

2003 State Small Business Profile: DELAWARE

In 2002-2003, gross domestic product continued to rise nationwide, while growth in employment remained slow to recover. Small businesses continued to be a source of economic strength nationally and in Delaware. Research from the Office of Advocacy shows that half of U.S. private non-farm output and employment stem from small firms with 500 or fewer employees. Women and minority entrepreneurs are also significant participants in the state's economy. Advocacy uses a variety of data bases to document the contributions of small, minority-, and women-owned businesses in Delaware.

Number of Businesses. The number of employer businesses in 2002 decreased by 0.4 percent and numbered 25,097. The number of self-employed individuals decreased an estimated 11.1 percent in 2002. In the state, 93.7 percent of the businesses were small (with fewer than 500 employees based on 2000 firm size data) (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics).

Women-Owned Businesses. In 2002, self-employed women totaled 7,157, or 41.4 percent of self-employed workers in the state (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics). Women-owned businesses totaled 13,700, of which 19.7 percent had employees. They generated \$1.8 billion in revenues in 1997 (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau).

Minority-Owned Businesses. Minority-owned businesses represented 9.4 percent of the state's businesses and generated \$1.2 billion in revenues in 1997. Of these minority-owned businesses, 24.5 percent of had employees (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau).

Business Turnover. Between 2001 and 2002, new employer firms decreased 3.8 percent to 3,223. Business bankruptcies decreased by 52.8 percent, and totaled 649 in 2002. Business terminations increased by 24.6 percent, and totaled 3,891 in 2002 (Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau). **Employment.** In 2000, businesses with fewer than 500 workers employed 44.9 percent of the state's 377,277 non-farm sector employees (see Table 1). The industry with the most small business employees was retail trade. Between 1999 and 2000, small businesses added a net total of 9,266 employees; they represented 52 percent of net non-farm employment change in the state (see Table 2) (U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses).

Small Business Income. Non-farm proprietors' income—a partial measure of small business income—decreased by 1.9 percent in 2002 and amounted to \$1.6 billion (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce).

Finance. Small businesses traditionally depend on local bank services and use commercial bank lenders. The number of banks in the state has decreased. The largest concentration of banks by asset size was in the \$100 million to \$500 million category. A list of small-business-friendly banks in the state has been published by the Office of Advocacy in its banking studies and is available on the website at *nnn.sba.gov/advo/stats/lending*. (See Table 3 for the number of banks by asset size.) Small businesses seeking loans should also consider lenders that participate in the SBA's preferred or certified loan programs; for a list of these lenders, call the Small Business Answer Desk at (800) 827-5722.

To obtain more information about the Office of Advocacy's data, research reports, and analyses of small business, go to: *www.sba.gov/advo/stats* or call (202) 205-6530. Special thanks to Ryan Miller, Advocacy intern, for his work drafting this report along with Victoria Williams.

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Note: Data on women- and minority-owned firms are not comparable between 1992 and 1997, so growth rates are not available.

Industry	Non-employer	Employer Firms		Employment	
, ,	Firms		<500	Total	<500
Total	41.1	20.2	18.9	377.3	169.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	0.4	0.0	0.0	*	*
Mining	0.0	0.0	0.0	*	*
Utilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	*
Construction	5.1	2.4	2.4	22.1	20.0
Manufacturing	0.5	0.6	0.5	41.8	10.8
Wholesale trade	0.8	0.9	0.8	18.8	8.8
Retail trade	4.6	2.8	2.5	51.7	22.5
Transportation and warehousing	1.5	0.6	0.6	7.8	5.1
Information	0.5	0.2	0.2	8.4	2.0
Finance and insurance	2.0	1.1	1.0	44.4	5.2
Real estate; rental and leasing	5.5	0.9	0.8	5.2	4.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services	5.9	2.1	2.0	18.1	13.0
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	1.9	1.6	21.3	3.6
Admin., support, waste mngt., and remed. services	2.2	1.1	1.0	29.9	12.6
Educational services	0.9	0.2	0.2	5.8	4.6
Health care and social assistance	3.4	1.6	1.5	43.0	19.6
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.2	0.3	0.3	7.1	*
Accommodation and food services	0.5	1.3	1.2	26.5	18.2
Other services	5.0	2.0	2.0	16.2	14.2
Auxilary, except corp, subsidiary, and regional managing offices	N/A	0.0	0.0	5.7	*
Unclassified	N/A	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5

Table 1. Firms and Employment in Delaware by Industry and Firm Size (Thousands), 2000

*Data suppressed to protect the confidentiality of individual firms.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau.

Table 2. Non-farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, (Thousands) 1999-2000

		Firr	n Size
	Total	1–19	1-499
Gains:			
New establishments	31.5	6.0	11.7
Expanding establishments	40.6	10.7	22.4
Losses:			
Downsized establishments	(33.2)	(5.1)	(14.3)
Closed establishments	(20.9)	(5.0)	(10.5)
Net change in employment	18.0	6.5	9.3

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses, 2000.

Table 3. Number of Banks in Delaware by Asset Size, 1998–2002

1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 Below \$100M \$100M-\$500M \$500M-\$1B \$1B-\$10B Over 34 33 32 33 31 7 12 1 7 4						Number of Banks by Asset Size, 2002				
34 33 32 33 31 7 12 1 7 4	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	Below \$100M	\$100M-\$500M	\$500M-\$1B	\$1B - \$10B	Over \$10B
34 33 32 33 31 7 12 1 7 4										
51 55 5 <u>1</u> 55 5 <u>1</u> 1	34	33	32	33	31	7	12	1	7	4

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by the Federal Reserve Board. The full list of small-business-friendly banks can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at *nnnv.sba.gov/advo/stats/lending/*.