JAN 1 9 2007

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INTERNATIONAL TRADE AGREEMENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
3	as follows:
4	"CHAPTER
5	JOBS, TRADE, AND DEMOCRACY ACT
6	§ -1 Title. This Act may be cited as the "Jobs, Trade
7	and Democracy Act.
8	§ 2 Findings. The legislature finds that:
9	(1) States have traditionally enjoyed a large degree of
10	autonomy to set their own procurement policies under
11	the United States system of federalism;
12	(2) Recent international trade agreements threaten to
13	erode this traditional state autonomy by requiring
14	state governments to accord foreign suppliers of goods
15	and services treatment no less favorable than that
16	afforded to in-state suppliers. In addition, the
17	agreements stipulate that state contract
18	specifications must not burden trade any more than

1	necessary, and limit supplier qualifications to those
2	that are "essential" to the performance of the
3	contract;

- (3) The governor and not the legislature has chosen to bind the State to the terms of various international trade agreements upon the request of the United States

 Trade Representative;
- (4) The legislature has an important role to play in preserving state authority over procurement policy.

 These critical decisions should be made only with the involvement of the legislature and only after the public has been adequately informed and has openly debated the issues involved;
- (5) It is critical for residents, state agencies, the legislature, and other elected officials in the State to have access to information about how trade impacts legislative authority, the State's economy, and existing state laws in order to participate in an informed debate about international trade issues;
- (6) The current encroachment on state regulatory authority by international commercial and trade agreements has been exacerbated because United States trade policy is



1	being formulated and implemented under "fast track"
2	United States Trade Authority procedures. The current
3	grant of fast track is scheduled to sunset in July
4	2007; and

- Fast track, first established in 1974 by then-5 (7)President Richard Nixon, is outdated and 6 inappropriate, given the diverse range of nontrade issues now affected by trade agreements. 8 agreements broadly affect federal and state regulatory 9 10 authority over nontrade areas, such as public health and procurement policies. Fast track should be 11 replaced with a more democratic model for negotiating 12 and implementing trade agreements so that an elected 13 legislature and ordinary residents can have a 14 meaningful voice in determining the content of trade 15 16 policies.
- 17 § -3 Legislature; role in trade policy. (a) It shall
 18 be the policy of the State of Hawaii that approval for the State
 19 to be bound by any trade agreement requires the consent of the
 20 legislature.
- (b) The majority and minority leaders of the Senate andthe majority and minority leaders of the house of



1	representa	atives shall select two legislators, respectively, as
2	points of	contact at the beginning of each regular legislative
3	session.	The legislature declares that the purposes of the
4	points of	contact shall be to:
5	(1)	Serve as the State's official liaisons with the
6		federal government and as the legislature's liaisons
7		with the governor on trade-related matters;
8	(2)	Serve as the designated recipients of federal requests
9		for consent or consultation regarding investment,
10		procurement, services, or other provisions of
11		international trade agreements that impinge on state
12		law or regulatory authority reserved to the State;
13	(3)	Transmit information regarding federal consultation
14		with the States to the governor, the attorney general,
15		all appropriate legislative committees, and the office
16		of trade enforcement;
17	(4)	Issue a formal request to the office of trade
18		enforcement and other appropriate state agencies to
19		provide analysis of all proposed trade agreements'
20		impact on state legislative authority and the economy
21		of the State;

1	(5)	Inform the legislature on a regular basis about
2		ongoing trade negotiations and dispute settlement
3		proceedings with implications for the State more
4		generally;
5	(6)	Communicate the interests and concerns of the
6		legislature to the United States Trade Representative
7		regarding ongoing and proposed trade negotiations; and
8	(7)	Notify the United States Trade Representative of the
9		outcome of any legislative action.
10	(c)	The following actions shall be required before the
11	State sha	ll consent to the terms of a trade agreement:
12	(1)	In a timely fashion, concurrent with trade
13		negotiations, the governor, majority or minority
14		leader, or ranking member of the appropriate committee
15		of jurisdiction, shall submit to the legislature
16		during a regular session, a copy of the final legal
17		text of the agreement, together with:
18		(A) A report by the office of trade enforcement
19		including an analysis of how the agreement of the
20		State to the specific provisions of the trade
21		agreement will change or affect existing state
22		law;

1	(B)	A statement of any administrative action proposed
2		to implement these trade agreement provisions in
3		the State; and
4	(C)	A draft of legislation authorizing the State to
5		agree to the specific listed provisions of the
6		trade agreement in question;
7	(2) A pu	blic hearing shall be held before the legislature
8	vote	s on the bill; and
9	(3) The	bill authorizing the State to agree to specific
10	list	ed provisions of an agreement is enacted into law.
11	(d) It i	s the intent of the legislature that the Congress
12	of the United	States should pass legislation instructing the
13	United States	Trade Representative to fully and formally consult
14	individual sta	te legislatures regarding procurement, services,
15	investment, or	any other trade agreement rules that impact state
16	laws or author	ity before negotiations begin and as they develop,
17	and to seek co	nsent from state legislatures in addition to
18	governors prio	r to binding states to conform their laws to the
19	terms of inter	national commercial agreements. Such legislation
20	is necessary t	o ensure the prior informed consent of the State
21	with regard to	future international trade and investment
22	agreements.	

1	(e) The attorney general shall notify the United States
2	Trade Representative of the policies set forth in subsection (
3	in writing no later than September 30, 2007 and shall provide
4	copies of the notice to the president of the senate, speaker of
5	the house of representatives, the governor and Hawaii's
6	congressional delegation.
7	§ -4 Office of trade enforcement and citizens'
8	commission on globalization. (a) There is established the
9	office of trade enforcement and a citizens' commission on
10	globalization to be placed administratively within the
11	department of business, economic development, and tourism.
12	(b) The office of trade enforcement shall:
13	(1) Monitor trade negotiations and disputes impacting the
14	state economy;
15	(2) Analyze pending trade agreements the State is
16	considering signing and provide the analysis to the
17	governor, the legislature, the citizens' commission,
18	and the public;
19	(3) Provide technical assistance to workers and firms
20	impacted by unfair trade practices;
21	(4) Provide a trade impact report to the governor, the
22	legislature, the citizens' commission, and the public

1		no later than December 31, 2007 and annually
2		thereafter; and
3	(5)	Provide additional research and analysis as requested
4		by the governor, the legislature, and the citizens'
5		commission.
6	(c)	Each annual trade impact report required under
7	subsection	n (b)(4) shall include:
8	(1)	An audit of the amount of public contract work being
9		performed overseas;
10	(2)	An audit of government goods being procured from
11		overseas;
12	(3)	A study of the impacts of trade on state and local
13		employment levels, tax revenues, and retraining and
14		adjustment costs;
15	(4)	An analysis of the constraints trade rules place on
16		state regulatory authority, including but not limited
17		to the State's ability to preserve the environment,
18		protect public health and safety and workers' rights,
19		and provide high-quality public services; and
20	(5)	Findings and recommendations of specific actions for
21		the State to take in response to the impacts of trade



1	on the St	ate. These actions may include, but shall
2	not be li	mited to:
3	(A) Revo	cation of the State's consent to be bound by
4	the	procurement rules of international trade
5	agre	ements;
6	(B) Proh	ibition of offshore performance of state
7	cont	ract work and preferences for domestic
8	cont	ent in state purchasing;
9	(C) Stat	e support for cases brought under federal
10	trad	e laws by residents of the State;
11	(D) Stat	e advocacy for reform of trade agreements and
12	trad	e laws at the federal level; and
13	(E) Impl	ementation of an ethical growth strategy
14	form	ulated with business, labor, and community
15	part	icipation. Such a strategy may include, but
16	not	be limited to:
17	(i)	More effective early warning and layoff
18		aversion measures;
19	(ii)	Increased assistance and adjustment
20		programs for displaced workers and trade-
21		impacted communities;

1		(iii)	Stronger standards and accountability for
2			recipients of state subsidies and
3			incentives;
4		(iv)	Investments in workforce training and
5			development;
6		(v)	Investments in technology and
7			infrastructure; and
8		(vi)	Increased access to capital for local
9			producers.
10	(d)	Within thirt	y days of receipt of the annual trade
11		impact repor	t:
12	(1)	The governor	shall review the report and issue a
13		public state	ment explaining which of the report's
14		recommendati	ons for specific action under subsection
15		(c)(5) the g	overnor shall act upon in the next thirty
16		days, whethe	r through executive action or proposed
17		legislation;	and
18	(2)	The legislat	ure shall review the report, hold public
19		hearings on	the report's recommendations for specific
20		action under	subsection (c)(5), and introduce
21		legislation	to enact those recommendations accepted by
22		the legislat	ure.

1	(e)	A citizens' commission on globalization shall be
2	appointed	by the governor. The governor shall ensure that the
3	following	stakeholders shall be equally represented on the
4	citizens'	commission: employers, labor organizations, community
5	organizat	ions, and government.
6	The o	citizens' commission shall:
7 :	(1)	Assess the legal and economic impacts of trade
8		agreements;
9	(2)	Provide input on the annual trade impact report;
10	(3)	Hold public hearings on the impacts of trade on the
11		State as well as on the annual trade impact report;
12		and
13	(4)	Make policy recommendations to the governor,
14		legislature, Hawaii's congressional delegation, and
15		United States trade negotiators.
16	SECT	ION 2. The governor shall notify the revisor of
17	statutes	of the obligations of the State specified in
18	internation	onal trade agreements to which the State is a
19	consenting	g party. The revisor of Statutes shall annotate the
20	Hawaii Re	vised Statutes in regards to these obligations, as
21	deemed ned	cessary."

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SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY: 9-Kalemi Eghh Franne Chum Calland Um meny

Report Title:

International Trade Agreements; State Approval

Description:

Requires legislative consent to bind State to international trade agreements. Creates legislative points of contact to serve as liaisons with the federal government. Creates office of trade enforcement to monitor, analyze, and assess trade and creates citizens' commission on globalization to make recommendations.