

**Table 17.1 Any Illicit Drug Use in Past Month and Any Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Any Illicit Drug Use in Past Month		Any Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	6.42	(5.49 - 7.51)	2.93	(2.40 - 3.58)
Kansas City Metro	6.96	(5.55 - 8.68)	2.90	(2.22 - 3.78)
Northeast	5.99	(4.60 - 7.76)	2.88	(2.11 - 3.91)
South Central	6.36	(4.75 - 8.46)	2.96	(2.16 - 4.06)
Southeast	6.04	(4.40 - 8.23)	3.03	(2.20 - 4.15)
West	4.99	(3.68 - 6.72)	2.71	(1.95 - 3.76)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	7.20	(5.47 - 9.42)	3.15	(2.32 - 4.27)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.2 Marijuana Use in Past Month, Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Marijuana Use in Past Month		Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana <sup>1</sup>		Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	4.79	(4.00 - 5.74)	1.79	(1.56 - 2.05)	43.77	(41.06 - 46.51)
Kansas City Metro	5.65	(4.42 - 7.21)	1.99	(1.58 - 2.49)	39.80	(35.85 - 43.88)
Northeast	4.57	(3.38 - 6.15)	1.77	(1.38 - 2.27)	44.18	(39.23 - 49.24)
South Central	4.45	(3.23 - 6.10)	1.76	(1.34 - 2.30)	47.85	(42.69 - 53.05)
Southeast	3.66	(2.52 - 5.27)	1.67	(1.26 - 2.21)	48.59	(42.76 - 54.45)
West	3.48	(2.44 - 4.94)	1.53	(1.15 - 2.04)	51.21	(45.66 - 56.73)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	5.16	(3.83 - 6.93)	1.75	(1.33 - 2.30)	39.98	(35.31 - 44.84)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Average Annual Rate =  $[100 * \{ (\text{Number of Marijuana Initiates in past 24 months}) / [(\text{Number of Marijuana Initiates in past 24 months} * 0.5) + \text{Number of persons who never used marijuana}] / 2]$ . Both the computation components, Number of Marijuana Initiates in past 24 months and Number of persons who never used marijuana, are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. The prediction intervals for Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana use a simultaneous solution for First Use of Marijuana and Never Used Marijuana outcomes, which had random effects that were allowed to be correlated across the two outcomes. The associated Markov Chain Monte Carlo chains were used to calculate the posterior variance.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.3 Marijuana Use in Past Year, Cocaine Use in Past Year, and Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Marijuana Use in Past Year		Cocaine Use in Past Year		Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	9.04	(7.98 - 10.23)	2.04	(1.60 - 2.61)	4.17	(3.44 - 5.06)
Kansas City Metro	10.18	(8.51 - 12.13)	2.14	(1.57 - 2.91)	4.04	(3.09 - 5.26)
Northeast	8.10	(6.42 - 10.17)	1.88	(1.34 - 2.64)	3.98	(2.93 - 5.38)
South Central	8.62	(6.78 - 10.91)	1.82	(1.28 - 2.60)	4.32	(3.15 - 5.90)
Southeast	8.78	(6.85 - 11.18)	1.89	(1.33 - 2.68)	4.23	(3.06 - 5.81)
West	6.56	(5.00 - 8.55)	1.90	(1.32 - 2.72)	3.41	(2.42 - 4.80)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	10.25	(8.17 - 12.79)	2.39	(1.68 - 3.41)	5.06	(3.76 - 6.79)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.4 Alcohol Use in Past Month, Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Use in Past Month		Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month <sup>1</sup>		Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	49.31	(46.55 - 52.08)	23.47	(21.45 - 25.62)	39.67	(37.09 - 42.30)
Kansas City Metro	53.86	(49.50 - 58.15)	24.19	(21.21 - 27.44)	41.03	(37.33 - 44.83)
Northeast	48.38	(43.27 - 53.53)	23.93	(20.78 - 27.38)	37.23	(32.89 - 41.78)
South Central	45.80	(40.29 - 51.41)	23.47	(19.84 - 27.53)	38.04	(33.48 - 42.82)
Southeast	46.34	(39.75 - 53.07)	22.93	(19.20 - 27.14)	38.86	(33.76 - 44.22)
West	42.51	(36.72 - 48.51)	21.33	(17.80 - 25.35)	41.07	(36.26 - 46.05)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	50.87	(45.86 - 55.86)	23.38	(20.05 - 27.08)	40.61	(36.29 - 45.09)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.5 Alcohol Use in Past Month and Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20		Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 <sup>1</sup>	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	32.07	(29.59 - 34.64)	23.38	(21.22 - 25.68)
Kansas City Metro	32.08	(28.20 - 36.22)	23.51	(20.05 - 27.36)
Northeast	33.12	(28.73 - 37.82)	25.70	(21.96 - 29.84)
South Central	31.12	(26.36 - 36.31)	23.54	(19.44 - 28.20)
Southeast	34.29	(29.28 - 39.67)	25.13	(20.68 - 30.16)
West	30.77	(25.66 - 36.40)	21.91	(17.85 - 26.60)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	31.57	(27.14 - 36.36)	20.51	(16.77 - 24.84)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.6 Cigarette Use in Past Month, Any Tobacco Product Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Cigarette Use in Past Month		Any Tobacco Product Use in Past Month <sup>1</sup>		Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	27.15	(24.86 - 29.56)	32.33	(29.96 - 34.81)	71.29	(69.03 - 73.46)
Kansas City Metro	26.49	(23.37 - 29.85)	31.59	(28.14 - 35.27)	72.24	(69.14 - 75.14)
Northeast	27.51	(24.01 - 31.31)	32.44	(28.54 - 36.59)	70.68	(67.00 - 74.11)
South Central	27.57	(23.71 - 31.80)	33.57	(29.13 - 38.33)	70.86	(66.99 - 74.44)
Southeast	29.85	(25.42 - 34.69)	35.82	(31.01 - 40.93)	68.67	(64.42 - 72.63)
West	25.75	(21.99 - 29.91)	30.84	(26.61 - 35.41)	71.20	(67.36 - 74.75)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	27.41	(23.89 - 31.25)	32.13	(28.28 - 36.25)	71.83	(68.37 - 75.05)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Any Tobacco product includes cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.7 Alcohol Dependence in Past Year and Any Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Dependence in Past Year		Any Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year <sup>1</sup>	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	3.18	(2.60 - 3.87)	1.65	(1.29 - 2.10)
Kansas City Metro	3.39	(2.57 - 4.46)	1.76	(1.27 - 2.43)
Northeast	3.17	(2.34 - 4.30)	1.58	(1.11 - 2.23)
South Central	2.88	(2.11 - 3.91)	1.65	(1.14 - 2.38)
Southeast	3.01	(2.20 - 4.10)	1.46	(0.99 - 2.13)
West	2.99	(2.19 - 4.09)	1.52	(1.04 - 2.23)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	3.21	(2.39 - 4.30)	1.69	(1.17 - 2.44)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence is based on the definition found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*.

<sup>1</sup> Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.8 Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, and Dependence on or Abuse of Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol in Past Year in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year		Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year <sup>1</sup>		Dependence on or Abuse of Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol in Past Year <sup>1</sup>	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	7.88	(6.86 - 9.04)	2.49	(2.04 - 3.04)	9.02	(7.96 - 10.20)
Kansas City Metro	8.83	(7.29 - 10.67)	2.70	(2.08 - 3.51)	9.87	(8.31 - 11.68)
Northeast	7.99	(6.43 - 9.89)	2.37	(1.76 - 3.18)	9.13	(7.41 - 11.20)
South Central	6.80	(5.35 - 8.59)	2.48	(1.82 - 3.38)	8.02	(6.46 - 9.91)
Southeast	7.53	(5.94 - 9.49)	2.35	(1.72 - 3.19)	8.48	(6.76 - 10.60)
West	6.90	(5.38 - 8.80)	2.29	(1.67 - 3.14)	7.94	(6.34 - 9.89)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	7.71	(6.12 - 9.65)	2.45	(1.81 - 3.33)	9.10	(7.38 - 11.18)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV)*.

<sup>1</sup> Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.



**Table 17.9** *Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year and Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year in Kansas among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs*

State/Substate Region	Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year <sup>1</sup>		Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year <sup>2</sup>	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	7.50	(6.53 - 8.61)	2.21	(1.81 - 2.69)
Kansas City Metro	8.41	(7.01 - 10.06)	2.32	(1.78 - 3.02)
Northeast	7.58	(6.11 - 9.37)	2.14	(1.61 - 2.82)
South Central	6.45	(5.11 - 8.12)	2.23	(1.64 - 3.01)
Southeast	7.11	(5.61 - 8.97)	2.10	(1.54 - 2.85)
West	6.66	(5.19 - 8.50)	2.13	(1.56 - 2.90)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	7.34	(5.88 - 9.12)	2.15	(1.61 - 2.88)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

<sup>2</sup> Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), inhalants, hallucinogens, heroin, or prescription-type psychotherapeutic (nonmedical use).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Table 17.10 Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year in Kansas among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

State/Substate Region	Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
<b>Kansas</b>	9.25	(7.96 - 10.73)
Kansas City Metro	9.26	(7.41 - 11.51)
Northeast	9.75	(7.57 - 12.48)
South Central	8.84	(6.77 - 11.47)
Southeast	9.55	(7.20 - 12.56)
West	8.20	(6.19 - 10.79)
Wichita (Sedgwick)	9.61	(7.52 - 12.20)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

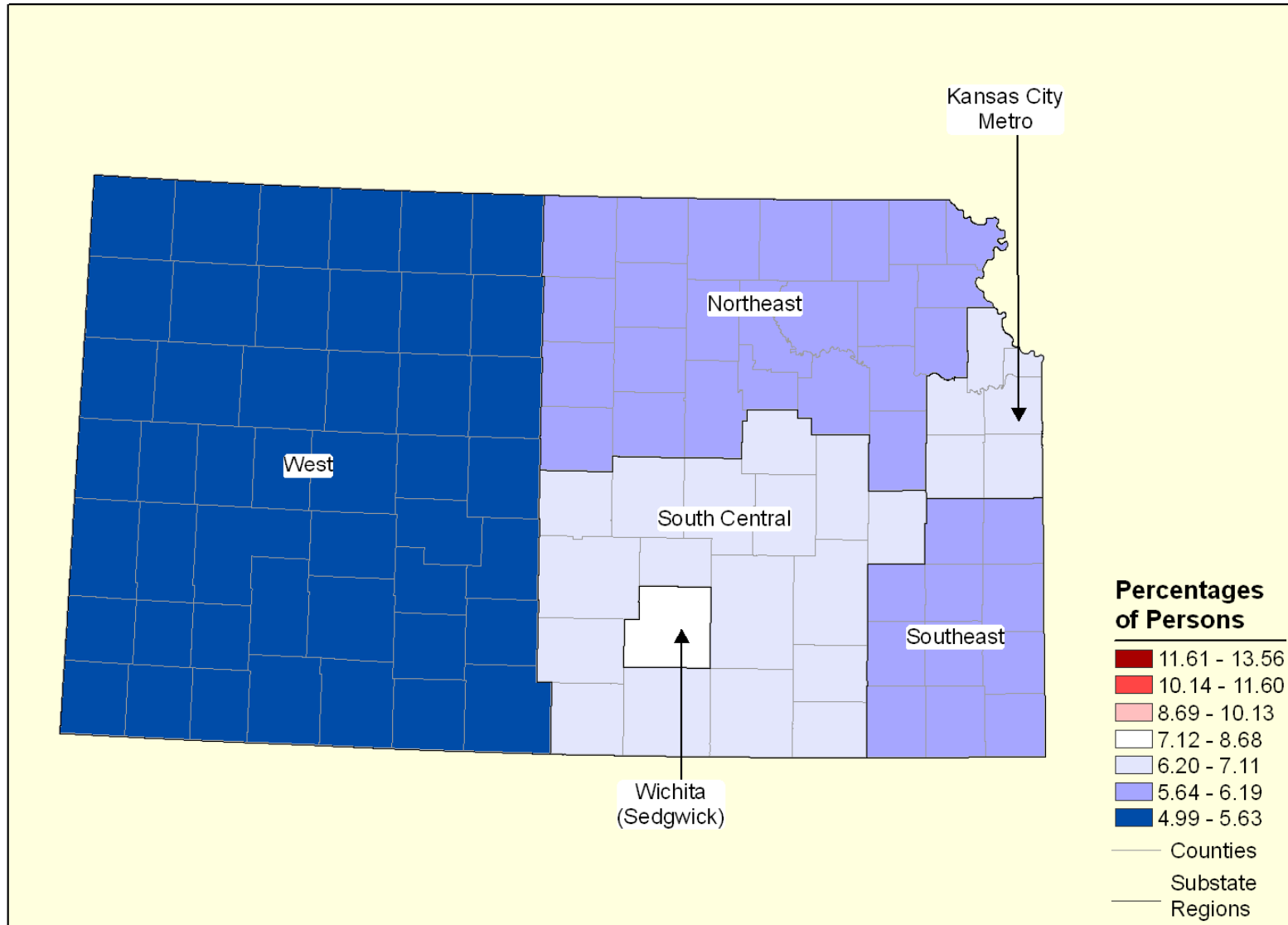
NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Serious Psychological Distress (SPD) was referred to as Serious Mental Illness (SMI) in prior NSDUH reports.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.1.1 Any Illicit Drug Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

555

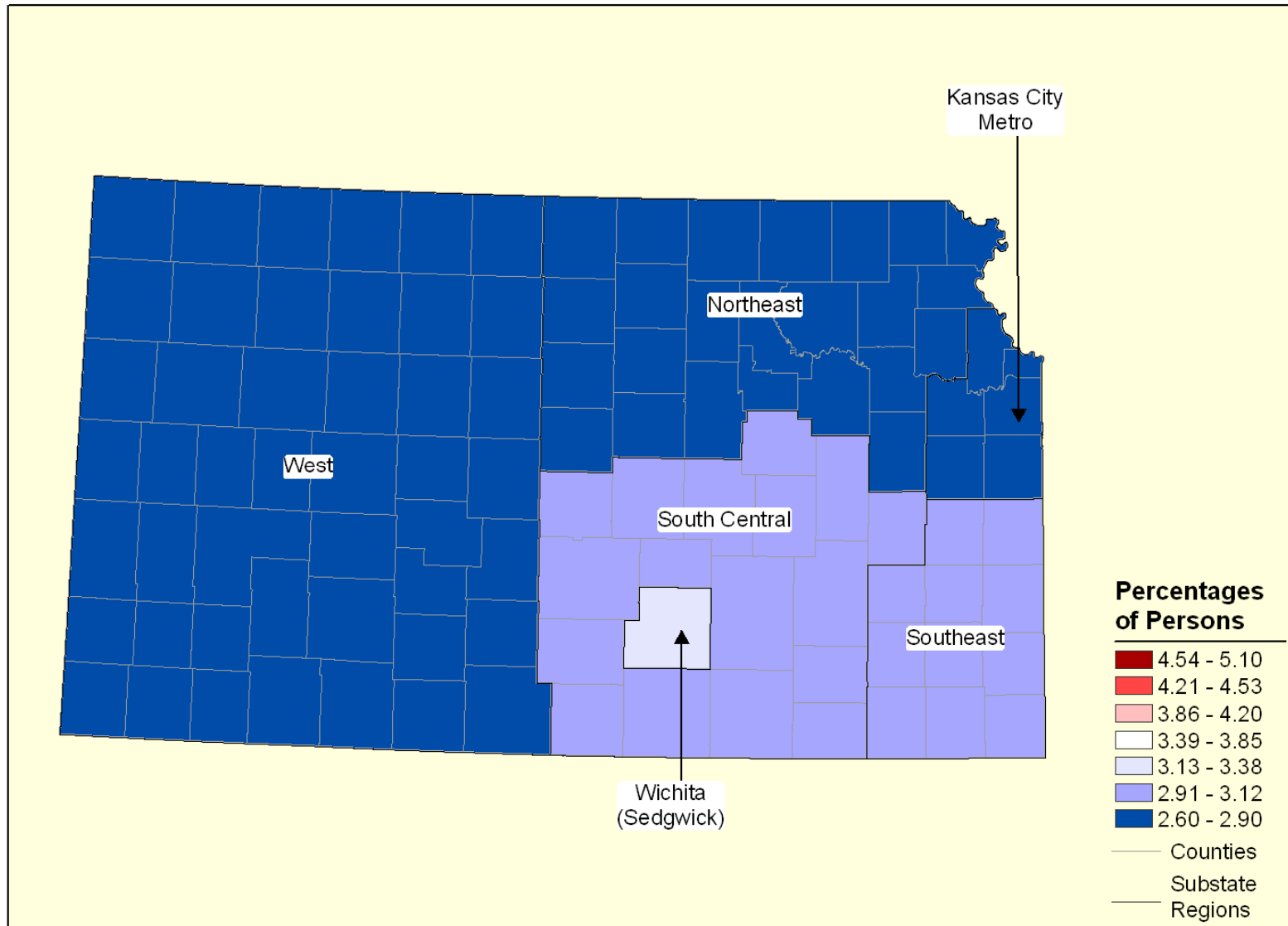


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.1.2 Any Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

556

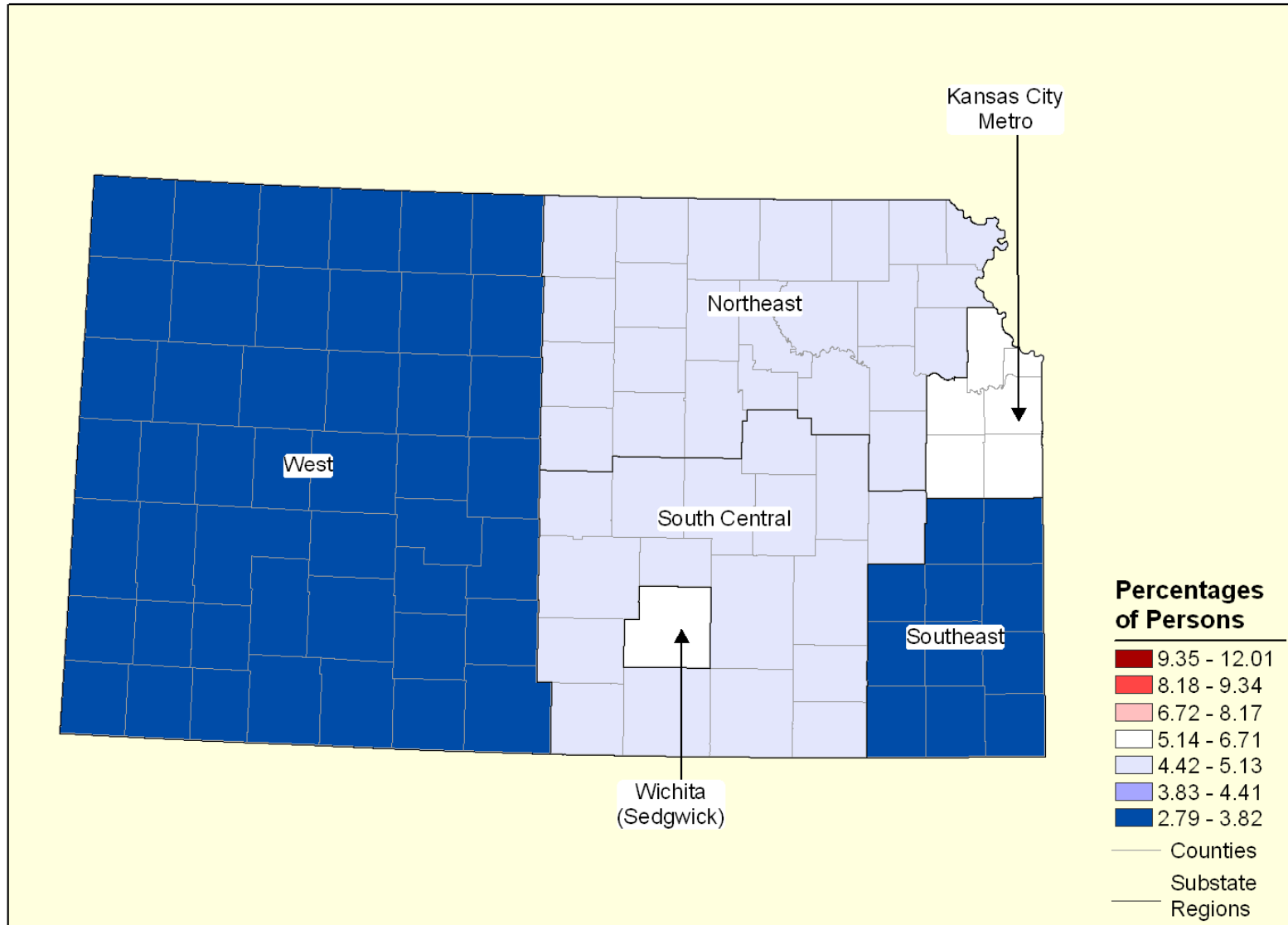


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.2.1 Marijuana Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

557

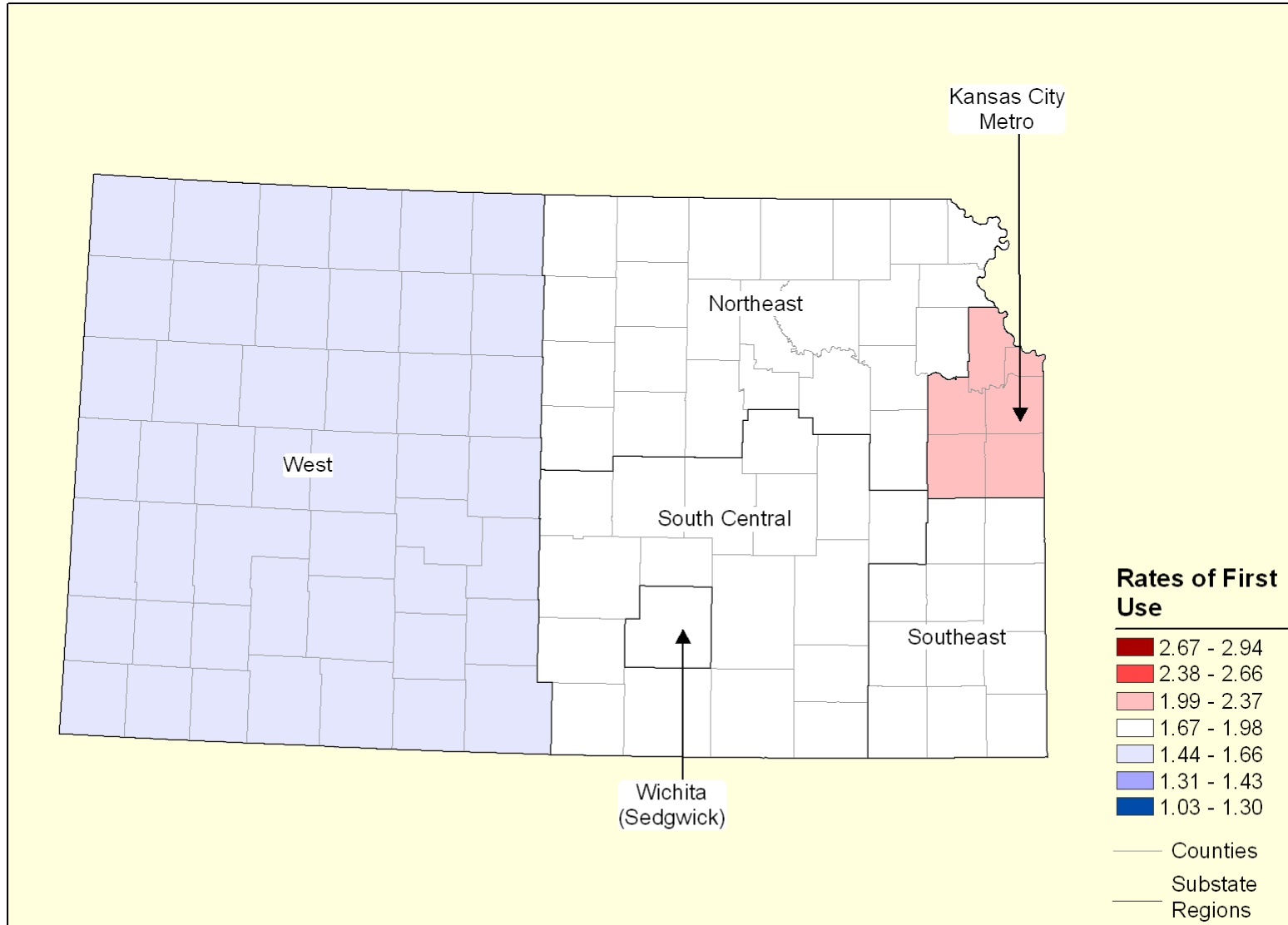


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.2.2 First Use of Marijuana among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Average Annual Rates Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

558

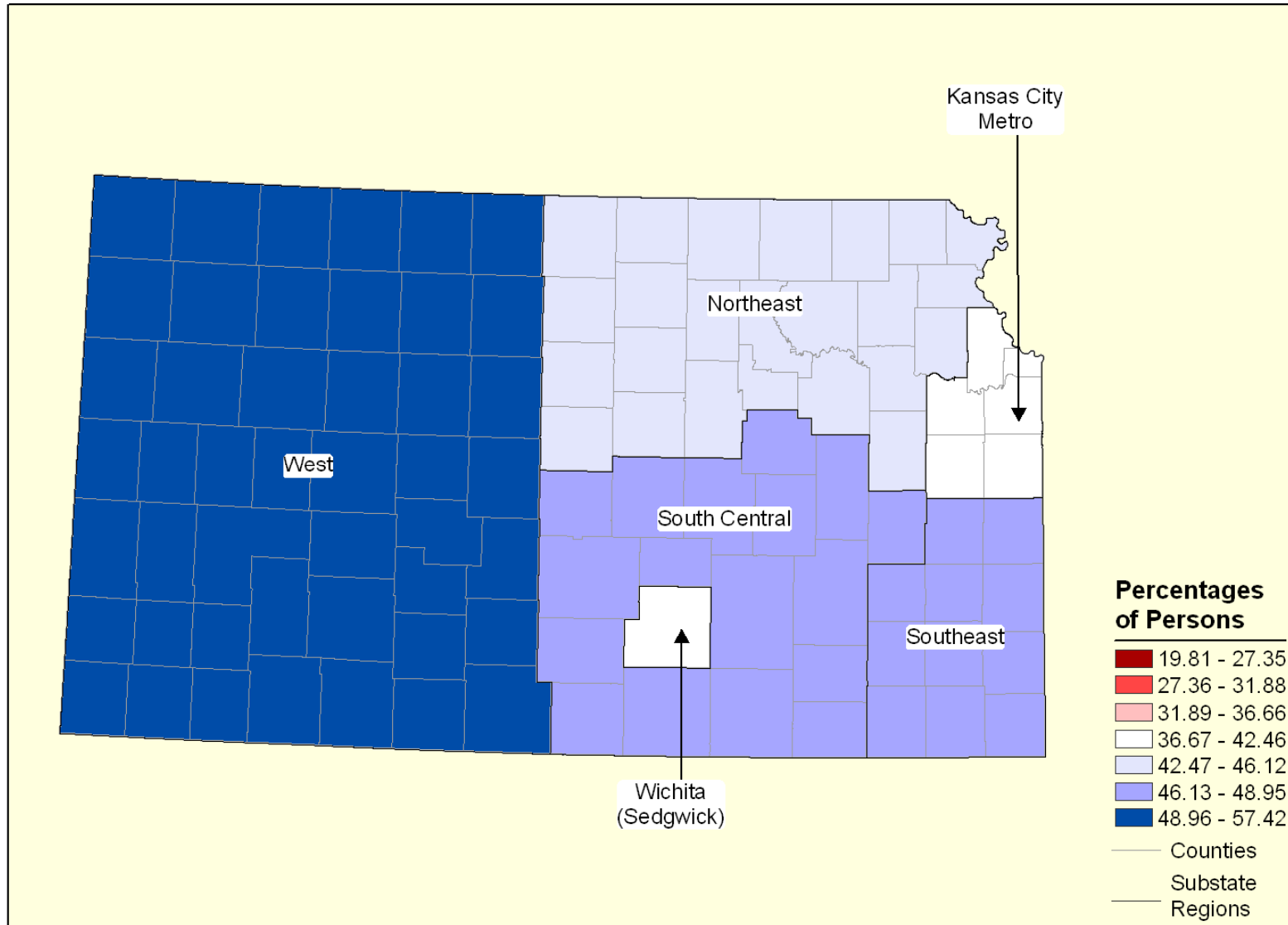


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.2.3 Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

559

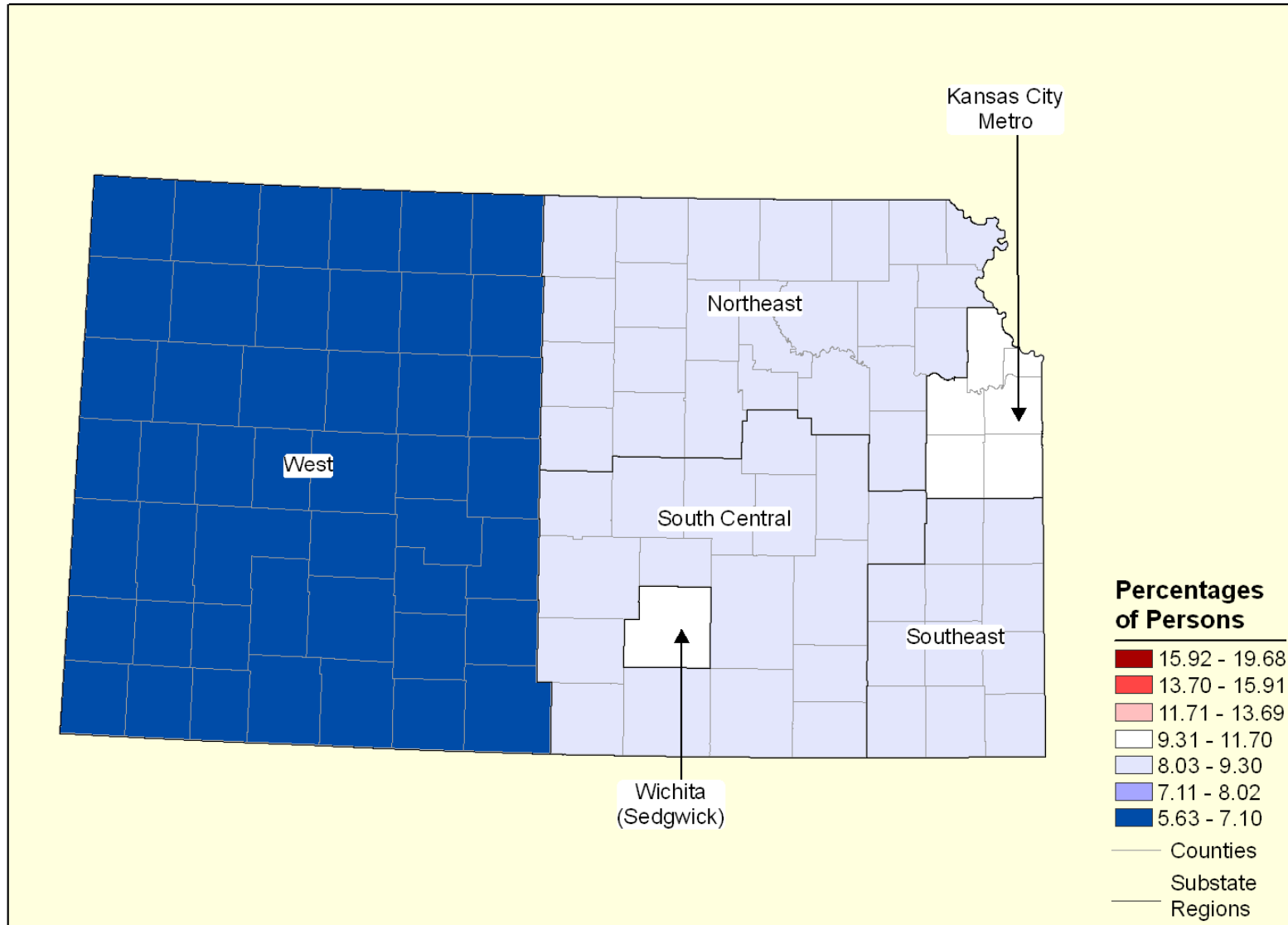


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.3.1 Marijuana Use in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

560



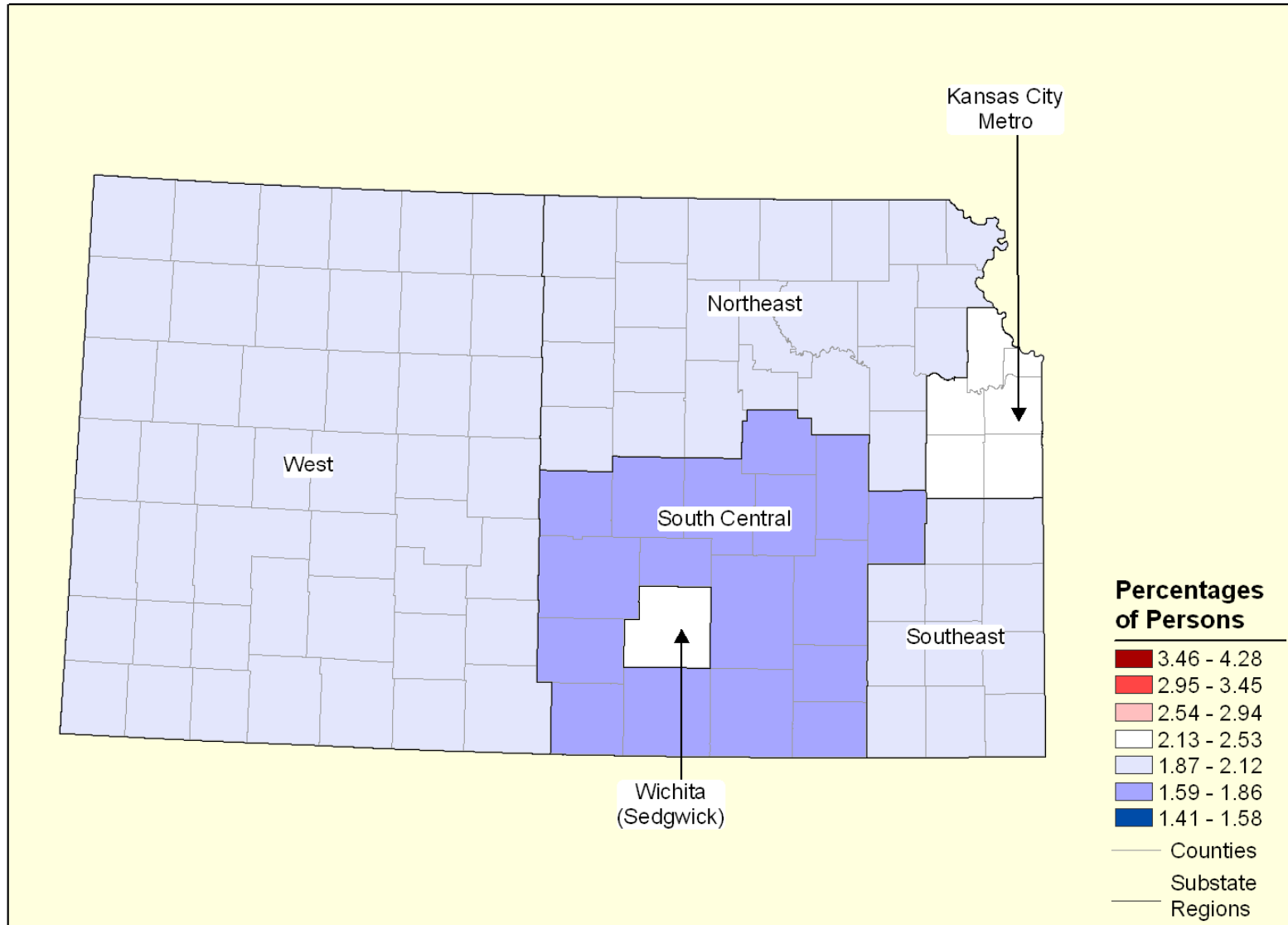
NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.



**Figure 17.3.2 Cocaine Use in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

561

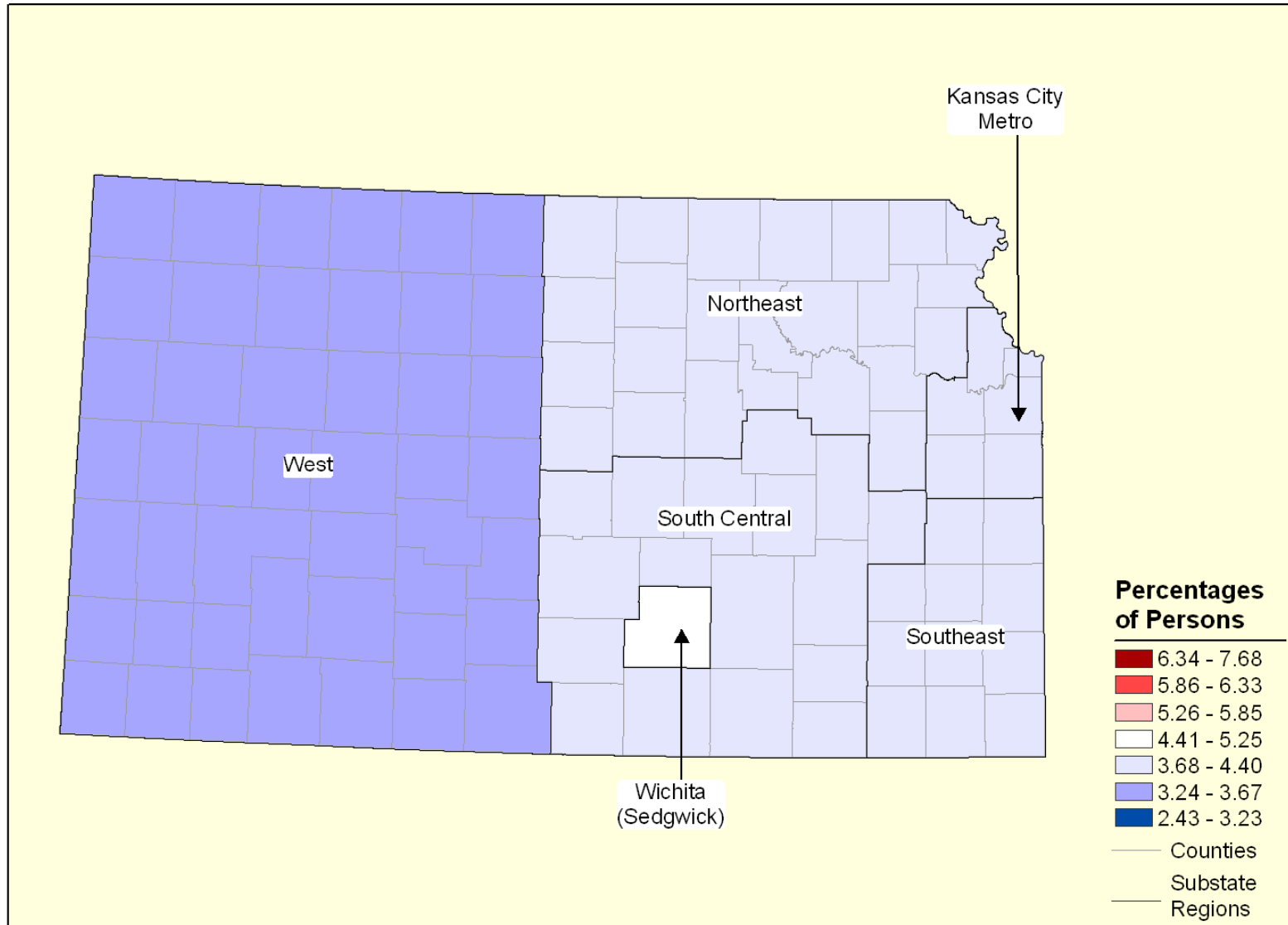


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.3.3 Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

562

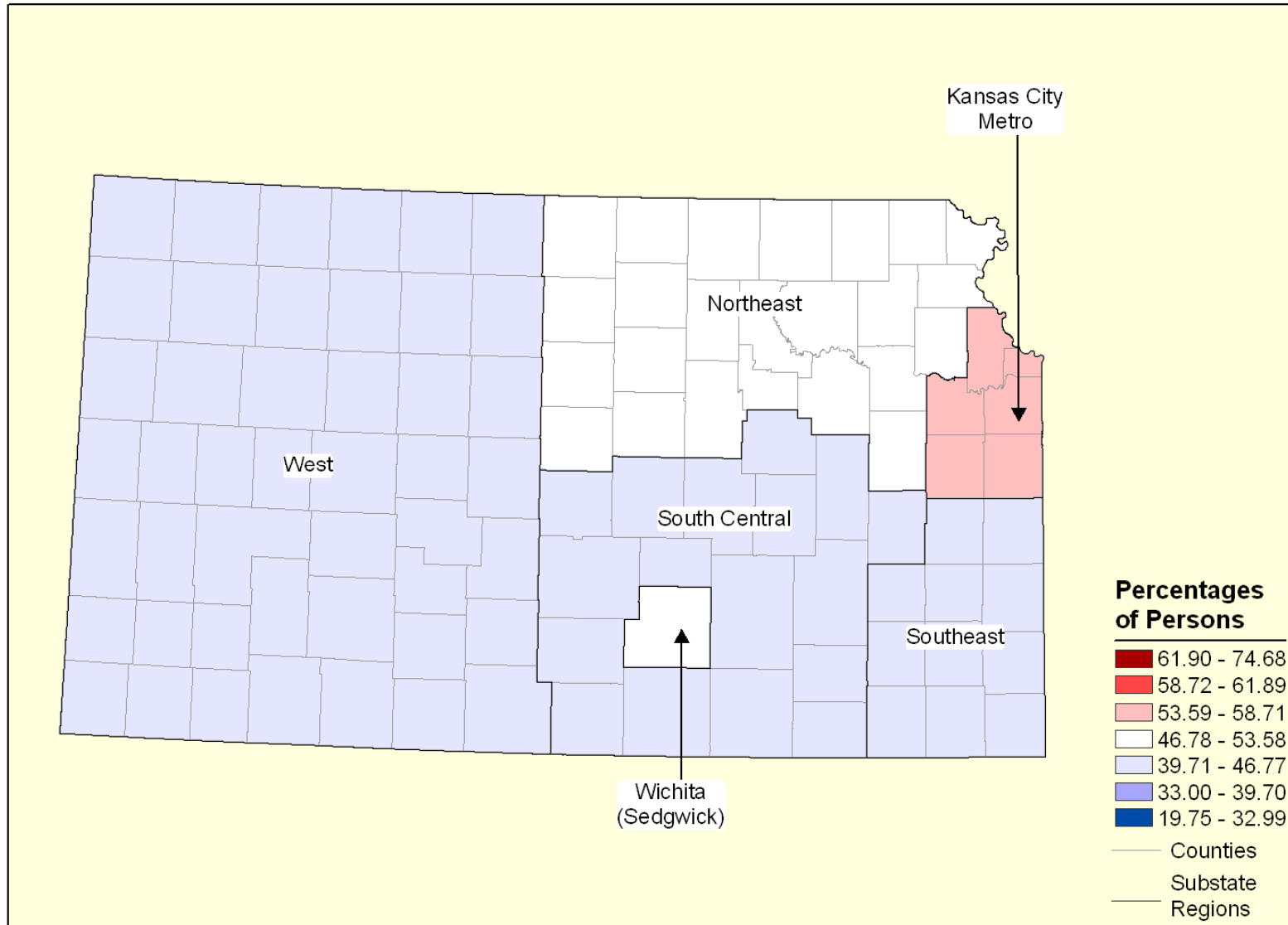


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.4.1 Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

563

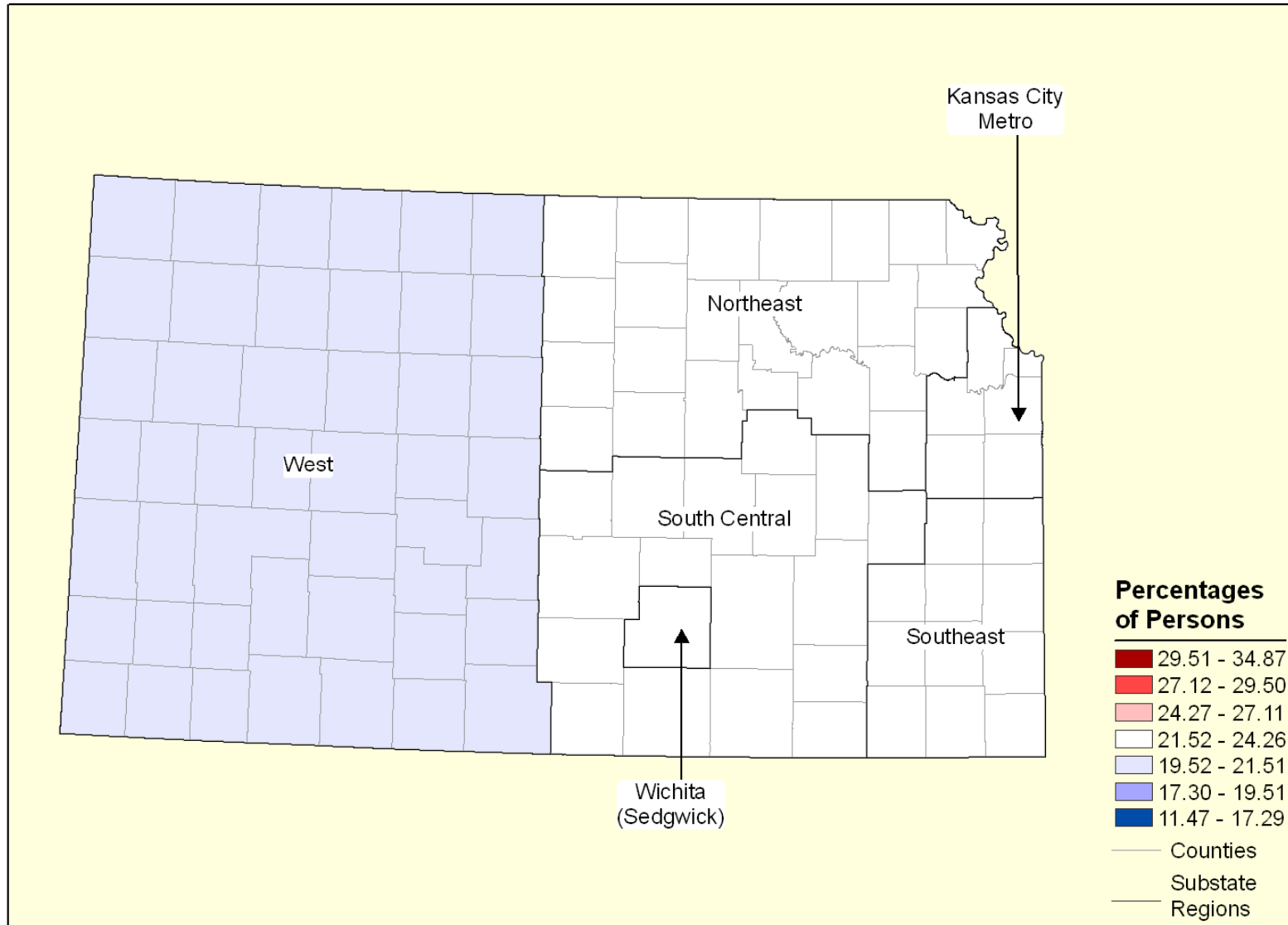


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.4.2 Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

564

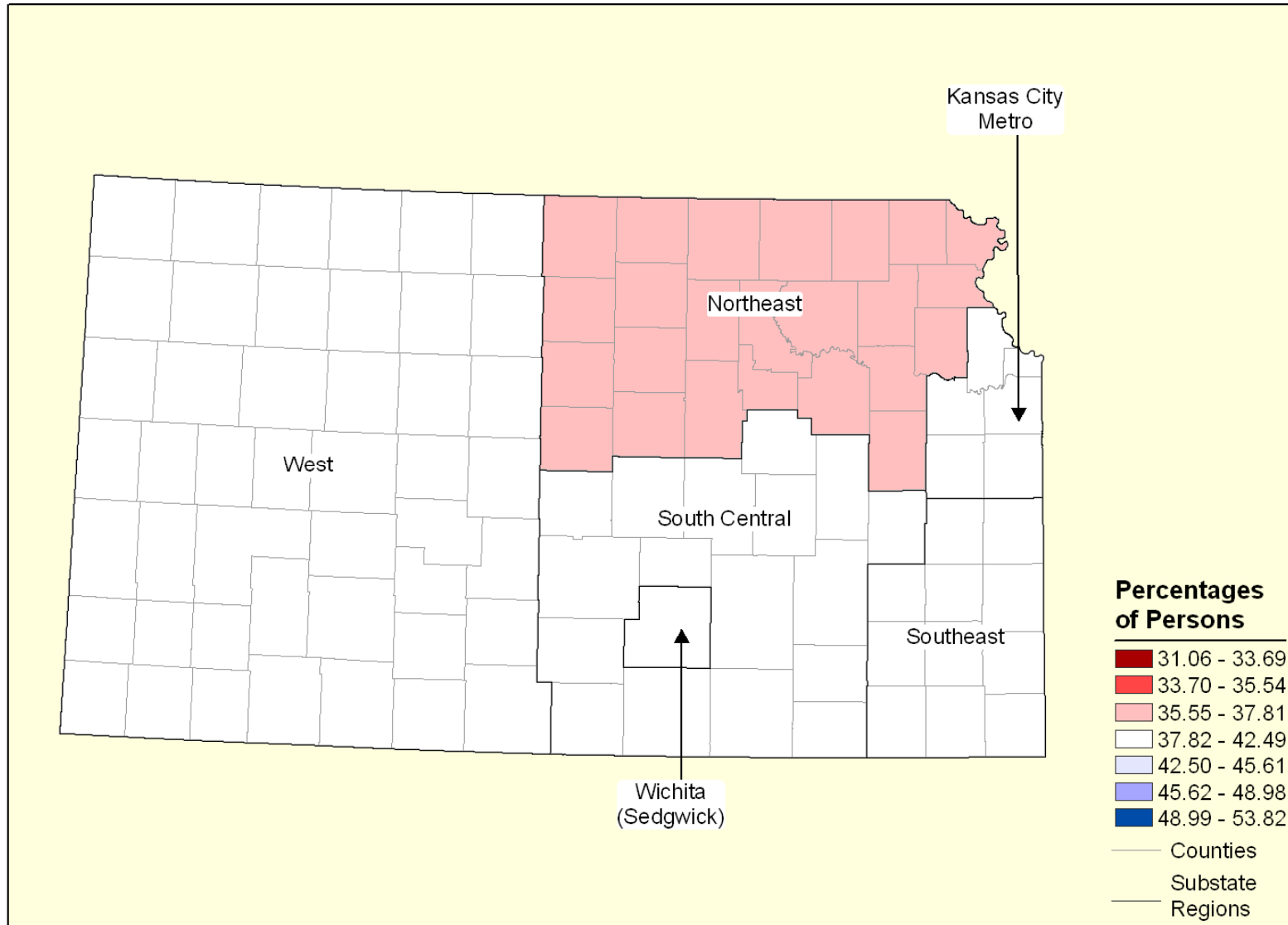


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.4.3 Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

565

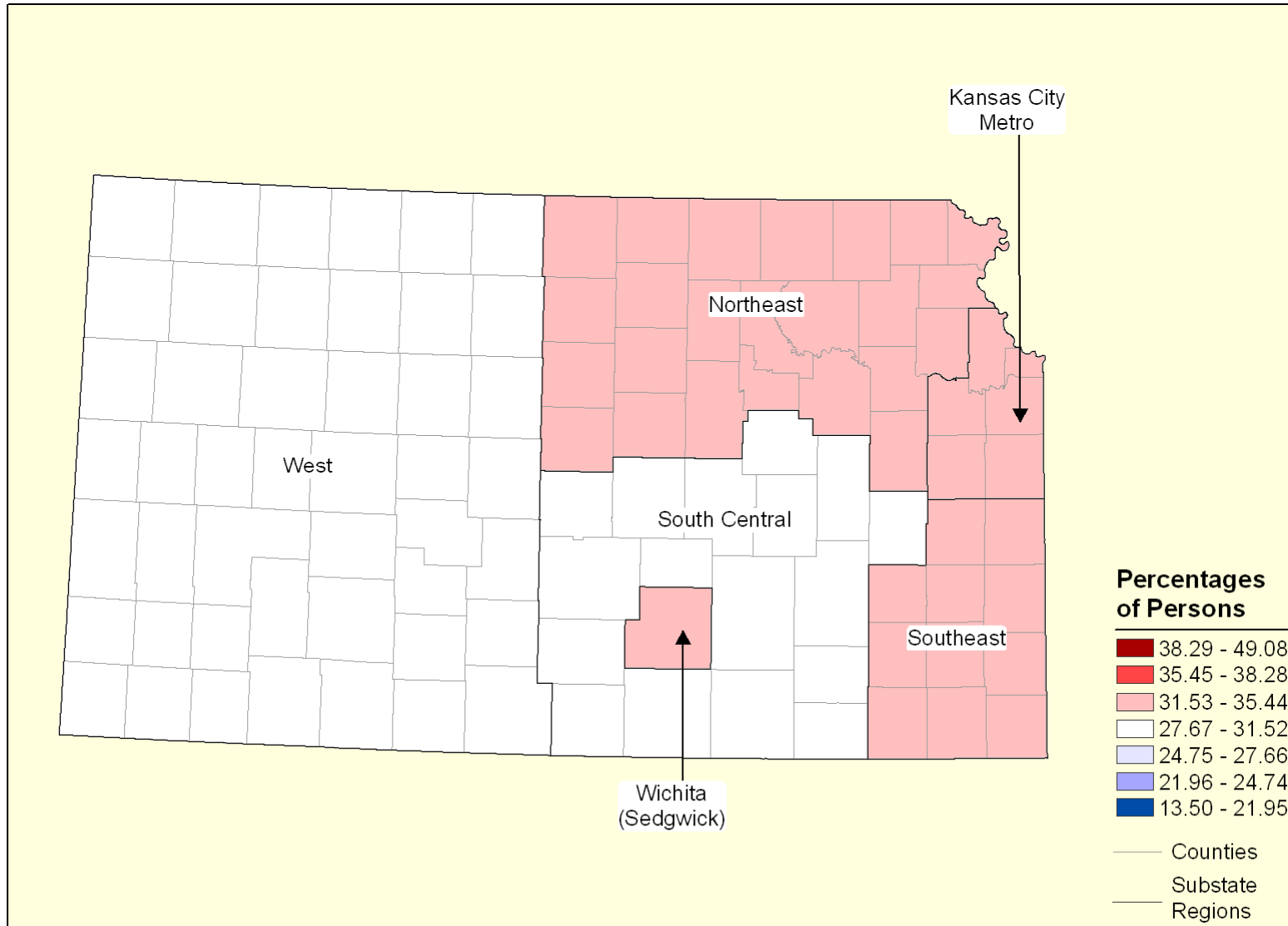


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.5.1 Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

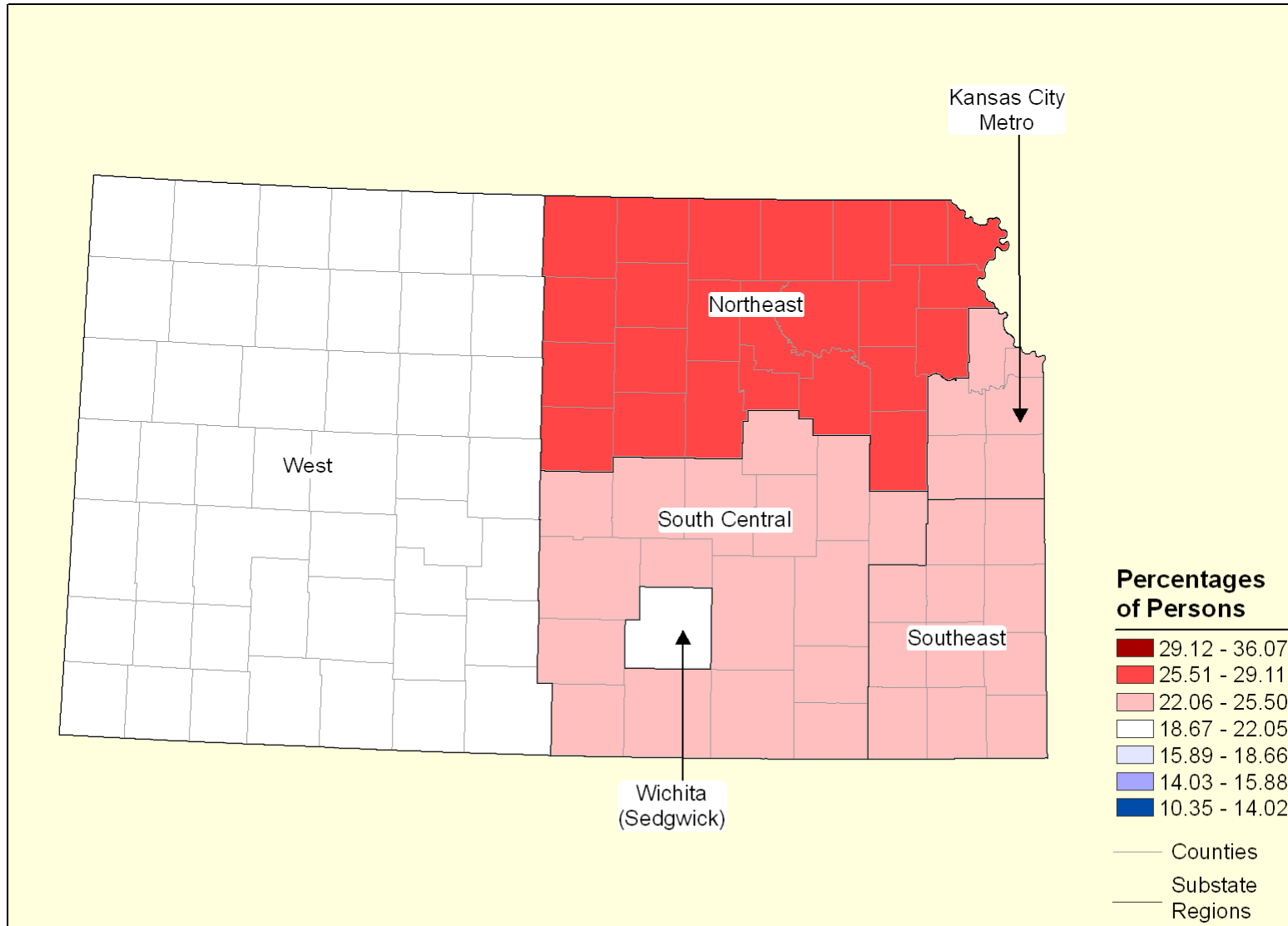
566



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.5.2 Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**



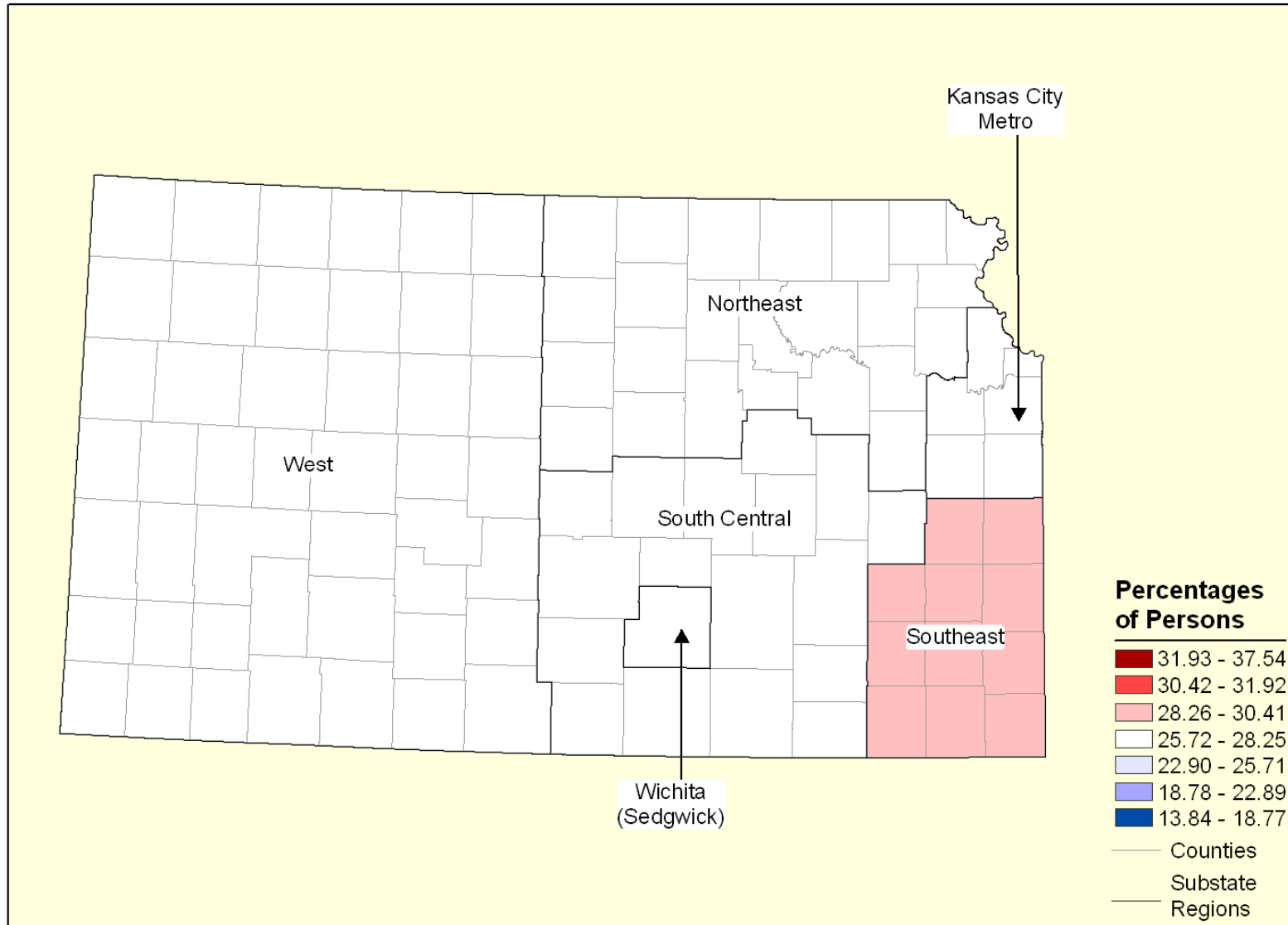
567

NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.6.1 Cigarette Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

568



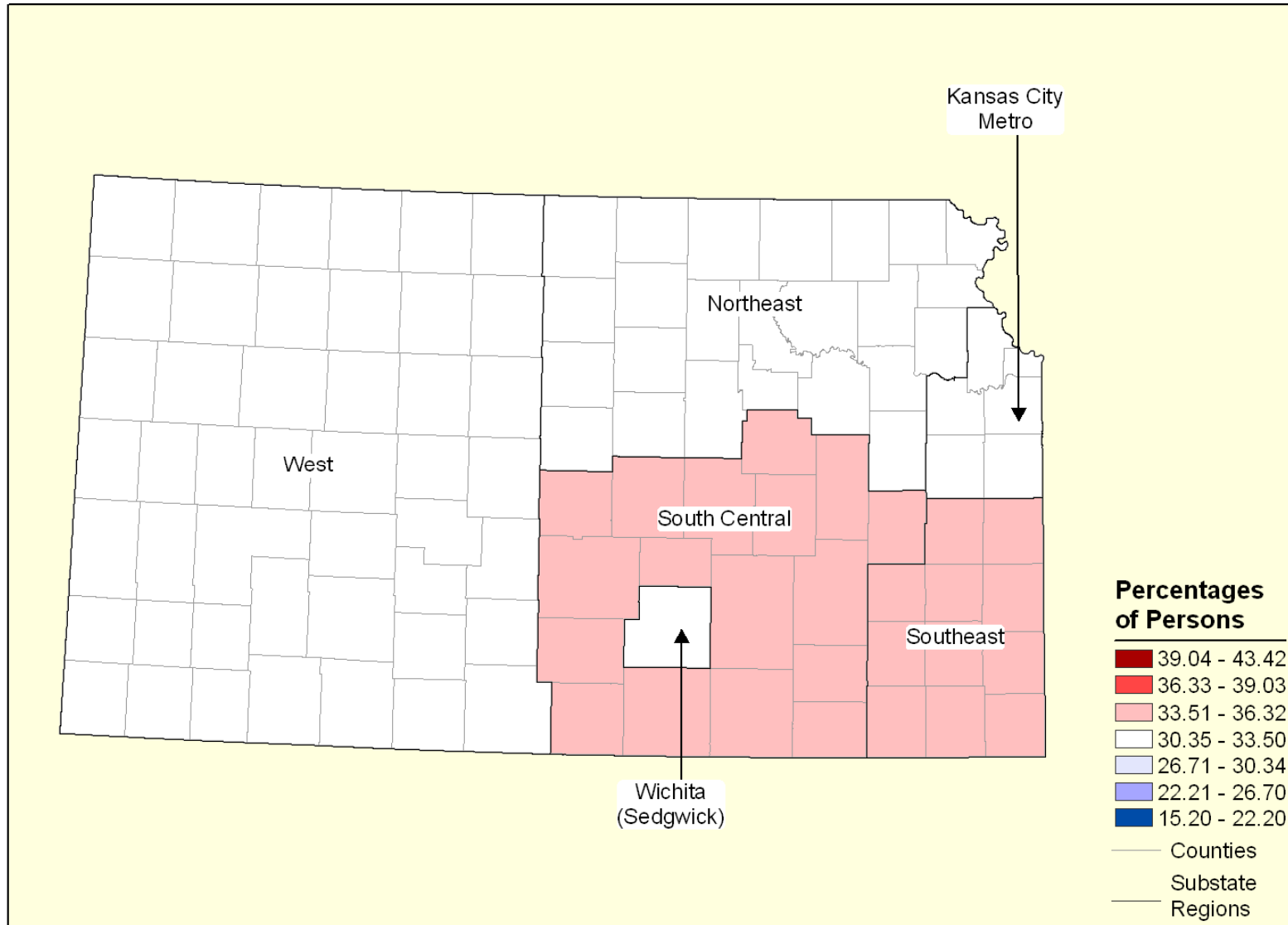
NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.



**Figure 17.6.2 Any Tobacco Product Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

569

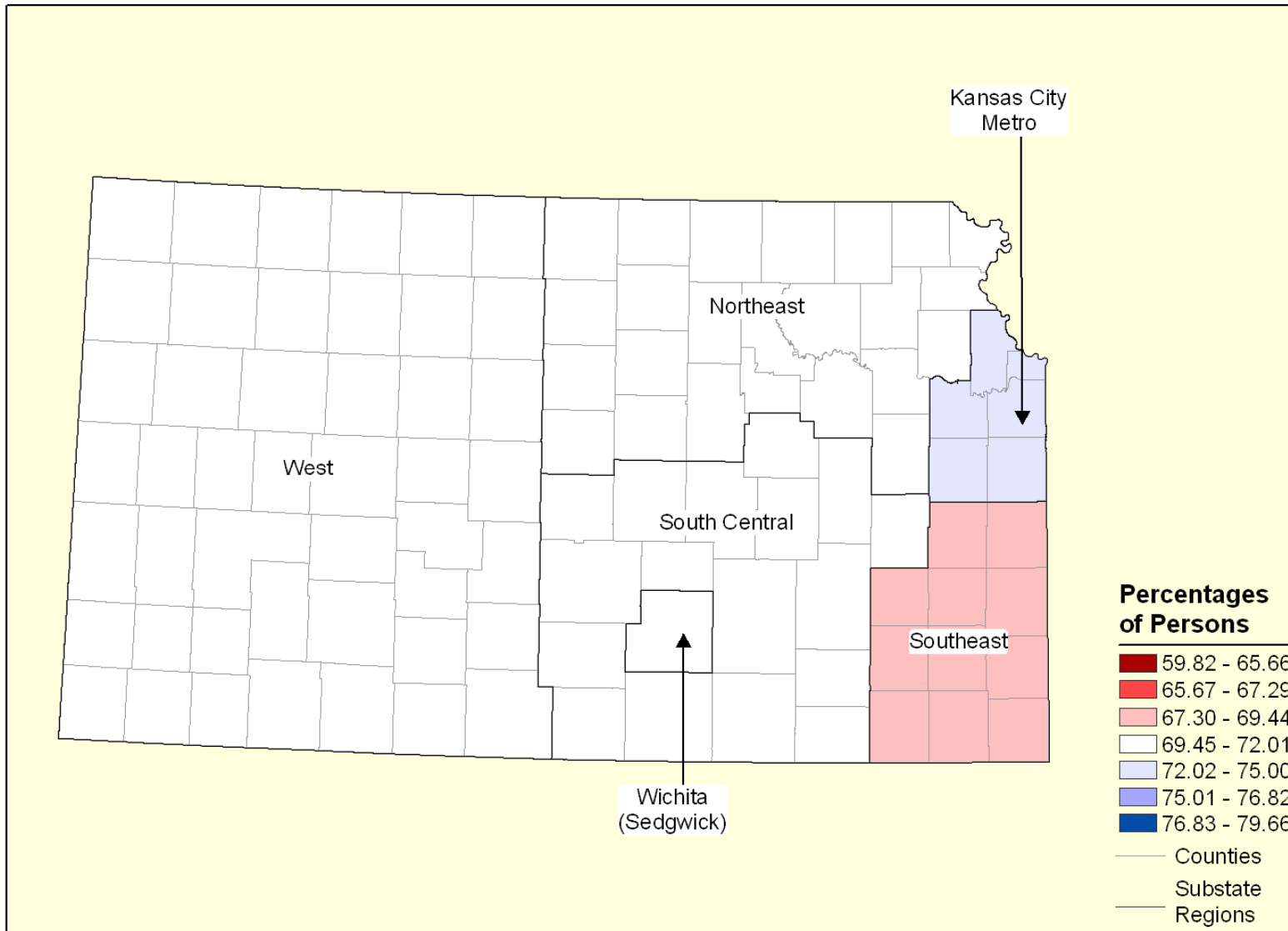


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.6.3** *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs*

570

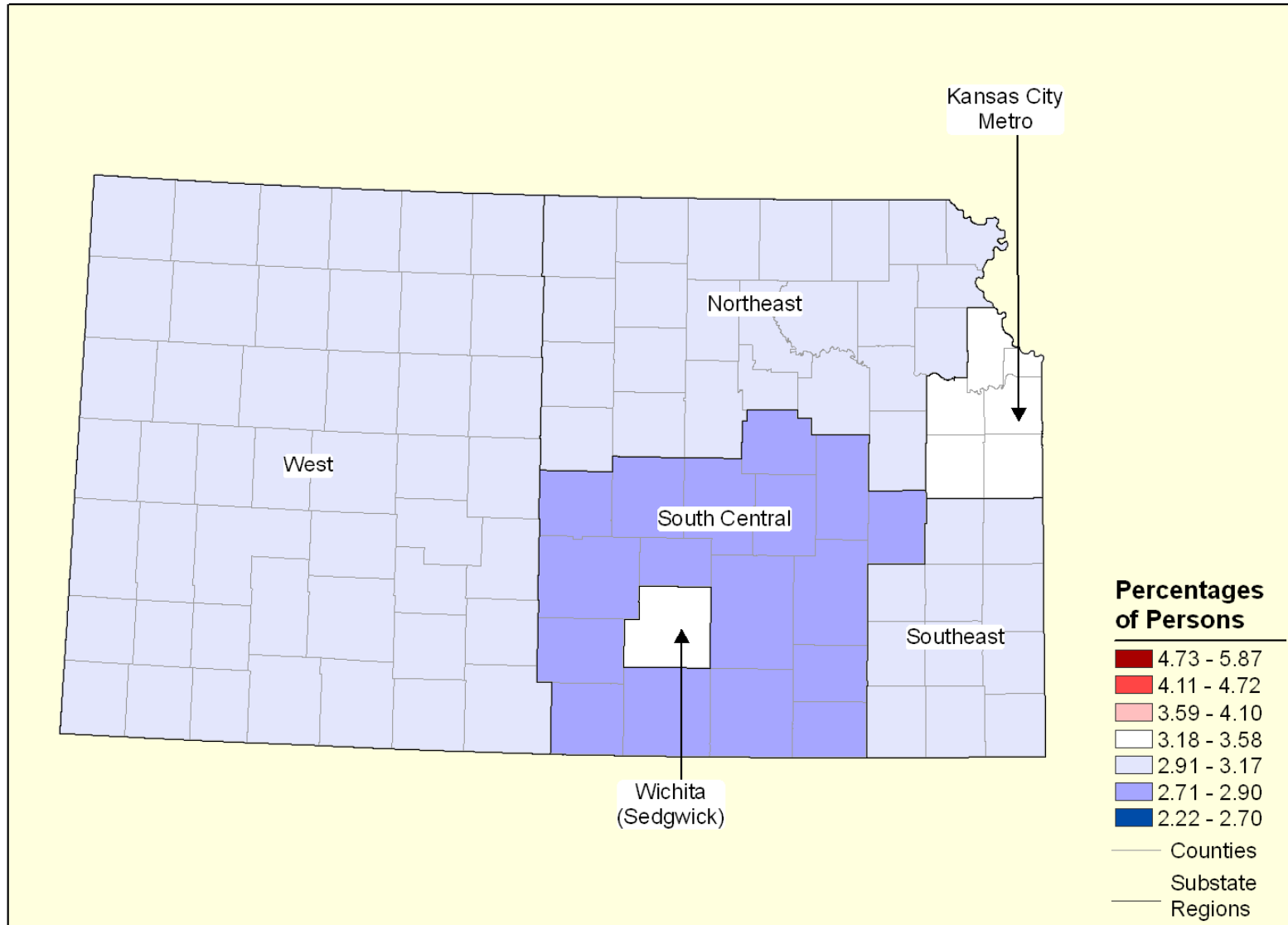


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.7.1 Alcohol Dependence in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

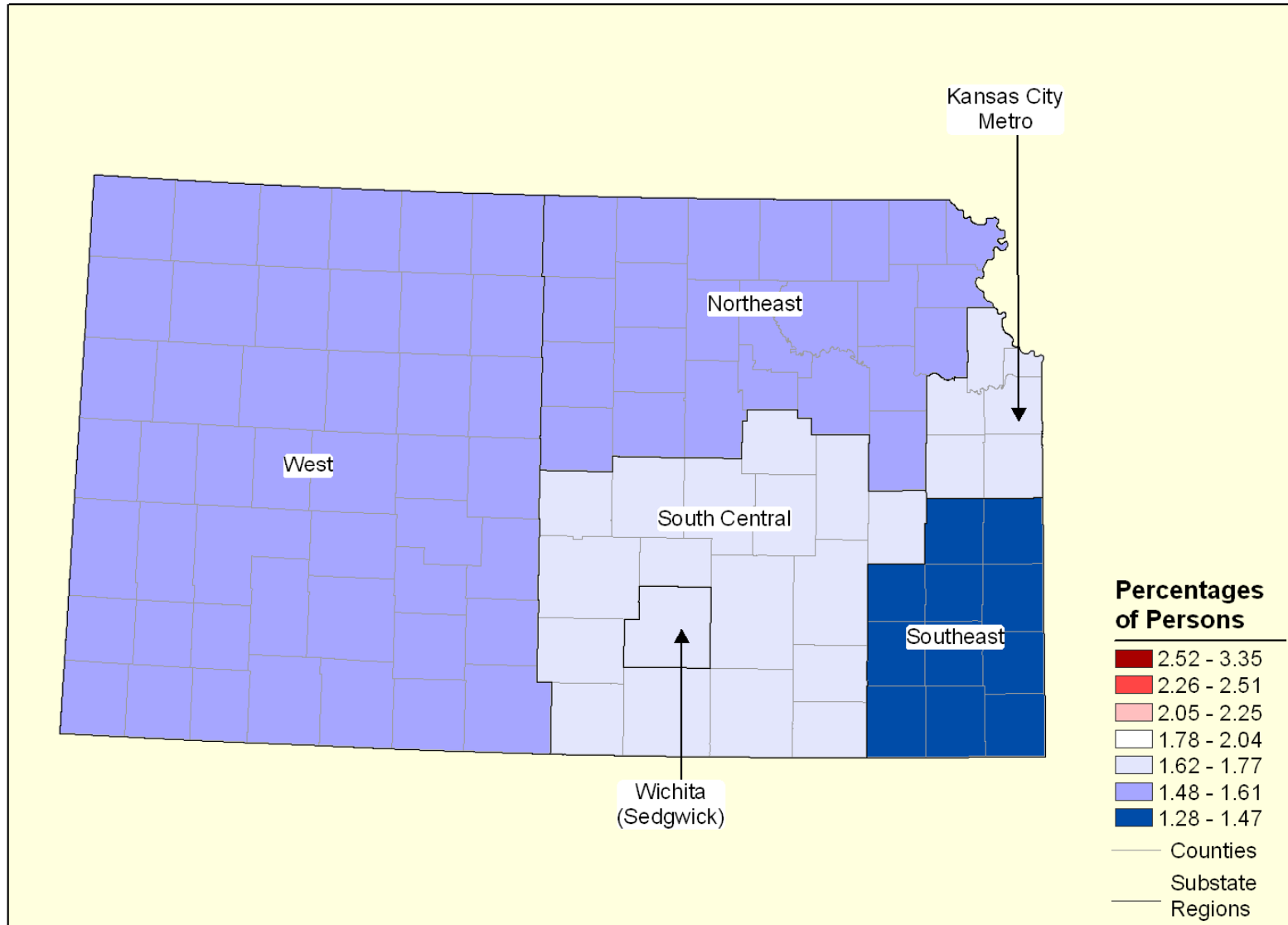
571



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.7.2 Any Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**



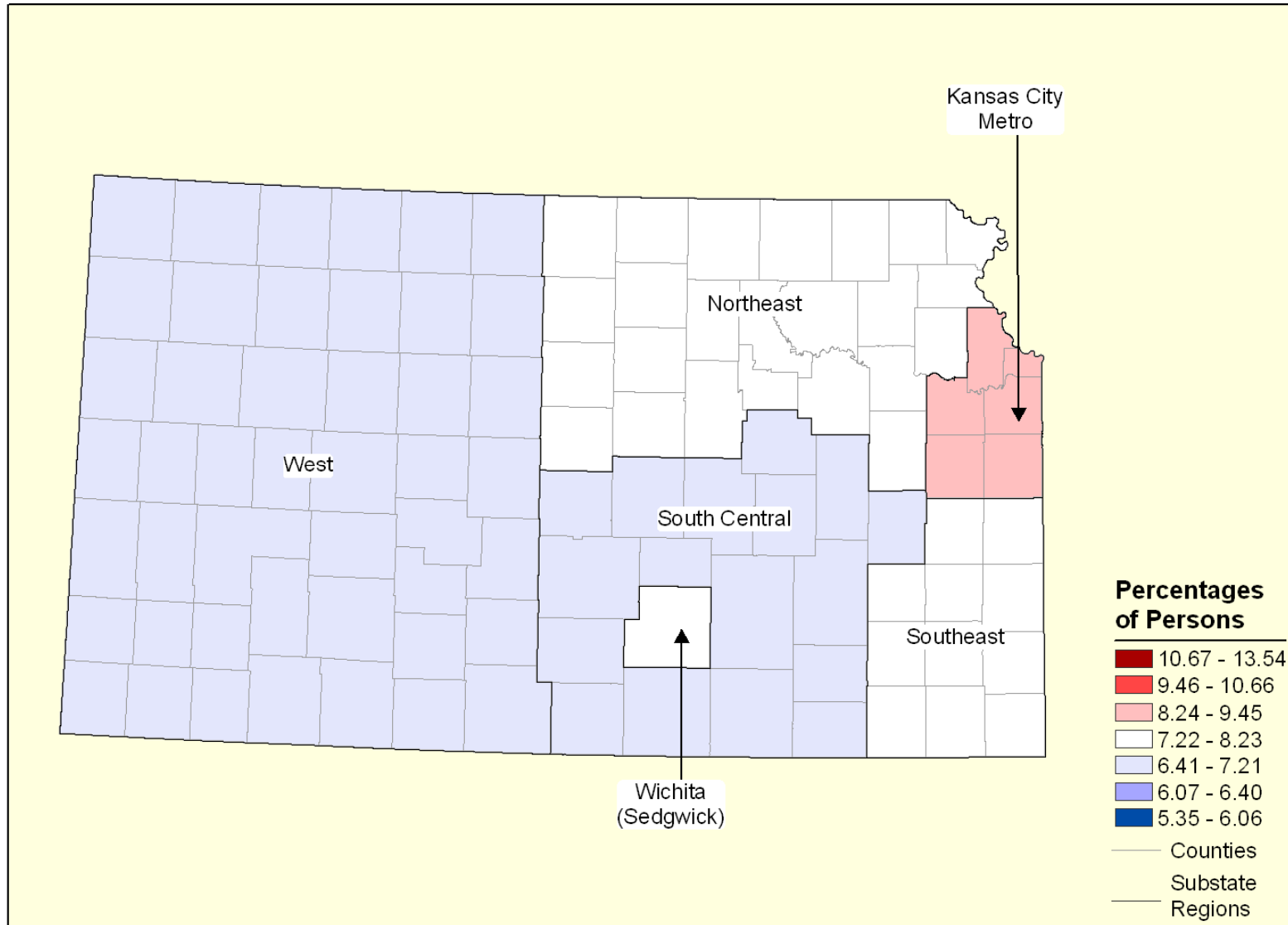
572

NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.8.1 Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

573

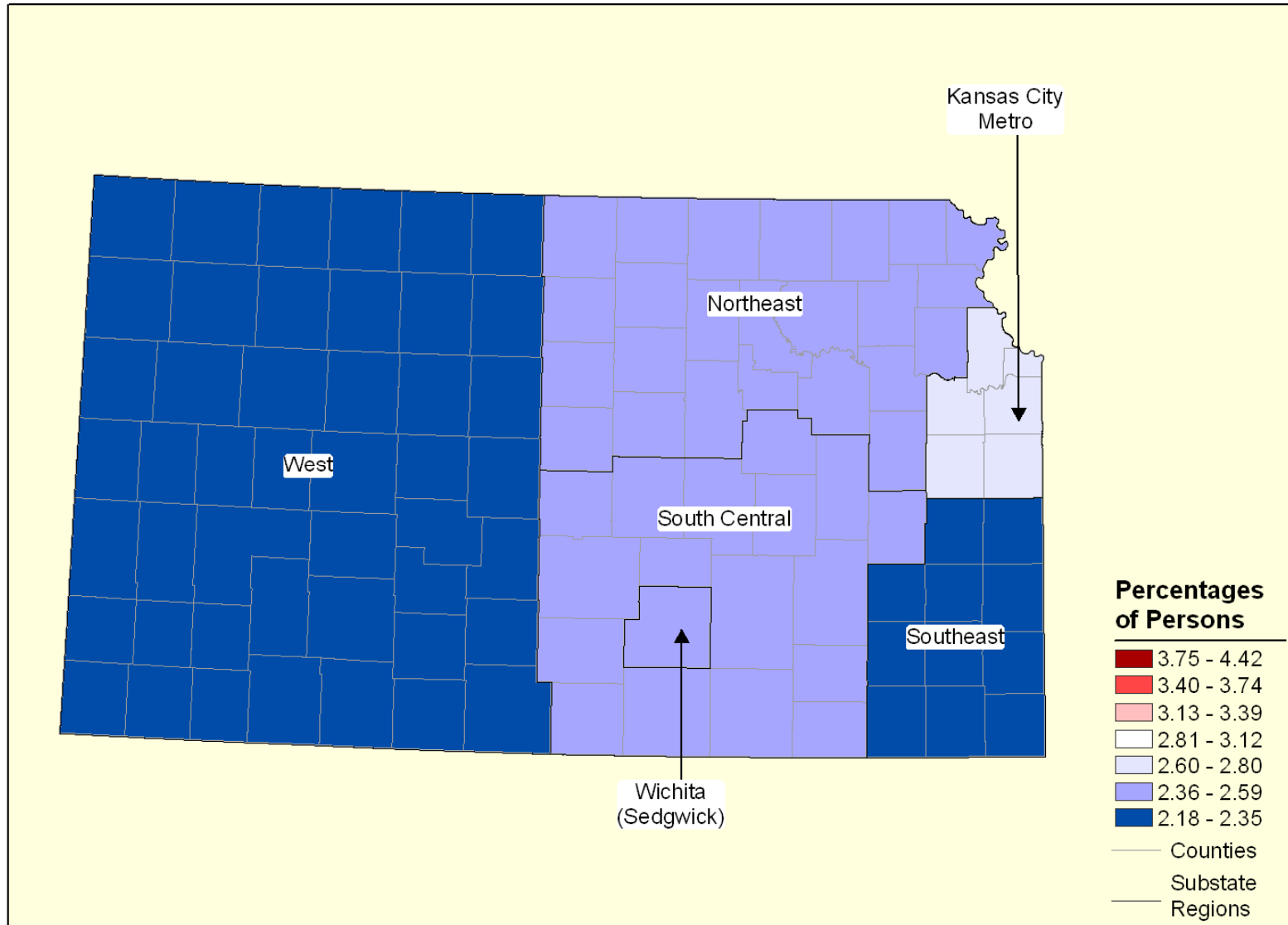


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.8.2 Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs**

574

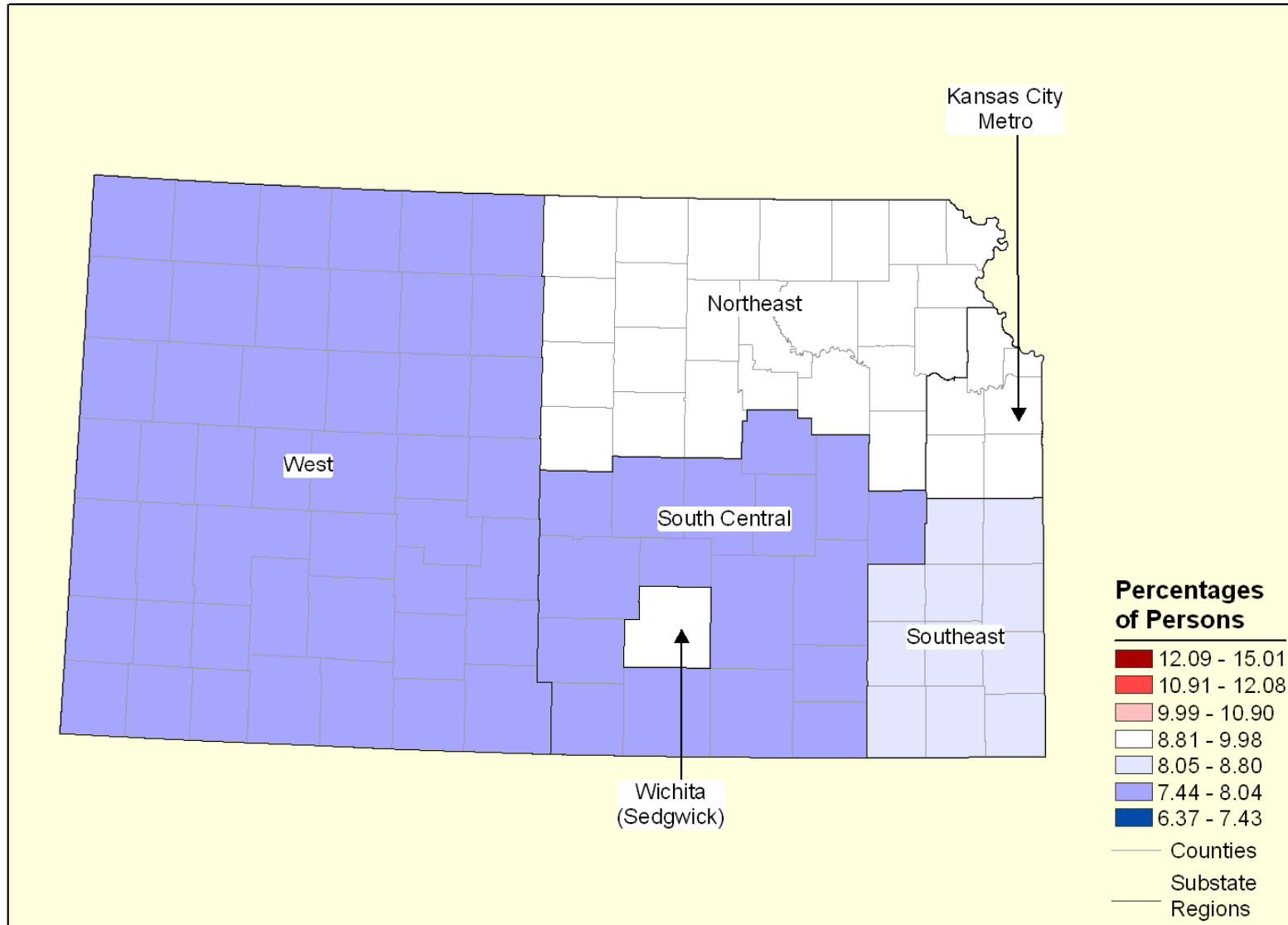


NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.8.3** *Dependence on or Abuse of Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs*

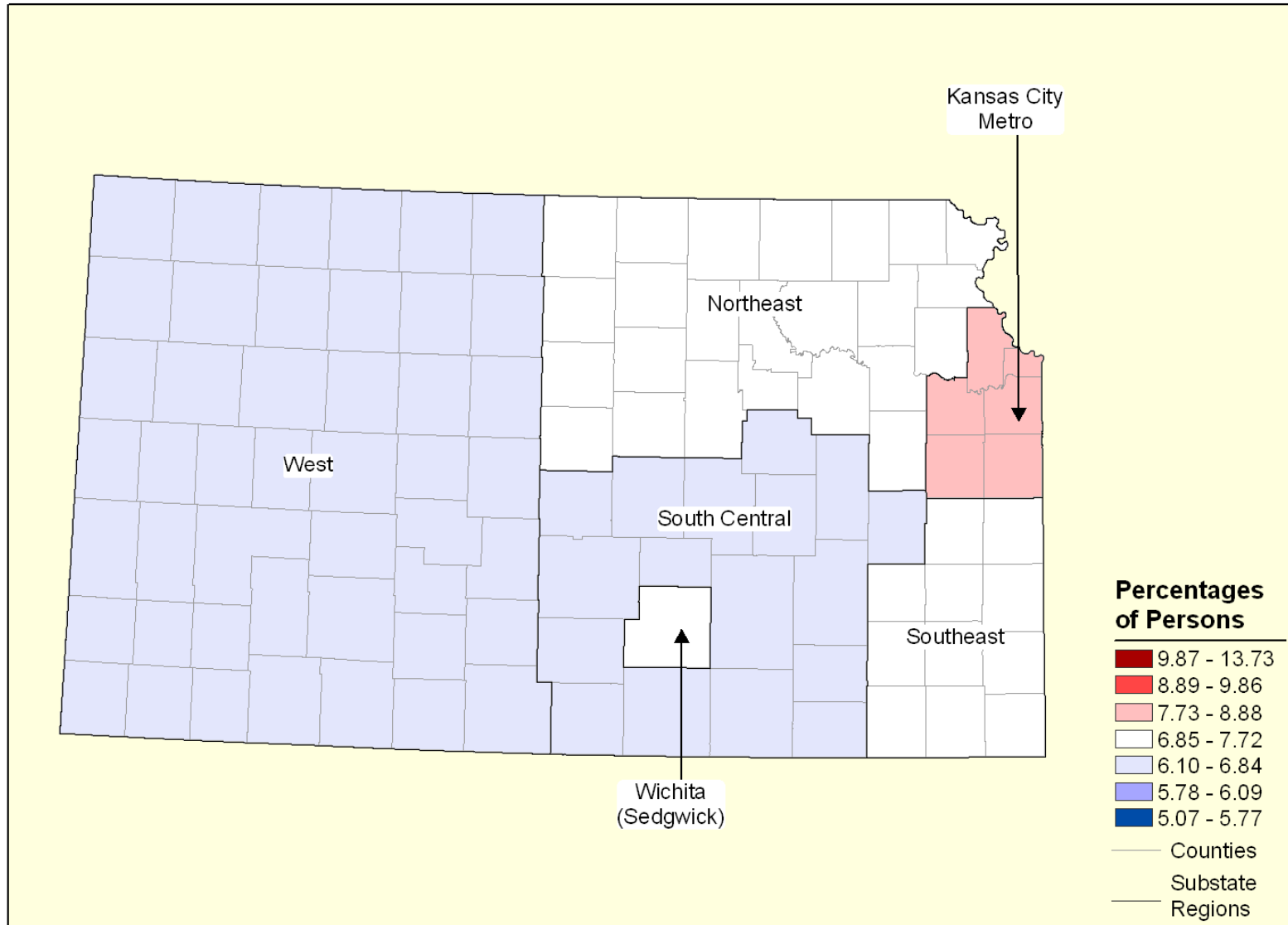
575



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.9.1** *Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs*



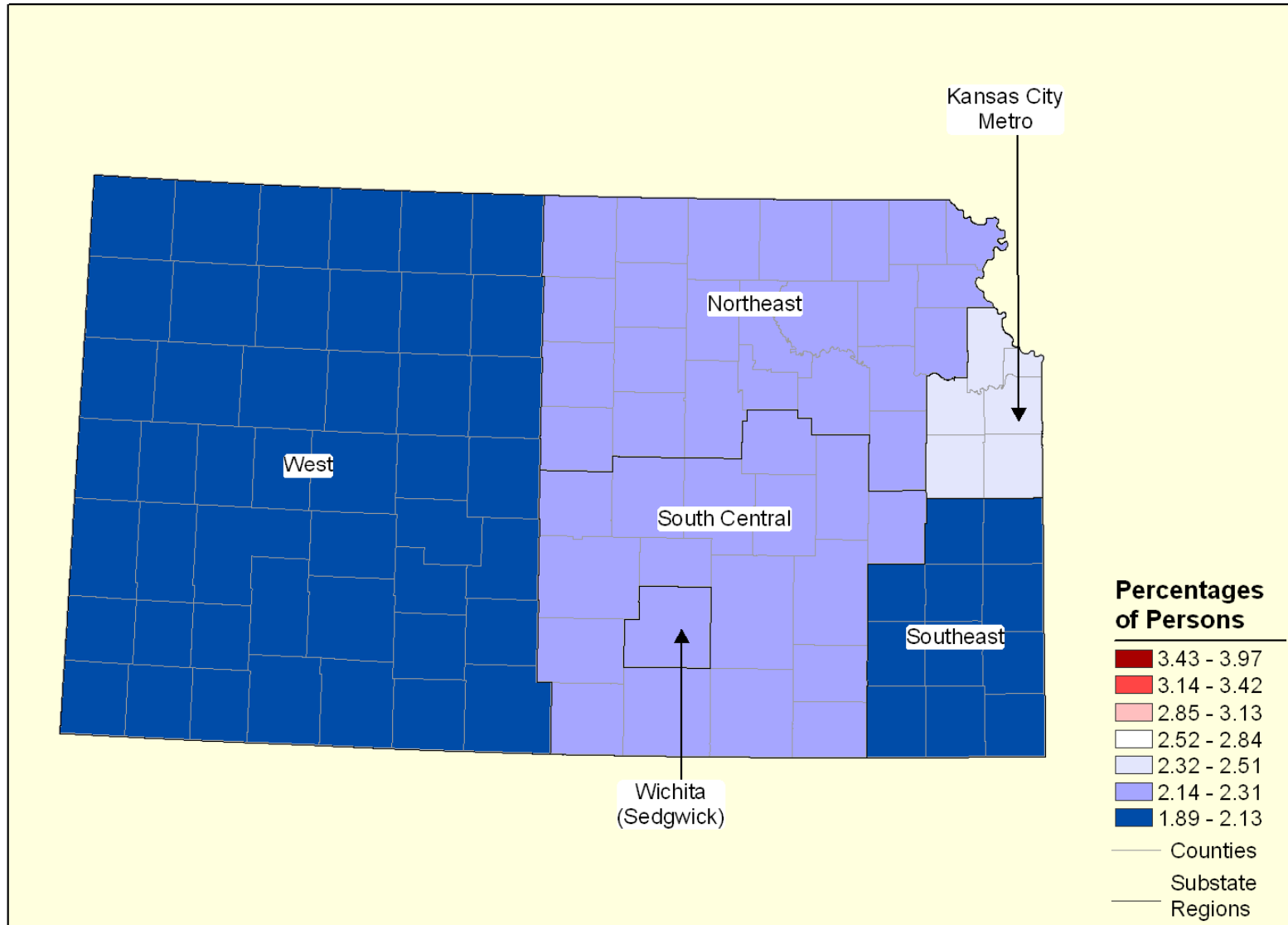
576

NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.



**Figure 17.9.2** *Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs*



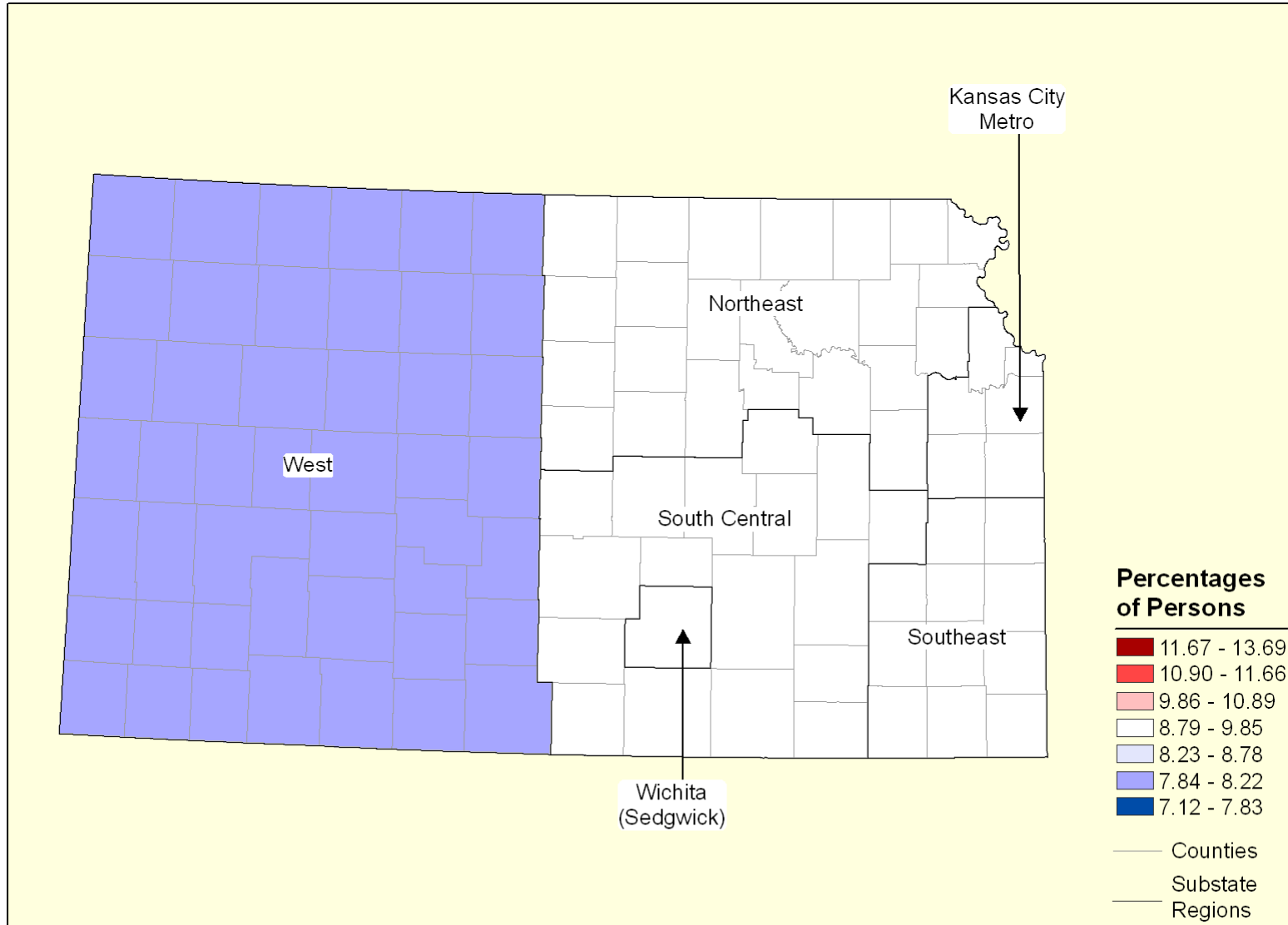
577

NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

**Figure 17.10** *Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Kansas, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2002, 2003, and 2004 NSDUHs*

578



NOTE: The legend's ranges were created by dividing 340 substate regions, nationally, into 7 groups based on the magnitude of their percentages. For substate region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002, 2003, and 2004.