

Advanced Scientific Computing Research

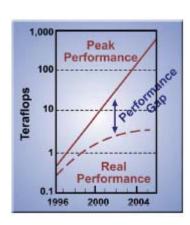
The Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computing Research (ASCR) program supports fundamental research in applied mathematics, computer science, and networking—and provides world-class, high-performance computational networking tools that enable the Department of Energy (DOE) to succeed in its science, energy, environmental remediation, and national security missions. The program annually funds research at about 65 academic institutions and 10 DOE laboratories. More than 2400 scientists in universities, Federal agencies, and U.S. companies use ASCR-funded high performance computers each year. Research communities that benefit from these resources include structural biology; superconductor technology; medical research and technology development; materials, chemical, and plasma sciences; high energy and nuclear physics; and environmental and atmospheric research.

The Opportunity

Computational modeling and simulation made dramatic contributions to the advancement of science in the 20th Century. Driven by rapid technological advances within the past two decades, computing and high-speed networking have emerged as powerful tools for science. However, unless software keeps pace with the terascale computers being developed, scientists will not be able to take full advantage of these powerful new research tools. A focus for ASCR is to bring software advances up to the same level as these hardware advances. These computational tools are essential to the development of new energy technologies and the discovery of new scientific knowledge. The Office of Science has numerous scientific questions that can only be addressed through advances in scientific computing, such as predicting climate change or understanding complex biological systems.

The Challenge

ASCR plays a major role in the Scientific Discovery through Advanced Computing (SciDAC) program. This is a set of coordinated investments across all Office of Science mission areas with the goal of achieving breakthrough scientific advances through computer simulation that were impossible using theoretical or laboratory studies alone. By exploiting advances in computing and information technologies as information technologies as tools for discovery, SciDAC encourages and

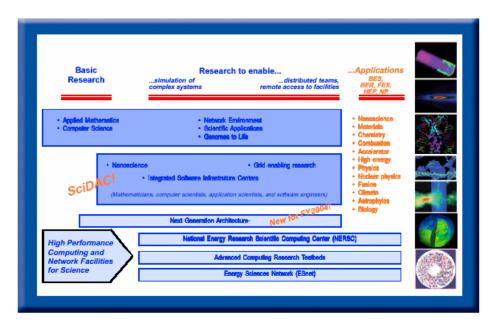


enables a new model for multidisciplinary collaboration among research scientists, computer scientists, computational scientists, and mathematicians. The product of this collaborative approach is a new generation of scientific simulation codes that can fully exploit terascale computing and networking resources and close the gap between theoretical performance and what can typically be achieved in practice on current generation super computers. The SciDAC program will bring simulation to a parity level with experiment and theory in the scientific research enterprise as demonstrated by major advances in climate prediction, plasma physics, particle physics, astrophysics, and computational chemistry.

ASCR is developing software tools that enable scientists to remotely access and control facilities and share data effectively with colleagues on a routine basis. Advanced networking and distributed computing techniques must become ubiquitous. Existing barriers associated with remote resource access and the integration of geographically distributed resources must be overcome through the development of innovative software tools and protocols.

Investment Plan

Research on Next Generation Computer
Architectures expands the ASCR research portfolio
to identify and address major computer architecture
bottlenecks to the performance and capability of
critical DOE science applications. In this context,
solutions will be developed to enable scientific
simulations on high-end computers that include
computer hardware technology, architecture, and
design trends motivated from a scientific user
perspective. Research investments will be made to
couple computational scientists and computer



Computing systems hardware and software infrastructure

scientists with U.S. computer vendors to orient future computer architectures towards the needs of science. Further research will improve the performance of simulations on high-end computers, remove constraints on the human-computer interface, and discover the specialized information management and analysis techniques that scientists need to manage, analyze, and visualize extremely large data files.

The Benefits

High-performance computing provides a new window for researchers to observe the natural world at a fidelity that could only be imagined a few years ago. Research investments in advanced scientific computing equip researchers with premier computational tools to advance knowledge and to solve the most challenging scientific problems facing the Nation.

