Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2004

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2004 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
All industries including State and local government ⁶		42.0	2.7	1.3	1.2	(¹⁰)	1.4
Private industry ⁶		30.5	2.7	1.3	1.2	0.1	1.4
Goods producing ⁶		4.0	2.4	1.7	1.6	(11)	0.7
Construction		1.9	3.2	2.2	2.1	(11)	1.0
Construction	23	1.9	3.2	2.2	2.1	(11)	1.0
Construction of buildings Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors Building equipment contractors Other specialty trade contractors	236 2361 2362 237 238 2382 2389	1.0 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.2	2.5 (11) (11) 9.0 (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) 6.4 (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) 6.4 (11) (11) (11)	(") (") (") (") (") (") (")	(11) (11) (11) (11) (11) (11) (11)
Manufacturing		2.1	1.9	1.4	1.2	(11)	(¹¹)
Manufacturing	31-33	2.1	1.9	1.4	1.2	(11)	(11)
Food manufacturing	311 312 324 327	0.2 0.2 0.2	(11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11)
Service providing		26.5	2.7	1.2	1.2	(11)	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹		8.4	1.6	0.9	0.9	(11)	0.7
Wholesale trade	42	0.7	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2004 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2004 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424 4244	0.6 0.3	(¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹)
Retail trade	44-45	6.1	1.5	0.7	0.6	(11)	0.9
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444 447 453	0.5 0.2 0.4	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(11) (11) (11)
Transportation and warehousing ⁹	48-49	1.5	2.2	1.9	1.9	(11)	(11)
Air transportation	481 483 484	0.4 0.3 0.2	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(¹¹) (¹¹) (¹¹)	(11) (11) (11)
Financial activities		2.5	1.0	0.9	0.8	(11)	(11)
Finance and insurance	52	1.4	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Credit intermediation and related activities Depository credit intermediation Insurance carriers and related activities Insurance carriers Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities	522 5221 524 5241 5242	0.9 0.8 0.3 0.1 0.2	(11) (11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11) (11)	(11) (11) (11) (11) (11) (11)
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	1.1	1.7	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Real estate	531	0.7	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Professional and business services		3.4	1.4	0.7	0.7	(11)	0.7
Management of companies and enterprises	55	0.5	3.7	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	1.7	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Education and health services		2.2	2.1	1.5	1.4	(11)	(11)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2004 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2004 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Educational services	61	0.0	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
		0.9	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Health care and social assistance	62	1.3	2.5	2.4	2.3	(11)	(11)
Leisure and hospitality		7.1	5.9	2.1	2.0	(11)	3.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	0.7	7.5	3.3	(11)	(11)	4.0
Accommodation and food services	72	6.4	5.7	2.0	2.0	(11)	3.8
Accommodation	721 722	4.1 2.3	7.6 2.4	2.4 1.1	2.4 1.1	(¹¹) (¹¹)	5.2 1.2
State and local government		11.4	2.9	1.3	1.3	(11)	1.5
State government		11.4	2.9	1.3	1.3	(11)	1.5
Service providing		11.4	2.9	1.3	1.3	(11)	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁹			6.4	(11)	(11)	(11)	4.4
Utilities	22		6.4	(11)	(11)	(11)	4.4
Financial activities			4.5	(11)	(11)	(11)	(11)
Education and health services		4.7	3.2	1.2	1.2	(11)	2.0
Educational services	61		2.5	0.9	0.9	(11)	1.6
Health care and social assistance	62		5.3	2.1	2.1	(11)	3.2
Public administration		5.7	2.2	1.4	1.4	(11)	0.8
Public administration	92	5.7	2.2	1.4	1.4	(11)	0.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates ¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2004 -- Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2004 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	Other recordable cases
Executive, legislative, and other general government support		1.1 1.6	(¹¹) 3.0	(¹¹) 2.1	(¹¹) 2.1	(¹¹)	(¹¹) 0.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2002 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

¹¹ Fewer than 15 cases.