TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997

			Source of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>						
Event	Event code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials		
Private industry [1,833,380 cases]		212.3	3.7	31.0	7.5	14.2	24.0		
Contact with objects and									
equipment	0	57.3	1	7.1	3.5	9.8	12.1		
Struck against object	01	14.9	(6)	1.6	1.7	3.0	3.0		
Struck against object, unspecified	010	.9	_	.1	.1	.3	.2		
Stepped on object	011	1.4	- (6)	.2	(6)	(6)	.6		
Struck against stationary object	012	9.1	(6)	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.7		
Struck against moving object	013	1.7	_	.1	(6)	.9	.1		
Struck against object, n.e.c	019 02	1.8 27.7		.2 4.7	.2 1.4	.3 1.8	.3 7.6		
Struck by object	020	1.2	(6)	.2	( <sup>6</sup> )	1.0	.3		
Struck by object, drispectified	020	11.5	1 .1	3.3	1.1	.6	3.9		
Struck by flying object	022	3.1	(6)	.1	(6)	.0	1.1		
Struck by flying object,	OZZ	3.1	( )	.,	( )				
unspecifiedStruck by dislodged flying object,	0220	.3	_	(6)	_	(6)	.1		
particle	0221	1.4	_	.1	-	(6)	.4		
Struck by discharged object or									
substance	0222	.9	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	(6)	.5		
Struck by flying object, n.e.c Struck by swinging or slipping	0229	.6	_	.1	-	_	.2		
object	023	7.4	_	.6	.1	.3	1.1		
Struck by swinging or slipping object, unspecified	0230	.2	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	(6)	.1		
Struck by or slammed in swinging door or gate	0231	1.2	_	(6)	(6)	.1	(6)		
objectStruck by swinging or slipping	0232	5.3	_	.4	.1	.1	.8		
object, n.e.c	0239	.8	_	.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	.1	.2		
floor or ground level	024	.8	_	.1	.1	.2	.1		
Struck by object, n.e.c.	029	3.8	_	.4	.1	.5	1.0		
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	03	9.3	_	.8	.3	4.7	1.1		
equipment or objects, unspecified	030	.9	_	.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	.3	.2		
Caught in running equipment or machinery	031	3.5	_	_	_	3.2	_		
Compressed or pinched by rolling,				0	4		0		
sliding, or shifting objects Caught in or compressed by	032	1.5	_	.2	.1	.3	.3		
equipment or objects, n.e.c Caught in or crushed in collapsing	039	3.5	_	.5	.2	.9	.6		
materials Caught in or crushed in collapsing	04	.1	_	_	_	_	(6)		
materials, unspecified	040	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_	-	_		
Excavation or trenching cave-in	041	(6)	_	_	-	-	_		
Other cave-in Caught in or crushed in collapsing	042	(6)	_	_	-	-	_		
structure Caught in or crushed in collapsing	044	(6)	_	_	-	-	_		
materials, n.e.c	049	(6)	_	_	-	-	_		
pressureRubbed or abraded by friction or Rubbed or abraded by friction or	05	3.4	(6)	(6)	_	(6)	.1		
pressure, unspecified	050	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_	-	_		
surface	051	.1	1 _	l _	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )		

TABLE R36. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

			Source of injur	y or illness <sup>4</sup>		
Event	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Health care patient	All other sources <sup>5</sup>
Private industry [1,833,380 cases]	32.1	33.3	9.1	17.1	10.0	30.4
Contact with objects and						
equipment	_	.9	6.2	4.9	.4	12.3
Struck against object	_	.6	.6	1.8	(6)	2.8
Struck against object, unspecified	_	(6)	.1	.1	_	.2
Stepped on object Struck against stationary object	_	.2	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> ) 1.2	_	.3 1.8
Struck against stationary object	_	(6)	.1	.3	_	1.0
Struck against moving object	_	.1	.1	.3	_	.4
Struck by object	_	.1	5.0	1.6	.3	5.1
Struck by object, unspecified	_	(6)	.2	.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	.2
Struck by falling object	_	1 .1	.4	.4	.1	1.5
Struck by flying object	_	(6)	.2	.1	_	1.4
Struck by flying object,						
unspecified	_	_	(6)	_	_	.1
Struck by dislodged flying object,						
particle	_	_	.1	_	_	.9
Struck by discharged object or substance			.1	.1		.1
Struck by flying object, n.e.c	_	_	1 .1	'	_	.1
Struck by swinging or slipping			.,			.5
object	_	(6)	3.6	.3	.1	1.3
Struck by swinging or slipping		\				
object, unspecified	_	_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	(6)
Struck by or slammed in						
swinging door or gate	-	_	(6)	.2	_	.9
Struck by slipping handheld				, 6 >		
object	_	_	3.5	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	.3
Struck by swinging or slipping			.1	.1	.1	.1
object, n.e.cStruck by rolling, sliding objects on	_	_	.1			.'
floor or ground level	_	_	(6)	.3	_	.1
Struck by object, n.e.c.	_	(6)	.5	.4	.1	.7
Caught in or compressed by		, ,				
equipment or objects	_	.1	.4	1.2	(6)	.7
Caught in or compressed by						
equipment or objects,		4.6.				
unspecified	_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	.1	_	1
Caught in running equipment or				,		(6)
machinery Compressed or pinched by rolling,	_	_	.2	.1	_	( )
sliding, or shifting objects	_	(6)	(6)	.4	_	.2
Caught in or compressed by		' '	' '			
equipment or objects, n.e.c	_	(6)	.1	.6	( <sup>6</sup> )	.5
Caught in or crushed in collapsing					. ,	
materials	_	(6)	_	_	_	(6)
Caught in or crushed in collapsing						
materials, unspecified	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Excavation or trenching cave-in	_	_	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )
Other cave-in  Caught in or crushed in collapsing	_	_	_	_	_	( )
structure	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Caught in or crushed in collapsing						` '
materials, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	-
Rubbed or abraded by friction or						
pressure	-	.1	(6)	_	_	3.2
Rubbed or abraded by friction or						
pressure, unspecified	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Rubbed or abraded by kneeling on		.1				(6)
surface	_	''	_	_	_	( )

TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

			Source of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>					
Event	Event code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	
Rubbed or abraded by objects								
being handled Rubbed or abraded by foreign	052	0.1	_	(6)	_	-	(6)	
matter in eye	053	3.2	(6)	_	_	_	(6)	
pressure, n.e.c	059	.1	_	_	-	(6)	-	
vibration	06	.3	_	-	-	.1	_	
Rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration, unspecifiedRubbed, abraded, or jarred by	060	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	-	-	-	
vehicle or mobile equipment vibration	061	.2	_	_	-	(6)	-	
other machine or equipment vibration	062	.1	_	_	-	(6)	_	
Rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration, n.e.c.	069	(6)	_	_	_	(6)	_	
Contact with objects and equipment, n.e.c.	09	.4	_	(6)	(6)	.1	.1	
alls	1	36.3	_	.6	.6	.5	.6	
Fall, unspecified	10	.6	_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	(6)	
Fall to lower level	11	11.6	_	.1	.1	.1	.1	
Fall to lower level, unspecified Fall down stairs or steps Fall from floor, dock, or ground	110 111	.3 2.8			(6)	(6)	_	
level Fall from floor, dock, or ground	112	.7	_	(6)	-	(6)	(6)	
level, unspecified Fall through existing floor	1120	.2	_	_	_	_	(6)	
opening	1121	.1	_	_	_	_	_	
Fall through floor surface Fall from loading dock	1122 1123	.1	_	(6)	_	_	_	
Fall from ground level to lower level	1123	.1	_	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	
Fall from floor, dock, or ground							( )	
level, n.e.c	1129 113	.1 2.9		( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	(6)	
Fall from piled or stacked material	114	.1	_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	
Fall from roof	115	.4	_			_	_	
Fall from roof, unspecified Fall through existing roof	1150	.1	_	_	_	_	_	
openingFall through roof surface	1151 1152	(6) (6) (6)	_	_	_	_	_	
Fall through skylight	1153	(6)	_	_	_	_	_	
Fall from roof edge	1154	.1	_	_	_	-	_	
Fall from roof, n.e.c	1159 116	.1 .5		_	_	_	-	
Fall from building girders or other structural steel	117	.1	_	_	_	_	-	
Fall from nonmoving vehicle	118	2.1	_		_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	
Fall to lower level, n.e.c	119 12	1.6 1.0	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	(6) (6)	
Jump to lower level, unspecified  Jump from scaffold, platform,	120	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_	_	-	
loading dock	121	.1	_	(6)	_	-	-	
element, n.e.c	122 123 129	.1 .5 .2	_ _	(6) (6)	- -	( <sup>6</sup> )	- ( <sup>6</sup> )	

TABLE R36. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

			Source of injur	y or illness <sup>4</sup>		
Event	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Health care patient	All other sources <sup>5</sup>
Rubbed or abraded by objects						
being handled	_	_	(6)	_	_	(6)
Rubbed or abraded by foreign matter in eye	_	_	_	_	_	3.1
Rubbed or abraded by friction or pressure, n.e.c.	_	(6)	_	_	_	(6)
Rubbed, abraded, or jarred by						
vibration	_	_	(6)	0.2	_	(6)
Rubbed, abraded, or jarred by						
vibration, unspecified Rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vehicle or mobile equipment	-	_	_	_	_	_
vibration	-	_	_	.2	-	_
vibration	_	_	(6)	(6)	_	_
Rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration, n.e.c.	_	_	(6)	(6)	_	(6)
Contact with objects and equipment,				l ` ´		
n.e.c.	-	(6)	.1	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	.1
Falls	_	31.5	(6)	.9	( <sup>6</sup> )	1.5
Fall, unspecified	_	.3	-	(6)	_	.1
Fall to lower level	_	10.3	_	.3 ( <sup>6</sup> )	(6) (6)	.6 ( <sup>6</sup> )
Fall to lower level, unspecified Fall down stairs or steps	Ξ	.3 2.8		(6)	( )	(6)
Fall from floor, dock, or ground		2.0		( )		
level	_	.6	_	(6)	_	.1
Fall from floor, dock, or ground level, unspecified	-	.1	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )
opening	_	.1	_	_	_	(6)
Fall through floor surface	_	.1	_	_	_	`-'
Fall from loading dock Fall from ground level to lower level	-	.2	_	_	_	(6)
Fall from floor, dock, or ground						
level, n.e.c.	_	(6)	_	_	_	(6)
Fall from ladderFall from piled or stacked	-	2.5	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	(6)
material Fall from roof	_	.1	_	( - )	_	(6)
Fall from roof, unspecified Fall through existing roof	-	.1	_	_	_	
openingFall through roof surface	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_	(6)
Fall through skylight	_	(6)	_	_	_	(-)
Fall from roof edge	_	.1	_	_	_	_
Fall from roof, n.e.c.	_	.1	_	_	_	_
Fall from scaffold, stagingFall from building girders or other	-	.5	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )
structural steel	_	1.9	_		_	(6)
Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	_	1.4	_	(6)	_	.1
Jump to lower level	_	.8	_	.1	_	(6)
Jump to lower level, unspecified	_	(6)	_	_	_	_
Jump from scaffold, platform, loading dock	_	.1	_	_	_	(6)
Jump from structure, structural						
element, n.e.c.	_	.1	_		_	_
Jump from nonmoving vehicle  Jump to lower level, n.e.c	_	.4	_	1	_	(6)
Jump to lower level, II.e.C	_	ے. ا	_	-	_	( ')

TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

				Sour	ce of injury or	illness <sup>4</sup>	
Event	Event code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
Fall on same level  Fall on same level, unspecified  Fall to floor, walkway, or other	13 130	22.9 .2		0.5 -	0.5 -	0.4	0.5 ( <sup>6</sup> )
surface  Fall onto or against objects  Fall on same level, n.e.c.	131 132 139	19.6 2.9 .3	_ _ _	_ .5 _	- .5 -	- .4 ( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> ) .5
Fall, n.e.c.	19	.2	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	(6)	(6)
Bodily reaction and exertion Bodily reaction and exertion,	2	92.8	(6)	23.0	3.3	3.2	10.4
unspecified	20 21 210	1.2 22.9 1.2	_ _ _	( <sup>6</sup> ) .1 ( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> ) .1 –
reaching, twistingSudden reaction when surprised,	211	9.1	_	(6)	(6)	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )
frightened, startled	212 213 214	.2 .2 .1	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
fall Standing Walking—without other incident	215 216 217	6.7 .2 .8	_ _ _	(6) - - (6)	(6) - - (6)	(6) - - (6)	( <sup>6</sup> ) - - ( <sup>6</sup> )
Bodily reaction, n.e.c.  Overexertion  Overexertion, unspecified  Overexertion in lifting	219 22 220 221	4.6 58.8 4.6 34.4	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> ) 22.9 1.2 16.6	( <sup>6</sup> ) 3.3 .3 1.8	( <sup>6</sup> ) 3.2 .4 1.5	( <sup>6</sup> ) 10.3 .8 6.0
Overexertion in pulling or pushing objects	222	8.8	_	2.3	.6	.7	1.5
turning, or wielding objects	223 224 229 23 230 231 232	7.1 .3 3.5 8.7 2.0 1.3 1.2	(6) - - - -	1.9 .2 .7 - - -	.4 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .2 - - -	.4 - .2 - - -	1.3 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .6 - - -
Repetitive placing, grasping, or moving objects, except tools  Repetitive motion, n.e.c	233 239 24 25 29	2.9 1.3 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .5	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - ( <sup>6</sup> )	- - - -
exposure to harmful substances or environments	3	9.7	3.6	.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	.5	.8
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, unspecified	30 31	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	_ _ _	( ° )	1	3
Contact with electric current, unspecified	310	(6)	_	_	_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )
machine, tool, appliance, or light fixture	311	.2	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	.1	.1
or other electrical components Contact with overhead power lines	312 313	.2 ( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_	_	.2 ( <sup>6</sup> )
Contact with underground, buried power lines	314	(6)	_	_	_	_	_
Contact with electric current, n.e.c.	319	(6)	_	_	_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )

TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

			Source of injur	y or illness <sup>4</sup>		
Event	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Health care patient	All other sources <sup>5</sup>
Fall on same level	_	19.9	( <sup>6</sup> )	0.5	( <sup>6</sup> )	0.7
Fall on same level, unspecified Fall to floor, walkway, or other	_	.1	_	_	_	(6)
surface Fall onto or against objects	_	19.5 ( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)		(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )
Fall on same level, n.e.c.	_	.2		(6)		.1
Fall, n.e.c.	-	.1	_	(6)	_	(6)
Bodily reaction and exertion	32.1	.8	2.1	2.9	8.2	6.7
unspecified	1.1	(6)				(6)
Bodily reaction  Bodily reaction, unspecified	21.7 1.2	.6 ( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	.1	.1	.2
Bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting	8.8	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)
Sudden reaction when surprised,		''		' '	` '	` '
frightened, startled	.2	_	_		-	
Running—without other incident Sitting	.2 .1		_	_	_	(6)
Slip, trip, loss of balance—without fall	6.0	.4	_	.1	_	1
Standing	.2	_	_		_	(6)
Walking—without other incident	.8	(6)	_		_	(6)
Bodily reaction, n.e.c	4.4	.1	2.1	.1 2.7	( <sup>6</sup> ) 8.1	(6) 6.0
Overexertion, unspecified	_	(6)	.2	.2	.9	.6
Overexertion in lifting Overexertion in pulling or pushing	_	.1	.4	.4	4.6	3.1
objects  Overexertion in holding, carrying,	_	(6)	.5	1.7	.5	1.0
turning, or wielding objects	_	(6)	.7	.2	1.4	.7
Overexertion in throwing objects	-	_	(6)	-		.1
Overexertion, n.e.c	- 8.7	(6)	.3	.2	.8	.5
Repetitive motion, unspecified	2.0	_	_	_	_	_
Typing or keyentry	1.3	_	_	_	_	_
Repetitive use of tools Repetitive placing, grasping, or	1.2	_	_	_	_	_
moving objects, except tools	2.9	_	_	_	_	_
Repetitive motion, n.e.c	1.3 ( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_	_	_
Bodily conditions, n.e.c.		_	_	_	_	.5
Bodily reaction and exertion, n.e.c	.6	_	_	(6)	(6)	(6)
Exposure to harmful substances or		(6)	_	(6)	(6)	1.0
environments  Exposure to harmful substances or	_	(6)	.7	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	4.0
environments, unspecified	_	_	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )
Contact with electric current	_	_	(6)	_	_	(0)
unspecified  Contact with electric current of machine, tool, appliance, or light	_	_	_	_	_	_
fixture	-	_	(6)	_	_	_
Contact with wiring, transformers, or other electrical components	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_
Contact with overhead power lines	_			_		
Contact with underground, buried	_	_	_	_	_	-
power lines	-	_	_	_	_	_
Contact with electric current,						
n.e.c	_	_	_	_	_	_

TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

				Sour	ce of injury or	illness <sup>4</sup>	
Event	Event code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
Contact with temperature extremes	32	3.5	0.2	0.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	0.3	0.5
Exposure to environmental heat Exposure to environmental cold	321 322	( <sup>6</sup> )	_ _	_ _	- -	_	_
Contact with hot objects or substances	323	3.2	.2	.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	.3	.5
Contact with cold objects or	004	(6)	(6)			(6)	
substances  Exposure to air pressure changes	324 33	( <sup>6</sup> ) .2	(6)	_	_	(6)	_
Pressure changes in airplane, other aircraft	332	.1	_	_	_	_	_
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	34	4.8	3.3	_	-	(6)	.1
allergenic substances, unspecified	340	6	.2	_	_	_	(6)
Inhalation of substance	341	.6 1.1	1.0		_ _	_	( <sup>6</sup> )
unspecified	3410	.6	.6	_	_	_	-
or confined spaceInhalation in open or	3411	.1	.1	_	_	_	-
nonconfined space  Contact with skin or other exposed	3412	.4	.3	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )
tissue Injections, stings, venomous	342	2.3	1.9	_	-	-	(6)
bites	343	.4	.1	_	-	_	
bites, unspecified	3430	.1	_	_	_	_	_
Needle sticks Bee, wasp, hornet sting	3431 3432	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	<u>-</u>	_	_	_
Other stings or venomous bites	3433	.1	_	_	_	_	_
Injections, stings, venomous							
bites, n.e.c	3439 344	.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	_ _	_	_	_
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances, n.e.c	349	.3	.2				( <sup>6</sup> )
Exposure to noise	35	(6)	2	_	_	_	( ' )
Exposure to noise, unspecified Exposure to noise in single	350	(6)	_	-	_	-	_
incident	352	(6)	_	_	_	_	_
Exposure to radiation	36	.6	-	_	_	.1	( <sup>6</sup> )
Exposure to welding light Exposure to radiation, n.e.c.	362 369	.6 ( <sup>6</sup> )		_ _	_	.1 ( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )
Exposure to traumatic or stressful event, n.e.c.	37	.2	_	_	_	_	-
Exposure to harmful substances or environments, n.e.c.	39	(6)	(6)	_	_	(6)	-
ransportation incidents	4	8.6	_	_	_	.2	_
Transportation incident, unspecified	40	.4	_	_	_	_	_
Highway incident	41	5.3	_	_	_	(6)	_
Highway incident, unspecified Collision between vehicles, mobile	410	.4	_	_	_	_	_
equipment  Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment,	411	3.6	_	_	_	(6)	_
unspecified	4110	1.1	_	_	_	-	-
Re-entrant collision	4111 4112	( <sup>6</sup> ) .8		_ _	_ _	(6)	-
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming	4113	.2	_	_	_	_	_

TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

			Source of injury	y or illness <sup>4</sup>		
Event	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Health care patient	All other sources <sup>5</sup>
Contact with temperature extremes	_	_	0.2	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	2.2
Exposure to environmental heat Exposure to environmental cold	_		_ _	`-´ -	_ _	.2 ( <sup>6</sup> )
Contact with hot objects or substances	_	_	.2	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	2.0
substances	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Exposure to air pressure changes  Pressure changes in airplane,	-	_	_	-	_	.2
other aircraft	_	_	_	_	_	.1
allergenic substances Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances,	-	(6)	_	_	(6)	1.3
unspecified	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	_	.3
Inhalation of substance,	_	_	_	-	_	.1
unspecifiedInhalation in enclosed, restricted,	_	_	_	_	_	.1
or confined spaceInhalation in open or	-	_	_	-	_	(6)
nonconfined space Contact with skin or other exposed	_	_	_	-	_	(6)
tissueInjections, stings, venomous	-	_	_	-	_	.4
bites	_	_	_	-	_	.4
bites, unspecified	-	_	_	_	_	.1
Needle sticks  Bee, wasp, hornet sting  Other stings or venomous	_			-	_ _	(6)
bites	_	_	_	-	_	.1
bites, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	.1
Ingestion of substance Exposure to caustic, noxious, or	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
allergenic substances, n.e.c	_	_	_	_	(6)	(6)
Exposure to noise  Exposure to noise, unspecified  Exposure to noise in single	-	_		<del>-</del> -	-	(6)
incident	_	_		_	_	(6)
Exposure to radiation  Exposure to welding light	_	_	.5 .5	_	_	_
Exposure to radiation, n.e.c Exposure to traumatic or stressful	-	_	_	-	_	(6)
event, n.e.c Exposure to harmful substances or	_	_	_	-	_	.2
environments, n.e.c.	-	_	_	-	_	_
ransportation incidents	_	(6)	_	8.4	_	_
Transportation incident, unspecified Highway incident	-	_	_	.4 5.3	_	-
Highway incident, unspecified  Collision between vehicles, mobile	-	_		5.3 .4		_
equipment Collision between vehicles,	-	_	_	3.6	_	_
mobile equipment, unspecified	_	_	_	1.1	_	_
Re-entrant collision	-	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_
Moving in same direction Moving in opposite directions,	_	_	_	.8	_	_
oncoming	_	_	_	.2	_	_

TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

				Sour	ce of injury or	illness <sup>4</sup>	
Event	Event code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
Moving in intersection Moving and standing vehicle, mobile equipment— in	4114	0.5	_	_	-	_	-
roadwayMoving and standing vehicle,	4115	.6	_	_	-	_	-
mobile equipment—side of road	4116	(6)	_	_	-	_	-
mobile equipment, n.e.c Vehicle struck stationary object or	4119	.3	_	_	-	_	-
equipment in roadwayVehicle struck stationary object,	412	(6)	_	_	-	_	-
equipment on side of road	413	.2	_	_	_	_	_
Noncollision incident	414	1.0	_	_	_	(6)	_
unspecifiedJack-knifed or overturned—no	4140	(6)	_	_	_	-	-
collision	4141	.4	_	_	_	(6)	_
Ran off highway—no collision	4142	.3	_	_	_	_	_
Sudden start or stop, n.e.c	4144	.2	_	_	-	(6)	_
Noncollision incident, n.e.c	4149	.1	_	_	_	_	_
Highway incident, n.e.cNonhighway incident, except rail, air,	419	.1	_	_	_	_	-
water	42	1.2	_	_	_	.1	_
Nonhighway incident, unspecified Collision between vehicles or	420	(6)	_	_	_	_	_
mobile equipmentVehicle, mobile equipment struck	421	.2	_	_	_	-	_
stationary object  Noncollision incident  Noncollision incident,	422 423	.2 .7	_		_ _	( <sup>6</sup> ) .1	_
unspecifiedFall from moving vehicle, mobile	4230	(6)	_	_	_	_	_
equipmentFall from and struck by vehicle,	4231	.2	_	_	_	(6)	-
mobile equipment	4232	(6)	_	_	_	_	_
Overturned	4233	.2	_	_	-	(6) (6)	_
Loss of control	4234	(6)	_	_	_	(6)	_
Struck by shifting load	4235	(6)	_	_	-	_	_
Sudden start or stop, n.e.c	4236	.1	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_
Noncollision incident, n.e.c	4239	.2	_	_	_	(°)	_
Nonhighway incident, n.e.c Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	429 43	1.5	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment, unspecified	430	.2	_	_	_	(6)	_
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in roadway	431	.2	_	_	_	_	_
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment on side of							
roadPedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in parking lot or	432	.1	_	_	_	_	-
non-roadway area	433	1.1	_	_	_	(6)	_
Railway incident	44	.1	_	_	_	_	_
and other object	443	(6)	-	_	_	-	_
Derailment	445	(6)	_	_	_	-	_
Railway incident, n.e.c.	449	(6)	_	_	_	-	_
Water vehicle incident	45	(6)	_	_	_	-	_
Fall from ship, boat, n.e.c.	453	(6)	_	_	_	-	_
Fall on ship, boat	454	(6)	-	-	_	-	_

TABLE R36. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

	Source of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>									
Event	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Health care patient	All other sources				
Moving in intersection Moving and standing vehicle, mobile equipment— in	-	-	_	0.5	-	_				
roadway	_	-	_	.6	_	_				
road Collision between vehicles,	_	_	_	(6)	_	_				
mobile equipment, n.e.c Vehicle struck stationary object or	-	_	_	.3	-	_				
equipment in roadwayVehicle struck stationary object,	_	_	_	(6)	_	_				
equipment on side of road  Noncollision incident  Noncollision incident.	_			.2 .9	<del>-</del>	_				
unspecified	-	_	_	(6)	-	_				
collision	-	_	_	.4	_	_				
Ran off highway—no collision	_	_	_	.3	_	_				
Sudden start or stop, n.e.c Noncollision incident, n.e.c	_	_	_	.2 .1	_	_				
Highway incident, n.e.c	_	_	_	.1	_	_				
water	_	(6)	_	1.2	_	-				
Nonhighway incident, unspecified Collision between vehicles or	_	_	_	(6)	_	_				
mobile equipment  Vehicle, mobile equipment struck	_	_	_	.2	_	_				
stationary object	_	_	_	.2 .6	<u> </u>	_				
unspecifiedFall from moving vehicle, mobile	_	-	_	-	_	_				
equipmentFall from and struck by vehicle,	_	_	_	.2	_	_				
mobile equipment Overturned	_	_	_	(6)	_	_				
Loss of control	_	_	_	(6)	_	_				
Struck by shifting load	_	_	_	(6)	_	_				
Sudden start or stop, n.e.c	-	_	_	.1	_	_				
Noncollision incident, n.e.c	_	_	_	.1	_	-				
Nonhighway incident, n.e.c	_	_	_	.1	_	_				
vehicle, mobile equipment  Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment, unspecified	_	_	_	1.4	_	_				
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in roadway	_	_	_	.2	_	_				
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment on side of road	_	_	_	.1	_	_				
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in parking lot or										
non-roadway area	_	_		1.0 .1	_	_				
Collision between railway vehicle and other object	_	_	_	(6)	_	_				
Derailment	-	_	_	(6)	_	_				
Railway incident, n.e.c.	_	(6)	_	(6)	_	-				
Water vehicle incidentFall from ship, boat, n.e.c	_	(6)	_	( )	_					
Fall on ship, boat	_	'_'	_	(6)	_	_				

TABLE R36. Incidence rates  $^1$  for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work  $^2$  per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

	<u> </u>						
				Sour	ce of injury or	illness <sup>4</sup>	
Event	Event code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
Water vehicle incident, n.e.c. Aircraft incident Aircraft incident, unspecified During takeoff or landing Aircraft incident, n.e.c. Transportation incident, n.e.c.	459 46 460 461 469 49	( <sup>6</sup> ) .1 ( <sup>6</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> ) .1 ( <sup>6</sup> )	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -
Fires and explosions	5 51 510	.4 .2 ( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> ) - -	( <sup>6</sup> ) - -	- - -	(6) (6) -	0.1 - -
structure Ignition of clothing from controlled	511	.1	_	_	_	_	_
heat source Fire, n.e.c. Explosion Explosion, unspecified Explosion of battery	513 519 52 520 521	( <sup>6</sup> ) .1 .2 ( <sup>6</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> )	- ( <sup>6</sup> )	- ( <sup>6</sup> ) - -	- - - -	(6) (6) -	- - .1 - -
Explosion of pressure vessel or pipingExplosion, n.e.c.	522 529	.1 .1	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	- -	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )
Assaults and violent acts Assaults and violent acts,	6	3.1	_	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )
unspecified	60	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	-	_	_
person(s)	61	2.5	_	(6)	(6)	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )
person(s), unspecified	610 611 612 613	.6 .1 .9 .1	- - - -	- ( <sup>6</sup> )	- - - -	- ( <sup>6</sup> )	- ( <sup>6</sup> ) -
twisting	614 615 616 617	.2 ( <sup>6</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> )	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
person(s), n.e.c.  Self-inflicted injury Self-inflicted injury, unspecified  Assaults by animals Assaults by animals, unspecified Nonvenomous bites  Assaults by animals, n.e.c.		.6 ( <sup>6</sup> ) ( <sup>6</sup> ) .6 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .4	- - - - -	(6) - - - - -	(6) - (6) - (6)	(6) - - - - -	(6) (6) - - -
Other events or exposures	9	4.2	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)
Nonclassifiable	9999	4.2	(6)	(6)	-	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )

TABLE R36. Incidence rates 1 for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work 2 per 10,000 full-time workers by event or exposure leading to injury or illness and selected sources of injury or illness, 1997 — Continued

			Source of injury	y or illness <sup>4</sup>		
Event	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Health care patient	All other sources <sup>5</sup>
Water vehicle incident, n.e.c	_	_	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_
Aircraft incident	_	_	_	.1	_	_
Aircraft incident, unspecified	_	_	_	(6)	_	_
During takeoff or landing	_	_	_	(6)	_	_
Aircraft incident, n.e.c.	_	_	_		_	_
Transportation incident, n.e.c	_	_	_	(6)	_	_
Fires and explosions	_	_	_	_	_	0.3
Fire—unintended or uncontrolled	_	_	_	_	_	.2
Fire, unspecified	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Fire in residence, building, or other						
structure Ignition of clothing from controlled	_	_	_	_	_	.1
heat source		_	_	_	_	(6)
Fire, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	.1
Explosion	_	_	_	_	_	.1
Explosion, unspecified		_		-	_	(6)
Explosion of battery Explosion of pressure vessel or	_	-	_	_	_	(6)
piping	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Explosion, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	( ' '
Assaults and violent acts	_	0.1	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	1.4	1.6
Assaults and violent acts,						
unspecified	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Assaults and violent acts by		4	(6)	(6)		4.0
person(s) Assaults and violent acts by	_	.1	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	1.4	1.0
person(s), unspecified	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	4	.2
Biting	_		_	_	(6)	(6)
Hitting, kicking, beating	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	_	_	.5	.4
Shooting	_	`-'	_	_	_	.1
Squeezing, pinching, scratching,					_	
twisting	_	_	(6)	_	.2	.1
Stabbing Rape	_	_	( ° )	_	_	(6)
Threats or verbal assaults	_	_	_		_	(6)
Assaults and violent acts by						( )
person(s), n.e.c.	_	( <sup>6</sup> )	(6)	(6)	.3	.2
Self-inflicted injury	_	`-'	`- <i>′</i>	`-′		_
Self-inflicted injury, unspecified	_	_	_	_	_	-
Assaults by animals		_	_	_	_	.6
Assaults by animals, unspecified	_	_	_	_	_	(6)
Nonvenomous bites Assaults by animals, n.e.c	_	_	_	_	_	.4
Assaults by allillidis, II.e.C	_	_	_	_	_	.2
Other events or exposures	_	(6)	(6)	(6)	( <sup>6</sup> )	4.0
Nonclassifiable	-	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	4.0

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

= number of injuries and illnesses = total hours worked by all employees EΗ

during the calendar year 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

Includes nonclassifiable responses.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding, data may not sum to totals.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days

away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the 1992 Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 00-09; Containers = 10-19; Furniture and fixtures = 20-29; Machinery = 30-39; Parts and materials = 40-49; Worker than 10 position = 562; Floors, walkways or ground surfaces = 0.00 per than 10 other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the 1992 Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>6</sup> Less than 0.1 case per 10,000 full-time workers