A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TIP CREDIT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Hawaii's tip credit law needs amending because
- 2 the current law concerning tips does not accurately reflect
- 3 actual earnings, including tips, received by tipped employees in
- 4 the food and beverage industry.
- 5 The state minimum wage is currently \$6.75 per hour. In
- 6 1969, when the minimum wage was \$1.60, the State allowed
- 7 employers of tipped employees to take a credit of 20 cents of
- 8 every wage dollar paid to a tipped employee if that tipped
- 9 employee received at least \$20 per month in tips. Hawaii's tip
- 10 credit, which has only been adjusted once since 1969, has been
- 11 eroded by inflation.
- Hawaii's tip credit is significantly less than the federal
- 13 tip credit and the tip credit in the majority of other states.
- 14 Further, it is counterproductive to increasing the wages of the
- 15 lowest paid workers in businesses when tipped employees earn two
- 16 to six times the minimum wage in tips per hour, as employers are
- 17 mandated to increase the wages of the highest wage earners when
- 18 tip income is taken into account.

1

9.B. NO. 1470

consideration the investment the employer makes to create the 2 conditions that enable tipped employees to earn tips. It 3 creates a significant disparity in earning ability between 4 tipped and non-tipped employees within a business. 5 As such, tipped employees in the food and service industry 6 generally earn substantially more than the minimum wage because 7 their income includes a mandatory wage of \$6.75 per hour, 8 including tips. The tip credit, which is set at 25 cents, 9 should therefore be changed to account for past inflation and to 10 reflect the level of tips currently received by tipped employees 11 in the food and beverage industry. This change would assist the 12 service industry in providing greater benefits and wages to 13 those employees who are not tipped and are paid at a lower pay 14 scale. These employees are the usually the cooks and food 15 preparation personnel who are also more likely to be parents and 16 grandparents who are the main providers for their families. 17 This Act provides relief to Hawaii employers by increasing 18 the tip credit from 25 cents to \$1.25 upon approval, and to 19 \$2.25 on January 1, 2007. This legislation also provides a 20 formula to be enacted January 1, 2008, that will allow for the 21 22 tip credit to automatically adjust to inflation.

Additionally, the current "tip credit" does not take into

S.B. NO. 1470

SECTION 2. Section 387-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 amended to read as follows: 2 "§387-2 Minimum wages. Except as provided in section 387-3 9 and this section, every employer shall pay to each employee 4 employed by the employer, wages at the rate of not less than: 5 \$6.25 per hour beginning January 1, 2003; 6 (1) \$6.75 per hour beginning January 1, 2006; and (2) 7 8 (3) \$7.25 per hour beginning January 1, 2007. The hourly wage of a tipped employee may be deemed to be 9 increased on account of tips if the employee is paid not less 10 than [25 cents] \$1.25 below the applicable minimum wage by the 11 employee's employer and the combined amount the employee 12 receives from the employee's employer and in tips is at least 50 13 cents more than the applicable minimum wage. 14 Beginning January 1, 2007, the hourly wage of a tipped 15 employee may be deemed to be increased on account of tips if the 16 employee is paid not less than \$2.25 below the applicable 17 minimum wage by the employee's employer and the combined amount 18 the employee receives from the employee's employer and in tips 19 is at least 50 cents more than the applicable minimum wage. 20 Beginning January 1, 2008, the hourly wage of a tipped 21 employee may be deemed to be increased on account of tips if the 22

<u>5</u>.B. NO. <u>1470</u>

1	employee is paid not less than twenty-five per cent of the tips
2	claimed by the employee as income below the applicable minimum
3	wage; and the combined amount the employee receives from the
4	employee's employer and in tips is at least 50 cents more than
5	the applicable minimum wage; provided that the cash wage paid by
6	the employer is not less than \$4 per hour."
7	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
8	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
9	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
10	
11	INTRODUCED BY:
12	BY REQUEST
13	

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Labor and Industrial Relations

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TIP CREDIT.

PURPOSE:

To provide the business community with economic relief by increasing Hawaii's tip credit from 25 cents to \$1.25 upon approval in 2007, to \$2.25 on January 1, 2008, and to 25 percent of the tips claimed by an employee as income January 1, 2009.

MEANS:

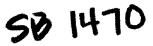
Amend section 387-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

JUSTIFICATION:

Hawaii's tip credit, which has only been adjusted once since 1969 when the minimum wage was \$1.60, has been eroded by inflation to 3.8 percent of the present minimum wage.

The Hawaii tip credit is significantly less than the federal tip credit and the tip credit in the majority of other states. Further, it is counterproductive to increasing the minimum wage rate of the lowest paid workers in businesses without balancing those minimum wage workers who are tipped employees and earn two to six times the minimum wage in tips per hour. employers are mandated to increase the wages of the highest wage earners when tip income is taken into account, those un-tipped and truly lowest paid workers suffer when any funds to provide higher wages are diverted to compensate those who already take home substantially more than the minimum wage.

The current "tip credit" does not take into consideration the investment the employer makes to create the conditions that enable tipped employees to earn tips. It creates a significant disparity in earning ability between tipped and non-tipped employees within a business.



Impact on the public: Businesses will be able to offer the lowest paid employees, such as cooks and dishwashers, greater wages.

Impact on the department and other agencies:

None.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

LBR-152.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.