

NOAA High Performance Computing

A Presentation to the NOAA Science Advisory Board

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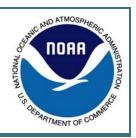
Outline



- Purpose
- Issue
- Presentation of Briefing
- NOAA Coordination and Views
- Desired Outcome



Purpose



To provide general information to the SAB regarding NOAA's High Performance Computing (HPC) program.

To set the stage for a future request for advice from the SAB.



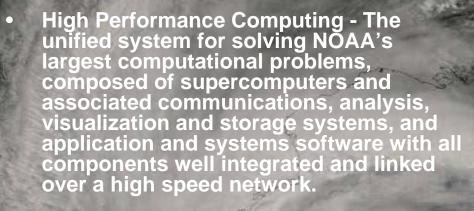
Issue



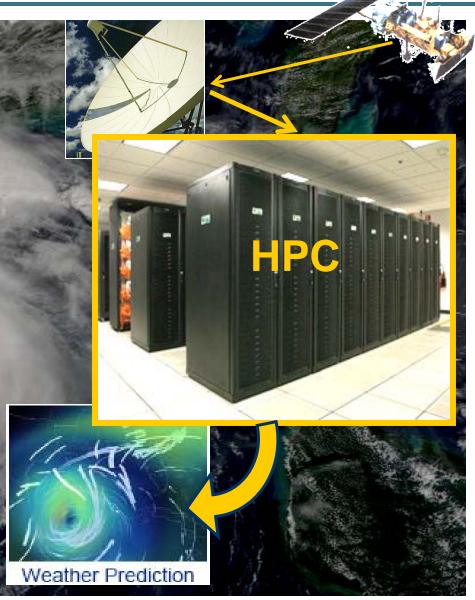
Current requirements far outstrip HPC resources.



What is HPC?

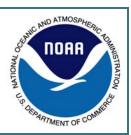


- Why use HPC ?
 - To run applications and generate models faster
 - To assimilate large amounts of data
 - To handle more complex calculations





Why Does NOAA Need HPC?



NOAA's mission is...

"To understand and predict changes in the Earth's environment and conserve and manage coastal and marine resources..."



NOAA develops, produces and uses models to understand and predict the Earth's environment...



NOAA uses HPC assets to develop and generate advanced models...



NOAA's requirements for modeling would require NOAA to have one of the **top 5** worldwide HPC systems





How Does NOAA Use HPC?

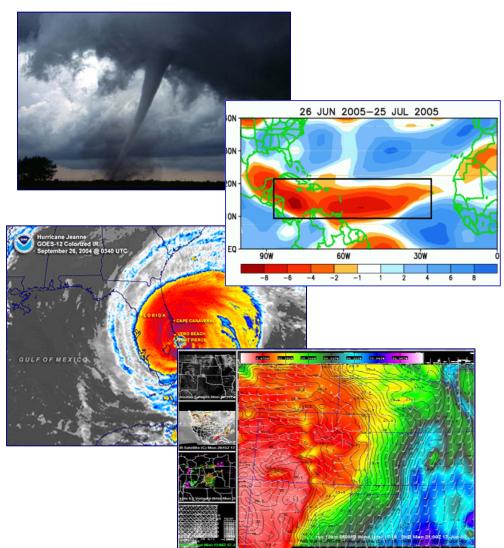


Operations

- HPC enables improvements for delivery of weather and water related warnings
 - Earlier
 - Increased accuracy

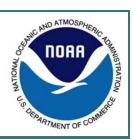
Research and Development

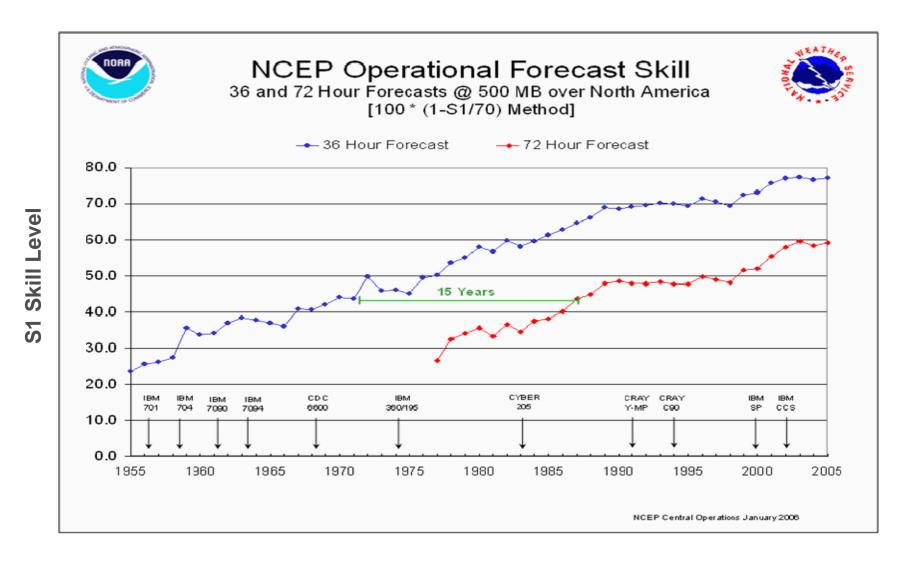
- HPC allows development of the most comprehensive environmental models
- HPC maximizes data use in research and development
- Integrated management of HPC resources decreases time needed to transition models from research to operations





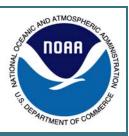
How Does NOAA Use HPC?



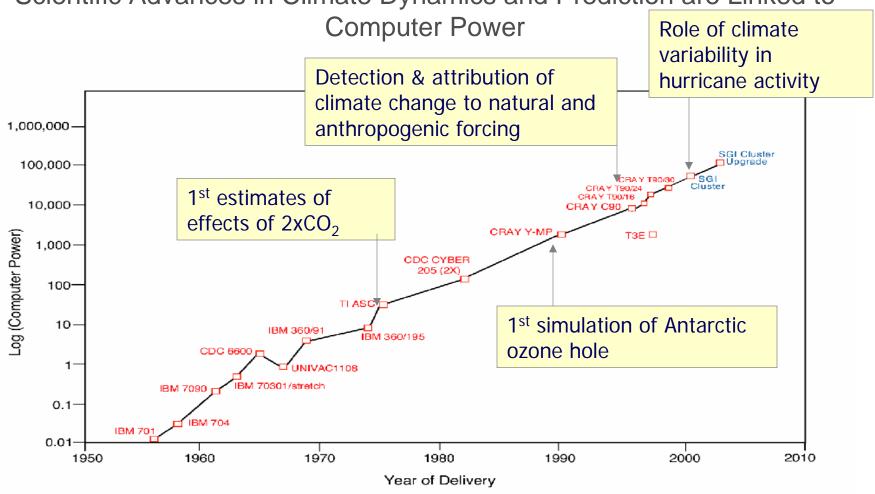




How Does NOAA Use HPC?

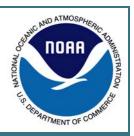


Scientific Advances in Climate Dynamics and Prediction are Linked to





Sample Unmet Requirements



- Regional climate information using a high resolution atmosphere (minimum 1/2° resolution) model
- 0-24 hour severe weather forecasts that fully resolve the convective motion (1KM or less)
- Address human health issues with forecasts of the full range of important chemicals, particulates, and aerosols using comprehensive air quality models
- Concurrent global and regional operational forecasts to advance global product delivery by almost 2 hours in NPOESS era
- Climate and extreme events (e.g., hurricanes, drought, coastal inundation)
- Continuous environmental monitoring and analysis using a 4-D Data Assimilation System
- Ensemble-based guidance for all operational suites (global and regional atmosphere, ocean, hurricane, air quality, waves, coastal ocean and ecosystems)
- Periodic Reanalysis and Seasonal/Interannual Climate calibration runs for operational implementation
- Ocean ecosystem forecasts and climate projections using an eddy resolving ocean model (minimum 1/12° resolution)
- Comprehensive hurricane impacts with nested atmospheric hurricane model coupled to ocean, wave, coastal surge, and water runoff models (1KM or less)
- Research and Development typically require about 4x operations for weather and 10x for climate



What Benefits Does HPC Bring to the Mission Goals?

Weather & Water Goal

Example Improvement

Assimilate more data into hurricane prediction models

HPC

Example Outcomes

Increase accuracy of hurricane landfall projections and intensity

Climate Goal

Example Improvement

Develop more comprehensive Earth System models for use by IPCC and CCSP

HPC

Example Outcomes

A comprehensive understanding of climate change and its physical and ecological impacts on the Earth System



What Benefits Does HPC Bring to the Mission Goals? (Cont.)



Ecosystems Goal

Example Improvement

Develop an ecological forecasting capability

HPC

Example Outcomes

Predict forcing conditions for ecological related hazards, such as harmful algal blooms

Commerce and **Transportation** Goal

Example Improvement

Couple operational ocean, coastal and estuarine models

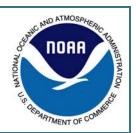
HPC

Example Outcomes

Improved accuracy of water level and current predictions to aid import and export of goods in our Nation's ports



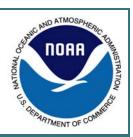
Factors driving changes to NOAA's HPC architecture



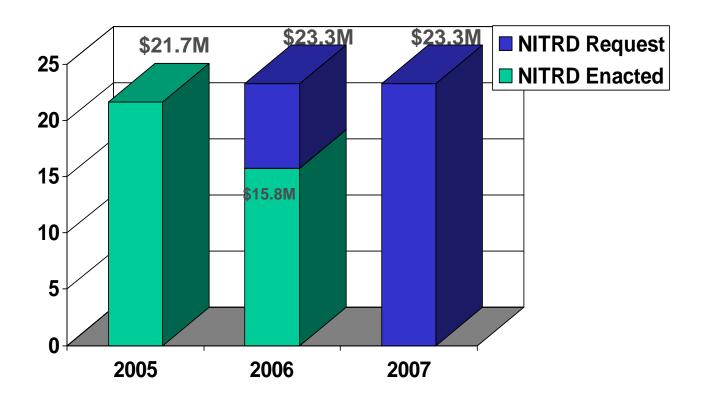
- Technology changes and advancements
- Pressures from Capitol Hill, OMB and DoC to
 - achieve greater economies of scale
 - increase overall efficiency
- National and Global Responsibilities
 - Climate Change Program
 - Ocean Commission Action Plan
 - Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- NOAA management advocating a "One NOAA" approach
- NOAA's experience and knowledge gained from working with both heterogeneous and homogenous computational platforms
- Recognized need to improve collaboration with organizations external to NOAA such as Universities and the Federal research community.
- Requirements exceed available HPC capacity.



NITRD Funding



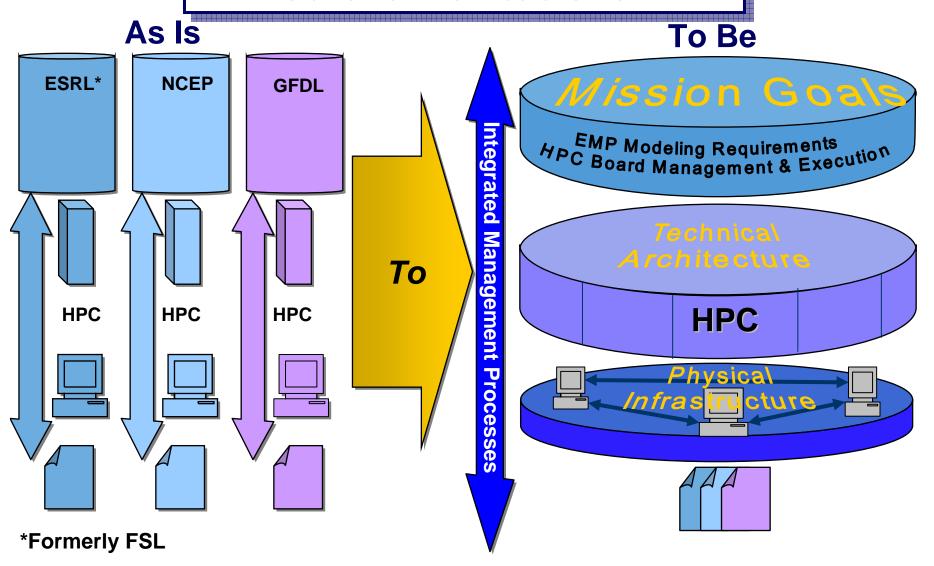
- Network and Information Technology R&D
 - (the current evolution of the High Performance Computing and Communications program)



HPC Architecture

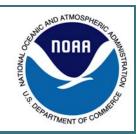


Evolution of Architecture from...

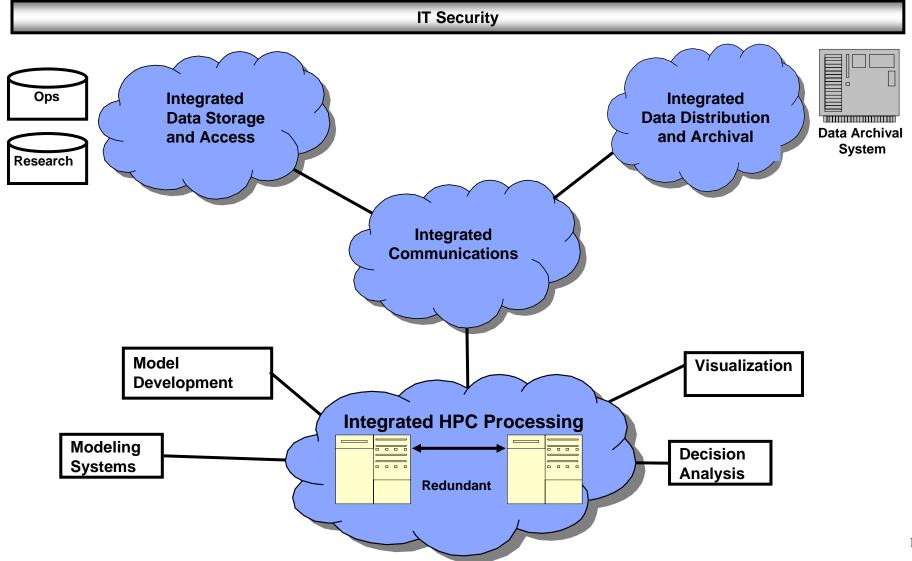




HPC Architecture

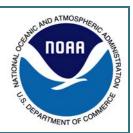


Technical Architecture

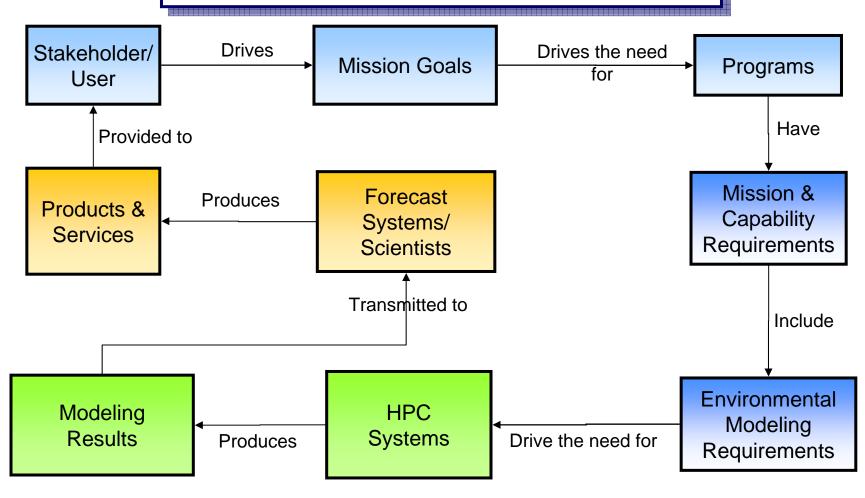




HPC Architecture

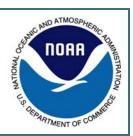


HPC System's Architecture Relationship Diagram





NOAA HPC Management



HPC Management Concept



PPBES

Environmental Modeling Program

HPC Board

Integrated Management

- Oversee Performance
- Coordinate Execution-year Plan

- Facilitate Execution
- General NOAA HPC Education

Resource Management

- Technical Estimating
- Allocation Planning
- •Execute Allocation Plan
- Monitor & Evaluate
- •IT Security

Architecture Management

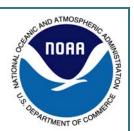
- Lifecycle management
- IT Security

Acquisition

- Administrative oversight
- Acquisition execution
- Selection process



HPC Integrated Management Outcomes

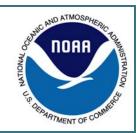


Outcomes

- NOAA-wide access
- Access driven by NOAA priorities
- Flexibility in capacity usage
- Joint decision making regarding allocations
- No more stovepipes
- Larger pool of shared resources and capability



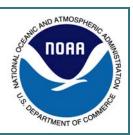
NOAA Coordination & Views



- Coordination with:
 - NOAA Executive Panel, NOAA Research Council, Line Office Assistant Administrators, NOAA Chief Information Officer Council, Program Analysis and Evaluation office, Program Planning and Integration office
 - Commerce Information Technology (IT) Review Board, Industry Representatives, National IT Research and Development Sub-Committee
- What has NOAA done to address this issue
 - Initiated the HPC Board
 - Developed an integrated architecture
 - Developed a Integrated Management plan
 - Executed an integrated HPC R&D acquisition
- What are NOAA's views on the subject?
 - NOAA is taking steps to effectively and efficiently manage the HPC resources it has and we recognize that these resources are insufficient to meet current requirements



Desired Outcome



- In the next presentation to the SAB (July 2006), we intend to provide information on HPC utilization and the requirements for HPC resources.
- The NOAA HPC community will seek advice from the SAB on how to address the gap that exists between available HPC resources and requirements.



Questions

