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U . S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SAFETY
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM
HAZMAT SUMMARY BY CLASS FOR CALENDAR YEAR - 2000

Serious Incidents*

Hazard Class	Incidents	Injuries		Fatalities	\$ Damages
		Major	Minor		
Explosive Mass Explosion Hazard	1	0	0	0	5,000
Explosive No Blast Hazard	2	0	0	0	20
Combustible liquid	29	0	1	0	1,908,739
Flammable Compressed Gas	33	6	3	4	4,553,357
Nonflammable Compressed Gas	22	1	3	1	968,109
Poisonous Gas	5	0	2	0	795,429
Flammable-Combustible Liquid	266	5	4	11	30,801,282
Flammable Solid	2	0	0	0	1,600,000
Spontaneously Combustible	1	0	40	0	575,000
Dangerous When Wet Material	1	0	0	0	4,287
Oxidizer	16	0	0	0	931,993
Organic Peroxide	2	0	0	0	100,432
Poisonous Materials	14	3	10	0	4,045,673
Infectious Substance(Etiologic)	1	0	0	0	0
Corrosive Material	142	5	18	0	7,721,065
Miscellaneous Hazardous Material	44	0	0	0	10,873,045
Total - 2000	581	20	81	16	64,883,431

NOTE: DUE TO MULTIPLE CLASSES BEING INVOLVED IN A SINGLE INCIDENT, THE TOTAL ABOVE MAY NOT CORRESPOND TO THE TOTAL IN OTHER REPORTS.

* PHMSA revised the definition of a serious incident in 2002. This report uses the current definition:

- a fatality or major injury caused by the release of a hazardous material,
- the evacuation of 25 or more persons as a result of release of a hazardous material or exposure to fire,
- a release or exposure to fire which results in the closure of a major transportation artery,
- the alteration of an aircraft flight plan or operation,
- the release of radioactive materials from Type B packaging,
- the release of over 11.9 gallons or 88.2 pounds of a severe marine pollutant, or
- the release of a bulk quantity (over 119 gallons or 882 pounds) of a hazardous material.