Form **1120-H**

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

U.S. Income Tax Return for Homeowners Associations

OMB No. 1545-0127

2007

For (calen	dar	year 2007 or tax year beginning , 2007, and	ending			, 20		
Use IRS label. Other-		Na	Name Employer		yer identificatio	n num	ber (see page 5)		
			Number street and room or quite no //f a D.O. hay are now E.\						
		Nu	Number, street, and room or suite no. (If a P.O. box, see page 5.) Date asso						
wise, print or		Cit	y or town, state, and ZIP code	1					
typ			,,						
Che	ck if:	((1) ☐ Final return (2) ☐ Name change (3) ☐ Ado	dress ch	ange	(4)) Amended	return	
Α	Chec	k ty		idential rea	al estate associa	tion [Timeshare asso	ociation	
В	Tota	al ex	kempt function income. Must meet 60% gross income test (see instruc	ctions)		В			
С			xpenditures made for purposes described in 90% expenditure test (see	,		С			
D	Asso	ocia	ation's total expenditures for the tax year (see instructions)			D			
E	Tax-	-exe	empt interest received or accrued during the tax year			Е			
	Gross Income (excluding exempt function income)								
1	Divid	den	ds			1			
2	Taxa	able	e interest			2			
3	Gros	ss r	ents			3		+	
4			oyalties			4			
5			gain net income (attach Schedule D (Form 1120))			5			
6			n or (loss) from Form 4797, Part II, line 17 (attach Form 4797)			6		+	
7	Othe	er ir	ncome (excluding exempt function income) (attach schedule)			7		 	
8			income (excluding exempt function income). Add lines 1 through 7 . uctions (directly connected to the production of gross income,			8 fund	tion income)		
					<u> </u>	9	ilon income)	T	
9			s and wages			10			
10			and maintenance			11			
11	Rent					12			
12 13			and licenses			13			
14			iation (attach Form 4562)			14			
15	-		leductions (attach schedule)			15			
16			eductions. Add lines 9 through 15			16			
17			e income before specific deduction of \$100. Subtract line 16 from line			17			
18			deduction of \$100			18	\$100	00	
			Tax and Payments						
19	Taxa	able	e income. Subtract line 18 from line 17			19			
20	Ente	er 30	0% of line 19. (Timeshare associations, enter 32% of line 19.)			20			
21	Tax	cre	dits (see instructions)			21			
22	Tota	al ta	x. Subtract line 21 from line 20. See instructions for recapture of certain c	credits.		22		+	
23	Paym	nent	s: a 2006 overpayment						
			credited to 2007 23a	T					
			b 2007 estimated tax payments 23b c Total ► 23c						
			d Tax deposited with Form 7004	1					
			ordan for tax paid on analogical partar game (account of the 2 loo).						
			to the art to the action that the transfer (attacks to the action to the			23g			
24	۸ma	unt	g Add lines 23c through 23f			24		+	
24 25			yment. Subtract line 22 from line 23g			25			
26			mount of line 25 you want: Credited to 2008 estimated tax ▶	1	efunded ►	26			
	l	Jnde	r penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and	nd statement	ts, and to the best		knowledge and belief,	it is true,	
Sig	n °	correc	ct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of which pre-	reparer has a	any knowledge.	М	ay the IRS discuss thi	s return	
Hei		_				wi	th the preparer shown be instructions)? \square Ye	n below	
		Sig	gnature of officer Date Title			(50	seou doubliby: [] Te		
Paid			Preparer's Date		Check if	Pr	eparer's SSN or PTIN	N	
Preparer's		2	signature		self-employed				
Use Only		- 1	Firm's name (or yours if self-employed),		EIN				
			address, and ZIP code		Phone no.	()		

How To Get Forms and Publications

Internet. You can access the IRS website 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at *www.irs.gov* to:

- Download forms, instructions, and publications
- Order IRS products online
- Research your tax questions online
- Search publications online by topic or keyword
- View Internal Revenue Bulletins (IRBs) published in the last few years
- Sign up to receive local and national tax news by email.

IRS Tax Products CD/DVD. You can order Pub. 1796, IRS Tax Products CD/DVD, and obtain

- Current year forms, instructions, and publications
- Prior-year forms, instructions, and publications
- Bonus: Historical Tax Products
 CD/DVD Ships with the final release
- Tax Map: An electronic research tool and finding aid
- Tax law frequently asked questions
- Tax topics from the IRS telephone response system
- Fill-in, print, and save features for most tax forms
- Internal Revenue Bulletins
- Toll-free and email technical support.

The CD/DVD is released twice during the year.

- The first release will ship the beginning of January 2008.
- The final release will ship the beginning of March 2008.

Purchase the CD/DVD from National Technical Information Service at www.irs.gov/cdorders for \$35 (no handling fee) or call 1-877-CDFORMS (1-877-233-6767) toll free to buy the CD/DVD for \$35 (plus a \$5 handling fee). Price is subject to change.

By phone and in person. You can order forms and publications by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676). You can also get most forms and publications at your local IRS office.

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A homeowners association files Form 1120-H as its income tax return to take advantage of certain tax benefits. These benefits, in effect, allow the association to exclude exempt function income (defined later) from its gross income.

Electing To File Form 1120-H

A homeowners association elects to take advantage of the tax benefits provided by section 528 by filing a properly completed Form 1120-H. The election is made separately for each tax year and generally must be made by the due date, including extensions, of the income tax return.

This extension does not extend the time to pay the tax.

Once Form 1120-H is filed, the association cannot revoke its election for that year unless the IRS consents. The association may request IRS consent by filing a ruling request. A user fee must be paid with all ruling requests. For more information on ruling requests, see Rev. Proc. 2007-1. You can find this revenue procedure on page 1 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2007-1 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb07-01.pdf.

If the association does not elect to use Form 1120-H, it must file the applicable income tax return, for example, Form 1120.

Automatic 12-month extension to make election. If the homeowners association fails to make the regulatory election to be treated as a homeowners association, it can get an automatic 12-month extension to make the section 528 election, provided corrective action is taken within 12 months of the due date (including extension) of the return. See Regulations section 301.9100-2 for more information.

A homeowners association should compare its total tax computed on Form 1120-H with its total tax computed on Form 1120, U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return. The association may file the form that results in the lowest tax.

Tax rate. The taxable income of a homeowners association that files its tax return on Form 1120-H is taxed at a flat rate of 30% for condominium management associations and residential real estate associations.

The tax rate for timeshare associations is 32%. These rates apply to both ordinary income and capital gains.

If the association is tax exempt under section 501(a), do not file Form 1120-H. See section 6033 and related regulations. If the association loses its exempt status, see Regulations section 1.528-8(e).

Definitions

Homeowners association. There are three types of homeowners associations.

- 1. A condominium management association organized and operated to acquire, build, manage, maintain, and care for the property in a condominium project substantially all of whose units are homes for individuals.
- 2. A residential real estate management association organized and operated to acquire, build, manage, maintain, and care for a subdivision, development, or similar area substantially all of whose lots or buildings are homes for individuals.
- **3.** A timeshare association (other than a condominium management association) organized and operated to acquire, build, manage, maintain, and care for the property that has members who hold a timeshare right to use, or a timeshare ownership interest in, real property of the timeshare association. A timeshare association cannot be a condominium management association.

See Regulations section 1.528-4 for information regarding the "substantially all" test for condominium management associations and residential real estate management associations.

To qualify as a homeowners association, the following must apply.

- At least 60% of the association's gross income for the tax year must consist of exempt function income (defined later).
- At least 90% of the association's expenses for the tax year must consist of expenses to acquire, build, manage, maintain, or care for its property, and, in the case of a timeshare association, for activities provided to, or on behalf of, members of the timeshare association.

- No private shareholder or individual can profit from the association's net earnings except by acquiring, building, managing, or caring for association property or by a rebate of excess membership dues, fees, or assessments.
- The association must file Form 1120-H to elect under section 528 to be treated as a homeowners association.

Association property. Association property includes real and personal property that:

- 1. The association holds,
- **2.** The association's members hold in common,
- **3.** The association's members hold privately within the association, and
- **4.** Is owned by a governmental unit and is used to benefit the unit's residents.

Timeshare association property includes property related to the timeshare project that the association or its members have rights to use. These rights must arise out of recorded easements, covenants, or other recorded instruments.

For more information, see Regulations section 1.528-3.

Taxable income. Taxable income is the excess, if any, of:

- **1.** Gross income for the tax year, excluding exempt function income, over
- 2. Allowed deductions directly connected with producing any gross income except exempt function income. Allowed deductions include a specific \$100 deduction. The following are not allowed:
- Net operating loss deduction (section 172).
- Deductions under part VIII of subchapter B (special deductions for corporations).

If facilities are used (or personnel are employed) for both exempt and nonexempt purposes, see Regulations section 1.528-10.

Exempt function income. Exempt function income consists of membership dues, fees, or assessments from (a) owners of condominium housing units, (b) owners of real property in the case of

a residential real estate management association, or (c) owners of timeshare rights to use, or timeshare ownership interests in, real property in the case of a timeshare association. This income must come from the members as owners, not as customers, of the association's services.

Assessments or fees for a common activity qualify but charges for providing services do not qualify.

Examples. In general, exempt function income includes assessments made to:

- **1.** Pay principal, interest, and real estate taxes on association property.
 - 2. Maintain association property.
- **3.** Clear snow from public areas and remove trash.

Income that is not exempt function income includes:

- **1.** Amounts that are not includible in the organization's gross income other than under section 528 (for example, tax-exempt interest).
 - 2. Payments from nonmembers.
- **3.** Payments from members for special use of the organization's facilities, apart from the use generally available to all members.
- **4.** Interest on amounts in a sinking fund.
- **5.** Payments for work done on nonassociation property.
- **6.** Members' payments for transportation.

For more information, see Regulations section 1.528-9.

When To File

Generally, an association must file Form 1120-H by the 15th day of the 3rd month after the end of its tax year.

If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the association may file on the next business day.

Private delivery services. You can use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filing/paying" rule for tax returns and payments. See the instructions for Form 1120 for details.

Extension. File Form 7004, Application for Automatic 6-Month Extension of Time To File Certain Business Income Tax, Information, and Other Returns, to request a 6-month extension of time to file.

Who Must Sign

The return must be signed and dated by the president, vice-president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer, or any other association officer (such as tax officer) authorized to sign.

If a return is filed on behalf of an association by a receiver, trustee, or assignee, the fiduciary must sign the return, instead of the association officer. Returns and forms signed by a receiver or trustee in bankruptcy on behalf of an association must be accompanied by a copy of the order or instructions of the court authorizing signing of the return or form.

If an association officer completes Form 1120-H, the paid preparer's space should remain blank. Anyone who prepares Form 1120-H but does not charge the association should not complete that section. Generally, anyone who is paid to prepare the return must sign it and fill in the "Paid Preparer's Use Only" area.

The paid preparer must complete the required preparer information and:

- Sign the return in the space provided for the preparer's signature.
- Give a copy of the return to the taxpayer.

Note. A paid preparer may sign original or amended returns by rubber stamp, mechanical device, or computer software program.

Where To File

File the association's return at the address listed below.

If the association's principal business, office, or agency is located in:	Use the following address:
Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Cincinnati, OH 45999-0012

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, Wyoming	Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Ogden, UT 84201-0012
A foreign country or U.S. possession	Internal Revenue Service P.O. Box 409101 Ogden, UT 84409
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Paid Preparer Authorization

If the association wants to allow the IRS to discuss its 2007 tax return with the paid preparer who signed it, check the "Yes" box in the signature area of the return. This authorization applies only to the individual whose signature appears in the "Paid Preparer's Use Only" section of the return. It does not apply to the firm, if any, shown in that section.

If the "Yes" box is checked, the association is authorizing the IRS to call the paid preparer to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of its return. The association is also authorizing the paid preparer to:

- Give the IRS any information that is missing from the return,
- Call the IRS for information about the processing of the return or the status of any related refund or payment(s), and
- Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

The association is not authorizing the paid preparer to receive any refund check, bind the association to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent the association before the IRS.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (excluding extension) for filing the association's 2008 tax return. If the association wants to expand the paid preparer's authorization, see Pub. 947, Practice Before the IRS and Power of Attorney.

Other Forms and Statements That May Be Required

See the Instructions for Form 1120 and Pub. 542, Corporations, for a list of other forms and statements the association may be required to file.

Assembling the Return

Attach Form 4136, Credit for Federal Tax Paid on Fuels, to Form 1120-H. Attach schedules in alphabetical order and additional forms in numerical order after Form 4136.

Complete every applicable entry space on Form 1120-H. Do **not** write "See Attached" instead of completing the entry spaces. If more space is needed on the forms or schedules, attach separate sheets using the same size and format as the printed forms. If there are supporting statements and attachments, arrange them in the same order as the schedules or forms they support and attach them last. Show the totals on the printed forms. Enter the association's name and EIN on each supporting statement or attachment.

Accounting Methods

Figure taxable income using the method of accounting regularly used in keeping the association's books and records. In all cases, the method used must clearly show taxable income. Permissible methods include cash, accrual, or any other method authorized by the Internal Revenue Code.

Change in accounting method. To change its method of accounting used to report taxable income (for income as a whole or for any material item) the association must file Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method. For more information, see Form 3115 and Pub. 538, Accounting Periods and Methods.

Change of Tax Year

Generally, an association must get the consent of the IRS before changing its tax year by filing Form 1128, Application To Adopt, Change, or Retain a Tax Year. However, under certain conditions, an association can change its tax year without getting the consent.

For more information on change of tax year, see Form 1128, Regulations section 1.442-1, and Pub. 538.

Rounding Off to Whole Dollars

The association can round off cents to whole dollars on its return and schedules. If the association does round to whole dollars, it must round all amounts. To round, drop amounts under 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next dollar (for example, \$1.39 becomes \$1 and \$2.50 becomes \$3).

If two or more amounts must be added to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding the amounts and round off only the total

Payment of Tax (Line 24)

The association must pay any tax due in full no later than the 15th day of the 3rd month after the end of the tax year. **Do not** include the payment with the tax return. This payment must be deposited using Form 8109 or EFTPS, as discussed below.

Electronic deposit requirement. The association must make electronic deposits of all depository taxes (such as employment tax, excise tax, and corporate income tax) using the Electronic Federal Tax Payment System (EFTPS) in 2008 if:

- The total deposits of such taxes in 2006 were more than \$200,000 or
- The association was required to use EFTPS in 2007.

If the association is required to use EFTPS and fails to do so, it may be subject to a 10% penalty. If the association is not required to use EFTPS, it may participate voluntarily. To enroll in or get more information about EFTPS, call 1-800-555-4477. To enroll online, visit the EFTPS website at www.eftps.gov.

Depositing on time. For EFTPS deposits to be made timely, the association must initiate the transaction at least 1 business day before the date the deposit is due.

Deposits with Form 8109. If the association does not use EFTPS, deposit tax payments (and estimated tax payments) with Form 8109, Federal Tax Deposit Coupon. If you do not have a preprinted Form 8109, use Form 8109-B to make deposits. You can get this form by calling 1-800-829-4933 or visiting an IRS taxpayer assistance center. Have your EIN ready when you call or visit.

Do not send deposits directly to an IRS office; otherwise, the association may have to pay a penalty. Mail or deliver the completed Form 8109 with the payment to an authorized depositary (a commercial bank or other financial institution authorized to accept federal tax deposits). Make checks or money orders payable to the depositary.

If you prefer, you may mail the coupon and payment to: Financial Agent, Federal Tax Deposit Processing, P.O. Box 970030, St. Louis, MO 63197. Make the check or money order payable to "Financial Agent."

To help ensure proper crediting, enter the association's EIN, the tax period to which the deposit applies, and "Form 1120-H" on the check or money order. Darken the "1120" box under "Type of Tax" and the appropriate "Quarter" box under "Tax Period" on the coupon. Records of these deposits will be sent to the IRS. For more information on deposits, see the instructions in the coupon booklet (Form 8109).

Estimated Tax, Alternative Minimum Tax, and Certain Tax Credits

These items do not apply to homeowners associations electing to file Form 1120-H. See the instructions for line 21, later, for a list of the tax credits that do not apply. However, a homeowners association that does **not** elect to file Form 1120-H may be required to make payments of estimated tax. Because the election is not made until the return is filed, Form 1120-H provides lines for estimated tax payments and the crediting of overpayments against estimated tax if payments or overpayments apply.

Interest and Penalties

Interest. Interest is charged on taxes paid late even if an extension of time to file is granted. Interest is also charged on penalties imposed for failure to file, negligence, fraud, substantial valuation misstatements, substantial understatements of tax, and reportable transaction understatements from the due date (including extensions) to the date of payment. The interest charge is figured at a rate determined under section 6621.

Late filing of return. In addition to losing the right to elect to file Form 1120-H, a homeowners association that does not file its tax return by the due date, including extensions, may be penalized 5% of the unpaid tax for each month or part of a month the return is late, up to a maximum of 25% of the unpaid tax. The minimum penalty for a return that is over 60 days late is the smaller of the tax due or \$100. The penalty will not be imposed if the association can show that the failure to file on time was due to reasonable cause. Associations that file late should attach a statement explaining the reasonable cause.

Late payment of tax. An association that does not pay the tax when due generally may be penalized $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% of the unpaid tax for each month or part of a month the tax is not paid, up to a maximum of 25% of the unpaid tax. The penalty will not be imposed if the association can show that the failure to pay on time was due to reasonable cause.

Other penalties. Other penalties can be imposed for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, reportable transaction understatements, and fraud. See sections 6662, 6662A, and 6663.

Specific Instructions

Period covered. File the 2007 return for calendar year 2007, and fiscal years that begin in 2007 and end in 2008. For a fiscal year return, fill in the tax year space at the top of the form.

The 2007 Form 1120-H can also be used if (a) the association has a tax year of less than 12 months that begins and ends in 2008 and (b) the 2008 Form 1120-H is not available at the time the association is required to file its return.

The association must show its 2008 tax year on the 2007 Form 1120-H and take into account any tax law changes that are effective for tax years beginning after 2007.

Name and address. Print or type the association's true name (as set forth in the charter or other legal document creating it), address, and EIN on the appropriate lines. Include the suite, room, or other unit number after the street address. If a preaddressed label is used, include this information on the label. If the post office does not deliver mail to the street address and the association has a P.O. box, show the box number instead.

If the association receives its mail in care of a third party (such as an accountant or an attorney), enter on the street address line "C/O" followed by the third party's name and street address or P.O. box.

Employer identification number (EIN). Enter the association's EIN. If the association does not have an EIN, it must apply for one. An EIN may be applied for:

- Online—Click on the Online EIN Application link at *www.irs.gov*. The EIN is issued immediately once the application information is validated.
- By telephone at 1-800-829-4933 from 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. in the association's local time zone.
- By mailing or faxing Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number.

If the association has not received its EIN by the time the return is due, write "Applied for" in the space for the FIN

Note. The online application process is not yet available for associations with addresses in foreign countries or Puerto Rico.

Final return, name change, address change, or amended return.

- If the association ceases to exist, file Form 1120-H and check the "Final return" box.
- If the association changed its name since it last filed a return, check the box for "Name change".
- If the association has changed its address since it last filed a return (including a change to an "in care of" address), check the box for "Address change".
- To amend a previously filed Form 1120-H, file a corrected Form 1120-H and check the "Amended return" box.

Note. If a change in address occurs after the return is filed, use Form 8822, Change of Address, to notify the IRS of the new address.

Item A. Type of homeowners association. See *Definitions* on page 2.

Item B. 60% gross income test. At least 60% of the association's gross income for the tax year must consist of exempt function income. See Exempt function income on page 3.

Item C. 90% expenditure test. At least 90% of the association's expenditures for the tax year must consist of expenses to acquire, build, manage, maintain, and care for property, and in the case of a timeshare association, for activities provided to, or on behalf of, members of the timeshare association. Include current and capital expenditures. Use the association's accounting method to figure the total.

Include:

- **1.** Salary for an association manager or secretary.
- **2.** Expenses for gardening, paving, street signs, security guards, and property taxes assessed on association property.
- **3.** Current operating and capital expenditures for tennis courts, swimming pools, recreation halls, etc.
- **4.** Replacement costs for common buildings, heating, air conditioning, elevators. etc.

Do not include expenditures for property that is not association property. Also, do not include investments or transfers of funds held to meet future costs. An example would be transfers to a sinking fund to replace a roof, even if the roof is association property.

Item D. Enter the association's total expenditures for the tax year including those expenditures directly related to exempt function income. Use the association's accounting method to figure the entry for item D.

Item E. Show any tax-exempt interest received or accrued. Include any exempt-interest dividend received as a shareholder in a mutual fund or other regulated investment company.

Line 15. Other deductions. Expenses, depreciation, and similar items must not only qualify as items of deduction, but must also be directly connected with the production of gross income to be deductible in computing the unrelated taxable income.

Line 21. Tax credits. The association may qualify for the following tax credits:

- Foreign tax credit (Form 1118).
- Qualified electric vehicle credit (Form 8834).
- General business credit (Form 3800). However, it does not include the investment credit.

Enter the total amount of credits on line 21 and attach the appropriate form(s).

Line 22. If the association must recapture any of the low-income housing credit (or the qualified electric vehicle or new markets credit), include the amount of the recapture in the total for line 22. To the right of the entry space, write "LIH", "QEV", or "NMC", "recapture", and the amount. For details, see Form 8611, Recapture of Low-Income Housing Credit; Regulations section 1.30-1 (regarding the qualified electric vehicle credit); or Form 8874, New Markets Credit.

Backup withholding. If the association had income tax withheld from any payments it received because, for example, it failed to give the payer its correct EIN, include the amount withheld in the total for line 23g. This type of withholding is called backup withholding. Show the amount withheld in the blank space in the right-hand column between lines 22 and 23g, and write "Backup Withholding".

Privacy Act and Paperwork
Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax. Section 6109 requires return preparers to provide their identifying numbers on the return.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6526, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send the tax form to this office. Instead, see Where To File on page 3.