51, 2-102, 4-14 VHF-FM radiotelephone, 2-40, 2-42, 2-96 visibility, 1-5, 2-35, 2-91, 2-101, 4-25, 4-43, 4-44, 4-111, 4-114, 5-48 vision, 2-12, 2-13, 4-59, 4-60, 4-61, 4-62, 4-63, 4-64 VPIT, 7-9, 7-10, 7-11, 7-12 VRM, 2-50, B-5 VRO, 3-26, B-5 VS, 4-55, 4-58, 4-59, 4-110, B-5

\mathbf{W}

warning shots, 7-6, 7-12
waterside security mission, 7-4, 7-5
water survival, 2-12, 2-23, 2-24, 2-83
water survival exercise, 2-12, 2-24, 2-83
watertight integrity, 2-25, 2-27, 2-86, 3-17, 3-21, 411, 4-93, 5-13, 5-17, 5-20, 5-33, 6-7
way-on, 4-18, 4-44, 4-65, 4-68, 4-113, 4-114
weapons command and control, 2-72.2, 2-72.13
weapons employment, 7-5, 7-12
weapons engagement, 2-72.2, 2-72.12
weighing the boat's anchor, 2-31, 2-33, 2-90
WSM, 7-4, 7-13

X

XPO, A-6, B-5

