Table 12. Number and median days away from work ${ }^{1}$ of occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work ${ }^{2}$ involving musculoskeletal disorders ${ }^{3}$ by selected occupations, All United States, private industry, 2005

| Occupation | Total Cases | Median Days |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All occupations <br> Laborers and Freight- Stock- and Material Movers- Hand <br> Nursing Aides- Orderlies- and Attendants <br> Truck Drivers- Heavy and Tractor-Trailer <br> Truck Drivers- Light or Delivery Services <br> Janitors and Cleaners- Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners <br> Retail Salespersons <br> Stock Clerks and Order Fillers <br> Registered Nurses <br> Construction Laborers <br> Maintenance and Repair Workers- General <br> Carpenters <br> Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Retail Sales Workers <br> Cashiers <br> Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics <br> Customer Service Representatives <br> Driver/Sales Workers <br> Electricians <br> Welders- Cutters- Solderers- and Brazers <br> Shipping- Receiving- and Traffic Clerks <br> Home Health Aides <br> Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers <br> Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses <br> Plumbers- Pipefitters- and Steamfitters <br> Industrial Machinery Mechanics <br> Packers and Packagers- Hand <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Construction Trades and <br> Extraction Workers <br> Heating- Air Conditioning- and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers <br> Inspectors- Testers- Sorters- Samplers- and Weighers <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Production and Operating Workers <br> Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers- Including Fast Food <br> Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators <br> Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics <br> Waiters and Waitresses <br> Personal and Home Care Aides <br> Machinists <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Office and <br> Administrative Support Workers <br> Office Clerks- General <br> Flight Attendants <br> Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders <br> Butchers and Meat Cutters | 375,540 <br> 32,100 <br> 28,920 <br> 18,330 <br> 11,760 <br> 10,470 <br> 9,800 <br> 9,600 <br> 9,060 <br> 8,540 <br> 6,870 <br> 6,630 <br> 6,320 <br> 5,570 <br> 5,150 <br> 4,610 <br> 4,050 <br> 3,780 <br> 3,770 <br> 3,510 <br> 3,440 <br> 3,080 <br> 3,020 <br> 3,010 <br> 2,890 <br> 2,740 <br> 2,600 <br>  <br> 2,340 <br> 2,320 <br> 2,190 <br> 2,180 <br> 2,110 <br> 1,910 <br> 1,850 <br> 1,780 <br> 1,710 <br> 1,640 <br> 1,620 <br> 1,590 <br> 1,580 <br> 1,580 <br> 1,560 | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 9 \\ 5 \\ 14 \\ 10 \\ 9 \\ 9 \\ \hline \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 10 \\ 7 \\ 10 \\ 8 \\ 14 \\ 8 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ \hline 8 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |

See footnoes at end of table.

Table 12. Number and median days away from work ${ }^{1}$ of occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work ${ }^{2}$ involving musculoskeletal disorders ${ }^{3}$ by selected occupations, All United States, private industry, 2005

| Occupation | Total Cases | Median Days |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Farmworkers and Laborers- Crop- Nursery- and Greenhouse <br> Reservation and Transportation Ticket Agents and Travel Clerks <br> Cooks- Institution and Cafeteria <br> Sales Representatives- Wholesale and Manufacturing- Except Technical and Scientific Products <br> Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists <br> Cooks- Restaurant <br> Food Preparation Workers <br> Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers- Except <br> Line Installers <br> Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers <br> Cargo and Freight Agents <br> Painters- Construction and Maintenance <br> Sheet Metal Workers <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Food Preparation and Serving Workers <br> Telecommunications Line Installers and Repairers <br> Printing Machine Operators <br> Operating Engineers and Other Construction Equipment Operators <br> Automotive Body and Related Repairers <br> Psychiatric Aides <br> Executive Secretaries and Administrative Assistants <br> Brickmasons and Blockmasons <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Mechanics- Installers- and Repairers <br> Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs <br> Security Guards <br> Drywall and Ceiling Tile Installers <br> Tire Repairers and Changers <br> Roofers <br> Helpers--Production Workers <br> Radiologic Technologists and Technicians <br> Dishwashers <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Helpers- Laborers- and <br> Material Movers- Hand <br> Food Servers- Nonrestaurant <br> Aircraft Mechanics and Service Technicians <br> Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment <br> Electrical Power-Line Installers and Repairers <br> Sewing Machine Operators <br> Mobile Heavy Equipment Mechanics- Except Engines <br> Cutting- Punching- and Press Machine Setters- Operators- and <br> Tenders- Metal and Plastic <br> Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers <br> Food Service Managers <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers | $\begin{array}{r}1,520 \\ 1,380 \\ 1,330 \\ 1,320 \\ 1,300 \\ 1,240 \\ 1,240 \\ \\ 1,220 \\ 1,150 \\ 1,140 \\ 1,100 \\ 1,080 \\ 1,060 \\ 1,040 \\ 1,010 \\ 1,000 \\ 980 \\ 970 \\ 950 \\ 950 \\ 940 \\ 910 \\ 890 \\ \hline 100 \\ 890 \\ 870 \\ 860 \\ 860 \\ 830 \\ 760 \\ 700 \\ 820 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}25 \\ 5 \\ \hline 12 \\ 8 \\ 14 \\ 11 \\ \hline \\ 13 \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$ |

See footnoes at end of table.

Table 12. Number and median days away from work ${ }^{1}$ of occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work ${ }^{2}$ involving musculoskeletal disorders ${ }^{3}$ by selected occupations, All United States, private industry, 2005

| Occupation | Total Cases | Median Days |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians <br> Glaziers <br> Machine Feeders and Offbearers <br> Molding- Coremaking- and Casting Machine Setters- Operators- and <br> Tenders- Metal and Plastic <br> Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers <br> Cutting and Slicing Machine Setters- Operators- and Tenders <br> First-Line Supervisors/Managers of Non-Retail Sales Workers <br> Bookkeeping- Accounting- and Auditing Clerks <br> Mail Clerks and Mail Machine Operators- Except Postal Service <br> Maintenance Workers- Machinery <br> Meat- Poultry- and Fish Cutters and Trimmers <br> Athletes and Sports Competitors <br> Medical and Health Services Managers <br> Receptionists and Information Clerks <br> Bus Drivers- Transit and Intercity <br> Grinding- Lapping- Polishing- and Buffing Machine Tool Setters- Operators- <br> and Tenders- Metal and Plastic <br> Computer- Automated Teller- and Office Machine Repairers <br> Sawing Machine Setters- Operators- and Tenders- Wood <br> Extruding- Forming- Pressing- and Compacting Machine Setters- <br> Operators- and Tenders <br> Couriers and Messengers | 660 <br> 660 <br> 650 <br> 660 <br> 620 <br> 620 <br> 590 <br> 580 <br> 580 <br> 560 <br> 560 <br> 550 <br> 540 <br> 540 <br> 540 <br> 530 <br> 510 <br> 510 <br> 510 <br> 500 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 10 \\ 14 \\ \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 14 \\ 3 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 9 \\ 30 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 14 \\ \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.
${ }^{2}$ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
${ }^{3}$ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November, 2006

