Malawi HIV Quality Assurance Program

1990-1997

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Structure of Presentation

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Map of Malawi



QUEEN ELIZABETH CENTRAL HOSPITAL

Malawi Demographics Number of Sites

Total Area: 118,484 Sq. Km.

Demography

Population: 9,800,000.

Distribution

Rural Population: 86%

Urban Population: 14%

City: Blantyre

Population: 782,266

Pop. Growth Rate: 3%

Economy: Agriculture.

Life Expectancy: 39.3 years

Adult HIV Prevalence: 16% estimated

HOSPITALS

Government: 27
Private: 28

HIV TESTING SITES.

Total: 62
Government: 29
Private Hospitals: 28
Estate Clinic: 2
Military/Police: 2
Project Clinic: 1

Project Objectives

- Set up National HIV reference laboratory.
- Evaluate HIV test kits before they are introduced in the country.
- Implement quality assurance program.
- Expand quality assurance to other blood borne pathogens.

Program Description

- Collaboration between Queen Elizabeth Central Hospital, Lilongwe Central Hospital and Germany Technical Cooperation (GTZ).
- Introduction of new testing techniques
- Seven years duration

Types of samples

- Serum samples.
- Lyophilized samples.

Panel Selection and Lyophilization Procedure

- 1. Identify 20 pints of blood.
- 2. Test the sera using available HIV test kits and Western blot.
- 3. Inactivate the serum specimens.
- 4. Select a panel of 20 samples

Panel Selection and Lyophilization Procedure continued.....

- 5. Test the panel with available kits in the hospitals.
- 6. Aliquot the sera into micro vials.
- 7. Keep samples in deep freezer ready for lyophilizing

Panel Selection and Lyophilization Procedure continued.....

8. Assemble the lyophilizer and start lyophilizing

Information Management

- Filing
- Data entry
- Data analysis
- Data for decision making

Reporting of results

- Medical Officer
- Laboratory
- Mail
- Follow-up

How is the program sustained?

- Donor dependent
- Dependence on one laboratory technician

Past Challenges

Staff

 Ministry of Health & Population assigned a laboratory technician for 30% of his working time.

Room

 Laboratory and office space provided at Queen Elizabeth Central Hospital.

Partial funds

Contribution to cost of quality control follow-up training.

Future Challenges

To ensure the high-quality, expansion and sustainability of national reference laboratory functions including quality assurance, it is necessary to:

- Integrate the project into the national laboratory structure
- Create dedicated positions for National HIV reference laboratory staff
- Provide recruited staff with skills, budget and powers to improve testing quality nationwide