Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2005

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Private industry ⁶		554.3	5.5	3.1	2.7	0.4	2.5
Goods producing ⁶		124.6	7.1	4.3	3.4	0.9	2.9
Natural resources and mining ^{6,7}		26.0	6.7	4.4	3.8	0.5	2.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	1.8	8.5	3.3	3.1	(11)	5.2
Forestry and logging	113	1.2	10.8	4.6	4.6	(11)	6.2
Mining ⁷	21	24.2	6.6	4.4	3.9	0.5	2.2
Oil and gas extraction		1.9	2.8				
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁸		17.9 16.9	5.7 5.8	3.9 4.0	3.7 3.8	0.1 0.1	1.9 1.9
Coal mining Coal mining ⁸	2121	16.9	5.8	4.0	3.8	0.1	1.9
Bituminous coal and lignite surface mining ⁸	212111	5.0	2.8	1.8	1.8	(11)	0.9
Bituminous coal underground mining ⁸	212112	11.9	8.1	5.5	5.3	0.2	2.5
Support activities for mining	1	4.4	11.9	7.9	5.6	2.3	4.0
Construction		36.2	6.5	4.0	3.5		2.5
Construction	23	36.2	6.5	4.0	3.5		2.5
Construction of buildings	236	11.4	7.8	3.6	3.6	(¹¹)	4.2
Residential building construction	2361	6.8	9.7	5.2	5.2	(11)	4.6
Nonresidential building construction	2362	4.6	5.3	1.7	1.7	(11)	3.6
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	6.5	5.3	3.0	2.9	(11)	2.3
Utility system construction	2371	3.0	6.4	2.9	2.8	(11)	3.5
Highway, street, and bridge construction		2.1	5.1	3.7	3.6	(11)	1.4
Specialty trade contractors	238	18.2	6.3	4.6	3.6		1.7
Manufacturing		62.4	7.7	4.3	3.1	1.2	3.4

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases wit			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Manufacturing	31-33	62.4	7.7	4.3	3.1	1.2	3.4
Food manufacturing	311	3.6	5.2	3.8	0.8	3.0	1.4
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	0.4	4.0	3.4	3.4	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Textile product mills	314		11.7	(¹¹)	(¹¹)	(11)	(11)
Apparel manufacturing	315	0.2	(¹¹)	(11)	(11)	(¹¹)	(11)
Wood product manufacturing	321	8.5	9.1	5.0	4.2	0.9	4.1
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	3.2	9.1	4.4	4.0	(¹¹)	4.7
Veneer, plywood, and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	1.5	5.3	4.8	3.6	1.2	(11)
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	3.9	10.6	5.7	4.5	1.1	4.9
Paper manufacturing	322	0.8	6.3	4.2	3.6	(11)	2.1
Printing and related support activities	323	1.8	2.3	1.5	(11)	(11)	0.9
Chemical manufacturing	325	10.5	2.3	1.6	0.9	0.7	0.7
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	4.1	12.6	8.8	6.7	2.1	3.8
Primary metal manufacturing	331	7.1	10.2	5.7	3.7	2.0	4.5
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	6.7	11.7	5.4	5.2		6.3
Machinery manufacturing	333	1.8	14.3	8.1	8.1	(11)	6.2
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	0.8	5.6	4.1	2.0	2.1	(11)
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	4.9	3.1	1.7	1.0	0.7	1.4
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	2.2	5.8	3.6	1.6	2.0	2.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	1.6	6.1	2.6	2.6	(11)	3.5
Service providing		429.7	5.0	2.7	2.4	0.2	2.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		136.3	5.3	3.0	2.5	0.5	2.3
Wholesale trade	42	24.0	5.0	2.9	2.6	0.3	2.1
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	12.8	4.9	3.5	3.3	0.2	1.4
Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies merchant wholesalers	4231	1.5	5.7	2.8	2.1	(11)	2.9
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods		8.4	5.9	2.5	2.2	0.3	3.4
Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers	425	2.8	1.8	(11)	(11)	(11)	1.3
Retail trade	44-45	89.5	5.4	3.0	2.5	0.5	2.4

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases wit			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Grocery stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores General merchandise stores Department stores Other general merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Transportation and warehousing³ Rail transportation Scenic and sightseeing transportation Support activities for transportation Couriers and messengers	444 445 4451 446 447 448 451 452 4521 4529 453 454 48-49 48-49 482 484 487 488 492	12.1 2.5 2.0 7.3 14.7 13.6 6.1 9.2 5.4 2.8 20.0 7.4 12.5 4.7 2.6 16.7 8.6 1.5 1.9	4.9 3.4 2.4 8.9 7.1 6.8 1.4 3.4 3.1 3.2 7.0 6.2 7.4 2.4 4.5 5.8 2.3 5.9 (11) 3.6 7.2	2.0 1.9 1.9 4.5 4.4 4.4 0.7 1.6 0.8 (11) 4.9 4.6 5.0 1.0 1.6 3.7 1.5 4.0 (11) 1.6 6.6	2.0 1.5 1.7 3.4 3.8 3.8 0.6 1.3 0.8 (1) 3.9 3.9 1.0 1.3 3.3 1.4 4.0 (11) 1.4 4.4	(") (") (") (") 1.1 0.6 0.6 0.3 (") (") (") 1.0 0.7 1.1 (") 0.4 (") (") (") (") (") (") 2.1	2.9 1.6 (11) 4.3 2.8 2.3 0.7 1.9 2.3 2.6 2.1 1.7 2.4 1.4 2.9 2.1 0.8 2.0 (11) 2.0 (11)
Warehousing and storage	493	1.6	16.5	7.7	6.0	1.8	8.8
Utilities	22	6.1 11.7	3.5 2.8	1.6 1.5	0.4 1.1	0.4	2.0 1.3
Information	51	11.7	2.8	1.5	1.1	0.4	1.3
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511 517	3.8 4.6	6.4 1.5	3.4 0.9	2.3 0.8	1.1 (¹¹)	3.1 0.6
Financial activities		28.1	1.1	0.5	0.5	(¹¹)	0.6

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Finance and insurance	. 52	20.7	0.7	0.3	0.3		0.3
Credit intermediation and related activities	522 524	11.7 8.0	0.7 0.7	0.3 0.5	0.3 0.5	(¹¹) (¹¹)	0.5 (¹¹)
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	7.4	2.4	1.2	1.0	(11)	1.3
Professional and business services		58.2	4.3	2.3	2.2	0.1	2.0
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	24.1	1.3	0.6	0.5	(11)	0.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	30.7	6.8	3.7	3.6	0.1	3.1
Administrative and support services Waste management and remediation services		28.9 1.8	6.4 13.4	3.4 8.7	3.4 7.0	(¹¹) 1.7	3.0 4.6
Education and health services		105.6	5.9	3.0	2.8	0.2	2.9
Educational services	61	4.7	2.7	0.6	0.5	(11)	2.1
Health care and social assistance	. 62	100.9	6.0	3.1	2.9	0.2	2.9
Ambulatory health care services	621	32.3	3.8	1.7	1.6		2.1
Hospitals	622	37.3	7.8	3.1	3.0	0.1	4.7
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	17.6	7.2	5.7	5.2	0.5	1.5
Social assistance	624	13.7	5.0	2.7	2.6		2.3
Leisure and hospitality		69.0	6.2	3.2	3.1	0.1	3.0
Accommodation and food services	72	58.1	6.6	3.3	3.2	(11)	3.4
Accommodation	721	9.5	5.8	2.2	2.1	(11)	3.6
Food services and drinking places	. 722	48.6	6.8	3.5	3.5	(11)	3.3
Other services		20.8	4.0	2.3	2.1	0.2	1.7

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2005 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2005 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases wit			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Other services, except public administration	81 811	20.8	4.0 4.6	2.3 2.6	2.1	0.2	1.7 2.1
Personal and laundry services . Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	812	5.8 7.6	3.9 3.1	1.8 2.2	1.4 2.2	0.4	2.1 0.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

¹¹ Fewer than 15 cases.