United States Department of Labor

## HIGHLIGHTS OF AUSTIN-ROUND ROCK, TX NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY MAY 2007

Workers in the Austin-Round Rock metropolitan area averaged $\$ 19.93$ per hour during May 2007, according to new survey results from the National Compensation Survey (NCS) released by the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Regional Commissioner Stanley W. Suchman reported average hourly earnings of $\$ 32.42$ for management, professional, and related workers and $\$ 17.13$ for natural resources, construction, and maintenance workers. Sales and office workers averaged $\$ 15.92$ an hour; production, transportation, and material moving workers, $\$ 11.49$; and service workers, $\$ 10.27$. [See table 1. Note: Occupational aggregations are now based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system.]

In the Austin area, management, professional and related workers represented the largest occupational group in the survey at 32 percent. Sales and office workers accounted for 29 percent; service workers, 20 percent; and production, transportation, and material moving workers, 10 percent. Natural resources, construction, and maintenance represented the smallest group in the survey at nine percent.

The NCS provides straight-time earnings for occupations in establishments with one or more workers in private industry and State and local governments. This NCS survey covered 276 establishments representing 698,800 workers in the Austin-Round Rock metropolitan area which is comprised of Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties in Texas. Agricultural establishments, private households, the self-employed, and the Federal Government were excluded from the survey.

In the Austin area, average hourly wages were published for full-time workers in a number of detailed occupations. Within the management, professional, and related occupations, computer software engineers averaged $\$ 42.39$ per hour; paralegals and legal assistants, $\$ 25.25$; and licensed practical and vocational nurses, $\$ 17.94$. Receptionists and information clerks, part of the office and administrative support occupational group, earned $\$ 11.16$. In the service occupations, cooks earned $\$ 10.07$. (See table 2.)

The NCS also provides broad coverage of selected occupational characteristics. Establishments in the Austin area with 1-99 workers averaged $\$ 15.93$ and those in establishments with 100-499 workers earned $\$ 19.98$; workers in establishments with 500 or more employees earned $\$ 25.13$. Fulltime workers averaged $\$ 21.34$ per hour while their part-time counterparts earned $\$ 9.58$. (See table 1.)

The NCS provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. In addition to the locality occupational earnings shown in this release, the Employment Cost Index (ECI) component measures changes in labor costs at the national and regional levels. Similarly, average employer costs for employee compensation are available from the Employer Cost for Employee Compensation (ECEC) series and details on benefits incidences and provisions are available from the Employee Benefits Survey (EBS). The occupational wage data may be used by businesses for establishing pay plans, making decisions concerning plant relocation, and in collective bargaining negotiations. Individuals may use such data to help choose potential careers. Details on the NCS are available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm.

## Survey Availability

Complete survey results are contained in the Austin-Round Rock, TX National Compensation Survey May 2007 (Bulletin 3140-09). While supplies last, single copies of the bulletin are available from the Dallas Information Office by calling 214-767-6970. In addition, data contained in the bulletin are available on the Internet in both text and PDF formats at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm.

For personal assistance or further information on the National Compensation Survey, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the Dallas Information Office at 214-767-6970 from 8:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. CT.

Table 1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings ${ }^{1}$ and weekly hours for selected worker and establishment characteristics, Austin-Round Rock, TX, May 2007

| Worker and establishment characteristics | Civilian workers |  |  | Private industry workers |  |  | State and local government workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hourly earnings |  | Mean weekly hours ${ }^{3}$ | Hourly earnings |  | Mean weekly hours ${ }^{3}$ | Hourly earnings |  | Mean weekly hours ${ }^{3}$ |
|  | Mean | Relative error ${ }^{2}$ (percent) |  | Mean | Relative error ${ }^{2}$ (percent) |  | Mean | Relative error ${ }^{2}$ (percent) |  |
| All workers $\qquad$ Worker characteristics ${ }^{4,5}$ | \$19.93 | 3.5 | 36.5 | \$19.05 | 4.2 | 36.2 | \$23.54 | 4.6 | 37.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Management, professional, and related .......... | 32.42 | 3.2 | 38.5 | 35.07 | 4.1 | 39.5 | 27.94 | 5.1 | 36.8 |
| Management, business, and financial ......... | 34.33 | 4.6 | 40.7 | 35.99 | 5.9 | 41.1 | 31.50 | 8.7 | 40.0 |
| Professional and related ........................... | 31.52 | 3.7 | 37.5 | 34.63 | 4.9 | 38.8 | 26.26 | 4.6 | 35.5 |
| Service | 10.27 | 9.8 | 33.6 | 8.94 | 7.6 | 32.6 | 17.47 | 20.6 | 39.9 |
| Sales and office | 15.92 | 9.4 | 35.6 | 15.92 | 10.9 | 35.1 | 15.94 | 4.5 | 39.1 |
| Sales and related | 18.43 | 22.2 | 33.7 | 18.43 | 22.2 | 33.7 | - | - | - |
| Office and administrative support ................ | 14.62 | 2.4 | 36.6 | 14.28 | 2.9 | 36.0 | 15.94 | 4.5 | 39.1 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance $\qquad$ | 17.13 | 3.4 | 40.9 | 17.17 | 3.6 | 40.9 | - | - | - |
| Construction and extraction ....................... | 17.00 | 10.0 | 40.4 | 17.25 | 10.3 | 40.5 | - | - | - |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair ........... | 17.16 | 5.0 | 41.0 | 17.15 | 5.2 | 41.1 | - | - | - |
| Production, transportation, and material moving | 11.49 | 4.9 | 35.3 | 11.39 | 5.0 | 35.3 | - | - | - |
| Production ............................................. | 12.75 | 5.3 | 38.8 | 12.60 | 5.4 | 38.7 | - | - | - |
| Transportation and material moving ............ | 9.70 | 4.4 | 31.3 | 9.67 | 4.4 | 31.3 | - | - | - |
| Full time | 21.34 | 3.7 | 40.0 | 20.67 | 4.6 | 40.0 | 23.79 | 4.8 | 39.9 |
| Part time .................................................... | 9.58 | 3.7 | 22.4 | 9.02 | 3.0 | 22.9 | 17.46 | 15.5 | 16.7 |
| Union | 25.22 | 9.8 | 40.0 | 22.67 | 2.1 | 40.0 | - | - | - |
| Nonunion | 19.86 | 3.5 | 36.5 | 19.01 | 4.2 | 36.2 | 23.36 | 4.6 | 37.7 |
| Time | 19.10 | 3.3 | 36.4 | 17.93 | 3.7 | 36.0 | 23.54 | 4.6 | 37.8 |
| Incentive ................................................... | 34.03 | 10.2 | 39.6 | 34.03 | 10.2 | 39.6 | - | - | - |
| Establishment characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods producing ........................................ | $\left(\begin{array}{l}6 \\ \text { ) }\end{array}\right.$ | $\left({ }^{6}\right.$ ) | $\left(\begin{array}{l}6 \\ \text { ) }\end{array}\right.$ | 25.37 | 1.7 | 40.1 | $\left(\begin{array}{l}6 \\ )\end{array}\right.$ | $\left(\begin{array}{l}6 \\ \text { ) }\end{array}\right.$ | $\left({ }^{6}\right.$ ) |
| Service providing ...................................................................... | (6) | (6) | (6) | 17.55 | 4.5 | 35.4 | ( ${ }^{6}$ ) | (6) | (6) |
| 1-99 workers ............................................... | 15.93 | 7.8 | 36.6 | 15.92 | 8.0 | 36.6 | 16.64 | 15.6 | 35.2 |
| 100-499 workers ......................................... | 19.98 | 8.7 | 35.2 | 20.30 | 9.3 | 34.8 | 16.52 | 16.0 | 40.0 |
| 500 workers or more .................................... | 25.13 | 3.7 | 37.5 | 25.42 | 6.2 | 37.3 | 24.83 | 4.3 | 37.7 |

[^0]hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production bonuses

5 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system

6 Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-providing industries applies to private industry only. Industries are determined by the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

Table 2. Full-time ${ }^{1}$ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Austin-Round Rock, TX, May 2007

| Occupation ${ }^{2}$ | Hourly earnings ${ }^{3}$ |  | Weekly earnings ${ }^{4}$ |  |  | Annual earnings ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean weekly hours | Mean | Median | Mean annual hours |
| All workers | \$21.34 | \$16.83 | \$853 | \$660 | 40.0 | \$43,604 | \$34,726 | 2,044 |
| Management occupations | 43.38 | 31.66 | 1,793 | 1,363 | 41.3 | 91,941 | 73,002 | 2,119 |
| Financial managers ........... | 48.42 | 50.24 | 1,937 | 2,010 | 40.0 | 100,716 | 104,499 | 2,080 |
| Engineering managers .................... | 92.57 | 65.57 | 3,704 | 2,623 | 40.0 | 192,601 | 136,384 | 2,080 |
| Business and financial operations occupations | 25.96 | 25.26 | 1,042 | 1,010 | 40.2 | 54,124 | 52,401 | 2,085 |
| Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists | 25.28 | 25.31 | 1,011 | 1,012 | 40.0 | 52,582 | 52,643 | 2,080 |
| Management analysts ..................... | 25.93 | 25.13 | 1,037 | 1,005 | 40.0 | 53,938 | 52,277 | 2,080 |
| Accountants and auditors ........... | 26.62 | 26.23 | 1,065 | 1,049 | 40.0 | 55,372 | 54,558 | 2,080 |
| Financial analysts and advisors ........ | 25.56 | 27.89 | 1,020 | 1,115 | 39.9 | 53,053 | 58,001 | 2,076 |
| Financial analysts ........................ | 25.98 | 27.93 | 1,039 | 1,117 | 40.0 | 54,047 | 58,094 | 2,080 |
| Computer and mathematical science occupations | 35.56 | 35.17 | 1,429 | 1,407 | 40.2 | 74,296 | 73,147 | 2,089 |
| Computer software engineers ........... | 42.39 | 43.95 | 1,703 | 1,750 | 40.2 | 88,564 | 91,000 | 2,089 |
| Computer software engineers, applications $\qquad$ | 45.02 | 45.24 | 1,833 | 1,807 | 40.7 | 95,317 | 93,976 | 2,117 |
| Computer software engineers, systems software $\qquad$ | 41.48 | 39.42 | 1,659 | 1,577 | 40.0 | 86,271 | 82,000 | 2,080 |
| Computer support specialists ............ | 23.86 | 17.55 | 979 | 702 | 41.0 | 50,898 | 36,500 | 2,133 |
| Computer systems analysts .............. | 37.51 | 35.36 | 1,501 | 1,415 | 40.0 | 78,027 | 73,555 | 2,080 |
| Network and computer systems administrators $\qquad$ | 31.79 | 30.93 | 1,271 | 1,237 | 40.0 | 66,113 | 64,326 | 2,080 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations | 30.19 | 24.00 | 1,223 | 1,038 | 40.5 | 63,617 | 53,997 | 2,107 |
| Engineers .......................... | 41.69 | 38.20 | 1,716 | 1,569 | 41.2 | 89,227 | 81,596 | 2,140 |
| Computer hardware engineers $\qquad$ Electrical and electronics | 49.32 | 41.53 | 2,014 | 1,734 | 40.8 | 104,711 | 90,147 | 2,123 |
| engineers .............................. | 32.65 | 34.28 | 1,400 | 1,371 | 42.9 | 72,789 | 71,294 | 2,229 |
| Engineering technicians, except drafters $\qquad$ | 23.38 | 19.56 | 935 | 782 | 40.0 | 48,638 | 40,687 | 2,080 |
| Electrical and electronic engineering technicians | 24.15 | 19.56 | 966 | 782 | 40.0 | 50,230 | 40,687 | 2,080 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations | 24.84 | 24.16 | 946 | 955 | 38.1 | 49,213 | 49,651 | 1,981 |
| Community and social services occupations | 17.96 | 17.67 | 716 | 707 | 39.9 | 36,228 | 36,749 | 2,017 |
| Miscellaneous community and social service specialists | 15.76 | 15.89 | 628 | 636 | 39.8 | 32,647 | 33,051 | 2,071 |
| Legal occupations | 43.76 | 32.33 | 1,905 | 1,411 | 43.5 | 99,049 | 73,351 | 2,263 |
| Lawyers | 53.62 | 47.12 | 2,449 | 2,235 | 45.7 | 127,367 | 116,214 | 2,375 |
| Paralegals and legal assistants .......... | 25.25 | 25.82 | 1,010 | 1,033 | 40.0 | 52,514 | 53,706 | 2,080 |
| Education, training, and library occupations | 28.89 | 27.59 | 1,147 | 1,093 | 39.7 | 45,836 | 42,376 | 1,586 |
| Postsecondary teachers ................... | 45.14 | 46.16 | 1,796 | 1,841 | 39.8 | 72,655 | 72,185 | 1,610 |
| Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers | 28.49 | 27.93 | 1,129 | 1,104 | 39.6 | 42,831 | 41,514 | 1,503 |
| Elementary and middle school teachers $\qquad$ | 29.06 | 27.93 | 1,155 | 1,104 | 39.7 | 43,243 | 41,514 | 1,488 |
| Elementary school teachers, except special education ...... <br> Middle school teachers, except special and vocational | 28.93 | 27.74 | 1,149 | 1,103 | 39.7 | 43,026 | 41,455 | 1,487 |
| education ........................... | 29.28 | 28.05 | 1,164 | 1,104 | 39.8 | 43,615 | 41,888 | 1,490 |
| Secondary school teachers ........... | 30.43 | 29.54 | 1,203 | 1,155 | 39.5 | 44,877 | 43,269 | 1,475 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Full-time ${ }^{1}$ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Austin-Round Rock, TX, May 2007 - Continued

| Occupation ${ }^{2}$ | Hourly earnings ${ }^{3}$ |  | Weekly earnings ${ }^{4}$ |  |  | Annual earnings ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean weekly hours | Mean | Median | Mean annual hours |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations | \$23.71 | \$20.01 | \$956 | \$800 | 40.3 | \$49,695 | \$41,617 | 2,096 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations | 32.90 | 24.86 | 1,269 | 989 | 38.6 | 64,996 | 50,047 | 1,975 |
| Registered nurses ........................... | 25.28 | 24.28 | 976 | 958 | 38.6 | 50,744 | 49,801 | 2,008 |
| Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses | 17.94 | 17.51 | 718 | 700 | 40.0 | 37,325 | 36,421 | 2,080 |
| Healthcare support occupations ......... | 11.32 | 9.44 | 439 | 398 | 38.8 | 22,656 | 20,800 | 2,002 |
| Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides $\qquad$ | 9.02 | 8.75 | 361 | 350 | 40.0 | 18,763 | 18,200 | 2,080 |
| Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants $\qquad$ | 11.09 | 10.70 | 443 | 428 | 40.0 | 23,057 | 22,256 | 2,080 |
| Protective service occupations .......... | 16.40 | 11.94 | 656 | 477 | 40.0 | 34,109 | 24,827 | 2,080 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations | 7.98 | 8.74 | 288 | 312 | 36.1 | 14,927 | 16,120 | 1,871 |
| Cooks ........................................... | 10.07 | 9.79 | 391 | 392 | 38.8 | 20,108 | 20,367 | 1,998 |
| Food service, tipped | 3.21 | 2.24 | 107 | 73 | 33.4 | 5,577 | 3,777 | 1,737 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations | 9.74 | 8.85 | 392 | 348 | 40.2 | 20,364 | 18,117 | 2,091 |
| Building cleaning workers $\qquad$ Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners $\qquad$ | 8.70 8.62 | 8.28 8.28 | 348 344 | 331 331 | 40.0 39.9 | 18,085 17,912 | 17,224 17,224 | 2,078 2,077 |
| Personal care and service occupations | 11.34 | 11.00 | 439 | 440 | 38.7 | 22,215 | 22,516 | 1,958 |
| Sales and related occupations ........... | 21.36 | 13.70 | 862 | 548 | 40.4 | 44,824 | 28,496 | 2,098 |
| Retail sales workers .................... | 12.06 | 8.50 | 492 | 332 | 40.8 | 25,600 | 17,264 | 2,123 |
| Cashiers, all workers ................ | 8.72 | 8.10 | 343 | 324 | 39.3 | 17,820 | 16,848 | 2,043 |
| Cashiers ............................. | 8.72 | 8.10 | 343 | 324 | 39.3 | 17,820 | 16,848 | 2,043 |
| Retail salespersons ..................... | 13.76 | 11.20 | 578 | 392 | 42.0 | 30,047 | 20,399 | 2,184 |
| Office and administrative support occupations | 15.17 | 14.50 | 602 | 566 | 39.7 | 31,180 | 29,349 | 2,056 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers $\qquad$ | 22.21 | 20.67 | 875 | 827 | 39.4 | 45,519 | 42,985 | 2,050 |
| Financial clerks ...................... | 15.05 | 15.00 | 591 | 577 | 39.3 | 30,747 | 29,994 | 2,043 |
| Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks | 14.45 | 14.42 | 573 | 579 | 39.7 | 29,812 | 30,098 | 2,063 |
| Receptionists and information clerks .. | 11.16 | 10.39 | 446 | 415 | 40.0 | 23,215 | 21,601 | 2,080 |
| Stock clerks and order fillers ............. | 11.22 | 11.30 | 449 | 452 | 40.0 | 23,337 | 23,504 | 2,080 |
| Secretaries and administrative assistants $\qquad$ | 18.53 | 18.38 | 741 | 735 | 40.0 | 37,866 | 38,222 | 2,043 |
| Executive secretaries and administrative assistants | 19.48 | 19.00 | 779 | 760 | 40.0 | 40,037 | 38,488 | 2,055 |
| Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive $\qquad$ | 18.02 | 18.38 | 721 | 735 | 40.0 | 36,361 | 38,222 | 2,017 |
| Office clerks, general ....................... | 13.26 | 12.68 | 529 | 507 | 39.9 | 27,323 | 26,370 | 2,061 |
| Construction and extraction occupations | 17.00 | 15.00 | 688 | 582 | 40.4 | 35,764 | 30,285 | 2,103 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations | 17.16 | 16.50 | 704 | 660 | 41.0 | 36,610 | 34,320 | 2,133 |
| Automotive technicians and repairers $\qquad$ | 15.45 | 14.40 | 655 | 648 | 42.4 | 34,050 | 33,696 | 2,204 |

[^1]Table 2. Full-time ${ }^{1}$ civilian workers: Mean and median hourly, weekly, and annual earnings and mean weekly and annual hours, Austin-Round Rock, TX, May 2007 - Continued

| Occupation ${ }^{2}$ | Hourly earnings ${ }^{3}$ |  | Weekly earnings ${ }^{4}$ |  |  | Annual earnings ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mean | Median | Mean | Median | Mean weekly hours | Mean | Median | Mean annual hours |
| Automotive service technicians and mechanics $\qquad$ | \$15.23 | \$13.20 | \$649 | \$563 | 42.6 | \$33,729 | \$29,250 | 2,215 |
| workers .... | 17.52 | 16.94 | 694 | 677 | 39.6 | 36,062 | 35,229 | 2,058 |
| Production occupations .................... | 12.98 | 12.39 | 515 | 495 | 39.7 | 26,790 | 25,746 | 2,064 |
| Miscellaneous assemblers and fabricators $\qquad$ | 11.57 | 12.38 | 463 | 495 | 40.0 | 24,056 | 25,746 | 2,080 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 10.44 | 10.68 | 415 | 420 | 39.7 | 20,785 | 21,112 | 1,990 |
| Laborers and material movers, hand .. | 10.15 | 9.00 | 406 | 360 | 40.0 | 20,223 | 18,512 | 1,992 |

1 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35 -hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40 -hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

2 Workers are classified by occupation using the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system.

3 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. See Bulletin 3140-09 for more information.

4 Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries
paid to employees. Median weekly earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. Median annual earnings designates position - one-half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. Mean annual overtime.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey


[^0]:    1 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours. For more information see Bulletin 3140-09.

    The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information see Bulletin 3140-09

    Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

    Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on

[^1]:    See footnotes at end of table

