TABLE 6. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1997

Missouri

Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1997 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
				Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days
Private industry <sup>7</sup>		2,169.6	7.8	3.4	1.9	4.5	7.1	3.1	1.8	4.0
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>7</sup>		23.0	12.2	4.3	3.0	7.9	11.3	4.1	3.0	7.
Mining <sup>8</sup>	10 14	4.7 1.1 3.2	5.4 4.7 5.3	2.7 1.2 3.0	2.1 1.0 2.4	2.7 3.5 2.3	5.2 4.5 5.2	2.6 1.1 2.9	2.0 .9 2.3	2. 3. 2.
Construction  General building contractors  Heavy construction, except building  Highway and street construction  Heavy construction, except highway  Special trade contractors  Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning  Electrical work  Masonry, stonework, and plastering  Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work  Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 16 161 162 17 171 173 174 176	121.1 30.1 14.9 4.3 10.6 76.1 17.3 12.5 9.7 6.1 12.2	10.4 11.0 11.4 8.9 12.3 10.1 10.3 7.0 10.8 12.6 11.0	4.8 4.5 5.9 4.9 6.2 4.7 5.1 3.4 5.4 6.0 3.6	3.9 3.9 4.9 4.0 5.2 3.8 3.7 2.3 4.3 4.9 3.3	5.6 6.4 5.5 4.0 6.1 5.4 5.2 3.7 5.4 6.6 7.4	10.3 11.0 10.8 8.9 11.4 10.0 10.3 6.9 10.7 12.5 10.9	4.8 4.5 5.8 4.9 6.1 4.6 5.1 3.4 5.3 5.9 3.6	3.9 3.9 4.8 4.0 5.0 3.7 2.3 4.2 4.8 3.3	5.6 6.4 5.0 4.1 5.4 5.3 5.2 6.1 7.4
Manufacturing		416.9	12.2	5.4	2.4	6.8	9.8	4.4	2.1	5.
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures  Household furniture  Stone, clay, and glass products  Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products  Primary metal industries  Fabricated metal products  Miscellaneous fabricated metal products  Industrial machinery and equipment  Metalworking machinery  Refrigeration and service machinery  Refrigeration and heating equipment  Industrial machinery, n.e.c.  Electronic and other electric equipment  Electrical industrial apparatus  Motors and generators  Household appliances  Electric lighting and wiring equipment  Miscellaneous electrical equipment and	24 25 251 32 327 33 34 344 349 35 354 358 3585 359 36 362 3621 363 364	238.0 12.8 13.7 7.0 11.5 6.2 12.2 36.6 11.8 7.4 38.5 7.7 10.5 7.8 5.1 32.1 7.7 7.1 4.0 4.6	14.0 8.2 15.2 13.4 11.8 13.2 17.3 14.8 16.9 15.0 10.1 7.2 12.4 13.1 8.8 7.4 7.1 7.6 9.4	5.9 3.7 8.3 8.5 6.2 7.4 9.8 6.1 8.3 5.8 3.4 2.2 4.8 4.8 4.8 3.5 3.7 3.9 3.7	2.8 3.0 4.2 4.0 3.8 4.9 3.6 3.1 4.7 3.5 1.7 1.8 1.5 1.2 1.4 1.2 1.4 1.6 6	8.2 4.5 6.9 4.9 5.5 5.9 7.6 8.7 8.6 7.6 8.3 4.8 3.9 3.5 5.7 5.7	11.3 7.8 12.4 11.8 11.2 12.3 15.7 13.9 16.6 13.9 9.0 6.8 10.5 11.6 8.2 5.8 5.9 6.1 8.0	4.8 3.7 6.6 7.3 6.1 7.2 9.2 5.7 8.1 5.4 2.9 2.1 3.8 3.9 3.8 3.9 3.8 2.7 2.9 2.2 3.5	2.4 3.0 3.5 3.7 3.6 4.7 3.3 2.9 4.5 3.2 1.5 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 5	6.4 5.8 4.5 5.7 6.8 8.6 4.7 7.7 4.3 3.0 2.9 3.0 4.6
supplies	369 37 371 3711 3714 39	4.0 63.7 34.1 19.0 12.4 8.2	9.0 20.6 32.2 46.7 12.4 18.2	4.9 7.7 12.3 18.0 4.2 7.5	2.0 3.4 5.2 7.5 1.8 4.2	4.1 12.9 19.9 28.8 8.2 10.6	7.1 13.6 20.3 26.8 10.5 17.2	4.1 5.4 8.3 11.0 4.0 7.1	1.6 2.5 3.6 4.8 1.6 3.9	2. 8. 12. 15. 6. 10.
Nondurable goods	20 201 2015	178.9 50.9 16.6 11.2	9.7 14.4 21.2 17.7	4.8 7.3 10.6 7.6	1.9 2.4 1.7 .9	5.0 7.1 10.6 10.1	7.9 11.5 14.2 12.3	3.8 5.7 6.5 5.0	1.7 2.3 1.4 .7	1

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1997— Continued

Missouri

			Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	1997 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)		Lost workday cases				Lost workday cases		Casas
			Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	Cases without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	Cases without lost work- days
Dairy products Grain mill products Bakery products Bread, cake, and related products Apparel and other textile products Men's and boys' furnishings Men's and boys' trousers and slacks	202 204 205 2051 23 232 2325	5.3 7.3 3.9 3.3 18.1 7.7 3.4	14.7 13.8 10.6 11.3 7.7 8.3 9.2	6.0 7.6 7.0 7.4 3.7 3.4 4.4	3.5 5.6 3.2 3.0 1.4 1.1	- 6.2 3.6 3.9 3.9 4.9 4.8	14.5 13.2 8.2 8.7 5.2 5.9 7.3	5.8 7.5 5.2 5.4 2.3 2.3	3.5 5.4 2.9 2.8 1.0 .6	5.3.3.2.4.
Paper and allied products  Printing and publishing  Commercial printing  Chemicals and allied products  Drugs	26 27 275 28 283	13.8 42.2 14.0 27.1 7.4	6.4 6.5 5.0 6.1 5.7	3.3 2.9 2.2 3.2 3.0	.7 2.0 1.1 1.0 1.1	3.0 3.6 2.8 2.8 2.8	5.0 5.5 4.5 5.2 4.7	2.4 2.6 1.9 2.8 2.4	.6 1.7 1.0 1.0	2. 2. 2. 2. 2.
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products  Leather and leather products	30 31	19.5 4.8	11.9 11.8	5.7 2.8	2.9 1.3	6.2 9.0	10.2 9.0	4.8 2.2	2.7 1.1	5. 6.
Transportation and public utilities <sup>8</sup>	40 42	159.0 - 49.4	6.6 1.7 6.1	3.2 1.2 2.9	2.2 .9 2.2	3.3 .6 3.2	6.2 1.7 6.1	3.1 1.2 2.9	2.0 .9 2.2	3. 3.
except air	421 45 47 48 481 49	46.5 25.6 9.2 41.9 33.5 20.4	6.0 14.7 3.3 2.4 1.6 10.2	2.8 7.7 1.5 1.4 1.1 4.5	2.2 4.9 .8 1.1 .9 2.2	3.2 7.0 1.9 1.0 .6 5.7	6.0 14.2 2.9 1.8 1.0 8.9	2.8 7.3 1.3 1.0 .6 4.3	2.2 4.6 .6 .7 .5 2.1	3. 6. 1.
Electric services	491	11.0	9.3	3.5	2.1	5.8	8.1 6.2	3.4	2.0	3
Wholesale trade	50 51	150.0 85.2 64.8	6.5 7.0 5.8	3.0 2.7 3.3	1.9 2.0 1.9	3.6 4.3 2.5	6.2 6.7 5.6	2.9 2.7 3.2	1.9 2.0 1.8	3 4 2
Retail trade	52 521 53 54 55 551 554 56	474.4 21.2 13.6 66.8 63.3 60.2 22.9 22.9 20.0	6.4 6.5 6.4 8.0 8.3 5.5 5.6 4.7 3.3	2.2 2.6 2.7 4.4 2.5 2.0 1.7 1.7	1.4 1.3 1.2 2.2 1.6 1.3 1.1 1.2	4.1 4.0 3.7 3.6 5.8 3.4 3.9 3.0 2.3	6.2 6.4 6.4 7.8 8.0 5.3 5.6 4.4 3.3	2.2 2.5 2.7 4.3 2.3 2.0 1.7 1.7	1.3 1.2 1.2 2.1 1.4 1.3 1.1 1.2	4. 3. 3. 3. 5. 3. 3. 2. 2.
Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	57 58 59	19.0 173.3 50.5	5.5 6.9 2.7	2.8 1.8 1.0	2.0 1.3 .6	2.7 5.1 1.7	5.5 6.8 2.5	2.8 1.8 1.0	- 1.3 .6	2. 5. 1.
Services  Hotels and other lodging places Personal services  Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services	70 72 73 75 76 79	670.9 31.3 26.9 139.8 25.0 7.1 42.8	6.6 6.0 2.8 8.1 8.1 6.6 9.1	2.9 2.9 1.3 4.3 2.8 3.2 3.3	1.5 1.6 .6 1.4 2.2 2.0	3.7 3.1 1.5 3.8 5.3 3.4 5.8	6.3 5.9 2.7 7.6 8.1 6.6 8.5	2.8 2.8 1.3 4.0 2.8 3.2 3.1	1.4 1.6 .6 1.3 2.2 2.0 1.6	3. 3. 1. 3. 5. 3.

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1997— Continued

## Missouri

Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>		Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
		1997 Annual average employ- ment <sup>4</sup> (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>5</sup>	With days away from work <sup>6</sup> without lost work-days	lost work-
Health services  Offices and clinics of medical doctors  Nursing and personal care facilities  Educational services  Social services  Engineering and management services	80 801 805 82 83 87	227.5 30.6 48.8 31.7 48.3 45.9	8.2 1.3 14.4 2.6 6.9 1.2	3.5 .3 8.3 .8 2.1 .4	2.2 .3 5.2 .4 1.2	4.7 .9 6.1 1.8 4.8	7.8 1.2 14.2 2.5 6.9 1.1	3.4 .3 8.2 .8 2.1	2.1 .3 5.1 .4 1.2	4.4 .9 6.1 1.7 4.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000, where

= number of injuries and illnesses EΗ

= total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

work with or without restricted work activity.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State

Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.
 Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in

private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

<sup>5</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

<sup>6</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.