News

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HIGHLIGHTS OF RENO, NV NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY FEBRUARY 2006

Workers in the Reno metropolitan area averaged \$16.56 per hour during February 2006, according to a new survey released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor. Regional Commissioner Richard J. Holden reported that white-collar workers averaged \$20.75 per hour and accounted for 44 percent of the workers in the area. Blue-collar employees averaged \$16.83 per hour and represented 22 percent of the workforce, while the remainder worked in service occupations and earned \$10.89 per hour. (See table 1.)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) presents straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments employing 50 or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. The survey excludes agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government. This NCS covered 221 firms representing 76,100 workers in the Reno metropolitan area, which consists of Washoe County. Within this survey, 82 percent of these employees worked in private industry.

In the Reno metropolitan area, average hourly wages were published for 32 detailed occupations. (See table 1.) Among white-collar workers, registered nurses averaged \$31.15 per hour; hotel clerks, \$10.15; and cashiers, \$9.82. Blue-collar occupations included truck drivers earning \$19.97 per hour and assemblers earning \$11.72. In the service occupations, cooks averaged \$11.51 per hour while waiters and waitresses earned \$5.69.

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. (See tables 2 and 3.) For example, full-time employees in the Reno area averaged \$16.91 per hour and part-time employees averaged \$12.01. Union workers averaged \$22.94 per hour, while their nonunion counterparts made \$15.14. Private industry workers at establishments employing 50-99 workers averaged \$17.67 per hour and those in establishments with 500 or more employees earned \$12.49.

The NCS is part of a statistical program that integrates three previously separate surveys of wages and benefits into one comprehensive compensation program increasing the amount of data available. Data provided by the NCS may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use the data to help choose potential careers. Average rates of pay are also available for levels of work within an occupation based on knowledge, skill, independent judgment, supervision received and other factors required on the job.

Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the Reno, NV, National Compensation Survey February 2006 (Bulletin 3130-62). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the San Francisco Information Office by calling 415-975-4350. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the San Francisco Information Office at 415-975-4350 from 9:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m., Pacific Time, Monday - Friday.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request.

Voice phone 202-691-5200

TDD message referral phone number: 800-877-8339

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings, ¹ all workers: ² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2006

National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, Februa	Total		Private i	ndustry	State and local government	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
AllAll excluding sales	\$16.56 17.17	2.4 2.3	\$14.58 15.02	3.2 3.2	\$27.27 27.24	2.6 2.7
White collar excluding sales	20.75 24.09	4.4 3.8	17.86 21.30	5.9 5.9	29.48 29.45	3.7 3.8
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and surveyors Mathematical and computer scientists	32.16 34.67 35.62 –	3.1 3.0 6.4 -	29.71 33.28 34.69 –	7.0 7.0 4.8 –	35.22 36.07 - -	1.3 1.2 -
Natural scientists Health related Registered nurses Teachers, college and university Teachers, except college and university	35.92 31.15 –	5.7 2.2 –	36.21 30.39 –	6.9 0.9 -	34.64 - -	2.3 - -
Social scientists and urban planners Social, recreation, and religious workers Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes,	31.46 26.44 –	26.3 11.0 –		- - -	- - -	- - -
and professionals, n.e.c Technical Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	– 21.48 20.74 15.78	- 8.2 4.0 5.6	20.01 - 15.78	- 9.3 - 5.6	- - -	- - -
Executive, administrative, and managerial Executives, administrators, and managers Managers and administrators, n.e.c Management related	29.90 31.02 26.65 26.03		27.23 27.54 26.19	6.2 7.5 12.2 –	- - -	- - -
Sales Supervisors, sales Sales workers, other commodities Cashiers	12.07 16.98 11.09 9.82	7.4 2.8 6.6 5.8	11.96 16.98 11.09 9.82	7.4 2.8 6.6 5.8	- - -	- - -
Administrative support, including clerical Secretaries	15.10 19.55 10.15	4.3 9.4 2.7	13.78 19.45 10.15	5.1 11.2 2.7	18.63 - -	8.1 - -
clerks Dispatchers Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks General office clerks	14.96 21.91 15.53 16.38	8.6 10.5 7.2 6.3	13.83 - 15.53 15.51	7.9 - 7.2 10.8	- - -	- - -
Blue collar	16.83	2.7	16.80	2.8	17.61	12.0
Precision production, craft, and repair Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	19.76 19.55	7.5 2.3	19.67 19.55	7.7 2.3	- -	_ _

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Mean hourly earnings, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government,

National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2006 (Continued)

	Total		Private i	industry	State and local government	
	10	,tai	Tilvate	ridu3ti y	goven	inioni
Occupation ³		Relative		Relative		Relative
·	Mean	error ⁴	Mean	error ⁴	Mean	error ⁴
		(percent)		(percent)		(percent)
Blue collar (Continued)						
Machine operators, assemblers, and						
inspectors	\$12.35	9.0	\$12.35	9.0	_	_
Assemblers	11.72	2.3	11.72	2.3	_	_
7.0001110101011111111111111111111111111	11.72	2.0	11.72	2.0		
Transportation and material moving		6.5	19.55	4.9	_	_
Truck drivers	19.97	5.4	19.97	5.4	_	_
Industrial truck and tractor equipment						
operators	16.22	4.7	16.22	4.7	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and						
laborers	12.47	7.9	12.50	8.1	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	10.00	15.2	10.00	15.2	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	10.18	7.9	10.17	7.9	_	_
Service	10.89	2.9	9.25	4.2	\$23.26	2.7
Protective service	20.62	4.4	10.82	6.5	27.57	1.6
Guards and police, except public service	10.10	2.7	10.10	2.7		_
Food service	8.95	8.0	8.95	8.0	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders		3.5	6.28	3.6	_	_
Bartenders	7.10	2.3	6.98	1.6	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	5.69	2.8	5.69	2.8	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.69	3.5	6.69	3.5	_	_
Other food service	10.52	8.7	10.52	8.7	_	_
Cooks	11.51	2.5	11.51	2.5	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	9.52	5.6	9.52	5.6	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c	8.20	3.8	8.20	3.8	_	_
Health service	12.25	4.5	11.75	5.4	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	11.55	9.3	_	_	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	12.56	4.9	11.92	5.4	_	_
Cleaning and building service	9.85	5.7	9.29	4.0	_	_
Maids and housemen	9.15	6.7	9.15	6.7	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	10.00	4.0	9.31	3.6	_	_
Personal service	9.02	2.5	8.82	0.2	14.60	37.5
Supervisors, personal service	18.46	12.8	17.86	14.1	_	_
Attendants, amusement, and recreation		_		_		
facilities	7.11	3.0	6.98	2.3	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

² All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the full bulletin for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the full bulletin.

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation

Survey, Reno, NV, February 2006

Survey, Reno, NV, February 2006	Private industry and State and local government						
	Full time Dort time						
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incontino ⁵	
	Mean					Incentive ⁵	
	iviedii						
All occupations	\$16.91	\$12.01	\$22.94	\$15.14	\$16.44	\$29.10	
All excluding sales	17.53	12.41	22.94	15.68	17.09	_	
White collar	21.12	16.26	26.19	19.69	20.64	32.48	
White-collar excluding sales	24.41	19.79	26.19	23.49	24.03	_	
Professional specialty and technical	32.39	29.25	33.60	31.63	32.16	_	
Professional specialty	35.08	_	33.68	35.14	34.67	_	
Technical	21.53	_	_	20.85	21.48	_	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.90	_	_	30.00	29.39	_	
Sales	12.30	9.94	_	12.07	11.58	27.48	
Administrative support, including clerical	15.47	10.50	18.29	14.11	15.10	_	
Blue collar	17.14	9.92	21.88	14.82	16.59	_	
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.77	_	24.72	17.11	19.44	_	
Machine operators, assemblers, and							
inspectors	12.35	_	_	11.65	12.35	_	
Transportation and material moving	18.84	_	19.99	17.50	18.51	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and							
laborers	13.05	9.79	_	12.35	12.47	_	
Service	11.18	8.00	19.36	9.60	10.89	_	
		·	Relative erre	or ⁶ (percent)			
All c	6 -	0.0	6.4		<u> </u>	44.4	
All occupations	2.5	6.6	3.1	3.4	2.5	11.1	
All excluding sales	2.4	7.3	3.1	3.5	2.3	_	
White collar	4.6	6.1	3.0	5.3	4.5	21.1	
White-collar excluding sales	4.2	3.9	3.0	4.8	3.8	_	
Professional specialty and technical	3.1	4.4	0.6	4.5	3.1	_	
Professional specialty	3.0	_	0.5	4.2	3.0	_	
Technical	8.4	_	_	8.2	8.2	_	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	6.2	_	_	6.2	6.0	_	
Sales	7.7	7.9	_	7.4	5.6	23.1	
Administrative support, including clerical	4.5	5.5	5.6	4.4	4.3	_	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2006 (Continued)

Carvey, None, 111, 1 obracily 2000 (Continued)	Private industry and State and local government							
	Relative error ⁶ (percent)							
Occupational group	Full-time	Part-time		, ,				
	workers ³	workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵		
Blue collar	2.7	4.5	7.6	5.0	2.8	_		
Precision production, craft, and repair	7.5	_	3.2	12.2	7.3	_		
Machine operators, assemblers, and								
inspectors	9.0	_	_	7.8	9.0	_		
Transportation and material moving	6.5	_	12.2	3.1	8.1	_		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and								
laborers	8.5	4.9	_	9.5	7.9	_		
Service	2.4	6.2	8.2	4.5	2.9	_		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the full bulletin for more information.

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

⁵ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses.

⁶ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the full bulletin.

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group, ² private industry, National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2006

National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, Februa	ary 2006					
		Full-time a	and part-tim	e workers		
			100	more		
	All					
	private	50 - 99		100 - 499	500	
Occupational group	industry	workers ³	Total	workers	workers	
	workers				or more	
		<u>. </u>	Mean			
All occupations	\$14.58	\$17.67	\$13.95	\$15.95	\$12.49	
All excluding sales	15.02	18.93	14.30	16.75	12.71	
, and the second						
White collar	17.86	19.67	17.33	17.38	17.28	
White-collar excluding sales	21.30	24.54	20.47	20.85	20.12	
· ·						
Professional specialty and technical	29.71	28.65	30.03	30.69	29.37	
Professional specialty	33.28	33.25	33.29	35.25	31.30	
Technical	20.01	_	20.63	17.23	23.93	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	27.23	33.60	25.46	31.90	22.91	
Sales	11.96		11.53		10.01	
Administrative support, including clerical	13.78		12.92	13.05	12.77	
, tarrimonative support, mendaning sterioa	10.70		12.02	10.00		
Blue collar	16.80	18.11	16.44	16.72	15.88	
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.67	22.78	18.70	18.04	20.09	
Machine operators, assemblers, and					_0.00	
inspectors	12.35	_	12.22	13.78	10.47	
Transportation and material moving		_	20.13	20.62	-	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	10.00		20.10	20.02		
laborers	12.50	8.63	13.64	13.92	13.05	
18001613	12.50	0.03	13.04	10.32	13.03	
Service	9.25	9.88	9.20	9.60	9.12	
COI VICO	0.20	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.12	
		Relativ	elative error ⁴ (percent)			
			``	,		
All occupations	3.2	8.4	3.4	5.4	1.4	
All excluding sales	3.2	6.0	3.3	6.2	1.3	
White collar	5.9	7.9	6.8	9.7	6.7	
White-collar excluding sales	5.9	6.8	6.4	12.7	5.2	
· ·						
Professional specialty and technical	7.0	9.5	8.5	16.3	2.1	
Professional specialty		16.6	7.7	12.4	3.4	
Technical			11.8	9.8	9.6	
Executive, administrative, and managerial			7.2	6.9	10.8	
Sales	7.4		6.3	6.3	4.6	
Administrative support, including clerical	5.1	9.9	4.0	4.2	6.4	
Administrative support, including dictionismissis	0.1	5.5	٦.0	⊤.∠	0.7	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² private industry, National Compensation Survey, Reno. NV. February 2006 (Continued)

National Compensation Survey, Reno, NV, February 2006 (Continued)								
	Full-time and part-time workers							
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)							
	(1000000)							
	100 workers or more							
	All							
	private	50 - 99		100 - 499	500			
Occupational group	industry	workers ³	Total	workers	workers			
1 3 1	workers				or more			
Blue collar	2.8	11.7	3.8	5.0	6.3			
Precision production, craft, and repair	7.7	8.1	7.3	9.4	1.6			
Machine operators, assemblers, and								
inspectors	9.0	_	9.7	10.0	11.9			
Transportation and material moving	4.9	_	6.2	5.9	_			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and								
laborers	8.1	13.4	7.3	9.7	9.3			
Service	4.2	10.9	4.2	5.9	5.3			

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B in the full bulletin for more information.

³ Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A in the full bulletin.