

GOV. MSG. NO. 854

#### EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS

HONOLULU

LINDA LINGLE GOVERNOR

July 2, 2008

The Honorable Colleen Hanabusa, President and Members of the Senate Twenty-Fourth State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Madam President and Members of the Senate:

Pursuant to Section 16 of Article III of the State Constitution, I am transmitting herewith the following bill with a specific appropriation item stricken or reduced and my official statement of objections to that specific appropriation item contained in the bill.

SB2915 SD2 HD1 CD1

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TARO.

Sincerely,

Listie LINDA LINGL

### EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS HONOLULU July 2, 2008

STATEMENT OF OBJECTIONS TO SENATE BILL NO. 2915

Honorable Members Twenty-Fourth Legislature State of Hawaii

Pursuant to Section 16 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii, I am returning herewith, without my approval, Senate Bill No. 2915, entitled "A Bill for an Act Relating to Taro."

The purpose of this bill is to establish the Taro Security and Purity Task Force and to place this task force within the Office of Hawaiian Affairs. I support the intent of this bill to facilitate an open dialogue among stakeholders and to discuss long-term taro viability and growth. This bill complements the findings and recommendations of the Department of Agriculture as reported in their February 2008 report to the Legislature on the Development of a Taro Security and Purity Research Program.

This bill appropriates \$325,000 of general fund monies if the Office of Hawaiian Affairs is able to match these funds. As this appropriation was not included in the State's financial plan, it will stress available resources and must be weighed against other statewide priorities.

Section 16 of Article III of the State Constitution provides that, "[e]xcept for items appropriated to be expended by the judicial and legislative branches, the governor may veto any specific item or items in any bill which appropriates money for specific purposes by striking out or reducing the same." STATEMENT OF OBJECTIONS SENATE BILL NO. 2915 Page 2

Therefore, pursuant to my line item veto authority, I have stricken out the \$325,000 appropriation from section 3 at line 20 on page 6 of the bill by drawing a line through the \$325,000 appropriation out of the general fund for fiscal year 2008-2009 for the Taro Security and Parity Task Force and changing the amount to \$0.

I understand the Office of Hawaiian Affairs has already indicated it would be unable to provide the full matching funds for this effort as contemplated in the legislation.

The Office of Hawaiian Affairs is the most appropriate entity to oversee the Taro Security and Purity Task Force. It should be noted that because the Office of Hawaiian Affairs is a separate entity from the executive branch, \$26-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the default provision for the selection and terms of members of boards and commissions in the executive branch is not applicable to the Office of Hawaiian Affairs. Therefore, it is suggested that the Office of Hawaiian Affairs identify an alternative process for the appointment of members of the Task Force.

For the foregoing reasons, I am returning Senate Bill 2915 with the appropriation in section 3 totaling \$325,000 in general fund appropriations for fiscal year 2008-2009 stricken out and reduced to \$0.

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LINDA LINGLE Governor of Hawaii

#### THE SENATE TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE, 2008 STATE OF HAWAII

### S.B. NO. 2915 S.D. 2 H.D. 1 C.D. 1

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TARO.

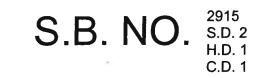
#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature recognizes the need to develop non-genetic modification based solutions to protect taro from disease and insects on a statewide basis. In Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 206 (2007), the legislature requested the department of agriculture to develop a taro security and purity research program to save and protect taro from natural attack.

7 In 2007, 1,800,000 pounds of taro were imported to Hawaii.
8 Under existing biosecurity rules, the department of agriculture
9 was unable to inspect much of the imported taro to protect
10 existing taro crops in the State.

11 At the same time, taro farmers are struggling with high 12 rates of pest and disease infestation, rising crop and land 13 costs, lack of access to quality water and land resources, a 14 decline in crop cultivar biodiversity, and a decrease in the 15 number of families continuing the taro farming lifestyle. Taro 16 and taro farms are important in helping to promote Hawaii's 17 economic vitality in agriculture, tourism, health and wellness,

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1	and educa	ation and the arts. Taro and taro farms help to sell	
2	Hawaii to the world.		
3	Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 206 (2007) requested the		
4	department of agriculture (DOA) to collaborate with taro growers		
5	and various native Hawaiian groups to develop and adopt a		
, 6	program that would:		
7	(1)	Allow DOA's biosecurity program to protect crops in	
8		Hawaii by inspecting foreign crops upon entrance to	
9		the state, thereby preventing any viruses or insects	
10		from entering the State;	
11	(2)	Allow alternative forms of research on taro other than	
12		genetic modification;	
13	(3)	Provide public outreach, engagement, and education on	
14		taro research and protection; and	
15	(4)	Request the United States Department of Agriculture to	
16		have the Alomae/Bobone virus disease complex and taro	
17		beetles designated as "actionable pests" in the	
18		findings of the United States Department of	
19		Agriculture and DOA report to prevent the entry of	
20		these pests into Hawaii from foreign countries.	
21	DOA	initiated a dialogue with taro farmers from each	
22	island, r	esearchers and representatives from the University of	

S.B. NO. <sup>2915</sup> s.d. 2 H.D. 1 C.D. 1

Hawaii, the Hawaii Farm Bureau, and the office of Hawaiian
 affairs to produce a joint report describing the outcomes and
 recommendations of the participants. The joint report,
 including proposed legislation, was forwarded to the

5 legislature.

6 One of the primary recommendations of that report was to 7 form a taro security and purity task force to guide policy and 8 prioritize research for the protection of taro in Hawaii.

9 To ensure that the task force would have the full 10 participation of taro farmers who have faced crop hardships for 11 many years without financial assistance and whose resources are 12 limited, the participants recommended that funds be appropriated 13 for the task force for fiscal year 2008-2009.

14 The purpose of this Act is to establish the taro security 15 and purity task force and appropriate funds for the formation 16 and operation of the task force with full participation of taro 17 farmers from all islands.

18 SECTION 2. (a) There is established the taro security and
19 purity task force that shall be placed within the office of
20 Hawaiian affairs for administrative purposes.

(b) The task force shall include one representative fromeach of the following:

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e.

1	(1) The office of Hawaiian affairs;		
2	(2) The department of agriculture;		
3	(3) The department of land and natural resources;		
4	(4) The University of Hawaii;		
5	(5) Onipa'a Na Hui Kalo; and		
6	(6) The Hawaii Farm Bureau Federation.		
7	The task force shall also include a minimum of two		
8	representatives from the taro farming communities of each of the		
9	islands of Kauai, Oahu, Maui, Molokai, and Hawaii, and one		
10	representative of botanical gardens or taro collections in the		
11	State.		
12	At no time shall less than fifty per cent of the task force		
13	be comprised of taro farmers.		
14	The members of the task force shall select a chairperson		
15	from among its members.		
16	The task force members shall serve without compensation but		
17	shall be reimbursed for expenses, including travel expenses,		
18	incurred in the performance of their official duties.		
19	(c) The task force shall prioritize its objectives, which		
20	shall include, but not be limited to the following, in order to		
21	ensure that it is able to sufficiently address and render		
22	conclusions:		
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5

1	(1)	Develop guidelines, protocols, and recommendations for
2		taro policy, non-genetic modification based taro
3		research, and the allocation of resources to ensure
4		that taro is saved and protected in Hawaii;
5	(2)	Develop a program of incentives and projects that have
6		the support of a broad spectrum of taro growers that
7		will enhance taro security, protect taro purity,
8		provide support to taro farms and farmers, and improve
9		taro markets for the long-term;
10	(3)	Support the recovery of traditional Hawaiian taro
11		cultivars throughout the State;
12	(4)	Increase public awareness of the value of taro and its
13		role culturally, socially, in health and well-being,
14		environmentally, and economically in the State;
15	(5)	Develop a program to provide taro education and
16		training opportunities;
17	(6)	Develop a program for commercial taro growers to
18		maximize business viability and success;
19	(7)	Develop a taro farming grant program to assist taro
20		farmers in need to preserve the cultural legacy of
21		taro farming for future generations;



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- (8) Discuss the feasibility and impact of requiring the
   department of land and natural resources to provide
   reduced lease rent rates for taro farmers on state leased land; and
- 5 (9) Develop taro research and outreach for the control and6 eradication of apple snails.

7 (d) The task force shall meet at times and locations to be
8 determined by its members; provided that the first meeting of
9 the task force shall be no later than three months after the
10 effective date of this Act.

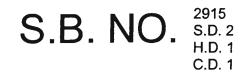
The task force shall submit a preliminary report to 11 (e) the legislature documenting the status of its progress no later 12 than twenty days prior to the convening of the regular session 13 of 2009. The task force shall submit a final report to the 14 legislature summarizing its program, the results achieved, 15 actual expenditures, and recommended legislation no later than 16 twenty days prior to the convening of the regular session of 17 2010. 18

19 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
20 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of 325,000 or so much
21 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009 to achieve

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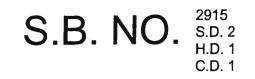
1 the objectives of the taro security and purity task force, which
2 may include:

- 3 (1) Convening and operating the task force, including
  4 conducting discussions on all islands;
- 5 (2) Contracting at least one person to facilitate,
  6 coordinate, communicate, and record the work of the
  7 task force;
- 8 (3) Conducting archival and ethnographic research of the
  9 history of taro and taro practices in Hawaii and the
  10 traditional Hawaiian cultivars to aid in its revival
  11 and to revise <u>Bulletin 84: Taro Varieties in Hawaii</u>
  12 (1939) which is the key reference for taro growers and
- 14 (4) Protecting the Molokai taro varieties collection, the
  15 oldest and most complete collection and source of taro
  16 varieties in Hawaii;
- 17 (5) Conducting taro research and outreach for the control18 and eradication of the apple snail; and
- 19 (6) Preparing the preliminary and final reports to be20 submitted to the legislature.

The sum appropriated shall be expended by the office of
Hawaiian affairs for the purposes of this Act; provided that no

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researchers:



funds shall be expended unless matched on a dollar for dollar
 basis by the office of Hawaiian affairs.

3 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2008.

APPROVED this

day of

, 2008

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GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

