

Small Business Profile: NORTH DAKOTA

Small businesses make a significant contribution to the U.S. economy, and in 2003, they were the engine of North Dakota's economic performance. Nationally, half of U.S. non-farm private output and employment is generated by small firms with 500 or fewer employees; in North Dakota, small business owners—including women, minorities, and home based individuals—were leaders in the state's economy in 2003. The Office of Advocacy's *Small Business Profile* reports on small businesses in the state using the most currently available data.

Number of Businesses. The estimated total number of small businesses in North Dakota in 2003 was 58,800.¹ Of the 18,817 employer firms in 2003, 96.6 percent or an estimated 18,200 were small firms. The estimated number of employer businesses increased by 1 percent in 2003. The most recent data available show that non-employer businesses numbered 40,615 in 2001. Self-employment increased by 6.3 percent, from 41,125 in 2002 to 43,727 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

Women-Owned Businesses. Self-employment by women increased by 10.5 percent, from 11,471 in 2002 to 12,671 in 2003 and represented 29.5 percent of self-employed persons in the state. Women-owned businesses generated \$1.2 billion in revenues, employed 13,482 workers, and constituted 12,400 firms or 22.5 percent of all firms in 1997. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Minority-Owned Businesses. In 1997, 20 percent or 300 of the minority-owned businesses in the state were employer firms, and they generated 84.7 percent of the total minority-owned business revenue of \$0.2 billion. There were 400 Hispanic-owned businesses; 100 Black-owned businesses; 300 Asian and Pacific Islander-owned businesses; and 800 American Indian and Alaskan Native-owned businesses in 1997. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Business Turnover. The estimated number of new employer businesses was 1,456 in 2003, which is 7.4 percent more than the previous year. Business bankruptcies decreased by 9.5 percent, and totaled 105 in 2003. Business terminations increased by 8.2 percent and numbered 2,049 in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

Employment. Small businesses with fewer than 500 employees numbered 16,563 in 2001 and employed 166,320 people or 64.6 percent of the state's non-farm private workforce (Table 1).² Total net employment gain in the state amounted to 2,836 between 2000 and 2001. Of that number, 2,666 are attributable to MSAs (metropolitan statistical areas). During the same time period, firms with fewer than 20 employees gained 1,635 jobs. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses. Note: Urban (MSA) and rural (non-MSA) employment data is available at: www.sba.gov/advo/stats/data.html.)

Small Business Income. Small business proprietors' income in 2003 increased by 45.9 percent, from \$1.8 billion in 2002 to \$2.6 billion in 2003. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

Finance. Small firms typically use commercial bank lenders and rely on local bank services. Over the last five years there has been a gradual decline in the number of banks in North Dakota (Table 3). The Office of Advocacy has identified banks in each state that make the most loans to small businesses. This information is available in its banking studies available at www.sba.gov/advo/stats.

To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's research, data, and analyses of small businesses, visit www.sba.gov/advo, call (202) 205-6533 or email advocacy@sba.gov.

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¹ The Office of Advocacy's estimate of the total number of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2001 Census Bureau firm size data) multiplied by the total number of employer businesses in 2003 (Dept. of Labor). To this total, we add the 2001 number of non-employer firms (Census Bureau).

² The number of employers listed in Table 1 is not directly comparable to the figures listed in the *Number of Businesses* section due to different data sources.

Table 1. Firms and Employment in North Dakota by Industry and Firm Size, 2001 (Thousands)

Industry	Non-employer Firms	Employer Firms			Employment		
		Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500
Total	40.62	17.14	16.17	16.56	257.34	118.39	166.32
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	0.99	0.14	0.14	0.14	*	*	*
Mining	0.28	0.17	0.15	0.16	4.64	1.18	2.01
Utilities	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04	3.13	*	1.12
Construction	4.49	2.03	2	2.02	13.81	11.44	*
Manufacturing	0.5	0.63	0.55	0.59	24.32	6.75	12.56
Wholesale trade	0.73	1.19	1.02	1.08	17.36	1.02	12.32
Retail trade	5.27	2.72	2.51	2.58	41.42	2.51	24.81
Transportation and warehousing	2.25	0.86	0.8	0.82	8.09	0.8	6.22
Information	0.35	0.26	0.21	0.23	8.08	2.56	3.83
Finance and insurance	2.31	0.99	0.91	0.93	13.5	5.02	7.34
Real estate; rental and leasing	3.93	0.59	0.56	0.57	3.8	2.3	3.8
Professional, scientific, and technical services	3.6	1.21	1.17	1.19	9.2	5.77	7.64
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.09	0.04	0.06	2.38	*	0.73
Admin., support, waste mngt., and remed., services	1.83	0.72	0.67	0.69	10.91	0.67	5.94
Educational services	0.7	0.15	0.13	0.14	4.72	1.78	2.99
Health care and social assistance	5.14	1.21	1.1	1.17	47	10.66	23.27
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.39	0.33	0.32	0.33	*	*	*
Accommodation and food services	0.6	1.53	1.46	1.5	26.36	16.88	22.12
Other services	6.21	2.33	2.28	2.29	13.79	11.85	12.88
Auxiliary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional managing offices	N/A	0.02	0.01	0.01	*	*	*
Unclassified	N/A	0.22	0.22	*	*	*	*

*Data suppressed to protect the confidentiality of individual firms.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2000–2001 (Thousands)

	Firm Size (Number of Employees)			
	Total	1–19	1–499	500+
Job Gains:				
New establishments	11.32	4.13	7.45	3.87
Expanding establishments	20.54	7.52	14.16	6.38
Job Losses:				
Downsized establishments	-20.55	-5.99	-14.17	-6.39
Closed establishments	-8.46	-4.03	-6.84	-1.62
Net change in employment	2.84	1.64	0.6	2.24

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2001.

Table 3. Number of Banks in North Dakota by Asset Size, 1995 – 2003

Number of Banks Per Year					Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2003				
1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	Below \$100M	\$100M–\$500M	\$500–\$1B	\$1B–\$10B	Over \$10B
135	111	107	104	104	80	17	4	3	0

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board.

The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at www.sba.gov/advocacy/lending.