News

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HIGHLIGHTS OF PHOENIX-MESA, AZ NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY AUGUST 2005

Workers in the Phoenix metropolitan area averaged \$18.22 per hour during August 2005, according to a new survey released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor. Regional Commissioner Richard J. Holden reported that white collar workers averaged \$22.85 per hour and accounted for 52 percent of the workers in the area. Blue collar employees averaged \$14.73 per hour and represented 26 percent of the workforce, while the remainder worked in service occupations and earned \$11.17 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. The survey excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. This NCS covered 377 firms representing 723,700 workers in the Phoenix metropolitan area, which consists of Maricopa and Pinal Counties. Within this survey, 84 percent of these employees worked in private industry.

In the Phoenix metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for 54 detailed occupations. (See table 1.) Among white collar workers, electrical and electronic engineers averaged \$41.23 per hour; registered nurses, \$29.28; and cashiers, \$11.86. Blue collar occupations included automobile mechanics earning \$21.60 per hour and stock handlers and baggers earning \$10.87. In the service occupations, police and detectives, public service averaged \$25.69 per hour and maids and housemen earned \$8.39.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 2 and 3.) For example, full-time employees in the Phoenix area averaged \$19.00 per hour and part-time employees averaged \$10.82. Union workers averaged \$18.66 per hour, while their nonunion counterparts made \$18.17. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$13.89 per hour and those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$19.64.

The NCS is part of a statistical program that integrates three previously separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program increasing the amount of data available. Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use the data to help choose potential careers. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgment, supervision received and other factors required on the job.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the <u>Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, National Compensation Survey</u> <u>August 2005</u> (Bulletin 3130-73). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the San Francisco Information Office by calling 415-975-4350. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the San Francisco Information Office at 415-975-4350 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday - Friday.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone 202-691-5200 TDD message referral phone number: 800-877-8339

 Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

 National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005

	Tc	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All All excluding sales	\$18.22 18.18	2.3 2.8	\$17.64 17.50	2.6 3.2	\$21.54 21.72	2.5 2.5
White collar White collar excluding sales	22.85 23.80	4.0 4.5	22.70 23.80	4.9 5.7	23.46 23.81	4.5 3.9
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and surveyors Electrical and electronic engineers	31.03 32.47 37.50 41.23	6.9 7.0 2.5 3.8	32.39 34.85 38.30 41.23	9.0 9.3 1.7 3.8	28.12 28.61 –	7.2 7.8 –
Engineers, n.e.c Mathematical and computer scientists Computer systems analysts and scientists Natural scientists	36.24 29.54 30.70	2.6 8.6 8.0	36.24 29.65 30.96	2.6 9.3 8.8	-	
Health related Physicians Registered nurses	29.28	4.3 19.8 2.3	27.97 30.36 29.32	3.5 27.8 2.3	-	
Teachers, college and university Teachers, except college and university Elementary school teachers Secondary school teachers	46.27 26.98 24.32 30.26	10.8 7.8 5.9 0.8	_ 39.41 _ _	– 0.6 –	46.42 26.49 24.28 30.18	5.8
Librarians, archivists, and curators Social scientists and urban planners Social, recreation, and religious workers	-	-			-	
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c Technical	- 24.43 25.89	- 7.1 17.4	- 24.29 26.38	- 7.2 19.1	-	-
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c. Electrical and electronic technicians	16.79 21.57	5.9 6.9	16.79 _	5.9 -		-
Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers Administrators and officials, public	32.59 38.04	8.4 9.8	33.76 39.03		28.55 33.56	13.2 3.9
administration Financial managers Administrators, education and related	40.11 34.82	12.0 13.3	-	-	40.11 _	12.0 _
fields Managers and administrators, n.e.c Management related		6.3 17.3 7.6	– 39.20 25.45	– 17.3 8.4	- - 24.14	- - 16.7
Management analysts Management related, n.e.c	22.75 29.92	18.1 13.6	_ 27.20	– 16.3	-	-

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005 (Continued)

	То	otal	Private i			nd local rnment	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
White collar (Continued)							
Sales	\$18.63	15.1	\$18.78	15.7	_	-	
Supervisors, sales	33.07	30.4	40.88	36.6	_		
Sales, other business services	51.50	20.1	51.50	20.1	-		
Sales workers, other commodities	11.84	23.2	11.84	23.2	_		
Cashiers	11.86	8.7	11.86	8.7	_		
Sales support, n.e.c	10.08	31.9	10.08	31.9	_		
Administrative support, including clerical	14.28	2.9	14.49	3.1	\$13.09	7	
Computer operators	20.68	3.7	-	-	_		
Secretaries	16.08	2.4	16.43	2.4	14.40	4	
Transportation ticket and reservation	40.00	40.0	40.00	40.0			
agents	16.38	10.2	16.38	10.2	—		
Receptionists	12.63	6.8	12.63	6.8	-		
Order clerks	16.13	6.4	15.91	6.4	-		
Records clerks, n.e.c.	12.14	5.9	-	-	_		
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing	15 16	7 0	15.00	<u>ه</u> م			
clerks	15.16 14.52	7.8 11.8	15.08 14.52	8.0 11.8	_		
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	14.52	5.5	14.52	5.4	_		
Stock and inventory clerks Investigators and adjusters, except					_		
insurance	16.10		15.88	5.7	-		
General office clerks	12.24	7.4	13.82	7.9	10.81	8	
Administrative support, n.e.c	12.52	8.6	12.09	10.3	_		
Blue collar	14.73	4.6	14.49	4.9	19.15	4	
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.89	3.4	18.57	3.9	22.18	4	
Automobile mechanics	21.60	6.4	-	-	_		
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	20.63	8.4	-	-	_		
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	15.46	12.1	15.46	12.1	-		
Machine operators, assemblers, and							
inspectors	13.33	3.4	13.28	3.5	_		
Assemblers	12.62	5.6	12.62	5.6	_		
Transportation and material moving	16.33	11.0	16.45	12.1	15.32	9	
Truck drivers	17.86	17.0	17.84	17.5	-	5	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and							
laborers	10.61	4.6	10.49	4.8	16.40	3	
Stock handlers and baggers	10.87	4.5	10.75	4.5	_		
Machine feeders and offbearers	11.17	19.4	11.17	19.4	-		
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	11.81	4.2	11.81	4.2	-		

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005 (Continued)

	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Service	\$11.17	2.2	\$9.96	2.8	\$17.04	4.7
Protective service	14.36		11.05	2.9	21.71	4.0
Firefighting	15.23	18.2	-	-	18.95	13.7
Police and detectives, public service	25.69	0.3	_	_	25.69	0.3
Guards and police, except public service	10.95	3.2	10.93	3.3	_	_
Protective service, n.e.c	12.40	14.4	_	_	12.40	14.4
Food service	8.20	5.4	7.97	5.9	12.44	0.5
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	4.05	13.5	4.05	13.5	-	-
Bartenders	5.47	5.6	5.47	5.6	-	-
Waiters and waitresses	3.35	28.9	3.35	28.9	-	-
Other food service	10.15	4.9	9.97	5.3	12.44	0.5
Supervisors, food preparation and service	12.94	7.3	-	-	-	-
Cooks	9.85	7.3	9.85	7.3	-	-
Food counter, fountain, and related	7.51	4.7	7.51	4.7	-	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	12.47	9.6	12.72	9.8	-	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	10.20	13.8	10.00	15.1	_	-
Health service	11.41	4.1	11.42	4.2	_	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	11.45	4.4	11.46	4.5	-	-
Cleaning and building service	9.78		9.64	6.9	10.23	10.3
Maids and housemen	8.39	5.0	8.39	5.0	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	10.25		10.64	6.8	9.45	3.8
Personal service	13.50	6.2	13.79	7.2	11.23	6.8

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the full bulletin for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the full bulletin.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

	Private industry and State and local government					
Occupational group	Full-time	Part-time				
	workers ³	workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time⁵	Incentive ⁵
			Me	an		
All occupations	\$19.00	\$10.82	\$18.66	\$18.17	\$17.68	\$27.81
All excluding sales		11.47	18.92	18.09	18.04	-
White collar	23.75	14.20	24.39	22.76	22.23	31.95
White-collar excluding sales		18.06	27.42	23.60	23.82	23.18
Professional specialty and technical	31.16	28.92	52.45	30.15	31.03	_
Professional specialty	32.62	30.49	-	32.51	32.47	-
Technical		-	56.51	20.27	25.89	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	32.59	-	-	32.59	32.80	30.23
Sales	21.24	8.18	15.45	18.90	13.36	36.56
Administrative support, including clerical	. 14.47	12.66	17.31	14.00	14.23	_
Blue collar	15.13	6.95	14.90	14.69	14.15	22.90
Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and	18.89	_	21.71	18.56	18.14	23.08
inspectors	13.33	_	13.86	13.13	13.33	_
Transportation and material moving		8.70	17.89	16.16	15.13	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	. 11.21	6.37	11.80	10.29	10.63	-
Service	. 11.90	7.38	19.05	10.05	11.18	-
			Relative err	or ⁶ (percent))	
All occupations	2.7	11.5	9.5	2.5	2.6	12.7
All excluding sales		12.2	10.3		2.9	10.8
White collar	4.1	14.7	16.1	4.1	3.7	13.1
White-collar excluding sales	4.7	11.0	17.1	4.6	4.5	11.0
Professional specialty and technical		5.8	36.4	6.8	6.9	_
Professional specialty	7.5	2.3	–	7.1	7.0	-
Technical		-	35.3	6.4	17.4	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial		-	-	8.4	8.5	15.6
Sales	13.6	2.0	3.1	16.4	8.5	16.5
Administrative support, including clerical	. 2.8	10.3	3.6	2.9	3.0	

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005

	Private industry and State and local government							
	Relative error ⁶ (percent)							
Occupational group	Full-time	Part-time						
	workers ³	workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time⁵	Incentive ⁵		
Blue collar	4.6	9.0	6.7	5.0	3.6	13.4		
Precision production, craft, and repair	3.4	-	9.5	3.8	3.8	5.3		
Machine operators, assemblers, and								
inspectors	3.4	_	3.5	4.6	3.4	_		
Transportation and material moving	11.1	16.7	5.5	12.6	5.3	_		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and								
laborers	4.1	9.3	8.9	4.3	4.7	-		
Service	4.0	9.9	10.4	2.2	2.1			

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005 (Continued)

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the full bulletin for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

⁶ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the full bulletin.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

Industry, National Compensation Survey, Proents	Full-time and part-time workers					
	All		100 workers or n		nore	
	private	50 - 99		100 - 499	500	
Occupational group	industry	workers ³	Total	workers	workers	
Occupational group	workers	WUIKEIS	TUtai	WUIKEIS	or more	
	wonters		Mean			
All occupations	\$17.64		\$18.51	\$17.42	\$19.64	
All excluding sales	17.50	12.81	18.63	17.34	19.83	
White collar	22.70	19.59	23.09	22.29	23.69	
White-collar excluding sales	23.80	17.08	24.53	24.53	24.53	
Professional specialty and technical	32.39	_	32.83	36.36	31.29	
Professional specialty and teermical		_	35.41	41.70	32.60	
Technical	26.38		26.56	22.73	28.16	
Executive, administrative, and managerial			34.02	30.53	36.16	
Sales		25.58	17.60	17.86	17.01	
Administrative support, including clerical	14.49	14.65	14.46	15.46	13.78	
Blue collar	14.49	15.79	14.11	13.58	15.60	
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.57	18.08	18.80	17.17	22.69	
Machine operators, assemblers, and						
inspectors	13.28	_	13.69	13.42	14.60	
Transportation and material moving	16.45	20.47	14.68	14.74	14.50	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and						
laborers	10.49	11.03	10.36	10.39	10.26	
Service	9.96	7.21	11.31	11.67	11.13	
		Relativ	ve error ⁴ (percent)			
				0.5	4 -	
All occupations	2.6	9.2	2.6	3.5	4.7	
All excluding sales	3.2	8.0	3.1	3.4	4.2	
White collar	4.9	16.9	4.8	7.7	9.0	
White-collar excluding sales	5.7	7.5	5.7	7.6	9.3	
Professional specialty and technical	9.0	_	9.4	28.5	8.4	
Professional specialty		_	9.6		4.3	
Technical	19.1	_	20.1	7.5	28.0	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		_	10.1	19.6	8.8	
Sales		39.5	13.8	15.1	30.7	
Administrative support, including clerical	3.1	4.3	3.8	3.7	6.3	

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² private industry, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005

Industry, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005 (Continued)							
	Full-time and part-time workers						
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)						
			100 workers or more				
	All private	50 - 99		100 - 499	500		
Occupational group	industry	workers ³	Total	workers	workers		
	workers				or more		
Blue collar	4.9	12.3	3.4	3.9	8.6		
Precision production, craft, and repair	3.9	11.3	3.5	3.1	8.9		
Machine operators, assemblers, and							
inspectors	3.5	_	3.1	2.9	5.6		
Transportation and material moving	12.1	17.5	5.3	6.3	9.6		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and							
laborers	4.8	8.6	5.4	6.8	14.2		
Service	2.8	7.0	2.5	7.2	3.8		

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² private industry, National Compensation Survey, Phoenix-Mesa, AZ, August 2005 (Continued)

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the full bulletin for more information.

3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the full bulletin.

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