A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the community rating
- 2 system of the National Flood Insurance Program, administered by
- 3 the Federal Emergency Management Agency, is a voluntary
- 4 incentive program. The goals of the community rating system are
- 5 to reduce flood losses, facilitate accurate insurance rating,
- 6 and promote awareness of flood insurance. Participation in the
- 7 community rating system may result in discounts in flood
- 8 insurance premiums of up to forty-five per cent; presently
- 9 however, only the county of Maui is participating in the system.
- 10 The purpose of this Act is to require each of the counties
- 11 to participate in the community rating system.
- 12 SECTION 2. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
- 13 by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
- 14 read as follows:
- 15 "§46-A Flood insurance program; county coordinator. Each
- 16 county shall adopt an ordinance designating a county official to
- 17 be a full-time coordinator to work with the National Flood

- 1 Insurance Program in the program's community rating system. The
- 2 designated county official shall submit any necessary
- 3 documentation to participate in the community rating system and
- 4 ensure that the county is in full compliance with the
- 5 regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program."
- 6 SECTION 3. Chapter 126, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended by adding a new section to be appropriated designated
- 8 and to read as follows:
- 9 "§126- County authorization. Each county shall adopt an
- 10 ordinance designating a county official to be a full-time
- 11 coordinator to work with the National Flood Insurance Program in
- 12 the program's community rating system and to ensure that the
- 13 county is in full compliance with the regulations of the
- 14 National Flood Insurance Program as provided in section 46-A."
- 15 SECTION 4. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended to read as follows:
- 17 "§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.
- 18 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following
- 19 powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and
- 20 limitations:
- 21 (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a
- charter for its own self-government, which shall

1		establish the county executive, administrative, and
2		legislative structure and organization, including, but
3		not limited to, the method of appointment or election
4		of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and
5		compensation, and the terms of their office;
6	(2)	Each county shall have the power to provide for and
7		regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and
8		other structures that may be obstructions or hazards
9		to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or
10		proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,
11		health, and property;
12	(3)	Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims
13		on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims
14		against the county, but shall be prohibited from
15		entering into, granting, or making in any manner any
16		contract, authorization, allowance payment, or
17		liability contrary to the provisions of any county
18		charter or general law;
19	(4)	Each county shall have the power to make contracts and
20		to do all things necessary and proper to carry into
21		execution all powers vested in the county or any
22		county officer;

1	(5)	Each county shall have the power to maintain channels,
2		whether natural or artificial, including their exits
3		to the ocean, in suitable condition to carry off storm
4		waters; and to remove from the channels, and from the
5		shores and beaches, any debris that is likely to
6		create an unsanitary condition or become a public
7		nuisance; provided that, to the extent any of the
8		foregoing work is a private responsibility, the
9		responsibility may be enforced by the county in lieu
10		of the work being done at public expense. Counties
11		also shall have the power to construct, acquire by
12		gift, purchase, or by the exercise of eminent domain,
13		reconstruct, improve, better, extend, and maintain
14		projects or undertakings for the control of and
15		protection against floods and flood waters, including
16		the power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
17		flooded, and to enact zoning ordinances providing that
18		lands deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
19		occasional flooding shall not be used for residence or
20		other purposes in a manner as to endanger the health
21		or safety of the occupants thereof, as required by the
22		Federal Flood Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025,

1		Public Law 1016) [+]. Each county shall participate in
2		the community rating system of the National Flood
3		Insurance Program as provided in section 46-A;
4	(6)	Each county shall have the power to exercise the power
5		of condemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
6		public interest to do so;
7	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
8		regulatory powers over business activity as are
9		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
10	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
11		charges for all official services not otherwise
12		provided for;
13	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
14		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
15		maintenance of districts within the county;
16	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
17		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
18		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
19		for a public purpose;
20	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
21		utilities commission, each county shall have the power
22		to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor

1		vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within
2		the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems
3		necessary for the public convenience and necessity;
4	(12)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
5		ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove
6		public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal
7		of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated
8		undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places,
9		and unoccupied lots, and in these connections, to
10		impose and enforce liens upon the property for the
11		cost to the county of removing and completing the
12		necessary work where the owners fail, after reasonable
13		notice, to comply with the ordinances. The authority
14		provided by this paragraph shall not be self-
15		executing, but shall become fully effective within a
16		county only upon the enactment or adoption by the
17		county of appropriate and particular laws, ordinances,
18		or rules defining "public nuisances" with respect to
19		each county's respective circumstances. The counties
20		shall provide the property owner with the opportunity
21		to contest the summary action and to recover the
22		owner's property;

(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances
	deemed necessary to protect health, life, and
	property, and to preserve the order and security of
	the county and its inhabitants on any subject or
	matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,
	the intent of any state statute, provided also that
	the statute does not disclose an express or implied
	intent that the statute shall be exclusive or uniform
	throughout the State;

within the limits of the county all necessary ordinances covering: all local police matters; all matters of sanitation; all matters of inspection of buildings; all matters of condemnation of unsafe structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk, fish, and morgues; all matters of the collection and disposition of rubbish and garbage; and to provide exemptions for homeless facilities and any other program for the homeless authorized by [chapter 201G,] chapters 201H and 356D, for all matters under this paragraph; and to appoint county physicians and sanitary and other inspectors as necessary to carry into effect

ı		Ordinances made under chris paragraph, who sharr have
2		the same power as given by law to agents of the
3		department of health, subject only to limitations
4		placed on them by the terms and conditions of their
5		appointments; and to fix a penalty for the violation
6		of any ordinance, which penalty may be a misdemeanor,
7		petty misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general
8		law;
9	(15)	Each county shall have the power to provide public
10		pounds, to regulate the impounding of stray animals
11		and fowl, and their disposition, and to provide for
12		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
13		control officers;
14	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and
15		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
16		property within the defined boundaries of the county
17		and to dispose of the real and personal property as
18		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
19		require, except that: any property held for school
20		purposes may not be disposed of without the consent of
21		the superintendent of education; no property bordering

the ocean shall be sold or otherwise disposed of; and

1		all proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
2		expended only for the acquisition of property for park
3		or recreational purposes;
4	(17)	Each county shall have the power to provide by charter
5		for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
6		for offenses against the laws of the State under the
7	r	authority of the attorney general of the State;
8	(18)	Each county shall have the power to make
9		appropriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
10		moneys in the treasury, for the purpose of community
11		promotion and public celebrations, the entertainment
12		of distinguished persons as may from time to time
13		visit the county, for the entertainment of other
14		distinguished persons as well as public officials when
15		deemed to be in the best interest of the community,
16		and the rendering of civic tribute to individuals who,
17		by virtue of their accomplishments and community
18		service, merit civic commendations, recognition, or
19		remembrance;
20	(19)	Each county shall have the power to:
21		(A) Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
22		sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,

1	maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
2	purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
3	stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,
4	wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
5	distributing water to the public, lighting
6	plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
7	streets and public buildings and manage,
8	regulate, and control the same;
9 (B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
10	all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
11	water, heat, light, power, telephonic, and
12	telegraphic service to the county;
13 (C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
14	appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
15	streets and the public ways and for flushing the
16	sewers; and
17 (D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
18	highways or charge toll on county highways;
19	provided that all revenues received from a toll
20	charge shall be used for the construction or
21	maintenance of county highways;

T	(20)	Each county shall have the power to regulate the
2		renting, subletting, and rental conditions of property
3		for places of abode by ordinance;
4	(21)	Unless otherwise provided by law, each county shall
5		have the power to establish by ordinance the order of
6		succession of county officials in the event of a
7		military or civil disaster;
8	(22)	Each county shall have the power to sue and be sued in
9		its corporate name;
10	(23)	Each county shall have the power to establish and
11		maintain waterworks and sewer works; to collect rates
12		for water supplied to consumers and for the use of
13		sewers; to install water meters whenever deemed
14		expedient; provided that owners of premises having
15		vested water rights under existing laws appurtenant to
16		the premises shall not be charged for the installation
17		or use of the water meters on the premises; to take
18		over from the State existing waterworks systems,
19		including water rights, pipelines, and other
20		appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer systems,
21		and to enlarge, develop, and improve the same;

1	(24) (A)	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
2		to criminal penalties, for any violation of
3		county ordinances or rules after reasonable
4		notice and requests to correct or cease the
5		violation have been made upon the violator. Any
6		administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
7		collected until after an opportunity for a
8		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
9		filed within thirty days from the date of the
10		final written decision. These proceedings shall
11		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
12		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
13	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
14		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
15		any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
16		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of
17		fees or charges for water for residential use and
18		sewer charges collected by the county. Each
19		county by ordinance may also provide for the
20		addition of any unpaid administratively imposed
21		civil fines, which remain due after all judicial
22		review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted,

S.B. NO. 85 S.D. 1

1	to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the
2	exception of water for residential use and sewer
3	charges, collected by the county. The ordinance
4	shall specify the administrative procedures for
5	the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the
6	eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require
7	hearings or other proceedings. After addition of
8	the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or
9	charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become
10	a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The
11	county by ordinance may condition the issuance or
12	renewal of a license, approval, or permit for
13	which a fee or charge is assessed, except for
14	water for residential use and sewer charges, on
15	payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon
16	recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in
17	the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the
18	civil fines, including any increase in the amount
19	of the fine which the county may assess, shall
20	constitute a lien upon all real property or
21	rights to real property belonging to any person
22	liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in

1	favor of the county shall be subordinate to any
2	lien in favor of any person recorded or
3	registered prior to the recordation of the notice
4	of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien
5	recorded or registered after the recordation of
6	the notice. The lien shall continue until the
7	unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a
8	certificate of release or partial release of the
9	lien, prepared by the county at the owner's
10	expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil
11	fines shall state the amount of the fine as of
12	the date of the notice and maximum permissible
13	daily increase of the fine. The county shall not
14	be required to include a social security number,
15	state general excise taxpayer identification
16	number, or federal employer identification number
17	on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the
18	bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such
19	time, for all purposes and without any further
20	action, to procure a lien on land registered in
21	land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid
22	civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or

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charges as specified by county ordinance, the unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected in any lawful manner. The procedure for collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in this paragraph shall be in addition to any other procedures for collection available to the State and county by law or rules of the courts;

person who places graffiti on any real or personal property owned, managed, or maintained by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or may be equal to the actual cost of having the damaged property repaired or replaced. The parent or guardian having custody of a minor who places graffiti on any real or personal property owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall be jointly and severally liable with the minor for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such fine may be administratively imposed after an opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for

1	any civil fine ordered by
2	this subparagraph, "graffi
3	unauthorized drawing, inso
4	mark of any type intention
5	ink, chalk, dye, or simila
6 (D) At the completion of an ap
7	county's enforcement action
8	correction of the violation
9	violator, the case will be
10	agency that imposed the ci
11	the appropriateness of the
12	fines that accrued while t
13	were pending. In its revi
14	accrued fines, the county
15	following: nature and egr
16	violation, duration of the
17	recurring and other simila

any court. As used in iti" means any cription, figure, or nally created by paint, ar substances;

opeal in which the on is affirmed and upon on if requested by the e reviewed by the county Lvil fines to determine e amount of the civil the appeal proceedings ew of the amount of the agency may consider the regiousness of the e violation, number of ar violations, effort taken by the violator to correct the violation, degree of involvement in causing or continuing the violation, reasons for any delay in the completion of the appeal, and other extenuating circumstances. The civil fine which is imposed

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1		by administrative order after this review is
2		completed and the violation is corrected is
3		subject to only judicial review, notwithstanding
4		any provisions for administrative review in
5		county charters;
6	(E)	After completion of a review of the amount of
7		accrued civil fine by the county agency which
8		imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
9		determined appropriate, including both the
10		initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
11		fine, shall immediately become due and
12		collectible following reasonable notice to the
13		violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
14		is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
15		to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
16		to correcting the violation, shall immediately
17		become due and collectible following reasonable
18		notice to the violator, at the completion of all
19		appeal proceedings;
20	(F)	If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
21		proceedings for a particular civil fine action

taken by the county, then one shall be

1		established by ordinance before the county shall	
2		impose that civil fine;	
3	(25)	Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county	
4		mayor may exempt by executive order donors, provider	
5		agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program	
6		for the homeless under [chapter 201G] chapters 201H	
7		and 356D from real property taxes, water and sewer	
8		development fees, rates collected for water supplied	
9		to consumers and for use of sewers, and any other	
10		county taxes, charges, or fees; provided that any	
11		county may enact ordinances to regulate and grant the	
12		exemptions granted by this paragraph;	
13	(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company	
14		pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and	
15	(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce	
16		ordinances regulating towing operations."	
17	SECT	ION 5. Section 46-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
18	amended to	o read as follows:	
19	"\$46	-11 Federal flood insurance. (a) The Hawaii tourism	
20	authority	, in regard to the convention center district, and the	
21	mayor or executive officer and the council of the various		
22	counties,	in regard to the respective counties, may participate	
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    and apply on behalf of their respective district and counties
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    for flood insurance coverage pursuant to any applicable
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    provisions of Public Law 1016, Eighty-fourth Congress, Second
    Session, (70 Stat. 1078). The Hawaii tourism authority, in
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    regard to the convention center district, and the mayor or
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    executive officer and the council of the various counties, in
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    regard to the respective counties, shall be vested with the
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    functions, powers, and duties which are necessary to enable
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    their respective district and counties to qualify, participate,
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    and apply for the flood insurance coverage.
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              Each county shall participate in the community rating
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    system of the National Flood Insurance Program as provided in
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    section 46-A."
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         SECTION 6. There is appropriated out of the general
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    revenues of the State of Hawaii the following sums, or so much
16
    thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2007-2008, to assist
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    the counties in implementing this Act:
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         City and county of Honolulu
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         County of Kauai
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         County of Maui
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         County of Hawaii
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Total

- 1 SECTION 7. The sums appropriated shall be expended by the
- 2 respective counties for the purposes of this Act.
- 3 SECTION 8. The sums appropriated shall constitute the
- 4 State's share of the cost of mandated programs under article
- 5 VIII, section 5, of the state constitution.
- 6 SECTION 9. In codifying the new section added by section 2
- 7 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute an
- 8 appropriate section number for the letter used in designating
- 9 the new section in this Act.
- 10 SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 11 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 12 SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007.

Report Title:

Insurance; National Flood Insurance Program

Description:

Requires each county to adopt an ordinance to participate in the community rating system of the National Flood Insurance Program. Appropriate funds to the counties for implementation. (SD1)