

## **INTERPRETER SERVICES**

Interpreters are contracted by the Court. If you require the service of an Interpreter for any reason outside of a court proceeding, i.e. Institution visit, telephonic conference, contact the Clerks office.

Payment to the interpreter **should not be made by the attorney**, and then claimed on the CJA 20 payment voucher. All bills must be forwarded to the Clerks office for payment, once the service has been concluded.

Contact the Clerks office for questions regarding this issue.

## **EXPERT SERVICES**

The statute provides that expert services will be reimbursed whenever the services are “necessary for adequate representation.”

### **When is Advance Authorization Required?**

The Act permits attorneys to obtain up to \$500 in services from an expert **without** prior permission from District Court. For services with an expected between \$500 and \$1600, advance approval from District Court is required. Fees over \$1600 require advance approval from the Sixth Circuit, and will require a showing that the amount is “necessary to provide fair compensation for services of an unusual character or duration.”

### **How is Advance Approval Obtained?**

Prepare a motion and proposed order describing the services needed; if there is a particular expert you’d prefer, include the expert’s name and contact information. File these under seal; you have the option of filing exparte, without service on the prosecution. Refer to [Appendix C](#) of the Guideline for the Administration of the Criminal Justice Act and Related Statutes for an advanced authorization memorandum to be attached to your motion and proposed order.

### **Who Pays the Expert and How?**

The following information should be included on the invoice, in addition to the standard billing information: defendant’s name; case number; expert’s address & telephone number, and SSN or EIN. Submit the bill to the Clerk’s Office, and include a copy of the Court order giving advance approval, if applicable. The Clerk’s office will prepare a voucher form (CJA-21) and mail back to you. Sign it to certify that the services were provided, and then mail to the expert, who will sign the appropriate parts and mail back to the Clerk’s office for further payment processing..

Payment to the expert service provided **should not be made by the attorney**, and then claimed on the CJA 20 payment voucher.



ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE  
UNITED STATES COURTS

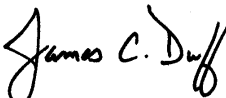
JAMES C. DUFF  
Director

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20544

August 1, 2008

MEMORANDUM

To: All United States Judges  
Circuit Executives  
Federal Public/Community Defenders  
District Court Executives  
Clerks, United States Courts  
Chief Probation Officers  
Chief Pretrial Services Officers  
Senior Staff Attorneys  
Chief Preargument/Conference Attorneys  
Bankruptcy Administrators  
Circuit Librarians

From: James C. Duff 

RE: NEW MILEAGE RATES EFFECTIVE AUGUST 1, 2008 (**INFORMATION**)

Effective August 1, 2008, the mileage rates for the use of privately owned vehicles and motorcycles while on official business will increase to 58.5 cents per mile. The General Services Administration also updated its per-mile operating costs of a privately owned airplane through consultation with the Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association and determined the per-mile operating cost to be \$1.26 per mile. Therefore, I am authorizing a rate of \$1.26 per mile for use of a privately owned airplane while on official business, effective August 1, 2008.

These rates applies to all judges, employees, and jurors. Mileage rates for previous years can be obtained from the J-Net at [http://jnet.ao.dcn/Travel/Mileage\\_Rates.html](http://jnet.ao.dcn/Travel/Mileage_Rates.html).

Questions about this memorandum or other travel matters may be directed to the Travel and Payment Management Branch at (202) 502-1290.



ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE  
UNITED STATES COURTS

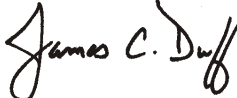
JAMES C. DUFF  
Director

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20544

December 28, 2007

MEMORANDUM

To: Judges, United States Courts of Appeals  
Judges, United States District Courts  
United States Magistrate Judges  
Circuit Executives  
Federal Public/Community Defenders  
District Court Executives  
Clerks, United States Courts of Appeals  
Clerks, United States District Courts  
Senior Staff Attorneys

From: James C. Duff 

RE: IMPLEMENTATION OF HOURLY RATE INCREASES FOR CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT  
PANEL ATTORNEYS (**IMPORTANT INFORMATION**)

Congress recently passed, and the President signed into law on December 26, 2007, the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2008, the 11-bill omnibus spending measure which includes fiscal year 2008 funding for the Judiciary. As I reported in my [memorandum of December 21, 2007](#), in the omnibus bill, Congress authorized and provided funds to raise the non-capital hourly panel attorney compensation rate from \$94 to \$100, and the maximum hourly capital rate from \$166 to \$170 (for federal capital prosecutions and capital post-conviction proceedings). These rates apply to attorneys appointed to represent eligible persons under the Criminal Justice Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3006A, and the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996, codified in part in 18 U.S.C. § 3599.

**The new hourly compensation rates apply to work performed on or after January 1, 2008.** Where the appointment of counsel occurred before this effective date, the new compensation rates apply to that portion of services provided on or after January 1, 2008.

If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact the Office of Defender Services, Legal and Policy Branch Duty Attorney, on (202) 502-3030.

cc: CJA Panel Attorney District Representatives

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY

INFORMATION CONCERNING CJA APPOINTMENTS AND COMPENSATION

Counsel appointed to represent indigent defendants are selected from an eligible list approved by the court and maintained for public inspection in the clerk's office. Appointments are made on a rotational basis, subject to exceptions when in the discretion of the court the complexity of the case, experience, or geographical requirements otherwise dictate.

Compensation for CJA attorneys is governed by the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 3006A. You should carefully study this section and be aware of the provisions concerning maximum compensation, recovery of out-of-pocket expenses, and the necessity of prior approval for certain expenditures. Every claim for compensation must be supported by a typed statement specifying the time expended, services rendered, and expenses incurred while the case was pending before the court.

If a claim is submitted for total compensation in excess of the statutory maximum, you **MUST** submit with the voucher a detailed memorandum supporting and justifying your claim that the representation given was in an extended or complex case and that the excess payment is necessary to provide fair compensation. The statement shall be a typed narrative of the work performed together with a precise and clear listing of the hours and activities spent on the case. It shall include court proceedings before both the magistrate and the judge and time spent out of court.

It is the duty of the attorney to provide the court with sufficient details to support the premise that representation was indeed extended or complex, that the expenditure of time meets the standard of reasonableness, and that the excess payment is essential to fairness of remuneration for adequate representation.

In determining if an excess payment is warranted, the presiding judge or magistrate and the chief judge of the circuit will make a threshold determination as to whether the case is either extended or complex. If the legal or factual issues in a case are unusual, thus requiring the expenditure of more time, skill and effort by the lawyer than would normally be required in an average case, the case is "complex." If more time is reasonably required for total processing than the average case, including pretrial and post-trial hearings, the case is "extended."

After establishing that a case is extended or complex, the approving judicial officer will determine if excess payment is necessary to provide fair compensation. The following criteria, among others, may be useful in this regard: responsibilities involved measured by the magnitude and importance of the case; manner in which duties were performed; knowledge, skill, efficiency, professionalism, and judgment required of and used by counsel; nature of counsel's practice and injury thereto; any extraordinary pressure of time or other factors under which services were rendered; and any other circumstances relevant and material to a determination of a fair and reasonable fee.

CJA-appointed attorneys must understand that their appointments carry with them the obligation to appear personally at all proceedings. The practice of sending an associate or a partner cannot be tolerated. The court has found it necessary to insist on personal attendance because the vouchers submitted for payment must be approved by the court, and the court cannot approve payment of any portion of the voucher which seeks compensation for in-court hours when in fact the appointed attorney did not appear.

*A copy of this information sheet shall be handed to the CJA appointee at the time of appointment*

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION STATEMENT FOR A COMPENSATION CLAIM IN EXCESS OF THE STATUTORY CASE COMPENSATION MAXIMUM: DISTRICT COURT**

THIS FORM PROVIDES INFORMATION TO SUPPORT COUNSEL'S CLAIM THAT THE REPRESENTATION GIVEN WAS IN AN EXTENDED OR COMPLEX CASE, AND THAT THE EXCESS PAYMENT IS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE FAIR COMPENSATION. PARAGRAPH 2.22 B(3) OF THE *GUIDELINES FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT*, VOLUME VII, *GUIDE TO JUDICIARY POLICIES AND PROCEDURES*, DEFINES THE TERMS "EXTENDED" AND "COMPLEX," AND SUGGESTS CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING "FAIR COMPENSATION." THIS FORM SERVES AS COUNSEL'S MEMORANDUM REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH 2.22 C(2) OF THOSE *GUIDELINES*, AND DOES NOT REPLACE ANY OTHER DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED TO SUPPORT THE PAYMENT REQUEST. IF EXTRA SPACE IS NEEDED, ATTACH ADDITIONAL SHEETS OF PAPER.

ATTORNEY NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

CASE NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

DOCKET NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

DEFENDANT NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

VOUCHER NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

**1** PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT (DATES): \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL NUMBER OF IN-COURT HOURS: \_\_\_\_\_ SPECIFYING: PRETRIAL HEARINGS \_\_\_\_\_ TRIAL \_\_\_\_\_  
 SENTENCING HEARINGS \_\_\_\_\_ ALL OTHER IN-COURT \_\_\_\_\_  
 TOTAL NUMBER OF OUT-OF-COURT HOURS: \_\_\_\_\_

**2** OFFENSES CHARGED: \_\_\_\_\_

NUMBER OF COUNTS CHARGED: \_\_\_\_\_ NUMBER OF CO-DEFENDANTS: \_\_\_\_\_

OTHER PENDING CASES (DOCKET NUMBERS) OF DEFENDANT DURING REPRESENTATION: \_\_\_\_\_

IF APPLICABLE, SENTENCING GUIDELINE RANGE FOUND BY THE COURT FOR SENTENCING: \_\_\_\_\_

WAS A MANDATORY MINIMUM FOUND OR AT ISSUE AT SENTENCING? YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO \_\_\_\_\_

**3** DESCRIBE DISCOVERY MATERIALS (NATURE AND VOLUME) AND/OR DISCOVERY PRACTICES WHICH ARE A NOTEWORTHY FACTOR IN THE NUMBER OF HOURS CLAIMED: \_\_\_\_\_

**4** LIST AND DESCRIBE MOTIONS, LEGAL MEMORANDA, JURY INSTRUCTIONS, AND SENTENCING DOCUMENTS, OR LEGAL RESEARCH NOT RESULTING IN SUCH, WHICH ARE A NOTEWORTHY FACTOR IN THE NUMBER OF HOURS CLAIMED AND WHICH WERE DRAFTED ORIGINALLY FOR THIS CASE (DO NOT INCLUDE STANDARDIZED MOTIONS, ETC., UNLESS CONTENT WAS MODIFIED SIGNIFICANTLY): \_\_\_\_\_

**5** SUMMARIZE INVESTIGATION AND CASE PREPARATION (E.G., NUMBER AND ACCESSIBILITY OF WITNESSES INTERVIEWED, RECORD COLLECTION, DOCUMENT ORGANIZATION) WHICH ARE A NOTEWORTHY FACTOR IN THE NUMBER OF HOURS CLAIMED: \_\_\_\_\_

**6** EXPLAIN, IF NOTEWORTHY, IMPACT ON THE NUMBER OF HOURS CLAIMED OF INVESTIGATIVE, EXPERT, OR OTHER SERVICES USED (CJA 21 VOUCHER):

**7** CHECK WHETHER ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CLIENT CONSIDERATIONS ARE A NOTEWORTHY FACTOR IN THE NUMBER OF HOURS CLAIMED AND EXPLAIN EACH: COMMUNICATION WITH CLIENT/FAMILY \_\_\_\_\_ LANGUAGE DIFFERENCE \_\_\_\_\_  
ACCESSIBILITY OF CLIENT \_\_\_\_\_ OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

**8** EXPLAIN ANY EXPENSE (ITEMS 17 AND 18 OF THE CJA 20 VOUCHER) GREATER THAN \$500:

**9** EXPLAIN ANY OTHER NOTEWORTHY CIRCUMSTANCES REGARDING THE CASE AND THE REPRESENTATION PROVIDED TO SUPPORT THIS COMPENSATION REQUEST:

INCLUDE, IF APPLICABLE: (A) NEGOTIATIONS WITH U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE OR LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; (B) COMPLEXITY OR NOVELTY OF LEGAL ISSUES AND FACTUAL COMPLEXITY; (C) RESPONSIBILITIES INVOLVED MEASURED BY THE MAGNITUDE AND IMPORTANCE OF THE CASE; (D) MANNER IN WHICH DUTIES WERE PERFORMED AND KNOWLEDGE, SKILL EFFICIENCY, PROFESSIONALISM, AND JUDGMENT REQUIRED OF AND USED BY COUNSEL; (E) NATURE OF COUNSEL'S PRACTICE AND HARDSHIP OR INJURY RESULTING FROM THE REPRESENTATION; AND (F) ANY EXTRAORDINARY PRESSURE OF TIME OR OTHER FACTORS UNDER WHICH SERVICES WERE RENDERED.

SIGNATURE OF APPOINTED ATTORNEY:

DATE:



LEONIDAS RALPH MECHAM  
Director

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE  
UNITED STATES COURTS

CLARENCE A. LEE, JR.  
Associate Director

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20544

January 21, 1998

MEMORANDUM TO: CHIEF JUDGES, UNITED STATES COURTS OF APPEALS  
CHIEF JUDGES, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS  
CIRCUIT EXECUTIVES  
FEDERAL PUBLIC/COMMUNITY DEFENDERS  
DISTRICT COURT EXECUTIVES  
CLERKS, UNITED STATES COURTS OF APPEALS  
CLERKS, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS

SUBJECT: Public Disclosure of CJA Attorney Payment Information  
**(IMPORTANT INFORMATION)**

I write to advise you about an imminent change in the public availability of Criminal Justice Act (CJA) attorney fee information.

The Fiscal Year 1998 Judiciary Appropriations Act, Public Law 105-119, amended a provision of the Criminal Justice Act (CJA), 18 U.S.C. 3006A(d)(4), to mandate disclosure of the amounts paid to court appointed attorneys upon approval of such payments by the court, subject to consideration of important interests (the defendant's right to the effective assistance of counsel, the right against compelled self-incrimination, the attorney-client or work product privileges, the safety of witnesses or others, or any other interest that justice may require). The amounts paid to counsel are to be made available to the public by categories roughly corresponding to those listed on the CJA 20 voucher (arraignment and/or plea, bail and detention hearings, etc.). The disclosure requirement (which varies depending upon the stage of the proceeding and includes release of copies of redacted or unredacted vouchers) provides that, **before approving payments, the court must give reasonable notice of disclosure to appointed counsel in order to allow the attorney to request redaction of information.**

The new legislation (attached) will apply only to cases filed on or after January 25, 1998, and only for payments to appointed counsel. Based upon guidance from the Judicial Conference Committee on Defender Services, the Administrative Office suggests the requisite notice be given contemporaneously with the issuance to counsel of the CJA 20 or CJA 30 form (Appointment of and Authority to Pay Court Appointed Counsel). The Defender Services

Division is developing guidelines and a proposed form for this purpose. In the interim, it is recommended that courts provide counsel with a copy of the attached amendment to the CJA along with the voucher form.

Since this disclosure legislation has a two-year "sunset" provision, it would be helpful for each court to keep track of the number of requests for disclosure of attorney fees and the type of case involved (*e.g.*, capital or non-capital). Such information will most certainly be useful should Congress consider extending this disclosure mandate beyond the sunset date.

If you have any questions, please call the "Duty Attorney" in the Defender Services Division (202/273-1670), Leeann Rosner in the Appellate Court and Circuit Administration Division (202/273-1567), or your District Clerks' Liaison in the District Court Administration Division (202/273-1534).



Leonidas Ralph Mecham

Attachment



**Provision of FY 1998 Judiciary Appropriation Act (Public Law 105-119, Nov. 26, 1997)  
amending the Criminal Justice Act**

**SEC. 308.** Section 3006A(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

**"(4) DISCLOSURE OF FEES.—**

**"(A) IN GENERAL.—**Subject to subparagraphs (B) through (E), the amounts paid under this subsection for services in any case shall be made available to the public by the court upon the court's approval of the payment.

**"(B) PRE-TRIAL OR TRIAL IN PROGRESS.—**If a trial is in pre-trial status or still in progress and after considering the defendant's interests as set forth in subparagraph (D), the court shall—

**"(i) redact any detailed information on the payment voucher provided by defense counsel to justify the expenses to the court; and**

**"(ii) make public only the amounts approved for payment to defense counsel by dividing those amounts into the following categories:**

**"(I) Arraignment and or plea.**

**"(II) Bail and detention hearings.**

**"(III) Motions.**

**"(IV) Hearings.**

**"(V) Interviews and conferences.**

**"(VI) Obtaining and reviewing records.**

**"(VII) Legal research and brief writing.**

**"(VIII) Travel time.**

**"(IX) Investigative work.**

**"(X) Experts.**

**"(XI) Trial and appeals.**

**"(XII) Other.**

**"(C) TRIAL COMPLETED.—**

**"(i) IN GENERAL.—**If a request for payment is not submitted until after the completion of the trial and subject to consideration of the defendant's interests as set forth in subparagraph (D), the court shall make available to the public an unredacted copy of the expense voucher.

**"(ii) PROTECTION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANT.—**If the court determines that defendant's interests as set forth in subparagraph (D) require a limited disclosure, the court shall disclose amounts as provided in subparagraph (B).

**"(D) CONSIDERATIONS.—**The interests referred to in subparagraphs (B) and (C) are—

**"(i) to protect any person's 5th amendment right against self-incrimination;**

**"(ii) to protect the defendant's 6th amendment rights to effective assistance of counsel;**

**"(iii) the defendant's attorney-client privilege;**

**"(iv) the work product privilege of the defendant's counsel;**

**"(v) the safety of any person; and**

**"(vi) any other interest that justice may require.**

**"(E) NOTICE.—**The court shall provide reasonable notice of disclosure to the counsel of the defendant prior to the approval of the payments in order to allow the counsel to request redaction based on the considerations set forth in subparagraph (D). Upon completion of the trial, the court shall release unredacted copies of the vouchers provided by defense counsel to justify the expenses to the court. If there is an appeal, the court shall not release unredacted copies of the vouchers provided by defense counsel to justify the expenses to the court until such time as the appeals process is completed, unless the court determines that none of the defendant's interests set forth in subparagraph (D) will be compromised.

**"(F) EFFECTIVE DATE.—**The amendment made by paragraph (4) shall become effective 60 days after enactment of this Act, will apply only to cases filed on or after the effective date, and shall be in effect for no longer than twenty-four months after the effective date."

## NOTICE TO COURT-APPOINTED COUNSEL OF PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF ATTORNEY FEE INFORMATION

The Criminal Justice Act (CJA), 18 U.S.C. § 3006A, was amended in 1998 to require that the amounts paid to court-appointed attorneys be made publicly available upon the court's approval of the payments. Although the amended paragraph of the statute, § 3006A(d)(4), expired after two years and thus only applies to cases commenced between January 25, 1998, and January 24, 2000, the corresponding guideline (paragraph 5.01 of the Guidelines for the Administration of the Criminal Justice Act and Related Statutes, Volume VII, *Guide to Judiciary Policies and Procedures*) continues as a matter of Judicial Conference policy. The court may disclose an unredacted copy of a payment voucher submitted by defense counsel, or a redacted copy of a voucher indicating only the amounts approved for payment according to categories of services listed in the statute. The extent of disclosure depends on whether the case is pending and on whether the court determines that certain interests (listed below in part B.1) require the redaction of detailed information on the voucher. Upon court approval of a voucher claim, payment information will be made available as follows:

**A. BEFORE OR DURING THE TRIAL:** After redacting any detailed information provided to justify the expenses, the court shall make available to the public only the amounts approved for payment. Upon the completion of trial, unredacted copies of the vouchers may be released, depending on whether an appeal is being pursued and whether the court determines that one or more of the interests listed in part B.1 require the redaction of information.

**B. AFTER THE TRIAL IS COMPLETED:** The court shall make available to the public either redacted or unredacted vouchers as follows:

**1. If trial court proceedings have been completed and appellate review is not being pursued or has concluded at the time payment is approved:** The court shall make an unredacted copy of the payment voucher available to the public unless it determines that one or more of the interests listed below justify limiting disclosure to the amounts approved for payment in the manner described in part A. The interests that may require limiting disclosure include:

- (1) the protection of any person's 5<sup>th</sup> Amendment right against self-incrimination;
- (2) the protection of the defendant's 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment right to effective assistance of counsel;
- (3) the defendant's attorney-client privilege;
- (4) the work product privilege of the defendant's counsel;
- (5) the safety of any person; and
- (6) any other interest that justice may require (with the exception that for death penalty cases where the underlying alleged criminal conduct took place on or after April 19, 1995, the amount of the fees shall not be considered a reason justifying any limited disclosure).

**2. If appellate review is being pursued at the time payment is approved:** The court shall make available to the public only the amounts approved for payment in the manner described in part A unless it finds that none of the interests listed above in part B.1 will be compromised.

**C. AFTER THE APPEAL IS COMPLETED:** The court shall make an unredacted copy of the payment voucher available to the public unless it determines that one or more of the interests listed in B.1 justify limiting disclosure to the amounts approved for payment in the manner described in part A.

**If counsel believes that any of the interests listed above in part B.1 justify limiting disclosure to the amounts approved for payment, counsel should submit to the court a written request, identifying the interests at risk and the arguments in support of providing protection, AT OR BEFORE THE TIME A CLAIM FOR PAYMENT IS MADE. Failure to do so could result in the public availability of unredacted copies of your vouchers without further notice.**

**This constitutes notice under CJA Guideline 5.01. You may NOT receive additional notice before any payment information is made available to the public.**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR CJA FORM 20  
APPOINTMENT AND AUTHORITY TO PAY COURT APPOINTED COUNSEL**

Read these instructions carefully before completing the form. Accuracy and thoroughness will aid in the prompt payment of the claim. If possible, use a typewriter to complete the form; otherwise, write legibly with a ball point pen (preferably black or dark blue ink). If the form is system generated, Items 1 through 12 and 14 will be preprinted on the form. Attach an itemized statement of the services provided and expenses incurred. Give the date and the number of hours claimed for each service provided. Provide dates for and a description of the expenses incurred. For additional guidance, see the *Guidelines for the Administration of the Criminal Justice Act and Related Statutes (CJA Guidelines)*, Volume VII, *Guide to Judiciary Policies and Procedures*, which is available for reference in the Clerk's office.

Appointed counsel may obtain investigative, expert, and other services necessary for adequate representation in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection(e) of the Criminal Justice Act (CJA), 18 U.S.C. §3006A. Prior authorization from the presiding judicial officer is required for all such services where the cost, excluding expenses, will exceed \$300. Failure to obtain prior authorization will result in the disallowance of any amount claimed for compensation in excess of \$300, unless the presiding judicial officer, in the interest of justice, finds that timely procurement of necessary services could not await prior authorization. Payment for these services should be claimed directly by the service provider on a CJA Form 21, "Authorization and Voucher for Expert and Other Services."

**VOUCHERS SHALL BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 45 DAYS AFTER THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, UNLESS GOOD CAUSE IS SHOWN (PARAGRAPH 2.21A, CJA GUIDELINES). ALL PAYMENTS MADE PURSUANT TO THIS CLAIM ARE SUBJECT TO POST-AUDIT; CONTEMPORANEOUS TIME AND ATTENDANCE RECORDS AS WELL AS EXPENSE RECORDS MUST BE MAINTAINED FOR THREE YEARS AFTER APPROVAL OF THE FINAL VOUCHER (PARAGRAPH 2.32, CJA GUIDELINES). ANY OVERPAYMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO COLLECTION, INCLUDING DEDUCTION OF AMOUNTS DUE FROM FUTURE VOUCHERS**

- Item 1.**           **CIR./DIST./DIV. CODE:** This four-character location code is the circuit or district, and divisional office codes of the court where the proceedings for the person represented are held.
- Item 2.**           **PERSON REPRESENTED:** Give the full name of the person whom you were appointed to represent.
- Items 3-6.**       **DOCKET NUMBERS:** Provide the case file or miscellaneous number assigned by the court. Enter the number using the last two digits of the calendar year (YY), the sequential number assigned by the court (NNNNNN), and the defendant number (DDD) as shown on the indictment or charging document. Thus, the format of the docket number is YY-NNNNNN-DDD. **Note:** If two or more cases are heard or tried together for the person represented, complete a separate voucher for each case in which representation is provided (i.e., for each docket number listed). Prorate the total time among the cases. On supporting documentation, cross reference all related claims for which costs are prorated.
- Item 7.**           **IN CASE/MATTER OF (CASE NAME):** In criminal cases, enter *U.S. vs. Defendant's Name*. If it is a multiple defendant case, give the case cite as provided on the indictment or information (e.g., *U. S. vs. Lead Defendant's Name, et al*). If the person represented is not a defendant (e.g., material witness), enter the first named defendant in the court's recording of the case. If this is a civil case (e.g., habeas corpus), enter the *Name of the Petitioner vs. the Name of the Respondent* and include the respondent's title. If other than a civil or criminal case (i.e., miscellaneous matters), enter "*In the Matter of*" followed by the *Name of the Person Represented*.

**Item 8. PAYMENT CATEGORY:** Check the appropriate box that establishes the statutory threshold for representation in this case type. If “Other” payment category is checked, specify the category within the scope of the CJA. See paragraph 2.22 B(2) of the *CJA Guidelines*.

**Item 9. TYPE PERSON REPRESENTED:** Check the box that defines the legal status of the person represented.

**Item 10. REPRESENTATION TYPE:** From the list below, select the code that describes the type of representation:

- CC A defendant charged in a criminal case with an offense(s) that is a felony, misdemeanor, or petty offense under the United States Code, or an assimilated crime under a state code.
- NT A new trial either directed from the court of appeals on remand or as a result of a mistrial
- MA Motion attacking a sentence (28 U.S.C. § 2255)
- MC Motion to correct or reduce sentence (Fed. R. Crim. P. 35)
- HC Habeas corpus, non-capital (28 U.S.C. § 2254)
- BP Bail Presentment
- WI Material Witness (in custody)
- WW Witnesses (Grand Jury, a Court, the Congress, a Federal Agency, etc.)
- PR Probation Revocation
- PA Parole Revocation
- SR Supervised Release Hearing
- EW Extraordinary Writs ( Prohibition, Mandamus)
- CH Mental Competency Hearings (see Chapter 313 of Title 18 U.S. Code)
- PT Pretrial Diversion
- EX Extradition Cases (Foreign)
- OT (e.g., line ups, consultations, prisoner transfer, etc.)
- TD Appeal of a Trial Disposition
- CA Other Types of Appeals
- AP Appeal from Magistrate’s Decision
- CF Civil Asset Forfeiture (18 U.S.C. § 983(b)(1))
- AF Appeal of Civil Asset Forfeiture (18 U.S.C. § 983(b)(1))
- JU Juror’s Employment Rights (28 U.S.C. § 1875)
- PL Appeal of Pa role Revocation (18 U.S.C. § 4106A)
- HA Appeal of Non-Capital Habeas representation (28 U.S.C. § 2254)
- ML Action Alleging Malpractice in Furnishing Non-capital Representational Services (18 U.S.C. § 300 6A(d)(1))

**FOR DEATH PENALTY CASES, USE THE CJA FORM 30 AND APPLICABLE TYPE OF REPRESENTATION CODES**

**Item 11. OFFENSE(S) CHARGED:** Cite the U.S. Code, with title and section, or other code citation of the offense or offenses (list up to five) with which the person represented is charged. If other than a federal code is cited, state the statutory maximum period of confinement authorized for the offense. If a civil matter, such as a habeas corpus representation or a motion attacking sentence, cite 28 U.S.C. § 2254 or 28 U.S.C. § 2255, respectively. For direct appeals from a case disposition, cite the major offense (U.S. Code, title and section) for which the defendant was convicted.

**Items 12/14 ATTORNEY’S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS and NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF LAW FIRM:** Complete Item 12 with the legal name and address of the attorney appointed to represent the person whose name is shown in Item 2. If prior to your appointment for representation, you had a pre-existing agreement with a law firm or corporation, including a

professional corporation, indicating that CJA earnings belong to the law firm or corporation, rather than to the court-appointed attorney/payee, provide the name and mailing address of that law firm or corporation in Item 14. This information will allow earnings to be reported to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) on a 1099 Statement as earnings of the law firm or corporation and not as the earnings of the attorney appointed. (*Note: Information about a pre-existing agreement, including the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) of the law firm or corporation, should be provided to the court staff when the attorney is admitted to the panel or at initial appointment to a case.*)

**Item 13:** **COURT ORDER:** Check the box that describes the type of counsel appointed. If appointed as a substitute counsel, give the name of the previous counsel and the appointment date. If appointed as a “Standby Counsel,” check “Other” and attach a court order establishing this type of appointment in accordance with paragraph 2.17 of the *CJA Guidelines*. Also check “Other” if counsel is appointed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1875(d)(1) to protect a juror’s employment rights, and attach the court order appointing counsel for this purpose. The remaining portion of this item will be completed by the clerk of court or other court-designated person. The presiding judicial officer or clerk of court must sign and date this court order to validate the appointment. If services were provided prior to court appointment, the presiding judicial officer must ratify the previous service by indicating a “nunc pro tunc” date that covers the services prior to appointment. No other court order is necessary. Indicate whether the court orders full or partial repayment of the cost for representation from the person represented at the time of appointment by checking “Yes” or “No.”

**Item 15:** **IN-COURT SERVICES:** Enter the total number of hours claimed (in hours and tenths of an hour) for each applicable in-court service category. To support the totals entered in each category, attach to the voucher an itemization of services, by date, and indicate the number of hours for each service. Enter the total in-court hours where required on the form, and multiply the total number of in-court hours claimed by the hourly rate in effect for the place of holding court in which the representation is provided or the attorney maintains his or her principal office. If the case is an appeal to the court of appeals, enter the higher of the rates per hour in effect for the place of holding court in which the attorney maintains his or her principal office or the place of holding court out of which the case arose. Enter the total amount claimed in the appropriate box on the form.

**Item 16:** **OUT-OF-COURT SERVICES:** Complete according to the instructions above for in-court time, using the applicable out-of-court hourly rate of compensation.

**NOTE:** The “**FOR COURT USE ONLY**” column will reflect any mathematical or technical adjustments to the claim during the judicial approval process or changes during a required additional review of the chief judge of the court of appeals (or delegate).

**Item 17:** **TRAVEL EXPENSES:** Travel related expenses that are incidental to the representation (e.g., transportation, lodging, meals, car rental, parking, bridge, road and tunnel tolls, etc.) must be itemized on a separate sheet, indicating dates the expense was incurred. Attach supporting documentation (receipts, canceled checks, etc.) for all travel expenses. Travel expenses by privately owned automobile, motorcycle, or aircraft should be claimed at the rate in effect for federal employees at the time of travel. For overnight travel, reasonable expenses for lodging and meals will be reimbursed on an actual expense basis; per diem is not allowed. Counsel should be guided by prevailing limitations for travel and subsistence expenses of federal employees. The clerk of court can advise you of applicable rates and federal government travel regulations.

**Item 18:** **OTHER EXPENSES:** Itemize all reimbursable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to representation. Provide dates and a brief description of the expense. Enter the total claimed where

required on the form. Submit supporting documentation (receipts, canceled checks, etc.) for single item expenses in excess of \$50. Reimbursable expenses may include, in some circumstances, payments to law students or law clerks for legal research and assistance and the cost of computer assisted legal research (CALR) when conducted by counsel. See paragraphs 2.31 and 3.15 of the *CJA Guidelines* for an explanation. The following are not reimbursable expenses, and should not be claimed:

1. General office overhead, such as rent, telephone services, and secretarial services.
2. Expenses for items of a personal nature for the client (e.g., clothes, haircuts).
3. The cost of printing briefs. However, the cost of photocopying or similar copying service is reimbursable.
4. Fact witness fees, witness travel costs, and expenses for service of subpoenas. These expenses are not paid out of the CJA appropriation, but instead are paid by the Department of Justice pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 17, and 28 U.S.C. § 1825. Contact the United States Marshal for payment procedures. See paragraph 3.13 of the *CJA Guidelines* for guidance on payment of witness fees generally.
5. Filing fees. These fees are waived for persons proceeding under the CJA.
6. The cost of allowable investigative, expert, or other services. (See Chapter III of the *CJA Guidelines*). Such services should be requested using a CJA Form 21.
7. Compensation taxes. Taxes paid on attorney compensation, whether based on income, sales or gross receipts are not reimbursable expenses.

**Totals: Enter the Grand Totals where required by adding “in-court” and “out-of-court” totals, “travel” and “other expenses.”**

**Item 19. CERTIFICATION OF ATTORNEY/PAYEE FOR PERIOD OF SERVICE:** The person appointed by the court must certify dates of service for the representation. Indicate, where required, the date range for the services claimed on the voucher.

**Item 20. APPOINTMENT TERMINATION DATE, IF OTHER THAN CASE COMPLETION:** If the appointment is discontinued by order of the court (i.e., substitute counsel or reasons other than disposition of the defendant’s case, such as fugitive defendant, appointment of federal defender, or retention of counsel by a defendant), give the effective date for termination of appointment.

**Item 21. CASE DISPOSITION:** Indicate case disposition for the person represented (e.g., dismissed, convicted/final plea guilty, probation revoked, other, etc.). Select a code from the table below.

	Type of Disposition	Code
District Court Criminal and Other Proceedings	Dismissed	1
	Acquitted by court, or government motion for judgment of acquittal granted	2
	Acquitted by jury	3
	Convicted/final plea guilty	4
	Convicted/final plea nolo	5
	Convicted/court trial	8
	Convicted/jury trial	9

	Type of Disposition	Code
	Mistrial	C
	Not Guilty/insane/court trial	E
	Guilty/insane/court trial	F
	Not guilty/insane/jury trial	G
	Guilty/insane/jury trial	H
	Other (PTD matters, other reps. Transfers)	X
Appeals	Affirmed	A
	Reversed	R
	Remanded	0
	Reversed in Part/Affirmed in Part	RA
	Affirmed in Part/Reversed in Part	AR
	Dismissed	1
Probation/Parole/ Supervised Release	Revoked	RV
	Restored	RS
Habeas/Petitions/Writs	Granted	GR
	Denied	DE

**Item 22.** **CLAIM STATUS:** Indicate, by checking the appropriate box, whether the voucher is (1) the final payment for the services, (2) an interim payment, or (3) a supplemental payment (an additional claim submitted after a final payment is made). If an interim payment, indicate the interim payment number. Complete the remaining portion of Item 22, and sign and date the affirmation statement before submitting the claim for court approval.

**Items 23-28a.** **APPROVED FOR PAYMENT:** The presiding judicial officer will indicate the amount approved for payment in each category (Items 23 - 26). These amounts will reflect any mathematical and technical adjustments to your claim. The **“TOTAL AMOUNT APPROVED/CERTIFIED”** for payment equals the amount approved in the major categories, less any amounts withheld for an interim payment.

**SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING JUDICIAL OFFICER:** If the total amount approved for payment (both in-court and out-of-court), not including expenses, is less than or equal to the statutory limitation, the claim will be processed for payment. The presiding judicial officer will sign and date the voucher indicating approval of the amount to be paid in Item 27. If compensation exceeds the statutory threshold for the representation, submit a detailed memorandum, supporting and justifying that the representation was provided in a complex or extended case and that the claim for the excess amount is necessary to provide fair compensation. Upon preliminary approval of the claim, the presiding judicial officer will (1) signify approval by circling the word “cert” (for word certified) in Item 27 and (2) forward the voucher to the chief judge of the court of appeals (or delegate) for approval of the excess amount. The **JUDGE CODE** will be provided by the court staff.

**Item 29-33** **APPROVED FOR PAYMENT:** For payments in excess of the statutory limitation, the chief judge for the court of appeals (or delegate) will indicate the amount approved for payment in Items

29 - 32. This amount will reflect any adjustments in your claim resulting from additional technical or mathematical review by the chief judge (or delegate). The chief judge of the court of appeals (or delegate) will indicate the **TOTAL AMOUNT APPROVED** for payment of the claim, less any amounts withheld for an interim payment in Item 33.

**Item 34.**

**SIGNATURE OF CHIEF JUDGE, COURT OF APPEALS (OR DELEGATE):** Before the claim is paid for the excess amount, the chief judge of the appeals court (or delegate) must sign and date Item 34, approving payment for compensation that exceeds the statutory threshold. If approval is not granted, compensation will be limited to the statutory maximum for the representation and expenses as approved. The **JUDGE CODE** will be provided by the court staff.



**INSTRUCTIONS FOR CJA FORM 30  
DEATH PENALTY PROCEEDINGS  
APPOINTMENT OF AND AUTHORITY TO PAY COURT APPOINTED COUNSEL**

The CJA Form 30 should be used for all death eligible cases, regardless of whether the death penalty is authorized, not-authorized, or de-authorized.

Read these instructions carefully before completing the form. Accuracy and thoroughness will aid in the prompt payment of the claim. If possible, use a typewriter to complete the form; otherwise, write legibly with a ball point pen (preferably black or dark blue ink). If the form is generated from the automated system, Items 1-11 and 13 will be preprinted on the form. Attach an itemized statement of the services provided and expenses incurred. Give the date and the number of hours claimed for each service provided. Provide dates for, a description of, and the purpose for any expenses incurred. For additional guidance, refer to the *Guidelines for the Administration of the Criminal Justice Act and Related Statutes (CJA Guidelines)*, Volume VII, *Guide to Judiciary Policies and Procedures*, which is available for reference in the Clerk's Office.

Appointed counsel may obtain investigative, expert, and other services necessary for adequate representation in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (e) of the Criminal Justice Act (as amended), codified in part at 18 U.S.C. §3006A (CJA) and subsection (q)(9) and (10)(B) of the Anti Drug Abuse Act, 21 U.S.C. § 848. Prior authorization from the presiding judicial officer is required for all such services where the cost, excluding reimbursable out-of-pocket expenses, will exceed \$300. Failure to obtain prior authorization will result in the disallowance of any amount claimed unless the presiding judicial officer, in the interest of justice, finds that timely procurement of necessary services could not await prior authorization. Payment for these services should be claimed directly by the service provider on the CJA Form 31.

**VOUCHERS SHALL BE SUBMITTED NO LATER THAN 45 DAYS AFTER THE FINAL DISPOSITION OF THE CASE, UNLESS GOOD CAUSE IS SHOWN (PARAGRAPH 2.21A, CJA GUIDELINES). ALL PAYMENTS MADE PURSUANT TO THIS CLAIM ARE SUBJECT TO POST-AUDIT; CONTEMPORANEOUS TIME AND ATTENDANCE RECORDS, AS WELL AS EXPENSE RECORDS MUST BE MAINTAINED FOR THREE YEARS AFTER APPROVAL OF THE FINAL VOUCHER (PARAGRAPH 2.32, CJA GUIDELINES). ANY OVERPAYMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO COLLECTION, INCLUDING DEDUCTION OF AMOUNTS DUE FROM FUTURE VOUCHERS.**

- Item 1.**           **CIR./DIST./DIV. CODE:** This six-character location code is the circuit, district and divisional office codes for the court where the proceedings whom the person represented are held.
- Item 2.**           **PERSON REPRESENTED:** Give the full name of the person whom you were appointed to represent.
- Items 3-6:**       **DOCKET NUMBERS:** Provide the case number assigned by the court. Enter the number using the last two digits of the calendar year (YY), the sequential number assigned by the court (NNNNNN), and the defendant number (DDD), as shown in the indictment or charging document. Thus, the format of the docket number is YY-NNNNNN-DDD. **Note:** If two or more cases are heard or tried together for the person represented, complete a separate voucher for each case in which representation is provided (i.e., for each docket number listed). Prorate the total time among the cases. On the supporting documentation, cross reference the voucher number of all related claims for which costs are prorated.
- Item 7:**           **IN CASE/MATTER OF (CASE NAME):** In criminal cases, enter *U.S. vs. Defendant's Name*. If it is a multiple defendant case, give the case cite as provided on the indictment (e.g., *U.S. vs. Lead Defendant's Name, et al*). If this is a habeas corpus proceeding, enter the *Name of the Petitioner vs. the Name of the Respondent* and include the respondent's title.

**Item 8.**           **TYPE PERSON REPRESENTED:** Check the box that defines the legal status of the person represented.

**Item 9.**           **REPRESENTATION TYPE:** Check one of the following types of representations:

- D1       Habeas corpus (capital) petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254, seeking to vacate or set aside a state death sentence and Appeals;
- D2       Federal capital prosecution, either trial or direct appeal;
- D3       Habeas corpus (capital) petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 seeking to vacate or set aside a federal death sentence and appeals; or
- D4       Death penalty prosecution in federal court under a state statute or any authority other than the United States Code, and appeals.
- DM       Action Alleging Malpractice in Furnishing CJA Representational Services in a Capital Case (i.e., one of the four representational types above)

**Item 10.**           **OFFENSE(S) CHARGED:** If the case is a capital prosecution in federal court, cite the U. S. Code, title and section, or other code citation of all charges up to five. List all death-eligible charges first. If the case is a direct appeal of a federal prosecution, list all offenses for which the defendant was convicted.

**Item 11/13**       **ATTORNEY’S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS AND NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF LAW FIRM:** Complete Item 11 with the legal name and address of the attorney appointed to represent the person whose name is shown in Item 2. If prior to your appointment for representation, you had a pre-existing agreement with a law firm or corporation, including a professional corporation, indicating that CJA earnings belong to the law firm or corporation, rather than to the court-appointed attorney/payee, provide the Name and Mailing address of that law firm or corporation in Item 13. This information will allow earnings to be reported to the Internal Revenue (IRS) on a 1099 Statement as earnings of the law firm or corporation and not as the earnings of the attorney appointed. (*Note: Information about a pre-existing agreement, including the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) of the law firm or corporation, should be provided to the court staff when the attorney is admitted to the panel or at initial appointment to a case.*)

**Item 12:**           **COURT ORDER:** Check the box that describes the type of counsel appointed. If appointed as a substitute counsel, give the name of the previous counsel and the appointment date. If appointed as a “Standby Counsel,” attach the court order establishing this type of appointment in accordance with paragraph 2.17 of the *CJA Guidelines*. Specific qualifications are required for all counsel appointed to provide representation in death penalty cases. See 21 U.S.C. § 848 (q)(5)- (7) and 18 U.S.C. § 3005. The remaining portion of the Item will be completed by the clerk of court or other court-designated person.

If the court approves interim payments because of the conditions stated in Box “D,” the court should check this box. The presiding judicial officer or clerk of court must sign and date this court order to validate the appointment. Check statement “E,” if full or partial repayment was ordered by the court from the person represented at the time of the appointment. If services were provided prior to court appointment, the presiding judicial officer can ratify the previous service by indicating a “nunc pro tunc” date that covers the services prior to appointment. No other court order is necessary.

**Item 14.**           **STAGE OF PROCEEDING:** Check the box that corresponds to the stage of proceeding for services claimed in Item 15 even if it is anticipated that the work will be used in connection with a later stage of the proceeding. **CHECK ONLY ONE BOX.** Submit a separate voucher for each stage of proceeding. **NOTE:** The stage noted as “Other” under “Other Proceeding” should be used only for a petition for presidential pardon or clemency, or other proceeding that cannot fit within the other described categories.

**Item 15. CLAIM FOR SERVICES--CATEGORIES FOR HOURS AND COMPENSATION:** On the applicable lines “a” through “j” enter the actual time spent in hours and tenths of hours. Total the number of hours in out-of-court categories “b” - “j” and enter the total in the “HOURS CLAIMED” column where required. Multiply the total hours for in-court and out-of-court time by the allowable compensation rate. Enter the amount claimed in the “TOTAL AMOUNT CLAIMED” column for category “a”, and for categories “b” - “j.” **NOTE:** Indicate “Other Dispositive Motions” only for work related to a motion to dismiss, motion for summary judgment, or similar motion to end the entire habeas corpus proceeding. If services included in-court hearings of one hour each on separate dates, enter two hours on the form and attach a sheet indicating one hour for each of the two dates.

Any mathematical or technical adjustments to your claim during the judicial approval process or an additional review will be indicated in the columns provided on the form under the heading “**FOR COURT USE ONLY.**”

**Item 16. TRAVEL EXPENSES:** Travel related expenses that are incidental to the representation (e.g., transportation, lodging, meals, car rental, parking, bridge, road and tunnel tolls, etc.) must be itemized on a separate sheet, indicating dates the expense was incurred. Attach supporting documentation (receipts, canceled checks, etc.) for all travel expenses. Travel expenses by privately owned automobile, motorcycle, or aircraft should be claimed at the rate in effect for federal employees at the time of travel. For overnight travel, reasonable expenses for lodging and meals will be reimbursed on an actual expense basis; per diem is not allowed. Counsel should be guided by prevailing limitations for travel and subsistence expenses of federal employees. The clerk of court can advise you on applicable rates and federal government travel regulations.

**Item 17. OTHER EXPENSES:** Itemize all reimbursable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the representation. Provide dates and a brief description of the expense. Submit supporting documentation (a receipt, canceled check, etc.) for single item expenses in excess of \$50. Reimbursable expenses may include, in some circumstances, payments to a law student or law clerks for research and assistance, and the cost of computer assisted legal research (CALR) when conducted by counsel. See paragraph 2.31 and 3.15 of the *CJA Guidelines* for an explanation. Fees and expenses for expert attorney and other consultants in death penalty cases should be authorized and claimed on a CJA Form 31. The following are not reimbursable expenses, and should not be claimed:

1. General office overhead, such as rent, telephone services, and secretarial services.
2. Expenses for items of a personal nature for the client (e.g., clothes, haircuts).
3. The cost of printing briefs. However, the cost of photocopying or similar copying service is reimbursable.
4. Fact witness fees, witness travel costs, and expenses for service of subpoenas. These expenses are not paid out of the CJA appropriation, but instead are paid by the Department of Justice pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 17 and 28 U.S.C. § 1825. Contact the United States Marshal for payment procedures. See paragraph 3.13 of the *CJA Guidelines* for guidance on payment of witness fees generally.
5. Filing fees. These fees are waived for persons proceeding under the CJA.
6. The cost of allowable investigative, expert, or other services. (See Chapters III and VI of the *CJA Guidelines*) such services should be requested using a CJA Form 31.
7. Compensation taxes. Taxes paid on attorney compensation, whether based on income, sale, or gross receipts, are not reimbursable expenses.

**Totals:** Enter the “Grand Total” where required by adding the total amount claimed for “in-court,” “categories b - j,” “Travel Expenses,” and “Other Expenses.”

**Item 18. CERTIFICATION OF ATTORNEY/PAYEE FOR PERIOD OF SERVICE:** The person appointed by the court must certify dates of service for the representation. Indicate where required, the date range for the services claimed on the voucher.

**Item 19. APPOINTMENT TERMINATION DATE, IF OTHER THAN CASE COMPLETION:** If the appointment is discontinued by order of the court (i.e., substituted counsel or reasons other than disposition of the defendant's case such as fugitive defendant, appointment of a public defender, or retention of counsel by defendant), give the effective date for termination of appointment.

**Item 20. CASE DISPOSITION:** Indicate case disposition for the person represented. Select applicable code from the table below.

	Type of Disposition	Code
District Court Criminal and Other Proceedings	Dismissed	1
	Acquitted by court, or government motion for judgment of acquittal granted	2
	Acquitted by jury	3
	Convicted/final plea guilty	4
	Convicted/final plea nolo	5
	Convicted/court trial	8
	Convicted/jury trial	9
	Mistrial	C
	Not Guilty/insane/court trial	E
	Guilty/insane/court trial	F
	Not guilty/insane/jury trial	G
	Guilty/insane/jury trial	H
	Other (PTD matters, other reps. Transfers ,etc)	X
Appeals	Affirmed	A
	Reversed	R
	Remanded	0
	Reversed in Part/Affirmed in Part	RA
	Affirmed in Part/Reversed in Part	AR
	Dismissed	1
	Habeas/Petitions/Writs	Granted
Denied		DE

**Item 21. CLAIM STATUS:** Indicate, by checking the appropriate box, whether the voucher is (1) the final payment for the services, (2) an interim payment, or (3) a supplemental payment (an additional claim submitted after a final payment is made). If an interim payment, indicate the payment number. Complete the remaining portion of Item 21, and sign and date the affirmation

statement before submitting the claim for court approval.

**Items 22-27a.** **APPROVED FOR PAYMENT--COURT USE ONLY:** The presiding judicial officer will indicate the amount approved for each major category. These amounts will reflect mathematical or technical adjustments to your claim. The total amount approved for payment of the claim, less any amounts withheld for interim payment, is reflected in the **“TOTAL AMOUNT APPROVED.”** The **“SIGNATURE OF THE PRESIDING JUDICIAL OFFICER”** is required to effect payment of the claim. The **JUDGE CODE** will be provided by the court staff.





















