COBALT 281

#### 8. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

International and national guidelines and state regulations regarding exposure to stable cobalt and its compounds are summarized in Table 8-1. The regulations regarding radioactive cobalt are summarized in Table 8-2.

Stable Cobalt. An MRL of 1x10<sup>-4</sup> mg cobalt/m³ has been derived for chronic-duration inhalation exposure. The MRL is based on a NOAEL of 0.0053 mg cobalt/m³ for decreased respiratory function in exposed workers (Nemery et al. 1992). An MRL of 1x10<sup>-2</sup> mg/kg-day has been derived for intermediate-duration oral exposure, based on a LOAEL of 1 mg/kg-day for polycythemia in human volunteers (Davis and Fields 1958). No other inhalation or oral MRLs were derived.

The EPA has not derived an RfC or RfD for cobalt and compounds. Similarly, no cancer classification has been performed by the EPA (IRIS 2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has given cobalt a classification of A3, *confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans*, and established an 8-hour time-weighted average (TWA) of 0.02 mg/m³ for occupational exposure (ACGIH 2000). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has promulgated an 8-hour permissible exposure limit (PEL) of 0.1 mg/m³ (OSHA 2001e), and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) recommends an 8-hour TWA of 0.05 mg/m³ (NIOSH 2001). IARC (2001b) reports that cobalt and cobalt compounds are *possibly carcinogenic to humans* (Group 2B), based on sufficient evidence for cobalt metal and cobalt oxides and limited evidence for cobalt chloride and cobalt sulfate.

Cobalt and its compounds are regulated by the Clean Water Effluent Guidelines for the following industrial point sources: nonferrous metal manufacturing, asbestos, timber products processing, paving and roofing, paint formulating, ink formulating, gum and wood, carbon black, and battery manufacturing (EPA 1988).

**Radioactive Cobalt.** No MRLs were derived for inhalation or oral exposure to radioactive cobalt. MRLs for acute and chronic exposure to ionizing radiation exist (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry 1999) and are applicable to cobalt. The EPA has not derived an RfC or RfD for radioactive

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
INTERNATIONAL			
Guidelines:			
IARC	Carcinogenicity classification Cobalt and cobalt compounds <sup>a</sup>	Group 2B <sup>b</sup>	IARC 2001b
NATIONAL Regulations and Guidelines:			
a. Air			
ACGIH	TLV-TWA Cobalt, elemental, and inorganic compounds (as Co)	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH 2000
NIOSH	REL (TWA) Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes (as Co)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH 2001
	IDLH Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes (as Co)	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
OSHA	PEL (8-hour TWA) for general industry Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes (as Co)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA 2001e 29CFR1910.1000 Table Z
	PEL (8-hour TWA) for construction industry		OSHA 2001d 29CFR1926.55
	Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes (as Co)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	PEL (8-hour TWA) for shipyard industry Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes (as Co)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA 2001c 29CFR1915.1000
USC	HAP (cobalt compounds)		USC 2001a 42USC7412
b. Water			
EPA	NPDES permit application testing requirements; conventional and nonconventional pollutants required to be tested by existing dischargers if expected to be present		EPA 2001g 40CFR122 Appendix D Table IV
	BPT effluent limitations Maximum for 1 day Average of daily values for 30 consecutive days	3x10 <sup>-4</sup> kg/kkg 1.2x10 <sup>-4</sup> kg/kkg	EPA 2001b 40CFR415.652
	Groundwater monitoring Suggested method 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 μg/L 500 μg/L 10 μg/L	EPA 2001d 40CFR264 Appendix IX

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)			
c. Food			
FDA	Drug products withdrawn or removed from the market for reasons of safety or effectiveness	All drug products containing cobalt salts (except radioactive forms of cobalt and its salts and cobalamin and its derivatives)	FDA 2000a 21CFR216.24
	New drug status accorded through rulemaking procedures	Cobalt preparations intended for use by man	FDA 2000b 21CFR310.502 (a)(7)
	Over-the-counter drugs; recommended warning and caution statement for cobalt as a cobalt salt	Required on articles containing ≥0.5 µg per dose and ≥2 µg per 24-hour period	FDA 2000e 21CFR369.20
	Substances generally recognized as safe; trace minerals added to animal feeds	Cobalt acetate Cobalt carbonate Cobalt chloride Cobalt oxide Cobalt sulfate	FDA 2000f 21CFR582.20
	Substances prohibited from use in human food	Cobaltous salts and its derivatives	FDA 2000g 21CFR189.120
d. Other			
ACGIH	Carcinogenicity classification Cobalt, elemental, and inorganic compounds (as Co)	A3°	ACGIH 2000
	BEI Cobalt in urine—end of shift at end of workweek	15 μg/L	
	Cobalt in blood—end of shift at end of workweek	1 μg/L	
EPA	Carcinogenicity classification RfC RfD	No data	IRIS 2000
	Toxic chemical release reporting; Community Right-to-Know; effective date	01/01/87	EPA 2001c 40CFR372.65(a)
	Hazardous waste; identification and listing	Contain ≤1 ppmv in synthesis gas fuel generated from hazardous waste	EPA 2001e 40CFR261.38 (b)(5)
	TSCA; health and safety data reporting		EPA 2001j 40CFR716.120
EPA	Municipal solid waste landfills; hazardous constituent for detection monitoring Suggested method 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 μg/L 500 μg/L 10 μg/L	EPA 2001f 40CFR258 Appendix I and II
	Reportable quantity (cobalt compounds)	1 pound	EPA 2001h 40CFR302.4

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)			
USC	Superfund imposition of tax on cobalt	\$4.45 per ton	USC 2001c 26USC4661
	Exemption of tax imposed on recycled cobalt		USC 2001b 26USC4662
<u>STATE</u> Regulations and Guidelines			
a. Air			
Alabama	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
Alaska	Air contaminant standard (TWA) Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
California	Airborne contaminant (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)		BNA 2001
	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
	Toxic air contaminant (cobalt compounds)		CA Air Resources Board 2000
Colorado	HAP (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)		BNA 2001
	"High-concern" pollutant (cobalt and compounds)		BNA 2001
	Reportable pollutants (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)		CO Dept. of Public Health and Environment 2000
Connecticut	HAP—hazard limiting value (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)		BNA 2001
	8 hours 30 minutes	2 μg/m³ 10 μg/m³	
Delaware	Reportable quantities Cobalt carbonyl Cobaltous sulfamate Cobalt, ((2,2'-(ethane-diylbis(nitrilomethylidyne)	1 pound 1,000 pounds 1 pound	DE Air Quality Management 2000
Hawaii	Air contaminant limit (PEL-TWA) Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
Idaho	TAP non-carcinogenic increments Cobalt carbonyl and cobalt hydrocarbonyl (as Co) OEL	1x10 <sup>-1</sup> mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ID Dept. of Environmental Quality 2000
	EL AAC (24-hour average)	1x10 <sup>-1</sup> mg/m <sup>3</sup> 7x10 <sup>-3</sup> pounds/hour 5x10 <sup>-3</sup> mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes OEL EL AAC (24-hour average)	5x10 <sup>-2</sup> mg/m <sup>3</sup> 3.3x10 <sup>-3</sup> pounds/hour 2.5x10 <sup>-3</sup> mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Illinois	Toxic air contaminant (cobalt)	-	IL EPA 2000a
Kansas	HAP (cobalt compounds)		KS Dept. of Health and Environment 2000

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
STATE (cont.)			
Kentucky	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
Louisiana	Toxic air pollutant (cobalt compounds		BNA 2001
Maine	Emissions standards	2,000 pounds	BNA 2001
Maryland	Toxic air pollutant (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
Michigan	High concern toxic air pollutants (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
Minnesota	HAP threshold (cobalt metal and cobalt carbonyl)	0.1 tons/year	BNA 2001
Missouri	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
Montana	Occupational air contaminant (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
Nebraska	HAP (cobalt compounds and cobalt)		BNA 2001
New Mexico	Toxic air pollutant (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes [as Co])		BNA 2001
	OEL Emissions	1x10 <sup>-1</sup> mg/m <sup>3</sup> 6.67x10 <sup>-3</sup> pounds/hour	
New York	Annual guideline concentrations	5x10 <sup>-3</sup> μg/m <sup>3</sup>	NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation 2000
	Dangerous air contaminants (TLV) for cobalt metal, dust, and fumes	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
	Transition limits (PEL) Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes Final rule limits (TWA)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
	Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
North Carolina	PEL-TWA (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
Ohio	TRI		Ohio EPA 2000
Oregon	Air contaminant (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
Rhode Island	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
South Carolina	Toxic air emissions (MAC) for cobalt compounds	0.25 μg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
Texas	HAP (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BNA 2001
Vermont	HAP (cobalt compounds)		BNA 2001
	Hazardous ambient air standards Cobalt compounds Annual average Averaging time Action level	0.12 μg/m <sup>3</sup> 24 hours 6.2x10 <sup>-3</sup> pounds/8 hours	BNA 2001
Washington	Class B TAP and ASIL (24-hour average) Cobalt metal, dust and fumes Cobalt carbonyl and cobalt hydrocarbonyl	0.17 μg/m³ 0.33 μg/m³	WA Dept. of Ecology 2000

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
STATE (cont.)			
	Thresholds for HAPs Cobalt carbonyl Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes	0.1 tons/year 0.1 tons/year	BNA 2001
Wisconsin	HAP—existing sources AAC <25 feet AAC ≥25 feet	4.08x10 <sup>-3</sup> pounds/hour 1.704x10 <sup>-2</sup> pounds/hour	WI Dept. of Natural Resources 1999
b. Water			
Alabama	Groundwater monitoring (cobalt) Suggested methods 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 µg/L 500 µg/L 10 µg/L	BNA 2001
Arizona	Drinking water guideline	0.70 μg/L	FSTRAC 1999
Arkansas	Groundwater monitoring (cobalt) Suggested methods 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 µg/L 500 µg/L 10 µg/L	BNA 2001
California	Chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity; date of initial appearance on the list Cobalt metal powder Cobalt[II] oxide Cobalt sulfate heptahydrate	07/01/92 07/01/92 06/02/00	Cal/EPA 2000
Colorado	Groundwater standard (cobalt)	0.05 mg/L	BNA 2001
Delaware	Groundwater monitoring (cobalt) Suggested methods 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 µg/L 500 µg/L 10 µg/L	BNA 2001
Illinois	Groundwater quality standards for Class II	1 mg/L	IL EPA 2000b
Kentucky	Hazardous waste constituent for groundwater monitoring (cobalt)		BNA 2001
Louisiana	Groundwater monitoring (cobalt) Suggested methods 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 µg/L 500 µg/L 10 µg/L	BNA 2001
Massachusetts	Groundwater monitoring (cobalt) Suggested methods 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 µg/L 500 µg/L 10 µg/L	BNA 2001
Minnesota	Drinking water guideline Groundwater protection hazardous constituent for cobalt (total)	2 μg/L	FSTRAC 1995 BNA 2001

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
STATE (cont.)			
Missouri	Water quality standards Livestock, wildlife watering Groundwater	1x10 <sup>3</sup> μg/L 1x10 <sup>3</sup> μg/L	BNA 2001
New Mexico	Standards for groundwater of 10,000 mg/L TDS concentration or less (cobalt)	0.05 mg/L	BNA 2001
New York	Groundwater monitoring (cobalt) Suggested methods 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 μg/L 500 μg/L 10 μg/L	BNA 2001
Tennessee	Effluent limitations—daily maximum concentration (cobalt)	10 mg/L	BNA 2001
Wisconsin	Drinking water guideline	40 μg/L	FSTRAC 1999
	Groundwater standards (cobalt) Enforcement standard Preventive action limit	40 μg/L 8 μg/L	BNA 2001
c. Food		No data	
d. Other			
Alabama	Detection limit values for comparable fuel specification for cobalt; concentration limit	4.6 mg/kg at 10,000 BTU/pound	BNA 2001
Arizona	Soil remediation levels (cobalt) Residential Non-residential	4.6x10 <sup>3</sup> mg/kg 9.7x10 <sup>4</sup> mg/kg	BNA 2001
Arkansas	Detection limit values for comparable fuel specification for cobalt; concentration limit	4.6 mg/kg at 10,000 BTU/pound	BNA 2001
	Solid waste management (cobalt) Suggested methods 6010 7200 7201	PQL 70 μg/L 500 μg/L 10 μg/L	BNA 2001
California	Characteristics of toxicity for cobalt and cobalt compounds STLC TTLC	80 mg/L 8,000 mg/kg (wet-weight)	BNA 2001
	Chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity (cobalt metal powder); initial appearance on the list	07/01/92	BNA 2001
	Hazardous substance (cobalt, cobalt carbonyl, and cobalt hydrocarbonyl)		BNA 2001
Delaware	Detection limit values for comparable fuel specification for cobalt; concentration limit	4.6 mg/kg at 10,000 BTU/pound	BNA 2001
Florida	Toxic substance in the workplace (cobalt metal, dust, and fumes)		BNA 2001
Georgia	Soil concentration (cobalt)	20 mg/kg	BNA 2001

Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
STATE (cont.)			
Illinois	Analytical parameters and required quantitation limits for cobalt Water Soil Method	50 μg/L 10 mg/kg 6010A	BNA 2001
Indiana	Constituent subject to assessment monitoring (cobalt [total and dissolved])		BNA 2001
Maine	Screening standards for beneficial use (cobalt)	5,875 mg/kg (dry weight)	BNA 2001
Michigan	Identification and listing of hazardous waste (cobalt)	When in the form of 100 microns or less	BNA 2001
Minnesota	Hazardous substance Cobalt metal, dust, and fumes (as Co) Cobalt carbonyl (as Co) Cobalt, elemental and inorganic compounds (as Co) Cobalt hydrocarbonyl (as Co)		BNA 2001
Missouri	Hazardous constituent (cobalt [total])		BNA 2001
New Jersey	Hazardous substance Cobalt Cobalt carbonyl Cobalt compounds		BNA 2001
New York	Occupational lung disease; hard metal disease	Cobalt	BNA 2001
Ohio	Toxic release inventory		BNA 2001
Oklahoma	Fertilizer labels and labeling; minimum percentage accepted for registration (cobalt)	5x10 <sup>-4</sup> percent	BNA 2001

### Table 8-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Stable Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
Oregon	Toxic substance (cobalt)		BNA 2001
Pennsylvania	Hazardous substance (cobalt and cobalt fumes)		BNA 2001

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Cobalt compounds: includes cobalt(II) carbonate, cobalt(II) chloride, cobalt(II) nitrate, cobalt(II) oxide, cobalt(II,III) oxide, cobalt(III) oxide, and cobalt(II) sulfate <sup>b</sup>Group 2B: possibly carcinogenic to humans

AAC = acceptable ambient concentrations; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ASIL = acceptable source impact level; BEI = biological exposure indices; BNA = Bureau of National Affairs; BPT = best practicable control technology; BTU = British thermal unit; CFR = Code of Federal Regulations; EL = emissions levels; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; FDA = Food and Drug Administration; FSTRAC = Federal-State Toxicology and Risk Analysis Committee; HAP = hazardous air pollutant; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IDLH = immediately dangerous to life and health; IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System; MAC = maximum allowable concentration; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NPDES = National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; OEL = occupational exposure limit; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = permissible exposure limit; PQL = practical quantitation limit; REL = recommended exposure limit; RfC = reference concentration; RfD = reference dose; STLC = soluble threshold limit concentrations; TAP = toxic air pollutant; TDS = total dissolved solids: TLV = threshold limit value: TRI = Toxic Release Inventory: TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; TTLC = total threshold limit concentrations; TWA = time-weighted averages; USC = United States Code

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>A3: confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
INTERNATIONAL Guidelines:			
IARC	Carcinogenicity classification	Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans)	IARC 2001b
ICRP	Occupational dose limits; effective dose	20 mSv per year, averaged over defined periods of 5 years	ICRP 1991
	Annual equivalent dose Lens of the eye Skin Hands and feet	150 mSv 500 mSv 500 mSv	
	General population dose limits; effective dose	1 mSv in a year	ICRP 1991
	Annual equivalent dose Lens of eye Skin	15 mSv 50 mSv	
WHO NATIONAL Regulations and Guidelines:	Drinking water quality	No data	
a. Air			
ACGIH	All radiation exposures must be kept as low as reasonably achievable		ACGIH 2000
	Effective dose Any single year Averaged over 5 years	50 mSv 20 mSv per year	ACGIH 2000
	Annual equivalent dose Lens of the eye Skin Hands and feet	150 mSv 500 mSv 500 mSv	
	Embryo-fetus exposures once the pregnancy is known Monthly equivalent dose Dose to the surface of women's abdomen (lower trunk) Intake of radionuclide	0.5 mSv 2 mSv for the remainder of the pregnancy 1/20 of the ALI	

Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information		Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)				
DOE	Radiation standards Inhalation DAC (µCi/mL)  55Co 56Co 57Co 58mCo 58Co 60mCo 60Co 61Co 62mCo	Class Wa 1x10 <sup>-6</sup> 1x10 <sup>-7</sup> 1x10 <sup>-6</sup> 4x10 <sup>-5</sup> 5x10 <sup>-7</sup> 2x10 <sup>-3</sup> 7x10 <sup>-8</sup> 3x10 <sup>-5</sup> 7x10 <sup>-5</sup>	Class Yb 1x10 <sup>-6</sup> 8x10 <sup>-8</sup> 3x10 <sup>-7</sup> 3x10 <sup>-7</sup> 1x10 <sup>-3</sup> 1x10 <sup>-8</sup> 2x10 <sup>-5</sup> 7x10 <sup>-5</sup>	DOE 2000 10CFR835 Appendix A
	Radiation standards for air immersion DACc (µCi/mL) for <sup>60</sup> mCo	1x10-3		DOE 2000 10CFR835 Appendix C
NIOSH	REL	No data		
USNRC	Effluent concentrations—air  55Co Class Wd Class Ye 56Co	ALI (µCi/mL) 4x10 <sup>-9</sup> 4x10 <sup>-9</sup>		USNRC 2001k 10CFR20 Appendix B Table 2
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>57</sup> Co	4x10 <sup>-10</sup> 3x10 <sup>-10</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>58</sup> Co	4x10 <sup>-9</sup> 9x10 <sup>-10</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>58</sup> mCo	2x10 <sup>-9</sup> 1x10 <sup>-9</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>60</sup> Co	1x10 <sup>-7</sup> 9x10 <sup>-8</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>60</sup> mCo	2x10 <sup>-10</sup> 5x10 <sup>-11</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>61</sup> Co	6x10 <sup>-6</sup> 4x10 <sup>-6</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>62</sup> mCo	9x10 <sup>-8</sup> 8x10 <sup>-8</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye	2x10 <sup>-7</sup> 2x10 <sup>-7</sup>		

Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information		Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)	·			
USNRC	Occupational values Inhalation			USNRC 2001k 10CFR20
	<sup>55</sup> Co	ALI (μCi)	DAC (µCi/mL)	Appendix B
	Class Wd	3x10 <sup>3</sup>	1x10 <sup>-6</sup>	Table 1
	Class Ye <sup>56</sup> Co	3x10 <sup>3</sup>	1x10 <sup>-6</sup>	
	Class Wd	$3x10^{2}$	1x10 <sup>-7</sup>	
	Class Ye <sup>57</sup> Co	2x10 <sup>2</sup>	8x10 <sup>-8</sup>	
	Class Wd	3x10 <sup>3</sup>	1x10 <sup>-6</sup>	
	Class Ye <sup>58</sup> Co	7x10 <sup>2</sup>	3x10 <sup>-7</sup>	
	Class Wd	1x10 <sup>3</sup>	5x10 <sup>-7</sup>	
	Class Ye <sup>58</sup> mCo	7x10 <sup>2</sup>	3x10 <sup>-7</sup>	
	Class Wd	9x10 <sup>4</sup>	4x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	Class Ye <sup>60</sup> Co	6x10 <sup>4</sup>	3x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	Class Wd	2x10 <sup>2</sup>	7x10 <sup>-8</sup>	
	Class Ye <sup>60</sup> mCo	3x10 <sup>1</sup>	1x10 <sup>-8</sup>	
	Class Wd	4x10 <sup>6</sup>	2x10 <sup>-3</sup>	
	Class Ye <sup>6</sup> 1Co	3x10 <sup>6</sup>	1x10 <sup>-3</sup>	
	Class Wd	6x10 <sup>4</sup>	3x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	Class Ye <sup>62</sup> mCo	6x10 <sup>4</sup>	2x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	Class Wd	2x10 <sup>5</sup>	7x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	Class Ye	2x10 <sup>5</sup>	6x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
OSHA	Safety and health regulations for construction—ionizing radiation			OSHA 2001e 29CFR1926.53
	Toxic and hazardous			OSHA 2001d
	substances—ionizing radiation			29CFR1910.1096
b. Water				
EPA	Drinking water standards			EPA 2000
	Beta particle and photon activity (formerly man-made radionuclides)			
	MCL	4 mrem		
	Caner risk at 10 <sup>-4</sup>	4 mrem/year		
	Gross alpha particle activity			
	MCL	15 pCi/L		
	Caner risk at 10 <sup>-4</sup>	15 pCi/L		
	Carcinogenic classification	•	nan carcinogen)	
	Saromogerno diassinication	Stoup A (fluit	ian oaromogen)	

Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)			
USNRC	Effluent concentrations Water <sup>55</sup> Co	ALL(v.Gi/anl)	USNRC 2001k 10CFR20
	Class Wd  56Co	ALI (μCi/mL) 2x10 <sup>-5</sup>	Appendix B Table 2
	Class Wd <sup>57</sup> Co	6x10 <sup>-6</sup>	
	Class Wd  58Co	6x10 <sup>-5</sup> 2x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	Class Wd <sup>58</sup> mCo Class Wd	8x10 <sup>-4</sup>	
	<sup>60</sup> Co Class Wd	3x10 <sup>-6</sup>	
	<sup>60</sup> mCo Class Wd <sup>61</sup> Co	2x10 <sup>-2</sup>	
	Class Wd 62mCo	3x10 <sup>-4</sup>	
	Class Wd Releases to sewers—monthly	7x10 <sup>-4</sup>	USNRC 2001k
	average concentration  55 Co Class Wd	ALI (μCi/mL) 2x10 <sup>-4</sup>	10CFR20 Appendix B Table 3
	<sup>56</sup> Co Class Wd <sup>57</sup> Co	6x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	Class Wd <sup>58</sup> Co	6x10 <sup>-4</sup>	
	Class Wd <sup>58</sup> mCo	2x10 <sup>-4</sup>	
	Class Wd <sup>60</sup> Co Class Wd	8x10 <sup>-3</sup> 3x10 <sup>-5</sup>	
	<sup>60</sup> mCo Class Wd	2x10 <sup>-1</sup>	
	61Co Class Wd	3x10 <sup>-3</sup>	
a. Food and Dwin	<sup>62</sup> mCo Class Wd	7x10 <sup>-3</sup>	
c. Food and Drug FDA	lonizing radiation for the treatment of poultry feed and poultry feed ingredients (energy sources)	Ioninzing radiation is limited to gamma rays from sealed units of <sup>60</sup> CO	
	Requirements regarding certain radioactive drugs for <sup>58</sup> Co or <sup>60</sup> Co	Labeled cyanocobalamin for use in intestinal absorption studies	FDA 2000d 21CFR310.503(c)

## Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Informa	tion		Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)	•				
FDA	Sources of radiation used for inspection of food, packaged food, and controlling food processing				FDA 2000c 21CFR179.21 (a)(2)
d. Other					
DOE	Values for establishing sealed radioactive source accountability and radioactive material posting and labeling requirements  56 Co 57 Co 58 Co 60 Co	Activity (µ 4.0x10 <sup>1</sup> 2.3x10 <sup>2</sup> 1.4x10 <sup>2</sup> 1.8x10 <sup>1</sup>	uCi)		DOE 2000 10CFR835 Appendix E
DOT	Activity values (Ci) <sup>55</sup> Co <sup>56</sup> Co <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	A1 13.5 8.11 216 1080 27.0 10.8	A2 13.5 8.11 216 1080 27.0 10.8	)	DOT 2001a 49CFR173.435 Table
	Superfund, reportable quantity (Ci) (pounds)  55Co 66Co 57Co 58Co 58mCo 60Co 60mCo 61Co 62mCo	10 10 100 10 1,000 10 1,000 1,000 1,000			DOT 2001b 49CFR172.101 Appendix A Table 2
EPA	Carcinogenicity classification RfC RfD	No data			IRIS 2000
	Annual possession quantities for environmental compliance (Ci/year)  56Co 57Co 58Co 58mCo 60Co 60mCo 61Co	Gas 2.3x10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.8x10 <sup>-2</sup> 2.5x10 <sup>-6</sup> 2.3x10 <sup>-6</sup> 4.6x10 <sup>-2</sup> 7.0 9.8x10 <sup>-1</sup>	Liquid/ Powder 2.3x10 <sup>-3</sup> 1.8x10 <sup>-1</sup> 2.5x10 <sup>-3</sup> 2.3x10 <sup>-3</sup> 4.6x10 <sup>-1</sup> 7.0x10 <sup>3</sup> 9.8x10 <sup>2</sup>	Solid 2.3 1.8x10 <sup>4</sup> 2.5 2.3 4.6x10 <sup>4</sup> 7.0x10 <sup>6</sup> 9.8x10 <sup>5</sup>	EPA 2001a 40CFR61 Appendix E Table 1

# Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
NATIONAL (co	ont.)		
EPA	Concentration levels for environmental compliance (Ci/m³) <sup>56</sup> Co <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>58m</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co <sup>60m</sup> Co <sup>61</sup> Co	1.8x10 <sup>-13</sup> 1.3x10 <sup>-12</sup> 6.7x10 <sup>-13</sup> 1.2x10 <sup>-10</sup> 1.7x10 <sup>-14</sup> 4.3x10 <sup>-9</sup> 4.5x10 <sup>-9</sup>	EPA 2001a 40CFR61 Appendix E Table 2
	Carcinogenicity—slope factor		EPA 2002
	Lifetime risk per pCi— ingestion Water <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58m</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	1.04x10 <sup>-12</sup> 2.95x10 <sup>-12</sup> 1.26x10 <sup>-13</sup> 1.57x10 <sup>-11</sup>	EPA 2002
	Lifetime risk per pCi— ingestion Food		EPA 2002
	<sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58m</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> Co 60Co	1.49x10 <sup>-12</sup> 4.18x10 <sup>-12</sup> 1.83x10 <sup>-13</sup> 2.23x10 <sup>-11</sup>	
	Lifetime risk per pCi— ingestion Soil <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co	2.78x10 <sup>-12</sup> 7.44x10 <sup>-12</sup> 3.47x10 <sup>-13</sup>	EPA 2002
	60 Co Lifetime risk per pCi— inhalation	4.03x10 <sup>-11</sup>	EPA 2002
	<sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	2.09x10 <sup>-12</sup> 5.99x10 <sup>-12</sup> 6.88x10 <sup>-14</sup> 3.58x10 <sup>-11</sup>	
	External exposure— risk/year per pCi/g soil <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	3.55x10 <sup>-7</sup> 4.48x10 <sup>-6</sup> 1.00x10 <sup>-12</sup> 1.24x10 <sup>-5</sup>	EPA 2002

#### 8. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information		Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)				
EPA	Superfund, reportable quantities (Ci) (pounds) <sup>55</sup> Co <sup>56</sup> Co <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> mCo <sup>60</sup> Co <sup>61</sup> Co <sup>62</sup> mCo	10 10 100 1,000 10 1,000 10 1,000 1,000		EPA 2001i 40CFR302.4 Appendix B
NCRP	Occupational exposures	ŕ		NCRP1993
	Effective dose limits Annual Cummulative Equivalent dose annual limits Lens of eye Skin, hands, and feet	50 mSv 10 mSv x age 150 mSv 500 mSv		
	Public exposures (annual)			
	Effective dose limits, continuous or frequent exposure	1 mSv		
	Effective dose limits, infrequent exposures	5 mSv		
	Equivalent dose limits Lens of eye Skin, hands, and feet	15 mSv 50 mSv		
	Embryo and fetus exposures (monthly) Effective dose limit	0.5 mSv		
USNRC	Activity values for radionuclides (Ci) <sup>55</sup> Co <sup>56</sup> Co <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	A1 13.5 8.11 216 1080 27.0 10.8	A2 13.5 8.11 216 1080 27.0 10.8	USNRC 2001a 10CFR71
	Byproduct material listing; exempt concentrations Liquid and solid concentration (µCi/mL²)  57C 58C 60C	5x10 <sup>-3</sup> 1x10 <sup>-3</sup> 5x10 <sup>-4</sup>		USNRC 2001e 10CFR30.70 Schedule A

Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information		Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)				
USNRC	Byproduct material listing (μCi) <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	10 10 10		USNRC 2001b 10CFR30.71 Schedule B
	Byproduct material listing (Ci) <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	Column If 100 1.0 0.1	Column IIg 1.0 0.01 1x10 <sup>-4</sup>	USNRC 2001c 10CFR33.100 Schedule A
	Items containing byproduct material listing— <sup>60</sup> Co (μCi) Electron tubes Spark gap irradiators	1.0 1.0		USNRC 2001d 10CFR30.15(a)(8)
	Medical use— <sup>60</sup> Co as a source for brachytherapy	As a sealed source in needles and applicator cells for topical, interstitial, and intracavitary treatment of cancer		
	Occupational values—oral ingestion 55Co	ALI (μCi)		USNRC 2001k 10CFR20 Appendix B
	Class Wd <sup>56</sup> Co	1x10 <sup>3</sup>		Table 1
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>57</sup> Co	5x10 <sup>2</sup> 4x10 <sup>2</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>58</sup> Co	8x10 <sup>3</sup> 4x10 <sup>3</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>58</sup> mCo	2x10 <sup>3</sup> 1x10 <sup>3</sup>		
	Class Wd	6x10 <sup>4</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>60</sup> mCo	5x10 <sup>2</sup> 2x10 <sup>2</sup>		
	Class Wd St. wall	1x10 <sup>6</sup> 1x10 <sup>6</sup>		
	Class Wd Class Ye <sup>62</sup> mCo	2x10 <sup>4</sup> 2x10 <sup>4</sup>		
	Class Wd St. wall	5x10 <sup>4</sup> 4x10 <sup>4</sup>		

Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
NATIONAL (cont.)			
USNRC	Quantities of radioactive material requiring labeling (µCi) <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> Co	10 10 1	USNRC 2001g 10CFR30 Appendix B
	Quantities of licensed material requiring labeling (μCi) <sup>55</sup> Co <sup>56</sup> Co <sup>57</sup> Co <sup>58</sup> mCo <sup>58</sup> Co <sup>60</sup> mCo <sup>60</sup> Co <sup>61</sup> Co <sup>62</sup> mCo	100 10 100 1,000 100 1,000 1 1,000 1,000	USNRC 2001i 10CFR20 Appendix C
	Quantities of radioactive materials requiring need for an emergency plan Release fraction Quantity (Ci)	0.001% 5,000	USNRC 2001j 10CFR30.72 Schedule C
	Radioactive waste classification Class A (Ci/m3) 60Co	≤700	USNRC 2001I 10CFR61.55
	Reports of individual monitoring—processing or manufacturing for distribution, byproduct material in quantities exceeding <sup>60</sup> Co (Ci)	1.0	USNRC 2001f 10CFR20.2206 (a)(7)
STATE Regulations and Guidelines:	C0 (CI)	1.0	
a. Air			
Alabama	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
California	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
Hawaii Illinois	HAP—radionuclides Toxic air contaminant— radionuclides		BNA 2001 BNA 2001
Kansas	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
Kentucky	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
Minnesota	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
Missouri	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001

### Table 8-2. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Radioactive Cobalt

Agency	Description	Information	Reference
STATE (cont.)			_
Nebraska	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
New York	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
Rhode Island	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001
Wyoming	HAP—radionuclides		BNA 2001

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Class W: refers to the approximate length of retention in the pulmonary region which is 10–100 days for this class <sup>b</sup>Class Y: refers to the approximate length of retention in the pulmonary region which is greater than 100 days for this class

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ALI = annual limits on intake; BNA = Bureau of National Affairs; CFR = Code of Federal Regulations; DAC = derived air concentrations; DOE = Department of Energy; DOT = Department of Transportation; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; FDA = Food and Drug Administration; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; ICRP = International Commission on Radiological Protection; IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System; mSv = millisievert; NCRP = National Council on Radiation Protection; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = permissible exposure limit; REL = recommended exposure limit; RfC = reference concentration; RfD = reference dose; TLV = threshold limit value; TWA = time-weighted averages; USNRC = U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission; WHO = World Health Organization

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Air immersion DAC values: based on a stochastic dose limit of 5 rems (0.05 Sv) per year or a nonstochastic (organ) dose limit of 50 rems (0.5 Sv) per year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Class W: all compounds except those given for Y

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Class Y: oxides, hydroxides, halides, and nitrates

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup>Column I: gas concentration

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Column II: liquid and solid concentration

cobalt (IRIS 2000). Slope factors have been derived for exposure to cobalt radioisotopes (EPA 2002). The slope factors for <sup>60</sup>Co are 1.57x10<sup>-11</sup>, 2.23x10<sup>-11</sup>, and 4.03x10<sup>-11</sup>/pCi for ingestion of water, food, and soil, respectively. The slope factor for inhalation exposure is 3.58x10<sup>-11</sup>/pCi, and 1.24x10<sup>-5</sup>/year/pCi/g soil for external exposure. The slope factors for <sup>58</sup>Co are 1.26x10<sup>-13</sup>, 1.83x10<sup>-13</sup>, and 3.47x10<sup>-13</sup>/pCi for ingestion of water, food, and soil, respectively. The slope factor for inhalation exposure is 6.88x10<sup>-14</sup>/pCi for inhalation exposure, and 1.00x10<sup>-12</sup>/year/pCi/g soil for external exposure. The slope factors for <sup>58m</sup>Co are 2.95x10<sup>-12</sup>, 4.18x10<sup>-12</sup>, and 7.44x10<sup>-12</sup>/pCi for ingestion of water, food, and soil, respectively. The slope factor for inhalation exposure is 5.99x10<sup>-14</sup>/pCi for inhalation exposure, and 4.48x10<sup>-6</sup>/year/pCi/g soil for external exposure, and 2.78x10<sup>-12</sup>/pCi for ingestion of water, food, and soil, respectively. The slope factor for inhalation exposure is 2.09x10<sup>-12</sup>/pCi for ingestion, and 3.55x10<sup>-7</sup>/year/pCi/g soil for external exposure.