

06/30/2005

U . S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFETY  
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM  
HAZMAT SUMMARY BY CLASS FOR CALENDAR YEAR - 1994

Serious Incidents\*

Hazard Class	Incidents	Injuries		Fatalities	\$ Damages
		Major	Minor		
Very Insensitive Explosive	1	0	0	0	118,600
Combustible liquid	39	0	0	0	569,068
Flammable Compressed Gas	17	20	16	1	1,404,157
Nonflammable Compressed Gas	26	4	2	0	85,799
Poisonous Gas	4	3	3	0	1,675
Flammable-Combustible Liquid	206	9	65	9	14,315,939
Flammable Solid	5	1	5	0	402,685
Spontaneously Combustible	1	0	2	0	291,379
Dangerous When Wet Material	1	0	0	0	2,000
Oxidizer	10	0	12	0	214,848
Organic Peroxide	1	0	0	0	2,291
Poisonous Materials	13	0	20	0	10,266,413
Corrosive Material	102	17	40	0	3,678,109
Miscellaneous Hazardous Material	26	0	1	1	279,547
<b>Total - 1994</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>31,632,510</b>

NOTE: DUE TO MULTIPLE CLASSES BEING INVOLVED IN A SINGLE INCIDENT, THE TOTAL ABOVE MAY NOT CORRESPOND TO THE TOTAL IN OTHER REPORTS.

\* PHMSA revised the definition of a serious incident in 2002. This report uses the current definition:

- a fatality or major injury caused by the release of a hazardous material,
- the evacuation of 25 or more persons as a result of release of a hazardous material or exposure to fire,
- a release or exposure to fire which results in the closure of a major transportation artery,
- the alteration of an aircraft flight plan or operation,
- the release of radioactive materials from Type B packaging,
- the release of over 11.9 gallons or 88.2 pounds of a severe marine pollutant, or
- the release of a bulk quantity (over 119 gallons or 882 pounds) of a hazardous material.