HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE, 2007 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 1664

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to adopt changes to
 Hawaii's tax law that will allow Hawaii to participate in the
 streamlined sales and use tax agreement. By enacting the Hawaii
 Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act, Act 173,
 Session Laws of Hawaii 2003, the State of Hawaii became a
 participating member of the National Streamlined Sales Tax
 Project.

8 In furtherance of the State's efforts to comply with the terms and conditions of the conforming legislation reflected in 9 10 the Streamlined Sales Tax Project's model agreement and act, the Hawaii state legislature enacted Act 3, Special Session Laws of 11 12 Hawaii 2005. Act 3, in part, establishes a technical advisory group to assist the state department of taxation in identifying 13 14 and resolving issues necessary for Streamlined Sales Tax Project 15 compliance. In addition, a joint house-senate legislative 16 oversight committee has been formed to provide additional tax



policy support and guidance. This Act is a culmination of these
 efforts.

3 In order to participate in the streamlined sales and use 4 tax agreement, Hawaii must amend its tax law in conformity with 5 the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. To conform, Hawaii 6 must adopt a single rate of general excise tax, Hawaii's 7 substitute for a sales tax. In accordance with advice received 8 from the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board and COST, a 9 national organization representing businesses, this was 10 accomplished by:

- 11 (1) Moving the one-half of one per cent tax rate for
 12 wholesale transactions to a new chapter;
- 13 (2) Adding a new chapter on the taxation of imports of14 property, services, and contracting;
- 15 (3) Moving the 0.15 per cent tax on insurance producers to16 a new chapter; and
- 17 (4) Eliminating the tax on businesses owned by disabled18 persons.
- 19 This Act also provides for destination-based sourcing and20 amnesty.



H.B. NO. 1664

1 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 2 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read 3 as follows: 4 "CHAPTER 5 TAX ON WHOLESALERS, SERVICE BUSINESSES, AND CONTRACTORS §A-1 Definitions; "business", "gross income". 6 The definitions contained in sections 237-1, 237-2, and 237-3 shall 7 apply to this chapter. 8 9 SA-2 "Wholesaler" and "jobber" defined. (a) "Wholesaler" 10 or "jobber" applies only to a person making sales at wholesale. 11 Only the following are sales at wholesale: 12 (1)Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other 13 licensed seller for purposes of resale; 14 Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or (2)15 commodities that are to be incorporated by the 16 manufacturer into a finished or saleable product 17 (including the container or package in which the 18 product is contained) during the course of its 19 preservation, manufacture, or processing, including 20 preparation for market, and that will remain in a 21 finished or saleable product in a form as to be 22 perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable



Page 4

product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the manufacturer;

(3) Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative 3 association of materials or commodities that are to be 4 incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative 5 association into a finished or saleable product that 6 7 is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer or cooperative association, including specifically 8 materials or commodities expended as essential to the 9 10 planting, growth, nurturing, and production of 11 commodities that are sold by the producer or by the 12 cooperative association;

13 (4) Sales to a licensed contractor of materials or
14 commodities that are to be incorporated by the
15 contractor into the finished work or project required
16 by the contract and that will remain in a finished
17 work or project in a form as to be perceptible to the
18 senses;

19 (5) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative 20 association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale 21 to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person 22 operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed,



H.B. NO. 1664

1 hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding 2 services for the purpose of raising or producing 3 animal or poultry products for disposition as 4 described in section A-3 or for incorporation into a 5 manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg 6 7 laying other than for the customer's own consumption 8 of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced; 9 provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only 10 the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed 11 lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's 12 service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals 13 to be butchered or to a cooperative association 14 described in section 237-23(a)(7) of these licensed 15 producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale; 16 and provided further that any amount derived from the 17 furnishing of feed lot services, other than the segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at 18 19 the service business rate specified in section 20 A-6(a)(5). This paragraph shall not apply to the sale 21 of feed for poultry or animals to be used for hauling, 22 transportation, or sports purposes;



1 (6) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale 2 3 to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for 4 catching fish (including the catching of bait for 5 catching fish), which agricultural and aquacultural 6 products or fish are to be disposed of as described in 7 section A-3 or to be incorporated in a manufactured 8 9 product as described in paragraph (2); Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative 10 (7) association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale 11 12 to a licensed producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; 13 of polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and 14 other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to 15 be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and 16 other agricultural and aquacultural products; of 17 seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or 18 aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which 19 cartons and other containers, wrappers, and sacks, binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers are to be 20 21 used as described in section A-3, or to be



Page 6

H.B. NO. 1664

1		incorporated in a manufactured product as described in		
2		paragraph (2);		
3	(8)	Sales of tangible personal property where:		
4		(A) Tangible personal property is sold upon the order		
5		or request of a licensed seller for the purpose		
6		of rendering a service in the course of the		
7		person's service business or calling, or upon the		
8		order or request of a person subject to tax under		
9		section 237D-2 for the purpose of furnishing		
10		transient accommodations;		
11		(B) The tangible personal property becomes or is used		
12		as an identifiable element of the service		
13		rendered; and		
14		(C) The cost of the tangible personal property does		
15		not constitute overhead to the licensed seller;		
16	(9)	Sales to a licensed leasing company of capital goods		
17		that have a depreciable life, are purchased by the		
18		leasing company for lease to its customers, and are		
19		thereafter leased as a service to others;		
20	(10)	Sales of services to a licensed seller engaging in a		
21		business or calling whenever:		
22		(A) Either:		



H.B. NO. 1664

1	(i)	In the context of a service-to-service
2		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
3		order or request of a licensed seller for
4		the purpose of rendering another service in
5		the course of the seller's service business
6		or calling;
7	(ii)	In the context of a service-to-tangible
8		personal property transaction, a service is
9		rendered upon the order or request of a
10		licensed seller for the purpose of
11		manufacturing, producing, or preparing
12		tangible personal property to be sold;
13	(iii)	In the context of a services-to-contracting
14		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
15		order or request of a licensed contractor as
16		defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
17		assisting that licensed contractor; or
18	(iv)	In the context of a services-to-transient
19		accommodations rental transaction, a service
20		is rendered upon the order or request of a
21		person subject to tax under section 237D-2



1		for the purpose of furnishing transient
2		accommodations;
3	(B)	The benefit of the service passes to the customer
4		of the licensed seller, licensed contractor, or
5		person furnishing transient accommodations as an
6		identifiable element of the other service or
7		property to be sold, the contracting, or the
8		furnishing of transient accommodations;
9	(C)	The cost of the service does not constitute
10		overhead to the licensed seller, licensed
11		contractor, or person furnishing transient
12		accommodations;
13	(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
14		divided between the licensed seller and another
15		licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
16		transient accommodations for imposition of the
17		tax under this chapter or chapter 237;
18	(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
19		subject to a deduction under this chapter,
20		chapter 237, or chapter 237D; and
21	(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
22		property, contracting, or transient



1		accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
2		under this chapter or chapter 237;
3	(11)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
4		licensed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
5		single-serving packets of condiments that are provided
6		to customers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
7		or other licensed seller;
8	(12)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
9		licensed seller of tangible personal property that
10		will be incorporated or processed by the licensed
11		retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
12		a finished or saleable product during the course of
13		its preparation for market (including disposable,
14		nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in
15		which the product is contained and that are generally
16		known and most commonly used to contain food or
17		beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished
18		or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise
19		used by the licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
20		licensed seller;

H.B. NO. 1664

1	(13)	Sales of	amusements subject to taxation under section
2		A-6(a)(3)	to a licensed seller engaging in a business
3		or callin	g whenever:
4		(A) Eith	er:
5		(i)	In the context of an amusement-to-service
6			transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
7			the order or request of a licensed seller
8			for the purpose of rendering another service
9			in the course of the seller's service
10			business or calling;
11		(ii)	In the context of an amusement-to-tangible
12			personal property transaction, an amusement
13			is rendered upon the order or request of a
14			licensed seller for the purpose of selling
15			tangible personal property; or
16		(iii)	In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
17			transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
18			the order or request of a licensed seller
19			for the purpose of rendering another
20			amusement in the course of the person's
21			amusement business;



1	(B)	The benefit of the amusement passes to the
2		customer of the licensed seller as an
3		identifiable element of the other service,
4		tangible personal property to be sold, or
5		amusement;
6	(C)	The cost of the amusement does not constitute
7		overhead to the licensed seller;
8	(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
9		divided between the licensed seller and another
10		licensed seller, person furnishing transient
11		accommodations, or person rendering an amusement
12		for imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
13	(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
14		subject to a deduction under this chapter or
15		chapter 237; and
16	(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
17		property, or amusement is subject to the tax
18		imposed under this chapter or chapter 237. As
19		used in this paragraph, "amusement" means
20		entertainment provided as part of a show for
21		which there is an admission charge; and



H.B. NO. 1664

13

1 (14)Sales by a printer to a publisher of magazines or similar printed materials containing advertisements, 2 when the publisher is under contract with the 3 advertisers to distribute a minimum number of 4 5 magazines or similar printed materials to the public or defined segment of the public, whether or not there 6 7 is a charge to the persons who actually receive the magazines or similar printed materials. 8

9 (b) If the use tax law under chapter B is finally held by 10 a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or 11 invalid insofar as it purports to tax the use or consumption of 12 tangible personal property imported into the State in interstate 13 or foreign commerce, or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be 14 taxed thereafter under this chapter in accordance with the 15 following definition (which shall supersede the preceding subsection otherwise defining "wholesaler" or "jobber"): 16 17 "Wholesaler" or "jobber" means a person, or a definitely organized division thereof, definitely organized to render and 18 19 rendering a general distribution service that buys and maintains 20 at the person's place of business a stock or lines of 21 merchandise that the person distributes; and that the person, 22 through salespersons, advertising, or sales promotion devices,



H.B. NO. 1664

14

sells to licensed retailers, to institutional, or licensed
 commercial or industrial users, in wholesale quantities and at
 wholesale rates. A corporation deemed not to be carrying on a
 trade or business in this State under section 235-6 shall
 nevertheless be deemed to be a wholesaler and shall be subject
 to the tax imposed by this chapter.

7 **SA-3 "Producer" defined.** (a) "Producer" means any person 8 engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural 9 products in their natural state, or in producing natural 10 resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or 11 aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of 12 the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their 13 natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the 14 natural resource products, or fish.

(b) As used in this section, "agricultural products"
include floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry,
nut, coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any
other farm, agronomic, or plantation products.

19 §A-4 Definitions; "contractor", "service business or
20 calling". The definitions contained in sections 237-6 and 237-7
21 shall be applicable for this chapter.

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

15

SA-5 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-9,
 237-9.5, 237-11, and 237-12 shall be applicable for this
 chapter.

SA-6 Imposition of tax. (a) There is hereby levied and
shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
persons on account of their business and other activities in the
State measured by the application of rates against values of
products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
specified, as follows:

10

(1) Tax on manufacturers:

11 Upon every person engaging or continuing within (A) 12 the State in the business of manufacturing, 13 including compounding, canning, preserving, 14 packing, printing, publishing, milling, 15 processing, refining, or preparing for sale, 16 profit, or commercial use, either directly or 17 through the activity of others, in whole or in 18 part, any article or articles, substance or 19 substances, commodity or commodities, the amount 20 of the tax to be equal to the value of the 21 articles, substances, or commodities, 22 manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,



Page 16

16

1 packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or 2 prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer 3 4 or person compounding, preparing, or printing 5 them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent; 6 (B) The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the 7 value of the entire product for sale, regardless 8 of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries 9 may be made to points outside the State; 10 (C) If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers 11 ships or transports the person's product, or any 12 part thereof, out of the State, whether in a 13 finished or unfinished condition, or sells the 14 same for delivery to points outside the State 15 (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser 16 via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of 17 the products in the condition or form in which 18 they exist immediately before entering interstate 19 or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter 20 provided, shall be the basis for the assessment 21 of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax 22 shall be due and payable as of the date of entry



1	of	the products into interstate or foreign
2	COM	merce, whether the products are then sold or
3	not	. The department shall determine the basis
4	for	assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
5	fol	lows:
6	(i)	If the products at the time of their entry
7		into interstate or foreign commerce already
8		have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
9		less the transportation expenses, if any,
10		incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
11		transportation from the time of entry of the
12		products into interstate or foreign
13		commerce, including insurance and storage in
14		transit, shall be the measure of the value
15		of the products;
16	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
17		time of their entry into interstate or
18		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
19		clause (i) in which the products are sold
20		under circumstances such that the gross
21		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
22		true value of the products, the value of the



Page 18

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

18

1 products constituting the basis for assessment shall correspond as nearly as 2 possible to the gross proceeds of sales for 3 delivery outside the State, adjusted as 4 provided in clause (i), or if sufficient 5 data are not available, sales in the State, 6 of similar products of like quality and 7 character and in similar quantities, made by 8 the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the 9 10 true value) or by others. Sales outside the 11 State, adjusted as provided in clause (i), 12 may be considered when they constitute the 13 best available data. The department of 14 taxation shall prescribe uniform and equitable rules for ascertaining the values; 15 At the election of the taxpayer and with the 16 (iii) 17 approval of the department of taxation, the 18 taxpayer may make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i) even though the products 19 have not been sold at the time of their 20 21 entry into interstate or foreign commerce; 22 and

19

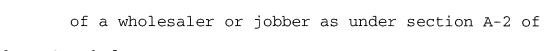
1 (iv) In all cases in which products leave the 2 State in an unfinished condition, the basis 3 for assessment shall be adjusted so as to 4 deduct the portion of the value as is 5 attributable to the finishing of the goods outside the State; 6 7 (2) Tax on producers: Upon every person engaging or 8 continuing within this State in the business of a 9 producer, the tax shall be equal to one-half of one 10 per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the 11 business, or the value of the products, for sale, if 12 sold for delivery outside the State or shipped or transported out of the State, and the value of the 13 14 products shall be determined in the same manner as the 15 value of manufactured products covered in the cases 16 under paragraph (1)(C). No manufacturer or producer, 17 engaged in the business of manufacturing or producing in the State and selling the manufacturer's or 18 19 producer's products for delivery outside of the State 20 (for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via 21 common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to 22 pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege



H.B. NO. 1664

20

1 of so selling the products, and the value or gross 2 proceeds of sales of the products shall be included 3 only in determining the measure of the tax imposed 4 upon the manufacturer or producer; (3) Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting 5 stations, etc. Upon every person engaging or 6 7 continuing within the State in the business of 8 operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show, 9 vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, 10 radio broadcasting station, or any other place at 11 which amusements are offered to the public, at 12 wholesale, the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the gross proceeds of the business; 13 14 Tax on service business upon every person engaging or (4)15 continuing within the State in any service business or 16 calling including professional services not otherwise 17 specifically taxed under this chapter, as a wholesaler 18 under section A-2, the tax shall be equal to one-half 19 of one per cent of the gross proceeds of the business; 20 (5) Tax on sales by wholesalers: 21 (A) Upon every person who is engaged in the business





H.B. NO. 1664

1	selling any tangible personal property whatsoever
2	(not including, however, bonds or other evidences
3	of indebtedness, or stocks), there is hereby
4	levied, and shall be assessed and collected, a
5	tax equivalent to one-half of one per cent of the
6	gross proceeds of sales of the business as a
7	wholesaler or jobber as defined in section A-2;
8 (B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in
9	interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute
10	a part of the measure of the tax imposed on
11	persons in the business of selling tangible
12	personal property as a wholesaler, to the extent,
13	under the conditions, and in accordance with the
14	provisions of the Constitution of the United
15	States and the Acts of Congress of the United
16	States that may be now in force or may be
17	hereafter adopted, and whenever there occurs in
18	the State an activity to which, under the
19	Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be
20	attributed gross proceeds of sales, the gross
21	proceeds shall be so attributed.

H.B. NO. 1664

22

1 When a manufacturer or producer, engaged in business (b) 2 in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the State at wholesale taxed under this 3 chapter, retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the 4 privilege of engaging in the business of selling the products in 5 6 the State shall apply to the manufacturer or producer as well as 7 the tax for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the 8 State, and the manufacturer or producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the wholesale, retail, or other sales 9 10 required for the privilege of selling in the State, as well as 11 making the returns of the value or gross proceeds of sales of 12 the products required for the privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay 13 14 the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of selling its 15 products in the State, and the value or gross proceeds of sales 16 of the products, thus subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as duplicated as to the same products by the measure of the tax 17 18 upon the manufacturer or producer for the privilege of 19 manufacturing or producing in the State under this chapter; 20 provided that no producer of agricultural products who sells the 21 products to a purchaser who will process the products outside the State shall be required to pay the tax imposed in this 22

2007-0509 нв SMA-1.doc

chapter for the privilege of producing or selling those
 products.

3 SA-7 Resale certificates. (a) The department of
4 taxation, by rule, may require that a seller take from the
5 purchaser of tangible personal property a certificate, in a form
6 prescribed by the department, certifying that the sale is a sale
7 at wholesale; provided that:

8 (1) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall be
9 obligated to pay to the seller, upon demand, the
10 amount of the additional tax that is imposed upon the
11 seller whenever the sale in fact is not at wholesale;
12 and

13 (2) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
14 to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale
15 unless the sales of the business are exclusively at
16 wholesale.

17 (b) The department of taxation may require that the person
18 rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the licensed
19 seller a certificate, in a form prescribed by the department,
20 certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
21 (1) Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall
22 be obligated to pay to the person rendering the



2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

Page 24

24

1		amusement, upon demand, the amount of additional tax
2		that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is
3		not at wholesale; and
4	(2)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
5		to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale
6		unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively
7		rendering the amusement at wholesale.
8	(C)	The department of taxation may require that the person
9	rendering	a service at wholesale take from the licensed seller a
10	certifica	te, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying
11	that the	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
12	(1)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall
13		be obligated to pay to the person rendering the
14		service, upon demand, the amount of additional tax
15		that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is
16		not at wholesale; and
17	(2)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
18		to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale
19		unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively
20		rendering services at wholesale.
21	57-0	Mon on receipts of sugar bonofit normants. Upon the

21 §A-8 Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
22 amounts received from the United States government by any



Page 25

25

producer of sugar (or the producer's legal representative or 1 2 heirs), as defined under and by virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, 3 as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States 4 relating thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of 5 one per cent of the gross amount received; provided that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so received and actually 6 7 disbursed to another by a producer in the form of a benefit 8 payment shall be paid by the person or persons to whom the 9 amount is actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a 10 benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim on the 11 producer's return a deduction from the gross amount taxable 12 hereunder in the sum of the amount so disbursed. The amounts 13 taxed under this section shall not be taxable under any other 14 paragraph, subsection, or section of this chapter.

15 Segregation of gross income, etc., on records and in SA-9 16 The imposition of taxes and the application of tax returns. 17 rates do not depend upon the business in which the taxpayer is 18 primarily engaged. One business may be subject to two or more 19 tax rates under this chapter and chapter 237. If a business is 20 within the purview of two or more of the paragraphs of section 21 237-13 or other provisions of this chapter or chapter 237, all 22 of them apply, each provision being applicable to the

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

26

1 appropriate item of gross income, gross proceeds of sales, or 2 value of products. However, any person engaging or continuing 3 in a business having gross income, gross proceeds of sales, and 4 value of products, or any of these as the case may be, taxable 5 at different rates, shall be subject to taxation upon the 6 aggregate amount of the gross income, gross proceeds of sales, 7 and value of products of the business at the highest rate 8 applicable to any part of the aggregate, unless the person shall 9 segregate the parts taxable at different rates upon the person's 10 records and in the person's returns, and shall sustain the 11 burden of proving that the segregation was correctly made.

12 §A-10 Assessment on generated electricity. Any other 13 provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the levy and 14 assessment of tax on the gross proceeds from the sale of 15 electric power to a public utility company for resale to the 16 public, shall be made only as a tax on business of a producer, 17 at the rate assessed producers, under section A-6(a)(2).

18 SA-11 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or 19 physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and 20 similar items which have been prepared by the technician in 21 accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or 22 physician, and these items are to be used by the dentist or



H.B. NO. 1664

27

1 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 2 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 3 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though 4 5 the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a licensed retailer, rather than pursuant to chapter 237 at the 6 7 rate of four per cent that is generally applied to professions 8 and services.

9 **§A-12** Activity ordered by others. (a) Where, through the 10 activity of a person taxable under section 237-13(5), a product 11 has been milled, processed, or otherwise manufactured upon the 12 order of another taxpayer who is a manufacturer taxable upon the 13 value of the entire manufactured products, which consists in 14 part of the value of the services taxable under section 15 237-13(5), so much gross income as is derived from the rendering 16 of the services shall be subjected to tax on the person 17 rendering the services at the rate of one-half of one per cent, 18 and the value of the entire product shall be included in the 19 measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer as elsewhere 20 provided.

(b) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
section 237-13(5), there have been rendered to a cane planter



H.B. NO. 1664

1 services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or 2 consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the 3 services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of 4 5 harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided 6 by subsection (a), and the value of the entire product, 7 manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract, 8 shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the 9 10 persons elsewhere provided.

SA-13 Sales of telecommunications services through prepaid telephone calling service. (a) For the purposes of this section, "prepaid telephone calling service" means the right to exclusively purchase telecommunication services, paid for in advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed.

(b) If the sale or recharge of a prepaid telephone calling
service does not take place at the vendor's place of business,
it shall be conclusively determined to take place at the
customer's shipping address; or if there is no item shipped,
then it shall be the customer's billing address.



H.B. NO. 1664

29

(c) When a person licensed under this chapter sells
 prepaid telephone calling services to a licensed retail
 merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller for purposes of
 resale, the person shall be taxed as a wholesaler selling
 tangible personal property.

6 (d) For purposes of prepaid telephone calling services
7 only, all such services shall be taxed under this section and
8 shall be in lieu of taxation under chapter 239.

9 SA-14 Apportionment. In the case of a tax upon the
10 production of property in the State, the apportionment shall be
11 determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers provided
12 in section A-6(a)(1).

13 §A-15 Conformity to constitution. Section 237-22 shall
14 apply to this chapter.

15 §A-16 Exemptions. The exemptions provided in section
16 237-23, 237-26, 237-27.5, 237-29, 237-29.5, and 237-29.53 shall
17 apply to this chapter.

18 §A-17 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not apply19 to the following amounts:

20 (1) The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
21 products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or



H.B. NO. 1664

1		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
2		selling the products at wholesale;
3	(2)	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
4		Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or similar
5		federal taxes, imposed on sugar manufactured in the
6		State, paid by the manufacturer to the federal
7		government;
8	(3)	Gross income received by any blind, deaf, or totally
9		disabled person engaging, or continuing, in any
10		business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
11		within the State; a corporation all of whose
12		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
13		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
14		a general, limited or limited liability partnership,
15		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
16		disabled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
17		members are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
18	(4)	Amounts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
19		manufacturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
20		where:
21		(A) The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
22		classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the



H.B. NO. 1664

1		Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
2		the Act may be amended or supplemented;
3	(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,
4		and other products manufactured from the
5		sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax
6		levied on the manufacturer under section
7		A-6(a)(1);
8	(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
9		dependent upon the actual value of the products
10		manufactured therefrom or the average value of
11		all similar products manufactured by the
12		manufacturer; and
13	(D)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
14		reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
15		of the manufactured products.
16	§A-18 Ex	emption for sale of tangible personal property for
17	resale at whol	esale. (a) There shall be exempted from, and
18	excluded from	the measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter
19	all of the gro	ss proceeds or gross income arising from the sale
20	of tangible pe	rsonal property imported to Hawaii from a foreign
21	or domestic so	urce to a licensed taxpayer for subsequent resale
22	for the purpos	e of wholesale as defined under section A-2.



H.B. NO. 1664

32

1 (b) The department of taxation, by rule, may provide that a seller may take from the purchaser of imported tangible 2 3 personal property, a certificate in a form that the department 4 shall prescribe, certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal property shall resell the imported tangible 5 personal property at wholesale as defined under section A-2. 6 7 Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to 8 pay to the seller, upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a 9 sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax which by reason thereof is imposed upon the 10 seller. The absence of a certificate, unless the sales of the 11 business are exclusively a sale for the purpose of resale at 12 13 wholesale, in itself, shall give rise to the presumption that 14 the sale is not a sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale.

15 §A-19 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-20, 237-21,
16 237-27, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33, 237-33.5, 237-34,
17 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39, 237-40, 237-41, 237-42,
18 237-43, 237-46, 237-47, 237-49, and 237-A to 237-F shall apply
19 to this chapter."

20 SECTION 3. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 21 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read 22 as follows:



1	"CHAPTER
2	TAX ON IMPORT OF GOODS, SERVICES AND CONTRACTING FOR RESALE
3	§B-1 Definitions. Definitions contained in section 238-1
4	shall apply to this chapter.
5	§B-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
6	exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
7	this State of tangible personal property which is imported by a
8	taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an
9	unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State.
10	The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the property
11	is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to
12	the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax
13	hereby imposed and the exemptions thereof are as follows:
14	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
15	A and is:
16	(A) A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
17	for purposes of sale or resale; or
18	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
19	or commodities that are to be incorporated by the
20	manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
21	(including the container or package in which the
22	product is contained) wherein it will remain in a
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 33

H.B. NO. 1664

34

1 form as to be perceptible to the senses, and the finished or saleable product is to be sold in a 2 manner as to result in a further tax on the 3 4 activity of the manufacturer as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not as a retailer; 5 there shall be no tax; provided that if the 6 wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in 7 business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237), 8 9 paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall 10 refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in 11 the manner provided under section 231-23(c) the amount 12 of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer 13 shall establish, to the satisfaction of the director, 14 to have been paid by the wholesaler, jobber, or 15 manufacturer to the director with respect to property 16 17 that has been used by the wholesaler, jobber, or 18 manufacturer for the purposes stated in this 19 paragraph; (2)If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter 20 21 237 and is:



Page 35

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1	(A)	A retailer or other person importing or
2		purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
3		exempted by paragraph (1);
4	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
5		or commodities that are to be incorporated by the
6		manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
7		(including the container or package in which the
8		product is contained) wherein it will remain in a
9		form as to be perceptible to the senses, and the
10		finished or saleable product is to be sold at
11		retail in this State, in a manner as to result in
12		a further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
13		in selling the products at retail;
14	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
15		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
16		contractor into the finished work or project
17		required by the contract and that will remain in
18		the finished work or project in a form as to be
19		perceptible to the senses;
20	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling
21		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
22		furnishing transient accommodations subject to

1

2

3

4

5

6

H.B. NO. 1664

36

the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the import or purchase of tangible personal property would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as defined in section A-2(a)(8) had the seller of the property been subject to the tax in chapter 237; or

7 (E) A publisher of magazines or similar printed 8 materials containing advertisements, when the 9 publisher is under contract with the advertisers to distribute a minimum number of magazines or 10 11 similar printed materials to the public or 12 defined segment of the public, whether or not 13 there is a charge to the persons who actually 14 receive the magazines or similar printed 15 materials,

16 the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the 17 purchase price of the property, if the purchase and 18 sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no 19 purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase 20 or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then 21 one-half of one per cent of the value of the property.

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

37

1 Imposition of tax on imported services or §B-3 2 contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax 3 on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 4 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point 5 outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this 6 State. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the 7 service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received 8 by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing 9 jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax hereby imposed 10 and the exemptions from the tax are as follows: 11 (1)If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter 12 A and is: 13 (A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which 14 the imported or purchased services or contracting 15 become identifiable elements, excluding overhead, 16 of the services rendered by the importer or 17 purchaser, and the gross income of the importer 18 or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under 19 chapter A on services at the rate of one-half of 20 one per cent; or 21 (B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services 22 or contracting that become identifiable elements,



H.B. NO. lbby

38

1 excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable 2 product (including the container or package in 3 which the product is contained) and the finished or saleable product is to be sold in a manner 4 that results in a further tax under chapter A on 5 the manufacturer as a wholesaler, and not a 6 7 retailer; there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the 8 9 imported or purchased services or contracting; 10 provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in 11 business as a retailer as classified under chapter 12 237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall refund to the 13 14 manufacturer, in the manner provided under section 231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer, 15 to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish 16 to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director 17 18 with respect to services that have been used by the 19 manufacturer for the purposes stated in this 20 paragraph;

21 (2) If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed
22 under chapter 237 and is:



1	(A)	Engaged in a service business or calling in which
2		the imported or purchased services or contracting
3		become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
4		of the services rendered by the importer or
5		purchaser, and the gross income from those
6		services when sold by the importer or purchaser
7		is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237;
8	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
9		or contracting that become identifiable elements,
10		excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable
11		manufactured product (including the container or
12		package in which the product is contained) and
13		the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
14		a manner that results in a further tax under
15		chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer
16		as a retailer; or
17	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing services or
18		contracting that become identifiable elements,
19		excluding overhead, of the finished work or
20		project required under the contract, and where
21		the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are



40

1 subject to the tax under section 237-13(2) as a 2 contractor; the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value 3 of the imported or purchased services or contracting. 4 **§B-4** Application of tax, etc. Section 238-3 shall apply 5 6 to this chapter. 7 **§B-5** Certain property used by producers. If a licensed 8 producer, or a cooperative association acting under the 9 authority of chapter 421, in order to sell to the producer, or a 10 licensed person, imports into the State or acquires in the State 11 commodities, materials, items, services, or living things 12 enumerated in section A-2(a)(3) and (a)(5) to (a)(7), then 13 section A-2 shall apply. If section A-2 applies and the 14 producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's products at 15 retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, then the tax 16 upon use of property in the State imposed by section 238-2 shall 17 apply the same as in the case of a purchaser who is a licensed 18 retailer. In other cases no tax shall be imposed under this 19 chapter.

20 §B-6 Administration. Sections 238-5, 238-6, 238-7, 238-8,
21 238-9, 238-9.5, 238-10, 238-11, 238-13, 238-14 and 238-16 shall
22 apply to this chapter."



1	SECTION 4. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	INSURANCE PRODUCER'S TAX
6	§C-1 Definitions. The definitions contained in sections
7	237-1, 237-2, and 237-3 shall apply to this chapter.
8	§C-2 Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person
9	engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is
10	hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to
11	0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.
12	SC-3 Apportionment. Where insurance producers, who are
13	not employees and are licensed pursuant to chapter 431, produce
14	commissions that are divided between the insurance producers,
15	the tax levied under section C-2 as to insurance producers shall
16	apply to each producer with respect to the producer's portion of
17	the commissions, and no more.
18	SC-4 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-9,
19	237-9.5, 237-11, 237-12, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33,
20	237-33.5, 237-34, 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39,
21	237-40, 237-41, 237-42, 237-43, 237-46, 237-47, 237-49 and 237-A
22	to 237-G shall apply to this chapter."
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 41

1	SECTION 5. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
2	by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
3	read as follows:
4	" <u>§46-</u> County compliance with the streamlined sales and
5	use tax agreement. The counties shall not adopt any ordinance
6	or interpret any ordinance in such a manner that violates the
7	streamlined sales and use tax agreement established by the
8	Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated, and adopted
9	pursuant to chapter 255D."
10	SECTION 6. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by adding six new sections to be appropriately
12	designated and to read as follows:
13	" <u>§237-A</u> General sourcing rules.
14	(1) The retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a
15	product shall be sourced as follows:
16	(A) When the product is received by the purchaser at
17	a business location of the seller, the sale is
18	sourced to that business location;
19	(B) When the product is not received by the purchaser
20	at a business location of the seller, the sale is
21	sourced to the location where receipt by the
22	purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 42



1		as such by the purchaser) occurs, including the
2		location indicated by instructions for delivery
3		to the purchaser (or donee), known to the seller;
4	<u>(C)</u>	When subparagraphs (A) and (B) do not apply, the
5		sale is sourced to the location indicated by an
6		address for the purchaser that is available from
7		the business records of the seller that are
8		maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's
9		business when use of this address does not
10		constitute bad faith;
11	(D)	When subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) do not
12		apply, the sale is sourced to the location
13		indicated by an address for the purchaser
14		obtained during the consummation of the sale,
15		including the address of a purchaser's payment
16		instrument, if no other address is available,
17		when use of this address does not constitute bad
18		faith; or
19	<u>(E)</u>	When none of the previous rules of subparagraph
20		(A), (B), (C), or (D) apply, including the
21		circumstance in which the seller is without
22		sufficient information to apply the previous
	2007-0509 HB S	



1		rules, then the location shall be determined by
2		the address from which tangible personal property
3		was shipped, from which the digital good or the
4		computer software delivered electronically was
5		first available for transmission by the seller,
6		or from which the service was provided
7		(disregarding for these purposes any location
8		that merely provided the digital transfer of the
9		<pre>product sold);</pre>
10	(2)	The lease or rental of tangible personal property,
11		other than property identified in paragraph (3) or
12		(4), shall be sourced as follows:
13		(A) For a lease or rental that requires recurring
14		periodic payments, the first periodic payment is
15		sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
16		with paragraph (1). Periodic payments made
17		subsequent to the first payment are sourced to
18		the primary property location for each period
19		covered by the payment. The primary property
20		location shall be as indicated by an address for
21		the property provided by the lessee that is
22		available to the lessor from its records



1			maintained in the ordinary course of business,
2			when use of this address does not constitute bad
3			faith. The property location shall not be
4			altered by intermittent use at different
5			locations, such as use of business property that
6			accompanies employees on business trips and
7			service calls; or
8		<u>(B)</u>	For a lease or rental that does not require
9			recurring periodic payments, the payment is
10			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
11			with paragraph (1);
12		This	paragraph does not affect the imposition or
13		comp	utation of general excise or use tax on leases or
14		rent	als based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or
15		<u>on t</u>	he acquisition of property for lease;
16	(3)	The	lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers,
17		semi	-trailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as
18		tran	sportation equipment, as defined in paragraph (4),
19		shal	l be sourced as follows:
20		<u>(A)</u>	For a lease or rental that requires recurring
21			periodic payments, each periodic payment is
22			sourced to the primary property location. The
	2007-0509	HB S	MA-1.doc



1	primary property location shall be as indicated
2	by an address for the property provided by the
3	lessee that is available to the lessor from its
4	records maintained in the ordinary course of
5	business, when use of this address does not
6	constitute bad faith. This location shall not be
7	altered by intermittent use at different
8	locations; or
9	(B) For a lease or rental that does not require
10	recurring periodic payments, the payment is
11	sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
12	with paragraph (1);
13	This paragraph does not affect the imposition or
14	computation of general excise or use tax on leases or
15	rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or
16	on the acquisition of property for lease;
17 <u>(4)</u>	The retail sale, including lease or rental, of
18	transportation equipment shall be sourced the same as
19	a retail sale in accordance with paragraph (1),
20	notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in
21	paragraph (1). "Transportation equipment" means any
22	of the following:



1	(A)	Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for
2		the carriage of persons or property in interstate
3		commerce;
4	(B)	Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle
5		weight rating of 10,001 pounds or greater,
6		trailers, semi-trailers, or passenger buses that
7		are:
8		(i) Registered through the international
9		registration plan; and
10		(ii) Operated under authority of a carrier
11		authorized and certificated by the United
12		States Department of Transportation or
13		another federal authority to engage in the
14		carriage of persons or property in
15		interstate commerce;
16	(C)	Aircraft that are operated by air carriers
17		authorized and certificated by the United States
18		Department of Transportation or another federal
19		or a foreign authority to engage in the carriage
20		of persons or property in interstate or foreign
21		commerce; and



1	(D) Containers designed for use on and component
2	parts attached or secured on the items set forth
3	in subparagraphs (A) to (C).
4	§237-B General sourcing definitions. For the purposes of
5	section 237-A(1), the terms "receive" and "receipt" mean:
6	(1) Taking possession of tangible personal property;
7	(2) Making first use of services; or
8	(3) Taking possession or making first use of digital
9	goods, whichever comes first.
10	The terms "receive" and "receipt" do not include possession
11	by a shipping company on behalf of the purchaser.
12	§237-C Telecommunications sourcing rule. (a) Except for
12	§237-C Telecommunications sourcing rule. (a) Except for
12 13	§237-C Telecommunications sourcing rule. (a) Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the
12 13 14	<u>§237-C</u> <u>Telecommunications sourcing rule.</u> (a) Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis
12 13 14 15	<u>§237-C</u> <u>Telecommunications sourcing rule.</u> (a) Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to:
12 13 14 15 16	<u>S237-C</u> <u>Telecommunications sourcing rule.</u> (a) Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to: (1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
12 13 14 15 16 17	<u>§237-C</u> <u>Telecommunications sourcing rule.</u> (a) Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to: (1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<u>\$237-C</u> <u>Telecommunications sourcing rule.</u> (a) Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to: (1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or (2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	<pre><u>\$237-C Telecommunications sourcing rule.</u> (a) Except for the defined telecommunications services in subsection (c), the sale of telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to: (1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or (2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either originates or terminates and in which the</pre>



H.B. NO. lblef

1	basis other than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the		
2	customer's place of primary use.		
3	(C)	The sale of the following telecommunications services	
4	shall be s	sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as	
5	follows:		
6	(1)	A sale of mobile telecommunications service other than	
7		air-to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid	
8		calling service, is sourced to the customer's place of	
9		primary use as required by the Mobile	
10		Telecommunications Sourcing Act;	
11	(2)	A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the	
12		origination point of the telecommunications signal as	
13		first identified by either:	
14		(A) The seller's telecommunications system; or	
15		(B) Information received by the seller from its	
16		service provider, where the system used to	
17		transport such signals is not that of the seller;	
18	(3)	A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a	
19		prepaid wireless calling service is sourced in	
20		accordance with section 237-A; provided that in the	
21		case of a sale of prepaid wireless calling service,	
22		the rule provided in section 237-A(1)(E) shall include	
	2007-0509	HB SMA-1.doc 49	



1		as a	n option the location associated with the mobile
2		tele	phone number; or
3	(4)	<u>A sa</u>	le of a private communication service is sourced
4		<u>as f</u>	ollows:
5		(A)	Service for a separate charge related to a
6			customer channel termination point is sourced to
7			each level of jurisdiction in which the customer
8			channel termination point is located;
9		<u>(B)</u>	Service where all customer termination points are
10			located entirely within one jurisdiction or
11			levels of jurisdiction is sourced in the
12			jurisdiction in which the customer channel
13			termination points are located; or
14		<u>(C)</u>	Service for segments of a channel between two
15			customer channel termination points located in
16			different jurisdictions and which segment of
17			channel are separately charged is sourced fifty
18			per cent in each level of jurisdiction in which
19			the customer channel termination points are
20			located.
21		Serv	ice for segments of a channel located in more than
22		one	jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which



Page 51

1	segments are not separately billed is sourced in each
2	jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by
3	dividing the number of customer channel termination
4	points in the jurisdiction by the total number of
5	customer channel termination points.
6	§237-D Telecommunications sourcing definitions. For the
7	purpose of section 237-C, the following definitions shall apply:
8	"Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio
9	service, as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. 22.99, in which
10	common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio
11	telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.
12	"Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for
13	telecommunications services where the price is measured by
14	individual calls.
15	"Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path
16	of communications over which signals are transmitted between or
17	among customer channel termination points.
18	"Customer":
19	(1) Means the person or entity that contracts with the
20	seller of telecommunications services. If the end
21	user of telecommunications services is not the
22	contracting party, the end user of the



1		telecommunications service is the customer of the		
2	telecommunications service, but this sentence only			
3	applies for the purpose of sourcing sales of			
4		telecommunications services under section 237-C;		
5	(2)	Does not include a reseller of telecommunications		
6		service or for mobile telecommunications service of a		
7		serving carrier under an agreement to serve the		
8		customer outside the home service provider's licensed		
9		service area.		
10	"Cus	tomer channel termination point" means the location		
11	where the	customer either inputs or receives the communications.		
12	"End user" means the person who utilizes the			
13	telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, "end			
14	user" means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of			
15	the entity.			
16	"Home service provider" has the same meaning as that term			
17	is define	d in section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252 (Mobile		
18	Telecommu	nications Sourcing Act).		
19	"Mob	ile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as		
20	that term is defined in section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252			
21	(Mobile T	elecommunications Sourcing Act).		

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

53

1	"Place of primary use" means the street address
2	representative of where the customer's use of the
3	telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the
4	residential street address or the primary business street
5	address of the customer. In the case of mobile
6	telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall be
7	within the licensed service area of the home service provider.
8	"Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications
9	service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis
10	either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism
11	such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or
12	by charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with
13	the origination or termination of the telecommunications
14	service. A post-paid calling service includes a
15	telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling
16	service, that would be a prepaid calling service except it is
17	not exclusively a telecommunications service.
18	"Prepaid calling service" means the right to access
19	exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for
20	in advance and that enables the origination of calls using an
21	access number or authorization code, whether manually or
22	electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units

Page 53

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

54

1	or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known				
2	amount.				
3	"Prepaid wireless calling service" means a				
4	telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize				
5	mobile wireless service as well as other non-telecommunications				
6	services, including the download of digital products delivered				
7	electronically, content and ancillary services, which must be				
8	paid for in advance that is sold in predetermined units or				
9	dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.				
10	"Private communication service" means a telecommunications				
11	service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use				
12	of a communications channel or group of channels between or				
13	among termination points, regardless of the manner in which the				
14	channel or channels are connected, and includes switching				
15	capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other associated				
16	services that are provided in connection with the use of the				
17	channel or channels.				
18	"Service address" means:				
19	(1) The location of the telecommunications equipment to				
20	which a customer's call is charged and from which the				
21	call originates or terminates, regardless of where the				
22	call is billed or paid;				
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc				

H.B. NO. Kart

1	(2)	If the location in paragraph (1) is not known, service
2		address means the origination point of the signal of
3		the telecommunications service first identified by
4		either the seller's telecommunications system or in
5		information received by the seller from its service
6		provider, where the system used to transport the
7		signals is not that of the seller; or
8	(3)	If the location in paragraphs (1) and (2) are not
9		known, service address means the location of the
10		customer's place of primary use.
11	<u>§</u> 237	-E Deduction for bad debts. (a) A seller shall be
12	allowed a	deduction from taxable sales for bad debts. A seller
13	may deduc	t the amount of bad debts from the seller's gross
14	sales, re	ntals, or services used for the computation of the tax.
15	The amoun	t of gross sales, rentals, or services deducted shall
16	be charge	d off as uncollectible on the books and records of the
17	seller at	the time the debt becomes worthless and deducted on
18	the retur	n for the period during which the bad debt is written
19	off as un	collectible in the claimant's books and records and
20	shall be	eligible to be deducted for federal income tax
21	purposes.	



H.B. NO. 1664

1	For the purposes of this section, a claimant who is not
2	required to file a federal income tax return may deduct a bad
3	debt on a return filed for the period in which the bad debt
4	becomes worthless and is written off as uncollectible in the
5	claimant's books and records and would be eligible for a bad
6	debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if the claimant
7	was required to file a federal income tax return.
8	If a consumer or other person pays all or part of a bad
9	debt with respect to which a seller claimed a deduction under
10	this section, the seller is liable for the amount of taxes
11	deducted in connection with that portion of the debt for which
12	payment is received and shall remit these taxes in the seller's
13	next payment to the department. Any payments made on a bad debt
14	shall be applied proportionally first to the taxable price of
15	the property and the tax on the property and second to any
16	interest, service, or other charge.
17	(b) Any claim for a bad debt deduction under this section
18	shall be supported by evidence required by the department. The
19	department shall review any change in the rate of taxation
20	applicable to any taxable sales, rentals, or services by a
21	seller claiming a deduction pursuant to this section and shall
22	ensure that the deduction on any bad debt does not result in the



H.B. NO. 1664

1	seller claiming the deduction recovering any more or less than
2	the taxes imposed on the sale, rental, or service that
3	constitutes the bad debt.
4	(c) If a certified service provider assumed filing
5	responsibility under the streamlined sales and use tax
6	administration act, the certified service provider may claim, on
7	behalf of the seller, any bad debt allowable to the seller and
8	shall credit or refund that amount of bad debt allowed or
9	refunded to the seller.
10	(d) If the books and records of a seller who, under the
11	streamlined sales and use tax administration act claims a bad
12	debt allowance, support an allocation of the bad debts among
13	member states of that agreement, the seller may allocate the bad
14	debt.
15	(e) As used in this section, "bad debt" means any portion
16	of a debt resulting from a seller's collection of the use tax
17	under the streamlined sales and use tax administration act on
18	the purchase of tangible personal property or services that is
19	not otherwise deductible or excludable and that is eligible to
20	be claimed, or could be eligible to be claimed if the seller
21	kept accounts on an accrual basis, as a deduction pursuant to



1	section 166 (with respect to bad debts) of the Internal Revenue				
2	Code of 1986. A bad debt does not include any of the following:				
3	(1) Interest, finance charge, or use tax on the purchase				
4	price;				
5	(2)	Uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the			
6		possession of the seller until the full purchase price			
7		is paid;			
8	(3)	Expenses incurred in attempting to collect any account			
9		receivable or any portion of the debt recovered;			
10	(4)	Any accounts receivable that have been sold to and			
11		remain in the possession of a third party for			
12		collection; or			
13	(5)	Repossessed property.			
14	<u>§237</u>	-F Direct mail sourcing. (a) Notwithstanding the			
15	general sourcing provisions of section 237-A, a purchaser of				
16	direct mail who is not a holder of a direct pay permit shall				
17	provide t	o the seller, in conjunction with the purchase, either			
18	a direct :	mail form or information to show the jurisdictions to			
19	which the	direct mail is delivered to recipients.			
20	Upon	receipt of the direct mail form, the seller shall be			
21	relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit the				
22	applicabl	e tax and the purchaser shall be obligated to pay or			
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 58				



2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1	remit the applicable tax on a direct pay basis. A direct mail
2	form shall remain in effect for all future sales of direct mail
3	by the seller to the purchaser until it is revoked in writing.
4	Upon receipt of information from the purchaser showing the
5	jurisdictions to which the direct mail is delivered to
6	recipients, the seller shall collect the tax according to the
7	delivery information provided by the purchaser. In the absence
8	of bad faith, the seller shall be relieved of any further
9	obligation to collect tax on any transaction for which the
10	seller has collected tax pursuant to the delivery information
11	provided by the purchaser.
12	(b) If the purchaser of direct mail does not have a direct
13	pay permit and does not provide the seller with either a direct
14	mail form or delivery information as required under subsection
15	(a), the seller shall collect the tax. Nothing in this
16	subsection shall limit a purchaser's obligation for sales or use
17	tax to any state to which the direct mail is delivered.
18	(c) If a purchaser of direct mail provides the seller with
19	documentation of direct pay authority, the purchaser shall not
20	be required to provide a direct mail form or delivery
21	information to the seller.



1	Receipts from sales of direct mail for distribution to		
2	out-of-state recipients and receipts from sales of direct-mail		
3	processing services in connection with distribution of direct		
4	mail to out-of-state recipients shall be exempt from taxation		
5	under this chapter. The exemption provided by this section		
6	shall apply to receipts from charges for the printing or		
7	production of direct mail, whether prepared in or shipped into		
8	Hawaii, after preparation, and stored for subsequent shipment to		
9	out-of-state customers. The direct mail processing services		
10	exemption provided under this section shall apply to receipts		
11	from charges for all direct mail processing services for		
12	distribution to out-of-state recipients, including but not		
13	limited to preparing and maintaining mailing lists, addressing,		
14	separating, folding, inserting, sorting, and packaging direct		
15	mail materials, and transporting the direct mail to the point of		
16	shipment by the mail service or other carrier."		
17	SECTION 7. Section 237-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
18	amended by adding six new definitions to be appropriately		
19	inserted and to read as follows:		
20	" "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller for		
21	preparation and delivery to a location designated by the		
22	purchaser of personal property or services, including but not		
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 60		

61

1	limited t	o transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating,
2	and packi	ng. If a shipment includes both exempt and taxable
3	property,	the seller shall allocate the delivery charge by
4	using:	
5	(1)	A percentage based on the total sales price of the
6		taxable property compared to the total sales price of
7		all property in the shipment; or
8	(2)	A percentage based on the total weight of the taxable
9		property compared to the total weight of all property
10		in the shipment.
11	<u>"Dir</u>	ect mail":
12	(1)	Means printed material delivered or distributed by
13		United States mail or other delivery service to a mass
14		audience or to addresses on a mailing list provided by
15		the purchaser, or at the direction of the purchaser,
16		in cases in which the cost of the items are not billed
17		directly to the recipients;
18	(2)	Includes tangible personal property supplied directly
19		or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail
20		seller for inclusion in the package containing the
21		printed material;
22	(3)	Does not include multiple items of printed material.



Page 61

H.B. NO. 1664

1	"Lea	se or	se or rental":		
2	(1)	Mean	Means any transfer of possession or control of		
3		tang	ible personal property for a fixed or		
4		inde	terminate term for consideration;		
5	(2)	May	include future options to purchase or extend;		
6	(3)	Does	not include:		
7		(A)	A transfer of possession or control of property		
8			under a security agreement or deferred payment		
9			plan that requires the transfer of title upon		
10			completion of the required payments;		
11		<u>(B)</u>	A transfer of possession or control of property		
12			under an agreement that requires the transfer of		
13			title upon completion of required payments and		
14			payment of an option price that does not exceed		
15		·	the greater of \$100 or one per cent of the total		
16			required payments;		
17		(C)	Providing tangible personal property along with		
18			an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period		
19			of time. A condition of this exclusion is that		
20			the operator is necessary for the equipment to		
21			perform as designed. For the purpose of this		
22			subparagraph, an operator shall do more than		



1		maintain, inspect, or set-up the tangible	
2		personal property; or	
3	(D)	Agreements covering motor vehicles and trailers	
4		where the amount of consideration may be	
5		increased or decreased by reference to the amount	
6		realized upon sale or disposition of the property	
7		as defined in section 7701(h)(1) (with respect to	
8		motor vehicle operating leases) of the Internal	
9		Revenue Code of 1986.	
10	For the p	urposes of this chapter, the definition of "lease	
11	or rental" sha	ll be used regardless of whether a transaction is	
12	characterized as a lease or rental under generally accepted		
13	accounting pri	nciples, the federal Internal Revenue Code, or	
14	other provisio	ns of federal, state, or local law.	
15	"Purchase	price" applies to the measure subject to use tax	
16	and has the sa	me meaning as sales price.	
17	"Sales pr	ice" applies to the measure subject to tax and	
18	means the tota	l amount of consideration, including cash, credit,	
19	property, and	services for which personal property or services	
20	are sold, leas	ed, or rented, valued in money, whether money is	
21	received or ot	herwise, without any deduction for the following:	
22	<u>(1)</u> The	seller's cost of the property sold;	



2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1	(2)	The cost of the materials used, labor or service cost,
2		losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all
3		taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of
4		the seller;
5	(3)	Charges by the seller for any services necessary to
6		complete the sale, other than delivery and
7		installation charges;
8	(4)	Delivery and installation charges; or
9	(5)	Installation charges.
10	"Tan	gible personal property" means personal property that
11	can be se	en, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in
12	any manner perceptible to the senses. Tangible personal	
13	property includes gas, steam, and prewritten computer software."	
14	SECTION 8. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
15	amended by adding nine new sections to be appropriately	
16	designated and to read as follows:	
17	" <u>§25</u>	5D-A Relief from certain liability. All sellers and
18	certified	service providers as defined in section 255D-2 using
19	databases pursuant to section 255D-D(f) and (g) shall be	
20	relieved from liability to the state and local jurisdictions for	
21	having ch	arged and collected the incorrect amount of general
22	<u>excise or</u>	use tax resulting from the seller or certified service

H.B. NO. Iber

1	provider relying on erroneous data provided by the State on tax
2	rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments.
3	§255D-B Rounding rule. For the purpose of calculating the
4	amount of the general excise or use tax:
5	(1) The tax computation shall be carried to the third
6	decimal place; and
7	(2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a
8	method that rounds up to the next cent whenever the
9	third decimal place is greater than four.
10	Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction
11	on an item or an invoice basis, and shall allow the rounding
12	rule to be applied to the aggregated State and local taxes.
13	§255D-C Amnesty for registration under this chapter. (a)
14	The department shall provide amnesty for uncollected or unpaid
15	general excise tax under chapter 237 or use tax under chapter
16	238, including any county surcharge, to a seller who registers
17	to pay or to collect and remit applicable general excise or use
18	tax on sales made to purchasers in the State in accordance with
19	the terms of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
20	provided that the seller was not so registered in the State in
21	the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of the

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

66

1	State's participation in the streamlined sales and use tax
2	agreement.
3	(b) The amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected
4	or unpaid general excise tax under chapter 237 or use tax under
5	chapter 238 together with penalty or interest for sales made
6	during the period the seller was not registered in the State;
7	provided registration occurs within twelve months of the
8	effective date of the State's participation in the streamlined
9	sales and use tax agreement.
10	(c) The amnesty shall not be available to a seller with
11	respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received
12	notice of the commencement of an audit and the audit is not yet
13	finally resolved including any related administrative and
14	judicial processes.
15	(d) The amnesty shall not be available for general excise
16	or use taxes already paid or remitted to the State or to taxes
17	collected by the seller.
18	(e) The amnesty shall be fully effective, absent the
19	seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material
20	fact, as long as the seller continues registration and continues
21	payment or collection and remittance of applicable general
22	excise or use taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months.

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

1	The statute of limitations is tolled with respect to asserting a
2	tax liability during this thirty-six month period.
3	(f) The amnesty shall only apply to general excise or use
4	taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to
5	sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a buyer.
6	§255D-D Local rate and boundary changes. (a) Any rate
7	changes by a county shall be effective only on the first day of
8	a calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days notice to
9	sellers.
10	(b) Any county tax rate changes to purchases from printed
11	catalogs wherein the purchaser computed the tax based upon
12	county tax rates published in the catalog shall be effective
13	only on the first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of
14	one hundred twenty days notice to sellers.
15	(c) For general excise and use tax purposes only, local
16	jurisdiction boundary changes apply only on the first day of a
17	calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days notice to
18	sellers.
19	(d) The department of taxation shall provide and maintain
20	a database that describes boundary changes for all taxing
21	jurisdictions. The database shall include a description of the



H.B. NO. 1664

1	change and the effective date of the change for general excise
2	tax under chapter 237 and use tax under chapter 238 purposes.
3	(e) The department of taxation shall provide and maintain
4	a database of all general excise tax rates under chapter 237 and
5	use tax rates under chapter 238 for all of the jurisdictions
6	levying taxes within the State. For the identification of
7	states, counties, and cities, codes corresponding to the rates
8	shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing
9	Standards as developed by the National Institute of Standards
10	and Technology. For the identification of all other
11	jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in the
12	format determined by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board,
13	Incorporated.
14	(f) The department of taxation shall provide and maintain
15	a database that assigns each five digit and nine digit zip code
16	within the State to the proper tax rates and jurisdictions. The
17	department of taxation shall apply the lowest combined tax rate
18	imposed in the zip code area if the area includes more than one
19	tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdictions. If a nine digit
20	zip code designation is not available for a street address or if
21	a seller or certified service provider is unable to determine
22	the nine digit zip code designation of a purchaser after

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

69

1	exercising due diligence to determine the designation, the
2	seller or certified service provider may apply the rate for the
3	five digit zip code area. For the purposes of this section,
4	there is a rebuttable presumption that a seller or certified
5	service provider has exercised due diligence if the seller has
6	attempted to determine the nine digit zip code designation by
7	utilizing software approved by the Streamlined Sales Tax
8	Governing Board, Incorporated, that makes this designation from
9	the street address and the five digit zip code of the purchaser.
10	(g) The State shall participate with other states in the
11	development of an address-based system for assigning taxing
12	jurisdictions. The system shall meet the requirements developed
13	pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act
14	(4 U.S.C. Sec. 119(a)). If any state develops an address-based
15	assignment system pursuant to the Mobile Telecommunications
16	Sourcing Act, a seller may use that system in place of the
17	system provided for in subsection (e).
18	<u>§255D-E</u> Certified service provider; agent of the seller.
19	(a) A certified service provider is the agent of a seller, with
20	whom the certified service provider has contracted for the
21	collection and remittance of general excise and use taxes. As
22	the seller's agent, the certified service provider is liable for

Page 69

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1	general excise and use tax due to the State on all sales
2	transactions it processes for the seller unless the seller made
3	a material misrepresentation or committed fraud.
4	(b) A seller that uses a certified automated system is
5	responsible and is liable to the State for reporting and
6	remitting tax.
7	§255D-F Confidentiality of records. (a) Except as
8	provided in subsection (c), a certified service provider shall
9	not retain or disclose the personally identifiable information
10	of consumers. A certified service provider's system shall be
11	designed and tested to ensure the privacy of consumers by
12	protecting their anonymity.
13	(b) A certified service provider shall provide clear and
14	conspicuous notice of its information practices to consumers,
15	including but not limited to what information it collects, how
16	it collects the information, how it uses the information, how
17	long it retains the information, and whether it discloses the
18	information to member states.
19	(c) A certified service provider's retention or disclosure
20	to member states of personally identifiable information is
21	limited to that required to ensure the validity of exemptions



1	claimed be	ecause of a consumer's status or intended use of the	
2	goods or s	services purchased.	
3	(d)	A certified service provider shall provide the	
4	necessary	technical, physical, and administrative safeguards to	
5	protect pe	ersonally identifiable information from unauthorized	
6	access and	disclosure.	
7	<u>(e)</u>	The privacy policy required under this section shall	
8	<u>be subject</u>	to enforcement by the attorney general.	
9	<u>(f)</u>	If personally identifiable information is retained by	
10	the State	for the purpose of subsection (c), in the absence of	
11	<u>exigent ci</u>	ircumstances, a person shall be afforded reasonable	
12	access to	their own data, with a right to correct inaccurately	
13	recorded o	lata.	
14	(g)	The agreement does not enlarge or limit the State's	
15	authority	to do any of the following:	
16	(1)	Conduct audits or other reviews as provided under the	
17		agreement or the State's law;	
18	(2)	Provide records pursuant to the State's freedom of	
19		information act, disclosure laws with governmental	
20		agencies, or other regulations;	
21	(3)	Prevent, consistent with the State's law, disclosures	
22		of confidential taxpayer information;	
	2007-0509	HB SMA-1.doc	71



Page 72

1	(4)	Prevent, consistent with federal law, disclosures or
2		misuse of federal return information obtained under a
3		disclosure agreement with the Internal Revenue
4		Service; or
5	(5)	Collect, disclose, disseminate, or otherwise use
6		anonymous data for governmental purposes.
7	(h)	The department shall publish on the department's
8	website t	he State's policy relating to the collection, use, and
9	retention	of personally identifiable information obtained from a
10	certified	service provider under subsection (c).
11	<u>(i)</u>	The department shall destroy personally identifiable
12	informati	on obtained from a certified service provider when the
13	informati	on is no longer required for purposes under subsection
14	(c).	
15	<u>(j)</u>	If a person other than a member state or person
16	authorize	d by a member state's law or the agreement seeks to
17	discover	personally identifiable information about an individual
18	from the	State, the department shall make a reasonable and
19	timely ef	fort to notify that individual of the request.
20	(k)	As used in this section, "personally identifiable
21	informati	on" means information that identifies a specific
22	person.	



H.B. NO. 1664

1	<u>\$255</u>	D-G Liability for uncollected tax. (a) A seller			
2	registere	d under the agreement is not liable for any uncollected			
3	or nonrem	itted tax on transactions with purchasers in the State			
4	before th	e date of registration if the seller was not licensed			
5	or regist	ered under chapter 237 in the twelve-month period			
6	preceding	the effective date of the State's participation in the			
7	agreement	. The seller is also not responsible for any penalty			
8	or intere	st that may be due on those transactions. This			
9	subsectio	n applies only if the seller is registered in this			
10	0 State within twelve months of the effective date of this State's				
11	1 participation in the agreement.				
12	(b)	Subsection (a) does not apply to:			
13	(1)	Any tax liability of the registered seller for			
14		transactions that are subject to general excise or use			
15		tax in the State in which the registered seller is the			
16		purchaser;			
17	(2)	Any general excise or use taxes already paid or			
18		remitted to the State or to taxes collected by the			
19		seller; and			
20	(3)	Any transactions for which the seller received notice			
21		of the commencement of an audit and the audit is not			



1	finally resolved, including related administrative or
2	judicial processes.
3	(c) Subsection (a) applies to the seller absent the
4	seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material
5	fact only if the seller continues to be registered under the
6	agreement and continues collection and remittance of applicable
7	general excise and use taxes in the State for at least
8	thirty-six months. The statute of limitations applicable to
9	assessing a tax liability is tolled during this thirty-six-month
10	period.
11	§255D-H Rate changes. (a) The department shall publish
12	on its website a notification to sellers registered under the
13	agreement of a change in rate or tax base within five business
14	days of receiving notice of the changes to the tax rate or base
15	or of an amendment to general excise and use tax rules.
16	Whenever possible, a rate or tax base change should occur on the
17	first day of a calendar quarter.
18	(b) The failure of a seller to receive notice under
19	subsection (a) does not relieve the seller of its obligation to
20	collect the general excise or use tax.
21	(c) The department shall complete a taxability matrix as
22	provided for under section 328 of the agreement, maintain it in
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc



75

1	a database in a downloadable format approved by the Streamlined		
2	Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated, and provide notice of		
3	changes in the matrix.		
4	§255D-I Customer refund procedures. A cause of action		
5	against a seller for overcollected general excise or use taxes		
6	does not accrue until sixty days after a purchaser has provided		
7	written notice to a seller. The purchaser shall provide in the		
8	notice sufficient information to determine the validity of the		
9	request. In matters relating to the request, a seller is		
10	presumed to have a reasonable business practice if in the		
11	collection of general excise or use tax, the seller has a		
12	certified service provider or a system, including a proprietary		
13	system, certified by the department, and has remitted to this		
14	State all taxes collected, less any deductions, credits, or		
15	collection allowances."		
16	SECTION 9. Chapter 239, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
17	amended by adding a new section to part II to be appropriately		
18	designated and to read as follows:		
19	"§239- Treatment of conflicts. In case of conflict		
20	between this part and chapter 237, chapter 237 shall control."		
21	SECTION 10. Section 237-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
22	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:		
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc		

Page 75

H.B. NO. 1664

76

"Gross income" means the gross receipts, cash or 1 "(a) accrued, of the taxpayer received as compensation for personal 2 services and the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from 3 trade, business, commerce, or sales and the value proceeding or 4 accruing from the sale of tangible personal property, or 5 service, or both, and all receipts, actual or accrued as 6 hereinafter provided, by reason of the investment of the capital 7 8 of the business engaged in, including interest, discount, rentals, royalties, fees, or other emoluments however designated 9 and without any deductions on account of the cost of property 10 sold, the cost of materials used, labor cost, taxes, royalties, 11 interest, or discount paid or any other expenses whatsoever. 12 Every taxpayer shall be presumed to be dealing on a cash basis 13 unless the taxpayer proves to the satisfaction of the department 14 of taxation that the taxpayer is dealing on an accrual basis and 15 16 the taxpayer's books are so kept, or unless the taxpayer employs or is required to employ the accrual basis for the purposes of 17 the tax imposed by chapter 235 for any taxable year in which 18 19 event the taxpayer shall report the taxpayer's gross income for the purposes of this chapter on the accrual basis for the same 20 21 period.

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1644

1	"Gross proceeds of sale" means the [value actually
2	proceeding from the sale of tangible personal property without
3	any deduction on account of the cost of property sold or
4	expenses of any kind.] sales price."
5	SECTION 11. Section 237-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
7	"(a) The county surcharge on state tax, upon the adoption
8	of county ordinances and in accordance with the requirements of
9	section 46-16.8, shall be levied, assessed, and collected as
10	provided in this section on all gross proceeds and gross income
11	taxable under this chapter. No county shall set the surcharge
12	on state tax at a rate greater than one-half of one per cent of
13	all gross proceeds and gross income taxable under this chapter.
14	All provisions of this chapter shall apply to the county
15	surcharge on state tax. With respect to the surcharge, the
16	director of taxation shall have all the rights and powers
17	provided under this chapter. No county shall conduct an
18	independent tax audit of sellers registered under the
19	streamlined sales tax agreement. In addition, the director of
20	taxation shall have the exclusive rights and power to determine
21	the county or counties in which a person is engaged in business
22	and, in the case of a person engaged in business in more than
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

78

one county, the director shall determine, through apportionment
 or other means, that portion of the surcharge on state tax
 attributable to business conducted in each county."

4 SECTION 12. Section 237-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is5 amended to read as follows:

"§237-9 Licenses; penalty. (a) Except as provided in 6 7 this section, any person who has a gross income or gross 8 proceeds of sales or value of products upon which a privilege 9 tax is imposed by this chapter, as a condition precedent to engaging or continuing in [such] the business, shall in writing 10 11 apply for and obtain from the department of taxation, upon a one-time payment of the sum of \$20, a license to engage in and 12 to conduct such business, upon condition that the person shall 13 14 pay the taxes accruing to the State under this chapter, and the 15 person shall thereby be duly licensed to engage in and conduct the business. Any person licensed or holding a license under 16 17 this chapter before January 1, 1990, shall pay a one-time 18 license renewal fee of \$20 on or before January 31, 1990, as a 19 condition precedent to engaging or continuing in business. The license shall not be transferable and shall be valid only for 20 the person in whose name it is issued and for the transaction of 21 22 business at the place designated therein. The license may be



H.B. NO. 1664

79

inspected and examined, and shall at all times be conspicuously 1 2 displayed at the place for which it is issued. 3 A seller registered under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement who is not otherwise obligated to obtain a license in 4 5 the State is not required to obtain a license because of that 6 registration. 7 (b) Licenses and applications therefor shall be in such form as the department shall prescribe, except that where the 8 licensee is engaged in two or more forms of business of 9 10 different classification, the license shall so state on its 11 face. The license provided for by this section shall be 12 effective until canceled in writing. Any application for the reissuance of a previously canceled license identification 13 number after December 31, 1989, shall be regarded as a new 14 15 license application and subject to the payment of the one-time license fee of \$20. The director may revoke or cancel any 16 17 license issued under this chapter for cause as provided by rules 18 adopted pursuant to chapter 91.

(c) If the license fee is paid, the department shall not
refuse to issue a license or revoke or cancel a license for the
exercise of a privilege protected by the First Amendment of the
Constitution of the United States, or for the carrying on of

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1 interstate or foreign commerce, or for any privilege the 2 exercise of which, under the Constitution and laws of the United 3 States, cannot be restrained on account of nonpayment of taxes, 4 nor shall section 237-46 be invoked to restrain the exercise of 5 such a privilege, or the carrying on of [such] interstate or 6 foreign commerce.

7 (d) The director may permit a person engaged in network marketing, multi-level marketing, or other similar business to 8 obtain the license required under this section for purposes of 9 becoming a tax collection agent on behalf of its direct sellers. 10 11 The tax collection agent shall report, collect, and pay over the taxes due under this chapter and chapter 238 on behalf of its 12 13 direct sellers who are covered by the tax collection agreement. 14 The tax collection agent's direct sellers shall be deemed to be 15 licensed under this chapter; provided that the licensure shall apply solely to the business activity conducted directly through 16 17 the marketing arrangement. Under this section, a tax collection 18 agent shall:

19 (1) Notify all of its direct sellers making sales in the
20 State that it has been designated to collect, report,
21 and pay over the tax imposed by this chapter and



H.B. NO. 1664

1		chapter 238 on their behalf on the business activity
2		conducted through the marketing arrangement;
3	(2)	If required by the director as a condition of
4		obtaining the license, furnish with the annual return,
5		a list (including identification numbers) of all
6		direct sellers for the taxable year who have been
7		provided (by the tax collection agent) information
8		returns required under section 6041A of the Internal
9		Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any other
10		information that is relevant to ensure proper payment
11		of taxes due under this section; and
12	(3)	Be personally liable for the taxes due and collected
13		under the tax collection agreement if taxes are
14		collected, but not reported or paid, together with
15		penalties and interest as provided by law.
16	(e)	The director may authorize a person to assume the
17	obligatio:	n of self-accruing and remitting tax due on purchases
18	or leases	directly to the department under a direct payment
19	<u>authoriza</u>	tion, if the following conditions are met:
20	(1)	The authorization is to be used for the purchase or
21		lease of tangible personal property or services;



H.B. NO. 1664

1	(2)	The authorization is necessary because it is either	
2		impractical at the time of acquisition to determine	
3		the manner in which the tangible personal property or	
4		services will be used or it will facilitate improved	
5		compliance with the tax laws of the State; and	
6	(3)	The person requesting authorization for direct payment	
7		maintains accurate and complete records of all	
8		purchases or leases and uses of tangible personal	
9		property or services purchased pursuant to the direct	
10		payment authorization in a form acceptable to the	
11		department.	
12	The depart	tment may identify items that are not eligible for a	
13	direct payment authorization.		
14	$\left[\frac{(e)}{(f)}\right]$ For the purposes of this section:		
15	"Consumer product" shall include tangible consumer products		
16	and intangible consumer services.		
17	"Direct seller" means any person who is engaged in the		
18	trade or 1	business of selling (or soliciting the sale of)	
19	consumer]	products:	
20	(1)	To any buyer on a buy-sell basis, a deposit-commission	
21		basis, or any similar basis, that the director	



H.B. NO. 1664

83

1		pres	cribes by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 91, for			
2		resale other than in a permanent retail establishment;				
3	(2)	Other than in a permanent retail establishment;				
4		prov	ided that:			
5		(A)	Substantially all the remuneration (whether or			
6			not paid in cash) for the sale of consumer			
7			products is directly related to sales or other			
8			output rather than to the number of hours worked;			
9			and			
10		(B)	The sales of consumer products by the person are			
11			performed pursuant to a written contract that			
12			provides that the person will not be treated as			
13			an employee with respect to those sales for			
14			federal or state tax purposes.			
15	"Dir	ect s	eller" includes individuals who realize			
16	remunerat	ion d	ependent on the productivity of other individuals			
17	in the ma	rketi	ng arrangement.			
18	"Net	work	marketing" or "multi-level marketing" means a			

19 marketing arrangement in which consumer products are distributed 20 and sold to or through direct sellers."

21 SECTION 13. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
22 amended to read as follows:



H.B. NO. 1664

1	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
2	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
3	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
4	State measured by the application of rates against values of
5	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
6	specified, as follows:
7	[(1) Tax on manufacturers.
8	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
9	the State in the business of manufacturing,
10	including compounding, canning, preserving,
11	packing, printing, publishing, milling,
12	processing, refining, or preparing for sale,
13	profit, or commercial use, either directly or
14	through the activity of others, in whole or in
15	part, any article or articles, substance or
16	substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
17	of the tax to be equal to the value of the
18	articles, substances, or commodities,
19	manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
20	packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
21	prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
22	derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer



1		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
2		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent.
3	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
4		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
5		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
6		may be made to points outside the State.
7	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
8		ships or transports the person's product, or any
9		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
10		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
11		same for delivery to points outside the State
12		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
13		via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of
14		the products in the condition or form in which
15		they exist immediately before entering interstate
16		or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
17		provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
18		of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax
19		shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
20		of the products into interstate or foreign
21		commerce, whether the products are then sold or
22		not. The department shall determine the basis



1	for a	assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
2	folle	≥ws:
3	(i)	If the products at the time of their entry
4		into interstate or foreign commerce already
5		have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
6		less the transportation expenses, if any,
7		incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
8		transportation from the time of entry of the
9		products into interstate or foreign
10		commerce, including insurance and storage in
11		transit, shall be the measure of the value
12		of the products;
13	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
14		time of their entry into interstate or
15		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
16		clause (i) in which the products are sold
17		under circumstances such that the gross
18		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
19		true value of the products, the value of the
20		products constituting the basis for
21		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
22		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for



1		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
2		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
3		data are not available, sales in the State,
4		of similar products of like quality and
5		character and in similar quantities, made by
6		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
7		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
8		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
9		may be considered when they constitute the
10		best available data. The department shall
11		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
12		ascertaining the values;
13	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
14		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
15		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
16		even though the products have not been sold
17		at the time of their entry into interstate
18		or foreign commerce; and
19	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
20		State in an unfinished condition, the basis
21		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
22		deduct the portion of the value as is



1			attributable to the finishing of the goods
2			outside the State.
3	(2)] <u>(</u>	1)	Tax on business of selling tangible personal
4	p	rope	erty[; producing.] <u>:</u>
5	()	A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing in the
6			business of selling any tangible personal
7			property [whatsoever] (not including, however,
8			bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, or
9			stocks), unless subject to chapter A, there is
10			[likewise] hereby levied, and shall be assessed
11			and collected, a tax equivalent to four per cent
12			of the gross proceeds of sales of the business;
13			[provided that insofar as the sale of tangible
14			personal property is a wholesale sale under
15			section 237-4(a)(8)(B), the sale shall be subject
16			to section 237-13.3. Upon every person engaging
17			or continuing within this State in the business
18			of a producer, the tax shall be equal to one-half
19			of one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of
20			the business, or the value of the products, for
21			sale, if sold for delivery outside the State or
22			shipped or transported out of the State, and the



1		value of the products shall be determined in the
2		same manner as the value of manufactured products
3		covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C).
4	(B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property <u>,</u>
5		unless subject to chapter A, in interstate and
6		foreign commerce shall constitute a part of the
7		measure of the tax imposed on persons in the
8		business of selling tangible personal property,
9		to the extent, under the conditions, and in
10		accordance with the provisions of the
11		Constitution of the United States and the Acts of
12		the Congress of the United States [which] <u>that</u>
13		may be now in force or may be hereafter adopted,
14		and whenever there occurs in the State an
15		activity to which, under the Constitution and
16		Acts of Congress, there may be attributed gross
17		proceeds of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
18		attributed[+
19	(C)	No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
20		business in the State and selling the
21		manufacturer's or producer's products for
22		delivery outside of the State (for example,



1		consigned to a mainland purchaser via common
2		carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
3		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
4		privilege of so selling the products, and the
5		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
6		shall be included only in determining the measure
7		of the tax imposed upon the manufacturer or
8		producer.];
9	[(D)]	(C) When a manufacturer or <u>a</u> producer[τ] <u>as</u>
10		defined under section A-3, engaged in [such] the
11		business of manufacturing or producing in the
12		State, also is engaged in selling the
13		manufacturer's or producer's products in the
14		State at wholesale $[\tau]$ and taxed under chapter A,
15		retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the
16		privilege of engaging in the business of selling
17		the products in the State shall apply to the
18		manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for
19		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
20		the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall
21		make the returns of the gross proceeds of the
22		wholesale, retail, or other sales required for



H.B. NO. 1664

1 the privilege of selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value or gross proceeds 2 3 of sales of the products required for the 4 privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay 5 the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege 6 7 of selling its products in the State, and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, 8 9 thus subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as 10 duplicated as to the same products by the measure 11 of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for 12 the privilege of manufacturing or producing in 13 the State[+] under chapter A; provided that no 14 producer of agricultural products who sells the products to a purchaser who will process the 15 16 products outside the State shall be required to 17 pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege of producing or selling those 18 19 products[-]; and [-(E)](D) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus 20 21 contractor may make the election provided for by

paragraph [(3)(C),] (2)(C), and in that case the

91

22

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

92

1		tax shall be computed pursuant to the election,
2		notwithstanding this paragraph [or paragraph (1)]
3		to the contrary[-];
4	[(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
5		seller take from the purchaser of tangible
6		personal property a certificate, in a form
7		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
8		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
9		(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
10		shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
11		upon demand, the amount of the additional
12		tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
13		the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
14		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
15		give rise to the presumption that the sale
16		is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
17		business are exclusively at wholesale.
18	(3)] <u>(2)</u>	Tax upon contractors[-]:
19	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
20		the State in the business of contracting, the tax
21		shall be equal to four per cent of the gross
22		income of the business [-];
		MA-1 doc

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

1	(B) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph,
2	there shall be deducted from the gross income of
3	the taxpayer so much thereof as has been included
4	in the measure of the tax levied under
5	subparagraph (A) on:
6	(i) Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
7	defined in section 237-6;
8	(ii) A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
9	department of commerce and consumer affairs
10	pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
11	specialty contractor's business; or
12	(iii) A specialty contractor who is not licensed
13	by the department of commerce and consumer
14	affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
15	performs contracting activities on federal
16	military installations and nowhere else in
17	this State;
18	provided that any person claiming a deduction
19	under this paragraph shall be required to show in
20	the person's return the name and general excise
21	number of the person paying the tax on the amount
22	deducted by the person $[-]$;



H.B. NO. 1664

94

1	(C) In co	mputing the tax levied under this paragraph
2	agair	ast any federal cost-plus contractor, there
3	shall	be excluded from the gross income of the
4	contr	actor so much thereof as fulfills the
5	follo	owing requirements:
6	(i)	The gross income exempted shall constitute
7		reimbursement of costs incurred for
8		materials, plant, or equipment purchased
9		from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter,
10		not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
11		the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
12		and
13	(ii)	The taxpayer making the sale shall have
14		certified to the department that the
15		taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
16		gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
17		taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
18		income computed the same as upon a sale to
19		the state government [-];
20	(D) A per	rson who, as a business or as a part of a
21	busir	ness in which the person is engaged, erects,
22	const	tructs, or improves any building or

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

95

1 structure, of any kind or description, or makes, 2 constructs, or improves any road, street, 3 sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other 4 improvements on land held by the person (whether 5 held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise), 6 upon the sale or other disposition of the land or 7 improvements, even if the work was not done 8 pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the 9 same tax as if engaged in the business of 10 contracting, unless the person shows that at the 11 time the person was engaged in making the 12 improvements the person intended, and for the 13 period of at least one year after completion of 14 the building, structure, or other improvements 15 the person continued to intend to hold and not 16 sell or otherwise dispose of the land or 17 improvements. The tax in respect of the 18 improvements shall be measured by the amount of 19 the proceeds of the sale or other disposition 20 that is attributable to the erection, 21 construction, or improvement of [such] the 22 building or structure, or the making,



Page 96

1		constructing, or improving of the road, street,
2		sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
3		improvements. The measure of tax in respect of
4		the improvements shall not exceed the amount
5		[which] <u>that</u> would have been taxable had the work
6		been performed by another, subject as in other
7		cases to the deductions allowed by subparagraph
8		(B). Upon the election of the taxpayer, this
9		paragraph may be applied notwithstanding that the
10		improvements were not made by the taxpayer, or
11		were not made as a business or as a part of a
12		business, or were made with the intention of
13		holding the same. However, this paragraph shall
14		not apply in respect of any proceeds that
15		constitute or are in the nature of rent; all
16		[such] gross income shall be taxable under
17		paragraph [(9);] <u>(6);</u> provided that insofar as
18		the business of renting or leasing real property
19		under a lease is taxed under section 237-16.5,
20		the tax shall be levied by section $237-16.5[+]$;
21	[(4)] <u>(3)</u>	Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
22	stat	ions, etc. <u>:</u>



1	[-(A) -]	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
2		the State in the business of operating a theater,
3		opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
4		amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
5		broadcasting station, or any other place at which
6		amusements are offered to the public, <u>unless</u>
7		taxed under section $A-6$, the tax shall be equal
8		to four per cent of the gross income of the
9		business[, and in the case of a sale of an
10		amusement at wholesale under section
11		237-4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section
12		237-13.3 .
13	(B)	The department may require that the person
14		rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
15		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
16		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
17		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
18		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
19		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
20		person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
21		the amount of additional tax that is imposed



1		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
2		wholesale; and
3		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
4		give rise to the presumption that the sale
5		is not at wholesale unless the person
6		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
7		the amusement at wholesale.];
8	[(5)]	(4) Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
9		person classified as a representative or purchasing
10		agent under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
11		within the State in the business of performing
12		services for another, other than as an employee, there
13		is likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
14		collected a tax equal to four per cent of the
15		commissions and other compensation attributable to the
16		services so rendered by the person $[-,]$, unless taxable
17		under chapter A or C;
18	[(6)]	(5) Tax on service business $[-]$:
19		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
20		the State in any service business or calling
21		including professional services not otherwise
22		specifically taxed under this chapter, chapter A,
	2007-0509	HB_SMA-1.doc

1		or C, there is likewise hereby levied and shall
2		be assessed and collected a tax equal to four per
3		cent of the gross income of the business[, and in
4		the case of a wholesaler under section 237-
5		4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to one-half of
6		one per cent of the gross income of the business.
7		Notwithstanding the foregoing, a wholesaler under
8		section 237-4(a)(10) shall be subject to section
9		237-13.3.
10	(B)	The department may require that the person
11		rendering a service at wholesale take from the
12		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
13		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
14		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
15		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
16		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
17		person rendering the service, upon demand,
18		the amount of additional tax that is imposed
19		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
20		wholesale; and
21		ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
22		give rise to the presumption that the sale



1		is not at wholesale unless the person
2		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
3		services at wholesale.
4	(C)	Where any person engaging or continuing within
5		the State in any service business or calling
6		renders those services upon the order of or at
7		the request of another taxpayer who is engaged in
8		the service business and who, in fact, acts as or
9		acts in the nature of an intermediary between the
10		person rendering those services and the ultimate
11		recipient of the benefits of those services, so
12		much of the gross income as is received by the
13		person rendering the services shall be subjected
14		to the tax at the rate of one-half of one per
15		cent and all of the gross income received by the
16		intermediary from the principal shall be
17		subjected to a tax at the rate of four per cent.
18		Where the taxpayer is subject to both this
19		subparagraph and to the lowest tax rate under
20		subparagraph (A), the taxpayer shall be taxed
21		under this subparagraph. This subparagraph shall
22		be repealed on January 1, 2006.];



H.B. NO. 1664

101

1 [-(D)] (B) Where any person is engaged in the business of selling interstate or foreign common carrier 2 [telecommunication] telecommunications services 3 within and without the State, other than as a 4 home service provider, the tax shall be imposed 5 on that portion of gross income received by a 6 person from service which is originated or 7 terminated in this State and is-charged to a 8 9 telephone number, customer, or account in this State notwithstanding any other state law (except 10 for the exemption under section 237-23(a)(1)) to 11 12 the contrary. If, under the Constitution and 13 laws of the United States, the entire gross 14 income as determined under this paragraph of a business selling interstate or foreign common 15 carrier [telecommunication] telecommunications 16 services cannot be included in the measure of the 17 tax, the gross income shall be apportioned as 18 provided in section 237-21; provided that the 19 20 apportionment factor and formula shall be the 21 same for all persons providing those services in 22 the State[-];



H.B. NO. 1664

102

1 [+E+] (C) Where any person is engaged in the business 2 of a home service provider, the tax shall be imposed on the gross income received or derived 3 4 from providing interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications services to a customer with a 5 place of primary use in this State when [such] 6 7 the services originate in one state and terminate in another state, territory, or foreign country; 8 9 provided that all charges for mobile 10 telecommunications services [which] that are 11 billed by or for the home service provider are 12 deemed to be provided by the home service 13 provider at the customer's place of primary use, 14 regardless of where the mobile telecommunications 15 originate, terminate, or pass through; provided 16 further that the income from charges specifically 17 derived from interstate or foreign mobile 18 telecommunications services, as determined by 19 books and records that are kept in the regular 20 course of business by the home service provider 21 in accordance with section 239-24, shall be 22 apportioned under any apportionment factor or



1	form	ula adopted under [section 237-13(6)(D).]
2	subp	aragraph (B). Gross income shall not
3	incl	ude:
4	(i)	Gross receipts from mobile
5		telecommunications services provided to a
6		customer with a place of primary use outside
7		this State;
8	(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
9		telecommunications services that are subject
10		to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
11	(iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
12		telecommunications services taxed under
13		section 237-13.8; and
14	(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
15		acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
16		telecommunications services to another home
17		service provider's customer.
18	For	the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
19	mobi	le telecommunications services", "customer",
20	"hom	e service provider", "mobile
21	tele	communications services", "place of primary



1		use", and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
2		as in section 239-22[-]; and
3	[(7)	Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person engaged
4		as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there
5		is hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a
6		tax equal to 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to
7		that activity.
8	(8)	Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
9		amounts received from the United States government by
10		any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
11		representative or heirs), as defined under and by
12		virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other
13		Acts of the Congress of the United States relating
14		thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of
15		one per cent of the gross amount received; provided
16		that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so
17		received and actually disbursed to another by a
18		producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be
19		paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is
20		actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
21		benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim
22		on the producer's return a deduction from the gross



H.B. NO. 1664

1	amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so
2	disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph
3	shall not be taxable under any other paragraph,
4	subsection, or section of this chapter.
5	(9)] (6) Tax on other business. Upon every person
6	engaging or continuing within the State in any business, trade,
7	activity, occupation, or calling not included in the preceding
8	paragraphs or any other provisions of this chapter, there is
9	likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected, a
10	tax equal to four per cent of the gross income thereof. In
11	addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph shall apply to a
12	business taxable under one or more of the preceding paragraphs
13	or other provisions of this chapter, as to any gross income
14	thereof not taxed thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds
15	of sales or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless
16	specifically exempted $[-]$ or subject to tax under chapter A or
17	<u>C.</u> "
18	SECTION 14. Section 237-13.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

"(c) When a person licensed under this chapter sells
prepaid telephone calling services to a licensed retail
merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller for purposes of

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. ILLY

resale, the person shall be taxed under section A-13. All other
 sales of prepaid telephone calling services shall be taxed as
 retail sales of tangible personal property."

4 SECTION 15. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
5 amended to read as follows:

6 "\$237-18 Further provisions as to application of tax. (a)
7 Where a coin operated device produces gross income which is
8 divided between the owner or operator of the device, on the one
9 hand, and the owner or operator of the premises where the device
10 is located, on the other hand, the tax imposed by this chapter
11 shall apply to each [such] person with respect to the person's
12 portion of the proceeds, and no more.

13 (b) Where gate receipts or other admissions are divided 14 between the person furnishing or producing a play, concert, 15 lecture, athletic event, or similar spectacle (including any 16 motion picture showing) on the one hand, and a promoter 17 (including any proprietor or other operator of a motion picture 18 house) offering the spectacle to the public, on the other hand, 19 the tax imposed by this chapter, if the promoter is subject to 20 the tax imposed by this chapter, shall apply only to the 21 promoter measured by the whole of the proceeds, and the promoter 22 shall be authorized to deduct and withhold from the portion of 2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 106



H.B. NO. 1664

1 the proceeds payable to the person furnishing or producing the 2 spectacle the amount of the tax payable by the person upon such 3 portion. No tax shall apply to a promoter with respect to 4 [such] the portion of the proceeds as is payable to a person 5 furnishing or producing the spectacle, who is exempted by section 237-23 from taxation upon [such] the activity. 6 7 [(c) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under section 237-13(6), a product has been milled, processed, or 8 9 otherwise manufactured upon the order of another taxpayer who is 10 a manufacturer taxable upon the value of the entire manufactured 11 products, which consists in part of the value of the services 12 taxable under section 237-13(6), so much gross income as is 13 derived from the rendering of the services shall be subjected to 14 tax on the person rendering the services at the rate of one-half 15 of one per cent, and the value of the entire product shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer 16 17 as elsewhere provided. 18 (d) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under 19 section 237-13(6), there have been rendered to a cane planter 20 services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or 21 consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the 22 person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the 2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 107

H.B. NO. 1664

1	services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of
2	harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be
3	treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
4	by subsection (c), and the value of the entire product,
5	manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,
6	shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
7	person as elsewhere provided.
8	(c) Where [insurance_agents, including_general
9	agents, subagents, or solicitors, who are not employees and are
10	licensed pursuant to chapter 431, or] real estate brokers or
11	salespersons, who are not employees and are licensed pursuant to
12	chapter 467, produce commissions [which] <u>that</u> are divided
13	between [such general agents, subagents, or solicitors, or
14	between such] real estate brokers or salespersons, [as the case
15	may be,] the tax levied under section [237-13(6)] <u>237-13(5)</u> as
16	to real estate brokers or salespersons[, or under section
17	237-13(7) as to insurance general agents, subagents, or
18	solicitors] shall apply to each [such] person with respect to
19	the person's portion of the commissions, and no more.
20	$\left[\frac{(f)}{(d)}\right]$ Where tourism related services are furnished
21	through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager
22	and the gross income is divided between the provider of the
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

109

services and the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed
 by this chapter shall apply to each [such] person with respect
 to [such] the person's respective portion of the proceeds, and
 no more.

5 As used in this subsection "tourism related services" means catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei greetings, 6 7 transportation included in a tour package, sightseeing tours not 8 subject to chapter 239, admissions to luaus, dinner shows, 9 extravaganzas, cultural and educational facilities, and other 10 services rendered directly to the customer or tourist, but only 11 if the providers of the services other than air transportation 12 are subject to a four per cent tax under this chapter or chapter 13 239.

14 [(g)] (e) Where transient accommodations are furnished 15 through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager at 16 noncommissioned negotiated contract rates and the gross income 17 is divided between the operator of transient accommodations on 18 the one hand and the travel agency or tour packager on the other 19 hand, the tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each [such] 20 person with respect to [such] the person's respective portion of 21 the proceeds, and no more.



H.B. NO. 1664

1	As used in this subsection, the words "transient
2	accommodations" and "operator" shall be defined in the same
3	manner as they are defined in section 237D-1.
4	$\left[\frac{(h)}{(f)}\right]$ Where the transportation of passengers or
5	property is furnished through arrangements between motor
6	carriers, and the gross income is divided between the motor
7	carriers, any tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each
8	motor carrier with respect to each motor carrier's respective
9	portion of the proceeds.
10	As used in this subsection:
11	"Carrier" means a person who engages in transportation, and
12	does not include a person such as a freight forwarder or tour
13	packager who provides transportation by contracting with others,
14	except to the extent that [such] the person [oneself] engages in
15	transportation.
16	"Contract carrier" means a person other than a public
17	utility as defined under section 239-2 or taxicab, which under
18	contracts or agreements, engages in the transportation of
10	

19 persons or property for compensation, by land, water, or air.

20 "Motor carrier" means a common carrier or contract carrier
21 transporting persons or property for compensation on the public

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

highways, other than a public utility as defined under section
 239-2 or taxicab.

3 "Public highways" has the meaning defined by section 264-1
4 including both state and county highways, but operation upon
5 rails shall not be deemed transportation on the public
6 highways."

7 SECTION 16. Section 237-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8 amended to read as follows:

9 "§237-21 Apportionment. If any person[, other than 10 persons liable to the tax on manufacturers as provided by 11 section 237-13(1),] is engaged in business both within and 12 without the State or in selling goods for delivery outside the 13 State, and if under the Constitution or laws of the United 14 States or section 237-29.5 the entire gross income of [such] the 15 person cannot be included in the measure of this tax, there 16 shall be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of 17 the tax that portion of the gross income [which] that is derived from activities within the State, to the extent that the 18 19 apportionment is required by the Constitution or laws of the 20 United States or section 237-29.5. [In the case of a tax upon 21 the production of property in the State the apportionment shall 22 be determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers.] In 2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 111

H.B. NO. 1664

1 other cases, if and to the extent that the apportionment cannot 2 be accurately made by separate accounting methods, there shall 3 be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of this 4 tax that proportion of the total gross income, so requiring 5 apportionment, which the cost of doing business within the 6 State, applicable to the gross income, bears to the cost of 7 doing business both within and without the State, applicable to 8 the gross income." SECTION 17. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 9 10 amended to read as follows: 11 "§237-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not 12 apply to the following amounts: 13 (1) Amounts received under life insurance policies and 14 contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured; 15 (2)Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of 16 death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment, 17 or annuity contracts, either during the term or at 18 maturity or upon surrender of the contract; 19 (3) Amounts received under any accident insurance or 20 health insurance policy or contract or under workers'

- compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as
- 22 compensation for personal injuries, death, or



21

H.B. NO. IMM

1		sickness, including also the amount of any damages or
2		other compensation received, whether as a result of
3		action or by private agreement between the parties on
4		account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;
5	(4)	The value of all property of every kind and sort
6		acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of
7		all property acquired by descent or inheritance;
8	(5)	Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
9		for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's
10		character reputation, or received as compensatory
11		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
12		property, whether as the result of action or by
13		private agreement between the parties (provided that
14		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
15		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
16		gross income);
17	(6)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
18		rendered by an employee to an employer;
19	(7)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
20		and settlements;
21	(8)	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on

"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts

22

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1		collected by [such] distributors as a fuel tax imposed
2		by any Act of the Congress of the United States;
3	(9)	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
4		holding permits under that chapter;
5	[(10)	The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
6		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
7		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
8		selling the products at wholesale;
9	(11)]	(10) Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
10	н. С. С. С	retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
11		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
12	[(12)	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
13		Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
14		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
15		the manufacturer to the federal government;
16	(13)]	(11) [An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a
17		year of gross income] Amounts received by any blind,
18		deaf, or totally disabled person engaging, or
19		continuing, in any business, trade, activity,
20		occupation, or calling within the State; a corporation
21		all of whose outstanding shares are owned by an
22		individual or individuals who are blind, deaf, or

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1464

1		tota	lly disabled; a general, limited, or limited
2		liab	ility partnership, all of whose partners are
3		blin	d, deaf, or totally disabled; or a limited
4		liab	ility company, all of whose members are blind,
5		deaf	, or totally disabled;
6	[(14)	Amou	nts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
7		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
8		wher	e:
9		-(A) -	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
10			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
11			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
12			the Act may be amended or supplemented;
13		(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,
14			and other products manufactured from the
15			sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax
16			levied on the manufacturer under section
17			237 - 13(1) or (2);
18		(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
19			dependent upon the actual value of the products
20			manufactured therefrom or the average value of
21			all similar products manufactured by the
22			manufacturer; and



H.B. NO. ILLY

1		(D)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
2			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
3			of the manufactured products;
4	(15)]	(12)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-
5		plac	ing organizations to foster parents for their care
6		of cl	hildren in foster homes; and
7	[(16)]	(13)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing
8		corp	oration from its shareholders in reimbursement of
9		fund	s paid by [such] <u>the</u> corporation for lease rental,
10		real	property taxes, and other expenses of operating
11		and i	maintaining the cooperative land and improvements;
12		prov	ided that [such a] <u>the</u> cooperative corporation is
13	·	a co	rporation:
14		(A)	Having one and only one class of stock
15			outstanding;
16		(B)	Each of the stockholders of which is entitled
17			solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership
18			of stock in the corporation, to occupy for
19			dwelling purposes a house, or an apartment in a
20			building owned or leased by the corporation; and
21		(C)	No stockholder of which is entitled (either
22			conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any



1 distribution not out of earnings and profits of 2 the corporation except in a complete or partial 3 liquidation of the corporation." SECTION 18. Section 237-24.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 5 amended to read as follows: 6 "§237-24.3 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to 7 the amounts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall 8 not apply to: 9 (1) Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and 10 unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a 11 producer or produce dealer on one island of this State 12 to a person, firm, or organization on another island of this State. The terms "agricultural commodity", 13 14 "producer", and "produce dealer" shall be defined in 15 the same manner as they are defined in section 147-1; 16 provided that agricultural commodities need not have 17 been produced in the State; 18 (2)Amounts received from sales of: 19 Intoxicating liquor as the term "liquor" is (A) 20 defined in chapter 244D; 21 (B) Cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in 22 chapter 245; and 2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc 117

H.B. NO. 1614

1		C) Agricultural, meat, or fish products;	
2		o any person or common carrier in interstate o	r .
3		oreign commerce, or both, whether ocean-going o	or air,
4		or consumption out-of-state on the shipper's ve	essels
5		r airplanes;	
6	(3)	mounts received by the manager or board of dire	ectors
7		f:	
8		A) An association of apartment owners of a	
9		condominium property regime established in	
10		accordance with chapter 514B; or	
11		B) A nonprofit homeowners or community associa	ation
12		incorporated in accordance with chapter 414	4D or
13		any predecessor thereto and existing pursua	ant to
14		covenants running with the land,	
15		n reimbursement of sums paid for common expense	es;
16	(4)	mounts received or accrued from:	
17		A) The loading or unloading of cargo from ship	os,
18		barges, vessels, or aircraft, whether or no	ot the
19		ships, barges, vessels, or aircraft travel	
20		between the State and other states or count	tries
21		or between the islands of the State;	



1		(B)	Tugboat services including pilotage fees
2			performed within the State, and the towage of
3			ships, barges, or vessels in and out of state
4			harbors, or from one pier to another; and
5		(C)	The transportation of pilots or governmental
6			officials to ships, barges, or vessels offshore;
7			rigging gear; checking freight and similar
8			services; standby charges; and use of moorings
9			and running mooring lines;
10	(5)	Amou	nts received by an employee benefit plan by way of
11		cont	ributions, dividends, interest, and other income;
12		and	amounts received by a nonprofit organization or
13		offi	ce, as payments for costs and expenses incurred
14		for	the administration of an employee benefit plan;
15		prov	ided that this exemption shall not apply to any
16		gros	s rental income or gross rental proceeds received
17		afte	r June 30, 1994, as income from investments in
18		real	property in this State; and provided further that
19		gros	s rental income or gross rental proceeds from
20		inve	stments in real property received by an employee
21		bene	fit plan after June 30, 1994, under written
22		cont	racts executed prior to July 1, 1994, shall not be



1 taxed until the contracts are renegotiated, renewed, or extended, or until after December 31, 1998, 2 3 whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this paragraph, "employee benefit plan" means any plan as 4 defined in section 1002(3) of title 29 of the United 5 States Code, as amended; 6 Amounts received for purchases made with United States 7 (6) Department of Agriculture food coupons under the 8 federal food stamp program, and amounts received for 9 10 purchases made with United States Department of 11 Agriculture food vouchers under the Special 12 Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and 13 Children: 14 (7)Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, medical clinic, health care facility, pharmacy, or a 15 practitioner licensed to administer the drug to an 16 17 individual for selling prescription drugs or 18 prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that 19 this paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received for services provided in selling prescription drugs or 20 21 prosthetic devices. As used in this paragraph:



1	(A)	"Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined
2		under section 328-1 and dispensed by filling or
3		refilling a written or oral prescription by a
4		practitioner licensed under law to administer the
5		drug and sold by a licensed pharmacist under
6		section 328-16 or practitioners licensed to
7		administer drugs; and
8	(B)	"Prosthetic device" means [any artificial device
9		or appliance, instrument, apparatus, or
10		contrivance, including their components, parts,
11		accessories, and replacements thereof, used to
12		replace a missing or surgically removed part of
13		the human body, which is prescribed by a licensed
14		practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, or podiatry
15		and which is sold by the practitioner or which is
16		dispensed and sold by a dealer of prosthetic
17		devices; provided that "prosthetic device" shall
18		not mean any auditory, ophthalmic, dental, or
19		ocular device or appliance, instrument,
20		apparatus, or contrivance;] a replacement,
21		corrective, or supportive device including repair



1		and replacement parts for the device, worn on or
2		in the body to:
3		(i) Artificially replace a missing portion of
4		the body;
5		(ii) Prevent or correct physical deformity or
6		malfunction; or
7		(iii) Support a weak or deformed portion of the
8		body.
9		A prosthetic device does not include corrective
10		eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, and
11		dental prothesis;
12	(8)	Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by chapter
13		237D and passed on and collected by operators holding
14		certificates of registration under that chapter;
15	(9)	Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated
16		merchants association from its membership for
17		advertising media, promotional, and advertising costs
18		for the promotion of the association for the benefit
19		of its members as a whole and not for the benefit of
20		an individual member or group of members less than the
21		entire membership;



H.B. NO. 1664

1	(10)	Amounts received by a labor organization for real
2		property leased to:
3		(A) A labor organization; or
4		(B) A trust fund established by a labor organization
5		for the benefit of its members, families, and
6		dependents for medical or hospital care, pensions
7		on retirement or death of employees,
8		apprenticeship and training, and other membership
9		service programs.
10		As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means
11		a labor organization exempt from federal income tax
12		under section 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13		as amended;
14	(11)	Amounts received from foreign diplomats and consular
15		officials who are holding cards issued or authorized
16		by the United States Department of State granting them
17		an exemption from state taxes; and
18	(12)	Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of
19		aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or
20		renters for interstate air transportation of
21		passengers and goods. For purposes of this paragraph,
22		payments made pursuant to a lease shall be considered
	2007-0509	HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

rent regardless of whether the lease is an operating 1 2 lease or a financing lease. The definition of "interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49 3 U.S.C. 40102." 4 SECTION 19. Section 237-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 6 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 7 "(b) All tax returns and return information required to be filed under this chapter, and the report of any investigation of 8 9 the return or of the subject matter of the return, shall be 10 confidential. It shall be unlawful for any person or any 11 officer or employee of the State to intentionally make known 12 information imparted by any tax return or return information 13 filed pursuant to this chapter, or any report of any 14 investigation of the return or of the subject matter of the 15 return, or to wilfully permit any [such] return, return 16 information, or report so made, or any copy thereof, to be seen 17 or examined by any person; provided that for tax purposes only 18 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's authorized agent, or persons with a 19 material interest in the return, return information, or report 20 may examine them. Unless otherwise provided by law, persons 21 with a material interest in the return, return information, or 22 report shall include:



1	(1)	Trustees;
2	(2)	Partners;
3	(3)	Persons named in a board resolution or a one per cent
4		shareholder in case of a corporate return;
5	(4)	The person authorized to act for a corporation in
6		dissolution;
7	(5)	The shareholder of an S corporation;
8	(6)	The personal representative, trustee, heir, or
9		beneficiary of an estate or trust in case of the
10		estate's or decedent's return;
11	(7)	The committee, trustee, or guardian of any person in
12		paragraphs (1) to (6) who is incompetent;
13	(8)	The trustee in bankruptcy or receiver, and the
14		attorney-in-fact of any person in paragraphs (1) to
15		(7);
16	(9)	Persons duly authorized by the State in connection
17		with their official duties;
18	(10)	Any duly accredited tax official of the United States
19		or of any state or territory;
20	(11)	The Multistate Tax Commission or its authorized
21		representative;
22	(12)	Members of a limited liability company; [and]



H.B. NO. 1664

1	(13) A person contractually obligated to pay the taxes
2	assessed against another when the latter person is
3	under audit by the department [-]; and
4	(14) The Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board,
5	Incorporated, or its authorized representative.
6	Any violation of this subsection shall be a misdemeanor."
7	SECTION 20. Section 238-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended to read as follows:
9	"§238-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
10	exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
11	this State of tangible personal property [which] <u>that</u> is
12	imported by a taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased
13	from an unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this
14	State $[-,]$, unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under chapter
15	\underline{B} . The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
16	property is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes
17	subject to the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The [rates]
18	rate of the tax hereby imposed [and the exemptions thereof are
19	as-follows:
20	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter

21

237 and is:



1	-(A) -	A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
2		for purposes of sale or resale; or
3	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
4		or commodities which are to be incorporated by
5		the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
6		product (including the container or package in
7		which the product is contained) wherein it will
8		remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
9		senses, and which finished or saleable product is
10		to be sold in such manner as to result in a
11		further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
12		as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not
13		as a retailer,
14	there	e shall be no tax; provided that if the
15	whole	esaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
16	busi	ness as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
17	parag	graph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
18	or m	anufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
19	refu	nd to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
20	the-	manner provided under section 231-23(c) such
21	amoui	nt of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or
22	manu	facturer shall, to the satisfaction of the



1		dire	ctor, establish to have been paid by the		
2		whole	esaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the director		
3		with	with respect to property which has been used by the		
4		whole	esaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes		
5		state	ed in this paragraph;		
6	(2)	If t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter		
7		237 (and is:		
8		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or		
9			purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not		
10			exempted by paragraph (1);		
11		-(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material		
12			or commodities which are to be incorporated by		
13			the manufacturer into a finished or saleable		
14			product (including the container or package in		
15			which the product is contained) wherein it will		
16			remain in such form as to be perceptible to the		
17			senses, and which finished or saleable product is		
18			to be sold at retail in this State, in such		
19			manner as to result in a further tax on the		
20			activity of the manufacturer in selling such		
21			products at retail;		



1	(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
2		commodities which are to be incorporated by the
3		contractor into the finished work or project
4		required by the contract and which will remain in
5		such finished work or project in such form as to
6		be perceptible to the senses;
7	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling
8		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
9		furnishing transient accommodations subject to
10		the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the
11		import or purchase of tangible personal property
12		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
13		defined in section 237-4(a)(8) had the seller of
14		the property been subject to the tax in chapter
15		237; or
16	(E)	A publisher of magazines or similar printed
17		materials containing advertisements, when the
18		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
19		to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
20		similar printed materials to the public or
21		defined segment of the public, whether or not
22		there is a charge to the persons who actually



1	receive the magazines or similar printed
2	materials,
3	the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the
4	purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
5	sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no
6	purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
7	or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one-
8	half of one per cent of the value of such property;
9	and
10	(3) In all other cases,] is four per cent of the value of
11	the property.
12	For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is
13	property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this State,
14	notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, or the risk
15	of loss to the property, passes to the purchaser of the property
16	at a location outside this State."
17	SECTION 21. Section 238-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"§238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
20	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
21	on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
22	237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1	outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this
2	State[-], unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under chapter
3	\underline{B} . The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
4	service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received
5	by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing
6	jurisdiction of the State. The [rates] rate of the tax hereby
7	imposed [and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:
8	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
9	237 and is:
10	(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
11	the imported or purchased services or contracting
12	become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
13	of the services rendered by the importer or
14	purchaser, and the gross income of the importer
15	or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
16	chapter 237 on services at the rate of one-half
17	of one per cent or the rate of tax imposed under
18	section 237-13.3; or
19	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
20	or contracting that become identifiable elements,
21	excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable
22	product (including the container or package in



1		which the product is contained) and the finished
2		or saleable product is to be sold in a manner
3		that results in a further tax on the manufacturer
4		as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;
5		there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the
6		imported or purchased services or contracting;
7		provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in
8		business as a retailer as classified under chapter
9		237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer,
10		but the director of taxation shall refund to the
11		manufacturer, in the manner provided under section
12		231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,
13		to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish
14		to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director
15		with respect to services that have been used by the
16		manufacturer for the purposes stated in this
17		paragraph.
18	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is a person licensed
19		under chapter 237 and is:
20		(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
21		the imported or purchased services or contracting
22		become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,



1			of the services rendered by the importer or
2			purchaser, and the gross income from those
3			services when sold by the importer or purchaser
4			is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237
5			at the highest rate;
6	(1	3)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
7			or contracting that become identifiable elements,
8			excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable
9			manufactured product (including the container or
10			package in which the product is contained) and
11			the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
12			a manner that results in a further tax under
13			chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer
14			as a retailer; or
15		2)	A contractor importing or purchasing services or
16			contracting that become identifiable elements,
17			excluding overhead, of the finished work or
18			project required, under the contract, and where
19			the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are
20			subject to the tax under section 237-13(3) as a
21			contractor,



H.B. NO. 1664

1	the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value		
2	of the imported or purchased services or contracting;		
3	and		
4	(3) In all other cases, the importer or purchaser is		
5	subject to the tax at the rate of] is four per cent on		
6	the value of the imported or purchased services or		
7	contracting."		
8	SECTION 22. Section 238-2.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
9	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:		
10	"(a) The county surcharge on state tax, upon the adoption		
11	of a county ordinance and in accordance with the requirements of		
12	section 46-16.8, shall be levied, assessed, and collected as		
13	provided in this section on the value of property and services		
14	taxable under this chapter. No county shall set the surcharge		
15	on state tax at a rate greater than one-half <u>of one</u> per cent of		
16	the value of property taxable under this chapter. All		
17	provisions of this chapter shall apply to the county surcharge		
18	on state tax. No county shall conduct an independent audit of		
19	sellers registered under the streamlined sales tax agreement.		
20	With respect to the surcharge, the director shall have all the		
21	rights and powers provided under this chapter. In addition, the		
22	director of taxation shall have the exclusive rights and power		
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc		

H.B. NO. 1664

1 to determine the county or counties in which a person imports or 2 purchases tangible personal property and, in the case of a 3 person importing or purchasing tangible property in more than 4 one county, the director shall determine, through apportionment 5 or other means, that portion of the surcharge on state tax attributable to the importation or purchase in each county." 6 7 SECTION 23. Section 237-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 repealed.

["§237-4 "Wholesaler", "jobber", defined. (a) 9 10 "Wholesaler" or "jobber" applies only to a person making sales 11 at wholesale. Only the following are sales at wholesale: 12 (1) Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller for purposes of resale; 13 (2) Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or 14 15 commodities that are to be incorporated by the manufacturer into a finished or saleable product 16 17 (including the container or package in which the product is contained) during the course of its 18 19 preservation, manufacture, or processing, including 20 preparation for market, and that will remain in such 21 finished or saleable product in such form as to be 22 perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable



1		product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the
2		manufacturer;
3	-(3)	Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative
4		association of materials or commodities that are to be
5		incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative
6		association into a finished or saleable product that
7		is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
8		or cooperative association, including specifically
9		materials or commodities expended as essential to the
10		planting, growth, nurturing, and production of
11		commodities that are sold by the producer or by the
12		cooperative association;
13	(4)	Sales to a licensed contractor, of materials or
14		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
15		contractor into the finished work or project required
16		by the contract and that will remain in such finished
17		work or project in such form as to be perceptible to
18		the senses;
19	(5)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
20		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
21		to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person
22		operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed,
		UD CMA 1 dog



Page 137

1	hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding
2	services for the purpose of raising or producing
3	animal or poultry products for disposition as
4	described in section 237-5 or for incorporation into a
5	manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or
6	for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg
7	laying other than for the customer's own consumption
8	of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced;
9	provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only
10	the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed
11	lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's
12	service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals
13	to be butchered or to a cooperative association
14	described in section 237-23(a)(7) of such licensed
15	producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale;
16	and provided further that any amount derived from the
17	furnishing of feed lot services, other than the
18	segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at
19	the service business rate. This paragraph shall not
20	apply to the sale of feed for poultry or animals to be
21	used for hauling, transportation, or sports purposes;



H.B. NO. 1664

1	(6)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
2		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
3		to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing
4		agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for
5		catching fish (including the catching of bait for
6		catching fish), which agricultural and aquacultural
7		products or fish are to be disposed of as described in
8		section 237-5 or to be incorporated in a manufactured
9		product as described in paragraph (2);
10	(7)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
11		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
12		to such producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; of
13		polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and such
14		other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to
15		be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and
16		other agricultural and aquacultural products; of
17		seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or
18		aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which
19		cartons and such other containers, wrappers, and
20		sacks, binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers
21		are to be used as described in section 237-5, or to be



1		incorpora	ted in a manufactured product as described in
2		paragraph	(2);
3	(8)	Sales of	tangible personal property:
4		(A) To a	licensed seller engaged in a service
5		busi	ness or calling; provided that:
6		(i)	The property is not consumed or incidental
7			to the performance of the services;
8		(ii)	There is a resale of the article at the
9			retail rate of four per cent; and
10		(iii)	The resale of the article is separately
11			charged or billed by the person rendering
12			the services;
13		(B) Wher	e:
14		(i)	Tangible personal property is sold upon the
15			order or request of a licensed seller for
16			the purpose of rendering a service in the
17			course of the person's service business or
18			calling, or upon the order or request of a
19			person subject to tax under section 237D-2
20			for the purpose of furnishing transient
21			accommodations;



1		(ii)	The tangible personal property becomes or is
2			used as an identifiable element of the
3			service-rendered; and
4		(iii)	The cost of the tangible personal property
5			does not constitute overhead to the licensed
6			seller;
7		the-	sale shall be subject to section 237-13.3; or
8		(C) Where	e the taxpayer is subject to both
9		subpa	aragraphs (A) and (B), then the taxpayer
10		shal	l be taxed under subparagraph (A).
11		Subpa	aragraphs (A) and (C) shall be repealed on
12		Janua	ary 1, 2006;
13	(9)	Sales to a	a licensed leasing company of capital goods
14		that have	a depreciable life, are purchased by the
15		leasing c	empany for lease to its customers, and are
16		thereafte:	r leased as a service to others;
17	(10)	Sales of .	services to a licensed seller engaging in a
18		business (ə r calling whenever:
19		(A) Eith	er:
20		(i)	In the context of a service-to-service
21			transaction, a service is rendered upon the
22			order or request of a licensed seller for
	2007-0509	HB SMA-1	doc



1		the purpose of rendering another service in
2		the course of the seller's service business
3		or calling;
4	(11)	In the context of a service-to-tangible
5		personal property transaction, a service is
6		rendered upon the order or request of a
7		licensed seller for the purpose of
8		manufacturing, producing, or preparing
9		tangible personal property to be sold;
10	(iii)	In the context of a services to contracting
11		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
12		order or request of a licensed contractor as
13		defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
14		assisting that licensed contractor; or
15	(iv)	In the context of a services-to-transient
16		accommodations rental transaction, a service
17		is rendered upon the order or request of a
18		person subject to tax under section 237D-2
19		for the purpose of furnishing transient
20		accommodations;
21	(B) The-	benefit of the service passes to the customer
22	of-t	he licensed seller, licensed contractor, or



142

1		person furnishing transient accommodations as an
2		identifiable element of the other service or
3		property to be sold, the contracting, or the
4		furnishing of transient accommodations;
5	(C)	The cost of the service does not constitute
6		overhead to the licensed seller, licensed
7		contractor, or person furnishing transient
8		accommodations;
9	(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
10		divided between the licensed seller and another
11		licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
12		transient accommodations for imposition of the
13		tax under this chapter;
14	(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
15		subject to a deduction under this chapter or
16		chapter 237D; and
17	(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
18		property, contracting, or transient
19		accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
20		under this chapter at the highest tax rate.
21	Sale	es subject to this paragraph shall be subject to
22	sect	zion 237-13.3;

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1	(11)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
2		licensed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
3		single-serving packets of condiments that are provided
4		to customers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
5		or other licensed seller;
6	(12)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
7		licensed seller of tangible personal property that
8		will be incorporated or processed by the licensed
9		retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
10		a finished or saleable product during the course of
11		its preparation for market (including disposable,
12		nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in
13		which the product is contained and that are generally
14		known and most commonly used to contain food or
15		beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished
16		or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise
17		used by the licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
18		licensed seller;
19	(13)	Sales of amusements subject to taxation under section
20		237-13(4) to a licensed seller engaging in a business
21		or calling whenever:
22		(A) Either:



144

1	(i)	In the context of an amusement-to-service
2		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
3		the order or request of a licensed seller
4		for the purpose of rendering another service
5		in the course of the seller's service
6		business or calling;
7	(ii)	In the context of an amusement to tangible
8		personal property transaction, an amusement
9		is rendered upon the order or request of a
10		licensed seller for the purpose of selling
11		tangible personal property; or
12	(iii)	In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
13		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
14		the order or request of a licensed seller
15		for the purpose of rendering another
16		amusement in the course of the person's
17		amusement business;
18	(B) The-	benefit of the amusement passes to the
19	cust	omer of the licensed seller as an
20	iden	tifiable element of the other service,
21	tang	ible personal property to be sold, or
22	amus	ement;

2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

1		(C)	The cost of the amusement does not constitute
2			overhead to the licensed seller;
3		- (D) -	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
4			divided between the licensed seller and another
5			licensed seller, person furnishing transient
6			accommodations, or person rendering an amusement
7			for imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
8		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
9			subject to a deduction under this chapter; and
10		(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
11			property, or amusement is subject to the tax
12			imposed under this chapter at the highest rate.
13		As u	ised in this paragraph, "amusement" means
14		ente	ertainment provided as part of a show for which
15		ther	e is an admission charge. Sales subject to this
16		para	agraph shall be subject to section 237-13.3; and
17	(14)	Sale	es by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
18		simi	llar printed materials containing advertisements,
19		wher	1-the publisher is under contract with the
20		adve	ertisers to distribute a minimum number of
21		maga	azines or similar printed materials to the public
22		or (lefined segment of the public, whether or not there



H.B. NO. 1664

1	is a charge to the persons who actually receive the
2	magazines or similar printed materials.
3	(b) If the use tax law is finally held by a court of
4	competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid insofar
5	as it purports to tax the use or consumption of tangible
6	personal property imported into the State in interstate or
7	foreign commerce or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be taxed
8	thereafter under this chapter in accordance with the following
9	definition (which shall supersede the preceding paragraph
10	otherwise defining "wholesaler" or "jobber"): "Wholesaler" or
11	"jobber" means a person, or a definitely organized division
12	thereof, definitely organized to render and rendering a general
13	distribution service that buys and maintains at the person's
14	place of business a stock or lines of merchandise that the
15	person distributes; and that the person, through salespersons,
16	advertising, or sales promotion devices, sells to licensed
17	retailers, to institutional or licensed commercial or industrial
18	users, in wholesale quantities and at wholesale rates. A
19	corporation deemed not to be carrying on a trade or business in
20	this State under section 235-6 shall nevertheless be deemed to
21	be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax imposed by this
22	chapter."]



1 SECTION 24. Section 237-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 repealed. 3 ["§237-5 "Producer" defined. "Producer" means any person 4 engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural 5 products in their natural state, or in producing natural 6 resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or 7 aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of 8 the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their 9 natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the natural resource products, or fish. 10 11 As used in this section "agricultural products" include 12 floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry, nut, 13 coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any other 14 farm, agronomic, or plantation products."] SECTION 25. Section 237-13.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 16 repealed. 17 ["\$237-13.3 Application of sections 237-4(a)(8), 18 237-4(a)(10), 237-4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and

19 237-13(6)(A). (a) Sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-4(a)(10),

20 237-4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and 237-13(6)(A) to

21 the contrary notwithstanding, instead of the tax levied under

22 section 237-13(2)(A) on wholesale sales subject to section



H.B. NO. 1664

1	237-4(a)(8)(B), under section 237-13(4)(A) on a wholesaler
2	subject to section 237-4(a)(13), and under section 237-13(6)(A)
3	on a wholesaler subject to section 237-4(a)(10) at one-half of
4	one per cent, during the period January 1, 2000, to December 31,
5	2005, the tax shall be as follows:
6	(1) In calendar year 2000, 3.5 per cent;
7	(2) In calendar year 2001, 3.0 per cent;
8	(3) In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
9	(4) In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
10	(5) In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
11	(6) In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per cent; and
12	(7) In calendar year 2006 and thereafter, the tax shall be
13	0.5 per cent.
14	(b) The department shall have the authority to implement
15	the tax rate changes in subsection (a) by prescribing tax forms
16	and instructions that require tax reporting and payment by
17	deduction, allocation, or any other method to determine tax
18	liability with due regard to the tax rate changes."]
19	SECTION 26. Section 237-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	repealed.
21	["§237-13.5 Assessment on generated electricity. Any
22	other provision of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, the
	2007 0500 UD GWA 1 dog



1	levy and assessment of the general excise tax on the gross
2	proceeds from the sale of electric power to a public utility
3	company for resale to the public, shall be made only as a tax on
4	the business of a producer, at the rate assessed producers,
5	under section 237-13(2)(A)."]
6	SECTION 27. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	repealed.
8	["§237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists
9	or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and
10	similar items which have been prepared by the technician in
11	accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or
12	physician, and such items are to be used by the dentist or
13	physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice
14	for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician
15	for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's
16	professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though
17	the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a
18	licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of four per cent
19	which is generally applied to professions and services."]
20	SECTION 28. Section 237-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	repealed.



1	[" §237-17 Persons with impaired sight, hearing, or who are
2	totally disabled. Anything in section 237-13 to the contrary
3	notwithstanding, the privilege tax levied, assessed, and
4	collected on account of the business or other activities of
5	individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled,
6	corporations all of whose outstanding shares are owned by
7	individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, general,
8	limited, or limited liability partnerships, all of whose
9	partners are blind, deaf, or totally disabled, or limited
10	liability companies, all of whose members are blind, deaf, or
11	totally disabled, shall not exceed one-half of one per cent of
12	the proceeds, sales, income, or other receipts subject to tax.
13	For the purpose of this chapter "blind", "deaf", or "totally
14	disabled is defined as in section 235-1. The impairment of
15	sight or hearing, or the disability, shall be certified to as
16	provided in section 235-1."]
17	SECTION 29. Section 237-29.55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	repealed.
19	[" [§237-29.55] Exemption for sale of tangible personal
20	property for resale at wholesale. (a) There shall be exempted
21	from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by
22	this chapter all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

1 from the sale of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii 2 from a foreign or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for 3 subsequent resale for the purpose of wholesale as defined under 4 section 237-4.

5 (b) The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may 6 take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal property, 7 a certificate, in a form that the department shall prescribe, 8 certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal 9 property shall resell the imported tangible personal property at wholesale as defined under section 237-4. Any purchaser who 10 11 furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller, 12 upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose 13 of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax which 14 by reason thereof is imposed upon the seller. The absence of a 15 certificate, unless the sales of the business are exclusively a 16 sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall 17 give rise to the presumption that the sale is not a sale for the 18 purpose of resale at wholesale."] 19 SECTION 30. Section 238-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 repealed.

- 21 ["§238-4 Certain property used by producers. If a
- 22 licensed producer, or a cooperative association acting under the



H.B. NO. 1664

1	authority of chapter 421 or 422, in order to sell to such
2	producer, or a licensed person, imports into the State or
3	acquires in the State commodities, materials, items, services,
4	or living things enumerated in section [237-4(a)(3) and (5) to
5	(7)], then section 237-4 shall apply. If section 237-4 applies
6	and the producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's
7	products at retail or in any manner other than at wholesale,
8	then the tax upon use of property in the State imposed by
9	section 238-2(2) shall apply the same as in the case of a
10	purchaser who is a licensed retailer. In other such cases no
11	tax shall be imposed under this chapter."]
12	SECTION 31. There is appropriated out of the general
13	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$, or so
14	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2007-2008, for
15	technical assistance and briefings to enable the auditor to
16	carry out its responsibilities under this Act.
17	Technical assistance may include analysis of the fiscal and
18	legal impacts of proposed conformance with the existing general
19	excise tax law and other laws and any other issues that might
20	result from the implementation of a streamlined sales and use
21	tax under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Funds
22	may also be expended for preparation of proposed legislation by
	2007-0509 HB SMA-1.doc

H.B. NO. 1664

contracting with a legal professional with a background and
 practice in taxation.

3 The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of
4 representatives shall appoint the following to a committee to
5 hold the meetings necessary to carry out this Act:

6 (1) Two legislative members each; and

7 (2) One public member each.

8 The director of taxation, or a representative, shall be an ex
9 officio member. The members of the committee may elect a chair
10 or co-chairs.

11 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the office of the 12 auditor for the purposes of this Act. The office of the auditor 13 shall secure the services necessary to support the project in as 14 expeditious a manner as possible and without regard to chapter 15 103D, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The legislative reference bureau 16 shall assist the auditor or contractor in drafting any 17 appropriate legislation.

18 SECTION 32. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law
19 making it unlawful for any person, officer, or employee of the
20 State to make known information imparted by any tax return or
21 permit any tax return to be seen or examined by any person, it
22 shall be lawful to permit a private contractor contracted under



H.B. NO. (664

section 31 of this Act to inspect any tax return of any 1 taxpayer, or to furnish to the private contractor an abstract of 2 3 the return or supply the private contractor with information concerning any item contained in the return or disclosed by the 4 5 report of any investigation of the return or of the subject matter of the return only for the purposes of conforming the 6 7 State's general excise and use taxes to be operative with the 8 Streamlined Sales Tax Project's Model Agreement and Act.

9 SECTION 33. In codifying the new chapters and sections
10 added to the Hawaii Revised Statutes by this Act, the revisor of
11 statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the
12 letters used in designating the new chapters and sections in
13 this Act.

SECTION 34. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketedand stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 35. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2009,
provided that sections 31 and 32 shall take effect on July 1,
2007.

19

INTRODUCED BY:

J. R.L. Karenta

JAN 2 3 2007



Report Title:

Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Amendments

Description:

Adopts amendments to Hawaii tax laws to implement the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

