Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000

Virginia

Industry ²			lr	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
	SIC code ³	2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁷		3,276.4	5.5	2.7	1.7	2.8	5.3	2.6	1.7	2.7
Private Industry ⁷		2,824.2	5.3	2.6	1.7	2.6	5.1	2.6	1.6	2.5
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		37.3	6.4	2.9	2.4	3.5	6.2	2.9	2.4	3.3
Agricultural production ⁷ Agricultural production-crops ⁷ Agricultural production - livestock ⁷ Agricultural services Landscape and horticultural services	01-02 01 02 07 078	10.0 6.3 3.7 26.6 16.2	5.1 4.8 5.7 6.7 5.9	2.1 2.3 1.5 3.1 3.9	1.1 2.7	3.0 2.5 4.2 3.6 2.0	4.8 5.2 6.5	2.1 2.3 1.5 3.1 3.9	1.4 1.6 1.1 2.6 3.4	2.9 2.5 3.7 3.4 2.0
Mining ⁸		10.0	6.5	4.8	4.3	1.7	6.4	4.8	4.2	1.6
Metal mining ⁸ Coal mining ⁸ Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁸	10 12 14	5.7 3.4	6.5 8.5 3.6	4.3 6.4 2.5	6.0	2.2 2.1 1.1	8.3	4.3 6.3 2.5	2.2 5.9 1.7	2.2 2.0 1.1
Construction		210.1	7.4	3.6	2.9	3.8	7.1	3.5	2.9	3.6
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	47.0 31.8 11.2 20.6 131.3 31.2 6.8 25.6 19.1 9.0 7.9 9.8 21.0	6.5 8.6 4.5 11.0 7.3 6.5 5.1 9.6 7.1 7.0 5.8 5.5	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.8 4.0 3.6 3.5 5.3 4.4 3.3 2.9	2.4 2.0 2.6 3.2 3.0 3.3 2.9 4.5 2.8 3.5 2.8	3.4 5.4 1.2 7.8 3.6 2.5 1.6 6.3 4.3 2.6 2.5 2.6	7.5 4.5 9.2 7.2 6.5 5.1 9.7 9.2 7.1 6.9 5.7	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.7 4.0 3.6 3.5 5.3 4.3 3.3 2.8	2.6 2.4 2.0 2.5 3.1 3.0 3.3 2.9 4.5 2.8 3.5 2.8	3.3 4.2 1.2 6.0 3.5 2.5 1.6 6.1 3.9 2.6 2.5 2.5
Manufacturing		388.6	7.2	4.0	1.7	3.2	6.6	3.7	1.7	2.9
Durable goods		205.1	8.6	4.7	2.1	3.9	7.9	4.4	2.0	3.6
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 251 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	27.7 21.8 18.2 13.1 11.2 17.1 28.6 28.0 41.4 11.6 4.6	9.6 9.0 8.9 8.1 15.0 8.5 8.4 3.1 11.9 2.9 5.0	5.1 5.5 3.4 9.5 4.3 4.2 2.2 6.3 1.4	3.1 3.2 2.3 2.7 2.0 0.6 2.4 0.5	0.8 5.6 1.4	9.0 8.9 7.8 14.6 8.4 8.0 2.8 9.4 2.9	4.2 3.9 2.1 5.2 1.4	3.0 3.1 3.2 2.3 2.6 2.0 0.5 2.0 0.5 0.5	
Nondurable goods		183.5	5.6	3.2	1.3	2.4	5.0	2.9	1.2	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Virginia

			Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ²	SIC code ³	2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases			orkday ses	Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Food and kindred products Meat products Dairy products Bakery products Tobacco products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Plastics materials and synthetics Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	20 201 202 205 21 22 23 26 27 28 282 30	38.5 18.0 1.9 4.8 8.2 25.9 10.2 17.0 37.8 20.4 9.4	11.6 6.1 6.3 5.4 5.7 3.2 3.5 3.9 4.1 4.0 7.4	7.8 4.3 4.7 3.0 3.1 1.3 1.5 2.1 2.8 3.0 4.0	3.0 1.9 2.8 0.4 0.8 0.8 1.4 1.2 0.9	3.8 1.8 1.6 2.3 2.6 1.9 2.0 1.8 1.3 3.4	7.6 6.0 6.0 4.7 5.5 3.1 3.5 3.8 3.4 3.0 7.1	4.2 4.5 2.7 3.1 1.3 1.5 2.0 2.4 2.2 3.9	2.8 1.9 2.5 0.4 0.8 0.8 1.4 1.1 0.8	1.8 1.5 2.0 2.4 1.8 2.0 1.8 1.1 0.8 3.2
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		179.5	6.3	4.1	3.0	2.2	6.2	4.0	2.9	2.2
Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Water transportation Transportation by air Transportation services Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	41 42 421 44 45 47 48 481	8.5 43.1 37.5 6.8 33.1 10.8 59.0 45.4 18.2	9.5 9.7 7.1 15.9 1.7 1.4	5.6 5.4 3.5 11.8 0.5 0.8	3.9 4.0 3.0 9.2 0.3 0.6 0.6		9.5 9.7 6.4 15.3 1.7 1.3	5.6 5.4 3.5 11.4 0.5 0.8 0.7	8.9 0.3 0.5 0.5	
Wholesale and retail trade		769.7	5.5	2.4	1.6	3.1	5.4	2.4	1.6	3.1
Wholesale trade		151.6	4.7	2.9	1.5	1.9	4.7	2.9	1.5	1.9
Wholesale tradedurable goods Professional and commercial equipment	50 504	93.5 27.0				1.7 0.5				1.7 0.5
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	58.1	6.7	4.5	2.2	2.1	6.7	4.5	2.2	2.1
Retail trade		618.1	5.7	2.2	1.6	3.5	5.6	2.2	1.6	3.4
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Miscellaneous retail	52 531 541 541 55 551 56 57	24.8 81.2 64.4 91.4 84.0 68.5 30.8 29.4 36.0 80.7	9.3 10.4 8.3 8.8 3.9 4.4 2.0 2.8 3.2	3.5 3.7 2.6 2.7 1.5 1.3 1.0 1.1	2.3 2.5 2.4 2.5 1.2 0.7 0.8 1.2	5.8 6.8 5.7 6.1 2.4 3.1 1.7 1.7	9.3 10.4 8.3 8.8 3.8 4.3 2.0 2.8 3.1	3.5 3.7 2.6 2.7 1.4 1.2 1.0 1.1	2.5 2.4 2.5 1.2 1.1 0.7 0.8 1.2	5.8 6.8 5.7 6.1 2.4 3.0 1.0 1.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate		186.9								
Real estate	65	42.8	3.8	1.9	1.4	1.9	3.7	1.9	1.4	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Virginia

	SIC code ³		Ir	ijuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries				
Industry ²		2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	
Services		1,035.5	4.3	2.1	1.3	2.3	4.2	2.0	1.2	2.1	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Museums, botanical, zoological gardens Membership organizations Engineering and management services Services, n.e.c.	70 72 75 76 78 79 80 805 806 82 83 84 86 87	38.2 30.5 9.2 10.8 38.1 224.5 37.0 86.4 37.1 56.2 4.5 34.6 134.0	10.8 2.9 5.1 2.9 0.6 4.8 7.9 18.3 11.3 3.8 4.6 9.4 2.2 0.9	4.4 1.0 1.8 1.0 0.4 1.7 3.8 9.8 5.2 1.3 2.6 3.4 1.3 0.5	2.6 0.8 1.4 0.7 0.4 1.3 2.1 5.1 2.7 1.0 1.6 2.3 1.1 0.4 (°)	6.4 1.9 3.3 1.9 0.1 3.1 4.2 8.6 6.2 2.5 2.0 6.1 0.9 0.4	10.3 2.9 5.1 2.9 0.3 4.8 7.7 17.5 11.0 3.4 4.5 2.0 0.8 (°)	4.3 1.0 1.8 1.0 0.1 1.7 3.7 9.6 5.1 1.3 2.6 3.1 1.1 0.5	0.8 1.4 0.7 0.1 1.3 2.0 5.0 2.6 1.0 2.1	1.9 3.3 1.9 0.1 3.0 4.0 5.9 2.2 1.9 5.7 0.9	
State and local government		452.1	7.0	2.9	1.9	4.1	6.7	2.8	1.9	3.9	
State government		132.8	6.3	2.4	1.8	3.9	6.0	2.4	1.7	3.6	
Construction			8.4	4.0	3.2	4.4	8.2	4.0	3.2	4.2	
Services		80.3	6.7	2.6	1.7	4.1	6.3	2.6	1.7	3.8	
Public administration		41.9	4.8	1.6	1.4	3.2	4.7	1.5	1.4	3.2	
Justice, public order, and safety Administration of human resources	92 94	21.1 8.4	7.6 1.2	2.9 0.4	2.6 0.4	 0.8	7.5 1.2	2.8 0.4		0.8	
Local government		319.3	7.4	3.1	2.0	4.2	7.1	3.1	2.0	4.0	
Construction		2.1	12.1	8.9	4.1	3.2	11.4	8.6	3.8	2.8	
Transportation and public utilities		13.6	10.5	7.7	4.6	2.8	10.3	7.7	4.6	2.6	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Virginia

Industry ²	SIC code ³	2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	lı	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Services		232.2	5.9	1.9	1.2	4.0	5.9	1.9	1.2	3.9
Public administration		69.8	10.2	5.1	3.5	5.0	9.4	5.0	3.3	4.5
Justice, public order, and safety	92	34.5	13.7	7.7	5.2	5.9	12.4	7.5	4.9	4.9

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.