THORIUM

(Data in metric tons of thorium oxide (ThO₂) equivalent unless otherwise noted)

<u>Domestic Production and Use</u>: The primary source of the world's thorium is the rare-earth and thorium phosphate mineral, monazite. In the United States, thorium has been a byproduct of refining monazite for its rare-earth content. Monazite itself is recovered as a byproduct of processing heavy-mineral sands for titanium and zirconium minerals. In 2005, monazite was not recovered domestically as a salable product. Essentially all thorium compounds and alloys consumed by the domestic industry were derived from imports, stocks of previously imported materials, or materials previously shipped from U.S. Government stockpiles. About eight companies processed or fabricated various forms of thorium for nonenergy uses, such as high-temperature ceramics, catalysts, and welding electrodes. Thorium's use in most products has decreased because of its naturally occurring radioactivity. The value of thorium alloys, compounds, and metal used by the domestic industry was estimated to have decreased to about \$160,000.

<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	2005 ^e
_			_	_
				_
	0.65	4.14	5.32	5.67
1.37	0.48	3.06	3.94	4.20
	_	_		_
	_		_	_
				0.90
5.40	0.65	0.44	0.54	0.67
	_		_	_
_	NA	NA	NA	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
				5.46
27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00	27.00
				82.50
107.25	107.25	107.25	107.25	107.25
100	100	100	100	100
	2001 — 1.85 1.37 — 7.30 5.40 — NA 5.46 27.00 82.50 107.25	7.30 0.88 5.40 0.65 — NA NA NA NA NA 5.46 27.00 82.50 107.25	1.85	

Recycling: None.

Import Sources (2001-04): Monazite: None. Thorium compounds: France, 99.6%; and other, 0.4%.

<u>Tariff</u> : Item	Number	Normal Trade Relations 12-31-05
Thorium ores and concentrates (monazite) Thorium compounds	2612.20.0000 2844.30.1000	Free. 5.5% ad val.

<u>Depletion Allowance</u>: Monazite, 23% on thorium content, 15% on rare-earth and yttrium content (Domestic); 14% (Foreign).

Government Stockpile:

Stockpile Status—9-30-05⁶

	Uncommitted	Committed	Authorized	Disposal plan	Disposals
Material	inventory	inventory	for disposal	FY 2005	FY 2005
Thorium nitrate (gross weight)	864	<u> </u>	864	⁷ 3,221	⁷ 2,355

THORIUM

Events, Trends, and Issues: Domestic mine production of thorium-bearing monazite ceased at the end of 1994 as world demand for ores containing naturally occurring radioactive thorium declined. Imports and existing stocks supplied essentially all thorium consumed in the United States in 2005. Domestic demand for thorium ores, compounds, metals, and alloys has exhibited a long-term declining trend. No thorium consumption was reported in the United States in 2004, according to the U.S. Geological Survey's canvass of mines and processors. In 2005, consumption was believed to be primarily by catalyst manufacturers and was estimated to have increased. On the basis of data through August 2005, the average value of imported thorium compounds decreased to \$29.11 per kilogram from the 2004 average of \$31.90 per kilogram (gross weight). The average value of exported thorium compounds was \$328.18 per kilogram based on data through August 2005. The use of thorium in the United States decreased significantly since the 1980s, when consumption averaged 45 tons per year. Increased costs to monitor and dispose of thorium have caused domestic processors to switch to thorium-free materials. Real and potential costs related to compliance with State and Federal regulations, proper disposal, and monitoring of thorium's radioactivity have limited its commercial value. It is forecast that thorium's use will continue to decline unless a low-cost disposal process is developed or new technology creates renewed demand.

World Refinery Production, Reserves, and Reserve Base:8

-	Refinery production		Reserves ⁹	Reserve base ⁹	
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>			
United States			160,000	300,000	
Australia	-	_	300,000	340,000	
Brazil	NA	NA	16,000	18,000	
Canada	NA	NA	100,000	100,000	
India	NA	NA	290,000	300,000	
Malaysia	_	_	4,500	4,500	
Norway	_	_	170,000	180,000	
South Africa	_	_	35,000	39,000	
Other countries	<u>NA</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>90,000</u>	<u> 100,000</u>	
World total	NA	NA	1,200,000	1,400,000	

Reserves and reserve base are contained primarily in the rare-earth ore mineral, monazite. Without demand for the rare earths, monazite would probably not be recovered for its thorium content. Other ore minerals with higher thorium contents, such as thorite, would be more likely sources if demand significantly increased. No new demand, however, is expected. Reserves exist primarily in recent and ancient placer deposits. Lesser quantities of thorium-bearing monazite reserves occur in vein deposits and carbonatites.

<u>World Resources</u>: Thorium resources occur in geologic provinces similar to those that contain reserves. The leading share is contained in placer deposits. Resources of more than 500,000 tons are contained in placer, vein, and carbonatite deposits. Disseminated deposits in various other alkaline igneous rocks contain additional resources of more than 2 million tons. Large thorium resources are found in Australia, Brazil, Canada, Greenland, India, South Africa, and the United States.

<u>Substitutes</u>: Nonradioactive substitutes have been developed for many applications of thorium. Yttrium compounds have replaced thorium compounds in incandescent lamp mantles. A magnesium alloy containing lanthanides, zirconium, and yttrium can substitute for magnesium-thorium alloys in aerospace applications.

^eEstimated. NA Not available. — Zero.

¹All domestically consumed thorium was derived from imported materials.

²Source: U.S. Department of Defense, Defense Logistics Agency. Based on sales from the National Defense Stockpile.

³Source: Rhodia Canada, Inc. and Rhodia Electronics and Catalysis, Inc., f.o.b, port of entry, duty paid, ThO₂ basis.

⁴Source: Rhodia Electronics and Catalysis, Inc., 1-950 kilogram quantities, f.o.b. port of entry, duty paid.

⁵Defined as imports – exports + adjustments for Government and industry stock changes.

⁶See Appendix B for definitions.

⁷Disposals from the National Defense Stockpile in FY 2005 were shipped to the Nevada Test Site, NV, for low-level radioactive waste disposal.

⁸Estimates, based on thorium contents of rare-earth ores.

⁹See Appendix C for definitions.