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History Sheet

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0	11 Dec 2001	This revision supersedes BNFL-TWP-SER-003 Rev 9 and incorporates changes from 24590-WTP-ABCN-ESH-01-024 Rev 0 (contractor-approved ABCN).	S Henry

Revision Status Sheet

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Acronyms

ALARA as low as reasonably achievable
CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DAC derived air concentration
US Department of Energy

ES&H Environmental, Safety, and Health
GERT General Employee Radiological Training

HNF Hanford

NRC US Nuclear Regulatory Commission
PPE Personal Protection Equipment
RCT Radiological Control Technician
RPP Radiation Protection Program

SI Scientific International

TLD thermoluminescent dosimeter

RPP-WTP River Protection Project – Waste Treatment Plant WTPRCM Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual

1 Introduction

This document is the Radiation Protection Program (RPP) for design and construction activities for the River Protection Project – Waste Treatment Plant (RPP-WTP) project located at the US Department of Energy (DOE) Hanford Site. As used in this document, the RPP is the radiation protection program document for achieving compliance with the requirements of Title 10 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 835, "Occupational Radiation Protection". Pursuant to 10 CFR 835.101(g)(2), a revision to the RPP must be submitted to DOE before commencement of the WTP construction activities.

The RPP is developed and submitted for regulatory approval in stages corresponding to the status of the RPP-WTP project. This RPP submittal, while retaining the plans and measures implemented previously during the design phase, includes plans and measures for achieving compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 835 that are applicable to the RPP-WTP construction phase. An additional revision will be required prior to commencement of operations.

2 RPP Document Organization

The RPP provides a description of the plans and measures for achieving compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 835. Descriptions within this document may include references to DOE Implementation Guides or other industry standards. Where applicable, mandatory or optional use will be noted for each reference cited for guidance.¹

A matrix of each 10 CFR 835 requirement and the plans and measures for achieving compliance with that specific requirement is contained in Appendix A, WTP Compliance with 10 CFR 835 Requirements (Design and Construction Phase). Bechtel National, Inc. (BNI) is in full compliance with all applicable 10 CFR 835 requirements listed in Appendix A. The matrix includes plans and measures described in 24590-WTP-MN-ESH-01-001, *Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual* (WTPRCM) and/or various RPP-WTP programs, as appropriate. The program documents, where applicable, are listed as "other implementing provisions" for the lead requirement in the set; however, they are not repeated for each subsequent sub-requirement within the set.

¹ Compliance with US Department of Energy Implementation Guides is not mandatory. Acknowledging their use or other guidance documents, as noted in the Bibliography, in the preparation of this RPP does not make compliance with these guides, or other referenced documents, enforceable.

3 Purpose

The purpose of this RPP is to describe the plans and measures for achieving compliance with 10 CFR 835 requirements. Nothing in this RPP, the WTPRCM, and/or in any implementing document shall be construed as limiting actions that may be necessary to protect health and safety.

4 Applicability

This RPP is applicable to facility design and construction activities. Construction activities include final determination of all facility design features and complete construction of all facilities and associated services in accordance with design specifications.

Construction activities (limited construction and construction authorization activities are collectively referred to as "construction" activities throughout this document) performed by BNI or its subcontractors regardless of the activity location on the Hanford Site include:

- site preparation work
- site excavation work
- structure construction and fabrication
- site radiological monitoring
- posting and control of radiological areas
- cleanup and disposal of detected radioactive materials
- facility testing and evaluation up to the point where the WTP receives radioactive feed materials

The scope of this RPP does not include radiological work associated with the transfer piping tie-in to Tank 241-AP-106.

All RPP-WTP activities shall be conducted in compliance with a documented RPP as approved by the DOE. BNI shall not initiate any task outside the scope of this RPP until an update of the RPP is approved by DOE. All subcontracted services used to accomplish the scope of work described in this RPP shall be obtained through the WTP procurement process. This process requires ES&H review and approval of all purchase requisitions (PR) affecting the Authorization Basis. This is to ensure the PR includes applicable safety or regulatory requirements such as those found in 10 CFR 835.

5 Graded Approach

5.1 Discussion

The 10 CFR 835 consists primarily of highly prescriptive worker safety requirements that establish the radiation protection standards, limits, and program requirements for protecting individuals from ionizing radiation resulting from the conduct of DOE activities. These very specific requirements are not subject to a graded approach. However, the rule also contains eight requirements that are "performance-based" (that is, specify an end result without prescribing what is necessary to achieve the desired results), and ten others that require a terminology clarification in order to clearly establish the intent and scope of the requirement.

For the purpose of this RPP, a graded approach is achieved either through the inclusion of clarifying terminology, or through the incorporation of narrative text which describes those BNI commitments considered appropriate to meet performance-based requirements. These additions are incorporated into Appendix A.

5.2 Summary of Requirements Subject to a Graded Approach

Requirements determined to be suitable for a graded approach through a performance-based approach are listed in Table 5-1, or through the use of clarifying definitions are listed in Table 5-2.

5.2.1 Graded Approach (8 Total)

The following table includes those non-prescriptive, performance-based requirements that are subject to a graded approach through the incorporation of additional provisions including narrative text, references to controlling technical bases and program documents, or other technical standards deemed sufficient to establish the commitment bases mandated by the requirements. Appendix A (WTP Project Compliance with 10 CFR 835 Requirements) contains a listing of these provisions. The graded approach is based on considerations of the magnitude of the hazard, the complexity of the situation, and the length of time the situation will exist.

5.2.2 Terminology Clarifications (10 Total)

Those requirements determined to be suitable for a graded approach through the incorporation of terminology clarifications include the following. Appendix A (WTP Project Compliance with 10 CFR 835 Requirements) contains these clarifications as an integral part of establishing BNI's commitment basis.

Table 5-1 Requirements Subject to a Graded Approach

Requirement Number	10 CFR 835 Section	Discussion
21	103	BNI will apply the graded approach in the implementation of BNI Radiation Protection Program procedures for this functional area.
22	104	BNI will apply the graded approach in the implementation of BNI Radiation Protection Program procedures for this functional area.
43	401(a)	The requirements of Section 835.401 are subject to the graded approach through criteria established by BNI's monitoring program. The program establishes administrative records for tracking and trending radiological conditions based on routine tasks (radiation survey reports). Task descriptions and work documents specify the frequency of radiological surveys. Workplace air sampling program defines criteria for use of continuous air monitors.
101-103	901(c)	BNI will apply the graded approach in the implementation of BNI Radiation Protection Program procedures for this functional area. Note the application of section 901(c) graded approach is also referenced in requirements 101 through 103.
105	901(e)	BNI will apply the graded approach in the implementation of BNI Radiation Protection Program procedures for this functional area.
117	1102	² It should be recognized during evaluations of legacy contamination conditions that the 10 CFR 835 Appendix D values which trigger the posting and control requirements are applicable to surface contamination conditions only. They do not apply to situations where an item or area is contaminated only in volume or by matrix.
		Consequently, the discovery of items incorporating legacy contamination by volume, but not representing a surface contamination condition or hazard (such as contaminated flora, fauna, or some soils), would not typically represent a 10 CFR 835 noncompliance. Despite this 10 CFR 835 non-applicability, such environmental contamination conditions must be appropriately controlled ² . Should legacy contamination be discovered, it will be controlled in accordance with this RPP.

² Enforcement Guidance Supplement EGS 00-01: Enforcement Position Relative to the Discovery/Control of Legacy Contamination, dated May 4, 2000.

 Table 5-2
 Requirements Subject to Terminology Clarifications

Requirement Number	10 CFR 835 Section	Terminology Clarification
13	101(c)	"Commensurate with the nature of the activities performed" is the nature of those activities, described in Section 4.0, that are performed by BNI, its subcontractors, and suppliers at BNI-managed facilities and activities.
18	101(h)	"Changes that decrease the effectiveness of the RPP" are those changes which, if implemented, may result in unnecessary increases in occupational exposure or loss of control of radioactive materials without a corresponding increase in the scope or effectiveness of radiological work activities performed. BNI will apply the guidelines of DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4, paragraph 3, March 1999, when making this determination.
37	206(b)	BNI will apply the guidance of DOE G 441.1-6, "Evaluation and Control of Radiation Dose to the Embryo/Fetus Guide" of 29 April 1999, Section 4.2 guideline statement to maintain declared pregnant worker fetus dose below 50 mrem per month.
45	402(a)(1) to (4)	"Are likely to receive" recognizes that professional judgment and experience will be used in making decisions in specific circumstances. [DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4., paragraph 5, March 1999.]
47	402(c)(1) to (4)	Workers who "are likely to receive" recognizes that professional judgment and experience will be used in making decisions in specific circumstances. [DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4., paragraph 5, March 1999.]
49	403(a)(1)	"An individual is likely to receive" recognizes that professional judgment and experience will be used in making decisions in specific circumstances. [DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4, paragraph 5, March 1999.]
82	702(e)	"Reasonable efforts shall be made" means at least 3 attempts to obtain exposure information as recommended by Occupational Protection Record-Keeping and Reporting Guide, DOE G 441.1-11, Section 4.1.1.4 of May 1999.
91	704(b)	"Actions taken to maintain" means the seven essential elements of an occupational ALARA program, as specified in the Implementation Guide, "Occupational ALARA Program Guide", DOE G 441.1-2, Rev 1, March 17, 1999.
132	1302(a)	"Riskshall be minimized" means, if alternative actions are available to meet emergency needs, then adopting the action with the lowest assessed risk of significant personnel injury shall take precedence over property loss considerations.
136	1304(a)	"Installations possessing sufficient quantities of fissile material to potentially constitute a critical mass" means as identified in the facility specific authorization document based on DOE 5480.23 dated 10 March 1994.

6 Requirements Matrix

The matrix contained in Appendix A specifically addresses all requirements and provisions contained in 10 CFR Part 835. Each Rule requirement is restated verbatim in the matrix, and is accompanied by sufficiently detailed information to establish BNI's commitment basis for that requirement.

The specific measures, identified to achieve compliance, are selected to be commensurate with BNI activities. In some instances, the top-level controlling document references are supplemented by narrative text and/or clarifying definitions. The combination of references and supplemental text contained in this matrix defines BNI's commitment basis to DOE. The matrix column titled "other implementing provisions" includes clarifications, supplemental policy statements, references to Technical Basis Documents, and any other supplemental information used to clearly define BNI's commitment basis. For those requirements where programmatic commitments are listed, the committed aspects of the identified program are limited to those elements essential to ensuring compliance with the regulatory requirement.

Although BNI intends to use the entire WTPRCM to form the basis of the Radiological Control Program, only the cited articles of Appendix A are enforceable requirements. The articles that cite a standard indicate if the standard is to be followed as a requirement or guidance (see WTPRCM Articles 531.2 and 532). Compliance with U.S. Department of Energy Implementation Guides is not mandatory. Acknowledging their use or other guidance documents, as noted in the Bibliography, in the preparation of this RPP does not make compliance with these guides, or other referenced documents, enforceable.

Nothing in this matrix is intended to deviate from the intent of 10 CFR 835. Where inconsistencies exist between the WTPRCM and 10 CFR 835, the specific Articles listed are intended to demonstrate policy consistent with the intent of the Rule.

The word "shall" when followed by [835.XXX] identifies those elements that are directly attributable to a requirement from 10 CFR 835. These requirements are mandatory and will be followed as written. The word "shall" when followed by [XXXXX] identifies those elements that are a requirement from another federal or state regulation, DOE Order, or other requirements document as indicated by the reference in the bracket. The word "shall" when followed by [HNF] identifies those elements and requirements that have been agreed to by BNI and DOE-ORP as necessary for consistency in the implementation of radiological controls. Compliance with these requirements is mandatory unless an exemption is obtained from DOE and/or the appropriate regulatory agency in accordance with WTPRCM Article 113.

Where the word "should" appears in referenced WTPRCM Articles, for the purpose of this RPP, this means the contractor has the responsibility either to implement the cited provision exactly, or demonstrate the technical equivalency of an alternative approach in accordance with the provisions of WTPRCM Article 113. Each referenced WTPRCM article containing a "should" statement will be implemented as written, or the BNI Radiological Control Program will have prepared and implemented an alternative approach, consistent with WTPRCM Article 113 and 10 CFR 835 Section 101(h).

Where the verbiage of a referenced WTPRCM Article is either modified or excerpted in order to more clearly capture the specific intent of the Rule requirement, such modification or excerpting is noted in parentheses in the matrix.

7 Bibliography

(Recognition of these resources in the development of the WTP RPP does not make them part of the RPP, or make them enforceable, unless already so.)

10 CFR 20, "Standards for Protection Against Radiation", Code of Federal Regulations, as amended.

10 CFR 820, "Procedural Rules for DOE Nuclear Activities", Code of Federal Regulations, as amended.

10 CFR 835, "Occupational Radiation Protection", Code of Federal Regulations, as amended.

DOE, 1998, TWRS Phase I Privatization Site Preconstruction Characterization Report, HNF-2067, Revision 0, Richland, Washington.

DOE, 1999, Evaluation and Control of Radiation Dose to the Embryo/Fetus Guide, Implementation Guide G 441.1-6, US Department of Energy, Washington, DC.

DOE, 1999, *Internal Dosimetry Program Guide*, Implementation Guide G 441.1-3, US Department of Energy, Washington, D.C.

DOE, 1999, *Management and Administration of Radiation Protection Programs Guide*, Implementation Guide G 441.1-1, US Department of Energy, Washington, DC.

DOE, 1999, *Occupational ALARA Program Guide*, Implementation Guide G 441.1-2, US Department of Energy, Washington, DC.

DOE, 1999, *Occupational Radiation Protection Record-Keeping and Reporting Guide*, Implementation Guide G 441.1-11, US Department of Energy, Washington, DC.

DOE, 2000, Enforcement Position Relative to the Discovery/Control of Legacy Contamination, Enforcement Guidance Supplement EGS 00-01, US Department of Energy, Washington, DC.

ICRP, 1989, *Optimization and Decision-Making in Radiological Protection*, ICRP Publication 55, Ann. ICRP 20 No. 1.

ICRP, 1990, Recommendations of the International Commission on Radiation Protection, ICRP Publication 60 Ann. ICRP 21 Nos. 1-3.

Munson, L.H., 1988, *Health Physics Manual of Good Practices for Reducing Radiation Exposure to Levels that are As Low As Reasonably Achievable (ALARA)*, PNL-6577, Pacific Northwest Laboratory, Richland, Washington.

NRC, 1976, Information Relevant to Ensuring that Occupational Radiation Exposures at Nuclear Power Stations will be As Low As Is Reasonably Achievable, Regulatory Guide 8.8, Rev 3, US Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC.

Appendix A

WTP Project Compliance with 10 CFR 835 Requirements

(Design and Construction Phase)

			Poli	icy and Commitment Basis	
Req	uirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Wa	ste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
Sub	part A	General Provisions			
stan indi	dards, limits, a	Sec. 835.1(a) s in this part establish radiation protection nd program requirements for protecting onizing radiation resulting from the conduct of			DOE Administrative. This is a provision not a requirement.
2		Sec. 835.1(b)	Arti	cle 112.2 (excerpt and modified)	BNI accepts the exclusions of
		as discussed in paragraph (c) of this section, the s part do not apply to:		cept as discussed in this Article, these requirements do not ly to:	§ 835.1(b) as written.
(1)	Regulatory Co Nuclear Regu	are regulated through a license by the Nuclear commission or a State under an Agreement with the latory Commission, including activities certified r Regulatory Commission under Section 1701 of nergy Act;	a.	Activities that are regulated through a license by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission or a State under an Agreement with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, including activities certified by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission under section 1701 of the Atomic Energy Act."	
(2)		ducted under the authority of the Director, Naval alsion Program, as described in Pub. L. 98-525;	b.	Activities conducted under the authority of the Director, Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program as described in Public	
(3)	Surety Progra	ducted under the Nuclear Explosives and Weapons m relating to the prevention of accidental or nuclear detonations;	c.	Law 98-525." Activities conducted under the Nuclear Explosives and Weapons Surety Program relating to the prevention of accidental or unauthorized nuclear detonations."	
(4)	Radioactive m	naterial transportation as defined in this part;			
(5)	under the juris governed by o	s conducted outside the United States on territory sdiction of a foreign government to the extent occupational radiation protection requirements ween the United States and the cognizant or	d. e.	Radioactive material transportation as defined in the glossary of this manual." DOE activities conducted outside the United States on territory under the jurisdiction of a foreign government to the extent governed by occupational radiation protection	
(6)	the purposes of	adiation, radiation doses received as a patient for of medical diagnosis or therapy, or radiation doses participation as a subject in medical research	f.	requirements agreed to between the United States and the cognizant government; or" Background radiation, radiation doses received as a patient for the purposes of medical diagnosis or therapy, or radiation doses received from participation as a subject in medical research programs."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
3 Sec. 835.1(c)	Article 213.1 (excerpt and modified)	
Occupational doses received as a result of excluded activities and radioactive material transportation, as listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section, shall be considered when determining compliance with the occupational dose limits at §§ 835.202 and 835.207, and with the limits for the embryo/fetus at § 835.206. Occupational doses resulting from authorized emergency exposures	"All occupational doses received during the current year, except doses resulting from planned special exposures conducted in compliance with Article 213.3 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with Article 213.4, shall [835.202(b)] be included when demonstrating compliance with Table 2-1, occupational dose limits for general employees and minors.	
and planned special exposures shall not be considered when determining compliance with the dose limits at §§ 835.202 and 835.207.	Occupational doses received as a result of excluded activities and radioactive material transportation, as listed in Article 112.2 (a-e), shall [835.1(c)] be considered when determining compliance with the occupational dose limits in Table 2-1 and Article 215."	
4 Sec. 835.2 Definitions.		BNI accepts the definitions of section § 835.2 as written. The definitions in this section shall be used in documents and programs that implement requirements of 10 CFR 835.
5 Sec. 835.3(a) General rule.	Article 113.1 (excerpt)	
No person or DOE personnel shall take or cause to be taken any action inconsistent with the requirements of:	"No person or DOE personnel shall take or cause to be taken an action inconsistent with the requirements of:	
(1) This part; or	(1) 10 CFR 835; or	
(2) Any program, plan, schedule, or other process established by this part.	(2) Any program, plan, schedule, or other process established by 10 CFR 835."	
6 Sec. 835.3(b)	Article 113.1 (excerpt)	
With respect to a particular DOE activity, contractor management shall be responsible for compliance with the requirements of this part.	"With respect to a particular DOE activity, contractor management shall [HNF] be responsible for compliance with the requirements of [10 CFR 835]."	
7 Sec. 835.3(c) Where there is no contractor for a DOE activity, DOE shall ensure implementation of and compliance with the requirements of this part.		This is a provision applicable to DOE. The scope of this Radiation Protection Program is limited to contractor activities. (See Section 4, applicability).

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
8	Sec. 835.3(d)	Article 113.1 (excerpt and modified)	
	rt shall be construed as limiting actions that may be ct health and safety.	"Nothing in the WTPRCM shall [835.3(d)] be construed as limiting actions that may be necessary to protect health and safety."	
9	Sec. 835.3(e)	Article 113.1 (excerpt)	
835.1202(a), and 8	s that are required by §§ 835.102, 835.901(e), 835.1202(b), the time interval to conduct these extended by a period not to exceed 30 days to eduling needs.	"For those activities that are required by Articles 134, 431, and 613, the time interval to conduct these activities may be extended by a period not to exceed 30 days to accommodate scheduling needs."	
10	Sec. 835.4 Radiological units	Article 713.1.f (excerpt and modified)	
by this part shall be roentgen, or rem, in The Scientific Inte	specified, the quantities used in the records required to clearly indicated in special units of curie, rad, including multiples and subdivisions of these units. In the standards of the second of the	"Unless otherwise specified, the quantities used in the radiological control records required by this RPP shall [835.4] be clearly indicated in special units of curie, rad, roentgen, or rem, including multiples and subdivisions of these units. The SI units, becquerel (Bq), gray (Gy), and sievert (Sv), are only provided parenthetically in this part for reference with scientific standards.	

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
Subpart B	Management and Administrative Requirements	8	
11 Radiation protect	Sec. 835.101(a) ion programs		Upon DOE approval, this RPP establishes the documentation to implement § 835.101(a) as written.
A DOE activity s RPP as approved	hall be conducted in compliance with a documented by the DOE.		The RPP will be managed and controlled through the establishment of procedures developed according to the requirements of 24590-WTP-QAM-QA-01-001, <i>Quality Assurance Manual</i> (QAM).
The DOE may dir	Sec. 835.101(b) rect or make modifications to a RPP.		This is a provision and not a requirement. BNI accepts provision § 835.101(b) as written.
the activities perf	Sec. 835.101(c) Ich RPP shall be commensurate with the nature of formed and shall include formal plans and measures as low as reasonably achievable (ALARA) process exposure.		BNI's approved RPP establishes the documentation to implement § 835.101(c) as written. The RPP will be managed and controlled through the establishment of procedures developed according to the requirements of the QAM. "Commensurate with the nature of the activities performed" is the nature of those activities performed by BNI, its subcontractors, and suppliers at BNI-managed facilities and activities. This requirement is implemented through 24590-WTP-PL-NS-01-002, RPP-WTP Occupational ALARA Program, which addresses the seven essential elements of ALARA programs.

	Policy and Commitment Basis			
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions		
		Part of ALARA Implementation Guide, "Occupational ALARA Program Guide," DOE G 441.1-2 of 17 March 1999 includes seven essential elements of ALARA Program – Policy and Management Commitment; ALARA Training; Plans, and Procedures; Internal Assessments/Audits; ALARA Design Review; Radiological Work/Experiment Administration and Planning; and Records.		
14 Sec. 835.101(d) The RPP shall specify the existing and/or anticipated operational tasks that are intended to be within the scope of the RPP. Except as provided in Sec. 835.101(h), any task outside the scope of a RPP		See Applicability section of Radiation Protection Program, (Section 4). The RPP will be managed and controlled in accordance with the QAM.		
shall not be initiated until an update of the RPP is approved by DOE.		If any radiological activities are determined to be outside the RPP scope (as defined in Section 4), except as provided in § 835.101(h), BNI shall obtain DOE approval of a revised RPP. The RPP will be managed and controlled in accordance with the QAM.		
15 Sec. 835.101(e)		Upon DOE approval, this RPP		
The content of the RPP shall address, but shall not necessarily be limited to, each requirement in this part.		implements § 835.101(e) as written. The RPP will be managed and controlled in accordance with the QAM.		
16 Sec. 835.101(f)	Article 141 (excerpt)	This matrix provides WTP plans and		
The RPP shall include plans, schedules, and other measures for achieving compliance with regulations of this part. Unless otherwise specified in this part, compliance with amendments to this part shall be achieved no later than 180 days following approval of the revised RPP by DOE. Compliance with the requirements of § 835.402(d) for radiobioassay program accreditation shall be achieved no later than January 1, 2002.	"A Radiological Control Organization should be established to provide relevant support to line managers and workers. To effectively function, the Radiological Control Organization should be independent of the line organizational element responsible for production, operation or research activities and should have an equivalent reporting level."	measures for achieving compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 835.		

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 142.1	
	"The Radiological Control Manager should be an experienced professional in radiological control and be familiar with the design features and operations of the facility that affect the potential for exposures of persons to radiation."	
17 Sec. 835.101(g)		BNI accepts requirement
An update of the RPP shall be submitted to DOE:		§ 835.101(g)(1) as written. The RPP will be managed and controlled
(1) Whenever a change or an addition to the RPP is made;		through the establishment of appropriate administrative measures in
(2) Prior to the initiation of a task not within the scope of the RPP; or		accordance with the QAM.
(3) Within 180 days of the effective date of any modifications to this part.		
18 Sec. 835.101 (h)		BNI accepts the requirement as
Changes, additions, or updates to the RPP may become effective without prior Department approval only if the changes do not decrease the effectiveness of the RPP and the RPP, as changed, continues to meet the requirements of this part.		written. "Changes that decrease the effectiveness of the RPP" are those changes which, if implemented, may
Proposed changes that decrease the effectiveness of the RPP shall not be implemented without submittal to and approval by the Department.		result in unnecessary increases in occupational exposure or loss of control of radioactive materials without a corresponding increase in the scope or effectiveness of radiological work activities performed. BNI will apply the guidelines of DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4, paragraph 3, March 1999, when making this determination.
		The RPP will be managed and controlled through the establishment of appropriate administrative measures in accordance with the QAM.

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
19 Sec. 835.101(i) An initial RPP or an update shall be considered approved 180 days after its submission unless rejected by DOE at an earlier date.		BNI accepts requirement § 835.101(i) as written. The RPP will be managed and controlled through the establishment of appropriate administrative measures in accordance with the QAM.
Internal audits Internal audits Internal audits of the radiation protection program, including examination of program content and implementation, shall be conducted through a process that ensures that all functional element are reviewed no less frequently than every 36 months.	monuis.	The audit program is based on the WTPRCM. All the articles are broken down into assessment cards, which list performance objectives and criteria and lines of inquiry. The cards are then organized into 36 groups and scheduled one group per month for the three-year period. Project Management is responsible for ensuring these audits are performed.
21 Sec. 835.103 Education, training, and skills Individuals responsible for developing and implementing measures necessary for ensuring compliance with the requirements of this par shall have the appropriate education, training, and skills to discharge these responsibilities.		The BNI Training Program implements the training requirements of the WTPRCM.
Written procedures Written procedures shall be developed and implemented as necessar to ensure compliance with this part, commensurate with the radiological hazards created by the activity and consistent with the education, training, and skills of the individuals exposed to those hazards.	Article 125.11 (excerpt and modified) "Written procedures shall [835.104] be developed and implemented as necessary to ensure compliance with 10 CFR 835, commensurate with the radiological hazards created by the activity and consistent with the education, training, and skills of the individuals exposed to those hazards."	BNI shall develop and implement procedures according to the requirements established in the Quality Assurance Manual.

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
Subpart C Standards for Internal and External Exposure		
23 Sec. 835.202(a)	Article 213.1 (excerpt)	BNI implements the requirements of
Occupational dose limits for general employees. Except for planned special exposures conducted consistent with § 835.204 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with § 835.1302, the occupational dose received by general employees shall be controlled such that the following limits are not exceeded in a year: (1) A total effective dose equivalent of 5 rems (0.05 sievert); (2) The sum of the deep dose equivalent for external exposures and the committed dose equivalent to any organ or tissue other than the lens of the eye of 50 rems (0.5 sievert); (3) A lens of the eye dose equivalent of 15 rems (0.15 sievert); and (4) A shallow dose equivalent of 50 rems (0.5 sievert) to the skin or to any extremity.	"Occupational dose limits are provided in Table 2-1 and shall [835.202(a)] not be exceeded. Except for planned special exposures conducted consistent with Article 213.3 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with Article 213.4, the occupational dose received by general employees shall [835.202(a)] be controlled such that the limits in Table 2-1 are not exceeded in a year."	section § 835.202 through the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontracted services.
24 Sec. 835.202(b)	Article 213.1 (excerpt)	
All occupational doses received during the current year, except doses resulting from planned special exposures conducted in compliance with § 835.204 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with § 835.1302, shall be included when demonstrating compliance with §§ 835.202(a) and 835.207.	"All Occupational doses received during the current year, except doses resulting from planned special exposures conducted in compliance Article 213.3 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with Article 213.4 shall [835.202(b)] be included when demonstrating compliance with Table 2-1, occupational dose limits for general employees and minors."	
	Table 2-1 (excerpt)	
	"Summary of Dose Limits"	
	Table 2-1 Note 1 (excerpt)	
	"Determinations of the effective dose equivalent shall [835.203(b)] be made using the weighting factor values provided in Appendix 2B."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
25 Sec. 835.202(c)	Table 2-1 (excerpt)	
Doses from background, therapeutic and diagnostic medical	Summary of Dose Limits	
radiation, and participation as a subject in medical research programs shall not be included in dose records or in the assessment of	Table 2-1 Note 3 (excerpt)	
compliance with the occupational dose limits.	"Doses from background, therapeutic and diagnostic medical radiation, and participation as a subject in medical research programs shall [835.202(c)] not be included in dose records or in the assessment of compliance with the occupational dose limits."	
26 Sec. 835.203(a)	Table 2-1 Note 1 (excerpt)	BNI implements the requirements of
Combining internal and external dose equivalents	"Internal dose to the whole body shall [835.203(a)] be calculated	section § 835.203 through the BNI dosimetry program, and through
The total effective dose equivalent during a year shall be determined by summing the effective dose equivalent from external exposures and the committed effective dose equivalent from intakes during the year.	as committed effective dose equivalent. The committed effective dose equivalent is the resulting dose committed to the whole body from internally deposited radionuclides over a 50-year period after intake."	subcontracted services.
Jean.	Table 2-1 Note 5	
	"The total effective dose equivalent during a year shall [835.203(a)] be determined by summing the effective dose equivalent from external exposures and the committed effective dose equivalent from intakes during the year."	
	WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
	Whole body dose: "The sum of the annual deep dose equivalent for external exposures and the committed effective dose equivalent for internal exposures".	
	Total effective dose equivalent: "means the sum of the effective dose equivalent (for external exposures) and the committed effective dose equivalent (for internal exposures)".	
	Deep dose equivalent: "means the dose equivalent derived from external radiation at a depth of 1 cm in tissue".	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
27 Sec. 835.203(b)	Table 2-1 Note 1 (excerpt)	
Determinations of the effective dose equivalent shall be made using the weighting factor values provided in Sec. 835.2.	"Determinations of the effective dose equivalent shall [835.203(b)] be made using the weighting factor values provided in Appendix 2B.	
	Appendix 2B (excerpt)	
	Weighting Factors for Organs and Tissues	
28 Sec. 835.204(a)	Article 213.3 (excerpt)	BNI does not anticipate any planned
Planned special exposures. A planned special exposure may be authorized for a radiological worker to receive doses in addition to and accounted for separately from the doses received under the limits specified in Sec. 835.202(a), provided that each of the following conditions is satisfied: (1) The planned special exposure is considered only in an exceptional situation when alternatives that might prevent a radiological worker from exceeding the limit in Sec. 835.202(a) are unavailable or impractical;	"A planned special exposure may be authorized for a radiological worker to receive doses in addition to and accounted for separately from the doses received under the limits for general employees specified in Table 2-1, provided that each of the following conditions is satisfied: - The planned special exposure is considered only in an exceptional situation when alternatives that might prevent a radiological worker from exceeding the limits in Table 2-1 are unavailable or impractical;"	special exposures occurring. Should circumstances occur where a planned special exposure would be required the requirements of § 835.204 will be followed.
 (2) The contractor management (and employer, if the employer is not the contractor) specifically requests the planned special exposure, in writing; and (3) Joint written approval is received from the appropriate DOE Headquarters program office and the Secretarial Officer responsible for environment, safety, and health matters. 	Article 722.12 "Authorized emergency exposures and planned special exposures shall [835.1301(b)] be accounted for separately, but maintained with the individual's occupational exposure records." Article 213.3.a (excerpt) "The contractor management (and employer, if the employer is not the contractor) specifically requests the planned special exposure, in writing."	
	Article 213.3.a (excerpt)	
	"Joint written approval is received from the appropriate DOE Headquarters program office and the Secretarial Officer responsible for environment, safety and health matters."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
29 Sec. 835.204(b) Prior to requesting an individual to participate in an authorized planned special exposure, the individual's dose from all previous planned special exposures and all doses in excess of the occupational dose limits shall be determined.	Article 213.3.b "Prior to requesting an individual to participate in an authorized planned special exposure, the individual's dose from all previous planned special exposures and all doses in excess of the occupational dose limits shall [835.204(b)] be determined."	BNI does not anticipate any planned special exposures occurring. Should circumstances occur where a planned special exposure would be required the requirements of § 835.204 will be followed.
 30 Sec. 835.204(c) An individual shall not receive a planned special exposure that, in addition to the doses determined in Sec. 835.204(b), would result in a dose exceeding the following: 1. In a year, the numerical values of the dose limits established at § 835.202(a); and 	Article 213.3.c "An individual shall [835.204(c)] not receive a planned special exposure that, in addition to the doses determined in Article 213.3.b, would result in a dose exceeding the following: - In a year, the numerical values of the dose limits established at Table 2-1 for general employees; and"	BNI does not anticipate any planned special exposures occurring. Should circumstances occur where a planned special exposure would be required the requirements of § 835.204 will be followed.
2. Over the individual's lifetime, five times the numerical values of the dose limits established at § 835.202(a).	- "Over the individual's lifetime, five times the numerical values of the dose limits established at Table 2-1 for general employees."	
 Sec. 835.204(d) Prior to a planned special exposure, written consent shall be obtained from each individual involved. Each such written consent shall include: (1) The purpose of the planned operations and procedures to be used; (2) The estimated doses and associated potential risks and specific radiological conditions and other hazards which might be involved in performing the task; and (3) Instructions on the measures to be taken to keep the dose ALARA considering other risks that may be present 	Article 213.3.d (excerpt) "Prior to a planned special exposure, written consent shall [835.204(d)] be obtained from each individual involved. Each written consent shall [835.204(d)]include: - "The purpose of the planned operations and procedures to be used;" - "The estimated doses and associated potential risks and specific radiological conditions and other hazards which might be involved in performing the task". - "Instructions on the measures to be taken to keep the dose ALARA considering other risks that may be present".	BNI does not anticipate any planned special exposures occurring. Should circumstances occur where a planned special exposure would be required the requirements of § 835.204 will be followed.
Records of the conduct of a planned special exposure shall be maintained and a written report submitted within 30 days after the planned special exposure to the approving organizations identified in Sec. 835.204(a)(3).	Article 213.3.e "Records of the conduct of a planned special exposure shall [835.204(e)] be maintained and a written report submitted within 30 days after the planned special exposure to the approving organizations identified in Article 213.3(a)."	BNI does not anticipate any planned special exposures occurring. Should circumstances occur where a planned special exposure would be required the requirements of § 835.204 will be followed.

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
33 Sec. 835.204(f) The dose from planned special exposures is not to be considered in controlling future occupational dose of the individual under Sec. 835.202(a), but is to be included in records and reports required under this part.	Article 213.3.f (excerpt and modified) "The dose from planned special exposures is not to be considered in controlling future occupational dose of the individual under Table 2-1, but is to be included in records and reports required by 10 CFR 835." Article 722.12 "Authorized emergency exposures and planned special exposures shall [835.1301(b)] be accounted for separately, but maintained with the individual's occupational exposure records."	BNI does not anticipate any planned special exposures occurring. Should circumstances occur where a planned special exposure would be required the requirements of § 835.204 will be followed.
34 Sec. 835.205(a) Determination of compliance for non-uniform exposure of the skin. Non-uniform exposures of the skin from X-rays, beta radiation, and/or radioactive material on the skin are to be assessed as specified in this section.	Table 2-1 Note 4 "Non-uniform exposures of the skin from X-rays, beta radiation, and/or radioactive material on the skin shall [835.205] be assessed as specified in Appendix 2C."	This requirement is implemented though the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontract with providers that comply with this requirement.
 Sec. 835.205(b) For purposes of demonstrating compliance with Sec. 835.202(a)(4), assessments shall be conducted as follows: (1) Area of skin irradiated is 100 cm² or more. The non-uniform dose equivalent received during the year shall be averaged over the 100 cm² of the skin receiving the maximum dose, added to any uniform dose equivalent also received by the skin, and recorded as the shallow dose equivalent to any extremity or skin for the year. (2) Area of skin irradiated is 10 cm² or more, but is less than 100 cm². The non-uniform dose equivalent (H) to the irradiated area received during the year shall be added to any uniform dose equivalent also received by the skin and recorded as the shallow dose equivalent to any extremity or skin for the year. H is the dose equivalent averaged over the 1 cm² of skin receiving the maximum absorbed dose, D, reduced by the fraction f, which is the irradiated area in cm² divided by 100 cm² (i.e., H=fD). In no case shall a value of f less than 0.1 be used. 	Appendix 2C (excerpt) - "Area of skin irradiated $\geq 100 \text{ cm}^2$ – The non-uniform dose equivalent received during the year shall [835.205(b)(1)] be averaged over the 100 cm^2 of the skin receiving the maximum dose, added to any uniform dose equivalent also received by the skin, and recorded as the shallow dose equivalent to any extremity or skin for the year." - "Area of skin irradiated $\geq 10 \text{ cm}^2$ and $< 100 \text{ cm}^2$ – The non-uniform dose equivalent (H) to the irradiated area received during the year shall [835.205(b)(2)] be added to any uniform dose equivalent also received by the skin and recorded as the shallow dose equivalent to any extremity or skin for the year. H is the dose equivalent averaged over the 1 cm^2 of skin receiving the maximum absorbed dose, D, reduced by the fraction, f, which is the irradiated area in cm² divided by 100 cm^2 (i.e., H=fD). In no case shall [835.205(b)(2)] a value of f less than 0.1 be used." - "Area of skin irradiated $< 10 \text{ cm}^2$ – The non-uniform dose equivalent shall [835.205(b)(3)] be averaged over the 1 cm^2 of skin receiving the maximum dose. This dose equivalent shall [835.205(b)(3)]:	This requirement is implemented though the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontract with providers that comply with this requirement.

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 (3) Area of skin irradiated is less than 10 cm². The non-uniform dose equivalent shall be averaged over the 1 cm² of skin receiving the maximum dose. This dose equivalent shall: 5.5.10.1. Be recorded in the individual's occupational exposure history as a special entry; and 5.5.10.2. Not be added to any other shallow dose equivalent to any extremity or skin recorded as the dose equivalent for the year. 	a. Be recorded in the individual's occupational exposure history as a special entry; andb. Not be added to any other shallow dose equivalent to any extremity or skin recorded as the dose equivalent for the year."	
36 Sec. 835.206(a)	Article 213.1 (excerpt)	This requirement is implemented
Limits for the embryo/fetus The dose equivalent limit for the embryo/fetus from the period of	"Occupational dose limits are provided in Table 2-1 and shall [835.206(a)] not be exceeded"	though the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontract with providers that comply with this
conception to birth, as a result of occupational exposure of a declared pregnant worker, is 0.5 rem (0.005 sievert).	Table 2-1 (excerpt)	requirement.
pregnant worker, is 0.3 fem (0.003 sieverty.	"Type of exposure – Declared pregnant worker: Embryo/Fetus (internal + external) 0.5 rem per gestation period."	
	WTPRCM Glossary: (excerpt)	
	Declared pregnant worker: "means a woman who has voluntarily declared to her employer, in writing, her pregnancy for the purpose of being subject to the occupational exposure limits to the embryo/fetus as provided in Article 215. This declaration may be revoked, in writing, at any time by the declared pregnant worker."	
	Article 215.2 (excerpt)	
	"For a declared pregnant worker who chooses to continue working as a radiological worker:	
	a) The dose equivalent limit for the embryo/fetus from the period of conception to birth, as a result of occupational exposure of a declared pregnant worker, is 0.5 rem (0.005 sievert)[835.206(a)]."	
37 Sec. 835.206(b)	Article 215.2.b (excerpt)	BNI will apply the guidance of DOF
Substantial variation above a uniform exposure rate that would satisfy the limits provided in Sec. 835.206(a) shall be avoided.	"Substantial variation above a uniform exposure rate that would satisfy the limits provided in Table 2-1 shall [835.206(b)] be avoided."	G 441.1-6, "Evaluation and Control of Radiation Dose to the Embryo/Fetus Guide" of 29 April 1999, Section 4.2 guideline statement to maintain declared pregnant worker fetus dose below 50 mrem per month.

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		This requirement is implemented though the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontract with providers that comply with this requirement.
38 Sec. 835.206(c) If the dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus is determined to have already exceeded 0.5 rem (0.005 sievert) by the time a worker declares her pregnancy, the declared pregnant worker shall not be assigned to tasks where additional occupational exposure is likely during the remaining gestation period.	Article 215.3 "If the dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus is determined to have already exceeded 0.5 rem (0.005 Sievert) by the time the worker declares her pregnancy, the declared pregnant worker shall [835.206(c)] not be assigned to tasks where additional occupational exposure is likely during the remaining gestation period."	This requirement is implemented though the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontract with providers that comply with this requirement.
Occupational dose limits for minors The dose equivalent limits for minors occupationally exposed to radiation and/or radioactive materials at a DOE activity are 0.1 rem (0.001 sievert) total effective dose equivalent in a year and 10% of the occupational dose limits specified at § 835.202(a)(3) and (a)(4).	Article 213.1 (excerpt) "Occupational dose limits are provided in Table 2-1 and shall [835.202(a)] not be exceeded." Table 2-1 (excerpt) Summary of Dose Limits "Minors occupationally exposed: Whole Body TEDE (internal + external) 0.1 rem." "Minors occupationally exposed: Lens of the eye, skin, and extremities (is) 10% of General Employee Limits." WTPRCM Glossary: (excerpt) "Minor means an individual less than 18 years of age."	This requirement is implemented though the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontract with providers that comply with this requirement.
40 Sec. 835.208 Limits for members of the public entering a controlled area The total effective dose equivalent limit for members of the public exposed to radiation and/or radioactive material during access to a controlled area is 0.1 rem (0.001 sievert) in a year.	Article 214 (excerpt) "The total effective dose equivalent limit for members of the public exposed to radiation and/or radioactive material during access to a controlled area is 0.1 rem in a year."	BNI implements this requirement though the dosimetry program and through subcontract service providers.

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Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
41 Sec. 835.209(a) Concentrations of radioactive material in air The derived air concentration (DAC) values given in appendices A and C of this part shall be used in the control of occupational exposures to airborne radioactive material.	Article 223.1 "The derived air concentration (DAC) values given in 10 CFR 835 Appendices A and C shall [835.209(a)] be used in the control of occupational exposures to airborne radioactive material."	BNI implements this requirement through the workplace air sampling program, which uses the DAC values given in 10 CFR 835 Appendix A and C to control occupational exposures to airborne radioactive material.
42 Sec. 835.209(b)	Article 521.2	
The estimation of internal dose shall be based on bioassay data rather than air concentration values unless bioassay data are:	"The estimation of internal dose shall [835.209(b)] be based on bioassay data rather than air concentration values unless bioassay data are:	
(I) Unavailable; (II) Inadequate; or	a. unavailable;	
(III) Internal dose estimates based on air concentration values are demonstrated to be as or more accurate.	b. inadequate; orc. internal dose estimates based on air concentration values are demonstrated to be as or more accurate."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
Subpart E Monitoring of Individuals and Areas		
43 Sec. 835.401(a) General requirements Monitoring of individuals and areas shall be performed to: (1) Demonstrate compliance with the regulations in this part; (2) Document radiological conditions; (3) Detect changes in radiological conditions; (4) Detect the gradual buildup of radioactive material; (5) Verify the effectiveness of engineering and process controls in containing radioactive material and reducing radiation exposure; and (6) Identify and control potential sources of individual exposure to radiation and/or radioactive material.	 Article 221.2 "Monitoring for contamination shall [835.401(a)(1), & 835.1102(d)] be performed using frisking equipment that can detect total contamination of at least the values specified in Table 2-2. DOE encourages the use of automatic monitoring units that meet the above requirements." Article 551 (excerpt & modified) "Monitoring of individuals and areas shall [835.401(a)] be performed to: a. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 835." b. Document radiological conditions;" c. Detect changes in radiological conditions;" d. Detect the gradual buildup of radioactive material;" e. Verify the effectiveness of engineering and process controls in containing radioactive material and reducing radiation exposure; and" f. Identify and control potential sources of individual exposure to radiation and/or radioactive material." 	The requirements of Section § 835.401 are subject to the graded approach through criteria established by BNI's monitoring program. The program establishes administrative records for tracking and trending radiological conditions based on routine tasks (radiation survey reports). Task descriptions and work documents specify the frequency of radiological surveys. A workplace air-sampling program defines the criteria for use of continuous air monitors.

Policy and Commitment Basis		
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
44 Sec. 835.401(b)	Article 551.5 (excerpt and modified)	Cleaning of radiation monitoring
Instruments and equipment used for monitoring shall be:	"Instruments and equipment used for monitoring shall [10 CFR 835.401(b)] be:	equipment as part of preventive maintenance is not considered to void
(1) Periodically maintained and calibrated on an established	a. Periodically maintained and calibrated on an established	calibration.
frequency; (2) Appropriate for the type(s), levels, and energies of the	frequency."	BNI uses ANSI N323A (Rev 1997) for portable instruments, and uses
radiation(s) encountered;	Article 562.1	ANSI N323 (Rev 1978) as guidance
(3) Appropriate for existing environmental conditions; and	"Radiological instruments and equipment shall [835.401(b)(1)] be	for other types of monitoring equipment. This is accomplished by
(4) Routinely tested for operability.	periodically maintained and calibrated on an established frequency."	Memorandum of Understanding between PNNL and BNI.
	Article 562.3 (excerpt & modified)	Note: For the purposes of this RPP,
	"Pocket and electronic dosimeters and area radiation monitors shall [835.401(b)] be calibrated in accordance with Article 562.1."	functional tests of alarm systems are those systems used for occupational radiation protection and not process
	Article 563.1	controls.
	"A program for preventive and corrective maintenance of radiological instrumentation shall be established and documented."	
	Article 563.3	
	"Radiological instruments shall [835.401(b)] undergo calibration prior to use following any preventive or corrective maintenance or any adjustment that voids the previous calibration. A battery change is not normally considered maintenance."	
	Article 552.4	
	"Radiation monitoring instruments shall [835.401(b)(2-3)] be capable of measuring ambient radiation dose rates for the purpose of controlling radiation exposures."	
	Article 551.5 (excerpt)	
	"Instruments and equipment used for monitoring shall [835.401(b)] be: b. Appropriate for the type(s), levels and energies of the radiation(s) encountered."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 562.1 (excerpt)	
	"Radiological instruments shall [835.401(b)(2-3)] be used only to measure the radiation for which their calibrations are valid."	
	Article 551.5 (excerpt)	
	"Instruments and equipment used for monitoring shall [835.401(b)] be: c. Appropriate for the existing environmental conditions."	
	Article 562.4	
	"The effects of environmental conditions, including interfering radiation, on an instrument shall [835.401(b)(3)] be known prior to use."	
	Article 551.5.d (excerpt)	
	Instruments and equipment used for monitoring should be readily available and shall [10 CFR 835.401(b)] be:	
	"d. Routinely tested for operability on a specified frequency commensurate with their application and design."	
	Article 551.5 (excerpt)	
	"Performance testing requirements for portable radiological survey instruments are identified in ANSI N323. ANSI N323 guidance includes a daily, or prior to intermittent use, response check with a \pm 20% variation. Compensatory actions should be established to ensure proper instrument performance when performance tests are not feasible, such as with instruments used to measure neutrons or tritium."	
	Article 555.7 (excerpt and modified)	
	"The proper operation of continuous air monitoring equipment should be verified by performing an operational check. Operational checks should include positive air-flow indication, non-zero response to background activity, and internal check sources or 60 Hz electronic checks when available. Continuous air monitoring equipment should be verified by checking for instrument response with a check source or with ambient levels of radon and thoron daughters."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 562.5 (excerpt)	
	"Functional tests should be used to assess instrumentation designs that include alarms or that involve a process control. A functional test should be developed to periodically test all components involved in an alarm or trip function."	
45 Sec. 835.402(a)	Article 511.1.a (excerpt)	BNI implements this requirement
Individual monitoring.	"1. For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to	through the BNI dosimetry program, which includes criteria for identifying
For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to external radiation, personnel dosimetry shall be provided to and used by:	external radiation, personnel dosimeters shall [835.402(a)] be provided to and used by:	individuals who require monitoring and through subcontracted dosimetry
(1) Radiological workers who, under typical conditions, are likely to receive one or more of the following:	a. Radiological workers who, under typical conditions, are likely to receive one or more of the following:	services. "Are likely to receive" recognizes that
(i) An effective dose equivalent to the whole body of 0.1 rem (0.001 sievert) or more in a year;	An effective dose equivalent to the whole body of 0.1 rem (0.001 sievert) or more in a year;"	professional judgment and experience will be used in making decisions in
(ii) A shallow dose equivalent to the skin or to any extremity of	Article 511.1.a (excerpt)	specific circumstances. [DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4., paragraph 5,
5 rems (0.05 sievert) or more in a year;	"1. For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to	March 1999.] This clarification
(iii) A lens of the eye dose equivalent of 1.5 rems (0.015 sievert) or more in a year;	external radiation, personnel dosimeters shall [835.402(a)] be provided to and used by:	applies to sections 835.402(a)(1) to (4). Decisions made using this clarification will be documented in a
(2) Declared pregnant workers who are likely to receive from external sources a dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus in excess	a. Radiological workers who, under typical conditions, are likely to receive one or more of the following;	technical basis document.
of 10 percent of the limit at Sec. 835.206(a);	A shallow dose equivalent to the skin to any extremity of 5 rems	
(3) Occupationally exposed minors likely to receive a dose in	(0.05 sievert) or more in a year."	
excess of 50 percent of the applicable limits at § 835.207 in a year from external sources;	Article 511.1.a (excerpt)	
(4) Members of the public entering a controlled area likely to receive a dose in excess of 50 percent of the limit at § 835.208	"1. For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to external radiation, personnel dosimeters shall [835.402(a)] be provided to and used by:	
in a year from external sources; and	a. Radiological workers who, under typical conditions, are likely	
(5) Individuals entering a high or very high radiation area.	to receive one or more of the following;	
	A lens of the eye dose equivalent of 1.5 rems (0.015 sievert) or more in a year."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 511.1.b (excerpt)	
	"1. For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to external radiation, personnel dosimeters shall [835.402(a)] be provided to and used by:	
	b. Declared pregnant workers who are likely to receive from external sources a dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus in excess of 10 percent of the applicable limit at Table 2-1."	
	Article 511.1.c (excerpt)	
	"1. For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to external radiation, personnel dosimeters shall [835.402(a)] be provided to and used by:	
	c. Occupationally exposed minors likely to receive a dose in excess of 50 percent of the applicable limits at Table 2-1 in a year from external sources."	
	Article 511.1.d (excerpt)	
	"1. For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to external radiation, personnel dosimeters shall [835.402(a)] be provided to and used by:	
	d. Members of the public entering a controlled area likely to receive a dose in excess of 50 percent of the limit at Article 214 in a year from external sources"	
	Article 511.1.e (excerpt)	
	"1. For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to external radiation, personnel dosimeters shall [835.402(a)] be provided to and used by:	
	e. Individuals entering a high or very high radiation area."	
	Article 334.3 (excerpt)	
	"c. Minimum requirements for each entry into High Radiation Areas are:	
	1) Personnel and supplemental dosimeters shall [835.402(a)(5) be worn."	

Article 334.4 ("Minimum req Radiation Area exceed a whole include those in the worker's cu dosimeter read 46 Sec. 835.402(b) External dose monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate compliance with § 835.402(a) shall be adequate to demonstrate compliance with	emonitoring programs implemented to demonstrate th Article 511.1 shall [835.402(b)(1)] be adequate compliance with the dose limits in Chapter 2. The monitoring program shall [835.402(b)(1)] be	Personnel external dosimeters include, but are not limited to, TLDs, track etch dosimeters and neutron sensitive film.
"Minimum req Radiation Area exceed a whole include those if the worker's cut dosimeter read 46 Sec. 835.402(b) External dose monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate compliance with § 835.402(a) shall be adequate to demonstrate	quirements for each entry into High and Very High as where dose rates exist such that a worker could e body dose of 1 rem in one hour shall [see 334.3] tems listed in Article 334.3 and a determination of urrent exposure, based on primary and supplemental lings." (excerpt) e monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate th Article 511.1 shall [835.402(b)(1)] be adequate e compliance with the dose limits in Chapter 2. The monitoring program shall [835.402(b)(1)] be	but are not limited to, TLDs, track etch dosimeters and neutron sensitive film.
Radiation Area exceed a whole include those in the worker's cut dosimeter read 46 Sec. 835.402(b) External dose monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate compliance with § 835.402(a) shall be adequate to demonstrate compliance with	as where dose rates exist such that a worker could be body dose of 1 rem in one hour shall [see 334.3] tems listed in Article 334.3 and a determination of turrent exposure, based on primary and supplemental lings." (excerpt) The monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate the Article 511.1 shall [835.402(b)(1)] be adequate to compliance with the dose limits in Chapter 2. The monitoring program shall [835.402(b)(1)] be	but are not limited to, TLDs, track etch dosimeters and neutron sensitive film.
External dose monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate compliance with § 835.402(a) shall be adequate to demonstrate compliance with	e monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate th Article 511.1 shall [835.402(b)(1)] be adequate compliance with the dose limits in Chapter 2. The monitoring program shall [835.402(b)(1)] be	but are not limited to, TLDs, track etch dosimeters and neutron sensitive film.
compliance with § 835.402(a) shall be adequate to demonstrate compliance with	th Article 511.1 shall [835.402(b)(1)] be adequate compliance with the dose limits in Chapter 2. The monitoring program shall [835.402(b)(1)] be	etch dosimeters and neutron sensitive film.
and shall be: external dose in accredited accredited in accredited	ccordance with the DOE Laboratory Accreditation ersonnel Dosimetry."	etch dosimeters and neutron sensitive
(2) Determined by the Secretarial Officer responsible for environment, safety and health matters to have performance substantially equivalent to that of programs accredited under the DOE Laboratory Accreditation Program for Personnel Dosimetry.		consequently, § 835.402(b)(2) is not applicable.
47 Sec. 835.402(c) Article 521.1 (c	(excerpt)	BNI implements this requirement through the BNI dosimetry program, which includes criteria for identifying individuals who require monitoring and through subcontracted dosimetry services. Note: It is not technically feasible for BNI's routine bioassay program to detect certain radionuclides at levels
radiation, internal dosimetry programs (including routine bioassay radiation, inter-	use of monitoring individual exposures to internal rnal dosimetry programs (including routine bioassay II [835.402(c)]be conducted for:	
receive a committed effective dose equivalent of 0.1 rem to receive a contract to receiv	al workers who, under typical conditions, are likely mmitted effective dose equivalent of 0.1 rem or more from all occupational radionuclide intakes	
(2) Declared pregnant workers likely to receive an intake or intakes Article 522.5		sufficiently low to meet this
resulting in a dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus in excess of 10 percent of the limit stated in Sec. 835.206(a); "Bioassay anal be performed v	lyses shall [835.104; 835.402(c); Article 522.1] also when any of the following occurs:	requirement, (for example, Plutonium). For hard to detect radionuclides, additional measures are
(3) Occupationally exposed minors who are likely to receive a dose in excess of 50 percent of the applicable limit stated at	isal contamination is detected that indicates a aternal contamination	taken to ensure this requirement is met.

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(4) Members of the public entering a controlled area likely to receive a dose in excess of 50 percent of the limit stated at § 835.208 from all radionuclide intakes in a year.	b. Airborne monitoring indicates the potential for intakes exceeding 100 mrem committed effective dose equivalent c. When directed by the Radiological Control Organization."	Field indicators (i.e., facial and skin contamination's, positive nasal smears, and presence of Pu) are used to invoke the non-routine bioassay program. This approach is consistent with DOE G 441.1-3, "Internal Dosimetry Program Guide", Section 4.2.2. Workers who "are likely to receive" recognizes that professional judgment and experience will be used in making decisions in specific circumstances. [DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4., paragraph 5, March 1999.] This clarification applies to sections 835.402(c)(1) to (4). Decisions made using this clarification will be documented in a technical basis document. Clarification to sections § 835.402(c)(3) and § 835.402(c)(4): Administrative controls are established to limit the likelihood of a minor receiving an occupational dose above the established limits of § 835.207 and the likelihood of a member of the public entering a controlled area receiving a dose above the established limits of § 835.208.	
	Article 521.1 (excerpt)		
	"For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to internal radiation, internal dosimetry programs (including routine bioassay programs) shall [835.402(c)]be conducted for:		
	b. Declared pregnant workers likely to receive an intake or intakes resulting in a dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus in excess of 10 percent of the limit stated at Table 2-1."		
	Article 521.1 (excerpt)		
	"For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to internal radiation, internal dosimetry programs (including routine bioassay programs) shall [835.402(c)]be conducted for:		
	c. Occupationally exposed minors who are likely to receive a dose in excess of 50 percent of the applicable limit stated at Table 2-1 from all radionuclide intakes in a year."		
	Article 214.a (excerpt)		
	"Minors are prohibited access to Contamination Areas, High Contamination Areas, Radiation Areas, High Radiation Areas, Very High Radiation Areas, and Soil Contamination Areas."		
	Article 521.1 (excerpt)		
	"For the purpose of monitoring individual exposures to internal radiation, internal dosimetry programs (including routine bioassay programs) shall [835.402(c)]be conducted for:		
	d. Members of the public entering a controlled area likely to receive a dose in excess of 50 percent of the limit stated at Article 214 from all radionuclide intakes in a year."		

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Internal dose monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate compliance with § 835.402(c) shall be adequate to demonstrate compliance with the dose limits established in subpart C of this part and shall be: (1) Accredited, or excepted from accreditation, in accordance with the DOE Laboratory Accreditation Program for Radiobioassay; or, (2) Determined by the Secretarial Officer responsible for environment, safety and health matters to have performance substantially equivalent to that of programs accredited under the DOE Laboratory Accreditation Program for Radiobioassay.	Article 522 (excerpt) "Internal dose monitoring programs implemented to demonstrate compliance with Article 521.1 a, b, c, and d shall [835.402(d)(1)] be adequate to demonstrate compliance with the dose limits established in Table 2-1. The internal dose monitoring programs shall [835.402(d)(1)] be accredited in accordance with DOE Laboratory Accreditation Program for Radiobioassay. Article 522.1 (excerpt) "A technical basis document shall [835.402(d)] be developed for the internal dosimetry program."	BNI is committed to using a laboratory that meets the DOE Laboratory Accreditation Program for Radiobioassay requirement as part of § 835.402(d)(1). It is not anticipated that this requirement would be applicable. However, BNI agrees to comply with § 835.402(d)(2) if the provisions of the DOE Laboratory Accreditation Program for Radiobioassay are not satisfied. Note: It is not technically feasible for BNI's routine bioassay program to detect certain radionuclides at levels sufficiently low to meet this requirement, (for example, Plutonium). For hard to detect radionuclides, additional measures are taken to ensure this requirement is met. Field indicators (i.e., facial and skin contamination's, positive nasal smears, and presence of Pu) are used to invoke the non-routine bioassay program. This approach is consistent with DOE G 441.1-3, "Internal Dosimetry Program Guide", Section 4.2.2.

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 49 Sec. 835.403(a) Air monitoring Monitoring of airborne radioactivity shall be performed: (1) Where an individual is likely to receive an exposure of 40 or more DAC-hours in a year; or 	Article 555.2 (excerpt) "Monitoring of airborne radioactivity shall [835.403(a)] be performed: a. Where an individual is likely to receive an exposure of 40 or more DAC-hours in a year."	The requirements of Section § 835.403 are met through the workplace air sampling program, which defines criteria for air sampling, including continuous air monitoring, record air sampling, and grab air samples.
(2) As necessary to characterize the airborne radioactivity hazard where respiratory protective devices for protection against airborne radionuclides have been prescribed.	Article 555.2 (excerpt) "Monitoring of airborne radioactivity shall [835.403(a)] be performed: b. As necessary to characterize the airborne radioactivity hazard where respiratory protective devices for protection against airborne radionuclides have been prescribed."	"An individual is likely to receive" recognizes that professional judgment and experience will be used in making decisions in specific circumstances. [DOE G 441.1-1, Section 4, paragraph 5, March 1999.] Decisions made using this clarification will be documented in a technical basis document.
Sec. 835.403(b) Real-time air monitoring shall be performed as necessary to detect and provide warning of airborne radioactivity concentrations that warrant immediate action to terminate inhalation of airborne radioactive material.	Article 555.3 "Real-time air monitoring shall [835.403(b)] be performed as necessary to detect and provide warning of airborne radioactivity concentrations that warrant immediate action to terminate inhalation of airborne radioactive material." Article 555.6 "Continuous air monitoring equipment required by Article 555.3 shall [835.403(b)] have alarm capability and sufficient sensitivity to alert personnel that immediate action is necessary in order to minimize or terminate inhalation exposures."	
51 Sec. 835.405(a) Receipt of packages containing radioactive materials If packages containing quantities of radioactive material in excess of a Type A quantity (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4) are expected to be received from radioactive material transportation, arrangements shall be made to either: (1) Take possession of the package when the carrier offers it for delivery; or	Article 423.14 (excerpt) "If packages containing quantities of radioactive material in excess of a Type A quantity (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4) are expected to be received from radioactive material transportation, arrangements shall [835.405(a)] be made to either: a. Take possession of the package when the carrier offers it for delivery, or	The requirements of Section § 835.405 are met through the posting and labeling program.

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(2) Receive notification as soon as practicable after arrival of the package at the carrier's terminal and to take possession of the package expeditiously after receiving such notification.	b. Receive notification as soon as practicable after arrival of the package at the carrier's terminal and to take possession of the package expeditiously after receiving such notification."	
52 Sec. 835.405(b)	Article 423.15 (excerpt)	
Upon receipt from radioactive material transportation, external surfaces of packages known to contain radioactive material shall be monitored if the package:	"Upon receipt from radioactive material transportation, external surfaces of packages known to contain radioactive material shall [835.405(b)] be monitored if the package:	
(1) Is labeled with a Radioactive White I, Yellow II, or Yellow III label (as specified at 49 CFR 172.403 and 172.436-440);	a. Is labeled with a Radioactive White I, Yellow II, or Yellow III label (as specified at 49 CFR 172.403 and 172.436-440)."	
or	Article 423.15 (excerpt)	
(2) Has been transported as low specific activity material (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4) on an exclusive use vehicle (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4); or	"Upon receipt from radioactive material transportation, external surfaces of packages known to contain radioactive material shall [835.405(b)] be monitored if the package:	
(3) Has evidence of degradation, such as packages that are crushed, wet, or damaged.	b. Has been transported as low specific activity material (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4) on an exclusive use vehicle (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4)."	
	Article 423.15 (excerpt)	
	"Upon receipt from radioactive material transportation, external surfaces of packages known to contain radioactive material shall [835.405(b)] be monitored if the package:	
	c. Has evidence of degradation, such as packages that are crushed, wet, or damaged."	

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53	Sec. 835.405(c)	Article 423.16 (excerpt and modified)	
The monitoring red include:	quired by paragraph (b) of this section shall	"The monitoring required by Article 423.14 shall [835.405(c)] include:	
package c	nents of removable contamination levels, unless the ontains only special form (as defined at 1.4) or gaseous radioactive material; and	a. Measurements of removable contamination levels, unless the package contains only special form (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4) or gaseous radioactive material; and"	
contains 1	nents of the radiation levels, unless the package ess than a Type A quantity (as defined at 1.4) of radioactive material.	Article 423.16 (excerpt and modified) "The monitoring required by Article 423.14 shall [835.405(c)] include:	
		b. Measurements of the radiation levels, unless the package contains less than a Type A quantity (as defined at 10 CFR 71.4) of radioactive material."	
54	Sec. 835.405(d)	Article 423.17 (excerpt)	A 'working day' is considered the interval of time within each 24-hour
completed as soon	quired by paragraph (b) of this section shall be as practicable following receipt of the package, hours after the beginning of the working day f the package.	"The monitoring required by Article 423.14 shall [835.405(d)] be completed as soon as practicable following receipt of the package, but no later than 8 hours after the beginning of the working day following the receipt of the package."	period during which the building or area is routinely occupied or available for operations other than emergency activities.

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Subpart F	Entry Control Program		
55	Sec. 835.501(a)	Article 330.1 (excerpt)	BNI considers entry control to include
Radiological are	eas. control shall be maintained for each radiological	"The following are general requirements for an entry control program:	posting, barricades, control devices on entryways, visual and audible alarms, administrative procedures, locked
area.	control shall be maintained for each fadiological	1. Personnel entry control shall [835.501(a)] be maintained for each radiological area."	entryways and training. This requirement is met through criteria established in the radiological monitoring program.
56	Sec. 835.501(b)	Article 330.2 (excerpt)	The BNI entry controls mentioned
	ontrol shall be commensurate with existing and original hazards within the area.	"The following are general requirements for an entry control program:	above (§ 835.501(a)) are used to the degree commensurate with existing and potential radiological hazards
		2. The degree of control shall [835.501(b)] be commensurate with existing and potential radiological hazards within the area."	within the area.
57	Sec. 835.501(c)	Article 231.10 (modified and excerpted)	
One or more of control:	the following methods shall be used to ensure	Physical barriers should be placed so that they are clearly visible from all (entry approaches).	
(1) Signs and	d barricades;	Article 330.3 (excerpt)	
	levices on entrances; lous visual and/or audible alarms;	"One or more of the following methods shall [835.501(c)] be used to ensure control:	
	ntrance ways; or	a. Signs and barricades."	
	rative controls.	Article 330.3 (excerpt)	
(6)		"One or more of the following methods shall [835.501(c)] be used to ensure control:	
		b. Control devices on entrances."	
		Appendix 3B.1.a (excerpt & modified)	
		Physical Access Controls for High and Very High Radiation Areas	
		"One or more of the following controls should be used for each entrance or access point to a High Radiation Area.	

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	a. A control device that prevents entry to the area when high radiation levels exist or that, upon entry, causes the radiation level to be reduced below the level that defines a High Radiation Area."	
	Appendix 3B.2 (excerpt)	
	"In addition to the above requirements, additional measures shall [835.502(c)] be implemented to ensure individuals are not able to gain unauthorized or inadvertent access to Very High Radiation Areas when dose rates are in excess of the posting requirements of Table 2-3."	
	Article 330.3 (excerpt)	
	"One or more of the following methods shall [835.501(c)] be used to ensure control:	
	c. Conspicuous visual and/or audible alarms."	
	Appendix 3B.1.f (excerpt)	
	"One or more of the following controls should be used for each entrance or access point to a High Radiation Area.	
	f. A control device that will automatically generate audible and visual alarm signals to alert personnel in the area before use or operation of the radiation source and in sufficient time to permit evacuation of the area or activation of a secondary control device that will prevent use or operation of the source."	
	Article 330.3 (excerpt)	
	"One or more of the following methods shall [835.501(c)] be used to ensure control:	
	d. Locked entrance ways."	
	Article 334.7	
	"The number, issue, and use of keys shall [835.502(b)(4)] be strictly controlled where locked entryways are used to control access to High and Very High Radiation Areas."	

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	Appendix 3B.1.d (excerpt)"	
	"One or more of the following controls should be used for each entrance or access point to a High Radiation Area.	
	c. Entryways that are locked. During periods when access to the area is required, positive control over each entry is maintained."	
	Article 330.3 (excerpt)	
	"One or more of the following methods shall [835.501(c)] be used to ensure control:	
	e. Administrative controls."	
	334.10 (excerpt) [for RA, HRA, & VHRA]	
	"Written procedures should be implemented to ensure the effectiveness and operability of barricades, devices, alarms, and locks."	
	Article 335.8 (excerpt)[for CA, HCA, & ARA]	
	"Administrative procedures shall [835.104, 10 CFR 835, Subpart F] be developed as necessary to implement area access controls."	
	Article 341.1	
	"Radiological work activities shall [835.501(d)] be conducted as specified by the controlling technical work document and Radiological Work Permit."	
58 Sec. 835.501(d)	Article 321 (excerpt)	
Written authorizations shall be required to control entry into and perform work within radiological areas. These authorizations shall specify radiation protection measures commensurate with the existing and potential hazards.	"Written authorizations shall [835.501(d)] be required to control entry into and perform work within radiological areas."	
	Article 321 (excerpt)	
	"These authorizations shall [835.501(d)] specify radiation protection measures commensurate with the existing and potential hazards."	

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59 Sec. 835.501(e)	Article 231.10 (excerpt)	
No control(s) shall be installed at any radiological area exit that would prevent rapid evacuation of personnel under emergency conditions.	"These barriers shall [835.501(e) and 835.502(d)] be set up such that they do not impede the intended use of emergency exits or evacuation routes."	
	Article 330.5	
	No control(s) shall [835.501(e)] be installed at any radiological area exit that would prevent rapid evacuation of personnel under emergency conditions.	
	Appendix 3B.3 (excerpt)	
	"No control(s) shall [835.502(d)] be established in a High or Very High Radiation Area that would prevent rapid evacuation of personnel."	
60 Sec. 835.502(a)	Article 334.3 (excerpt)	
High and very high radiation areas.	"Minimum requirements for each entry into High Radiation Areas shall [HNF] include the following."	
The following measures shall be implemented for each entry into a high radiation area:	Article 334.3.c (excerpt)	
(1) The area shall be monitored as necessary during access to determine the exposure rates to which the individuals are exposed; and	"2) The area shall [835.502(a)(1)] be monitored as necessary during access to determine the dose rates to which the individuals are exposed."	
(2) Each individual shall be monitored by a supplemental	Article 334.3.c (excerpt)	
dosimetry device or other means capable of providing an immediate estimate of the individual's integrated deep dose equivalent during the entry.	"Minimum requirements for each entry into High Radiation Areas are:"	
	"3) Each individual shall [835.502(a)(2)] be monitored by a supplemental dosimetry device or other means capable of providing an immediate estimate of the individual's integrated deep dose equivalent during the entry."	

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61	Sec. 835.502(b)	Appendix 3B.1 (excerpt)	
or access point such that an it whole body of	of the following features shall be used for each entrance into a high radiation area where radiation levels exist individual could exceed a deep dose equivalent to the of 1 rem (0.01 sievert) in any one hour at 30 centimeters are or from any surface that the radiation penetrates:	"1. One or more of the following controls should be used for each entrance or access point to a High Radiation Area and shall [835.502(b)] be used for each entrance or access point to a High Radiation Area where radiation levels exist such that an individual could exceed a deep dose equivalent to the whole body of 1 rem (0.01 sievert) in any one hour at 30 centimeters from the source or from any surface the radiation penetrates."	
radiatior be reduc	ol device that prevents entry to the area when high a levels exist or upon entry causes the radiation level to be below that level defining a high radiation area; be that functions automatically to prevent use or operation	(1) "A control device that prevents entry to the area when high radiation levels exist or that upon entry causes the radiation level to be reduced below the level that defines a High Radiation Area."	
of the ra (3) A control alarm significant	diation source or field while individuals are in the area; of device that energizes a conspicuous visible or audible gnal so that the individual entering the high radiation	(2) A device that functions automatically to prevent use or operation of the radiation source or field while individuals are in the area."	
entry; (4) Entrywa	the supervisor of the activity are made aware of the sys that are locked. During periods when access to the equired, positive control over each entry is maintained;	(3) A control device that energizes a conspicuous visible or audible alarm signal so that the individual entering the High Radiation Area and the supervisor of the activity are made aware of the entry."	
preventi	ous direct or electronic surveillance that is capable of ng unauthorized entry;	(4) Entryways that are locked. During periods when access to the area is required positive control over each entry is maintained."	
visual al operation	(6) A control device that will automatically generate audible and visual alarm signals to alert personnel in the area before use or operation of the radiation source and in sufficient time to permit	(5) Continuous direct or electronic surveillance that is capable of preventing unauthorized entry."	
	on of the area or activation of a secondary control nat will prevent use or operation of the source.	(6) A control device that will automatically generate audible and visual alarm signals to alert personnel in the area before use or operation of the radiation source and in sufficient time to permit evacuation of the area or activation of a secondary control device that will prevent use or operation of the source."	
		WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
		High radiation area: "Means any area, accessible to individuals, in which radiation levels could result in an individual receiving a deep dose equivalent in excess of 0.1 rem (0.001 Sv) in 1 hour at 30 centimeters from the radiation source or from any surface that the radiation penetrates."	

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implemented to ens	Sec. 835.502(c) n areas bove requirements, additional measures shall be sure individuals are not able to gain unauthorized ss to very high radiation areas.	Article 334.5 (modified and excerpted) "Minimum requirements for entry into Very High Radiation Areas shall [BNI/835.502(a)] include the controls specified in Articles 334.3. In addition a survey shall [HNF] be made prior to the first entry into a Very High Radiation Area after the source has been secured or shielded to verify the very high radiation field has been terminated."	BNI does not routinely manage any facilities identified within the scope of § 835.502(c). Should facilities be identified within this scope the requirements of § 835.502(c) will be followed
		Appendix 3B.2 (modified) In addition to the above requirements, additional measures shall [835.502(c)] be implemented to ensure individuals are not able to gain unauthorized or inadvertent access to Very High Radiation Areas when dose rates are in excess of the posting requirements of Table 2-3. WTPRCM Glossary: Very High Radiation Area:	
		"Means any area, accessible to individuals, in which radiation levels could result in an individual receiving an absorbed dose in excess of 500 rads (5 grays) in one hour at 1 meter from a radiation source or from any surface that the radiation penetrates."	
63	Sec. 835.502(d)	Appendix 3B.3 (excerpt)	BNI accepts § 835.502(d) as written.
	be established in a high or very high radiation area rapid evacuation of personnel.	"No control(s) shall [835.502(d)] be established in a High or Very High Radiation Area that would prevent rapid evacuation of personnel."	

·		Policy and Commitment Basis	
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Subpart G	Posting and Labeling		
64	Sec. 835.601(a)	Article 231.2 (excerpt)	
General requirements Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, postings and labels		"Signs shall [835.601(a)] contain the standard radiation symbol colored magenta or black on a yellow background."	
required by this si	ubpart shall include the standard radiation warning	Article 231.13 (excerpt and modified)	
trefoil in black or	trefoil in black or magenta imposed upon a yellow background.	"The posting requirements in 10 CFR 835 may be modified to reflect the special considerations of DOE activities conducted at private residences or businesses. Such modifications shall [835.601(c)] provide the same level of protection to individuals as the existing provisions in 10 CFR 835."	
		Article 412.3 (excerpt and modified)	
		"Labels shall [835.601(a)] include the standard radiation warning trefoil in black or magenta imposed upon a yellow background. Radioactive material labels applied to sealed radioactive sources may be excepted from these color specifications."	
		Article 412.6 (excerpt and modified)	
		"The labeling requirements of 10 CFR 835 may be modified to reflect the special considerations of DOE activities conducted at private residences or businesses."	
65	Sec. 835.601(b)	Article 231.3 (excerpt)	
	this subpart shall be clearly and conspicuously include radiological protection instructions.	"Signs shall [835.601(b)] be conspicuously posted, clearly worded, and, where appropriate, may include radiological control instructions."	
modified to reflect	Sec. 835.601(c) abeling requirements in this subpart may be et the special considerations of DOE activities ate residences or businesses. Such modifications same level of protection to individuals as the in this subpart.	Article 231.13 (excerpt & modified) "The posting requirements in 10 CFR 835 may be modified to reflect the special considerations of DOE activities conducted at private residences or businesses." Article 412.6 (excerpt and modified) The labeling requirements of 10 CFR 835 may be modified to reflect the special considerations of DOE activities conducted at private residences or businesses.	BNI does not anticipate conducting radiological activities at private businesses or residences. Should circumstances occur where this would be required, the requirements of § 835.601(c) will be followed.

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Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 371.10 (excerpt and modified)	
	"For the following specific subject areas, the radiological requirements of 10 CFR 835 may be modified by the limited application of the provisions of Article 113.3.10. Postings of privately owned and adjacent property."	
	Article 231.13 (excerpt and modified)	
	"Such modifications shall [835.601(c)] provide the same level of protection to individuals as the existing provisions in 10 CFR 835."	
	Article 412.6 (excerpt and modified)	
	"The labeling requirements of 10 CFR 835 may be modified to reflect the special considerations of DOE activities conducted at private residences or businesses."	
67 Sec. 835.602(a)	Article 232.1 (excerpt)	
Controlled areas. Each access point to a controlled area (as defined in Sec. 835.2) shall be posted, whenever radiological areas or radioactive material areas	"Each access point to a controlled area shall [835.602(a)] be posted whenever radiological areas or radioactive material areas exist in the area."	
exist in the area. Individuals who enter only controlled areas without	Article 232.1 (excerpt)	
entering radiological areas or radioactive material areas are not expected to receive a total effective dose equivalent of more than 0.1 rem (0.001 sievert) in a year.	"Individuals who enter only controlled areas without entering radiological areas or radioactive material areas are not expected to receive a total effective dose equivalent of more than 0.1 rem in a year."	
	Article 551 (excerpt & modified)	
	"Monitoring of individuals and areas shall [835.401(a)] be performed to:	
	a. Demonstrate compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 835."	
68 Sec. 835.602(b)	Article 232.2 (excerpt)	
Signs used for this purpose may be selected by the contractor to avoid conflict with local security requirements.	"The contractor may select the type of sign used to avoid conflict with local security requirements."	

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69 Sec. 835.603	Article 234.1 (excerpt)	
Radiological areas and radioactive material areas Each access point to radiological areas and radioactive material areas	"Areas shall [835.601 & 835.603] be posted to alert personnel to the presence of external radiation in accordance with Table 2-3."	
(as defined at Sec. 835.2) shall be posted with conspicuous signs bearing the wording provided in this section.	Article 234.7 (excerpt) "Dose received in an hour may be used as the criterion for	
(a) <i>Radiation area</i> . The words "Caution, Radiation Area" shall be posted at each radiation area	posting."	
(b) High radiation area. The words "Caution, High Radiation Area"	Table 2-3 (excerpt)	
or "Danger, High Radiation Area" shall be posted at each high	Criteria for Posting Radiation Areas	
	"Radiation Area: Dose Rate Criteria -	
(c) <i>Very high radiation area.</i> The words "Grave Danger, Very High Radiation Area" shall be posted at each very high radiation area.	> 0.005 rem/hr and ≤ 0.1 rem/hr at	
(d) Airborne radioactivity area. The words "Caution, Airborne	30 cm: Posting – "CAUTION, RADIATION AREA"."	
Radioactivity Area" or "Danger Airborne Radioactivity Area"	WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
shall be posted at each airborne radioactivity area. (e) <i>Contamination area</i> . The words "Caution, Contamination Area" shall be posted at each contamination area.	Radiation area: "Means any area, accessible to individuals, in which radiation levels could result in an individual receiving a deep dose equivalent in excess of 0.005 rem (0.05 mSv) in one hour at 30 centimeters from the radiation source or from any	
(f) High contamination area. The words "Caution High	surface that the radiation penetrates."	
Contamination Area" or "Danger, High Contamination Area" shall be posted at each high contamination area.	Article 234.1 (excerpt)	
(g) Radioactive material area. The words "Caution, Radioactive Material(s)" shall be posted at each radioactive material area.	"Areas shall [835.601 & 835.603] be posted to alert personnel to the presence of external radiation in accordance with Table 2-3."	
	Article 234.7 (excerpt & modified)	
	"Dose received in an hour may be used as the criterion for posting; the unit "rad" is associated with dose rates that pose an immediate danger."	
	Table 2-3 (excerpt)	
	Criteria for Posting Radiation Areas	
	"High Radiation Area: Dose Rate Criteria -	
	> 0.1 rem/hr at 30 cm and ≤ 500 rad/hr at 100 cm: Posting – "DANGER, HIGH RADIATION AREA"."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
	High radiation area: "Means any area, accessible to individuals, in which radiation levels could result in an individual receiving a deep dose equivalent in excess of 0.1 rem (0.001 Sv) in 1 hour at 30 centimeters from the radiation source or from any surface that the radiation penetrates."	
	Article 234.1 (excerpt)	
	"Areas shall [835.601 & 835.603] be posted to alert personnel to the presence of external radiation in accordance with Table 2-3."	
	Article 234.7 (excerpt)	
	"Dose received in an hour may be used as the criterion for posting the unit "rad" is associated with dose rates that pose an immediate danger."	
	Table 2-3 (excerpt)	
	Criteria for Posting Radiation Areas	
	"Very High Radiation Areas: Dose Rate Criteria – > 500 rad/hr at 100 cm: Posting – "GRAVE DANGER, VERY HIGH RADIATION AREA"."	
	WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
	Very high radiation area: "Means any area, accessible to individuals, in which radiation levels could result in an individual receiving an absorbed dose in excess of 500 rads (5 grays) in one hour at 1 meter from a radiation source or from any surface that the radiation penetrates."	
	Article 235.1 (excerpt)	
	"Areas shall [835.603(d-f)] be posted to alert personnel to contamination in accordance with Table 2-4."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions	
	Article 223.3 (excerpt)		
	"Any area, accessible to individuals, where: 1) the concentration of airborne radioactivity, above natural background, exceeds or is likely to exceed the derived air concentration (DAC) values listed in appendix A or appendix C of 10 CFR 835; or 2) an individual present in the area without respiratory protection could receive an intake exceeding 12 DAC-hours in a week shall [835.2] be posted as an Airborne Radioactivity Area."		
	Table 2-4 (excerpt)		
	Criteria for Posting Contamination, High Contamination		
	and Airborne Radioactivity Areas		
	"Airborne Radioactivity: Criteria – Concentrations 1 DAC or 12 DAC-hours/week: Posting – "CAUTION, AIRBORNE RADIOACTIVITY AREA"."		
	WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt and modified):		
	Airborne radioactivity area: "Any area, accessible to individuals, where:		
	1) The concentration of airborne radioactivity, above natural background, exceeds or is likely to exceed the derived air concentration (DAC) values listed in appendix A or appendix C of 10 CFR 835; or		
	2) An individual present in the area without respiratory protection could receive an intake exceeding 12 DAC-hours in a week."		
	Article 222.1 (excerpt)		
	"Any area in which contamination levels exceed the values specified in Table 2-2 shall [835.1102(b)] be controlled in a manner commensurate with the physical and chemical characteristics of the contaminant, the radionuclides present, and the fixed and removable surface contamination levels."		
	Article 235.1 (excerpt)		
	"Areas shall [835.603(d-f)] be posted to alert personnel to contamination in accordance with Table 2-4."		

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Table 2-4 (excerpt)	
	"Criteria for Posting Contamination, High Contamination and Airborne Radioactivity Areas	
	Contamination: Criteria – Contamination levels (dpm/100 cm²) > 1 time but ≤100 times Table 2-2 values:	
	Posting – "CAUTION, CONTAMINATION AREA".	
	WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
	Contamination area: "Means any area, accessible to individuals, where removable surface contamination levels exceed or are likely to exceed the removable surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2 of the WTPRCM, but do not exceed 100 times those values."	
	Article 235.1 (excerpt)	
	"Areas shall [835.603(d-f)] be posted to alert personnel to contamination in accordance with Table 2-4."	
	Table 2-4 (excerpt)	
	Criteria for Posting Contamination, High Contamination and Airborne Radioactivity Areas	
	"High Contamination: Criteria – Removable contamination levels (dpm/100 cm²) > 100 times Table 2-2 values:	
	Posting – "DANGER, HIGH CONTAMINATION AREA".	
	WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
	High contamination area	
	"Means any area accessible to individuals, where removable surface contamination levels exceed or are likely to exceed 100 times the removable surface contamination values specified in Chapter 2, Table 2-2	
	Article 236.1 (excerpt)	
	"The words "Caution, Radioactive Material(s)" shall [835.603(g)] be posted at each radioactive material area."	

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Require	ement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
		WTPRCM Glossary (excerpt):	
		Radioactive Material Area: "Means any area within a controlled area, accessible to individuals, in which items or containers of radioactive material exist and the total activity of radioactive material exceeds the applicable values provided in Appendix 4A of the WTPRCM."	
70	Sec. 835.604(a)	Article 231.14 (Modified)	
Exception	ons to posting requirements	"Areas may be excepted from the posting requirements of	
for period continuo of, and e	ay be excepted from the posting requirements of § 835.603 ods of less than 8 continuous hours when placed under our observation and control of an individual knowledgeable empowered to implement, required access and exposure measures.	10 CFR 835 for periods of less than 8 continuous hours when placed under continuous observation and control of an individual knowledgeable of, and empowered to implement, required access and exposure control measures."	
71	Sec. 835.604(b)	Article 236.3 (excerpt)	
	ay be excepted from the radioactive material area posting nents of § 835.603(g) when:	"Areas may be excepted from the radioactive material area posting when:	
(1)	Posted in accordance with § 835.603(a) through (f); or	a. Posted as a radiological area; or"	
(2)	Each item or container of radioactive material is labeled in accordance with this subpart such that individuals entering the area are made aware of the hazard; or	b. Each item or container of radioactive material is labeled in accordance with the WTPRCM such that individuals entering the area are made aware of the hazard; or"	
(3)	The radioactive material of concern consists solely of structures or installed components which have been activated (i.e., such as by being exposed to neutron radiation or particles produced in an accelerator).	c. The radioactive material of concern consists solely of structures or installed components which have been activated (i.e., such as being exposed to neutron radiation or particles produced by an accelerator)."	
72	Sec. 835.604(c)	Article 231.16 (excerpt)	
transpor posted in	ontaining only packages received from radioactive material tation labeled and in non-degraded condition need not be a accordance with § 835.603 until the packages are monitored dance with § 835.405.	"Areas containing only packages received from radioactive material transportation labeled and in non-degraded condition need not be posted in accordance with Articles 234, 235, and 236 until the packages are monitored in accordance with Articles 423."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
73 Sec. 835.605 Labeling items and containers	Article 412.1 (excerpt) "Except as provided in Articles 411.2 and 412.2, each item or	This requirement is met through criteria established in the BNI posting
Except as provided in § 835.606, each item or container of radioactive material shall bear a durable, clearly visible label bearing the standard radiation warning trefoil and the words "Caution, Radioactive Material" or "Danger, Radioactive Material". The label	container of radioactive material shall [835.605] bear a durable, clearly visible label bearing the standard radiation warning trefoil and the words "Caution, Radioactive Material" or "Danger, Radioactive Material."	and labeling program.
shall also provide sufficient information to permit individuals	Article 412.1 (excerpt)	
handling, using, or working in the vicinity of the items or containers, to take precautions to avoid or control exposures.	"The label shall [835.605] also provide sufficient information to permit individuals handling, using, or working in the vicinity of the items or containers to take precautions to avoid or control exposures."	
74 Sec.835.606(a)	Article 411.2	This requirement is met through
Exceptions to labeling requirements	"Except for sealed and unsealed sources, radioactive material	criteria established in the BNI posting and labeling program.
Items and containers may be excepted from the radioactive material labeling requirements of § 835.605 when:	Radioactivity Areas does not require specific labeling, provided	BNI does not anticipate possessing radioactive material consisting solely
(1) Used, handled, or stored in areas posted and controlled in	precautions to avoid or control exposures."	of nuclear weapons or their
accordance with this subpart and sufficient information is provided to permit individuals to take precautions to avoid or	Article 412.2 (Modified)	components. Should circumstances occur where this would be required,
control exposures; or	"Items and containers may be excepted from the radioactive	the requirements of § 835.606(a)(6)
(2) The quantity of radioactive material is less than one tenth of the	material labeling requirements of Article 412.1 when:"	will be followed.
values specified in appendix E of this part; or	a. The quantity of radioactive material is less than one-tenth of the values specified in appendix 4A; or"	
(3) Packaged, labeled, and marked in accordance with the regulations of the Department of Transportation or DOE Orders governing radioactive material transportation; or	b. Packaged, labeled, and marked in accordance with the regulations of the Department of Transportation or DOE	
(4) Inaccessible, or accessible only to individuals authorized to handle or use them, or to work in the vicinity; or	Orders governing radioactive material transportation; or" c. Inaccessible, or accessible only to individuals authorized to	
(5) Installed in manufacturing, process, or other equipment, such as reactor components, piping, and tanks; or	handle or use them, or to work in the vicinity; or" d. Installed in manufacturing, process, or other equipment, such	
(6) The radioactive material consists solely of nuclear weapons or their components.	as reactor components, piping, and tanks, or" e. The radioactive material consists solely of nuclear weapons	
r	or their components."	

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
75	Sec. 835.606(b)	Article 412.3 (excerpt)	
		"Radioactive material labels applied to sealed radioactive sources may be excepted from these color specifications."	

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
Subpart H	Records		
76	Sec. 835.701(a)	Article 711 (excerpt)	Multiple required data may be
	naintained to document compliance with this part	"Radiological control records shall [835.701(a)] be maintained as necessary to document compliance with the requirements of 10 CFR 835 and with radiation protection programs required by	contained in a single data record to allow for management of data, records, and reports.
and with radiation	protection programs required by Sec. 835.101.	§ 835.101."	BNI will maintain records required by
		Article 712.2	this part in accordance with the WTP Quality Assurance Manual.
		"Where radiological services (for example, dosimetry and laboratory analyses) are purchased, there should be a clear agreement regarding records responsibility during performance of the service. Records of results should reside in the custody of the originating contract organization."	
		Article 722.1(excerpt)	
		"Records shall [835.702(a)] be maintained to document doses received by all individuals for whom monitoring was required by Articles 511 and 521 and to document doses received during planned special exposures, unplanned doses exceeding the monitoring thresholds of Articles 511 and 521, and authorized emergency exposures."	
		Article 731.2 (excerpt)	
		"Records of doses, including zero dose, received by all members of the public for whom monitoring was performed shall [835.702(a)] be maintained. These records shall [835.702(c)(1)] be sufficient to evaluate compliance with all applicable dose limits and monitoring and reporting requirements."	
77	Sec. 835.701(b)	Article 774.1 (excerpt and modified)	
	specified in this subpart, records shall be retained ion is authorized by DOE.	"Unless otherwise specified in 10 CFR 835, records shall [835.701(b)] be retained until final disposition is authorized by DOE. All individual monitoring records required by Articles 721, 722, and 731.2, shall [835.702(h)] be transferred to DOE upon cessation of activities that could cause exposure to individuals."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
78 Sec. 835.702(a)	Article 722.1 (excerpt)	
Individual monitoring records. Records shall be maintained to document doses received by all individuals for whom monitoring was required pursuant to Sec. 835.402 and to document doses received during planned special exposures, unplanned doses exceeding the monitoring thresholds of Sec. 835.402, and authorized emergency exposures.	"Records shall [835.702(a)] be maintained to document doses received by all individuals for whom monitoring was required by Articles 511 and 521 and to document doses received during planned special exposures, unplanned doses exceeding the monitoring thresholds of Articles 511 and 521, and authorized emergency exposures."	
services, and announced contiguous, experiences	Article 722.3 (excerpt)	
	"Routine and special records related to radiation doses shall [835.702(a-b)] be retained for each person monitored. Procedures, data, and supporting information necessary for future verification or reassessment of the recorded doses shall [835.702(g); 835.704(e)] be recorded."	
	Article 722.12 (excerpt)	
	"Authorized emergency exposures and planned special exposures shall [835.1301(b)] be accounted for separately, but maintained with the individual's occupational exposure records."	
	Article 723.1 (excerpt)	
	"The complete records of radiological incidents and occurrences involving personnel dose shall [835.1301(b)] be retained."	
	Article 731.2 (excerpt)	
	"Records of doses, including zero dose, received by all members of the public for whom monitoring was performed shall [835.702(a)] be maintained. These records shall [835.702(c)(1)] be sufficient to evaluate compliance with all applicable dose limits and monitoring and reporting requirements."	
	Appendix 2A (modified and excerpted)	
	"Emergency doses are in addition to and accounted for separately from the doses received under the limits in Table 2-1."	

Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation 79 Sec. 835.702(b) The results of individual external and internal dose monitoring that is performed, but not required by Sec. 835.402, shall be recorded. Recording of non-uniform shallow dose equivalent to the skin is not required if the dose is less than 2 percent of the limit specified for the skin at Sec. 835.202(a)(4).	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual Article 722.1 (excerpt) "Records shall [835.702(a)] be maintained to document doses received by all individuals for whom monitoring was required by Articles 511 and 521 and to document doses received during planned special exposures, unplanned doses exceeding the	Other Implementing Provisions
The results of individual external and internal dose monitoring that is performed, but not required by Sec. 835.402, shall be recorded. Recording of non-uniform shallow dose equivalent to the skin is not required if the dose is less than 2 percent of the limit specified for the	"Records shall [835.702(a)] be maintained to document doses received by all individuals for whom monitoring was required by Articles 511 and 521 and to document doses received during	
performed, but not required by Sec. 835.402, shall be recorded. Recording of non-uniform shallow dose equivalent to the skin is not required if the dose is less than 2 percent of the limit specified for the	received by all individuals for whom monitoring was required by Articles 511 and 521 and to document doses received during	
	monitoring thresholds of Articles 511 and 521, and authorized emergency exposures. The results of individual external and internal dose monitoring that is performed, but not required by Articles 511 and 521, shall [835.702(b)] be recorded."	
	Article 722.3 (excerpt)	
	"Routine and special records related to radiation doses shall [835.702(a-b)] be retained for each person monitored. Procedures, data, and supporting information necessary for future verification or reassessment of the recorded doses shall [835.702(g); 835.704(e)] be recorded."	
	Article 722.13 (excerpt)	
	"Recording of the non-uniform shallow dose equivalent to the skin is not required if the dose is less than 2 percent of the limit specified for the skin at Table 2-1."	
	Article 731.2 (excerpt)	
	"Records of doses, including zero dose, received by all members of the public for whom monitoring was performed shall [835.702(a)] be maintained."	
	Table 2-1 (excerpt)	
	"Type of exposure – General Employee: skin and extremities : 50 rem"	
80 Sec. 835.702(c)	Article 711 (excerpt and modified)	WTPRCM, Table 2-1 lists Types of
The records required by this section shall:	"Radiological control records shall [835.701(a)] be maintained as	Exposure and their associated exposure limits for BNI radiological
(1) Be sufficient to evaluate compliance with subpart C of this		activities.
part; (2) Be sufficient to provide dose information necessary to complete reports required by subpart I of this part;		WTPRCM, Table 2-1 lists Types of exposure and associated exposure limits for BNI radiological activities.

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
 (3) Include the following quantities for external dose received during the year: (i) The effective dose equivalent from external sources of radiation (deep dose equivalent may be used as effective dose equivalent for external exposure); (ii) The lens of the eye dose equivalent; (iii) The shallow dose equivalent to the skin; and (iv) The shallow dose equivalent to the extremities. (4) Include the following information for internal dose resulting from intakes received during the year: 	Article 722.2 (excerpt) "Individual monitoring records required by Article 722 shall [835.702(c)]: a. Be sufficient to evaluate compliance with Articles 213, 214, and 215." Article 722.1 (excerpt) "Documentation of all occupational doses received during the current year, except for doses resulting from planned special exposures conducted in compliance with Article 213.3 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with Article 213.4, shall [835.702(d)] be obtained to demonstrate compliance with dose limits in Table 2-1." Article 722.2 (excerpt and modified)	Other Implementing Provisions
 (i) Committed dose equivalent; (ii) Committed dose equivalent to any organ or tissue of concern; and (iii) Identity of radionuclides. (5) Include the following quantities for the summation of the external and internal dose: (i) Total effective dose equivalent in a year; (ii) For any organ or tissue assigned an internal dose during the year, the sum of the deep dose equivalent from external exposures and the committed dose equivalent to that organ or tissue; and (iii) Cumulative total effective dose equivalent (6) Include the dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus of a declared pregnant worker. 	"Individual monitoring records required by Article 722 shall [835.702(c)]: b. Be sufficient to provide dose information necessary to complete reports required by Article 781." Article 722.3 (excerpt) "Routine and special records related to radiation doses shall [835.702(a-b)] be retained for each person monitored. Procedures, data, and supporting information necessary for future verification or reassessment of the recorded doses shall [835.702(g); 835.704(e)] be recorded." Article 722.6 "Records of the summation of external dose and committed dose equivalent to any organ receiving a reportable dose shall [835.702(c)(5)] be maintained for the individual receiving such dose." Article 722.7 (excerpt) "Include the following quantities for the summation of the external and internal dose: a. Total effective dose equivalent in a year; b. For any organ or tissue assigned an internal dose during the year, the sum of the deep dose equivalent from external exposures and the committed dose equivalent to that organ or tissue; and	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
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	c. Cumulative total effective dose equivalent."	
	Article 722.8 (excerpt)	
	"The dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus of a declared pregnant worker shall [835.702(c)(6)] be maintained with the occupational exposure records for that worker."	
	Article 722.9 (excerpt)	
	"Records of lifetime occupational dose, including cumulative total effective dose equivalent since January 1, 1989, shall [835.702(c)(5)] be maintained with the individual's occupational exposure records."	
	Article 722.12	
	"Authorized emergency exposures and planned special exposures shall [835.1301(b)] be accounted for separately, but maintained with the individual's occupational exposure records."	
	Article 723.1	
	"The complete records of radiological incidents and occurrences involving personnel dose shall [835.1301(b)] be retained."	
	Article 731.2	
	"Records of doses including zero dose received by all members of the public for whom monitoring was performed shall [835.702(a)] be maintained. These records shall [835.702(c)(1)] be sufficient to evaluate compliance with all applicable dose limits and monitoring and reporting requirements."	
	Article 722.4 (excerpt)	
	"External dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following:	
	a. Applicable extremity, skin, eye and whole body dose results measured with personnel dosimeters, including all multiple dosimeter badging results and area monitoring records	
	b. Evaluations resulting from anomalous dose results such as unexpected high or low doses.	
	d. Evaluations of nonuniform radiation doses.	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
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	e. Quantities for external dose received during the year:	
	The effective dose equivalent from external sources of radiation (deep dose equivalent may be used as effective dose equivalent for external exposure)"	
	Article 512.4 (excerpt)	
	"Personnel exposures to the lens of the eye shall [835.702(c)(3)] be reported separately when monitored."	
	Article 722.4.e (excerpt)	
	"External dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following: Quantities for external dose received during the year:	
	(5) The lens of the eye dose equivalent."	
	Article 512.4 (excerpt)	
	"Personnel exposures to the skin shall [835.702(c)(3)] be reported separately when monitored."	
	Article 722.4.e (excerpt)	
	"External dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following: Quantities for external dose received during the year:	
	(6) The shallow dose equivalent to the skin"	
	Article 512.4 (excerpt)	
	"Personnel exposures to the extremities shall [835.702(c)(3)] be reported separately when monitored."	
	Article 722.4.e (excerpt)	
	"External dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following: Quantities for external dose received during the year:	
	(7) The shallow dose equivalent to the extremities."	

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	Chapter 2, Part 1 (excerpt)	
	"The committed effective dose equivalent is used to assign internal dose received by personnel at DOE facilities. The committed effective dose equivalent is the resulting dose committed to the whole body from internally deposited radionuclides over a 50-year period after intake."	
	Table 2-1 Note 1	
	"Internal dose to the whole body shall [835.203(a)] be calculated as committed effective dose equivalent. The committed effective dose equivalent is the resulting dose committed to the whole bod from internally deposited radionuclides over a 50-year period after intake. Determinations of the effective dose equivalent shall [835.203(b)] be made using the weighting factor values provided in Appendix 2B."	y ger
	Appendix 2B	
	Weighting Factors for Organs and Tissues	
	Article 722.5 (excerpt)	
	"Internal dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following:	
	a. Results of monitoring used to determine individual occupational dose from internal sources shall [835.703(b)] be documented and maintained.	
	b. Applicable whole body and lung counting results (including chest wall thickness measurements where applicable).	
	c. Applicable urine, fecal and specimen analysis results, including estimated intake and identity of radionuclides.	g
	e. Information for internal dose resulting from intakes received during the year:	
	(8) Committed effective dose equivalent."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Table 2-1 Note 2:	
	"The annual limit of exposure to "any organ or tissue" is based on the committed dose to that organ or tissue resulting from internally deposited radionuclides over a 50-year period after intake plus any deep dose equivalent to that organ during the year."	
	Article 722.5 (excerpt)	
	"Internal dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following:	
	a. Results of monitoring used to determine individual occupational dose from internal sources shall [835.703(b)] be documented and maintained.	
	b. Applicable whole body and lung counting results (including chest wall thickness measurements where applicable).	
	c. Applicable urine, fecal and specimen analysis results, including estimated intake and identity of radionuclides.	
	e. Information for internal dose resulting from intakes received during the year:	
	* Committed dose equivalent to any organ or tissue of concern."	
	Article 722.6 (excerpt)	
	"Records of the summation of external dose and committed dose equivalent to any organ receiving a reportable dose shall [835.702(c)(5)] be maintained for the individual receiving such dose."	
	Article 523.1-6 (excerpt)	
	"Interpretations of bioassay results and subsequent dose assessments should include the following:	
	1. Characteristics of the radionuclide, such as chemical and physical form."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 722.5.c (excerpt)	
	"Internal dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following:	
	c. Applicable urine, fecal and specimen analysis results, including estimated intake and identity of radionuclides.	
	e. Information for internal dose resulting from intakes received during the year:	
	(9) Identity of radionuclides."	
	Article 722.7.a (excerpt)	
	"Include the following quantities for the summation of the externa and internal dose:	t
	a. Total effective dose equivalent in a year;"	
	Table 2-1: Note 2	
	"The annual limit of exposure to "any organ or tissue" is based on the committed dose to that organ or tissue resulting from internally deposited radionuclides over a 50-year period after intake plus any deep dose equivalent to that organ during the year."	
	Article 722.6 (excerpt)	
	"Records of the summation of external dose and committed dose equivalent to any organ receiving a reportable dose shall [835.702(c)(5)] be maintained for the individual receiving such dose."	
	Article 722.7.b (excerpt)	
	"Include the following quantities for the summation of the externa and internal dose:	l
	b. For any organ or tissue assigned an internal dose during the year, the sum of the deep dose equivalent from external exposures and the committed dose equivalent to that organ or tissue."	

Policy and Commitment Basis		
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 212.2	
	"Cumulative total effective dose equivalent shall [835.702(c)(5)(iii)] be recorded for all exposures received since January 1, 1989."	
	Article 722.7.c (excerpt)	
	"7. Include the following quantities for the summation of the external and internal dose:	
	c. Cumulative total effective dose equivalent."	
	Article 722.9 (excerpt)	
	"Records of lifetime occupational dose, including cumulative total effective dose equivalent since January 1, 1989, shall [835.702(c)(5)] be maintained with the individual's occupational exposure records."	
	Table 2-1	
	Summary of Dose Limits	
	"Declared Pregnant Worker: Embryo/Fetus."	
	Article 722.8 (excerpt)	
	"The dose equivalent to the embryo/fetus of a declared pregnant worker shall [835.702(c)(6)] be maintained with the occupational exposure records for that worker."	
81 Sec. 835.702(d)	Article 213.1 (excerpt)	
Documentation of all occupational doses received during the current year, except for doses resulting from planned special exposures conducted in compliance with § 835.204 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with § 835.1302(d), shall be obtained to demonstrate compliance with Sec. 835.202(a). If complete records documenting previous occupational dose during the year cannot be obtained, a written estimate signed by the individual may be accepted to demonstrate compliance.	"All occupational doses received during the current year, except doses resulting from planned special exposures conducted in compliance with Article 213.3 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with Article 213.4, shall [835.202(b)] be included when demonstrating compliance with Table 2-1, occupational dose limits for general employees and minors."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 722.1 (excerpt and modified)	
	"Documentation of all occupational doses received during the current year, except for doses resulting from planned special exposures conducted in compliance with Article 213.3 and emergency exposures authorized in accordance with Article 213.4, shall [835.702(d)] be obtained to demonstrate compliance with dose limits in Table 2-1, for general employees. If complete records documenting previous occupational dose during the year cannot be obtained, a written estimate signed by the individual may be accepted to demonstrate compliance [835.702(d)]."	
	Article 213.2.c (excerpt and modified)	
	"Radiological workers from other facilities may receive occupational exposure as a radiological worker if they:	
	c. Provide their radiation dose records for previous years and written estimates, signed by the individual, for the current year."	
	Article 722.1 (excerpt)	
	"If complete records documenting previous occupational dose during the year cannot be obtained, a written estimate signed by the individual may be accepted to demonstrate compliance [835.702(d)]."	
82 Sec. 835.702(e)	Article 213.2.c	"Reasonable efforts shall be made"
For radiological workers whose occupational dose is monitored in accordance with § 835.402, reasonable efforts shall be made to obtain complete records of prior years occupational internal and external	"Radiological workers from other DOE or DOE contractor facilities may receive occupational exposure as a radiological worker if they:	means at least 3 attempts to obtain exposure information as recommended by Occupational Protection Record-Keeping and Reporting Guid
doses.	c. Provide their radiation dose records for previous years and written estimates, signed by the individual, for the current year."	DOE G 441.1-11, Section 4.1.1.4 of May 1999.
	Article 721.1 (excerpt)	
	"For radiological workers whose occupational dose is monitored in accordance with Articles 511 and 521, reasonable efforts shall [835.702(e)] be made to obtain complete records of prior years occupational internal and external doses."	

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83	Sec. 835.702(f)	Article 781.4 (excerpt)	
	fied in this section that are identified with a specific readily available to that individual.	"The records specified in Articles 721 and 722 that are identified with a specific individual shall [835.702(f)] be readily available to that individual."	
		Article 722.2 (excerpt and modified)	
		"Radiation dose records shall [835.702(c)] contain information sufficient to identify each person, including social security, employee number, or other unique identification number."	
84	Sec. 835.702(g)	Article 722.3	
Data necessary to a recorded doses sha	allow future verification or reassessment of the lll be recorded.	"Routine and special records related to radiation doses shall [835.702(a-b)] be retained for each person monitored. Procedures, data, and supporting information necessary for future verification or reassessment of the recorded doses shall [835.702(g); 835.704(e)] be recorded."	
85	Sec. 835.702(h)	Article 774.1 (excerpt)	
	ed by this section shall be transferred to the DOE activities at the site that could cause exposure to	"All individual monitoring records required by Articles 721, 722, and 731.2, shall [835.702(h)] be transferred to DOE upon cessation of activities that could cause exposure to individuals."	
86	Sec. 835.703(a)	Article 751.1 (excerpt)	
The following info	rmation shall be documented and maintained:	Results of monitoring for radiation and radioactive material as	
Results of monitoring for radiation and radioactive material as		required by Articles 421 and 423, and Chapter 5, Part 5, shall [835.703(a) be documented and maintained.	
required by Sec. 83	ts E and L of this part, except for monitoring 35.1102(d).	Article 752.1 (excerpt)	
		"In addition to the elements provided in Article 751, records of radiation surveys shall [835.401(a); 835.703] include, at a minimum, the following information:	
		a. Instrument model and serial number	
		b. Results of the measurements of area dose rates"	
		Article 753.1 (excerpt)	
		"In addition to the elements provided in Article 751, records of airborne radioactivity shall [835.401(a); 835.703] include, at a minimum, the following information:	

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	a. Model and serial numbers of the sampler and laboratory counting instrument when available or unique identifier of each sampler and instrument.	
	b. Location of fixed air samplers	
	c. Location of portable air samplers used for a survey	
	d. Air concentrations in general airborne areas and breathing zones	
	e. Supporting parameters, including collection efficiency, flow rate, duration of sampling, correction factors and filter medium."	
	Article 754.1 (excerpt)	
	"In addition to the elements required by Article 751, records of contamination surveys shall [835.401(a); 835.703] include, at a minimum, the following information:	
	a. Model and serial number of counting equipment.	
	b. Contamination levels (using appropriate units) and appropriate supporting parameters including counting efficiency, counting time, correction factors, type of radiation and whether the contamination was fixed or removable.	
	c. Location of areas found to contain hot particles or high concentrations of localized contamination	
	d. Follow-up survey results for decontamination processes cross-referenced to the original survey."	

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87	Sec. 835.703(b)	Article 712.1	
	oring used to determine individual occupational l and internal sources;	"i. Area Monitoring Dosimetry Results (used for dose reconstruction)."	
		Article 722.4	
		"External dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following:	
		a. Results of monitoring used to determine individual occupational dose from external sources shall [835.703(b)] be documented and maintained. Applicable extremity, skin, eye and whole body dose results measured with personnel dosimeters, including all multiple dosimeter badging results and area monitoring records	
		b. Evaluations resulting from anomalous dose results such as unexpected high or low doses	
		c. Dose reconstructions from lost or damaged dosimeters, or for unbadged workers	
		d. Evaluations of nonuniform radiation doses."	
		Article 722.5 (excerpt)	
		"Internal dose records shall [835.702(b)] include the following:	
		a. Results of monitoring used to determine individual occupational dose from internal sources shall [835.703(b)] be documented and maintained.	
		b. Applicable whole body and lung counting results (including chest wall thickness measurements where applicable)	
		c. Applicable urine, fecal and specimen analysis results, including estimated intake and identity of radionuclides	
		d. Dose assessment, as required."	
		Article 752.1.b (excerpt and modified)	
		"Records of radiation surveys should include:	
		b. Results of the measurements of area dose rates."	

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	Article 753.1.d & e (excerpt)	
	"Records of airborne radioactivity should include:	
	d. Air concentrations in general airborne areas and breathing zones	
	e. Supporting parameters, including collection efficiency, flow rate, duration of sampling, correction factors and filter medium."	
88 Sec. 835.703(c)	Article 421.5	
Results of monitoring for the release and control of material and equipment as required by Sec. 835.1101; and	"The results of monitoring for the release and control of material and equipment shall [835.703(c)] be documented and maintained."	
89 Sec. 835.703(d)	Article 564.1.d (excerpt and modified)	
Results of maintenance and calibration performed on instruments and	"Calibration facilities should take the following actions:	
equipment as required by Sec. 835.401(b).	d. Generate records of calibration, functional tests and maintenance."	
	Article 761.1, 2, 3, 4 (1 is modified, 2 is an excerpt)	
	1. "Results of calibrations performed on instruments and equipment used for monitoring individuals, materials, and areas as required by 10 CFR 835 shall [835.703(d)] be documented and maintained and should include frequencies, method, dates, personnel, training and traceability of calibration sources to National Institute of Science and Technology or other acceptable standards.	
	2. Calibration records should be maintained for the following equipment:	
	a. Portable survey instruments	
	b. Bioassay measurement equipment	
	c. Laboratory, counting room and fixed radiation measuring equipment	
	d. Process and effluent monitors and sampling equipment	
	e. Radiation area monitors	
	f. Portal monitors and other personnel contamination monitors	

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	g. Pocket and electronic dosimeters	
	h. Air sampling equipment	
	i. Tool and waste monitoring equipment	
	j. Protective clothing and equipment monitors	
	k. Dosimetry Processing Instrumentation	
	Other devices used in radiation detection or measurement, as applicable.	
	3. Documentation of instrument operational checks shall [835.703(d)] be maintained for a period not less than the calibration period of the instrument or equipment	
	4. Maintenance histories, including the nature of any defects and corrective actions taken, and calibration results for each instrument or equipment shall [835.703(d)] be created and retained."	
	Article 762 (excerpt)	
	"Records of additional tests and checks of instrumentation or equipment used in conjunction with a suspected overexposure, questionable indication or unusual occurrence should be retained. In addition, records of special instrument calibrations and modifications made in accordance with Article 562.6 shall [835.703(d)] be retained."	
90 Sec. 835.704(a)	Article 612.3 (excerpt)	
Administrative records. Training records shall be maintained, as necessary, to demonstrate compliance with Sec. 835.901.	"Documentation of previous training should include the individual's name, date of training, topics covered, and name of the certifying official."	
compliance with Sec. 655.701.	Article 725.1, 3, 4, 5, 6 (3-6 are excerpts, 725.3.e is modified)	
	1. "Records of training and qualification in radiological control shall [835.704(a)] be maintained to demonstrate that a person received appropriate information to perform the work assignment in a safe manner. Qualification standard records shall [835.704(a)] be retained for on-the-job and practical factor training as well as for formal classroom training.	

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	3. Personnel training records shall [835.704(a)] be controlled and retained. At a minimum, these records shall [DOE 5480.20A, Ch. 1, Section 15 (a)] include the following:	
	a. Course title	
	b. Attendance sheets with instructor's name	
	c. Employee's name, identification number, and signature	
	d. Date of training	
	e. Identification of the examination or examination form, including sufficient data to identify which test each person completed	
	f. Verification document or record confirming satisfaction of the training requirement	
	g. Documentation related to exceptions for training requirements and extensions of qualification	
	h. Quizzes, tests, responses and acknowledgements of training, with the date and signature of the person trained	
	i. Special instructions to individuals concerning prenatal radiation dose, acknowledged by the individual's signature."	
	4. Records shall [835.704(a)] be retained for the following types of radiation safety training.	
	General employee radiological training	
	Radiological worker training	
	Periodic retraining	
	Training of radiological control technicians	
	Members of the public training	
	"Records shall [835.704(a)] be retained for the following types of radiation safety training:	
	• Instructor training	
	• Training of other radiological control personnel	

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	Respiratory protection training	
	• Qualifications for special tests or operations	
	Training of emergency response personnel	
	• Training of RGD operators.	
	Onsite training of radiographers	
	5. The following instructional material should be maintained:	
	a. Course name, with revision and approval date	
	b. Instructor's manuals, course content, or lesson plans containing topical outlines.	
	c. Video and audio instructional materials including the dates and lessons for which they were used.	
	d. Handouts or other materials retained with the master copy of the course	
	e. Job-specific training documents, such as instrument use, radiological procedures, Radiological Work Permit special training requirements, pre-job briefings and mock-up training.	
	6. Documentation of training and qualification received at another DOE location need not be duplicated."	
91 Sec. 835.704(b)	Article 742 (excerpt)	"Actions taken to maintain" means
Actions taken to maintain occupational exposures as low as reasonably achievable, including the actions required for this purpose by Sec. 835.101, as well as facility design and control actions required by Secs. 835.1001, 835.1002, and 835.1003, shall be documented.	"Actions taken to maintain occupational exposures as low as reasonably achievable, including actions required for this purpose in the radiation protection program (RPP), as well as facility design and control actions required by Articles 128 and 311, shall [835.704(b)] be documented."	the seven essential elements of an occupational ALARA program, as specified in the Implementation Guide, "Occupational ALARA Program Guide", DOE G 441.1-2, Rev.1, March 17, 1999.
92 Sec. 835.704(c)	Article 743 (excerpt)	
Records shall be maintained to document the results of internal audits and other reviews of program content and implementation.	"Records shall [835.704(c)] be maintained to document the results of internal audits and other reviews of radiation protection program content and implementation."	

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93	Sec. 835.704(d)	Article 215 (modified)			
maintained.	"After a female worker voluntarily notifies her employer in writing that she is pregnant, for the purposes of fetal/embryo dose protection, she is considered a declared pregnant worker. This declaration may be revoked, in writing, at any time by the declared pregnant worker."				
		Article 723.3 (excerpt)			
		"Written declarations of pregnancy, including the estimated date of conception, and revocations of declarations of pregnancy shall [835.704(d)] be maintained."			
94	Sec. 835.704(e)	Article 751.2	Note: For the purposes of this RPP,		
Changes in equipmonitoring shall b	ment, techniques, and procedures used for the documented.	"Changes in equipment, techniques, and procedures used for monitoring shall [835.704(e)] be documented."	documented changes are limited to those changes to sampling and monitoring systems directly related to occupational radiation protection (for example, area monitoring and air sampling) and not process monitoring.		
95 Sec. 835.704((f)	Article 755.1 (excerpt)			
with the requireme	naintained as necessary to demonstrate compliance ents of §§ 835.1201 and 835.1202 for sealed control, inventory, and source leak tests.	"Records shall [835.704(f)] be maintained as necessary to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Article 431 for sealed radioactive source control, inventory, and source leak tests."			
		Article 755.2			
		"In addition to the elements provided in Article 751, records of sealed radioactive source leak tests shall [835.704(e); 835.1202] include, at a minimum, the following information:			
		a. Model and serial number of counting equipment			
		b. Contamination levels (using appropriate units) and appropriate supporting parameters including counting efficiency, counting time, correction factors, and type of radiation			
		c. Corrective actions for leaking sources."			

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	Article 755.3	
	"Records of sealed radioactive source inventories shall [835.704(f); 835.1202] include, at a minimum, the following information:	
	a. The physical location of each accountable sealed radioactive source	
	b. Verification of the presence and adequacy of associated postings and labels	
	c. Verification of the adequacy of storage locations, containers, and devices."	

		Policy and Commitment Basis		
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Subpart I	Reports to Individuals			
96	Sec. 835.801(a)	Article 781.1 (excerpt)	BNI implements the requirements of	
	uals. re data for individuals monitored in accordance with be reported as specified in this section. The	"Radiation exposure data for individuals monitored in accordance with Articles 511 and 521 shall [835.801(a)] be reported as specified in this section."	section § 835.801 through the BNI dosimetry program and through subcontracted services.	
information shall i	include the data required under Sec. 835.702(c).	Article 781.1 (excerpt and modified)		
site or facility nam	and report shall be in writing and include: the DOE ne, the name of the individual, and the individual's mber, employee number, or other unique	"The information shall [835.801(a)] include the data required under Article 722.2, 722.4.e, 722.5.e, 722.7 and 722.8."		
identification num	ber.	Article 781.1 (modified and excerpted)		
		"Each notification and report shall [835.801(a)] be in writing and include: the DOE site or facility name, the name of the individual, and the individual's social security number, employee number, or other unique identification number."		
97	Sec. 835.801(b)	Article 781.2 (excerpt)		
records of exposur data are available, written estimate of	Upon the request from an individual terminating employment, records of exposure shall be provided to that individual as soon as the data are available, but not later than 90 days after termination. A written estimate of the radiation dose received by that employee	"Upon the request from an individual terminating employment, records of exposure shall [835.801(b)] be provided to that individual as soon as the data are available, but not later than 90 days after termination."		
based on available termination, if req	e information shall be provided at the time of	Article 732 (excerpt)		
commuton, ir req	acoted.	"The termination dose report shall [10 CFR 835.801(b)] be provided to the requesting individual as soon as data are available, but not later than 90 days after termination. A written estimate of the radiation dose received by the individual based on available information shall [10 CFR 835.801(b)] be provided at the time of termination, if requested."		
		Article 781.2 (excerpt and modified)		
		"A written estimate, based upon available information, shall be provided upon termination, if requested."		
98	Sec. 835.801(c)	Article 781.3		
annual basis, prov	DE-contractor-operated site or facility shall, on an ide a radiation dose report to each individual the year at that site or facility in accordance with	"Each DOE- or DOE-contractor-operated site or facility shall [835.801(c)], on an annual basis, provide a radiation dose report to each individual monitored during the year at that site or facility in accordance with Articles 511 and 521."		

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99 Sec. 835.801(d)	Article 781.4 (excerpt)	
Detailed information concerning any individual's exposure shall be made available to the individual upon request of that individual, consistent with the provisions of the Privacy Act (5 USC 552a).	"Detailed information concerning any individual's exposure shall [835.801(d)] be made available to the individual upon request of that individual, consistent with the provisions of the Privacy Act (5 USC 552a)."	
When a DOE contractor is required to report to the Department, pursuant to Departmental requirements for occurrence reporting and processing, any exposure of an individual to radiation and/or radioactive material, or planned special exposure in accordance with Sec. 835.204(e), the contractor shall also provide that individual with a report on his or her exposure data included therein. Such report shall be transmitted at a time not later than the transmittal to the Department.	Article 781.5 (excerpt) "When a DOE contractor is required to report to the Department, pursuant to Department requirements for occurrence reporting and processing, any exposure of an individual to radiation and/or radioactive material, or planned special exposure in accordance with Article 213.3, the contractor shall [835.801(e)] also provide that individual with a report on his or her exposure data included therein." Article 781.5 (excerpt) "Such report shall [835.801(e)] be transmitted at a time not later than the transmittal to the Department."	"Departmental requirements" means DOE Order DOE O 232.1-1A, 21 July 1997.

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
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Subpart J	Radiation Safety Training		
101	Sec. 835.901(a)	Article 613.3 (Modified)	BNI implements the requirements of
Radiation safety tr	raining	"General Employee Radiological Training:	§ 835.901 through the WTP training program and through subcontracted
	nall complete radiation safety training on the topics 35.901(c) commensurate with the hazards in the red controls:	Each individual shall [835.901(a)] complete radiation safety training on the topics established in Article 613.1 commensurate with the hazards in the area and the required controls:	services. Note: General Employee Radiological Training (GERT) is used to satisfy this
	peing permitted unescorted access to controlled	a. Before being permitted unescorted access to controlled areas;	10 CFR 835 requirement.
areas; ar (2) Before r controlle	receiving occupational dose during access to ed areas at a DOE site or facility.	b. Before receiving occupational dose during access to controlled areas at a DOE site or facility."	Clarification: Radiological Worker Training satisfies the requirements for GERT.
		Article 622.1 (excerpt)	BNI will apply the graded approach in
		"Members of the public shall [835.901(a)] receive radiation safety training prior to being permitted unescorted access to Radiologically Controlled Areas. This training shall [835.901(c)] address the radiation safety training topics in Article 613.1 to the extent appropriate for the degree of exposure to radiological hazards that may be encountered."	the implementation of BNI Radiation Protection Program procedures for this functional area. Note the application of § 835.901(c) graded approach applies to requirements 101 through 103.
102	Sec. 835.901(b)	Article 613.4	Clarification: BNI applies a two tier
training topics esta hazards in the area	nall demonstrate knowledge of the radiation safety ablished at § 835.901(c), commensurate with the a and required controls, by successful completion of ad performance demonstrations:	"Each individual shall demonstrate knowledge of the radiation safety training topics established in Article 613.1, commensurate with the hazards in the area and required controls, by successful completion of an examination and performance demonstrations:	training approach to individual or position training. Common skills and knowledge are provided at a site-wide level and additional training is provided at the facility level to address
(1) Before b areas; ar	peing permitted unescorted access to radiological and	a. Before being permitted unescorted access to radiological areas; and	facility or process specific skills or knowledge attributes.
(2) Before p worker.	performing unescorted assignments as a radiological	b. Before performing unescorted assignments as a radiological worker."	
103	Sec. 835.901(c)	Article 613.1 (excerpt)	
extent appropriate	raining shall include the following topics, to the to each individual's prior training, work degree of exposure to potential radiological	"Radiation safety training shall [835.901(c)] include the following topics, to the extent appropriate to each individual's prior training, work assignments, and degree of exposure to potential radiological hazards:	
	f exposure to radiation and radioactive materials, g prenatal radiation exposure;	Risks of exposure to radiation and radioactive materials, including prenatal radiation exposure;"	

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(2)	Basic radiological fundamentals and radiation protection concepts;	b.	Basic radiological fundamentals and radiation protection concepts;"	
(3)	Physical design features, administrative controls, limits, policies, procedures, alarms, and other measures implemented at the facility to manage doses and maintain doses ALARA, including both routine and emergency actions;	c.	Physical design features, administrative controls, limits, policies, procedures, alarms, and other measures implemented at the facility to manage doses and maintain doses ALARA, including both routine and emergency actions;"	
(4)	Individual rights and responsibilities as related to implementation of the facility radiation protection program;	d.	Individual rights and responsibilities as related to implementation of the facility radiation protection program;"	
(5)	Individual responsibilities for implementing ALARA measures required by § 835.101; and	e.	Individual responsibilities for implementing ALARA measures; and"	
(6)	Individual exposure reports that may be requested in accordance with § 835.801.	f.	Individual exposure reports that may be requested in accordance with Article 781."	
104	Sec. 835.901(d)	Art	icle 635 (excerpt)	
	escort is used in lieu of training in accordance with (a) or (b) of this section, the escort shall:		hen an escort is used in lieu of training in accordance with icle 613.12 and 613.13, the escort shall [835.901(d)]:	
(1)	Have completed radiation safety training, examinations, and performance demonstrations required for entry to the area and performance of the work; and	a.	Have completed radiation safety training, examinations, and performance demonstrations required for entry to the area and performance of the work; and"	
(2)	Ensure that all escorted individuals comply with the documented radiation protection program.	b.	Ensure that all escorted individuals comply with the documented radiation protection program."	
105	Sec. 835.901(e)	Art	icle 613.3 (excerpt)	BNI will apply the graded approach in
is a signithat may	safety training shall be provided to individuals when there ficant change to radiation protection policies and procedures affect the individual and at intervals not to exceed	are	anges to the program shall [835.901(e)] be incorporated as they identified and a decision made if retraining prior to the month period is needed.	the implementation of BNI Radiation Protection Program procedures for this functional area
24 months. Such training provided for individuals subject to the requirements of § 835.901(b)(1) and (b)(2) shall include successful	Art	icle 613.4 (excerpt)		
	on of an examination.	ind	adiation safety training shall [835.901(e)] be provided to ividuals when there is a significant change to radiation tection policies and procedures that may affect the individual."	
		Art	icle 613.4 (excerpt and modified)	
			adiation safety training shall be provided to individuals at ervals not to exceed 24 months."	

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	Article 613.4(excerpt)	
	"Such training provided for individuals subject to the requirements of this Article shall [835.901(e)] include successful completion of an examination."	

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Subpart K	Design and Control		
106	Sec. 835.1001(a) Design and control.	Article 311 (excerpt)	The plans and measures for complying
areas ALARA throcontrol. The primary methor	taken to maintain radiation exposure in controlled bugh physical design features and administrative ods used shall be physical design features (e.g., ilation, remote handling, and shielding).	"During routine operations, the combination of physical design features and administrative control shall [835.1003(a-b)] provide that: 1) the anticipated occupational dose to general employees shall [835.1003(a)] not exceed the limits established in Table 2-1, and 2) the ALARA process is utilized for personnel exposures to ionizing radiation."	with 10 CFR 835 design and control requirements are described in 24590-WTP-PL-NS-01-002, RPP-WTP Occupational ALARA Program.
	ntrols shall be employed only as supplemental I radiation exposure.	Article 311 (excerpt)	
methods to control	radiation exposure.	"The primary methods used to maintain exposures ALARA shall [835.1001(a)] be physical design features (e.g., confinement, ventilation, remote handling, and shielding)."	
		Article 311 (modified)	
		"Administrative controls shall [835.1001(a)] be employed only as supplemental methods to control radiation exposure."	
107	Sec. 835.1001(b)	Article 316.2	
demonstrated to be	ties where use of physical design features is e impractical, administrative controls shall be used on exposures ALARA.	"The minimization and control of internal exposure as discussed in Article 136 should be conducted in accordance with the following hierarchy of controls:	
		2. For specific activities where use of physical design features is demonstrated to be impractical, administrative controls shall [835.1001(b)] be used to maintain radiation exposures ALARA."	
	Sec. 835.1002 Facility design and modifications		
	of new facilities or modification of existing wing objectives shall be adopted:		
108	Sec. 835.1002(a)	Article 128.1.a (excerpt)	
	nods shall be used to assure that occupational kined ALARA in developing and justifying facility al controls.	"Optimization methods shall [835.1002(a)] be used to assure that occupational exposure is maintained ALARA in developing and justifying facility design and physical controls."	

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109 Sec. 835.1002(b)	Article 128.1.a (excerpt)	
external sources of radiation in areas of continuous occupational	ional occupational exposure is maintained ALARA in developing and ure levels justifying facility design and physical controls."	
below an average of 0.5 mrem (5 microsieverts) per hour ar below this average as is reasonably achievable. The design		
objectives for exposure rates for potential exposure to a rad worker where occupancy differs from the above shall be AI shall not exceed 20 percent of the applicable standards in Sec. 835.202.	iological "The design objective for controlling personnel exposure from	
	Article 128.2 (excerpt)	
	"Facilities currently under construction should be evaluated and the above criteria applied where practicable."	
	Article 128.1.b (excerpt)	
	"The design objective for controlling personnel exposure from external sources of radiation in areas of continuous occupational occupancy (2000 hours per year) shall [835.1002(b)] be to maintain exposure levels below an average of 0.5 mrem (5 microsieverts) per hour and as far below this average as is reasonably achievable. The design objectives for exposure rates for potential exposure to a radiological worker where occupancy differs from the above shall [835.1002(b)] be ALARA and shall [835.1002(b)] not exceed 20 percent of the applicable standards in Table 2-1.	
110 Sec. 835.1002(c)	Article 128.1.c (excerpt)	
Regarding the control of airborne radioactive material, the conjective shall be, under normal conditions, to avoid release workplace atmosphere and in any situation, to control the irrof such material by workers to levels that are ALARA; contained ventilation shall normally be used.	objective shall [835.1002(c)] be, under normal conditions, to avoid releases to the workplace atmosphere and in any situation, to	

		Policy and Commitment Basis		
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions	
111	Sec. 835.1002(d)	Article 128.1d (excerpt)		
shall include featu	lification of a facility and the selection of materials res that facilitate operations, maintenance, and decommissioning.	"The design or modification of a facility and the selection of materials shall [835.1002(d)] include features that facilitate operations, maintenance, decontamination, and decommissioning."		
		Article 128.2		
		"Facilities currently under construction should be evaluated and the above criteria applied where practicable."		
112	Sec. 835.1003(a) Workplace controls	Article 213.1 (modified)		
features and admir (a) The anticipated	erations, the combination of physical design histrative controls shall provide that: I occupational dose to general employees shall not established at § 835.202; and	"Occupational dose limits are provided in Table 2-1 and shall [835.202(a)] not be exceeded. All occupational exposure received during the current year shall be included when demonstrating compliance with Table 2-1 dose limits."		
exceed the mints e	subhished at § 655.262, and	Table 2-1 (excerpt)		
		Summary of Dose Limits		
		"General Worker: Whole Body TEDE (internal + external):Annual Limit – 5 rem."		
		Article 311 (modified and excerpted)		
		"The primary methods used to maintain (TEDE < or = 5 rem) in a year shall be facility and equipment design features. These features may be augmented by administrative and procedural requirements."		
113	Sec. 835.1003(b)	Article 311 (excerpt)		
(b) The ALARA p ionizing radiation	rocess is utilized for personnel exposures to	"During routine operations, the combination of physical design features and administrative control shall [835.1003(a-b)] provide that: 2) the ALARA process is utilized for personnel exposures to ionizing radiation."		

	Policy and Commitment Basis			
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions		
Subpart L Radioactive Contamination Control				
114 Sec. 835.1101(a)	Article 421.1 (excerpt)			
Control of material and equipment (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, material and equipment in contamination areas, high contamination areas, and airborne radioactivity areas shall not be released to a controlled area if: (1) Removable surface contamination levels on accessible surfaces exceed the removable surface contamination values specified in appendix D of this part; or (2) Prior use suggests that the removable surface contamination levels on inaccessible surfaces are likely to exceed the removable surface contamination values specified in appendix D of this part.	 "Except as provided in 421.2, material and equipment in Contamination Areas, High Contamination Areas, and Airborne Radioactivity Areas shall [835.1101(a)] not be released to a controlled area if: a. Removable surface contamination levels on accessible surfaces exceed the removable surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2; or" b. Prior use suggests that the removable surface contamination levels on inaccessible surfaces are likely to exceed the removable surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2." 			
(c) Material and equipment with fixed contamination levels that exceed the total contamination values specified in appendix D of this part may be conditionally released for movement on-site from one radiological area for immediate placement in another radiological area only if appropriate monitoring is performed and appropriate controls for the movement are established and exercised. 116 Sec. 835.1101(c) (c) Material and equipment with fixed contamination levels that exceed the total contamination values specified in appendix D of this part may be released for use in controlled areas outside of radiological areas only under the following conditions: (1) Removable surface contamination levels are below the removable surface contamination values specified in appendix D of this part; and (2) The material or equipment is routinely monitored and clearly marked or labeled, to alert personnel of the contaminated status.	Article 421.3 (excerpt) "Material and equipment exceeding the removable surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2 may be conditionally released for movement on-site from one radiological area or radioactive material area for immediate placement in another radiological area only if appropriate monitoring is performed and appropriate controls for the movement are established and exercised." Article 421.2 (excerpt) "Material and equipment with fixed contamination levels that exceed the total surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2 may be released for use in controlled areas outside of radiological areas only under the following conditions: (a) Removable surface contamination levels are below the removable surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2; and"	The criteria for "appropriate monitoring and control procedures" means using BNI's procedures to prevent the release of contained radioactive materials during routine handling. This includes monitoring frequencies as specified under those procedures.		

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 421.2 (excerpted)	
	"Material and equipment with fixed contamination levels that exceed the total surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2 may be released for use in controlled areas outside of radiological areas only under the following conditions:	
	b. The material or equipment is routinely monitored and clearly marked or labeled to alert personnel of the contaminated status."	
117 Sec. 835.1102(a)	Article 335.4 (excerpt)	It should be recognized during
Control of areas Appropriate controls shall be maintained and verified which prevent	"Exit points from Contamination, High Contamination or Airborne Radioactivity Areas should include the following:	evaluations of legacy contamination conditions that the 10 CFR 835 Appendix D values which trigger the
the inadvertent transfer of removable contamination to locations outside of radiological areas under normal operating conditions.	a. Step-off pad located outside the exit point, contiguous with the area boundary	posting and control requirements are applicable to surface contamination conditions only. They do not apply to
	b. Step-off pads maintained free of radioactive contamination	situations where an item or area is
	d. Contamination monitoring equipment located as close to the step-off pad as background radiation levels permit."	contaminated only in volume or by matrix.
	Article 335.7 (excerpt)	Consequently, the discovery of items incorporating legacy contamination by
	"Tools or equipment being removed from areas posted for surface or airborne radioactivity control shall [835.1101(a)] be monitored for release in accordance with Article 421 or for retention in the contaminated tool crib in accordance with Article 442.5."	volume, but not representing a surface contamination condition or hazard (such as contaminated flora, fauna, or some soils), would not typically represent a 10 CFR 835 noncompliance. Despite this 10 CFR 835 non-applicability, such environmental contamination conditions must be appropriately controlled. Should legacy contamination be discovered, it will be
	Article 337.4	
	"The following measures should be used to prevent the spread of contamination across the boundary of Contamination Areas, High Contamination Areas and Airborne Radioactivity Areas: Use engineering controls and containment devices such as glovebags, gloveboxes and tents."	
	Article 342.1	controlled in accordance with this RPP.
	"Contamination levels caused by ongoing work shall [835.401(a)] be monitored and maintained ALARA."	BNI implements the requirements in § 835.1102 through the BNI monitoring program and through the posting elements of the BNI posting and labeling program.

Policy and Commitment Basis		
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 551.8	
	"Survey frequencies should be established based on potential radiological conditions, probability of change in conditions and area occupancy factors."	
118 Sec. 835.1102(b)	Article 222.1 (excerpt)	This requirement applies to those
Any area in which contamination levels exceed the values specified in appendix D of this part shall be controlled in a manner commensurate with the physical and chemical characteristics of the contaminant, the radionuclides present, and the fixed and removable surface contamination levels.	"Any area in which contamination levels exceed the values specified in Table 2-2 shall [835.1102(b)] be controlled in a manner commensurate with the physical and chemical characteristics of the contaminant, the radionuclides present, and the fixed and removable surface contamination levels."	areas of the Hanford Site that have already been identified. In the event new areas are identified, measures shall be taken to post the area appropriately per 10 CFR 835.
119 Sec. 835.1102(c)	Article 222.3 (excerpt)	
Areas accessible to individuals where the measured total surface contamination levels exceed, but the removable surface contamination levels are less than, corresponding surface contamination values specified in appendix D of this part, shall be controlled as follows when located outside of radiological areas: (1) The area shall be routinely monitored to ensure the removable surface contamination level remains below the removable surface contamination values specified in	"Areas accessible to individuals where the measured total surface contamination levels exceed, but the removable surface contamination levels are less than, corresponding surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2, shall [835.1102(c)] be controlled as follows when located outside Contamination Areas, High Contamination Areas, and Airborne Radioactivity Areas." Article 222.3 (excerpt)	
appendix D of this part; and	"The area shall [835.1102 (c)(1)] be routinely monitored to ensure	
(2) The area shall be conspicuously marked to warn individuals of the contaminated status.	the removable surface contamination level remains below the removable surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2."	
	Article 222.3 (excerpt)	
	"The area shall [835.1102 (c)(2)] be conspicuously marked to warn individuals of the contamination status."	

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
120	Sec. 835.1102(d)	Article 221.1 (modified and excerpted)	
Individuals exiting contamination, high contamination, or airborne radioactivity areas shall be monitored, as appropriate, for the presence of surface contamination.	"Individuals exiting Contamination Areas, High Contamination Areas, Airborne Radioactivity Areas shall [835.1102(d)] be monitored, as appropriate, for the presence of surface contamination as required by Article 338. This does not apply to personnel exiting areas containing only radionuclides, such as tritium, that cannot be detected using hand-held or automatic frisking equipment. At such facilities, additional emphasis should be placed on worker bioassay programs and routine contamination and air sampling programs."		
		Article 221.2 (excerpt)	
	"Monitoring for contamination shall [835.401(a)(1), & 835.1102(d)] be performed using frisking equipment that can detect total contamination of at least the values specified in Table 2-2."		
121	Sec. 835.1102 (e)	Article 325.1 (excerpt)	
Protective clothing shall be required for entry to areas in which removable contamination exists at levels exceeding the removable surface contamination values specified in appendix D of this part.	"Personnel shall [835.1102(e)] wear protective clothing during the following activities:		
	a. Handling of contaminated materials with removable contamination in excess of Table 2-2 levels		
	b. Entry to areas in which removable contamination exists at levels exceeding the removable surface contamination values specified in Table 2-2."		
		Article 335.1 (excerpt)	
		"Minimum requirements for unescorted entry into Contamination Areas shall [835.1102(e) and 835.202(b)] also include the following:	
		c. protective clothing, as required by the governing RWP."	
		Article 335.2 (excerpt)	
		"Minimum requirements for entry into High Contamination or Airborne Radioactivity Areas shall [HNF] include the following:	
		e. protective clothing, as required by the governing RWP."	

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
Subpart M	Sealed Radioactive Source Control		
122	Sec. 835.1201	Article 431 (excerpt)	The requirements of § 835.1201 are
Sealed radioactive	source control	"Sealed radioactive sources shall [835.1201] be used, handled, and	implemented through the BNI source control program.
	sources shall be used, handled, and stored in a urate with the hazards associated with operations ces.	stored in a manner commensurate with the hazards associated with the operations involving the sources."	
123	Sec. 835.1202(a)	Article 431.3 (excerpt)	
	sealed radioactive source shall be inventoried at ceed six months. This inventory shall:	"Each accountable sealed radioactive source shall [835.1202(a)] be inventoried at intervals not to exceed six months. This	
	n the physical location of each accountable sealed ive source;	inventory shall [835.1202(a)]:" Article 431.3.a	
(2) Verify the and labe	ne presence and adequacy of associated postings ls; and	"Establish the physical location of each accountable sealed radioactive source."	
	n the adequacy of storage locations, containers, and	Article 431.3.b	
devices.	devices.	"Verify the presence and adequacy of associated postings and labels, and"	
		Article 431.3.c	
		"Establish the adequacy of storage locations, containers, and devices."	
124	Sec. 835.1202(b)	Article 431.4 (excerpt)	
Except for sealed radioactive sources consisting solely of gaseous radioactive material or tritium, each accountable sealed radioactive source shall be subject to a source leak test upon receipt, when damage is suspected, and at intervals not to exceed six months. Source leak tests shall be capable of detecting radioactive material leakage equal to or exceeding 0.005 microcurie.	"Except for sealed radioactive sources consisting solely of gaseous radioactive material or tritium, each accountable sealed radioactive source shall [835.1202(b)] be subject to a source leak test upon receipt, when damage is suspected and at intervals not to exceed six months."		
	r exceeding 0.005 microcurie.	Article 431.4 (excerpt)	
		"Source leak tests shall [835.1202(b)] be capable of detecting radioactive material leakage equal to or exceeding 0.005 μCi."	

Policy and Commitment Basis			
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
125	Sec. 835.1202(c)	Article 431.5 (excerpt)	
Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, an accountable sealed radioactive source is not subject to periodic source leak testing if that source has been removed from service.		"Notwithstanding the requirements of Article 431.4, an accountable sealed radioactive source is not subject to periodic source leak testing if that source has been removed from service."	
	be stored in a controlled location, subject to as required by paragraph (a) of this section, and	Article 431.5 (excerpt)	
	eak testing prior to being returned to service.	"Such sources shall [835.1202(c)] be stored in a controlled location and subject to periodic inventory in accordance with Article 431.3 and subject to leak testing prior to being returned to service."	
126	Sec. 835.1202(d)	Article 431.6	
section, an accoun periodic inventory	ne requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this table sealed radioactive source is not subject to and source leak testing if that source is located in afe for human entry or otherwise inaccessible.	"Notwithstanding the requirements of Articles 431.3 and 431.4, an accountable sealed radioactive source is not subject to periodic inventory and source leak testing if that source is located in an area that is unsafe for human entry or otherwise inaccessible."	
127	Sec. 835.1202(e)	Article 431.7 (excerpt)	
radioactive materia	aled radioactive source found to be leaking al shall be controlled in a manner that minimizes active contamination.	"An accountable sealed radioactive source found to be leaking radioactive material shall [835.1202(e)] be controlled in a manner that minimizes the spread of radioactive contamination. These controls should include wrapping or containing the source, applying appropriate labels, and removing the source from service. A minimum detection threshold of equal to or less than 0.005 μ Ci will be used."	

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
Subpart N	Emergency Exposure Situations		
128	Sec. 835.1301(a)	Article 213.4 (excerpt)	In the event the circumstances
numerical value o result of an author return to work in r that all of the follo (1) Approval is f the Head of t (2) The individu and medical additional oc	the whose occupational dose has exceeded the fany of the limits specified in Sec. 835.202 as a rized emergency exposure may be permitted to radiological areas during the current year providing owing conditions are met: Sirst obtained from the contractor management and the responsible DOE field organization; all receives counseling from radiological protection personnel regarding the consequences of receiving ecupational exposure during the year; and employee agrees to return to radiological work.	"A general employee whose occupational dose has exceeded the numerical value of any of the limits specified in Table 2-1 as a result of an authorized emergency exposure may be permitted to return to work in radiological areas during the current year providing that all of the following conditions are met: • Approval is first obtained from the contractor management and the Head of the responsible DOE field organization (DOE-ORP Manager);" Article 213.4 (excerpt) "A general employee whose occupational dose has exceeded the numerical value of any of the limits in specified in Table 2-1 as a result of an authorized emergency exposure may be permitted to return to work in radiological areas during the current year providing that all of the following conditions are met: • The individual receives counseling from radiological protection and medical personnel regarding the consequences of receiving additional occupational exposure during the year; and" Article 213.4 (excerpt) "A general employee whose occupational dose has exceeded the numerical value of any of the limits in specified in Table 2-1 as a result of an authorized emergency exposure may be permitted to return to work in radiological areas during the current year providing that all of the following conditions are met: • The affected employee agrees to return to radiological work."	outlined in § 835.1301(a) occurs, the provisions in § 835.1301 shall be followed. BNI implements requirement § 835.1301(a) through the emergency preparedness program, and administrative documents.
129	Sec. 835.1301(b)	Article 722.12	
	All doses exceeding the limits specified in Sec. 835.202 shall be recorded in the affected individual's occupational dose record.	"Authorized emergency exposures and planned special exposures shall [835.1301(b)] be accounted for separately, but maintained with the individual's occupational exposure records."	
		Article 723.1 (excerpt)	
		"The complete records of radiological incidents and occurrences involving personnel dose shall [835.1301(b)] be retained."	

	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
	Article 213.4b (excerpt)	
	"All doses exceeding the limits specified in Table 2-1 shall [835.1301(b)] be recorded in the affected individual's occupational dose record."	
130 Sec. 835.1301(c)	Article 213.4 (excerpt)	
When the conditions under which a dose was received in excess of the limits specified in Sec. 835.202, except those received in accordance with Sec. 835.204, have been eliminated, operating management shall notify the Head of the responsible DOE field organization.	"When the conditions under which a dose was received in excess of the limits specified in Table 2-1, except those received in accordance with the planned special exposure provisions in Article 213.3, have been eliminated, operating management shall [835.1301(c)] notify the Head of the responsible DOE field organization."	
131 Sec. 835.1301(d)	Article 213.4d (excerpt)	
Operations after a dose was received in excess of the limits specified in Sec. 835.202, except those received in accordance with Sec. 835.204 may be resumed only with the approval of DOE.	"Operations after a dose was received in excess of the limits specified in Table 2-1, except those received in accordance with Article 213.3, may be resumed only with the approval of DOE."	
132 Sec. 835.1302(a) Emergency exposure situations. The risk of injury to those individuals involved in rescue and recovery operations shall be minimized.	Appendix 2A (excerpt) "Guidelines for Control of Emergency Exposures" "In extremely rare cases, emergency exposure to radiation may be necessary to rescue personnel or to protect major property. Emergency exposures may be authorized in accordance with the provisions contained in Article 213.4." Article 213.4.e (excerpt) "The risk of injury to those individuals involved in rescue and recovery operations shall [835.1302(a)] be minimized."	"Riskshall be minimized" means, if alternative actions are available to meet emergency needs, then adopting the action with the lowest assessed risk of significant personnel injury shall take precedence over property loss considerations. Clarification: Implementation of guidelines will utilize professional judgement within the confines of approved emergency procedures. Subsequent to an emergency, BNI use of professional judgement will be evaluated as a part of the event as discussed in "Occupational Radiation Protection Record-Keeping and

		Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement #	10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
133	Sec. 835.1302(b)	Article 213.4.e (excerpt)	
Operating management shall weigh actual and potential risks against the benefits to be gained.		"Emergency exposure limits are not Planned Special Exposure limits. The following apply to emergency situations:	
		Operating management shall [835.1302(b)] weigh actual and potential risks against the benefits to be gained."	
134	Sec. 835.1302(c)	Article 213.4.e (excerpt)	
No individual shall be required to perform a rescue action that might involve substantial personal risk.		"Emergency exposure limits are not Planned Special Exposure limits. The following apply to emergency situations:	
		No individual shall [835.1302(c)] be required to perform a rescue action that might involve substantial personal risk."	
135	Sec. 835.1302(d)	Appendix 2A (excerpt)	
result in occupatio	athorized to perform emergency actions likely to mal doses exceeding the values of the limits	"Emergency exposures may be authorized in accordance with the provisions contained in Article 213.4."	
	202(a) shall be trained in accordance with oriefed beforehand on the known or anticipated	Article 656.7	
hazards to which the individual will be subjected.	"Provisions should be in place to accommodate rapid site and radiological area access by on-site and off-site emergency workers such as firefighters, medical personnel, and security personnel.		
	7. Each individual authorized to perform emergency actions likely to result in occupational doses exceeding the values of the limits provided in Table 2-1 shall [835.1302(d)] be trained in accordance with Article 613.4 and briefed beforehand on the known or anticipated hazards to which the individual will be subjected."		
136 Sec. 835	5.1304(a) Nuclear accident dosimetry.	Article 515.1 (excerpt)	For the purpose of this requirement,
potentially constitute of individuals to ra	essing sufficient quantities of fissile material to ute a critical mass, such that the excessive exposure adiation from a nuclear accident is possible, shall excident dosimetry for those individuals.	"Installations possessing sufficient quantities of fissile material to potentially constitute a critical mass, such that the excessive exposure of individuals to radiation from a nuclear accident is possible, shall [835.1304(a)] provide nuclear accident dosimetry for those individuals."	BNI defines "Critical Mass" as the smallest mass of fissionable material that will support a self-sustaining chain reaction under specified conditions.
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	Policy and Commitment Basis	
Requirement # 10 CFR 835 Citation	Waste Treatment Plant Radiological Control Manual	Other Implementing Provisions
		For the purpose of this requirement, BNI defines "Safe Mass" as that mass of fissionable materials which is subcritical for all conditions to which it could reasonably be expected to be exposed, including processing, handling, storing, and procedural uncertainties.
		BNI does not currently manage any facilities identified within the scope of § 835.1304. Should facilities be identified within this scope the requirements of § 835.1304 will be followed.
137 Sec. 835.1304(b)	Article 515.2 (excerpt)	BNI does not currently manage any
Nuclear accident dosimetry shall include the following:	"Nuclear accident dosimetry shall [835.1304(b)] include the	facilities identified within the scope of § 835.1304. Should facilities be
(1) A method to conduct initial screening of individuals involved in a nuclear accident to determine whether significant exposures to radiation occurred;	following: a. A method to conduct initial screening of individuals involved in a nuclear accident to determine whether significant	identified within this scope, the requirements of § 835.1304 will be followed.
(2) Methods and equipment for analysis of biological materials;	exposures to radiation occurred;"	
(3) A system of fixed nuclear accident dosimeter units; and	b. Methods and equipment for analysis of biological materials;"	
(4) Personal nuclear accident dosimeters.	c. A system of fixed nuclear accident dosimeter units; and"	
	d. Personal nuclear accident dosimeters."	