STRONTIUM

(Data in metric tons of contained strontium, 1 unless otherwise noted)

<u>Domestic Production and Use</u>: No strontium minerals have been produced in the United States since 1959. The most common strontium mineral, celestite, which consists primarily of strontium sulfate, was imported exclusively from Mexico. A company in Georgia was the only major U.S. producer of strontium compounds. Primary strontium compounds were used in the faceplate glass of color television picture tubes, 73%; ferrite ceramic magnets, 9%; pyrotechnics and signals, 9%; and others, 9%.

<u> 1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u> 1995</u>	<u> 1996</u>	<u> 1997°</u>
11,600	16,000	12,700	11,600	12,000
15,300	20,000	20,800	20,500	20,500
260	1,120	1,160	712	800
_			_	_
W	W	W	W	W
73	68	71	67	70
W	W	W	W	W
100	100	100	100	100
	11,600 15,300 260 — W	11,600 16,000 15,300 20,000 260 1,120 — — — W W 73 68 W W	11,600 16,000 12,700 15,300 20,000 20,800 260 1,120 1,160 — W W 73 68 71 W W	11,600 16,000 12,700 11,600 15,300 20,000 20,800 20,500 260 1,120 1,160 712 — — — — W W W W 73 68 71 67 W W W

Recycling: None.

<u>Import Sources (1993-96)</u>: Strontium minerals: Mexico, 100%. Strontium compounds: Mexico, 87%; Germany, 12%; and other, 1%. Total imports: Mexico, 90%, and Germany, 10%.

Tariff: Item	Number	Most favored nation (MFN) 12/31/97	Mexico 12/31/97	Non-MFN ³ <u>12/31/97</u>
Celestite	2530.90.0010	Free	Free	0.3¢/kg.
Strontium metal	2805.22.1000	3.7% ad val.	Free	25% ad val.
Compounds:				
Strontium nitrate	2834.29.2000	4.2% ad val.	Free	25% ad val.
Strontium carbonate	2836.92.0000	4.2% ad val.	Free	25% ad val.
Strontium oxide,				
hydroxide, peroxide	2816.20.0000	4.2% ad val.	Free	25% ad val.

Depletion Allowance: 22% (Domestic), 14% (Foreign).

Government Stockpile:

Stockpile Status—9-30-974

Material	Uncommitted inventory	Committed inventory	Authorized for disposal	Disposal plan FY 1997	Disposals FY 1997
Celestite	5,100		5,100	_	_

STRONTIUM

Events, Trends, and Issues: Although there is celestite in the National Defense Stockpile, none of it is stockpile grade; its total value is listed as zero. The stockpile goal was reduced to zero in 1969, and at that time the stockpile contained both stockpile- and nonstockpile-grade material. Since then, all the stockpile-grade celestite has been sold. Although the nonstockpile-grade celestite has been offered for sale, none has been sold since 1979. The fiscal year 1998 Annual Materials Plan, announced at the end of September 1997 by the Defense National Stockpile Center, did not list any quantity of celestite to be offered for disposal. Because the remaining material does not meet the quality specifications of celestite purchasers, it will be difficult to dispose of the material into the traditional markets. It might be attractive as a low-cost replacement for barite in drilling mud applications.

World Mine Production, Reserves, and Reserve Base:5

	Mine production		Reserves ⁶	Reserve base ⁶
	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997°</u>		
United States				1,360,000
Algeria	5,400	5,400		
Argentina	9,300	9,000		
China	35,000	35,000		
Iran	20,000	20,000		
Mexico	144,000	150,000	Other:	Other:
Pakistan	2,500	2,500	6,800,000	10,600,000
Spain	91,000	90,000		
Tajikistan	NA	NA		
Turkey	25,000	25,000		
World total (may be rounded)	⁷ 330,000	⁷ 340,000	6,800,000	12,000,000

<u>World Resources</u>: Resources in the United States are several times the reserve base. World resources, although not thoroughly evaluated, are thought to exceed 1 billion tons.

<u>Substitutes</u>: Although it is possible to substitute for strontium in some of its applications, such a change would adversely affect product performance and/or cost. For example, barium could replace strontium in color television picture tube glass only after extensive circuit redesign to reduce operating voltages that produce harmful secondary X-rays. Barium replacement of strontium in ferrite ceramic magnets would decrease the maximum energy and temperature characteristics of the magnets. Substituting for strontium in pyrotechnics would be impractical because the desired brilliance and visibility are imparted only by strontium and its compounds.

^eEstimated. NA Not available. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data.

¹The strontium content of celestite is 43.88%; this amount was used to convert units of celestite.

²Defined as imports - exports + adjustments for Government and industry stock changes.

³See Appendix B.

⁴See Appendix C for definitions.

⁵Metric tons of strontium minerals.

⁶See Appendix D for definitions.

⁷Excludes Tajikistan.