

## **Guidelines for the Operation of Continuous Water-Quality Monitors: Quality Assurance and Quality Control**

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Numerous factors can influence the accuracy and precision of continuous water-quality monitoring data. For example, data corrections are often applied to recorded water-quality data to compensate for erroneous recordings. Most data corrections are needed because of instrument fouling or sensor drift. In order to logically and consistently manage continuous water-quality data, it is necessary to use prescribed guidelines and criteria for implementing technically approved methods and policies.

“Guidelines and standard procedures for continuous water-quality monitors: sites selection, field operation, calibration, record computation, and reporting” (Wagner and others, 2000) is a quality-assurance plan for the operation of continuous water-quality monitors that describes five major quality-assurance concepts: (1) a standard protocol for servicing monitors, (2) calibration criteria, (3) data-correction criteria, (4) maximum allowable limits, and (5) a rating of accuracy.

Wagner, R.J., Matraw, H.C., Ritz, G.F., and Smith, B.A., 2000, Guidelines and standard procedures for continuous water-quality monitors: sites selection, field operation, calibration, record computation, and reporting: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 00-4252, 53 p.

# Guidelines for the Operation of Continuous Water-Quality Monitors: Quality Assurance and Quality Control

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# Outline: Quality assurance and quality control

- Definitions –
  - Quality assurance
  - Quality control
  - Quality Assurance Plan
- Components of a continuous water-quality QA Plan

# Definition

- **Quality Assurance (QA):**  
The systematic management of data-collection systems by using prescribed guidelines and criteria for implementing technically approved methods and policies

# Definitions and Implementation

- **Quality Assurance (QA):** All those planned or systematic actions necessary to provide adequate confidence that a product or service will satisfy given requirements for quality.

# Definitions and Implementation -- *(continued)*

- **Quality Control (QC):** The operational techniques and activities used to obtain the required quality of data.

# Definitions and Implementation

- **Quality Assurance (QA):** All those planned or systematic actions necessary to provide **adequate confidence** that a product or service will satisfy **given requirements for quality.**

# Definitions and Implementation

## *--(continued)*

- **Quality Control (QC):** The operational techniques and activities used to obtain the **required quality of data.**



# Quality Assurance Plan

- Quality Assurance
- Quality Control
- Quality Assessment

# Quality Assurance Plan

## □ Quality Assurance

- Procedures used to control un-measurable components of a project

# Quality Assurance Plan

## ☐ Quality Control

- Data used to measure the magnitude of bias and variability
- Field, laboratory, and office components

# Quality Assurance Plan

## □ Quality Assessment

– Reviewing:

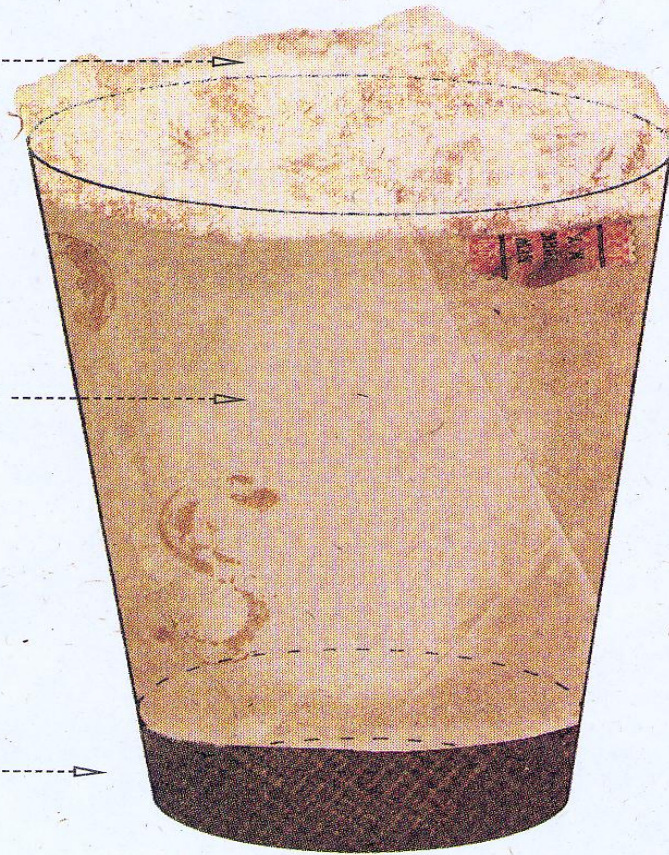
(1) the application of the QA elements, and

(2) the analysis of the QC data

*Foamed Milk*

*Steamed Milk*

*Espresso*



# Continuous Water- Quality Monitors

- Standard protocol
- Calibration criteria
- Allowable limits for corrections
- Maximum allowable limits
- Rating of accuracy

# Standard Protocol

- (1) Initial reading of sensors to determine drift and fouling
- (2) Second reading after cleaning: fouling
- (3) Calibration check: drift
- (4) Final environmental reading

# Calibration Criteria

- “Acceptable differences”
- Concept recognizes the accuracy and limits of recording electronic instruments in field conditions
- Monitor need not be adjusted if readings are within the calibration criteria



# Allowable Limits for Data Corrections

- Fouling, drift, and cross-sectional corrections
- Only made to measurements when type and degree of correction is known

# Maximum Allowable Limits

- ❑ Quality-control limit for correcting data
- ❑ If recorded values exceed the maximum allowable limits, the data are not published

# Rating Continuous Water-Quality Data

- ❑ Assessment of accuracy
- ❑ Amount of data recorded and assessment of instrument performance
  - ✓ Excellent
  - ✓ Good
  - ✓ Fair
  - ✓ Poor

# QA Plan for Operation of Continuous WQ Monitors

- Quality Assurance
- Quality Control
- Quality Assessment

# QA Plan for Operation of Continuous WQ Monitors

- Guidelines and Standard Procedures for Continuous Water-Quality Monitors: Site Selection, Field Operation, Calibration, Record Computation, and Reporting, Water-Resources Investigations Report 00-4252

<http://water.usgs.gov/pubs/wri/wri004252/>